Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS WHILLIS.....GEORGE T. GILMORE.
Phillips & Gilmore, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING.....SEPTEMBER 3.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
THOMAS H. FORSYTH,
of Philadelphia County.

SURVEYOR GENERAL,
EPHRAIM BANKS,
of Mifflin County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
J. PORTER BRAWLEY,
of Crawford County.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
JOHN C. KNOX,
of Tioga County.

☞ Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., who are prompt, faithful and gentlemanly in their business transactions, are the *only* authorized agents in this city for the Daily Post, Sunday Post, and Weekly Post. They are authorized to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our usual rates. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 Nassau street, BOSTON, 10 State street.

☞ OFFICE FOR JOB PRINTING.—Having recently made large additions to our Job Printing Stock, we are now prepared to execute, in the neatest manner, and on the most reasonable terms, every description of Printing, from the smallest Card to the largest Poster. Orders will be attended to with punctuality and dispatch.

Democratic Committee of Correspondence.

Pursuant to a call of the Chairman of the Democratic Committee of Correspondence of Allegheny County, the Committee met at the St. Charles Hotel, at 11 o'clock, A. M. The Chairman being absent, on motion, R. B. ROBERTS, Esq., was called to the Chair.

On motion of M. C. Milligan, and amended by John McElwery, Esq., it was unanimously

Resolved, That the Democratic citizens of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships of Allegheny County, meet in their respective places for holding primary meetings, on Saturday, the third day of September next, and elect two Delegates in each District to meet in County Convention, at the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the Wednesday following, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a ticket to be supported at the October election.

The meetings in the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and the Boroughs, will organize at 4 o'clock, P. M., and remain open until seven o'clock, P. M.; in the Townships from three to five o'clock, P. M.

R. B. ROBERTS, Chairman pro tem.
JAMES BLACKBURN, Secretary.
Wednesday, Aug. 3, 1853.

OUR WEEKLY is for sale at our counting room, open or in wrappers. We wish all our neighbors and fellow citizens would call and get one, and read it; and then tell us whether it suits them or not. We wish this number to be examined particularly.

RESOLUTIONS IN OUR PAPER.—A set of resolutions, purporting to have come from the whig convention, appeared in our paper of yesterday. They were communicated; and, contrary to our custom, were handed to the printer without examination. Had we read them they would not have appeared. We will not recall old epithets, or revive old terms of personal abuse. We urge war with better weapons; and, avoiding personalities, will contend ever for principles, and for the success of our party.

THE GAZETTE.

The old "bellicose" has become perfectly frantic of late on politics. We thought we should wake its editors up in time; but we had no idea of driving them "crazy." They are making war on every body and every thing; slaying to the right and left: and if they don't commit suicide yet it will be a wonder. In their Friday sheet they pour a broadside at the devoted head of the President; another at J. Porter Brawley; and another at Alderman Buchmaster. They demolish the omnibuses; and instruct the Supreme Court in the law. They strangle the Canal Commissioners; and finish the central road with a double track. And among other things they give our old *Post* "fits;" cry shame on the Union; and elect Dr. Carothers.

Now if that is not work enough for one editor, in one day, then we are no judge of what constitutes a day's work, that's all. As we read along through its brilliant columns, yesterday, we could not help admiring the new-born zeal, the amazing industry, the versatility of talent, and the vast information of the editor of the *Gazette*: and after we had laid down the sheet,

"Still the wonder grew
That one small head could carry all he knew."

Hercules is outdone.

The President is belabored because he don't appoint a minister to France, and give the *Gazette* a chance to abuse the appointment. Yet no reason is given for the hot haste on the subject, only that *France* is a thousand years old.

Gen. Brawley is abused because it is alleged he drinks rather more liquor than Judge Myers. If it is the *quantity* that disqualifies, we would think our scales of weights and measures to tell us what the exact quantity is.

Alderman Buckmaster has dared to decide the omnibus case as he thought right; and to "run in" the strong, has presumed to deliver a full written opinion on the subject.

We don't recollect what particular sin of the Canal Commissioners it was that is unathamatized.

If the Post has done Dr. Carothers injustice, he begs pardon. If it has not yet done him full justice it intends to do so before the Second Tuesday of October. The Union must settle its own accounts. It used a naughty word, that's certain. We wonder the editor of the Gazette did not faint as he read it.

From the Chronicle.

The *Post* in speaking of the approaching Democratic Convention, and of certain individuals who claim the right to manage such bodies to suit themselves, says:

"We have heard of many of these, and they are truly a heard-some intended to affect ourselves, but they are too ridiculous to notice. We have no faith in the boast they put out that they have the "*country delegates set*," and that they can do as they please with them."

There are a few quiets belonging to the Democracy, who boast perpetually of having country delegates set, who strut around with huge regalias between their teeth, look wise, drink whisky, and curse after the approved fashion—be lazy to work, but neither ashamed to beg nor afraid to steal. Just the kind of fellows to set country delegates.

