Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS PHILLIPS.....GEORGE P. GILLMORE.

Phillips & Gillmore, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING:.....OCTOBER 18.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We have now employed in our Job Office an unusual number of excellent job printers, and are prepared to execute all orders with neatness unsurpassed, and with a speed that *shall* not be beat.

"TRUTH."—Our correspondent, "Truth," states some facts which we presume will be read with some surprize. The writer is well informed in regard to the business of the Courts, and we presume all his facts are correct. If so, will some of the Grand Jurors explain their election-eering statement published just on the eve of the election.

The writer expresses his own views candidly in regard to a prohibitory law. We have not as yet expressed any opinion of our own on the subject.

THE ELECTION RETURNS, AND RESULT.—We have already published election returns from many parts of the State of Ohio. We have received by private despatches and letters, many others which would probably be interesting to some of our readers. But enough is already made known to satisfy all that in Pennsylvania and Ohio the democrats have things all their own way. We conclude therefore to wait until we can publish a complete list of the members elected to the Legislature and Senate. We shall probably be able to do so in a few days. Meantime we can state that, from returns received, we believe the Senate will stand 18 democrats, 14 whigs, and 1 native. Last year the Senate stood 17 whigs, 1 native, and 15 democrats.

So far as our own county is concerned, democracy has every reason for encouragement and hope. Three of the most important offices have been secured this year. The District Attorney, the Senator, and one member of Assembly; the two first for three years. The *Pittsburgh Journal* of Saturday last thinks the democrats crowed too soon over the result. It says the whigs have elected their whole ticket except the above three offices, and it adds, "Thank Heaven for so much." There was a time, not long since, when the whigs could sweep in their whole ticket by a rousing majority, and forget to be thankful at all. A little adversity is an excellent thing to make people grateful.

The *Journal* says that hereafter it will repudiate *all side issues*. That is what we have said all along; and we are happy to find that our neighbor is convinced we were right. But we think enough has been said on the subject for the present.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILROAD.

Mr. Warner, Chief Engineer of this railroad, has published his report of the completed surveys; by which it appears that the whole road, when completed and in running order, will cost not less than $2,750,000. The whole amount of individual subscriptions to the stock of the road is $160,200. Butler county has subscribed $250,000; and Lawrence county $300,000; making in all $410,200.

It is supposed that along the line of the road the subscriptions to the stock can be increased to seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Philadelphia is asked to subscribe as much more, and the work is then to be commenced.

This is Philadelphia's road to Cleveland, running north of Pittsburgh. As we have a road to New York, through Harrisburg, running north of Philadelphia, we cannot object to it. Besides we are for free trade in railroads, and are satisfied that our neighbors in Butler should have railroads as well as ourselves. But we believe they will have to rely more on individual subscriptions. The money market is overstocked with bonds of cities and counties, seeking money for similar purposes; and we do not believe they can, more than half of them, find purchasers for a long time to come.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

We learn from the *Genius of Liberty*, the leading democratic paper in Fayette, that the whole democratic State and county ticket had been e'ected:

"In noticing the result in our county, the editor says:

"ONE HUNDRED CHEERS FOR OLD ALLEGHENY!—She will yet shake off the shackles of federalism. We expected something of this kind, as that able and sterling democrat, Henry Post, labored faithfully for the good old cause, and gave assurances some time ago that the democracy would triumph."

As to his reference to the *Post*, we would ask the editor to "spare our blushes;" but we are pleased to hear his call for the "ONE HUNDRED CHEERS FOR OLD ALLEGHENY." It is music that has not reached our ears for many years past and we could now dance to it, albeit our "dancing days are almost o'er."

But when next our friend of the *Genius* will have a necessity to desire cheers for "old Allegheny," he will have to call for 1000 cheers for our noble democracy. When he next has occasion to refer to our county, we hope to have the pleasure of informing him that it is thoroughly redeemed, regenerated and disenthralled from its long bondage.

☞ Our whig cotemporaries in this city appear to be very quiet under their late defeat. They are now writing upon great National and European questions, which they will, in the course of time, make just as clear as—mud; if they have sufficient time to mix it well.

What hobby the *Journal* intends to mount, we do not know; but the *Gazette* is waiting for "new leaders" and "new issues," and then it will define its position. But are we to understand from this, that the principles (?) of the whig party are no longer an issue? that the Maine Liquor Law is no longer an issue? Such would appear to be the case from the late language of the *Gazette*. He is waiting for "new leaders and new issues," and the *Journal* is waiting until the *Gazette* shall announce them, and then we may sing, "Roll in, *Journal*." Well, Messrs. McCombe, let us know when "something may come round," and then we will meet you on the old faith, cannot be beaten. We like to hold the whigs where we have them now, and when their "new leaders and new issues" appear, we will bring forth our old ones.

