Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS EUMLEY.....GEORGE V. GILMORE.
Phillips & Gillmore, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING.....AUGUST 16.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
THOMAS H. FORSYTH,
of Philadelphia County.

AUDITOR GENERAL,
EPHRAIM BANKS,
of Mifflin County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
J. PORTER BRAWLEY,
of Cedarford County.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
JOHN C. KNOX,
Of Tioga County.

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Democratic Committee of Correspondence.

Pursuant to a call of the Chairman of the Democratic Committee of Correspondence of Allegheny County, the Committee met at the St. Charles Hotel, at 11 o'clock, A. M. The Chairman being absent, on motion, R. B. Roberts, Esq., was called to the Chair.

On motion of M. C. Milligan, and amended by John McGlowry, Esq., it was unanimously

Resolved, That the Democratic citizens of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships of Allegheny County, meet in their respective places for holding primary meetings, on Saturday, the third day of September next, and elect two Delegates in each District to meet in County Convention, at the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the Wednesday following, at 11 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of nominating a ticket to be supported at the October election.

The meetings in the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and the Boroughs, will organize at 4 o'clock, P. M., and remain open until seven o'clock, P. M.; in the Townships from three to five o'clock, P. M.

R. B. ROBERTS, Chairman *pro tem.*
JAMES BLACKSTON, Secretary.
Wednesday, Aug. 3, 1853.

THE ALLEGED FRAUDS ON THE PORTAGE RAILROAD.

We have read with attention the interesting report of our worthy Canal Commissioners, but we are sorry to say that in our opinion, it does not in the slightest manner shake the position taken by the plundered operatives. The Committee of workmen, through their chairman, make direct and positive charges, all of which are well authenticated, but exonerate most of the officers on the public works. But it is clear that the evils they complain of must have been perpetrated through the command of the officers on the road. Here is the material part of the charges presented by them to the Board. They say:

One first charge is set forth in the address of the operatives of the Allegheny Portage Railroad. That many of us have been in the employ of the Commonwealth for months, and without receiving any pay. The charge we will prove by the following persons: By Daniel Dougherty we will prove that at the time of the strike there was between fifteen and seventeen months wages due him, and that every time he drew there was money paying by the Superintendent he tried to get it, but did not succeed. That William Steele, do. eleven months, Hudson Ott, do. between eight and nine months, James Hudson, do. between ten and eleven months; William Keens had fourteen months due him. We can give any number of names if necessary, for similar purposes.

We will prove by Richard Trotter, engineer at the head of Plane No. 4: That he had to sell three months of his time at a discount of ten per cent at a broker's office in Hollidaysburg, after the passage of the appropriation bill. That Henry Dewey and D. H. Holly sold at the same place, at the same time. That Daniel M'Lanany, sold six months' time amounting to $342, and had to pay ten per cent discount: part of this time was sold to A. M. & R. White, and the rest to Bell, Johnson, Jack & Co. These persons are now in employment, and any amount of names can be had of persons who were compelled to sell. But these we consider sufficient.

The third charge is: That the check rolls sent to the Harrisburg, first find their way into the treasury. That M. M. Adams, a member of this committee, found audited in the Auditor General's books, a bill of his, which, from the time he sold, to the date of its auditing, did not exceed two months. That it was for materials furnished for the road, and amounted to *four hundred dollars*, after eight months discount on it.

The fourth charge is: That there was 60,000 of bills and checks in the vault which found their way into the treasury, which had not passed through the Superintendent's hands. This charge was not made by the men on the strike. But was told by Mr. Crawford, and also Gen. Rose.

Here are plain, positive, and disgraceful charges against some of those who have the management of the Allegheny Portage Railroad, and those who have the auditing of the accounts of speculators at Harrisburg.

The Commissioners express deep regret at this state of affairs, but they could not help it; they know nothing of it until they heard the indignant complaints from the defrauded workingmen. It is not in their power to retrieve the errors of the past, but they give the strongest assurances that a most scrupulous watch shall be kept over the future. Messrs. Morrison, Cleaven and Hopkins, are democrats of sterling honesty, warmly devoted to the welfare of the people, and the success of the Public Works, and we feel confident that during their administration nothing will occur hereafter of which any of the employees can make a complaint. In the conclusion of their report, speaking for themselves, they say:

The Board cannot close this brief report without assuring the public generally, and the operatives in the service of the State *especially*, that they will bring the difficulties which have been so justly complained of, to the attention of the Legislature, by their next annual report, and will especially call upon that department of the Government the *absolute necessity* of providing at *once* for the payment of *all* back debts on the line as well as the other lines of improvements throughout the State; and will also urge the propriety of appropriating, as an early day, a sufficient sum to meet the current expenses of the next year.

If this determination is carried out, it will be hailed with pleasure by the operatives on the public works in all parts of the State.

