Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS PHILLIPS.....GEORGE P. GILLMORE.
Phillips & Gillmore, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING.....SEPTEMBER 2.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
THOMAS H. FORSYTH,
of Philadelphia County.

AUDITOR GENERAL,
EPHRAIM BANKS,
of Mifflin County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
J. PORTER BRAWLEY,
of Crawford County.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
JOHN C. KNOX,
Of Tioga County.

☞ FINE JOB PRINTING.☜ Have recently added large additions of type and other Printing Materials to the PITTSBURGH OFFICE, which, in the aggregate, form the largest, most complete and varied assortment in the city. Orders from the Country will receive as prompt attention as if the Editors were all in a lump.

Democratic Committee of Correspondence.

Pursuant to a call of the Chairman of the Democratic Committee of Correspondence of Allegheny County, the Committee met at the St. Charles Hotel, at 11 o'clock, A. M. The Chairman being absent, on motion, R. B. Ronnemus, Esq., was called to the Chair.

On motion of M. C. Milligan, and amended by John McGlovery, Esq., it was unanimously

Resolved, That the Democratic citizens of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships of Allegheny County, meet in their respective places for holding primary meetings, on this Saturday, the third day of September next, and elect two Delegates in each District to meet in County Convention, at the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the Wednesday following, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a ticket to be supported at the October election.

The meetings in the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and the Boroughs, will organize at 4 o'clock, P. M., and remain open until seven o'clock, P. M.; in the Townships from three to five o'clock, P. M.

R. B. ROBERTS, Chairman *pro tem.*
JAMES BLACKBURN, Secretary.
Wilkensby, Aug. 3, 1853.

THE MEMBERS OF THE PITTSBURGH BAR are requested to convene at the Court House, this morning, at 10 o'clock, for the purpose of making arrangements to attend the funeral of Saml. Fleming, late a member of the bar.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

GREENSBURG, Aug. 31, 1853.

Dear Post:—Here we are, right in the centre of the "Star of the West," in the renowned old borough of Greensburg; renowned for democratic victories, good hotels, clever people, and able lawyers. In this old county, you know democracy is ever triumphant, and whiggery "hides its diminished head."

Here, too, is the starting point of that awful Hempfield Railroad, that alarmed some of the Pittsburghers so much some time ago. It's not built yet, but probably will be. But when it is built, it can never damage Pittsburgh, or make Wheeling a point of importance. Railroads alone can't build up cities. Cities must have other advantages of a permanent character, or railroads will do little for them. Pittsburgh has such. Her wealth, her natural advantages, her system of railroads, her rivers and canals, and her manufacturing facilities and skill, and industry, insure her prosperity and growth for a century to come.

But we are in Greensburg, and must tell you about Westmoreland affairs. The crops in this county are said to be rather light, in consequence of dry weather. But still, the excellent soil of this county produces abundance for home consumption, and a good deal to spare for other markets.

The democrats here have nominated a good ticket, it is said, and *of course* it is to be elected. William A. Cook, Esq., is on it for the legislature; and he will doubtless be one of the leading members of the House next winter. He made himself felt there last winter, which was his first session. We shall watch his course there next winter pretty attentively, and when he gets wrong, if still, we will let him know our opinion of it through the old *Post*.

It is court week here now, and Judge Aguew, of the Beaver district, is here holding court; and trying some causes that Judge Burrell was engaged in as counsel, before he took his seat on the bench. "Court week" brings a good many people into the town, and this village, usually so quiet, presents quite a lively appearance just now. The Bolivar brick case, in which several Pittsburghers are interested, is on trial. Messrs. Hampton and G. P. Hamilton, are engaged in the trial of the cause. T. J. Bigham and E. Bradford Todd, Esq., have just left for home. Robert Bruce and some others are here as witnesses.

Since the opening of the Pennsylvania Railroad, Pittsburgh and Greensburg have become near neighbors; and you can find Pittsburghers here almost any day. A ride of an hour and twenty minutes brings us here; and when here, we find good hotels, a friendly and agreeable people, pure air, and a handsome country around. We would advise our Pittsburgh friends to make a trip to Greensburg occasionally. We are sure they will like the place and the ride here.

The democracy had a meeting here at the court house last evening; and quite a large meeting it was. It was called to order by Alexander McKinney Esq.; and Dr. Bigelow, late member of the legislature, made President. The committee appointed to draft resolutions reported resolutions pledging the democracy of Westmoreland to the full and cordial support of the state and county tickets; recommending the sale of the public works of the state, and approving the course of the national administration. Gen. Keenan offered as an amendment other resolutions, approving the course of the state administration. This gave rise to a very animated discussion. Mr. Cook opposed Gen. Keenan's resolutions. Mr. Stokes, well known in Pittsburgh, replied in an able and very effective speech, in support of the amendment; to which Mr. Cook replied with his usual ability and wit and eloquence. Mr. McKinney and other speakers were loudly called for, but gave way to Gen. Foster, who was received by the meeting as he was an old and valued friend. After a few remarks in behalf of the harmony of the democratic party at the ensuing election, he moved that the resolution relating to the state and county ticket, the sale of the public works, and the national administration be unanimously adopted; and that the further consideration of the resolutions relating to the state administration be postponed till the second Tuesday of November, when a public meeting could be called to consider them. His motion was unanimously adopted, and the meeting adjourned.