That is very strong language, Jeems. But if the fact is as you state it, it is time it was made public; that the democracy of this county may know what a few wire-workers in this city think of their independence. We hope the county convention, next Wednesday, will just go to work and "lay out" all cliques and factions; and then give us a first rate ticket, selected without dictation. That done, old Alleghany may yet be redeemed. Our paper belongs to no faction, but to the entire democratic party, and we believe the success of that party, in our district, would be promoted by exposing the *professed* wire-workers.

A NEW BOOK.—We have received from the publisher, T. B. Peterson, Philadelphia, a new novel, in two volumes, entitled "The Roman Traitor," or the days of Cicero, Cato, and Catiline, a true tale of the Republic, by Henry William Herbert, author of Cromwell, Marmaduke Wyvil, and other excellent and standard novels.

The subject of this novel, the era of the world, and the great city in which the events are located, must of themselves be deeply interesting to all readers; and the well known ability and popularity of the writer, must secure a large call for these volumes. A writer who can portray, with truth and power, Roman life in the days of Cicero, will lay the reading public under a lasting obligation. For sale by H. A. Miner & Co., Smithfield street, and Wm. A. Gildenfenney & Co., Fourth street.

GLASS WORKS IN ZANESVILLE.—We understand that these works have opened under the most favorable auspices. We are gratified to hear that the company have secured the valuable services of Mr. ALFRED EVANS, formerly of our city. We know him well, and a better business man in his line cannot be found in the union. We wish him all success, and as long as he is connected with the works it cannot fail to be prosperous.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The Russio-Turkish question is by no means settled yet. Late advices state that Russia abates nothing of her first demands; and makes it a condition of peace that the original proposals be accepted without change. That of course is impossible. The Sultan has shown firmness hitherto; and doubtless will do so still, though war ensue. His subjects are ready, and apparently eager for the contest. The Russians still continue to fortify and strengthen themselves in the principalities, and are making such permanent arrangements as indicate no intention or expectation of a retreat at present, if ever.

The Shah of Persia, it is said, promises assistance to the Sultan. It is evidently considered the cause of the Mahomedan religion, and indeed it is; for the fall of the Moslem empire at Constantinople, would destroy the moral force of the Mostem faith in all nations where it is professed. Hence it is that throughout all those countries, preparations are making to aid the Turks. The Mahomedans, inspired by that religious enthusiasm that once carried their arms in triumph over half the world, will fight desperately in defence of the chief city and Government of their religion. More than a thousand years ago, a Russian army was repulsed from the walls of Constantinople by the Greeks. We would not wonder if a second approach should meet a bloody repulse. But the vast numbers, the discipline, the wealth of Russia, will prevail in the end.

For the sake of Schamyl and his brave Circassians, who will receive "aid and comfort" from a Turkish war, we shall not regret a European rupture. A more cruel and remorseless war was never waged, than the great Apostle of despotism has pressed for a quarter of a century on the gallant people who occupy the original native soil of the European and American race. A general European war would embrace their wearying and exhausting contest and its general result, and perhaps save from conquest their free mountain realm, so long celebrated for its

"Fair women and brave men."

The late debate in the British Parliament indicates but little confidence in the attempt to preserve the peace of Europe. The result has been to create a tightness in the money market, in England, and a consequent decline in the price of cotton. But the trade in breadstuffs is very active at Liverpool and other ports, and at largely advanced prices. Old Nicholas may yet accommodate our farmers by raising the price of their wheat.

Austria proposes to occupy Servia with 20,000 troops, under pretence of preventing insurrection. The Servians are raising 50,000 men to drive them back. The Austrian Nero will yet manage to take sides with Russia. We may have peace; but the chances for war are strong at present.

A correspondent of the New York Herald writing from Acapulco, west coast of Mexico, speaks in strong terms of the abusive treatment received by American citizens from Mexican authorities, in violation of all treaties. Where is Captain Ingraham? We wish we had a spare copy of President Pierce's inaugural address to send to those Mexican authorities. They will probably get one soon emphasized by the tender of a "broadside."

The New York Herald has a very ably written and long article relating to the Kosta case, entitled "enunciation of American laws on allegiance and naturalization." The Herald says, it is supposed to have been written by Gen. Cushing, Attorney General of the United States. Be that as it may, it is an admirable production, making it a clear case that Kosta was entitled to American protection. We subjoin a few of its concluding paragraphs:

"We have shown, therefore, that American citizens are in full as much liable to citizen soldiers in our service. We have shown also the manner in which Napoleon acted as to the members of the senate. But there, it will be said, are still as soldiers. But here there is no difference as to protection between the soldier and the citizen. Our institutions depend more upon the citizen than the soldier, and all our citizens are soldiers. We claim nothing, have never claimed anything for "soldiers"—it is of citizens we have spoken, their rights, their protection.