UNION BANK BONDS.

The High Court of Errors and Appeals of the State of Mississippi, the court of last resort in that State, have decided the question as to the constitutional and legal liability of that State for the payment of the bonds issued for and on account of the Mississippi Union Bank. There were but five millions of bonds issued on account of the Union Bank, and the first of the series fell due in 1850. Upon one of these bonds, for the purpose of testing the liability of the State as to all, suit has been brought as requested; brought in and before the tribunals of Mississippi—tribunals composed of men of rare talent, independence and ability, selected by the people themselves who own the debt. The State was ably represented by her Attorney General and associate counsel. The cause was most fully argued, verbally and in printed arguments. It has received the calm, dispassionate consideration of the Chancellor and the three judges of the High Court, and they have all unanimously decided that the State was legally and constitutionally liable for the payment of the debt.

☞ The Washington *Union* copies from the *N. Y. Herald* news which say that England and Spain have entered into a treaty by which the former consents to the introduction of Africans into Cuba as apprentices to serve ten years, and the latter agrees that at the end of fifty years the *present* slaves and their children—those will be pretty old slaves, and their children will most certainly have come to the age of maturity—shall be set free. The editor says that the Government of the United States, so soon as proper information on this subject reaches Washington, will, of course, take the steps required of them. If this story is true, it involves consequences of more moment to us, as a Government and nation, than any other event transpiring in the course of European affairs in the last decade. The *Union* also rejoices over the law of New York, requiring a weekly publication of the condition of each and every bank in the State, which it pronounces to be a measure of public safety. The same paper contains, further, a corrected copy of the Mexican Tariff.

The Pottawatomie Indians who visited Washington.

It appears from statements in the Washington papers, that a number of this tribe have been most grossly deceived by a couple of speculators upon the inexperience of the red men. The names of the speculators are David Hopkins, of Tennessee, and A. C. Peckhow, of St. Louis. It appears that they persuaded some of the Indians to make an engagement to visit the Crystal Palace. They promised Picotte, the only one who could speak English, and who had for three years been acting as clerk to the American Fur Company, $1,000 a year, and the others $25 a month. They were carried through many of the principal cities of the Union, and after visiting most of the New England States, they at last found themselves "brought up" in Boston, in a destitute condition; during the whole time, having received but fifty dollars of the rich reward promised them. They then disposed of all their effects, and were enabled to reach Washington in the early part of last week, and made a touching appeal to the Commissioner to advance sufficient out of their next annuity to enable them to reach their people once more. We hope that the Government will respond to their appeal in a humane manner. It may be irregular, but their pitiable situation will justify a small stretch of official authority.

Are there no means within the power of Government, by which the men Hopkins and Peckhow could be arrested and punished for the base fraud they have practised upon these ignorant and confiding Indians? If there is, we hope that speedy justice will soon overtake them. They deserve the severest punishment for the heartless manner they have deceived those poor dupes, and they should have it.

Railroad Accidents.

The New York *Herald* publishes the following as a correct statement of the number of Railroad accidents, with the killed and wounded, during each month of the present year.

Months.	*No. of Accidents.*	*Killed.*	*Wounded.*
January	12	25	40
February	6	6	11
March	14	24	52
April	4	25	64
May	8	54	40
June	6	6	19
July	11	8	22
August	6	29	76
Total to Aug. 12	65	176	333

The Great Exhibition.—We have received the third and fourth numbers of the New York Exhibition Illustrated, published by Putnam. The number is valuable, not only from the beauty of the engravings, but also on account of the letter press descriptions of some of the articles on exhibition, which are well written, and possess great interest.

Excessive Heat.—On Friday last, in New York, there were thirty deaths from excessive heat reported up to 6 o'clock in the afternoon. The Thermometer ranged from 91 to 95 degrees; during the warm days in the latter part of June, it stood at 97° in the same city, but the heat did not cause so many deaths.

The New State Road.

Pursuant to notice an adjourned meeting was held on Saturday, 13th instant, at the School House, Jack's Run.

The former officers resumed their seats at the stated hour. The chairman, Mr. John Birmingham, called on the township committees for reports, when favorable reports were made from Ohio, Franklin and Ross townships. The committee from Reserve township made a verbal report, stating that they performed the duty assigned to them, and they had to regret that they could not make so favorable a report as the other committees. They had called on the officers whose duty it was to open and complete that portion of the State Road, and that said officers informed your committee that they would not have any more work done, as they had appealed to the Supreme Court.