WAR.—A telegraphic report states that Turkey has declared war against Russia. This may not be true. But we shall not be surprised if the report be confirmed. The Turkish people have for weeks been urging the Sultan to this step. And however unwilling the English and French governments may be to engage in the conflict, we believe the people of those countries will force those governments to sustain the Sultan. We hope Austria will join Russia, and then we shall look anxiously for news from Hungary.

A CREDITABLE ACT.—A small boy, whose name we have not heard, fell into the canal in Allegheny on Sunday evening. He would have been drowned had it not been for the providential appearance of Mr. Wm. Blakely, who sprung into the canal and rescued him. When brought out it was supposed that life was extinct, but we understand that the boy is now recovering. Too much praise cannot be awarded to Mr. B. for his noble conduct.

During the present season, it is said, 47,000 persons have crossed the bridge leading to Goat Island, and paid their tribute of 25 cents each. The number is about 20,000 larger than last year.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Wm. H. Crawford has been appointed Postmaster at Jefferson city, Mo. Next to St. Louis, this is the best paying office in the State. Col. Benton favored the claims of the successful applicant.

Mr. Philip R. Van Wyck, of Tenn., has been appointed to a first class clerkship, (900 per annum) in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, vice L. K. Tippincott, of Philadelphia, who has resigned. It is understood that Mr. L., in the course of a week, is to be married to "Grace Greenwood"—Miss Clarke—the distinguished American authoress.

The expected Bronson letter, in reply to Guthrie's circular, has not yet arrived. In political circles of Washington, the impression is now very general, that the belief that its reception would at once be followed by its author's removal, has induced its suppression.

The belief is general in Washington city, that the Chinese Mission will be offered to Hon. Robert M'Lane, of Maryland. The *Star* says:

"Those who remember him (Mr. M'L.) as a party leader, for some years in the House of Representatives, will coincide with us in the belief that next to Gen. Cushing, he is the man of all others to chaffer with John Chinaman, in the midst of the latter's troubles."

The Secretary of the Navy has returned from his recent tour of inspection of the Navy Yards at the North, and is again at his post in the Department.

The "annexation" of the Sandwich Islands is a favorite topic, and those interested in the success of such a measure, may find a crumb of comfort in the following from the Washington *Star*:

"We learn from advices to New York houses, direct from Honolulu, in which implicit confidence may be placed, that the men of substance recommend, pretty generally, that the Government there, are, very generally, advocates of the annexation of the Islands to the United States, though few of them, indeed, take part in the movement, which is left to the ministry, occasioned nominally by the failure of the government to put a stop to the recent ravages of the small pox. The English on the Islands, however, are not thought of the business men there of affiliations, to favor their annexation to the United States, are the parties taking most active measures to sustain Judge Judd and his colleague, Mr. Armstrong, in the belief that any change in the political affairs of the Islands will have a tendency to hasten the day of their more intimate connection with the United States, which is there conceived to be their sure fate, sooner or later."

THE RETURNS.—The following are the correct footings up for the following candidates:

Budd	5578	Pownall	5758
Knox	5314	Forsyth	4822
Majority	266	Maj.	936
McClure	5692	Myers	5758
Banks	5137	Brawley	4882
Maj.	555	Maj.	876
Hampton	5732	McClintock	5704
Shannon	5310	Carothers	5250
Maj.	422	Maj.	544
Roberts	6186		
Jones	5276		
Maj.	910		

AT A LARGE Democratic meeting held in Waynesburg, Greene county, on the 27th ult., the following complimentary resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Administration of Gov. Bigler has been eminently democratic and conservative, and faithful to the interests of the Commonwealth and of the people.

Resolved, That our talented and patriotic Representative from this Congressional District, Hon. John L. Dawson, merits our entire approbation for the ability and faithfulness with which he has discharged his duties, and he may well look forward to higher political honors.

NEW BOOK.—"*English Literature of the 19th Century*" *by Charles D. Cleveland*: published by E. C. and J. Biddle, Philadelphia, and Jewett and Co., Cleveland.

We find the above named volume on our book table, and welcome it as a valuable addition to our library. It is a neatly bound book of nearly 800 pages; and is filled with choice selections from the best writers, and much excellent original reading matter. The Philadelphia *Inquirer* says of it: "The volume is one well calculated to grace as well the library as the centre table, and to be referred to again and again with pleasure. It is full of information, and may well be described as a casket of literary gems."

For sale by A. H. English & Co., Wood street, Pittsburgh.

