# Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS PHILLIPS.....GEORGE T. GILLMORE.

Phillips & Gillmore, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING:.....NOVEMBER 4.


### MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We have now employed in our Job Office an unusual number of excellent job printers, and are prepared to execute all orders with neatness unsurpassed, and with a speed that *shall* not be beat.

CORRECTION.—We did not intend to say we had no objection to the sale of the public works, in our article of yesterday. A few words got into that article, somehow, that do not exactly express our views. We have some objections to their sale, as we believe the revenue from them will soon be far greater than the interest on any sum they can be sold for.

THE BATTLE OF THE "SHELLS:" GREAT IS NEW YORK.—It is evidently the opinion of the people of New York, that without their great city and State, this western hemisphere would "be nowhere." We beg leave respectfully to inform our New York neighbors, that in our humble opinion, they entirely over estimate their position and power. We incline to the belief, that were the State of New York to step entirely out of the Union, at the command of Judge Bronson and James Gordon Bennett, the Republic would still be "some pumkins." We believe too, that the democratic party of the Union would manage to survive the calamity. It is true, our whig friends would be thus deprived of the privilege of mourning over the martyrdom of a Bronson; or crowing over *the battle of the "Shells."* And what would be even a greater calamity, we would have to get along by the light of the sun, instead of basking and rejoicing in the more effulgent light of the New York *Herald*. Then too, what would become of us without *Wall* street and the Drapers, to regulate our finances? We don't know. It is a doubtful case, and almost too painful to think of. But still we contend that the country could manage somehow to survive the loss of the Empire State. We are not sure but the democratic party would get along better, if the New York "Shells" were out of the way.

We have been led to these remarks by the high tone adopted by the New York press and politicians of late. In financial and political affairs they assume to have control of the country. A stock speculator fails in Wall street, and the *Herald* predicts a general bankruptcy over the country. A New Yorker is appointed Collector of Customs in that city, and forthwith he bids defiance to the government, and threatens an indignation meeting in the great metropolis, if the government should dare to remove him. The government removes him; and the New York *Herald* instantly demands the dismissal of the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of War; and an entire change in the policy of the administration. The modest request is declined, and an indignation meeting is called "without distinction of party." The whigs turn out, en masse, and assist in shouting. A throng of Gothamite politicians immediately start for Washington to see how the President feels then. Finding that the President is still in good health, and that the wheels of the government are not likely to stop, they become furious, and threaten to make Bronson, with the help of the whigs, a United States Senator in 1855.

"What a dust I raise, said a fly upon a wheel." But the threat of making the removed Bronson a Senator sometime is not all. The *Herald* insinuates that Gen. Scott will have to be President yet. A combination of the whigs and "hard shells" of New York, led on by the *Herald*, it supposes can do it easily. The New York *Tribune* failed to elevate the General; but that, of course, was because the *Herald* opposed it. But the two combined, it is believed, could make a President without any doubt. And to let the world know that such is their belief, the *Herald* only a few days ago, declared that it had done more to elect the last two Presidents than all the other agencies of the whole country put together. Such then is the New York opinion of New York.

Now it may possibly astonish some of our Gothamite neighbors to know that the democracy of our vicinity regard the battle of the *"shells"* in New York with just about the same interest and curiosity that we should have witnessed the fight of the Kilkenny cats, had we been there to see it. If the result of the *battle of the shells* should be the same, we pledge our services to assist in burying the tails.

☞ Our Whig friends in Allegheny city appear to be in considerable tribulation as to who will be their candidate for Mayor. Many are in favor of the re-nomination of Mr. Park, others desire the nomination of Mr. Stockton, while another clique go it blind for Mr. Campbell. There is still another portion of the Whig party that is opposed to the party trickery which they anticipate will prevail. They go in for a free fight on the nomination, and have no confidence in the cliquetes. We are of the opinion that they will win, if they can stop this "drumming up of the independent voters" in the Wards, to go for certain candidates. Those certain candidates are the mere creatures of politicians and office hunters. If they can "set the Wards" they think they have the thing sure, and they will boast that they have triumphed over the people. We hope this game will not succeed. If it should, it will be villainous.

We have something of the same game playing in Pittsburgh, in the Whig party. There are a great many old men and young men who want the nomination, and the struggle among them, is to find out which of them have the most Wards set. The old "hard shell" Whigs think that they have it, but young "soft shell" whiggery feels rampant, and says that all is right on their side of the house. How this is, we cannot tell, but we would advise the "old hunkers" in the Whig party to look to their chances or the young 'uns will trip them up.

This struggle among the Whigs, however, is mere amusement to us. They may dispute as much as they please about their candidates; they may "set the Wards" to their hearts' content, but, at the proper time, the Democrats will bring forward a candidate who will be elected triumphantly by the people.