The following preamble and resolutions were then offered by Mr. Kerr, which, after a full and free discussion, by Messrs. Bayne, Ackley, Birmingham, Fleming, Kerr, Cooper, and others, were adopted unanimously:

Whereas, A report has been made to this meeting by a committee, which sets forth that the officers of Reserve township have positively refused to open the road known as the Allegheny and New Brighton State Road, passing through Reserve township, and that said officers have appealed to the Supreme Court, for the purpose, as we believe, of retarding the work which, of right, should have been done a year ago, therefore,

Resolved, That a committee of five, of which the officers of this meeting shall be of the committee, whose duty it shall be to employ eminent counsel to compel all delinquent officers to carry out the expressed words of the Act of Assembly relative to said road, and that the committee be empowered to collect sufficient funds to defray any expense that may accrue.

The following gentlemen compose the Committee: Messrs. Bane, Kerr, Crawford, Birmingham and Cooper.

Resolved, That we return our thanks to Supervisor Quail, of Ross township, for the prompt and efficient manner in which he responded to the wishes of the traveling public by opening the road through his district, and we regret that so much cannot be said for others in office.

On motion of Mr. Kerr, the Secretary was directed to compensate the printers for publishing proceedings, and report to the adjourned meeting to be held on the 2nd Saturday of September, the 10th, at the School House in Ross township.

The Japan Expedition.—The North China Herald of May 7 says: "It is understood that the steamers of the United States Japan squadron now in port, will shortly sail for Japan, and to be joined there by the other vessels of the squadron, Commodore Perry, we hear, will hoist his flag on board the Susquehanna, on Monday, May 9. He is accompanied by Dr. S. Williams, of Canton, as interpreter. The Peruvian barque Capricorn has been chartered by the commodore as the despatch vessel to the Japan squadron."

The same paper says that the steamer Larriston, while getting under way at Woosung, came in contact with the United States sloop Plymouth, the latter having swung across the tide before the steamer could pass clear of her. The Plymouth lost her flying jibboom, and injured the jibboom; while the Larriston had her mizzenmast, mainyard and foreyard carried away, but sustained no injury whatever in her hull and machinery.

The Gardiner Case—*A Witness Indicted.*—The Grand Jury of the District of Columbia has indicted John Charles Gardiner for perjury as a witness at the trial of his brother, George A. Gardiner. After a protracted argument, his bail was set at $4,000. Mr. Bradley renewed his motion for a continuation of the former Gardiner case to the next term of the court.

The District Attorney objected, stating that intelligence had been received from the governement, commission in Mexico, dated July 5th, saying that the exploration was partly completed, and would probably be finished soon. As the return of the commission is, therefore, daily expected, the motion made was deferred until next week.

Yellow Fever and Homœopathy in New Orleans.—The French editor of the *Orleanian* says, he has seen several cases of yellow fever in which the curative powers of homœopathy were eminently displayed, and the results of the treatment are of a nature to demand the early attention of the Board of Health. The homœopathic physicians ask of the Board to afford them some beds and attendants, to put in a house which is graciously offered for the reception of the indigent sick. Messrs. Delcroix and D'Homecourt offer the gratuitous use of their homœopathic apothecary establishment for this infirmary.

North Carolina.—The latest accounts show the election of the following Congressmen in that State:

First District, H. M. Shaw, dem. gain; 2d, Thos. Ruffin, jr., dem.; 3d, Wm. S. Ashe, dem.; 4th, Silon H. Rogers, whig gain; 5th, John Kerr, whig; 6th, R. C. Puryear, whig; 7th, R. Craige, dem. gain; 8th, not heard from, but Clingman, independent whig, probably re-elected.

Tennessee Election.—The returns of the Congressional election in this State, indicate that Churchwell, Gardenhire, Smith, Campbell, Pavatt and Jones, all democrats, are elected.—Stanton, dem., is defeated by seven votes. The whigs have elected Charles Ready, F. K. Zollicoffer and Mr. Yerger. Johnson, dem., is elected Governor, and the whigs, it is said, have a majority in the Legislature.

Items of News and Miscellany.

A steamer was lately launched at Greenock, Scotland, with engines on board and steam up, and she proceeded immediately on a trial trip, making eleven miles an hour against a strong tide.

We hear (says the Boston Transcript) that a gentleman well known in literary circles, whose wife and daughter were badly injured by the late railroad disaster at Norwalk, has made a settlement with the railroad corporation. The sum paid was $10,000. Who is the gentleman —Rev. Rufus Griswold?

The Aspinwall Courier announces the arrival at Aspinwall of three different parties engaged in gold-mining at various points on the Isthmus. Also of one that is working a coal mine at Bocas del Toro, a short distance down the coast. An English Company has bought a gold mine on the river Barbata, a tributary of the river Atrato, and are now preparing to work it. Two French agents are selecting mines on the headwaters of the Atrato.

In a case trying to prove a man drunk, an Irish witness taking the stand was asked by the Judge if he thought the man the worse for the liquor, replied, "No, in faith, he thought the better for it."