If anything could add to the force of these positions, it is the fraudulent and base manner in which the Austrian consul has acted. They cannot dare to plead mistake as to the individual. The commander of the Austrian brig, on the very day of Kosta's arrest, came to the Pacha of Smyrna, and told him that there was an individual he wished to make away with. The Pacha informed him of the Turkish law, and that a voyage could not be made. This Austrian gentleman sweated. Immediately the victim was attacked on the public wharf, and by Mussulmans. The police, not even by the native bailiffs attached to the Austrian consulate, not even yet by Austrian sailors of the brig, as in their employment, would dare to swear to the outrage he perpetrated, but by a hired gang of Greek desperadoes and murderers, the very dregs and scum of Smyrna. The American consul, when Kosta was rescued by him from the Turkish police, that Kosta had an American declaration; and, moreover, the chief ground of attack in this hidden and treacherous assault was that his visitation had been to the United States, and "had come from the United States." It was even whispered, not formally, but in communicable, therefore, that Kosta is entitled to the protection of the United States: that the Austrian officers committed a gross outrage in their attempt to arrest in face of an American citizen: that by subsequent acts they persisted in and aggravated that outrage: that Kosta must be surrendered to us with reparation: that the question of our citizenship must be established and respected by the European powers, one and all: and that the administration of General Pierce will not decline "the responsibility."

COL. M'CANDLESS requests us to say, in reply to numerous enquiries from his personal and political friends, that he will not be a candidate either for President Judge of the District Court, or for the office of District Attorney, at the approaching Democratic Convention.

SHELL OYSTERS.—We would call attention to the advertisement of our friend Bennett, of "Our House." His Shell Oysters are good, and no mistake.

[COMMUNICATED.]

An Ugly Affair, if True.—A "fight."

Messrs. Editor: Among the transactions of the Whig Convention, on Wednesday, some *dark doings* were had. It is currently reported, and generally believed, that a Whig gentleman, of some influence in this county, was consulted prior to the Convention, by one of the would-be-candidates, as to the propriety and prospects of the latter running for Assembly. He advised him, by all means, to run, and assured him his prospects were fair. After some solicitation, by the candidate, this gentleman agreed to come in, if chosen, as one of his delegates, and throw his vote and influence in his favor. Accordingly, the candidate attended the primary meeting with all his forces, and got the delegate and his colleague returned. Now, if the delegate had been faithful to his trust, and *honorable* withal, he could have, with one word, secured, without fail, the nomination of his candidate. But lo! in Convention, Mr. Delegate turns round and "*sells*" him in the very nick of time when it was all important he should be faithful and true to his trust! But to whom does he sell him?—Why *to himself!* The delegate takes the nomination for Assembly himself, and does not even withdraw the name of his candidate, but lets it stand, merely, I suppose, to see how easily *he* could beat him, being, as he surely is, a very *strong* man. Ugly affair! Isn't it?

"&c., &c."

Pittsburgh, September 1, 1853.

For the Daily Morning Post.

EDITORS OF THE POST:—Please announce that WILLIAM GLASS, of Robinson township, will be a candidate for the Legislature, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, on Wednesday next.

He is about thirty-five years of age, intelligent, industrious, and an excellent business man; and we know that if nominated he will secure a large vote. The most unscrupulous Whig can say nothing against his character, or doubt that would make a good and faithful representative.

MANY DEMOCRATS.

NOT VERY BAD.—The editor of the Erie Observer, a newly married man, said this the other day of his town cotemporary:

"The bachelor editor of the Gazette wants everybody to get up in the morning at four o'clock to hear the birds sing. For our part, we have better company than birds at that hour in the morning: hence, we shan't take his advice."

Items of News and Miscellany.

On Tuesday there were 6,560 visitors to the Crystal Palace. The ship St. Nicholas arrived from Liverpool with twenty-one packages for the exhibition, consisting of bronze articles, valued at $16,800; an ingenious machine for type-setting, and also one for distributing type, worth £500; also a cast iron gate, valued at £225, and a photographic apparatus.

It is stated that of five hundred and forty young ladies who fainted last year, more than one-half fell into the arms of gentlemen. Only two had the misfortune to fall on the floor.

By advices from Galveston to the 12th inst., we learn that as far as heard from, Pease, (Dem.) for Governor, was nearly two thousand votes ahead of Oshiltree, (Whig,) and is probably elected, with Lickinson, (Dem.) for Lt. Governor, and Bell, (Dem.,) to Congress.

A young gentleman, feeling restless in church, leaned forward and addressed an old gentleman thus: "Pray, sir, can you tell me a rule without an exception?"

"Yes, sir," he replied, "a gentleman always behaves well in church."