FIRE IN WELLSVILLE.—We are indebted to our friend, A. A. CARRIER, for the following information of a very destructive fire in Wellsville. The information says, that a destructive fire occurred on Tuesday morning, in Wellsville, entirely consuming the dwelling house and large brick building owned by M'Connell & Carter, in which was the Masonic Hall, the banking house of M'Intosh, M'Cullough & Co., the Telegraph office, and the grocery stores of T. Riggs and R. D. Cooper. The building adjoining, occupied as a drug store, by N. W. Walker, was also totally destroyed. Messrs. M'Connell & Carter had an insurance on their buildings of $3,500, by the State Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company in this city.

BUCHANAN'S JOURNAL OF MAN.—We have received the last number issued of this valuable Journal. It contains a large amount of useful information relating to the physical and intellectual structure and nature of man, diseases and their causes, the proper developement of the organs and faculties: and the improvement of the race.

It is edited and published by Dr. Geo. R. Buchanan, at Cincinnati.

☞ Our friend of the Hollidaysburg *Standard*, has got into trouble about a parcel of old type. It appears that he purchased them without a proper knowledge of the value of old metal, and he has been mulcted into considerably more expenses than he thought the old type were worth. But the Court said he would have to pay it, and he says he will. In the conclusion of his article he says:—

"We are lying at the mercy of a creditor, and we can only exclaim to our subscribers, in the language of an illustrious author, 'Help us—*Cash* us—or we sink.'

"To raise this amount of money, in addition to the amount required to keep up our office, and a large and highly respectable family, nearly as large as that of John Rodgers, involves no trifling amount of labor; we therefore propose going into the matter at once. We have more than five times the amount standing upon our books, and it is only necessary for our subscribers to do the greatest thing to enable us to pass the Rubicon with flying colors, and boast that we do not owe a dollar in the world. We are determined not to let the 'gay and incomparable' be sacrificed to liquidate this amount, for we could have sold it a year ago for nearly five times the amount of the claim. We therefore give notice to all who are in arrears to us for job work, advertising, or subscription, to remit at once, otherwise the exigency of the case will force us to let the Standard take care of itself until we can take a collecting tour and raise enough to make the unforseen calamity lay lightly on our minds."

If our friend of the *Standard* has any patrons in this neighborhood, who are in arrears, we hope they will attend to the above notice.

The amount of his family, however, astonishes us somewhat: John Rodgers had "nine small children and one at the breast." It has always been a question of discussion with the debating societies whether the one "at the breast" was included among the nine, or an "extra." Various opinions have been given on the subject, but none satisfactory. If our friend of the *Standard* will tell us the extent of his experience in multiplying and replenishing the earth, perhaps we can ascertain the number that comprised the family of John Rodgers.

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE.—HON. JAMES R. STRUTHERS, of Carbon county, is named by several democratic papers, as Speaker of the next House of Representatives. Mr. Struthers has been a member of the House for two sessions, and was last winter one of the ablest and most respected members of that body. His experience, his ability, his popular manners, and firmness and decision of character, admirably qualify him for the Speakership. We do not know who else will be named for the office, but we doubt very much whether another member elect can be found, who could discharge the duties of that position so well as our friend Struthers.

BAR MEETING.—At a meeting of the gentlemen of the Bar, of the several Courts of Allegheny county, held in the room of the District Court, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of November inst.

Thomas Williams, Esq., announced the death of HENRY M. SWIFT, Esq., a member of said Bar.

Whereupon, his Honor Henry W. Williams was called to the Chair, and E. B. Todd, Esq., chosen Secretary.

On motion of Mr. Williams, it was

*Resolved*, That the Chair select a Committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the meeting respecting the bereavement just announced.

Whereupon, the Chair appointed Thomas Williams, Moses Hampton, and Andrew Burke, Esq., a Committee for that purpose, who, having withdrawn, reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.

*Resolved*, That the members of this Bar have heard, with deep regret, of the decease of Henry M. Swift, Esq., one of their number, who has but recently entered upon the path of the profession.

*Resolved*, That they sympathise deeply with the parents of the deceased, in the affection with which they have been visited.

*Resolved*, That by way of testimonial of their respect for the memory of the deceased, they will wear the usual badge of mourning.

*Resoired*, That the officers of this meeting be requested to communicate the foregoing resolutions to the parents of the deceased, and that a copy thereof be furnished by the Secretary, for publication in the newspapers of this city.

