# Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS PHILLIPS.....GEORGE P. GILLMORE.

Phillips & Gillmore, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING:.....AUGUST 4.


DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,

THOMAS H. FORSYTH,

*of Philadelphia County.*

AUDITOR GENERAL,

EPHRAIM BANKS,

*of Mifflin County.*

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,

J. PORTER BRAWLEY,

*of Crawford County.*

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

JOHN C. KNOX,

*Of Tioga County.*

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Democratic Committee of Correspondence.

Pursuant to a call of the Chairman of the Democratic Committee of Correspondence of Allegheny County, the Committee met at the St. Charles Hotel, at 11 o'clock, A. M. The Chairman being absent, on motion, R. B. ROBERTS, Esq., was called to the Chair.

On motion of M. C. Milligan, and amended by John McClowry, Esq., it was unanimously

*Resolved*, That the Democratic citizens of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships of Allegheny County, meet in their respective places for holding primary meetings, on Saturday afternoon, the third day of September next, and elect two Delegates in each District to meet in County Convention, at the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the Wednesday following, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a ticket to be supported at the October election.

The meetings in the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and the Boroughs, will organize at 4 o'clock, P. M., and remain open until seven o'clock, P. M.; in the Townships from three to five o'clock, P. M.

On motion of R. B. ROBERTS, Esq., and seconded by JOHN C. DUNN, Esq., the following resolution of thanks to WM. S. CAMPBELL, Esq., was unanimously adopted:

*Resolved*, That the thanks of this Committee be tendered to Wm. S. Campbell, Esq., the gentlemanly proprietor of the St. Charles Hotel, for his politeness and attention in allowing us a room for our meetings during the past year.

R. B. ROBERTS, Chairman *pro tem.*

JAMES BACKENS, Secretary.

*Wednesday, Aug. 3, 1853.*

DELEGATE MEETINGS.

It will be seen by the proceedings of the County Committee, that the Delegate meetings will be held on the 3d of September. This arrangement will give the people ample time to make a good selection, and we hope such men will be chosen as will give the party a *good ticket*, and that in selecting it, they will only look to the single object of selecting the best men. We never had a more fair chance to elect our entire ticket, than we have at the coming election, and all that is necessary to make this assurance doubly sure, is for the Convention to present to the people, a ticket composed of competent and worthy men, and we will elect it.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE AND THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The editor of the Gazette seems almost inclined to oppose all movements in favor of the Pacific railroad, because the democratic journals are advocating its construction; and are in favor of government aid to the undertaking. He says we only spoke out for it after it was ascertained that the administration viewed it with favor.—By reference to our files, and dates, that assertion will be found erroneous.

But we have only referred to this matter to show the temper and disposition of the old Gazette at the present time. Its editor, as his paper shows at a glance, wants quietness and repose; and snarls at any one whose activity and enthusiasm disturbs the serenity of his slumbers.

For one week we have to the Gazette theological homilies, which we will not criticise. The next week we have the slavery question discussed in an equally edifying manner. Thus these two topics are harped upon "week in and week out," and serve to make up a paper without much labor.

The editor of the Gazette has these two hobby horses which he rides alternately, but at a very moderate pace; and it evidently annoys him when any one dashes by him at a more rapid pace; and compels him to apply the whip and spur to keep his position. Equally annoying to him is the constant and successful aim of our paper to interest the public mind in all projects for the public benefit, and all topics of public interest. We are sorry to be troublesome to our drowsy neighbor, or to compel him to dismount from his accustomed hobbies; but we must be permitted to "gang our ain gait," and we accord to the Gazette the privilege of growling at us as much as he will, if it makes him feel any better.

WHAT NEXT?

Some three weeks ago we published an article headed "Seven and a half days to Europe." It has gone the rounds of the papers. We learn from an English paper that we can now very materially shorten the time.

It is known that for some months past experiments have been made to test the capacity for speed of new models of vessels. The result, it is now alleged, is that vessels can be built which will make the run from Galway, Ireland, to Halifax, in less than four days. The new vessels are to be of vast size, nearly twice the tonnage of the largest steamers now afloat, with a model peculiarly adapted to speed, and with engines of twice the power of any now in use on our largest steamers. Thus far greater speed may be obtained with equal safety; and at a less proportionate expense. This accomplished, and the railways completed from New York to Halifax, or the extreme northeast of Nova Scotia, and across Ireland, and the time from New York to Liverpool will be reduced to less than six days. The English paper says, "this is no speculative statement."