The Albany *Atlas* says the following is an extract from a letter received by a commercial house in that city, from a large distilling and rectifying establishment in New York which deals greatly with the Eastern States: "The fact is, that since the passage of the *Maine Law*, we find it difficult to supply our orders, and should our own Legislature pass a similar law at their next session, we shall take measures to enlarge our works immediately."

Mr. John Combes, of Clark county, Indiana, recovered a verdict last week against Rev. Geo. B. Waller, of the Baptist church, of $5,000, for the seduction, in 1851, of his daughter, Nancy R. Combes. The case was tried before the Carroll Circuit Court of Kentucky, and excited great interest, no less than eight lawyers being engaged, four on a side.

An account of an analysis made by a Massachusetts physician of six different parcels of cream of tartar, which he purchased at six different drug shops in Boston, shows that of the pure article in each sample the proportion differed in a range from forty to sixty per cent. That is, taking the average of the whole, only one-half of it was pure cream of tartar.

"During your travels in Canada, Mr. Slocum, did you meet with anything that arrested your attention?" "Yes, Sir—a Deputy Sheriff. He not only arrested my attention, but my person, and marched us both off to Lincoln county Jail, 'for crossing the line' without paying duty on a yallor dog."

"His Sowship," James I.—Royal Portrait.

BY CHARLES DICKENS.

"Our cousin of Scotland" was ugly, awkward and shuffling, both in mind and person. His tongue was much too large for his mouth. His legs were much too weak for his body, and his dull goggle-eyes stared and rolled like an idiot's. He was cunning, covetous, wasteful, idle, drunken, greedy, dirty, cowardly, a great swearer, and the most conceited man on earth. His figure—that is commonly called sickly from his birth—presented the most ridiculous appearance that can be imagined, dressed in thick padded clothes, as a safeguard against being stabbed—of which he lived in continual fear —of a grass-green color from head to foot, with a hunting horn dangling at the side instead of a sword, and hat and feather sticking over one eye, or hanging on the back of his head, as he happened to toss it on. He used to loll on the necks of his favorite courtiers, and slobber their faces, and kiss and pinch their cheeks; and the greatest favorite he ever had used to sign himself in his letters to his royal master, his mistress, "your dog and slave," and used to address his majesty as "his sowship." His majesty was the worst rider ever seen, and thought himself the best. He was one of the most impertinent talkers (in the broadest Scotch) ever heard, and boasted of being unanswerable in all manner of arguments. He wrote some of the most learned treatises ever read, and thought himself a prodigy of authorship. He thought, and wrote, and said, that a king had a right to make and unmake what laws he pleased, and ought to be accountable to nobody on earth. This is a plain, true character of the person who, upon whom the greatest men about the court praised and flattered to that degree, that I doubt if there be anything more shameful in the annals of human nature.

He came to the English throne with great ease. The miseries of a disputed succession had been forgotten, and so deadfully, that he was proclaimed within a few hours of Elizabeth's death, and was accepted by the nation even without being asked to give any pledge that he would govern well, or that he would redress crying grievances. He took a month to come from Edinburgh to London, and spent the whole journey in receiving, on progress, of exercising his new power, hanged a pickpocket on the journey without any trial, and knighted everybody he could lay hold of. He made two hundred knights before he got to his palace in London, and seven hundred before he had been in it three months. He also shoveled sixty-two new *ins* into the house of lords—and there was a pretty large sprinkling of Scotchmen among them, you may believe.—*A Child's History of England.*

OUR CONSULAR SYSTEM.—There were in 1846, one hundred and seventy-five consulates, eleven vacancies, and ten commercial agents, four of whom were in Hayti. The number in the list of 1847 amounts to one hundred and sixty, and ten consular agents, showing a decrease in the previous year of fifteen, owing, in part, to the increased facilities of communication with Mexico.

Of the one hundred and sixty consulates in 1847, it appears there were thirty-three who were foreigners, or not citizens of the United States.

By the report of the Secretary of State in 1846, it appeared that in the year 1845 the aggregate fees received by Consuls in all parts of the world amounted to $87,042 89. By the President's list in 1847, the aggregate amount of fees reached $111,629 93.

A large proportion of the consulates, filled by foreigners, had made no regular returns of fees or anything else. As far as returns had been received, it appeared that the thirty-three consuls of foreign citizenship, in 1847, received fees to the amount of $24,848 16.

The consulates at London, Liverpool, Glasgow, Belfast, St. Thomas, Paris, Havre, Marseilles, Havana, Curacoa, Matanzas, Trinidad, Mayagues, Antwerp, Valparaiso, Talcahuana, Rio Janeiro, Palermo, Canton, and Honolulu, in all twenty, out of the one hundred and sixty, received $69,807.