KOSZTA STILL IN PRISON.—It appears from a letter in the New York Evening Post, dated at Constantinople, Oct. 2, that Mr Offley, the American Consul at Smyrna, protested against Koszta's release on the conditions prescribed by Baron de Bruck, and acceded to by Mr. Marsh; and refused to demand it of the French consul upon such terms. Koszta himself, it is said, took the same view of the case, and refused to be liberated on those conditions, and at the date specified, he still remained in prison. The following is an extract from the Post's letter:

"Though this arrangement (between Baron de Bruck and Mr. Marsh) appears liberal on the part of Austria, and honorable to the United States, it is said here that the Consul of the United States at Smyrna has refused to demand Koszta's release from the French hospital in which he is closely confined and strictly guarded, on the ground that the American Government should not be allowed to state in it any reservation of "rights," and be required to admit the illegality of his arrest. The Consul requires that Koszta shall be, *now*, abandoned by Austria, and acknowledged by her as being an American citizen. Until then, he refuses to claim him of the French Consul, and refuses to obey the instructions of the American Minister on the subject of his arrangement of Koszta's immediate release, whilst his nationality is under discussion by the two Governments. It is also said that he has put up Koszta to protest against the American Minister, and to refuse to leave his prison and be restored to freedom in the United States."

THE NEXT STATE CONVENTION.—It will be seen by the following resolution, adopted by the State Central Committee, that the time of holding the next Democratic State Convention of Pennsylvania, has been fixed on the 8th of March. The preamble below furnishes a satisfactory reason for changing from the 4th to the 8th, in this instance.

WHEREAS, The State Convention of 1853, empowered the State Central Committee to fix the time of holding the next State Convention at Harrisburgh, and whereas the usual day, the 4th of March will be Saturday:

*Resolved*, That the next State Convention be held at Harrisburg, on Wednesday the 8th of March next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and that it will assemble in the Hall of the House of Representatives, if it shall be the pleasure of the House to grant the use of their Hall.

WM. L. HIRST, Chairman.

WM. CURTIS, HENRY D. DIEFFENBACH, } Secretaries.

### Items of News and Miscellany.

Gov. Gorman went up to Shakopee on the Minnesota river, on Monday, for the purpose of making a small payment of removal money to the Sioux, who are now *en route* to their new homes.

We learn by the *Courier*, that from the commencement of the yellow fever to the 10th inst., the Sexton reports 375 interments in the city grave yard, of which there were probably about 335 from yellow fever.

Mr. Lackland, independent Whig, was last week elected Judge of the Criminal Court of St. Louis county, Mo., receiving 2,941 votes. Sol. Smith, the actor, received 944 votes.

The Russian proclamation to the army concludes with these words: "Russia is called upon to annihilate Paganism, and those who would oppose her in that sacred mission shall be annihilated with the Pagans. Long life to the Czar. Long life to the God of the Russians!"

A very successful California drover, who has driven several thousand head of cattle over the plains to the Pacific markets, lately arrived at Council Bluffs with a large drove which he is going to graze through the winter, and have them all ready for an early start in the Spring.

It is stated that private letters from Europe speak most highly of the great progress made by Miss May, of Washington city, who has been for two years pursuing a severe course of study with a view to become an operatic singer. It is supposed she will make her debut in one of the European capitals at the next musical season.

A waggish member of the Rhode Island legislature plumes himself upon the "wise legislation" which he says has settled the liquor question in that State, a compromise to which both sides have agreed, viz:—"The temperance men have got the Maine law, which is all they want, and everybody else has got plenty of rum, which is all they want."

### WEEKLY MONEY ARTICLE.

Money is not yet becoming more plenty in our city. We are informed that within a few days money has been borrowed here at two per cent. per month.

Some of the New York papers, not long ago, undertook to get up a general panic, for some speculative purposes, we presume. But the people of the country would not believe the panic-makers, and the attempt has failed. They now argue that, although a general crash and insolvency is not to be expected, yet it will be a long time, before money becomes abundant; and in the meantime, many individual failures must occur, and many railroad enterprises be suspended. We have but little confidence in the predictions of New York editors upon such matters. Many of their predictions appear evidently designed to accomplish their own fulfilment; and we suspect are well paid for in some way. If they will merely give us facts, we prefer to form our own opinions. And from facts, which we have repeatedly stated heretofore, we draw the satisfactory conclusion, that there is no occasion for apprehensions of the future in regard to sound railroad interests, or the business of the country generally. More general and abundant prosperity was never before enjoyed in this or any other country. And we have no doubt it will continue so for months, and even years. Two per cent. per month for money is more than it is worth, and more than it can possibly command after the partial panic got up by the New Yorkers shall have subsided. It cannot last long.

The almost certain prospect of war in Europe can do no more harm in the financial affairs of this country than it has already done. The uncertainty in regard to it was worse for this country than open hostilities will be. And that we will be benefitted commercially by such a war cannot be doubted.