So you see the democracy of Westmoreland are "a unit" at the October election, and we presume will continue to be hereafter. Harmony, neighbors, we want your help; if you please.

We have been gratified with the sight of a democratic meeting here. It is easy to fill the court house with democrats in this borough, and with those too who know how to manage their own affairs. They have good papers, here, and good editors too, who speak the popular voice; but they like the news in the *Post*; and want a few more copies. We must supply them. Large as our daily and weekly editions are, we can always manage to have "a few more left of the same sort."

As to the Hotels, we have only tried one; that is Moritz' Hotel. We are sure the most fastidious will be satisfied there in all respects. Neatness, kind attention, and abundance of "creature comforts" are there to be found.

THE NEWS.

The difficulty is yet unsettled between Russia and Turkey; and the last news indicate that considerable doubt is expressed as to the peaceful solution of the question. The British Parliament is engaged with the Mosquito question, and the Cuban slave trade. Cotton had declined and bread-stuffs advanced at Liverpool. The Georgia arrived at New York, Aug. 29th, with about one million five hundred and fifty thousand dollars worth of gold dust from California. A serious war is raging between Honduras and Guatemala.

The Messila valley is occupied by Mexican troops. Their soldiers desert, however, about as fast as they enlist. A violent tornado swept over a part of the State of Massachusetts on Saturday last, destroying many buildings, and almost ruining the village of Waterville.

A serious fight occurred between the whites and blacks at Niagara last Sunday. A colored man, named Watson, is charged with murder, and in attempting to arrest him, his companions rescued him. Some three hundred Irish laborers turned out at the call of the police, and threshed the negroes, and re-arrested the culprit. The negroes, it is believed, thought it an attempt to arrest a fugitive slave. The Mayor of Montreal has been arrested on the charge of murder, for ordering the soldiers to fire on the rioters at the time Gavazzi was lecturing there.

The conductor of the train that was precipitated into the river, and so many lives destroyed at Norwalk, Connecticut, after a full trial for manslaughter, has been acquitted.

A grand Temperance and Women's Right Convention is in progress in New York city. It is supposed they will discuss the question of the propriety of "stopping the population" until women are allowed to vote, go to congress, command armies, &c. We don't believe they will resort to so desperate a remedy.

The movements of the Secretary of the Navy, indicate that vigorous measures are to be adopted to place our Navy on a more efficient footing, both as to the number of ships and regulations of the service. Glad to hear it. The position of affairs all over the world demand it, and if Capt. Ingraham's conduct is to be imitated every where by our naval officers, (and we hope it is,) we shall need more ships.

There were four deaths from yellow fever in Philadelphia, on the 28th ult.

At last dates the yellow fever had considerably abated at New Orleans.

The *Bee* gives an account of the operations of the Howard Association. The number of patients treated by the Association up to August 20, was 4550. Of these 2201 were discharged cured, 723 died, and 1600 were under treatment still. The expense of the Association were over $1500 per day. They were providing nurses and homes for 162 parentless infants, and had 300 nurses employed. Among the recent deaths we notice John H. Graham, of New York, and L. B. Hume, of Ulster county, New York.

WHIG COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

The whigs have given us a ticket, a part at least of which, we are sure can be excelled by the ticket the democrats can select.

If we must have a whig Judge, Mr. Hampton is as good a man as his party could present. We have no doubt of his qualifications; and have confidence in his ability and integrity, and personally we like that gentleman. But we can present a democrat for the same office of whom the same can be said; and we think it but right and fair that the seven thousand democratic voters of this district should be represented by *one* judge at least, out of five who constitute the judiciary of this county. Let the democrats next week select a good man, and then we will try hard for our rights.

Two or three things done by the whig convention on Wednesday deserve special notice.