The troubles in Venezuela still continue at the last accounts. It is said that for several weeks the government have been using every effort to fit out a naval expedition against Cumana, and have purchased a number of vessels; among them the American barque "El Dorado," of Baltimore, and the steamer "Bertha Harrassawitz." A portion of these vessels have already departed with troops, destined to act against the insurgents.

We see it mentioned in the Barbadoes papers that on motion of Mr. Grant, seconded by Mr. Holligan, Sr., a committee of the House of Assembly of that island was appointed to prepare a petition to the Imperial Parliament praying for the gradual reduction of the sugar duties.

The British mail steamer Asia sailed from New York on Wednesday for Liverpool. She took out 76 passengers, and $489,122 in specie. Among her passengers were Thos. Mitchell, of Baltimore, and George Wallis, one of the English Commissioners to the Crystal Palace Exhibition.

"Mr. Jones, you say that Mr. Rezin is a composer. Does the Court understand from that he is a writer of music?" "No, Siree, he's called a composer because he never talks to a man without putting him to sleep." "Crier, call the next witness."

It is said some persons are now in New York, after a fugitive slave, aged 22 years, named Geo. Blunt. His pursuers are from Baltimore, and say that the fugitive was last seen at a bush meeting along the Susquehanna railroad, July 17. He has a wife in Pennsylvania or New York.

The accident on the New Haven Railroad, on Wednesday, was caused by a large mass of rock falling on the track. Theodore Humphrey is the name of the engineer who was killed. Mr. Dennis, the conductor, was slightly, and G. Wolcott, the fireman, severely injured.

One half the unhappiness we have in this life exists because of the much sensitiveness and a morbid disposition which allows trifles to weigh heavily on our minds. A trifling loss or inconvenience often causes more annoyance than a much greater sorrow.

Notwithstanding the epidemic at New Orleans, there was a grand military parade in that city on the 4th inst. On the 10th, a sailing match for $600 was to have taken place at Biloxi, and a regatta on the 13th at Pass Christian.

Thirty-one packages of goods for the Crystal Palace Industrial Exhibition, among which are a noble statue of the Emperor, valued at 60,000 francs, a large and splendid collection of Sevres porcelain of the Imperial manufactory, valued at 65,000 francs; also, the famous tapestry carpeting ("Goblins Tableaux") from the imperial manufactories at Gobelins and Beauvais, valued at 75,000 francs, and some French oil paintings, arrived at New York on the 9th, from Havre.

The smuggling of opium has become quite a business amongst the Chinese passengers who arrive at San Francisco, and large quantities of the article have been seized by the officers of the customs who have been on the look-out for the smugglers for some time past.

The Portsmouth (Va.) Transcript states that Secretary Dobbin has granted permission to those connected with the Navy to wear their beards. Orders to that effect were received and promulgated among those at the Norfolk station on Tuesday. The beard may be worn at the pleasure of the individual, but must be kept short and neatly trimmed. Those who have beards will doubtless feel grateful to the Secretary for the permission thus granted.

A convict named Francis D. Edymoin has escaped from the Auburn (N. Y.) prison through a pardon procured from the Governor, by means of forged papers, pretending to be signed by the prison officers, recommending him as a fit subject for clemency, on the ground that he was in an advanced stage consumption. Upon the discovery of the fraud, the fellow was again arrested and incarcerated, having five years of his term yet to serve; but an interesting question of law has arisen as to whether he can be legally imprisoned after having been actually pardoned by the Governor, and released by the keepers of the prison.

Mrs. Sarah King, aged 83 years, who has been helpless for the last 25 years, in consequence of being struck by lightning, on the right arm, died at Wheeling on Tuesday. The Gazette mentions, as a singular phenomenon, that her right arm, just previous to a thunder storm, invariably turned purple, and completely so on the Sunday before her death.

"Oh! Doctor," said an elderly lady, recently to Doctor H——, the celebrated bone setter, in describing the effect of a diseased spine. "I can neither lay nor set." In that case replied he, "I should recommend the propriety of roosting."

Dreadful Suffering and Deaths at Sea.—Captain Young and the only known survivors, ten in number, of the ill-fated barque Argyle, which recently foundered on her passage from Boston to Quebec, arrived at Quebec on the 5th inst. She was built with iron, as has been before reported. Captain Young states that their sufferings have been dreadful. They were nine days in one of the ship's boats, drifting about on the ocean, and six of these days were passed without food or water—during which time seven of the men in the boat died of exhaustion and hunger. Of the survivors two are females—one of whom is an old lady, turned over 50 years of age, who, to add to her sufferings, was doomed to see her son, a fine, strong young man, of 23 years old, die of hunger by her side. The other female is a young woman—and strange to say, both of these females were exposed to the same privation that the men were, and yet they lived through them, and saw seven strong men sink and die under them. There were twenty-five persons on board the Argyle, including three passengers, viz: the young woman, the old lady and her son; all of whom betook themselves to two of the ship's boats, one of which has not since been heard of; and it is feared that but ten of the twenty-five have been left to tell the sad tale.