The New York money market is slowly improving; and already the current of money between New York and Europe is turning in favor of this country in payment of the large shipments of provisions already forwarded. Large sums are drawn from New York for western purposes. That is where we want it; and if eastern capitalists will not purchase western railroad bonds, the people will soon be able to build them themselves, and thus prevent in part the large drain of money eastward to pay interest. The last steamer carried out about a million in gold bars; and it is supposed it will be the last heavy shipment of specie for the season, as the provision trade will turn the demand in our favor.

We take the following from the Philadelphia *North American and United States Gazette*:

The following semi-annual dividends have been declared by our city and county Banks:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Manufacturers and Mechanics, | 4 | per cent. |
| Mechanics, | 6 | " |
| Farmers and Mechanics, | 5 | " |
| Girard, | 3 | " |
| Commercial, | 5 | " |
| Penn township, | 5 | " |
| Kensington, | 6 | " |
| Tradesmens' | 4 | " |
| Southwark, | 5 | " |
| Western, | 5 | " |

The receipts for duties at the Custom House in this city for the month of October, and for the year, thus far, compare with the corresponding period of last year as follows:

| | 1852. | 1853. |
|---|---|---|
| Duties received in October | $2,704,149 53 | $362,911 80 |
| Do previous months | 3,221,546 43 | 4,062,433 85 |
| | $3,434,695 96 | $4,425,426 65 |
| | | 3,434,695 96 |
| Increase in 1853 | | $990,730 69 |

The returns of the Bank of France for the past month, confirm the anticipations entertained of a heavy falling off in the stock of bullion, the diminution being equal to £2,800,000. A more rapid drain is thus shown to have taken place than has been experienced within a similar period at any time this year, even by the Bank of England during the preceding month there was a falling of of £1,080,000, and the total absorbed since the beginning of the present half year has been £6,200,000. In the earlier months of this year, however, there was an increase, so that the amount taken since the first of January has been about £4,200,000. The sum drained from the Bank of England, during the same period, has been £4,778,573.

The annexed statements exhibits the receipts and disbursements at the office of the Assistant Treasurer, New York, during the month of October:

October 1, 1853, balance.....$8,639,101 04

RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Account of customs | $2,740,711 18 |
| Patent fees | 3,438 96 |
| Post Office Department | 405,198 77 |
| Miscellaneous | 70,155 07—3,219,508 95 |
| Total | $12,858,604 99 |

PAYMENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Treasury drafts | $5,062,836 16 |
| Post Office Department | 229,192 11—5,292,028 27 |
| Balance, October 31, 1853 | $7,566,577 72 |
| By balance of funds to pay interest | 299,659 78 |
| To payments | 11,052 50 |
| By balance due special deposits | $294,624 28 |
| By receipts during the month | 544,209 78 |
| | $838,844 16 |
| To payments | 477,080 77 |
| Balance | $271,763 50 |
| Total coin on hand | $7,806,959 39 |
| Receipts for customs in October, 1853 | $2,402,223 83 |
| " " " 1852 | 2,740,711 18 |
| Increase of " " 1853 | $333,481 35 |

The balance on hand the 31st of October was $1,730,141 65 less than on the 30th of September.

The figures in the annexed comparative statement of the condition of the New York city banks are given by the *Courier and Enquirer*:

| | Oct. 29. | Oct. 30. | Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Loans | $85,307,981 | $83,400,321 | $1,907,641 |
| Specie | 10,303,254 | 10,866,872 | Inc. 563,618 |
| Circulation | 9,383,455 | 9,300,255 | Dec. 83,190 |
| Deposits | 55,748,729 | 53,335,462 | Dec. 2,413,267 |

The following is from the *Philadelphia Bulletin*:

OPERATIONS OF THE MINT.—We are indebted to Dr. Sturgeon, the obliging Treasurer of the U. S. Mint in this city, for the following statement of the deposits and coinage during the month of October:

*Coinage of the Mint for the month of October.*

| GOLD. | | Value. |
|---|---|---|
| Double Eagles | | $360,625 |
| Half Eagles | | 118,625 |
| Quarter Eagles | | 239,000 |
| Gold Dollars | | 582,956 |
| | | $1,801,926 |
| In Bars | | 3,316,236 88 |
| Total Gold | | $5,318,162 87 |
| SILVER. | | |
| Half Dollars | | $218,000 |
| Quarter Dollars | | 115,000 |
| Dimes | | 154,000 |
| Half Dimes | | 65,000 |
| | | $1,210,000 |
| COPPER. | | |
| Cents | | $5,500 |

GOLD BULLION DEPOSITED.