EDITORS POST:—I send you the official vote of Mercer county, as far as counted by the Return Judges. The entire democratic ticket is elected:

	SUPREME COURT.		
Knox	2246	Judd	1463
	CANAL COMMISSIONER.		
Forsyth	2201	Pownall	1470
	AUDITOR GENERAL.		
Banks	2215	M'Clure	1470
	SURVEYOR GENERAL.		
Brawley	2076	Myers	1521
	PRESIDENT JUDGE.		
M'Calmont	2245	Gordon	747
	DISTRICT ATTORNEY.		
Mason, Dem	2202	Robinson, Whig	1530

J. D. McG.

Lola Montez.

A California correspondent of the Nashville Gazette gives the following account of the movements of Lola Montez:

LOLA'S LOCATION.—Lola Montez is now residing at Grass Valley, (a village in the mines,) entirely without restraint of her inclinations to (*ruminatings*) rambles upon the mountain cliffs as nimble and sure-footed as the famous goat. One knows not which to admire the most, her light form and rosy cheek, or snow-capped sierras, tinted by the blushing morn. She is wild and beautiful as the maiden discovered in the Black Mountains; (where Don Quixotte went to perform his novel penance in behalf of "peerless Dulcinea," and where, during said penance Sancho Panza saw things he should not have seen, turning Dapple and himself away for very shame.)

LOLA'S COTTAGE.—The Countess de Lansfeldt has a beautiful, little, white, vine-clad cot, on a hill side, formed by gold enough to pave a city wall, from her gold mountains. The bearded gold-seeker returning from his day's toil, is privileged to glance into her window, and learn some thing of the indoor life of a real "live Countess." Lucky republican home-breds.

LOLA SUEPH FOR DIVORCE.—Marie Montez Hall has sued for a separation from her present liege lord, P. P. Hall, Esq., and sought the legal protection of a handsome cabattero. Her assigned reasons are not for ears polite. Like one of the wives mentioned in a dream of Will Honeycomb's, she has "left her husband, and brought her gallant." They also resolved to the siege of the city of Hensburg by Emperor Coniade, the noble wives petitioned him that they might have what they could carry out of the city—their prayer was granted, whereupon each one came forth with her husband upon her back. Lola proves unlike them. She has deserted poor Hall in the hour of peril and misfortune.

LOLA THE MINER.—The favored Countess of Louis, King of Bavaria, mined one whole day in a corderoy bloomer costume. She was quite awkward with the "Long Cradle Tour," but seriously informed an astonished digger that she had "never yet had use for a cradle, thank heaven! and my lucky stars!"

LOLA WHIPPETH HER SERVANT.—Josefa Heald, of the order of St. Therese, paid a heavy fine for "assault and battery." It was proved in a certain squall of her mate, one Chinese servant was taken "all aback," (as seamen say,) she seized him by his long tail of hair, tied it to the door knob, and slapped his rice masticating jaws most unmercifully. Poor "John!" He could not jerk loose unless he scalped himself. In court, during the recital of her wrongs in California, tears fell from her eyes, *a la* Othello, as rapidly as the trees of Araby drop their medicinal gum. Unlike the Moor, she is used to them; so are other women when brooding over imaginary wrongs.

A disastrous fire occurred in the village of Kendall's Mills, Me., on Saturday night. An extensive pail factory, together with sixteen saw mills, were almost totally destroyed. The loss was over $30,000. About 160 men were thrown out of employment. The whole insurance will not exceed $5,000. The block of saw mills were erected by a Boston Company, and cost $37,000.

London, the capital of the British Kingdom, it is said, extends over an area of seventy-eight thousand and twenty-nine acres, or 122 square miles; and the number of its inhabitants, rapidly increasing, was two millions three hundred and sixty-two thousand two hundred and thirty-six, on the day of the last census.

SOME THINGS EXAMINED.

To the Editors of the Daily Morning Post—

The election is now over. The people in their sovereign capacity have decided who among them shall be their servants; and after the political asperities of the campaign have expended themselves and become smooth, when we can all look dispassionately, at the conflict, the manner in which it was carried on, and its results, it may be well for us calmly to survey it and store up in our minds what may be profitable for the future.

Among the issues that were prominent in the last election was, shall we have a "prohibitory liquor law!" and this question was urged with an ardor that seemed to overshadow every other consideration with many.

I am, and always have been a "Maine Law" man.