Security against Railroad Accidents.—The New York Mirror, in view of the frequency of railroad accidents, recommends that the Legislature of every State grant no further railroad charters without providing that each and every road shall be built with a double track, the rails and construction of which to be subjected to a thorough inspection by a competent commission, and its engines, car wheels, &c., put to a rigid test—as rigid as Government ordinance is subject to before use—before a road can go into operation. It should be further provided that all rail tracks should be securely fenced in, to prevent animals from encroaching thereon.

News of our own State.

Robbery.—We are told by a correspondent that on Sunday the 21st ult., the dwelling house of Mr. James Scott, of Little Beaver township, in this county, was entered by some evil disposed person, while the family were absent at church, and stole about $150 in gold and silver, from the bureau drawer. No clue as yet to the perpetrator of this act; but the presumption is it was done by one who was too proud to beg or too lazy to work.—Mr. Thomas J. McKee, of Neshannock township, in this county, publishes a card in the Gazette, where he states, "that he will not vote for any man pledged to support the Maine Liquor Law, neither will he vote for any who will not go for the best interests of his constituents according to the constitution." We apprehend some of the *pledged* candidates are beginning to feel *pale*.—Mr. Henry Thompson of Neshannock, in this county, exhibited to us a few days since a stock of oats raised on his farm which measured *five feet eight and one-half inches* in length. It had eleven branches, on one of which was over three hundred grains of oats. There must have been *over two thousand grains on the stock* all the production of one single grain.—*Lawrence Journal.*

Philadelphia, Aug. 12.—The Native American Conference met yesterday afternoon, at the County Court House, and completed their nominations. The following is the ticket: Marshal of Police, John S. Keyser; County Treasurer, Alderman John Clouds; and County Commissioner, Adam Shetzlina. The Conference then adjourned to meet on Monday the 29th inst. The largest Bear that has ever been seen in this quarter of the globe arrived a few days since in the ship Jacob Bell, from California. He is of the grizzly species, and is believed to be 1400 pounds in weight. The ship lies at Queen street wharf, Southwark. A sight of the huge animal makes one shudder. It is said that $7000 have been refused for him. The freight to bring him over was $900. Rather an expensive and ugly passenger. It is intended for the World's Fair. The heat yesterday was exceedingly oppressive. The thermometer stood at 96 degrees in Chestnut street. Two deaths occurred on Wednesday from the heat. William Wallace, a laborer, while working at the culvert in Girard avenue, was sun struck. He was conveyed to the St. Joseph's Hospital, where he died. Lewis Reiger, another laborer, also died at Fourth and Poplar streets.

Another Railroad Massacre.

We gave yesterday tolerably full particulars of the frightful accident which occurred on the Boston and Providence Railroad. We are sorry to learn that the extent of the calamity was not materially overstated by our correspondent.—But twelve were actually killed, yet the number seriously injured is so great that there is reason to fear that the number who are mortally wounded will exceed the estimate of our correspondent.

The following is a list of the

KILLED.

Rev. Mr. Penny, Episcopal clergyman, officiating at Grace Church, Providence.

Mr. Wood, of Northbridge.

John H. Perkins, fireman, of Uxbridge. He leaves a wife and two children.

Mrs. Plant, wife of George Plant, of Whitensville.

Peter Plant, son of George Plant.

Mrs. Mallory, wife of S. S. Mallory, of Central Falls.

A. Charlesworth, of Whitensville.

Thomas Brown, of do.

William Fullerlove, of do.

Mrs. Carolina Richmond, wife of John Richmond.

Peter Rogers, of Millrod.

Mr. Rogers, brother of the above.

Twelve in all.

The following is a list of all the badly wounded, whose condition was ascertained up to eleven o'clock last night. If any more have since been discovered, their names will appear in the postscript:

BADLY WOUNDED.

Mr. Goldthwaite, of Uxbridge, has had his arm amputated at the shoulder joint, and his recovery is very doubtful. His arm was torn off, and he was otherwise badly injured.

Mr. Southwick, superintendent of the Providence and Worcester Railroad, sustained but very slight injury.

A boy, name unknown, about five years old, had an arm torn from his body; recovery doubtful.

Francis Cist, of Whitensville, was badly hurt about the head.

Horea Ballou, of Ballouville, was severely injured in the head.

Martin V. Ingham, of Whitensville, had four ribs broken.

John Brown, of Whitensville, had four ribs broken.

John Marvall, of Northbridge, had a leg broken and his back hurt.

Moses Bolton, was fatally injured.

George Bolton, of Whitensville, was seriously injured.

J. Crane, of Whitensville, was badly hurt.

Schouler (or Schouler White,) of Whitensville, was badly injured.