| | |
|---|---|
| From California | $4,327,000 |
| Other Sources | 125,000 |
| | $4,452,000 |
| Silver Bullion deposited | 620,000 |

The total gold deposits for the ten months of the years 1851, 1852 and 1853 were as follows:

| | 1851. | 1852. | 1853. |
|---|---|---|---|
| January | $2,071,959 | $4,161,688 | $4,052,962 |
| February | 3,004,970 | 3,010,522 | 3,848,523 |
| March | 2,880,271 | 3,892,160 | 7,533,752 |
| April | 2,878,353 | 3,091,037 | 4,766,000 |
| May | 3,390,464 | 4,335,878 | 4,425,000 |
| June | 3,637,560 | 6,080,474 | 4,545,179 |
| July | 3,197,617 | 4,183,830 | 3,503,331 |
| August | 4,435,312 | 2,671,563 | 4,312,000 |
| September | 4,046,709 | 4,253,687 | 3,027,935 |
| October | 4,743,584 | 4,140,092 | 5,317,162 |
| | $34,765,526 | $40,439,354 | $45,146,714 |

The deposits of silver bullion at the Mint, during the first ten months of the present year, have been as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| January | $14,000 | June | $678,000 |
| February | 13,500 | July | 611,000 |
| March | 22,000 | August | 890,000 |
| April | 2,500 | September | 320,500 |
| May | 1,447 | October | 620,000 |
| Add deposite of gold bullion | | | $46,146,714 |
| Total deposits of gold and silver | | | $49,289,771 |

The coinage at the U. S. Mint in this city, during the first ten months of the present year, has been as follows:

| | Gold. | Silver. | Copper. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| January | $4,809,385 | $93,750 | $3,860 79 | $3,906,998 79 |
| February | 2,931,250 | 97,300 | 2,000 31 | 3,030,580 31 |
| March | 5,693,256 | 163,500 | 4,131 26 | 5,861,129 22 |
| April | 5,305,803 | 419,007 | 2,811 54 | 5,726,623 54 |
| May | 2,823,503 | 608,609 | 9,120 19 | 3,441,133 19 |
| June | 4,774,245 | 650,000 | 3,667 22 | 5,427,912 22 |
| July | 4,459,469 | 710,000 | 3,822 28 | 5,171,291 28 |
| August | 3,120,929 | 850,000 | 5,591 60 | 3,976,520 60 |
| September | 4,221,568 | 1,205,000 | 3,100 00 | 5,429,668 00 |
| October | 5,317,162 | 1,210,000 | 8,500 00 | 6,535,662 87 |
| Total | $43,456,466 | $6,007,666 | $44,215 29 | $49,508,158 16 |

The exports of specie to Europe last month amounted to $6,584,578—although more than the gold deposits of the same period. But the receipts of California gold this far are still about $23,000,000 greater than the whole shipments of coin to foreign countries.

From the Cincinnati Columbian.

TUESDAY, P. M.—The demand for money keeps up fully with the supply, and although there is less paper in the streets, and the banks are extending a fair amount of accommodations, borrowers find the market far from easy. Eastern Exchange remains at ¼@½ premium, buying, and 1 premium, selling rate. Time Bills 1@¼ ⅌ cent. ⅌ month off—New Orleans thirty day Bills 1 ⅌ cent off.

The rise in the river and favorable advices from New York, caused an active demand for Flour to-day, and the sales reached ten thousand barrels, at a further advance, closing firm at $6.30@6.35. In Hogs we heard of no sales, and the market presented a decidedly heavy appearance. There appeared to be no buyers, either for immediate or future delivery. Holders continue to ask $5.

The Tribune of Saturday, October 29, says:

Notwithstanding the stringency in the money market, and the attempt of certain writers for the Press to create a panic in railroad securities, we discovered upon inquiry that there is still a market to some extent for good railroad bonds. The disinterested efforts of the bears have not succeeded in convincing capitalists that such securities have all at once become entirely valueless. We know of negotiations, within three weeks, of at least two millions of bonds, including $500,000 of one road, and $350,000 of another. The sales were, in nearly every case, of well established roads, completed, and nearly completed. New projects meet with no better favor than before, and it is labor lost to attempt such negotiations, unless parties are prepared to pay such shaves as no respectable road ought to pay.

The gold advices from Australia are favorable. The Government and other accounts show an increase of 20,000 ounces in two weeks over any two weeks since April. The aggregate amount shipped from Victoria in 1853, was 57 tons, 7 cwt., 3 qrs., 11lbs., worth $5,165,370.

The Ohio, from Aspinwall, had $1,125,000 in gold, making, with the amount by the Northern Light, upward of three and a quarter millions. This fully supplies the demand for export.