A submarine telegraph is also about to be laid down between Halifax and Galway. This will complete the telegraph line from London to New York, and events occurring in London, Paris, and even Vienna, and many other parts of Europe, may be known in this country the same day.

Verily the age of wonders seems to be just dawning on the world. When we can go from Pittsburgh to London in seven days, the editors of this paper intend making the trip.

MR. WALKER—THE NAVY.

There is a great difficulty in finding a government steamer in which to send Mr. Walker on his mission to China. With an overflowing treasury our government has not ships enough at command to send abroad its ministers and agents. This inefficient, poverty-stricken condition of our navy is disgraceful to the country. It leaves our vast commerce without adequate protection. It invites aggression from abroad. It humbles us in the eyes of the nations whose navies so far exceed our own. And it renders invasion sure and easy in case of war. No one can doubt that the cheapest mode of being prepared for war, and of defence in war, would be a formidable navy. Yet our commissioner to China must wait perhaps for months for a ship in which to send him out. This delay must put us half a century behind England and France in the advantages of eastern commerce to be secured while the Chinese revolution is changing the condition and foreign relations of that country.

M. DOUDICO AND THE WASHINGTON UNION.

The terrible punishment inflicted by Bodisco, the Russian Minister at Washington, on the Washington *Union*, for speaking disrespectfully of the *Autocrat*, is made the subject of editorial remarks in several eastern papers; and it is feared it may lead to "new complications of the eastern question." The punishment inflicted was no less than paying up his bill to date, and "stopping his paper." We have not heard yet how the editors of that paper feel under this new state of their Foreign relations. We are prepared, however, to sustain the *Union*, and take our old "seventy-four" right into their "Dardanelles" whenever they call on us for assistance. We think our readers, however, that this Mr. Bodisco was not a subscriber of ours; otherwise we might have been subjected to the "knout" before this time.

It seems from this incident that foreign diplomats, resident at Washington, consider their patronage very valuable; and perhaps it is to some of the papers. But the *Union*, we believe, is a proof against their gold or their insolence.

M. Bodisco has resided for many years at Washington, and been a subscriber to the *Union*. Yet on the first appearance of any thing disrespectful to his master, in that journal, he "stops his paper." Doubtless he has sent a despatch to Count Nesselrode of the event; and asked immediate advice as to the further steps to be taken in this new crisis in the world's affairs.—We are astonished that, notwithstanding this event, the *Union* keeps right on in its course as though nothing had happened; gets out its issue daily; and speaks its bold American sentiments with the same freedom as heretofore.

Seriously, we consider this act of the Russian Minister a mighty small affair. He will find himself under the necessity now of stopping all American papers; for they all speak in the same tone of the Autocrat, his master. All condemn his insolent injustice towards the Turkish Empire; and all reprobate his mad design to plunge all Europe into war.

☞ The folks of St. Louis are very anxious to have Mr. Wren visit that city and make a series of ascensions. We are pleased to learn that such is his intention, and that he is now on his way thither for that purpose. We bespeak for him a warm reception, inasmuch as the good people there will not be disappointed in the man.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

We are very anxious that Mr. Wren and his man Kinney should visit this city, before his trip to Europe, and pay us a bill which they owe, and which, we believe, they intend to swindle us out of. If he will comply with this reasonable request, he can start on his perilous voyage with a clear conscience, and with the pleasurable thought that he has not defrauded the printer.

KNICKERBOCKER.—The Knickerbocker for August is received from Gildenfenny & Co., and Miner & Co., and the publishers in New York. This periodical is an old and valued friend of ours, and is always welcome. The present number gives evidence that it is well sustaining its high character and interest as a monthly magazine. Its original papers are numerous, and interesting, and its literary notices worth the price of the number. Our reading friends are advised to call on H. A. Miner & Co., Smithfield street, or W. A. Gildenfenny & Co., 4th st., and get a copy.

The Secretary of War.