Of the foreigners employed in the United States consular service in 1847, three were Englishmen, nine Irishmen, six Germans, two Spaniards, two Frenchmen, two Russians, two natives of Demerara (or subjects of Great Britain) three Italians, one Swede, one Norwegian, one native of Trinidad (or English-subjects) one native of St. Christopher, and one native of Cyprus.

MINNESOTA TERRITORY.—A letter from Minnesota, Aug. 18th says: "The farmers here have got nearly though with their harvest. Crops are generally heavy. The crops of both winter and spring wheat are excellent. Corn promises an abundant yield. We had a heavy rain last week, which was favorable for root crops. The weather is now fine and warm. The river is low, and heavily loaded boats find some difficulty in reaching St. Paul.

Political matters begin to cause some excitement in the territory.

Henry M. Rice received the nomination of the Democratic convention for delegate to Congress. He will undoubtedly be elected. The Whigs will probably have no convention. They are afraid to come out distinctively as a party. They prefer to work like the mole, under the surface.

The legislature next winter will almost certainly be Democratic, and some persons who are hoping to obtain bank charters, will as certainly be disappointed.

SAGACITY OF A GANDER.—A gentleman on whose varacity we can rely, related to us the other day a most singular circumstance, illustrative of extraordinary sagacity in one of the feathered tribe. One day last week, a gander was "on duty" near the Canal Basin, in keeping guard over a flock of goslings, which led to a rencontre between the roostership and the gander. The contest, however, was of short duration, for the gander seized the cock by the neck and straightway flew into the canal, where he thrust his head under water, and there held him until he was dead! We have read of wondrous instinctive acts of dogs and horses, but we question if any more sumphury proceedings was ever adopted by man or beast to vanquish a foe than this.

MATRIMONY AND FRIENDSHIP.—Sam Slick, in his "Wise Saws," says that the nature of matrimony is one thing, and the nature of friendship is another. A tall man likes a short wife; a great talker a silent woman, for both can't talk at once. A gay man likes a domestic gall, for he can leave her at once to nurse children and make pap, while he is enjoying of himself at parties. A man that ain't any music in him likes it in his spouse, and so on. It chimes beautifully, for they ain't in each other's way. Now, friendship is the other way; you must like the same thing in each other and be friends. A similarity of tastes, studies, pursuits and recreations, (what they call congenial souls;) a topper for a topper, a smoker for a smoker, a horse-racer for a horse-racer, a prize fighter for a prize-fighter, and so on. Matrimony likes contrasts; friendship seeks its own counterparts.

BEAVER COUNTY.—John Clarke, Esq., an aged citizen, of Beaver township, was seriously injured last Friday, by his horse, which was hitched in a buggy, taking fright while going over the Mahoning bridge. The old gentleman had both his legs broken, and some of his ribs.

A barn in the upper end of Phillipsburg, belonging to Jacob Deer, was entirely consumed last Friday night. It contained a large amount of grain and hay, which was all consumed. It was the work, it is supposed, of an incendiary.

☞ WORMS.—As this is the season of the year when worms are most formidable among children, the proprietors of M'Lane's Vermifuge beg leave to call the attention of parents to its virtues for the expelling of these annoying, and often fatal enemies of children. It was invented by a physician of great experience, in Virginia, who, after having used it for several years in his own practice, and found its success so universal, was induced at last to offer it to the public as a cheap, but certain and excellent medicine. It has since become justly popular throughout the United States, as the most efficient Vermifuge ever known, and the demand has been steadily on the increase since its first introduction to the public.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and from the sole proprietors, FLEMING BROTHERS, Successors to J. KIDD & Co., 60 Wood street.

sep2:daw

☞ More Home Testimony.—Mr. SOLOMON: Sir—I think it no more than an act of justice to you, as well as to the American community, to state that the SPECTACLES I bought from you suit me well. I find my sight continue to improve by the use of them. I have no doubt but I shall be able to read without them in a short time.

T. MOUNDER.

Allegheny City, June 25, 1853.

☞ I have used Mr. SOLOMON'S EYE GLASSES for a very brief period, with decided advantage, and have no hesitation in stating that a defective vision of long standing has been relieved, and the organs seem to be acquiring health and tone. I therefore cheerfully bear witness to their excellency and accuracy, as also to Mr. Solomon's skill as a practical Optician, and the wonderful facility with which he adapts his Glasses to the various peculiarities of vision.

D. B. SUTTON,
No. 24 Wayne street, Pittsburgh.

June 20, 1853. jn20:2m

PITTSBURGH, July 23, 1853.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Having seen in the Pittsburgh Daily Morning Post a communication from Mr. Wilson, jeweller, in opposition to the glasses sold by Mr. Solomon, in justice to Mr. S. I state that at various times I have procured three or four pairs of spectacles from Mr. Wilson, none of which have given me the slightest benefit to me. I have also applied to other jewellers in Cincinnati, Louisville, and New Orleans, and have failed to procure such glasses as would enable me to read conveniently. Since I have obtained spectacles from Mr. Solomon, I now read with great facility and emit a satisfaction. JOHN D. DAVIS, Jr.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Shell Oysters Just Received, at OUR HOUSE,
No. 34 DIAMOND ALLY.
THE FIRST OF THE SEASON.