Last year, Lt. S. Eyster, Esq., was elected to the legislature by a majority equal, we believe, to any other candidate on the whig ticket. His education and experience as a lawyer and business man, and his popular manners made him a good member. We knew him, as a member, and, although not much given to advocating the cause of whigs, simple justice compels us to say that he was one of the most influential and popular whig members of the House, and served his constituents with a zeal and faithfulness that entitled him to a vote of thanks. We have seen him sit hour after hour, for session after session, listening to every word read by the clerk, or uttered by the speaker or members of the House; and it is by such watchfulness alone that our members can prevent the passage of acts that might damage the interests of our district. During "private bill days" he would scarce leave the Hall one moment, until he had seen that some other member from our district "mounted guard" during his absence. Such was his as a representative. Yet when his name is presented for re-nomination; contrary to usage and custom he is "snubbed," and receives but twenty-seven votes. A more unjust and ungrateful act, even a whig convention has seldom done within our knowledge. We are told the temperance men opposed him. Yet he was the only member of the House of Representatives last winter, if we remember right, who made an effort to bring up the Maine liquor law bill, and procure for it a hearing, and a passage, if possible. He made two or three efforts of the kind, and behold his reward. Such is the justice of whiggery. We suppose that hereafter, it is to be understood that faithful public service is no recommendation to the whigs of Allegheny.

Democrats, select a good Assembly ticket; and we can elect it. Don't let borers, political schemers and men who spend their lives in wire-working and fraud, control you. Act independently; give us a good ticket, and we will elect it. And then, those who serve us faithfully may rely on justice and reward from the democracy of Allegheny county. In view of the above facts, and some others, which we will hereafter state, we ask, did that convention express the will of the city and county? Or was it "managed" as usual, by wire-workers, and self-constituted leaders of factions, and venders of isms?

More anon.

WHIG TICKET.—Yesterday our Whig friends were most deeply, darkly blue, on the subject of their county ticket. They feel that a wrong has been done to some of their best men, and many of them are determined that they will make it manifest that they are not to be bought and sold according to the selfish notions of a cabal of city politicians. We admire their spunk, but we are apprehensive they are too late now. They are in the hands of Philistines, and their locks must be shorn. The cunning ones of the party managed them all through, and the leaders now say that the grumblers will have to grin and bear it.

NEW BOOKS.—We have received from the publishers, Lindsay & Blackiston, Philadelphia, a copy of the second edition of an excellent book, entitled, "The Heavenly Home," or the Employments and Enjoyments of the Saints in Heaven," by Rev. H. Harbaugh, A. M., author of several works of a similar character, and which have won a high character for the author. We believe this book fully sustains his character as a sound and interesting writer, and will be read by a large portion of our reading community. For sale by Davison & Agnew, No. 65 Market street, Pittsburgh.

PUTNAM FOR SEPTEMBER.—We have from Gillespie, Kennedy & Co., the number of this valuable magazine for the current month. It is a most invaluable publication, and should be in the possession of every family who can afford it. Series 16 read.

RESOLUTIONS

Which would have been read in the Whig Convention, if the author had not lost them while taking a glass of lemonade.

It appears that a Convention was held on Wednesday last, in the Court House in this city, composed principally of members of the late Whig party. Free Soilers, Free Traders, Anti-masons and Maine Liquor Law-men.

A member of that Convention had prepared the following resolutions, which he intended to offer, but before the ballot for Prosecuting Attorney closed, he stepped down to Barney Ferry's to get a drink of "lemonade," where he dropped the papers, and could not find them until after the Convention adjourned:

Resolved, That in the Hon. Moses Hampton, we have a true and faithful representative and able advocate of our well defined principles. We present him to the people of Allegheny county—more particularly the *temperance* and *total abstinence* portion of them, as a shining light in the great cause of reform now agitating this Commonwealth. It is true, some few of our would be party leaders, while Mr. Hampton was in Congress, accused him of treason, and of having misrepresented his constituents, but those things have passed away, and are forgotten. We can all support him now for Judge, on the Maine Liquor Law platform, if he don't roll off, of which there is some danger, he being of a very oily nature.

Resolved, That in our candidate for State Senator, Dr. Carothers, we have a tower of strength for the Maine Liquor Law. To the unfurgling exertions, the clear and logical speeches of Dr. Carothers in the last Legislature, we are greatly indebted, for the wonderful progress the Maine Liquor Law cause has made in this country, while other members dodged the question in the Legislature, the Doctor stood firm and true, its *fast friend*.

Resolved, That our candidates for the Assembly are all good and true men of the late Whig and other parties. That Thomas J. Bigham is the father of two laws, that entitles him to our most ardent support. Solitary and alone, the act of 1847, prohibiting the use of our jails to Southern negro hunters, and the act of 1850, prohibiting the sale of liquor, &c., &c. on the Sabbath day. The Supreme Court has decided that the only portion of the first named act, that had any sense in it, was unconstitutional. The second act we have tried to enforce, but owing to the stupidity of the Mayors, Aldermen and Judges of the Court, it remains a dead letter on the statute book. We want to send him back to Harrisburg the coming session of the Legislature, knowing that he can draw up such a "Maine Liquor Law" as will be as "clear as mud." The Hon. Charles Naylor is too well known in this community to need any historical sketch from this Convention. He came here as long ago as 1843 or 1849. After having fought gallantly through the Mexican war, where he became somewhat disgusted with the *late Whig party*, and on his return he determined not to live any longer in harmony with that party, the remembrance of whose conduct during the Mexican war, "made him hang his head with humiliation and shame, when he recollected that he had been a member of their party." We have now a new party, organized on the "Maine Liquor Law" platform, and Captain Naylor, we are assured, will give that measure his hearty support. If the Whig leaders don't get mad and commit "the worst kind of treason again."