There is a significance and value in such a compliment as that contained in the article below, from the Baltimore Clipper. It is subject to no abatement because of its coming from one politically sympathizing with Col. Davis. It is a just tribute to the merits of the Secretary of War, and it affords us much pleasure to offer so disinterested a compliment.—*Washington Union.*

THE SECRETARY OF WAR.—The views recently expressed by this distinguished gentleman in reference to the proposed construction of a railroad to the Pacific by the general government have attracted no little remark from the public press, and have in various sections of the country elicited the warmest commendations. Strict constructionist as Mr. Davis is, we were not surprised to hear these opinions from him; for however extreme his views undoubtedly are on many points of interest in our public affairs, there is no man whose intelligence and practical judgment may be more safely relied upon in relation to vital practical questions. Without forgetting that William H. Crawford, John C. Calhoun, and other statesmen of the highest distinction, have filled the office Mr. Davis now occupies, we are decided in the opinion that this was never more ably nor more honorably filled than at the present moment. By education and the experience of his life, Mr. Davis is peculiarly fitted for its duties. There is no subject connected with it of which he is not the master, and his decisions are made with a promptness and accuracy that have excited the admiration of all who possess the opportunity of observing his course. In the District of Columbia his worth is most highly appreciated. The President has wisely committed to his control the important improvements in progress and in contemplation, and it is the general desire that they may be prosecuted to completion under his intelligent and liberal direction. Prominent amongst these works is the great enterprise of conducting an abundant supply of water from the Great Falls of the Potomac to the city of Washington, a work worthy of his genius and energy.

Mr. Davis, moreover, in keeping with the character of the true and exalted statesman, possesses a kind considerateness of disposition and manner that contrasts strongly with the outward seeming of those we have seen attain to lofty positions though possessed of inferior merit. The plainest man who approaches him is sure to receive a prompt, candid, and courteous response, such as cannot fail to win his respect and admiration.

We have seldom sympathized with Mr. Davis politically, and are unacquainted with him personally; but he is a valuable servant of the public, and as such we feel it to be our duty, as it surely is our pleasure, to commend him.

FURTHER NEWS FROM THE ISTHMUS.—By advices from Panama to the 17th ult., we learn that Capt. Hunter, of the U. S. Navy, left Panama for Valparaiso, in the steamer Bogota, on the 7th of July, to take command of the frigate St. Lawrence.

On the 19th of May last, a treaty of peace was established between the republics of Guatemala and Honduras.

The Paraclion papers announce officially that the Bolivian dollars are not to be received in the government offices there, and that the French five franc piece, the American, Sardinian, Belgian, Spanish, Mexican, Peruvian and Chilean dollars are to be received at the rate of twelve reals. The Spanish *pieta* and the French and Belgian francs are to be received for two reals, and the American dime for one.

The Panama papers also state that the health of the city is excellent, and the reports of sanitary matters from other parts of the Isthmus are favorable.

The extra session of Congress of New Grenada closed at Bogata on the 15th of June. Besides the law separating civil and religious matters, another was passed regarding matrimony, which recognizes marriage as a simple contract and provides for divorces in some cases, and almost at the will of the parties.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

We copy the following from the Washington Star, of Saturday evening:

*Mr. Buchanan and his Secretary of Legation.*—Mr. Buchanan will reach Washington this evening, to have his last interviews with the President and Secretary of State, prior to his departure for London, so soon to take place. He has selected Mr. Daniel E. Sickles, of New York city, for his Secretary of Legation.

*The French Mission.*—It is being said just now on the avenue, that, after all, the Hon. Howell Cobb, of Georgia, is to have this mission. We are disposed to doubt it; more especially because Mr. Cobb entertains not the slightest idea of going into the service of the Federal Government.

*The post of Civil Engineer* at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, it strikes us, is about to fall to the lot of Col. Ward B. Burnett, now of Philadelphia, who, it will be remembered, served with much credit to himself in command of a regiment throughout the whole of the Mexican war.

*Purchase of Coal.*—We hear that the Secretary of the Navy has just issued an order directing the navy agent at Norfolk to make a considerable purchase of coal on U. S. naval account.

*An Army Resignation.*—Lieutenant Henry Deveuve, of the First Artillery, (U. S. A.) has resigned.

*A Removal.*—Mr. John Hawks, a $1,000 clerk in the Third Auditor's office, received a notification of his removal to-day.