☞ The proprietor of "OUR HOUSE" has just received a lot of PRIME SHELL OYSTERS, to which he would invite the attention of his friends. sep2:2w

[Dispatch and Union copy.]

STRAY COW.—Came to the subscriber, in Robinson township, some time in August, a BLACK COW, with a white spot in her forehead, supposed to be about five years old. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. [sep2:3t*] PHILIP PHILIPS.

REVISED RUDGARS FOR PRESERVING.—We have now on hand a full supply of different grades Lovering's, Hunt's and Belcher's Refined Loaf, Crushed and Pulverized Sugars, so much in demand for preserving fruit. Families and Grocers supplied in any quantity, at lowest rates, by BAILEY & RENSHAW,
sep2 233 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—A lot of ground, 20 by 100 feet, situate on the N. W. corner of Locust and Boyle streets, in the Third Ward, Allegheny, on which is erected a good two story frame house, containing four rooms, and a good brick stable, cherry trees, grape vines, and shrubbery. In the rear

Apply to MOFFITT & LOWRIE,
sep2 Real Estate Agents, Post Buildings.

FEMALE SEMINARY.
The undersigned take pleasure in announcing to the public that, with a view to the establishment of a FEMALE SEMINARY of a high character, where the doctrine of the Protestant Episcopal Church, they have purchased the Mansion House and grounds of the late A. Fish, Esq., situated near the Allegheny Arsenal, and design proceeding immediately to make such repairs and improvements as may be required to carry out the purpose contemplated.

They are happy, also, to add that they have secured the services, as Rector of the School, of the Rev. WM. H. CARRE, for several years Principal and Professor of Belles Lettres, in the Pittsburgh Female Institute of Maryland, conducted by Mrs. Lincoln Phelps. Mr. CARRE will be aided by a thoroughly competent staff of Teachers in the different departments, and no effort will be spared to make the Institution every way equal to the best Seminaries of the East.

The School will be opened not later than the FIRST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER NEXT, and at an earlier date, if the necessary arrangements can be sooner completed.

Mr. CARRE expects to remove to this city about the middle of September, and will then issue a Prospectus, setting forth the plan, terms, &c., of the School.

GEORGE WILKINS,
WILLIAM F. JOHNSTON,
WILLIAM LARIMER, Jr.
JOHN ANDERSON,
OLIVER W. BARNES,
GEO. S. SELDEN,
GEORGE H. WHITE.

Pittsburgh, August 31st, 1853—[sep2:2tw]

Adjourned Meeting.

CHARTIERS VALLEY R. R. CO.—In pursuance of the fourth section of an Act of this Commonwealth, entitled "An Act regulating Railroad Companies," passed the 19th day of February, A. D. 1849, the Stockholders of the Chartiers Valley Railroad Company are hereby notified to attend an adjourned meeting of the Stockholders of said Company, to be held at the Monongahela House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of September, 1853, at the hour of 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of receiving additional subscriptions by Counties, Cities, and Borough Corporations.

J. K. MOORHEAD, Pres't.

Pittsburgh, September 2, 1853. sep2:td

NEW BOOKS AND MAGAZINES RECEIVED.—Putnam's Monthly for September.

Harper's Magazine.

The Wild Flaws of England, compiled from official documents, by John C. Cobden.

Isaac T. Hopper, a True Tale; by L. Maria Child.

Cousin Geyson, or Life in Washington; by Mrs. N. P. Lasselle.

The Roman Traitor, or the Days of Cicero, Cato and Catiline; a true story of the Republic—by Henry W. Herbert.

Angela, or the Convent of Santa Clara.

Louise Martin, the Village Maiden.

For sale at W. A. GILDENFENNEY & CO'S,
sep2 70 Fourth street.

Hoots and Shoes.

A T HINTON'S HEAD-QUARTERS.—THOMAS HINTON, 81 Clair street, between Penn and Liberty streets, has just received a superior assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, and MATERIAL, which he is prepared to dispose of to his friends and the public generally, at cheap rates. Any article in his line made up at the shortest notice.

P. S.—HANDS WANTED on all kinds of work. [sep2

BLANK BOOKS—
Journals, Ledgers,
Cash Books, Day Books,
Dockets, Receipt Books,
Memorandum Books, Or any description of BLANK BOOKS MADE TO ORDER at short notice, of the most superior quality of paper, bound in any style required. Blank Books ruled to order.

A large and excellent stock of Blank Books always on hand and for sale at low rates, consisting of Cap, Demy and Medium rule, in all styles of binding.