The other candidates on our Assembly ticket, are John M. Porter, Esq., John J. Muse, Esq., and John E. Park, Esq., all of them members of the late Whig and Anti-Masonic parties, and "you may bet your life" on their being "true blues."

Resolved, That Edward P. Jones, Esq., is eminently qualified to discharge the duties of Prosecuting Attorney, and we have no hesitation in making the pledge that when Mr. Carothers, and Mr. Bigham, and Mr. Naylor, succeed in getting the Maine Liquor Law passed, whether it be "clear as mud" or not, he will see it through the Court.

Resolved, That our candidate for County Treasurer, Hugh S. Fleming, although late coming into the ranks of the "Maine Liquor Law" party, deserves, and will receive our undivided support. There are some malicious persons, who, for their own purposes, are reporting that Mr. Fleming belongs to the "Court House clique." This is a slander on Mr. Fleming, for we know that he was previously engaged to Gen. Robinson and John Herrison.

Items of News and Miscellany.

The survey of the route of the Columbia and Octorara (Pa.) Railroad was commenced on the 10th ult. The course run on the present occasion will start at Columbia, and passing in the vicinity of Washington and Safe Harbor, strike the Octorara somewhere in the neighborhood of Pine Grove iron works, where it is contemplated a connection will be made with an extension of the West Chester and Philadelphia direct road.

A letter dated Buenos Ayres, July 11th, 1853, says: "The condition of things here is growing worse daily; the poor are getting poorer, and the hopeless more despairing. Beef sufficient for a dinner has cost from $50 to $150. Animals which could have been bought in time past for $50, now command $2,000. I write of paper currency of of course."

The ten hour system has been adopted in the manufactories in Delaware County, Delaware, and Cecil County, Md., by mutual agreement between the operatives and their employers.

A dying West India planter, groaning to his favorite negro servant, sighed out, "Ah, Sambo, I'm going a long, long journey." "Nebber mind, massa," said Sambo, consoling him, "him all de way down hill, and you soon reach the end."

Mr. Halstead, "counsel for three Prosecuting Bishops," is out in a severely personal letter, in the N. Y. Express of Monday, in reply to an editorial article in favor of Bishop Doane, which appeared in the Courier and Enquirer, a few days ago.

The Madrid journals of the third state that the heat in Spain continued excessive. The thermometer marked thirty-five degrees Reaumur (110½ degrees Fahrenheit). The heat caused a great deal of sickness.

George Dively, of Bedford county, Pa., on his return from Chambersburg, a few days ago, it is said was attacked with cholera and died, and on the next day his father fell a victim to it. At Chambersburg he attended the funeral of Mr. J. Steck, his brother-in-law, who also, it is stated, died of cholera.

Gov. Parsons has officially announced the ratification by the people of the Maine Law, recently adopted by the Michigan Legislature. The vote stood for the Prohibitory Liquor Law, 40,449; against Prohibition, 23,054.

The New York Times mentions a rumor that a large purchase of Porter's revolving rifles has been made in that city, by parties interested in the affairs of Cuba. The number of implements are not down at a thousand. Six charges to each will make this stock equivalent to six thousand muskets.

An "Umbrella Association" has commenced operation in London, for the purpose of hiring out umbrellas and parasols in wet and sultry weather, the borrower to lodge a shilling for the safe return of the article, and to pay one penny an hour for the loan. The company have already laid in a stock of 25,000 umbrellas and parasols, and intend forming several district depots in London.

Dr. Evans, formerly of Lancaster, Pa., but for the last six years a resident of Paris, and now dentist of the emperor, has just received from the emperor, the decoration of the Legion of Honor.

On Sunday evening, an Italian named Joseph Sassa, was fatally stabbed in one of the streets of New York, by an individual who approached him behind, and escaped unrecognized.

THE CASE OF THE CONDUCTOR OF THE NEW HAVEN RAILROAD TRAIN.—We stated yesterday that the jury of Danbury, Connecticut, in the case of Charles Comstock, the conductor of the train when the Norwalk accident occurred, and who was indicted for manslaughter, had been unable to agree upon a verdict, but were sent back to their room by the court for further deliberation. The court, in its charge to the jury, said:

"I have been requested to instruct you that one agent is not responsible for the act of another, and that there is a difference between a civil action and a criminal prosecution, and such I instruct you is the law. The law will hold a party civilly liable when it will not hold him criminally responsible. The defendant claims that he was in the discharge of a lawful act, and that the prosecution must show that he did some act tending to evince carelessness and reckleness in conducting that train. Such is the law; but I further instruct you that if that train was going at a dangerous rate of speed, and if you believe that it was the duty of the conductor to check it, and that he recklessly and carelessly neglected his duty in permitting that train to run around that curve at a dangerous rate of speed, that would be such a negligent act that it would be manslaughter if death ensued."