I have for a long period been of the opinion that the passage of a law restraining the sale of intoxicating liquor would be of advantage to the people; and I have always thought, and do now think, and firmly believe that if that simple question were firmly proposed to the people of this Commonwealth, they would promptly and without hesitation decide in favor of a prohibition of the liquor traffic. But, the question is one that must be proposed in the abstract. It must come before the people pure, and from clearer hands. It must not be made a question of political strife. It must not be proposed in one place by the Whig party, in another by the Democratic party, in another by the Free Soilers, and in another place by the Natives. If so, it will have its opponents in them all. Political parties cannot be arrayed on a pure question of morals. We have good moral men of all political opinions; we had an instance of it in our last election: some of the best and most consistent temperance men were found candidates on the tickets of all the four parties in our county. And, I might add, for *consistency's sake*, that there were men on all the tickets for and against the "Maine LAW." There were good Maine Law men on some of the tickets who scorned to make it a political issue; who deemed the cause too sacred to be brought into that arena of strife. Some of the best Maine Law men were defeated, while others of doubtful reputation were elected—not on account of the cause, but on account of the manner in which the issue was presented. Many of the men who are loudest in favor of it, are so for political purposes—some of the most boisterous of them are men of at least doubtful reputation in other matters. And some of them have descended to the vilest means to accomplish the purest and most holy purpose. I have been led to these reflections from a review of the party contest, and communicate them from a desire to do good. Let us have the issue, liquor, or no liquor, unmixed with personal or political predilections, and, my word for it, the people will be right in their decision.

I saw published a short time before the election, I think, all the city papers, the following paper:

TO THE PUBLIC.

We the undersigned, Grand Jurors empannelled for the present Term of the Court of Quarter Sessions, would respectfully set forth, that for the last five days, we have been engaged in the capacity of the Grand Inquest sitting in said Court, and that during that time we have found upwards of 150 true bills of Indictment, and at the very lowest calculation, *four-fifths* of this number are for offences, directly, or indirectly of the use of intoxicating liquors, thereby creating an enormous expense, to be paid out of the public treasury, which must be replied by a just tribute to his ability and services.

Resolved, That our talented and patriotic Representative from this Congressional District, Hon. John L. Dawson, merits our entire approbation for the ability and faithfulness with which he has discharged his duties, and he may well look forward to higher political honors.

Henry Morrow.	Samuel Lindsay.
Mark Kelso.	Philip Slusinger.
Bernard Adam.	Andrew Gibson.
John McHenry.	James Tucker.

Pittsburgh, October 8th, 1853.

This paper, purporting to be a presentment of the Grand Jury of Allegheny County, and no doubt intended to influence persons voting at the election, was signed by *John Alexander, Foreman*, who is an active whig politician, and was also signed by others of different political faith. By whom it was gotten up I cannot say; nor is it necessary to inquire. But a more unblushing and infamous piece of falsehood never was published in any political campaign. I cannot believe that all of the Grand Jurors who signed it did so of their own knowledge. They must have been misinformed by the man or men who got it up, and signed it as many men sign petitions for pardons, &c., on the representation of others.

They say in that paper that "for the last five days we have been engaged in the capacity of the Grand Inquest, sitting in and for the County of Allegheny;—that during that time we have found upwards of 150 true bills of Indictment; and, at the very lowest calculation, four-fifths of this number are for resist, either directly or indirectly, of the use of intoxicating liquors."

Now, Messrs. Editors, I have nothing to say against the proportion as assigned by them. I believe that the abuse of liquor is the source of the vast majority of crime. But upon an examination of the record I find the statement so brazenly put forth, so terribly false, that I must call their conclusion. I leave with you a statement showing the kind and number of offences, on the criminal docket, up to the Monday after this publication was made; and I refer to the docket, to which all may have access: and it will show that on Monday the 10th inst. there were 127 cases on it. *And of this* 127 *cases, only* 59 *were true bills, returned by the Grand Jury.* That docket exhibits as follows:

Cases of surety of the peace	20
Do absconding apprentice	1
Do assault and battery settled	8
	38

Thirty-eight cases out of the 127 which never came before the Grand Jury—leaving 89 cases, which were acted upon by them. Of these there were—

Assault and battery ignored	18
Larceny ignored	10
Miscellaneous cases ignored	7
	30
Thirty cases ignored.	
Found true bills—	
Assault and battery	34
Larceny	7
Miscellaneous true bills	18
	59

Thus showing that the grand inquest, up to this time, had only found 59 *true bills*, instead of "*upwards of* 150."

I have made this statement, Messrs. Editors, that the people may know how much of what was alleged to them is true, and to show real Maine Law men that their cause has been misrepresented. Let us have a fair issue, and presented by fair means, and the people will do right.

THE MURDER ON LONG ISLAND.—The outrage and murder of the young girl near Jamaica, Long Island, creates great excitement in that village. A meeting of the villagers, on Wednesday night, raised $500 by subscription, to offer as a reward for the apprehension of the villain who perpetrated it. They also resolved to represent the matter to the Governor, and suggest to him the propriety of offering a suitable reward. A Vigilance Committee was appointed to trace out reports, and do the best possible towards detecting him.