NEWS OF OUR OWN STATE.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.—We regret to learn that JAMES JOHNSTON, of Woodcock township, was arrested on Wednesday last, charged with setting fire to his dwelling house, on the previous evening. The house was totally destroyed, and so rapidly did the flames spread that his family had barely time to leave the burning house in safety. Mr. J. was committed to prison. It is scarcely necessary to state the cause of his conduct, as it may be readily guessed that the fiend intemperance instigated him to this act of wanton mischief, which has left an amiable and inoffensive family houseless.—*Democrat.*

LANCASTER COUNTY.—There is a paragraph from a Lancaster paper, which is somewhat amusing. We can well imagine the feelings of the gentleman named, when they found themselves apprehended by a policeman:

HONES AND CARRIAGE TAKES AND RECOVERED.—On Saturday morning last, about 10 o'clock, Dr. F. A. Muhlenberg drove up North Queen street, to Chestnut, where he stopped on professional business, and left his horse and vehicle standing in the street. During this time the cars from the West arrived, and two strange men were seen coming out, who jumped into the Doctor's carriage and hastily drove off. As soon as he discovered that he was minus horse and carriage, he made the affair known to Mayor Kieffer, who, with his usual promptness, not only despatched the entire police force in various directions after the party, but deputized special officers for the purpose. One of these was H. F. Benedict, Esq., who mounted on one of Mr. Hubley's horses started for the Marietta route. At Wheatland,—the residence of Hon. James Buchanan, he discovered the horse attached to the vehicle, and hitched on the premises. He then dismounted and proceeded to the house, where he privately informed Mr. B. of his occurrence, and inquired of him who the strangers were. Mr. B. informed him that one was Gen. Lynch of Allegheny county, and the other Mr. Butler, who with J. Porter Brawley, and several others were on a visit to Wheatland.

The explanation to this singular occurrence is this: One of the above named gentlemen, it appears, sent a telegraphic despatch from Harrisburg to the proprietor of a Livery stable in this city, for a horse and vehicle, to be in readiness at the arrival of the cars, and seeing the doctor's near the railroad, and no other, they took for granted that it was intended for them, whereupon they jumped in and drove off.

Of course, the doctor promptly recovered his property, and the whole affair is regarded, what it really is, a very good joke.—*Inland Daily.*

NEWS FROM ALL QUARTERS.

The examination of Catharine Kennedy, the servant girl employed in the family of Mr. Fox, the Cashier of the Mechanics' and Traders' Bank of Jersey City, which was robbed a week since, took place before Recorder Cutter on Friday and Saturday last, at Jersey City. She was arrested on the strength of the Cashier's affidavit, on suspicion of being accessory to the crime.

The examination resulted in the girl being committed for trial.

When this decision was given, the girl, who up to that time had maintained her composure, except shedding a few tears once or twice, was affected, and cried considerably.

Mr. B. Fox, the Cashier, has been advised by friends to make up the loss which the bank has sustained; and inasmuch as some of the stockholders think that he did not exercise sufficient care in keeping the keys, and as making up the loss would make comparatively, but little difference with his means, and none with his living, he has acquiesced with their views; but on the condition that the Directors and Officers shall not relinquish their efforts to ferret out the offender.

The following is an extract from a letter published in the U. S. Economist, dated at Cincinnati: "The cultivation of the vine, which is increasing rapidly in the neighborhood of Cincinnati, does not keep up with the demand for the native wine. Last summer, Mr. HENRY RAHL, Wood Master, Pittsburgh, and others, who make champagne, were obliged to send to Wisconsin to get wine; and notwithstanding the number of vineyards has increased, yet the price of the plain juice has advanced from 75 cents to $2 per gallon. Mr Longworth, until lately, made about fifty thousand bottles of champagne per year, and seemed to supply the market; but now he makes nearly two hundred thousand bottles per year, besides several other large manufactories, and does not supply the demand.

At Newport, Kentucky, opposite Cincinnati, there is an unpretending silk factory. It employs some half dozen or more laborers, with five looms, and some one hundred and fifty spindles consuming annually several hundred weight of raw silk. The manufactures are pocket handkerchiefs, cravats, vestings, and plain and plaid silks. As far as possible, raw silk of American growth is used in the factory, but the imported article has to be relied on to make up the supply. The raw silk raised in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky, when tolerable care is used, is not surpassed by any in the world, being equal to the best Italian.

Among the latest discoveries of mines in North Carolina is a lead mine in Davidson, which bids fair to be quite productive. The lead ore is intermixed with silver. The working of this mine is soon to be commenced. There has also been discovered rich copper ore five miles east of Germanton, in the county of Stokes, and the Germantonians have taken the copper fever strong. If the indications at present shown are borne out by the result, Middle and Western North Carolina will exhibit what has heretofore been considered an anomaly, namely, a highly mineral region overlaid by a soil of unusual fertility.