P. S.—The jury came into court on Monday, and rendered a verdict acquitting Comstock on each of the three indictments against him. The verdict was received with applause. Comstock was set at liberty.

WEEKLY MONEY ARTICLE.

As usual, we make up a weekly money article, but we have nothing new to note in our own vicinity on that subject. The following synopsis made up from our eastern exchanges will no doubt be interesting to our readers.

The rising value of money in London is evidently affecting not only banks, but all banking operations here. The banks think that there may be large remittances of specie, and even of coin from this port, though in this we think they are mistaken, as our exports are very large and are increasing. Breadstuffs are freely shipping, and will be in demand for Europe all the fall. The Europa brings advices of another rise in Liverpool in wheat and flour; and it is well ascertained that, taking in the whole of Europe, there will be this year a crop of grain greatly below the average, and the only supplies of any consequence are to be found in our own western granaries. This necessity to import food will keep money in diminished supply in England, and prevent her from receiving any from this country. Meanwhile money will be in demand here from causes originating here.

The demand for money is incessantly active, though the supply is rather on the increase than otherwise. Money rates are without change, ranging from the bank rate of 7 per cent. to 9 and 10 per cent. in the street for prime grades of paper, 12@15 for other grades. The demand for sterling exchange is fair, and is supplied at 109½@109¾ in bankers' bills, and 108¾@109 for produce bills. Francs are steady at previous quotations.

In stocks, there appear more anxious sellers than buyers; more who believe in another decline than in an advance, and more operators in time for a fall than the reverse.

Cumberland coal stock was active, 3350 shares being sold at a decline of ½; Canton fell ¼; Long Island ½; Reading ½; New York Central ½; Norwich ½; Harlem 1¼; Crystal Palace 4 per cent., and Phœnix coal 2 per cent. Of the latter stock, 1200 shares were sold. The committee of investigation have not yet reported; but we understand the Phœnix coal company appears adverse to acknowledging or redeeming the purloined stock which if not done will entail a law suit.

The City Banks make a stronger statement this week than last; but the contraction of accommodation continued all last week. There appears a decrease of nearly $2,000,000 in loans and discounts, and an increase in the deposits and specie. The contraction is, we have reason to believe, going on; and, judging from the meeting of the bank porters on the steps of the Bank of Commerce yesterday afternoon just before 3 o'clock, there is great anxiety still further to increase their specie strength at the expense of each other.

The Europa brings advices from London via Halifax to the 20th.

Consols for money closed at 98, and for account at 98¾. There was increased pressure in the money market, but the rate of interest was unchanged.

In American stocks and Railroad bonds a moderate business has been done at previous prices. U. S. bonds, 1868 110¼@111¼; U. S. stock, 1867-68, 110@111; Maryland Fives, 97@98, Kentucky Sixes, 1862-70, 108@109.

Subsequent to the date of the Arabia's advices there had been a fall in stocks which had again been recovered.

The very great activity of business to render certain an advance in the London money rates very shortly. Everybody expects it.

The cotton has again fallen, while wheat and flour have risen.

The Lake Superior Land and Mining Company have bought two new sections, numbers four and five, in township 49 and range 40, adjoining the working mines in the Ontanagon region. The company have now 5000 acres in the mining districts of Lake Superior, but their intentions are to secure 100,000 acres of mineral land in that region, so rich in native metal. With a metal obtained in its native state, and at little expense compared with that at which the produce of the Cornwall mines is obtained, which yet pays profitably, these mines cannot fail to yield large results to those who persevere in working them.

The Potomac Copper Company are enabled, by the advantageous terms on which they have become possessed of the two Tennessee mines, to give to each of their stockholders, for every 100 shares, an additional 150, consisting of 75 shares in each of the two Tennessee companies whose mining interest they have bought; and this without being called upon for any payment.

P. S. Lyon, commissioner and trustee for the old State Bank of Alabama, and branches, has reported to the state authorities a statement of his collections from the first of January to the first of July. The aggregate amount is $142,882 39. The following are the collections on behalf of the Mobile branch:

Amount collected on debt marked "good,"	$16,041 44
On debt marked "doubtful,"	14,628 22
On debt marked "bad,"	1,601 85
On debt not charged,	47,602 04
Total,	$79,774 15

The aggregate amount collected for the central, or mother bank, is $23,672,36; for the Montgomery branch, $18,220,22; for the Decatur branch, $20,432,89; for the Huntville branch, $772,77.

Land warrants are in demand.