Francis Gray, had two ribs broken.

Ruth S. Gladding, of Pawtucket, was slightly injured about the head.

Mr. Plant, of Whitensville, was severely if not fatally injured.

Daniel Carty, a painter, was slightly injured.

The collision took place near Pawtucket. Most of the damage was sustained by the excursion train down from Wietting's, consisting of six long cars, which being one minute behind time, was running at a high rate of speed to recover it, so as to reach the switch in order to get the double track to Providence.

The up train waited the usual time at Pawtucket, and then, having the right to the road, proceeded at a slow rate around the curve.

The cause of the accident is said to have been owing to a variation of two minutes in the watches of the engineers.

The greater portion of the killed and wounded belonged to Uxbridge and Whitensville, and with the exception of two or three, the killed were all factory operatives.

The list of the wounded, it is thought, will recover, though some of them will lose an arm, or leg or be otherwise crippled.

The accident occurred near a curve, where the embankment was thirty feet high.

The passenger car, which was next to the engine, contained about sixty passengers, nearly all from Whitensville, and many of whom were either killed or wounded.

The third car on the downward train was driven over and into the one preceding it, some twenty feet, crushing everything human. The killed and wounded had to be dragged from beneath it.

Mr. Butnam, conductor of the downward train, was in the rear car, and escaped unharmed.

The engineer escaped by jumping off, but the fireman was killed.

Very few on the upward train sustained material injury.

Mr. Southwick, superintendent of the Providence and Worcester road, was injured on the head. He jumped from the cars, and was injured mostly by splinters and blocks from the cars. Dr. Mauran dressed his wounds, and he is doing well.

Mr. Tefft, the president of the Worcester road, was in the cars at the time of the accident, but escaped with slight injury.

The train from Providence consisted of only two cars—being one first and one second class car—nearly all the seats in which were broken up. None of the passengers, however, were dangerously injured, although about half of them were badly cut and bruised. There were, in all, about fifty passengers in this train.—*N. Y. Post.*

☞ The following is given as the opinion of Dr. McFarland, a New Orleans physician of thirty years standing:—

"So far from believing that the filth and impurities in our streets, yards and suburbs, have anything to do with the creation of yellow fever atmosphere, I believe that to a certain extent they are calculated to retard its formation. * * * All the filth in and around New Orleans has never created one single case of yellow fever, and cannot create one, but, on the contrary, that the local *malaria* arising from these and other causes, is calculated to retard the existence of that disease—and that it has done so and held it in abeyance to such an extent as to have exempted us from yellow fever as an epidemic, for five or six years past."

The city of Georgetown, Demerara, is one of the cleanest places in the world—the tide flows through it twice a day—yet it is the yellow fever's own peculiar province.

Sad Case of Suicide.—Corporal Lewis Kramer, attached to the U. S. Recruiting station at Pottsville, Pa., committed suicide, on Monday week, by shooting himself through the heart. It appears that he had been placed under arrest by his superior officers, charged with conduct unbecoming an officer, and sooner than submit to a trial, put an end to his existence. Kramer was a Polander by birth, and had fought through the Hungarian revolution, among the valiant soldiers of Kossuth and his compatriots, during which time he had participated in thirty-three battles with the forces of Austria and Russia.

THE NEW PARTY—"FUSIONISTS."

This is to be the name of the new pie-bald brood, which is being hatched out of the late Whig, Free Soil, and all other defunct organizations opposed to the great, standing, united, glorious and victorious American Democratic Party. A set of discomfited and sore-headed politicians, since the terrible route of last fall, have turned leaders, taken to feathered breeches, and clucking about, as if attempting to hatch out something that in time may be allowed to crow over a divided and defeated Democracy. How idle the attempt; how *addle* the result! Whew! The smell of corruption already hangs about their garments.

There is but one standing and stamina political party in this country, and that is the *People's Party*; the *party founded by* Jefferson, immortalized by Jackson, sustained and perpetuated by Monroe, Madison, Polk and Pierce; the party and the only party, whose progressive principles are sustained by the people, and whose measures, now Laws, fix the policy of the country, and occupy a place on our Statute Books. All other parties are *accidental*, fag-ends of ruptured organizations, coming up under a multitude of names, *ad captandum vulgus*; but whose impress, whenever at long intervals and by chance they have been in power have never been allowed to remain on the records of our country's history. Not a measure ever concocted by the late universal Whig Party now remains to indicate either their wisdom, patriotism, or existence, save and except the *Fugitive Slave Law*. Their Tariffs, their Banks and their Bankrupt Laws have all been repealed; their money schemes of monopolizing the bounties of government, exploded, and all that is left of their miserable record, is the "Fugitive Slave Law." No wonder the "Forest City," "Akron Beacon," "Huron Reflector," "Elyria Courier," and others of the more sensible Whig Journals repudiate connection with such a party, and begin to preach "fusion" as an omnium gatherum for its discordant elements.