The Odd Fellows of Pennsylvania present the following report for the year ending June 30, 1853: Initiations 4062; Rejections 428; Admitted by card 416; Withdrawn on card 740; Reinstatements 270; Suspensions 2366; Expulsions 69; Deaths 2097; Past Grands 4794; Members 44,122; Receipts $173,254 81. During the same period the number of brothers relieved has been 5015; widowed families relieved 796; brothers buried 282; amount paid for relief of brothers $78,107 72; education of orphans $333 78; relief of widowed families $3880 05; burying the dead $14,052 65.

The Grand Encampment of Pennsylvania held an adjourned annual session on Saturday evening last. The only business of importance transacted, was the installation of the officers elect, and the adoption of the new constitution, by-laws and amendments thereto. The principal feature in the new laws, is the reduction of the per capitage, and the privilege of members voting in their various Subordinate Encampments for Grand Officers.

Redemption of the Public Debt.

With a view of reducing the public debt, the Secretary of the U. S. Treasury has just issued the following notice, which if it bring forward the stocks to the amount indicated, may affect the money market to some extent favorably:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, July 30, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to the holders of the six per cent. stocks of the United States, of the loan authorized by the act of 28th of January, 1847, and redeemable the 31st of December, 1867, and of the loan authorized by the act of 31st March, 1848, and redeemable 30th June, 1868, that this department is prepared to purchase, at any time between the date hereof and the 1st day of December next, to the extent of the sum of five millions of dollars of the said stocks, in the manner and on the terms hereinafter mentioned, to wit:

In case of any contingent competition, within the amount stated, preference will be given in the order of time in which the said stocks may be offered. The certificates, duly assigned to the United States, must be transmitted to this department upon the receipt whereof, a price will be paid, compounded of the following particulars:

1. The par value or amount specified in each certificate.

2. A premium on said amount of twenty-one per cent.

3. Interest on the par of the certificate from the 1st of July, 1853, to the date of receipt and settlement at the Treasury, with the allowance (for the money to reach the owner) of one day's interest in addition.

Payment for said stocks will be made in drafts of the Treasurer of the United States, on the Assistant Treasurer at Boston, New York or Philadelphia, as parties may indicate.

JAMES GUTHRIE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

☞ Mr. Honan, "our own correspondent" of the London Times, recently deceased, uttered the following in the fullness of his heart:—

"I know of no state of slavery on earth like that attendant upon newspaper life, whether it be as directors or subordinates. Your task is never ended, your responsibility never secured, the last day's work is forgotten at the close of the day on which it appears, and the dragon of to-morrow waits open-mouthed to devour your thoughts, and snap up one morsel more of your wooed existence. He is successful as it is in the nature of things to be—be indifferent to praise, and lion-hearted against blame—still will the human frame wear out before its time, and your body, if not your mind, exhibit symptoms of dry rot."

Items of News and Miscellany.

Yale College, with a college history of one hundred and fifty-three years, which has educated more than six thousand students, and which has a brilliant career of usefulness still before it, is asking the aid of its friends to the extent of $100,000.

Mr. J. F. Gordon, clerk of Kent county (Md.) Court, and his family, came very near being poisoned to death on the 19th ult., by the cook putting a quantity of fly powder in the coffee for their breakfast. No cause is yet assigned for the diabolical act.

The St. Louis Republican thinks that the sales of tobacco in that market, this season, will not exceed 5,000 hhds. There is a good deal arriving from the upper rivers, but most of it goes forward to New Orleans.

Col. Magruder, of Baltimore, who was detained on the Isthmus, on his return from California, arrived at New York on Friday.

The commissioners for Maine have agreed to purchase all the Massachusetts lands in Maine for $362,600.

The hog statistics of Kentucky show the number in the State this year to be 1,868,267, being 238,556 more than there were last year.

Dr. Stone, of Washington, has just completed a bust of the Hon. R. J. Walker.

Gov. McClelland, Secretary of the Interior, has returned from his visit to Michigan, and is now at his post.

The Collector of New York acknowledges the receipt of a note, with an enclosure as follows: "The sum of $100 865 is enclosed for errors in duties."