	Buying.	Selling.
160 acre warrants,	$182	$188
80 acre warrants,	91	94
40 acre warrants,	46½	47

The balance in the Sub-Treasury this morning was, $9,124,256 10
Receipts yesterday, 330,554 50
Payments, 103,825 44

The sales at the Baltimore Stock Board yesterday were to the amount of about $17,000. Some City 6's of 1890 sold at 105, a decline of $1 on the last sales. They closed at 104 only bid, 106 asked. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad bonds, of 1867, advanced ¾ on Monday's and Saturday's sales, selling at 94. The bonds of other dates showed steady quotations. They are offered freely to any extent beyond the immediate demand; parties possibly holding back in view of the pending new loan. 248 shares of the road were sold without material variation in price—the tendency, however, seems downward. Nothing doing in Bank stocks, which are steady. York and Cumberland R. R. also steady.

The Baltimore Fire Insurance Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 7½ ⅌ cent; 6 ⅌ cent. payable in cash, and 1½ ⅌ cent. to be added to the contingent fund.

BERKS COUNTY CONVENTION.—This body assembled at Reading, on Tuesday, and nominated the following ticket:

Assembly—Jacob Wicklein, John B. Smith, Daniel V. R. Hunter, George Schenk.
Treasurer—Major Adam Leizo.
Commissioner—Jacob Young.

The gentlemen named below were appointed Delegates to the State Convention:

Senatorial Delegate—Dr. Charles H. Hunter.
Representative Delegates—Valentine Brobst, Capt. Samuel L. Young, Reuben Line, Colonel Daniel B. Kutz.

FIRE ON BOARD THE STEAMER PRINCETON.—The United States Steamship Princeton, arrived at Pictau, Nova Scotia, on the 20th inst., after grounding twice in sight of the light house, while in charge of a pilot. A letter in the New York times says:

About midday, on the 20th, the alarm of fire was sounded, the men were beat to quarters, the hose and fire apparatus were brought into play, and by the vigilance and activity of the officers, the danger was soon over. An hour afterwards, smoke was pouring out from the hold, and another beat to quarters was sounded. The axemen cut away the felt had lead, and clapboarding, in the vicinity of the boilers, and the wood was found to be thoroughly charred. The coal was so hot as to make it advisable to overhaul this black, bituminous furnace fuel before trusting it another day in its quiet, gloomy, but volcanic cell.

OFFICIAL.

Appointments by the President.

Diplomatic Agents, Consuls and Commercial Agts. of the United States, appointed since the 24th of May, 1853.

DIPLOMATIC.—Robert J. Walker, of Mississippi, to be Commissioner of the United States to the Empire of China.

R. Augustus Erving, of Connecticut, to be secretary of the legation of the United States at the court of his imperial Majesty, the Emperor of all the Russias.

David L. Gregg, of Illinois, to be commissioner of the U. States to the Kingdom of Hawaii.

Philo White, of Wisconsin, to be charge d'affairs of the United States to the republic of Ecuador.

John M. Daniel, of Virginia, to be charge d'affairs of the United States near the government of Sardinia.

Thomas E. Massey, of Alabama, to be secretary of the legation of the United States to the republic of Chili.

Daniel E. Sickles, of New York, to be secretary of the legation of the United States near her Britannic Majesty.

Carroll Spence, of Maryland, to be minister resident of the United States, at Constantinople.

John W. Dana, of Maine, to be charge d'affairs of the United States to the republic of Bolivar.

CONSULS OF THE UNITED STATES.—For Vera Cruz, John T. Pickett, of Kentucky.

For Bayonne, John P. Sullivan, of California.

For Mozambique, George R. Dwyer, of Massachusetts.

For Amoy, Thomas H. Hyatt, of New York.

For St. Johns, (Porto Rico,) John Parsons, of Florida.

For Lima, J. Caleb Smith, of California.

For Marseilles, Sam'l Dinsmore, of New Hampshire.

For Elsinour, F. B. Wells, of New York.

For Leith, James McDowell, of Ohio.

For Mantanza, Edward Worrall, of Delaware.

For Glasgow, Philip T. Hearit, of New York.

For Genoa, P. Felix Forcoti, of New York.

For Turk's Island, John L. Nelson, of Maryland.

For Manheim, John Scherff, of Maryland.

For Pernambuco, William Lilly, of Ohio.

For Bahia, John R. Bennett, of Missouri.

For St. Sago de Cuba, Stephen Cochran, of Pennsylvania.

For Shanghai, Robert C. Murphy, of Ohio.

For Amsterdam, R. G. Barnwell, of South Carolina.

For Aspinwall, (New Grenada,) George W. Fletcher, of Alabama.

For Stuttgardt, Max Stettheimer, of N. York.

For Rio de Janeiro, Caleb Jones, of Virginia.

For Palta, Fayette M. Ringgold, of the District of Columbia.

For London, George M. Saunders, of N. York.

For Bordeaux, James Polk, of Maryland.

COMMERCIAL AGENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.—For Padang, (Sumatra,) Robert B. Purvis.