What shape this new party may assume, we little know, and as little care. It can never have the confidence and support of the American People. Certainly it will not be wanting in *pretensions*. It will be a very *patriotic* party as a matter of course. It will assume all the virtues of Spidus. Its creed will embrace all the reforms of all the Reformers from Martin Luther down to Martin Van Buren, and will prescribe opiates for every human ill. In pyramid form, it will stand thus:

FREEDOM!
FREE SOIL!!
FREE TRADE!!!
GOD AND LIBERTY!!!
THE SCHOOL LAW!!!!!
ANTI-SCHOOL LAW!!!!!!
THE TAX LAW!!!!!!!
ANTI-TAX LAW!!!!!!!!
ANTI-FUGITIVE LAW!!!!!!!!
THE MAINE LIQUOR LAW!!!!!!!!!
OPPOSITION TO AMERICAN DEMOCRACY!!!!!

The foundation line explains the object of the whole superstructure. Opposition to the great Democratic party of the country, is the only bond of its union. How else could the Banks and Bankers, whose principles are embodied in the "Anti-Tax Law" portion of this creed, unite with the "Free Traders," whose doctrines they abhor—Temperance men with Liquor men, Gog with Magog? Now all the good, yea, and much more, that is *promised* in the above high sounding creed, is embraced in that ancient, simple and unpretending motto of the Jeffersonian Democracy, "The greatest good to the greatest number." Honored by time and its honest observance, ever the rule of Democratic policy and the practice of the party, as the reformatory measures now on our Statute books show, we have no fears that the *people*, the voting masses desire the ascendancy of any other party, however specious their title or pretending their creed. We are the only party of principle, and whose fruits can be judged by their works. We do not wish to discourage the formation of opposition parties. Far from it. They are essential to the purity of our own, and of course to the good of the country. They form convenient receptacles to the whey headed and false pretenders from the Democracy, who, remaining, would make the chief and bring disgrace upon us. They are essential as spies about our camp, keeping our sentinels awake, and our watchmen on duty. When the Democracy are awake, there is never danger of defeat.

God speed the opposition! Hurrah for the "Fusionists!"—*Cleveland Plaindealer.*

The Connellsville Railroad.—A letter from one of the corps of engineers engaged on this road, dated at Meyer's Mills, Somerset co., Pa., Aug. 6th, says:

"We are getting along admirably with our tunnel at Sandpatch Summit to Casselman's river, with a grade of 66 feet per mile. It is a fine country, and the people are very sanguine about the success of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

☞ TO THE PUBLIC. ☜

Mr. Solomon—Sir: From a premature failure or weakness of the eyes, I have been compelled to try some half dozen pairs of Glasses—purchased at the best jeweler's in this city—from the use of which my eyes grew worse, and sight became materially impaired. I recently purchased a pair of YOUR JUSTLY CELEBRATED GLASSES, from the use of which I have much comfort and pleasure. My sight has improved, and my eyes relieved from pain. I could not be induced to part with them.

Yours, truly, ROBT. GALLOWAY.
Smithfield st.

Mr. Solomon—After a trial of a pair of your BRAZILIAN PEBBLES, I find them superior to any that I have ever used; I can see with them any length of time without fatiguing my eyes, and I can read by gas light with ease and comfort. I cheerfully recommend them to those that are afflicted, as I have long been with weak and inflamed eyes. Yours, &c.,

Mrs. E. H. McCracken, Penn street.

Pittsburgh, July 25, 1853.

I have used Mr. SOLOMON'S GLASSES for a brief period and find them to be much superior to any others I have used, and take pleasure in recommending them to those having occasion to use Glasses.

WILLIAM McCUTCHEON.

Pittsburgh, July 25, 1853. [aug15]

DIED:

In Saltsburgh, Westmoreland county, on Saturday morning, the 13th inst., after a lingering illness, Miss ELIZABETH SHANNON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Assignees' Sale
OF A CERTAIN TRACT OF LAND, situate in Robinson township, Allegheny county, bounded and described as follows: by the heirs of Forgy and Darnall on the east; on the west by Forgy's; south by the heirs of Henry; north by James Gray; containing 33 Acres, more or less. The above property will be sold on SATURDAY, the 24 day of September, A. D. 1853, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the COURT HOUSE, at AUCTION. Terms of sale, cash.

JOHN B. LARGE,
Assignee of James Campbell
and Benjamin Kennedy.
aug16:3tdawtd

Stray Hog.
CAME to the premises of the subscriber, on or about the 5th inst., a large white BARROW; no ear marks perceivable. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away; or he will be disposed of according to law. HENRY MARTIN,
aug16:d3w* No. 46 Penn st.