To all the interests which the country is divided into, none present a more gratifying and prosperous a position as the farmers. Mortgages are rare now among them. They have participated largely in the desire to extend the railroad lines; and nearly all the side lines, in the various sections of the country, are built from their means. That agriculture should prosper so well, ensures the well being of all other classes.—*N. Y. Herald.*

The Liverpool *Daily Times*, under date 17th October, says:

The agitation of the "corn question" has been revived with renewed vigour this week. War, the state of the weather, and the prospects of our next harvest, have all been brought in to swell the tide of alarm, and increase the commercial and general embarrassments of the country, and also to induce a spirit of speculation which cannot be justified by facts. We have devoted the utmost attention to the past and probable range of prices, up to the next harvest, and with ample sources of information at hand, we cannot discover any immediate necessity for yielding to the great advance demanded in prices, more particularly when it is known to every man of business, that nearly every store in Liverpool is filled to overflowing with produce at the moment and that the unusual demand for export has subsided altogether.

The arrivals of grain from America are already becoming larger than was anticipated.

The *Mark Lane Express* speaks unfavorably of the prospects of the spring crop from the autumn sown wheat. It says:

"But the fact that Great Britain and France will have to import to make good the deficiency of nearly, if not quite, one-third in the produce of the respective wheat crops of these great bread consuming countries, is of too much importance to be disguised; and we consider the economy of consumption, which a comparatively high range of prices is sure to occasion, the best safeguard against scarcity hereafter."

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.—We select the following from the Washington *Star* of last evening:

*The Rescue of Commander Cox.*—We have reason to believe that Com. Downing, of the U. S. ship Jamestown, will be court martialed on his return to the United States, for rescuing Com. Coe, the alleged traitor, from Buenos Ayres.

*The Commissioner of Indian Affairs.*—Col. G. W. Manypenny, of Ohio, has returned to his post in this city, from his recent tour in the Indian country.

*Another Chapter in the History of the Koszta Affair.*—It is now understood in Washington that, immediately on the reception of Commander Ingraham's despatch, giving an account of his proceedings in the case of Koszta, the Secretary of the Navy wrote him, on behalf of the President, a full and hearty approval of his conduct.

*A Clerk Appointed in the Navy Department.*—Mr. Edward C. Biddle, of Michigan, has been appointed to a 2d class ($1,200) clerkship in the Naval Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, vice J. R. Bowman, resigned.

*The Movements of American Diplomatists Abroad.*—We hear that the State Department is in possession of information telling of the kind reception of Messrs. Belmonte and Daniel, by the Governments to which they have been respectively accredited: and also, that Mr. Soule was expected to reach Madrid on the 10th or 12th.

COX ON BOTTS.—The *Ohio Statesman* is saying all the witty things now-a-days. Hear Cox on Botts, and his own fetlocks:

"What's in a name?" John M. Botts is one of a committee on horses, at the Springfield exhibition. If we were a horse we should kick against *Botts* if he came about our fetlocks.


☞ **Indigestion and Liver Complaint** CURED BY KIER'S PETROLEUM.—Read the following letter from Mr. Daniel McKenzie, Westbrook, Cumberland county, Maine:

Nov. 11 and 12 the Illustrated Record of the Crystal Palace.

Hearts and Faces, or Home Life Unveiled. By Paul Creyton.

Harper's Magazine for November.

Putnam's do do

Knickerbocker do do

For sale by

NEW BOOKS.—The Czar and the Sultan; by Adrian Villers.

Louis XVII.; his Life, his Sufferings, his Death; by A. De Beaucheene.

Mr. Rutherford's Children; by the author of the Wide, Wide World.

History of the Insurrection in China; by Mr. Callery and Yvan.

The Homes of the New World—Impressions of America; by Frederika Bremer.

Life in the Mission, the Camp, and the Zenana; or Six Years in India. By Mrs. Colin Mackenzie.

The Conflict of Ages, or the Great Debate on the Moral Relations of God and Man; by Edward Beecher, D. D.

Men and Things in Europe; by Kirwan.

Nos. 11 and 12 of the N. York Crystal Palace Exhibition.

Helen Mulgrave, or Jesuit Executorship—being Passages from the Life of a Scoular from Romanism.

The Monk's Revenge, or the Secret Enemy; a Tale of the Last Crusades. By Samuel Spring, Esq., author of Grifter Al Barnnall.

For sale at W. A. GILDENFENNEY & CO'S

nov3 76 Fourth street.

EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBURGH, November 1st, 1853.

THIS BANK has declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 11th inst.

JAMES R. MURRAY, Cashier.