Ship Orient, from Liverpool, arrived at New York on Friday, brought 848 passengers in the steerage—all well. She has been seven weeks on the passage.

Advices from Melbourne to April 21st have been received. W. Parker King, of St. Kilda, was about fitting out a vessel at his own expense in search of Sir John Franklin. On the 21st of April, 21 vessels arrived at Melbourne. The gold mines were still yielding large profits.

The new German Reformed Church, at New Holland, will be consecrated on Sunday the 14th inst. Service in the morning, afternoon and evening.

The great State Temperance Mass Meeting is to come off, in this city, on Tuesday next, the 9th inst. Several able speakers from a distance are announced in the bills.

The Earl of Mount Cashel arrived at New York on Friday in the Asia, occupying apartments at the Metropolitan Hotel. The Earl of Mount Cashel is an Irish landlord, the eldest son of Viscount Kilworth, member of the House of Lords and a Peer of Parliament. He resides principally at Kilworth Castle, county of Cork, south of Ireland.

The ship Hindoo, about to sail from New York to Australia, has 500,000 feet of lumber on board.

Commodore Vanderbilt, it is said, has been offered a large price for his yacht, at Petersburg.

The government of Nicaragua has made a grant of land, to Senor Marcoleta, late Minister to the United States, whether as a gratuity or in compensation for arrears due him, is not stated.

The merchants of New York are about to establish a river police to protect vessels from thieves.

The directors of the Milwaukie and Mississippi Railroad have closed the contract for the completion of their road to the Mississippi, at $25,000 per mile, thoroughly equipped.

Two negroes were hung at Eldorado, Arkansas, on the 15th ultimo—one for the murder of an overseer, Mr. Manning, and the other for the murder of his own wife.

The Pennsylvania Coal Trade last week was active, the total shipments have reached 109,253 tons, being the largest of any week for the season.

The Massachusetts Constitutional Convention has resolved to give the Legislature power to act a plurality law in regard to State officers.

An autograph of Washington was sold a few days ago in London for the small sum of twenty shillings. The chart used by Columbus has been purchased by the Spanish government, at the sale of Baron Walkenaer's library, for $200.

Capt. Thos. E. Baker, of Liberty county, Ga., was shot dead on the 21st ult., by the accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of a friend.

Advices from Curacoa to the 16th ult., state that the Venezuelan fleet sailed on the 14th for Angonora. It consisted of one steamer, one barque, one brig, one topsail and five fore and aft schooners.

Venezuela was still in a disturbed state, especially along the Southern coast. President Monarque had called the fleet home suddenly.

The Vineyards of Berks county, which, until within the last ten days, looked very promising, have been seriously affected by the rot, which is spreading to such an extent among the grapes that in many places scarcely one-fourth the quantity of fruit that was expected will come to maturity.

IMPORTANT FROM HAVANA.—Letters from Havanna to July 22d, in the New York Daily Times, assert that volunteers for the army of Santa Anna have been enlisted in the Plaza de Armas, in that city; under the superintendence of Spanish officers selected by Canedo, and acting under his orders. The same letter states that an editor has been disgraced, now commissioners appointed to investigate the facts about the barque Jasper, several governors have been removed for permitting the landing of slaves in their districts, six more American sailors from the burque Jasper are concealed by Spaniards near Bullen, believed to have been inveigled into the slave cruise like the other three who are in prison, and that the fact has been made known to the commander of the U. S. sloop of war Albany and to General Canedo. A subsequent letter adds that the Governor General has thrown these six sailors into prison for a violation of the slave trade treaty. Commodore Gerry, of the Albany, and the acting U. S. Consul, Robertson, had claimed the delivery of the men, but Canedo replied that they were beyond the power of his interference.

A GOOD HIT.—In the course of a discussion in the Massachusetts Convention, a good deal was said about the licentiousness of the press, whereupon Col Schouler, of Boston, made a very fair retort:

"A great deal has been said about the licentiousness of the public press. Now, sir, I happen to have had a great deal to do with the public press, and I must say that the most licentious part of my experience with the public press has been in the defence of men in public stations. (Great laughter.) I trust, Mr. President, I am not out of order." (Laughter.)

THE CRYSTAL PALACE EXHIBITION.—At the Crystal Palace, on Friday, 3,548 persons were admitted on single tickets, and 1,760 on season tickets. The cash receipts were $1,682 50.—The contributions to the Washington National Monument fund amounted to $41 40. The report that ladies were not admitted to the Palace unless accompanied by gentlemen, has been contradicted; and it is said that all the employees in the building are instructed to pay particular attention to them. "Powers' "Greek Slave" has been shipped from Charleston for the exhibition.