THE BRITISH CABINET.—It is said that recent difficulties in the British cabinet have grown out of the fact that the Earl of Aberdeen thoroughly believes in the honesty and sincerity of the Emperor of Russia, however proud, stupid and stubborn he may be, and that he implicitly relies on his good faith; while his colleagues think him an intriguing knave, no more, or rather less, to be trusted than an Oriental tyrant, and having at the slippery tricks of the East, combined with the rude energy and northern barbarism.—*Balt. Clipper.*

☞ The Hon. Mr. Dobbin has just left for the city of Washington. His recent visit to our seaboard and the several stations under his supervision, will enable him to do ample justice to all branches of our Navy in his report at the coming session. Mr. Dobbin is a fine scholar, a sound statesman, and eminently qualified for the distinguished post which he holds under this Administration. We have never had a Secretary more sincerely anxious to give vigor and strength to the naval department of the public service, than he.—*Pennsylvanian.*

At Salem, Mass, on Monday, Mr. A. Kenney, a workman in the planing mill of Mr. David Buffum, got his arm caught in a cylinder, to which are affixed several knives, revolving with fearful rapidity. Before he could be rescued, his arm nearly to the shoulder was cut into inch pieces.

DETAILS OF THE EUROPEAN NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE HUMBOLDT.

By the of the United States mail steamship Humboldt, J. D. Lines, commander, we have dates from London to the 30th, Southampton to the 30th, Paris and Liverpool to the 20th ult., all inclusive.

The news is six days later than that received by the last Liverpool steamer, the Humboldt having been detained two days beyond her appointed time at Havre, by the want of water in the docks of that place. It is of the same date as the telegraphic news by way of Halifax.

The Europa arrived at Liverpool on the 25th ult.

The intelligence brought by this steamer is of great importance, both in its political and commercial aspects.

Great excitement prevailed in London when this steamer left, on the subject of Eastern affairs. On the 24th ult. a perfect panic set in on the Stock Exchange, caused from the reports that the combined fleets in Besika bay had passed the Dardanelles and anchored before the city of Constantinople This rumor, however, subsequently was modified to the fact that three English and three French steam frigates had entered the straits at the request of the French and British Ambassadors, with the ostensible object of protecting the interests and persons of European residents in the event of an outbreak (which appears probable) of the fanatical Turkish party.

The accounts from Constantinople of the 15th September, however, stated that the procession of the Bairam, which it was thought would give occasion to a popular demonstration, went off in perfect tranquility. Extensive precautions were taken, and the garrison and police reinforced by strong detachments of troops and peace-officers. The crews of the ships in harbor were confined on board their vessels. Further accounts stated that the Ulemas (who had waited on the Sultan, clamoring for instant war with Russia) had revoked their declarations to the people, in consequence of arguments of the Scheik-ul-Islam. The greatest consternation prevailed among the Christian population, and it appears that it was the French minister who first proposed to call to their assistance a portion of the allied fleet.

Another unfavorable feature was the demands being pressed upon the Turkish government by the Austrian embassy for indemnities for losses of property sustained by Austrian subjects on Turkish soil. These demands amounted to large sums, and would much complicate political affairs

The preparations for war were, in the meantime, no ways delayed. The Egyptian contingent of 16,000 men had marched for Varna. The Porte was also concentrating an army of 100,000 men on the frontiers of Persia. The Persian and Ottoman soldiers fraternize, and large numbers of refugees, Hungarian and Italian, had joined the army.

The Russians also were pouring fresh troops into Southern Russia, and evidently preparing for a protracted campaign.

The Emperor of Russia has arrived at Olmutz, accompanied by Count Nesselrode and the Grand Duke Alexander. Nothing had yet transpired regarding the conferences to be held with the Emperor of Austria.

The news of the rejection on the part of the Czar of the modifications of the Vienna note became publicly known on the 10th among the population of Constantinople. It produced a profound impression, but there was no fear of a popular rising. A special Cabinet Council was immediately convened, under the presidency of the Sultan.

The most recent accounts from Constantinople and Vienna were thought to be more favorable. The war and peace parties in the Divan were said to have come to a temporary understanding.

In London an impression seemed to prevail that peace might yet be preserved. The season is getting too advanced to venture on hostilities of any extent to be commenced, and before the opening of a spring campaign, many months will necessarily elapse, which may be turned to account by the diplomatists.

Accounts from Alexandria to the 19th of September, state that Abbas Pacha had issued an order prohibiting the export of grain from Egypt from and after the 28th September, but on the representation of the European consuls the prohibitions may be delayed until the 30th November.

The ex-Queen of the French, the Prince and Princess de Joinville, who embarked from Southampton on the 25th ult. for Lisbon, had landed again on the 26th at Plymouth, in consequence of the illness of the Queen, Maria Amelia.