For St. Paul's, de Loando, (Southwestern Africa,) John G. Willis.—*Washington Union.*

☞ NEW CERTIFICATES. ☜

MR. SOLOMONS:—I called at your office on the 24 July, and stated the nature of my eyes, which was very bad at that time; you suited me with Spectacles that did my eyes a great deal of good. They were very much inflamed at the time, but that inflammation has now left. I can now bear the light of the Sun or a lamp as well as ever. I shall call on you and get another pair, in case I should have any misfortune with them, as I would not be without them under any consideration. Yours, respectfully,

JOHN MAGEE, corner High and Webster sts.

PITTSBURGH, July 11, 1853.

MR. SOLOMONS:—Being compelled to wear Spectacles, I have never been able to get a pair but what made my eyes ache. I have tried a great number of glasses, but always failed, until I obtained a pair from you. I can see by day or candle light for any length of time, with the greatest ease and comfort.

Mrs. Waterman is very much pleased with her glasses.

I remain, yours, truly,

L. R. WATERMAN, 109 Wylie st.

PITTSBURGH, July 19, 1853.

I have been under the necessity of using Glasses for several years, but have never found a pair to suit my eyes, or that I could use without fatigue, until I obtained a pair of Mr. Solomons. By the aid of those I bought of him, I can see as well as ever I could. I can read or write with them for hours, without the least fatigue, both by day and candle light.

I have tried in all the stores in the State of Pennsylvania to obtain a pair of Glasses that would suit my eyes, and failed in every instance. Knowing the difficulty of obtaining those suitable for the sight, I do most earnestly recommend to those labouring under defective vision, to apply to Mr. Solomons, of whom Glasses can be obtained to suit all cases. Yours, J. MORRISON.

ALLEGHENY CITY, July 20, 1853. jy22dlawtsep10

☞ TO THE PUBLIC. ☜

MR. SOLOMONS—Dear Sir: From a premature failure or weakness of the eyes, I have been compelled to try some half dozen pairs of Glasses—purchased at the best jewelers in this city—from the use of which my eyes grew worse, and sight became materially impaired. I recently purchased a pair of YOUR JUSTLY CELEBRATED GLASSES, from the use of which I have much comfort and pleasure. My sight has improved, and my eyes relieved from pain. I could not be induced to part with them.

Yours, truly,

ROBT. GALLOWAY,
Smithfield st.

MR. FOTCHMON—After a trial of a pair of your SPECTACLES, for several weeks, I find them superior to any that I have ever used; I can see with them any length of time without fatigue to my eyes, and I can read by gas light with ease and comfort. I cheerfully recommend them to those that are afflicted, as I have long been, with weak and inflamed eyes. Yours, &c.

MRS. H. H. MCCRACKEN, Penn street.

Pittsburgh, July 25, 1853.

I HAVE used Mr. SOLOMONS' GLASSES for a brief period, and find them to be much superior to any others I have used, and take pleasure in recommending them to those having occasion to use Glasses.

WILLIAM MCCUTCHEON. [aug15]

MR. SOLOMONS:—From infancy I have been afflicted with weak eyes and short sightedness, and in all my travels I have never been able to get a pair of GLASSES that would help me. I have had several pairs that would enable me to see more distinctly, but could never keep them on more than one half hour, from the fact that they caused such great pain.

I happened to see your advertisement, by which I saw you had just imported some, and as it has been my constant aim to get a pair that would benefit me, I thought I would try yours.

You must not think me flattering, when I say they more than answer my expectations. I have not been able to read by candle-light for more than half an hour at any time, before I got these Glasses. Since I got these, I read one Sunday all day, and until 10 o'clock, without experiencing the least pain, which is a thing I have not done before for years.

I say this much, as I think it deserving your enterprise, and hoping others may be benefited by it.

You are at liberty to make use of my name at any time, for reference. I am, sir, truly, yours.

HENRY RAHL, Wharf Master, Pittsburgh.

P. S.—I forgot to mention that my wife is greatly benefitted by the pair she got, and equally pleased. jy1

☞ More Home Testimony.— Mr. Solomon Sir—I think it no more than an act of justice to you, as well as to the American community, to state that the SPECTACLES I bought from you suit me well. I find my sight much improved. I can see small print with them for any length of time without fatigue to my eyes. Should my sight continue to improve by the use of them. I have no doubt but I shall be able to read without them in a short time.

Yours, truly, D. B. SUTTON,
Allegheny City, June 25, 1853. No. 21 Wayne street, Pittsburgh.

SOLOMONS' SPECTACLES.—Those in want of these articles for the improvement of the sight, should bear in mind that Mr. Solomons still holds forth at his office. His stay in Pittsburgh is limited; and it is therefore necessary to make immediate application, in order to insure your eyes, as well as secure a good pair of glasses. Mr. S. is undoubtedly one of the greatest opticians of the age. He has been in the United States several years, and the success he has met with is unprecedented. All you have to do is to inform Mr. S. the condition your eyes are in, and he will immediately suit you with a pair of glasses. He generally picks up a pair from his large stock the first time to suit the purchaser. He has sold upwards of 2000 pairs during his short stay. Give him a call.