SUNDRIES—50 bbls. N. O. Molasses;
60 bags Rio Coffee;
50 " Laguayra Coffee;
25 " Old Gov. Java;
76 half chests Green and Black Teas;
10 casks Loaf Sugar;
10 do Crushed do;
200 sacks Dairy and Table Salt;
20 boxes M. R. and Layer Raisins;
10 mats Valentia and Sedilles do;
1 cask German Prunes;
20 boxes Pearl Starch;
10 " Cigars do;
5 " Farina and Wheaten Grits;
10 " Yeast Powder;
5 baskets Bordeaux and Nice Oil;
10 boxes Palm, Olive and Almond Soap;
2 bales Bordeaux and Sicily Almonds;
10 kegs sup. Carb. Soda;
3 " Bermuda Arrow Root;
10 boxes 3, 4 and 10's Imp. Tobacco;
10 " Natural Leaf and Diamond Twist;
10 kegs No. 1 & Twist Tobacco;
10 boxes Scotch Snuff—3 and 4 oz. papers;
20 boxes Ground Pepper;
10 " " Ginger;
20 cans 5 and 10 lbs. Ground Mustard;
10 doz. Kentucky Extra do;
10 boxes No. 1 and Extra Chocolate;
10 " " Vermicella and Macaroni;
1 bbl. Camphor;
2 bbls. Flor. Sulphur and Brimstone;
3 " Cloves and Nutmegs;
100 doz. Weller's and Mason's Blacking;
150 kegs Rock and Rifle Powder;
50 bags assorted Shot;
1000 lbs Bar Lead.

For sale by J. D. WILLIAMS,
aug16 122 Wood street.

WANTED—A good Steamboat side wheel KEEL, about 120 feet, with about 25 feet beam, drawing not over 4 feet. For one that will answer, a liberal price will be given. Enquire of THOMAS WOODS,
aug16 45 Market st., Commercial Broker.

ALLEGHENY PROPERTY—For sale, 60 feet fronts on Beaver street by 75 deep on Water alley, with two BRICK DWELLING HOUSES, each containing 7 rooms, price, $5500. Also, a FRAME HOUSE of 7 rooms, with lot 22 feet front on Water alley by 60 deep—price, $700. Also, a BUILDING LOT of 22 feet front on Water alley by 60 feet deep—price, $400. S. CUTHBERT & SON,
aug16 Real Estate Agents, 140 Third st.

☞ 108 WOOD STREET. ☜

T. C. BOYLE respectfully informs the public that he has opened at his Depot, the number designated above, the most splendid variety of FRUIT that has ever been offered in our market. He would respectfully invite his fellow citizens to call at the above number, and examine his splendid collection of Fruit. aug16:tf

Peaches, Peaches, Peaches.
THE subscriber is now prepared to supply FRESH PEACHES every morning. Dealers, Hotels and Hucksters will be furnished with a prime article, at reasonable prices. Orders left at the Seed and Horticultural Store, No. 49 Fifth street. [aug15] JAMES WARDROP.

10 BBLS. LOVERING'S CRUSHED SUGAR;
10 bbls do fine pulverized do
10 do do coarse do do
For sale by J. A. JAYNES,
aug12 Pekin Tea Store, 93 Fifth st.

TO SUFFERERS
FROM THE EFFECTS OF SELF ABUSE.

IMPELLED by a desire to "do to others as I would that others had done to me" when similarly circumstanced, I hereby CAUTION you against the specious promises of pseudo Doctors, Venders of highly-puffed Dentifrice, and others, etc. Beware especially of those who "guarantee" them as ignorant and unprincipled. Every sensible man must know that a sensitive organ of the body, which has been disordered by protracted abuse, cannot be restored in a week or two. The fact is, they never permanently cure any body. Therefore waste no more time and money upon them, but, if so disposed, profit by my experience.

I will impart a knowledge of the means by which I was restored to health, (after suffering severely from inveterate seminal emission and its concomitants, aggravated by various kinds of quackery,) to any one who will write me a plain, but brief statement of his case, and remit Five Dollars to aid in paying for advertising, postage, etc., and time and trouble of writing out directions, which require no interference with business, no injurious drugs or instruments will certainly improve the general health and strengthen the system, as well as invigorate the organs affected, and perfect a cure in the shortest time possible, and at very trifling expense. Address, in strict confidence,

W. M. STEDMAN, Camden, N. J.
P. S. and N. B. Parents, Guardians, Teachers, &c., are earnestly urged to guard the youth under their charge from the practice of the vice above referred to, which is so destructive to their mental, moral, social and physical powers.

The only object of my advertising is to rescue fellowmen from error's path, and to do good to all men as he has opportunity. jy28:dawly

☞ Correspondents may rely upon my honor and discretion. All letters destroyed or returned. My answer will not have the "Cam