The Hungarian deputation presented the crown of St. Stephen, with the other regalia, to the Emperor of Austria, at Vienna, on the 20th of September. The deputation was headed by the Archduke Albrecht. It was noticed that in mentioning Hungary the Emperor spoke of it in the old ante-Schwartzenber style, as a kingdom.

Accounts from Madrid speak unfavorably of the probable duration of the new cabinet. One of its first measures was expected to be the recall of Marshall Narvaez.

Items of News and Miscellany.

In the office of the Green Castle Banner, published at Gosport, Indiana, there is said to be a blind printer, who sets from 5,000 to 7,000 ems a day! His partner reads the copy to him, and, as he has an extraordinary memory, he can compose half a dozen lines without it being necessary to repeat the words to him.

Mr. John Lea, of Cincinnati, in a long communication to the Gazette, states, as a fact, that "cholera never becomes epidemic in any district or city where rain or pure soft water is used," and supports his statements by many important facts. He also states that, during the years of past, not one well authenticated fatal case of cholera has occurred where rain water was exclusively used.

From the 1st of August to the 7th inst., a period of nine weeks, there were 1,130 deaths in Mobile, of which number 814 were from yellow fever: 785 occurred in the four weeks of September, and 11 on the 7th inst., of all cases of disease and fever, the first of the present month there were 60 deaths, including 32 from fever.

Mr. James Anderson, the distinguished English tragedian, who made so favorable an impression in this country a few years ago, is daily expected to return.

There was a severe hail storm at Lexington, Ky., and vicinity on Sunday last, which did considerable damage. Hundreds of panes of glass were broken, and vegetation in some places was much injured. It is said that in many places the hail covered the ground to the depth of 12 or 13 inches, and that wild pigeons, in the forest, were killed by thousands.

A young woman, Mary Jane Phillips, who resides with her brother-in-law, Mr. Wm. Pepper, near Fishkill Village, N. Y., waited on a well in Fishkill, at the house of her uncle, Mr. John W. Phillips, committed suicide during the night of the 8th inst. She was about 24 years of age.

A convention recently assembled at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., for the purpose of forming a "State Poultry Society." After several persons had addressed the convention, a committee was appointed to draft a constitution, which was reported at a second meeting, and adopted. The society was then formed.

The democratic majority in the State Senate of Georgia is 9, and in the House 18. The majority for Bailey (dem.) for Congress is said to be only two votes.

The heavy forgeries mentioned as having come to light in Boston, are ascertained to be to the extent of $50,000—$47,000 of which are on one name.

A new four act drama, adapted from Dickens' novel of "Bleak House," is produced at Wallack's theatre, in New York. It is from the pen of John Brougham, Esq., and may, therefore, be considered a treat.

Ole Bull's colony, in Potter county, Pennsylvania, it is stated, has turned out most unfortunately. Not more than forty emigrants remain upon the lands, which lie on Kettle Creek, and are said to be poor soil, illy fitted for cultivation. Mr. Bull expended large sums of money in improvements, such as erecting a fine hotel and other buildings, but a serious difficulty about the title to the land purchased by him has thrown the whole enterprise into confusion, and resulted in an expensive law-suit.

☞ **Assignees' Notice.**—The undersigned, assignees of EDWARD BRADSTON, hereby notifie all persons indebted to said Bradston to call and make payment, and all persons having claims against him, will please present them for settlement.

The store will be kept open to sell out the stock of goods on hand, about sixty days from this date, where Wm. H. Kincaid, one of the assignees, will be found.

REUBEN MILLER, JR.,
GEORGE A. BERRY,
WILLIAM H. KINCAID,
Assignees.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 18, 1853.—d4t&w1t*

☞ **As a Spring and Summer Medicine,** CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE stands pre-eminent above all others. Its singularly efficacious action on the blood; its strengthening and vivifying qualities; its tonic action on the kidneys; its tendency to drive all humors to the surface, thereby cleansing the system according to Nature's own prescription; its harmless, and at the same time extraordinary good effects, and the number of cures testified to by many of the most respectable citizens of Richmond, Va., and elsewhere, must be conclusive evidence that there is no humbug about it.

The trial of a single bottle will satisfy the most sceptical of its benefits.

*** See advertisement in another column. [oct8:&awim

THE OLD BRIDGE.

BY AVA BELLE.

Oh, 'twas ever a favorite haunt of mine in my childhood's golden hours,
To wander there, by the old log bridge, and gather the fragrant flowers.
The lily and the violet, which grew by the rivulet's side,
Where I'd heard the birds, singing their evening songs at the hour of prayride.