WALTON'S OPERATIVE OPHTHALMIC SURGERY.—A Treatise on Operative Ophthalmic Surgery; by H. Haynes Walton, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons in England, Surgeon to the Central London Ophthalmic Hospital, and Assistant Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital. First American, from the first London edition. Illustrated by one hundred and sixty-nine engravings on wood. Edited by S. Littell, M. D., author of a Manual of the Diseases of the Eye; Surgeon to Wills' Hospital for the Eye and Limb; Fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, etc., etc. For sale by B. T. G. MORGAN,

nov3 104 Wood street.

FOR SALE—A HOUSE AND LOT, on Stinson street, between Federal and Beaver streets, in the Second Ward, Allegheny city. Lot 31 by 92 feet, with a good Brick Building, 16½ by 32 feet, containing six rooms and cellar.

ALSO—A GOOD BUILDING LOT, 30 by 20 feet, with a twelve feet alley alongside. This Lot will be sold low, and on good terms. Apply to THOMAS MOFFITT,

nov3 Real Estate Agent, Fifth st., Post Buil'g.

FOR SALE—45 ACRES OF LAND, in Sewickley Bottom, ¾ of a mile from the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, on the Big Sewickley Creek—23 acres good Bottom Land; the balance well timbered. This property will be sold cheap, and on good terms. Apply to

THOMAS MOFFITT, Real Estate Ag't,

nov3 Post Buildings, Fifth street.

FOR SALE—A HOUSE AND LOT, on Corrail st., Second Ward, Allegheny; Lot 30 by 100 feet; on which is erected a Two Story Frame Building, containing five rooms, with a double porch, and good cellar. Hydrant water at the door; all kinds of fruit in the yard. This property will be sold low, and on good terms. Apply to

THOMAS MOFFITT,

nov3 Real Estate Agent, Post Buildings, Fifth st.

DOUBLE SOLED GAITERS—A new lot of Ladies' Gaiters, both double and single sole, just received at

nov3 W. E. SCHMERTZ', 107 Market st.

YOUTHS BOOTS AND BROGANS—Calf, Kip and Enamelled, at various prices, at

nov3 W. E. SCHMERTZ', 107 Market st.

GENTS. CALF BOOTS—Always on hand, or made to order at short notice, at W. E. SCHMERTZ',

nov3 107 Market street.

GENTS. GAITERS—Various styles of Congress, Opera, Cloth and Patent Leather Gaiters, for Gents, at

nov3 W. E. SCHMERTZ', 107 Market st.

PIG METAL—100 tons Rock Hill (Juniata) Forge Metal;

100 " Marietta Anthracite do do

For sale by [nov3] KING & MOORHEAD.

BLOOMS—100 tons "Gap" and "Marion" Blooms for

For sale by [nov3] KING & MOORHEAD.

RIVER FARM FOR SALE, consisting of 80 acres of prime Bottom land, 3½ miles above McKeesport, on the Youghiogheny river, 40 acres in cultivation, a brick house of 6 rooms, a new cottage house, barn, stable, and other outhouses. Two large orchards of prime fruit. Price $65 per acre. Also, near the above, 67 acres of choice upland, 35 in cultivation, balance good timber, at $30 per acre.

oct8 S. CUTHBERT & SON, 140 Third street.


### DIED:

Yesterday morning, 3d inst., after a lingering illness, Mrs. CATHARINE CALLAHAN.

Her funeral will take place to-day, (Friday,) at 2 o'clock, P. M. The friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, from the corner of Wood and Water streets.


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW BOOKS—AT DAVISON'S BOOK STORE, 65 MARKET street—

The Analysis of the Bible.

Silliman's Visit to Europe.

Comparative Philology. De Vere.

Peruvian Antiquities; Illustrated. Hawks.

Notes from Life. Henry Taylor.

Wide World; Illustrated ed.

Parley's Present. Elegant juvenile; Illust'd.

Christmas Blossoms. do

Cottage Bible.

Birket Foster's splendid Illustrated edition of Longfellow's Works: English.

Other similar presentation Books.

Uncle Sam. New. Mrs Stowe.

Infiscoop. By author of Trap to Catch Sunbeam.

Sparing to Spend.

The Little Drummer.

Tangle Wood Tales.

Louis XVII.: Life, Sufferings and Death.

Venice, the City of the Sea.

Second War with England. Headley.

History of the Insurrection in China.

Homes of the New World. Miss Bremer.

Home and Neighbors. New ed. do

The Bow in the Cloud, or Covenant Mercy for the Afflicted.

Martyr Missionary.

The Behavior Book. Miss Leslie.

Story of Mt. Blanc.

Student's Manual.

Rev John Todd's Books for Children.

Life of Daniel Webster. For sale by

J. S. DAVISON,

nov1 Lois Davison & Agnew.