PITTSBURGH, July 23, 1853.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Having seen in the Pittsburgh Daily Morning Post a communication from Mr. Wilson, jeweller, in opposition to the glasses sold by Mr. Solomons, in justice to Mr. S. I state that at various times I have procured three or four pairs of spectacles from Mr. Wilson, none of which have proved of the slightest benefit to me. I have also applied to other jewellers in Cincinnati, Louisville, and New Orleans, and have failed to procure such glasses as would enable me to read conveniently. Since I have obtained spectacles from Mr. Solomons, I now read with great facility and call a satisfaction. JOHN D. DAVIS, Jr.

GOLD PAPER HANGINGS—New patterns, just received and for sale by WALTER P. MARSHALL,
sep1 65 Wood street.

MARBLE AND OAK WALL PAPER—In designs for parlor panel-work, for sale by WALTER P. MARSHALL.
sep1

CHEAP WALL PAPER—Excellent patterns, from 10c. to 20c. per roll, for sale by WALTER P. MARSHALL.
sep1

WINDOW CURTAINS—For sale, wholesale and retail, by WALTER P. MARSHALL.
sep1

Strayed or Stolen,

FROM the stable of Excelsior line, in Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY night last, an IRON GREY HORSE, 7 years old, about 15½ hands high, dark mane and tail, has a habit of biting his trough. No marks recollected except that the hair is slightly rubbed off the crest of the neck, where are small lumps occasioned by fly bites. A liberal reward will be given for information that will lead to the recovery of the horse. aug30

NEW GOODS—Just received at HOOD'S, 51 Market st. a new and well selected stock of fine Gold Jewelry, consisting of Breast Pins, Ear Rings, Lockets, Seals, Pen Buckles, Cuff Pins, and a great variety of Goods, too numerous to mention—all of which will be sold at the lowest Eastern prices, and from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than any other dealer in this city. Call soon, if you wish to purchase Goods at a bargain.

Also, a large assortment of SPECTACLES (in Gold and Silver Frames,) of the best quality and of our own manufacture. HOOD,
aug30 51 Market street.

408 ACRES OF VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE, situate a short distance from Hill-Side Station, on the Pa. R. R. Choice Timber, principally chestnut oak—about 25 Acres cleared—a Saw-Mill of good water power—a Tan Yard, and three Dwelling Houses. Would make a first-rate Stock Farm, or for Orchard purposes. Cord-wood finds a ready sale on the premises. Price $4000. For terms apply to R. CUTHBERT & SON,
aug30 Real Estate Agents, 140 Third st.

50 CENT BLACK TEA—The subscribers have just received a choice lot fine Oolong Tea, which they have selected expressly for family use. They will guarantee it equal, if not superior, in strength and delicacy of flavor to any Tea that has yet been offered at the same price in this market. They will be receiving regular supplies of this Tea, which cannot fail to please all who will give it a trial. For sale by the pound or half chest, by

BAILEY & RENSHAW,
aug30 Tea Dealers and Family Grocers.

NEW BOOKS AND CHEAP BOOKS.—The History and Rudiments of Architecture, by John Bullock, Architect.

The Artist-Wife, and other tales, by Mary Howitt.
The Fawn of the Pale Faces, by J. F. Brown.
The Wizard of the Wave, by Fayette Robinson.
Mark Hurdlestone, by Mrs. Hoodie.
Miles Tremordere, by Annetta Marie Maillard.
For sale at the Periodical Office of

W. A. GILDENFENNEY & Co.,
aug30 76 Fourth street.

NEW BOOKS.—Isaac T. Hoffer, a True Story, by D. Maria Child.
Annie Grayson, or Life in Washington; by Mrs. N. P. Lasselle.
Grumpus Without a Master.
The Pirate Doctor, or Extraordinary Career of a New York Physician.
And a number of other Books received by

H. P. CALLOW, Third st.
aug30

FOR SALE—2500 Acres of GOOD LAND in Wirt County, Va., near the Little Kanawha river. The Land is well Timbered, and is offered low. Enquire of

THOMAS WOODS, 45 Market st.
aug30

Orphans' Court Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, dated July 6th, 1853, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Thursday, the 8th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., by the undersigned, administrators of Thomas Hamilton, Esq., deceased, all that certain lot or piece of ground, with the buildings thereon, situate on Fifth street, Third Ward, Pittsburgh, adjoining the new Custom-house; being in front on Fifth street thirty feet, and extending back (preserving the same width) sixty-seven feet in depth; and being subject to an annual ground rent of twenty-two dollars and fifty cents. The said property to be sold as the