Yes, that old log bridge, I remember it well, in that little shady grove,
It was lonely, though a beautiful spot, where the humming bird loved to rove;
And I'd often sit by the rivulet's side, on that old and mossy stone,
And a charming sound to my listening was the little stream-let's tone.

And often when on my way to school, I would sit on that mossy seat,
And drink of the pure and sparkling rill which gilded at my feet.
Or that little murmuring streamlet where the merry sunbeams played,
Though many a hole in the old log bridge, in that little forest glade.

That old log bridge, I remember it well, with ivy and moss o'ergrown,
But years have passed since I viewed those scenes, those joyous scenes of yore,
And though the murmuring rill's there yet, the bridge is seen no more.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Sale.

I WILL SELL my unexpired lease (fourteen years) of a lot, situate on O'Hara street and Spring alley, in the Fifth Ward—40 ft. fronting on O'Hara street, and running back 100 ft. on Spring alley, on which is erected a four storied Brick House, 40 ft. square, with a frame, two stories high, 6 ft. on Spring alley, well calculated to carry on any branch of manufacturing business. Being engaged in manufacturing in the country, I offer the above for sale. Inquire at No. 25 Liberty street.

EDWARD FABER.

Scrip Dividend.

PERSONS insured in the Mutual Department of the Pittsburgh Life Insurance Company, are requested to call and receive their Scrip for the 20 per cent. dividend declared on the 1st of February last.

C. A. COLTON, Secretary.

Co-Partnership Notice.

WE HAVE this day associated with us in the Foundry business, O. ORMSBY PHILLIPS, and will hereafter continue said business under the firm of JOHN ANDERSON & CO.

JOHN ANDERSON & SON.

Pittsburgh, October 17, 1853. oct18:f

Proposals for Coal.

PROPOSALS for supplying Coal to the boats of the Daily Packet Line for the coming season, will be received up to the 25th inst., at 10 o'clock, at the office of Wm. Holmes & Co. The coal is to be delivered in quantities from 1000 to 4000 bushels, as may be required by the Captains. The contract to commence on the opening of Packet Navigation this spring, and to end on the 1st of July, 1854.

Address—Proposals for Coal, oct18.

Dancing Academy.

RONNAFON respectfully informs his patrons and others that he will open his Dancing School about the first week in November next, (as usual) and will introduce this season the Waltz Quadrilles, a very graceful dance. A new and popular dance called POP GOES THE WEASEL, never before introduced in this city. Due notice will be given of the time and room. For particulars, apply to A. B., at his residence, No. 25 Fourth street. oct18:3t

B. LOUTH & BRO., East Birmingham, manufacturers of Bar Iron, and small Iron of all descriptions, and make, also, the finest quality of Hoops, Rounds and Squares. ☞ Leave orders for Iron in the box, at the city Post Office. oct8

New Books, New Books.

THE Homes of the New World: Impressions of America, by Frederika Bremer.

Cloudes and Happiness, by the Countess D'Orsay.

The Duke Brummer, or Filial Affection; a Story of the Russian Campaign.

Starting to Spend, or the Loftons of Pinkerton, by T. S. Arthur.

Father Bright Hopes; or An Old Clergyman.

Warning, by Paul Creyton.

The Boyhood of Great Men. For sale by

oct18 A. A. GILDENFENNEY & CO., 76 Fourth st.

THE following history of the ROCK ROSE, and its medicinal properties, we copy from the New Haven Palladium:

[From the New Haven Palladium, March, 1852.]

The increased interest manifested in the Rock Rose, owing to the virtue of its medicinal properties, calls for a brief history of it, in order to correct any erroneous opinion that may have been entertained concerning it: and also to set in a true light the nature of a plant that has proved so wrought such wonders, and which promises to be universally beneficial.

We do not propose to give a complete history of its botanical properties, or to enumerate even a tithe of the cases in which it has been successfully used, and which have come to our knowledge, nearly of the confidence the public has reposed in it. We shall accomplish our object, and feel fully repaid if we may be the means of contributing even a little information concerning a plant which possesses such valuable properties.

In addition to a remarkable peculiarity of the plant, of bearing two crops of flowers in one season, it also has another interesting and beautiful property. We are indebted to the United States Dispensatory of 1847, for the following description of it:

"Eaton says that in the months of November and December, he has seen hundreds of these plants, sending out, near their roots, broad, thin, curved ice-crystals, about an inch in breadth, which melted during day, and were renewed in the evening."

Had we space, we could show that there has been a gradual elucidation of the plant, which place beyond doubt any further misapprehension of it, or danger of confounding it with any other plant that comes under the general term fine. It is entirely different from the common Rose.