DREADFUL ACCIDENT.—John Hawthorn, a fireman on board the steamboat Cataline, at New York, on Friday, took a seat under the cylinder, when the swell, caused by the steamboat North America passing by, moved the wheels of the Cataline, bringing down the piston, and instantly crushing him to death. The whole of his chest and ribs were torn away, and the heart and respiratory organs were all lacerated and torn from their places. The entrails were also torn out, and lying on the back part of his person. His head was crushed to a jelly, and scarcely presented a feature of humanity.

OUR RUINED COUNTRY.—There was a balance of over $8,000,000 in the Sub-Treasury on Saturday last, and if the heavy importations continue, it will probably reach ten millions by the close of August. The exports from New York last week amounted to $1,811,819, and the duties received on imported goods to $4,006,882.

DEATHS FROM YELLOW FEVER.—The ship Mediator, which arrived at New York on Friday, from New Orleans, had two deaths on board from yellow fever, on the passage—Oliver Head, a seaman of Rhode Island, and Caroline Meyer, a passenger. One death from yellow fever had also occurred on board the ship Wellington, from the same port. The ship National Eagle, of Boston, from New Orleans for Liverpool, put into New York on Friday, on account of the sickness of the captain. The captain's wife and first mate had died of yellow fever, on the passage.


☞ NEW CERTIFICATES. ☜

MR. SOLOMONS:—I called at your office on the 24 July, and stated the nature of my eyes, which was very bad at that time; you suited me with Spectacles that did my eyes a great deal of good. They were very much inflamed at the time, but that inflammation has now left. I can now bear the light of the Sun or a lamp, as well as ever. I shall call on you and get another pair, in case I should have any misfortune with them, as I would not be without them under any consideration. Yours, respectfully,

JOHN MAGEE, corner High and Webster sts.

PITTSBURGH, July 11, 1853.

MR. SOLOMONS:—Being compelled to wear Spectacles, I have never been able to get a pair but what made my eyes ache. I have tried a great number of glasses, but always failed, until I obtained a pair from you. I can see by day or candle light for any length of time, with the greatest ease and comfort.

Mrs. Waterman is very much pleased with her glasses.

I remain, yours, truly,

L. S. WATERMAN, 109 Wylie st.

PITTSBURGH, July 19, 1853.

I have been under the necessity of using Glasses for several years, but have never found a pair to suit my eyes, so that I could use without failing, until I obtained a pair of Mr. Solomons. By the aid of those I bought of him, I can see as well at *sixty* I could. I can read or write with them for hours, without the least fatigue, both by day and candle light.

I have tried in all the stores in the State of Pennsylvania to obtain a pair of Glasses that would suit my eyes, and failed in every instance. Knowing the difficulty of obtaining those suitable for the sight, I do most earnestly recommend to those laboring under defective vision, to apply to Mr. Solomons, of whom Glasses can be obtained to suit all sights. Yours, &c. F. MORRISON.

ALLEGHENY CITY, July 20, 1853. 1y22&4w(sep)10

TO SUFFERERS

*FROM THE EFFECTS OF SELF ABUSE.*

IMPELLED by a desire to "do to others as I would that others had done to me" when similarly circumstanced, I hereby *CAUTION* you against the specious promises of pseudo Doctors, Vendors of highly-puffed Cordials, and other expensive but worthless nostrums, catch-penny instruments, etc. Beware especially of those who "guarantee" to cure in an astonishingly short time, without stamp from us (ignorant and unprincipled. Every sensible man must know that a sensitive organ of the body, which has been abused, can never be restored to health, cannot be cured in a week or two. The fact is, they never permanently cure any body—therefore waste no more time and money upon them, but read the disclosure freely by our experience.