The trade supplied on liberal terms.

W. S. HAVEN,
Blank Book Manufacturer,
sep2 Corner of Market and Second streets.

A. A. MASON & CO., 23 Fifth street, are still selling those fine Cashmere Shawls at Two Dollars—usual price $4. sep2

BLACK PARAMATTAS—100 pieces Black Paramattas just received at A. A. MASON & CO'S, No. 23 Fifth st. sep2

DE LAINES—500 pieces new De Laines (fig'd and plain) just opened at A. A. MASON & CO'S, No. 23 Fifth street. sep2

FIG'D SILKS—Just received at A. A. MASON & CO'S, No. 23 Fifth street, 50 pieces rich Figured Silks, new styles. sep2

PLAIDS—50 pieces rich and fashionable Plaids just received at A. A. MASON & CO'S, No. 23 Fifth street. sep2

Chest Lost,

SOME five or six months since, a Red Chest, which was brought to this city by the steamer Elephant. It was directed to Margaret Shean, in care of James Hughes. Any person returning the said chest to the owner, at the house of James Hughes, at the Fountain Inn, will be liberally rewarded. [sep1:3t*] MARGARET SHEAN.

ENGINEERS' STATIONERY WAREHOUSE.
W. H. HAVEN,
CORNER OF MARKET AND SECOND STREETS,

ALWAYS ON HAND, a large and well selected stock of Whatman's Drawing Papers, all sizes:
Drawing Paper in rolls, various widths;
Draughting Pencils;
Mathematical Instruments;
Tape Lines: India Rubber;
Field Books;
Profile Papers;
Cross Section Papers;
Protractor Papers;
And all articles of Stationery used by Civil Engineers. ☞ Level, Transit, Topography and Record Books made to order—ruled to any pattern required. sep2

OHIO FARMS FOR SALE.—A Farm of 200 Acres, situate 7 miles from Canton, Ohio—100 acres in cultivation; a good double House, Stable and Granary; Peach and Apple Orchard. Price $10 per acre. Terms very reasonable.

S. CUTHBERT & SON,
sep1 Real Estate Agents, 140 Third st.

FOR SALE.—One Brick House and Lot in the Sixth Ward, on Caldwell street, between Fine and Logan streets; a two-story brick, containing four rooms: the lot having a front of 24 feet, running back 74 feet; and known as part of the lot for a front Building; and is offered very cheap. Enquire of THOMAS WOODS,
sep1 45 Market st.

Hoots and Shoes.

A T HINTON'S HEAD-QUARTERS.—THOMAS HINTON, 81 Clair street, between Penn and Liberty streets, has just received a superior assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, and MATERIAL, which he is prepared to dispose of to his friends and the public generally, at cheap rates. Any article in his line made up at the shortest notice.

P. S.—HANDS WANTED on all kinds of work. [sep2

BLANK BOOKS—
Journals, Ledgers,
Cash Books, Day Books,
Dockets, Receipt Books,
Memorandum Books, Or any description of BLANK BOOKS MADE TO ORDER at short notice, of the most superior quality of paper, bound in any style required. Blank Books ruled to order.

A large and excellent stock of Blank Books always on hand and for sale at low rates, consisting of Cap, Demy and Medium rule, in all styles of binding.

The trade supplied on liberal terms.

W. S. HAVEN,
Blank Book Manufacturer,
sep2 Corner of Market and Second streets.

A. A. MASON & CO., 23 Fifth street, are still selling those fine Cashmere Shawls at Two Dollars—usual price $4. sep2

BLACK PARAMATTAS—100 pieces Black Paramattas just received at A. A. MASON & CO'S, No. 23 Fifth st. sep2

DE LAINES—500 pieces new De Laines (fig'd and plain) just opened at A. A. MASON & CO'S, No. 23 Fifth street. sep2

FIG'D SILKS—Just received at A. A. MASON & CO'S, No. 23 Fifth street, 50 pieces rich Figured Silks, new styles. sep2

PLAIDS—50 pieces rich and fashionable Plaids just received at A. A. MASON & CO'S, No. 23 Fifth street. sep2

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ Cargo's Cotillion and Brass Saxhorn Band, can be had by applying to Wm. Frank Cargo, at the "Crystal Palace Restaurant Rooms," of
my2:tf B. M. CARGO & CO'S, Fourth street.

Fall Style of Hats.

SAMUEL WEST, No. 231 Liberty street, (head of Wood,) has just received the FALL STYLE OF HATS, and would respectfully invite the attention of his friends and customers to it. He has also on hand a large and varied assortment of HATS and CAPS, which he will sell CHEAP, for cash. [au18:tf

Fashionable Hat.