ITS MEDICINAL HISTORY AND PROPERTIES are of the most interesting character, and will be found a valuable plant for *much neglected*. I ask for this at their hands, and that of the human race, an impartial trial." At the close of his address, he says—"I have other interesting testimony, and might multiply cases still more, but I will conclude by asking only of the profession and the public, a more extended trial of the Rock Rose."

The above testimony is from men experienced in medicine, who are universally acknowledged to be the best judges, in this respect, the medicinal history of no plant will bear comparison with it. Its parallel has not been found. By its own unaided powers, it has established a character which no other medicine could, and has effected an entire revolution in the system.

Sold at the Drug Store of GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley. oct8:tf&w

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny:

The petition of Sam'l Howard, of the Third Ward, city of Pittsburgh, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth:—That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the Ward aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment, and your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

SAMUEL HOWARD.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the Ward aforesaid, do certify, that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

Jas Montooth, Patrick McSteen, C W Lewis, Jos F D Keating, Jacob Gardner, Jr, J Melford, Thos Moorhead, James Shields, Sam'l Baird, Wm Rane, Jos W Lewis, Wm B McQuilogue.

(Journal copy and ch Post.)

oct6:3t

$1,500 ALLEGHENY City Warrants wanted immediately. Apply to

oct8 MOFFIT & LOWRIE, Post Buildings, 5th street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE, for Pittsburgh Manufactures, Dry Goods or Groceries, four lots of ground in Elizabethtown, on which is erected a two story frame dwelling house, containing four rooms finished in good style. The whole property abounds with fruit trees, and a variety of shrubbery. Apply to MOFFIT & LOWRIE,

oct8 Real Estate Agents, Post Buildings, 5th st.

BUILDING LOTS.—Ten Lots of ground, situate in New Troy, fronting on Chesnut street, each 23 by 100 ft., for sale low. Apply to MOFFIT & LOWRIE,

oct8 Real Estate Agents, Post Buildings, 5th st.

Sacred Music Books,

FOR Church Choirs, Congregations, &c., &c., wholesale and retail.

Kinsley's Harp of David, a collection of Church Music,	75c.	$7,00
Modern Psalmist, by Lowell Mason,	75c.	7,00
The Modern Harp, or Boston Sacred Melodist, by T. L. White and Jno. E. Gould,	75c.	7,00
National Psalmist, by Mason and Webb,	75c.	7,00
Harp of the West,	75c.	7,00
Sacred Lyre, do.	62c.	6,00
Ilay States Collection,	62c.	6,00
The Church Choir,	62c.	6,00
American Psalmody, with figured Bass for Organ or Piano,	62c.	6,00

ALSO, The Melodist, a collection of popular and social Songs, Glees, &c.

The Social Glee Book.

Juvenile Oratorios, for juvenile classes, schools, &c.

Musical Class Book, for adult singing classes.

Young Lady's Harp, designed for female Academies and the social circle.

Together with the New Carmina Sacra; Canticle Laudius, &c. &c. Just received by CHARLOTTE BLUME,

oct12 113 Wood street.

☞ **Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills.**—This great medicine has supplanted all others for the cure of diseases of the Liver. Its effects are so salutary and speedy, and at the same time so perfectly safe, that it is not surprising it should supercede all others. Invented by a very distinguished physician of Virginia, who practised in a region of country in which hepatic, or Liver Complaint, is peculiarly formidable and common, and who had spent years in discovering the ingredients and proportioning their quantities; these Pills are peculiarly adapted to every form of the disease, and never fail to alleviate the most obstinate case of that terrible complaint. They have justly become celebrated; and the researches of Dr. M'Lane have placed his name among the benefactors of mankind. No one having symptoms of this formidable complaint, should be without these invaluable Pills. Have you a pain in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, which increases with pressure—unable to lie with ease on the left side—with occasional, sometimes constant, pain under the shoulder-blade, frequently extending to the top of the shoulder? Rely upon it, that although the latter pains are sometimes taken for rheumatism, they all arise from disease of the Liver; and if you would have relief, go instantly and buy a box of Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, and take none else. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had all at respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROTHERS,
Successors to J. Eidd & Co.,
oct7:law 60 Wood street.

☞ **Fall and Winter Clothing, Wholesale and Retail.**—A large and splendid stock of Fall and Winter Clothing is now ready for the inspection of those wishing to be fitted out in the mode. Call and see for yourselves.

Country Merchants would find it to their interest to call and examine the stock.

N. B.—Customer work made to order in superior style, and at the shortest notice.

GRIBBLE'S CLOTHING HOUSE,
sep23 No. 240 Liberty street.

☞ We would call attention to the card in our paper, of T. R. Calvert & Co., Die-Sinkers, of Philadelphia. Specimens of their workmanship drew a gold medal at the State Fair.

James Wickersham, of our city, is their agent, and has samples at Mr. Mompesson's t