SOMERSET—A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE, situated on the West Newton and Cumberland Plank Road, about 60 miles from Pittsburgh and 8 from Somerset, consisting of 207 Acres, 150 of which are in cultivation—the balance fine timber. The Farm is well watered. The buildings are a Tavern, a Smith and Wagon Maker's Shops, Stables, and other out-houses. A Saw and Grist Mill on the adjoining property. Price $4500. Terms easy.

S. CUTHBERT & SON, 140 Third st.

nov4

MISSES' FINE ENAMELLED BOOTS, of various colors; also, Ladies' fine Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, of every variety. Please call and examine.

L. E. HAYWARD,

nov4 Corner Market and Liberty sts.

COPPER BOTTOM—One Raised Copper Bottom, 5 feet 2 inches in diameter, and weighing about 300 lbs, for sale by LEECH, McALPIN & CO.,

nov4 Nos. 242 and 244 Liberty street.

FOENUGREEK.—175lb for sale by

nov2 B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **H. AHL, Surgeon Dentist.**—(Successor of G. W. Biddle.) No. 144 Smithfield st. [my3y

☞ **ANGERONA LODGE, I. O. O. F.**—The Angerona Lodge, No. 239, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood st. [jy12y

☞ **Notice.**—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the first and third WEDNESDAY of every month, at the FLORIDA HOUSE, Market street. By order,

JOHN YOUNG, Jr., Secretary.

July

☞ **Cargo's Cotillion and Brass Saxhorn Band**, can be had by applying to Wm. Frank Cargo, at the "Crystal Palace Daguerrean Rooms," of

my25:tf R. M. CARGO & CO'S, Fourth street.

☞ **I. O. O. F.**—Place of meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between Fifth street and Virgin alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 336—Meets every Tuesday evening.

MERCANTILE ENCAMPMENT, No. 37—Meets first and third Friday of each month. [mar26:y

☞ **BLACK TEA.**—For the best OOLONG TEA in Pittsburgh, at 50 cents ⅌ lb., go to the Pekin Tea Store, No. 38 Fifth street, where the very best Black and Green Teas can always be had.

☞ **Corns! Corns!! Corns!!!** A great many persons are dreadfully tormented with corns. A certain remedy will be found in Dr. COHEN'S CORN PLASTER, for sale by Dr. GEO. S. KEYSER, 140 Wood street.

Price, retail at 12½ and 25 cts. per box. sep3

☞ Liberal deductions to those who buy to sell again.

☞ **CURTAINS, Curtain Materials, and** Curtain Trimmings of every description, Furniture Plushes, Brocatelles, &c., Lace and Muslin Curtains, N. Y. Painted Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Pins, Bands, &c., at wholesale and retail. W. H. CARRYER,

No. 169 Chestnut street, corner Fifth, Philadelphia.

Curtains Made and Trimmed in the very newest French style. [mar22:y

## CHAS. E. LOOMIS,

**STOCK AND BILL BROKER;**

**Notes, Bonds, Mortgages, &c., Negotiated.**

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN

TO THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS.

☞ *Office*—75 Fourth street, between Market and Wood opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh. jan18:y

## *Pearl Steam Mill;*

CANAL BASIN, ALLEGHENY CITY,

(NEAR THE RAILROAD STATION.)

☞ FAMILIES will be supplied with our various grades of FRESH GROUND FLOUR.

By leaving their orders at the Mill or in our boxes at Logan, Wilson & Co., Wood street, or Braun & Reiter, corner Liberty and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh.

H. P. Schwartz, or J. T. Sample, Druggists, Allegheny.

Flour will be delivered to families in either of the two cities.

Terms: CASH on delivery. BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

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☞ **NELSON'S DAGUERREOTYPES!**—Post Office Buildings, Third street. Likenesses taken in all kinds of weather, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M., giving an accurate artistic and animate likeness, unlike and vastly superior to those ordinary cheap daguerreotypes, at the following cheap prices: $1,50, $2, $3, $4, $5 and upward, according to the size and quality of case or frame.

Hours for children, from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

N.B.—Likenesses of sick or deceased persons taken in any part of the city. [nov22:ly

☞ **W. A. MCCLURG**, Dealer in *Tea & Tea, Choice Family Groceries, Woolen and Willow Ware*—Has on hand one of the most extensive Stocks of goods in his line to be found in the West, which he offers at the lowest market rates, wholesale or retail, and warrants them to be of the best quality.

☞ Goods delivered in the cities free of charge. aug5

☞ **ASSOCIATED Firemen's Insurance Company of the City of Pittsburgh.** J. K. MORRHEAD, President—ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary. Will insure against FIRE and MARINE RISKS of all kinds. Office: in Monongahela House, Nos. 124 and 126 Water street.

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