M'CORD & CO. will issue their FALL STYLE HAT THIS DAY. Also,
CHILDREN'S FANCY HATS AND CAPS of Latest Styles. To which they invite the attention of their customers and the public generally.
☞ Corner WOOD and FIFTH STREETS. [au29:2w

A VALUABLE PROPERTY IN ELIZABETHTOWN—Four Lots of Ground, each 30 by 120 feet, situated on the corner of Eighth and Ferry streets, on which is erected a good two story Brick Dwelling, nearly new, containing four rooms, well finished. The property abounds with fruit, and is, in fact, a complete garden. For sale cheap. Apply to MOFFITT & LOWRIE,
Real Estate Agents, Post Buildings, Fifth st.

☞ The above property will be exchanged for dry goods, groceries, clothing, or Pittsburgh manufactures. [aug22

Murder—$500 Reward.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
Pittsburgh, August 11, 1853.

IN pursuance of a Resolution which passed the City Councils on Tuesday, authorizing the Mayor to offer a Reward of $500 for the arrest and prosecution to conviction of the MURDERER or MURDERERS OF JAMES COLLINS, late of Cambria, who was murdered in Hay street, in the City of Pittsburgh, on Monday night, I hereby offer the above reward for the arrest and prosecution to conviction of the said murderer or murderers.

aug11:tf ROBERT M. RIDDLE, Mayor.

A SMALL FARM IN OHIO.—Forty-one Acres of good level Land, situated on the O. & P. Railroad, 24 miles from this city, adjoining the village of Sullivan. This Land is all suitable for gardening—all cleared, well fenced, and abundantly supplied with springs. For sale cheap, and on good terms. Apply to MOFFITT & LOWRIE,
aug13 Real Estate Agents, Post Buildings, Fifth st.

WILLIAM PENN'S LAND IN OHIO.—Forty-one Acres of good level Land, situated on the O. & P. Railroad, 24 miles from this city, adjoining the village of Sullivan. This Land is all suitable for gardening—all cleared, well fenced, and abundantly supplied with springs. For sale cheap, and on good terms. Apply to MOFFITT & LOWRIE,
aug13 Real Estate Agents, Post Buildings, Fifth st.

THE Pittsburgh Female Institute will commence its Fall Session on Monday, the twenty-second day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships and fractional townships, situated east of Ohio-lata river, viz:

North of the base line and west of the principal meridian.

Townships forty-five, forty-six, forty-seven, forty-eight, and forty-nine, and fractional township fifty, of range number.

Townships forty-six, forty-seven, and forty-eight, and fractional townships forty-nine and fifty, of range NINE.

Townships forty-six, of range TEN.

Townships forty-six, forty-seven and forty-eight, and fractional townships forty-nine and fifty, of range ELEVEN.

Townships forty-six, forty-seven, forty-eight, and fractional townships forty-nine and fifty, of range TWELVE.

Townships forty-six, forty-seven, forty-eight, and fractional township forty-nine and fifty, of range THIRTEEN.

Townships forty-six, forty-seven, and forty-eight, of range FOURTEEN.

Townships forty-six, forty-seven, and forty-eight, of range FIFTEEN.

Fractional township forty-two, township forty-three, and fractional townships forty-eight and forty-nine, of range SIXTEEN.

Fractional township forty-eight, of range SEVENTEEN.

Section eighteen in *township forty-seven*, or "Grand Island," of range SEVENTEEN.

Sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, lot two in twenty-one, lots two, three, and four in twenty-two, and lots one, two, and three, in twenty-three, in *township forty-eight*, or "Grand Island," (except sections fourteen, fifteen, and sixteen,) of range SEVENTEEN.

Townships forty-three, *forty-four*, forty-five, and forty-six, and fractional township forty-seven and forty-eight, of range EIGHTEEN.

All the PLACE, commencing on Monday, the fifth day of September next, for the disposal of the public lands within the limits of the following named townships and fractional townships, lying west of the Cuyahoga river, viz:

North of the base line and west of the principal meridian.

Township forty-two, of range TWENTY-THREE.

Townships forty-one and forty-two, fractional sections two, (except lot four,) three, (except lot five,) section four, the east half of five, and lot one in section six, in township *forty-three*, and the west half of section thirty-two, and fractional section thirty-three, on the main land, in *township forty-four*, all in range TWENTY-FIVE.

Townships forty-one, forty-two, forty-three, forty-four, forty-five, and fifty, of range TWENTY-SEVEN.

Fractional township forty-two, forty-three, forty-four, forty-five, and fifty; sections two, three, and four, in *township forty-six*; and fractional *township forty-seven*, (except section thirty-three, and the west half of section thirty-two,) lots three and four of thirty two, on "Porter's Island," and lot one of thirty-one, of range TWENTY-SEVEN.

Section six, in township fifty-eight, and fractional sections thirty and thirty-one, (except the west part of lot three,) in township fifty-nine, of range