I will impart a knowledge of the means by which I was restored to health, after suffering severely from invluntary seminal emission and its concomitants, aggravated by various kinds of quackery, to any one who will write me a plain, but brief statement of his case, and remit Five Dollars to aid in paying for advertising, postage, etc., and time and trouble of writing out directions, which require no interruption from my business, no injurious drugs or instruments, will certainly improve the general health and strengthen the system, as well as invigorate the organs affected, and effect a cure in the shortest time possible, and at very trifling expense. Address, in strict confidence,

W. H. STODDAR, Camden, N. J.

P. S. and N. B. Parents, Guardians, Teachers, &c., are earnestly urged to guard the youth under their charge from the practice of the vice above referred to, which, if so destructive to their mental, moral, social and physical powers. The only object of the advertiser is to warn his fellowman from error's path, and to do good to all men at the first opportunity. 1y22&wf

☞ MR. SOLOMONS:—From infancy I have been afflicted with weak eyes and short sightedness, and in all my travels I have never been able to get a pair of GLASSES that would help me. I have had several pairs that would enable me to see more distinctly, but could never keep them on more than one half hour, from the fact that they caused such great pain.

I happened to see your advertisement, by which I saw you had just imported some, and as it has been my constant aim to get a pair that would benefit me, I thought I would try your's.

You must not think me flattering, when I say they more than answer my expectations. I have not been able to read by candle-light for more than half an hour at any time, before I put these Glasses. Since I got them, I read one Sunday all day, and until 10 o'clock, without experiencing the least pain, which is a thing I have not done before for years.

I say this much, as I think it deserving your enterprise, and hoping others may be benefitted by it.

You are at liberty to make use of my name at any time, for reference. I am, sir, truly, yours,

HENRY RAHL, Wharf Master, Pittsburgh.

P. S.—I forgot to mention that my wife is greatly benefitted by the pair she got, and equally pleased. jy1

☞ More Home Testimony.—Mr. SOLOMON, Sir—I think it no more than an act of justice to you, as well as to the American community, to state that the SPECTACLES I bought of you some time ago, have served me quite well. I find my sight much improved. I can see small print with them for any length of time without fatigue to my eyes. Should my sight continue to improve by the use of them. I have no doubt but I shall be able to read without them in a short time.

Yours, truly, E. MOUNDIL.

Allegheny City, June 25, 1853.

☞ I have used Mr. Solomon's EYE GLASSES for a very brief period, with decided advantage, and have no hesitation in stating that a defective vision of long standing has been improved, and the organs seem to be acquiring vigor and tone. I therefore cheerfully bear witness to their excellency and accuracy as adapted to Mr. Solomon's skill as a practical Optician, and the wonderful facility with which he adapts his Glasses to the various peculiarities of vision.

D. B. SUTTON,
No. 24 Wayne street, Pittsburgh.

June 20, 1853. jy22:2m

☞ Worms! Worms!—Various theories have been started relative to the origin of intestinal worms, and yet the question is still a vexed one among medical authorities. Of one fact, however, all are informed, and in which all agree—the fatal nature of the influence they exert on children. At this season of the year, the attacks of worms are most frequent as well as most dangerous. We take great pleasure in directing the attention of parents to the Vermifuge of Dr. M'Lane. It is one of the most extraordinary medicines ever introduced to the public, and has never failed of success when tried.

Parents will please be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and from the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
69 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ I. O. O. F.—The members of the I. O. O. F. Third District, are invited to attend a *General Meeting* of the Order, to be held in Western Star Lodge, No. 24, Odam Building, on THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, August 3d, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of receiving and welcoming the Grand Officers of the Grand Lodge.

They will also assemble for the same purpose on THURSDAY EVENING, 4th inst., at McKelvin Lodge, No. 50, corner of Lacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny City.

W. H. GILLESPIE, D. D. G. M.,
Pittsburgh, Aug. 3, 1853. Third District.

PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned Committee at the MONONGAHELA HOUSE, on THURSDAY THE SIXTEENTH DAY OF AUGUST, at 3 o'clock, for the erection of a Pavilion on the Fair Ground of the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society. The ground is that generally known as Denny's meadow, and is immediately adjoining the limits of the Ninth Ward of Pittsburgh.

The ground is to be enclosed by a board fence, three sides of which are to be eight feet high, and the other side next the Railroad to be ten feet high. The boards are to be put up horizontally without nailing, between posts three by four inches, sunk two feet in the ground, each pair of posts to be eight feet apart and fastened at the top with wire of sufficient strength to hold them together. The boards and posts are to be painted, and to be removed from the ground immediately after the Fair by the contracting party. The Pavilion will make their proposals for furnishing the lumber, building and removing the fence at so much per rod.

The fence to be completed by the sixth day of September. Proposals will also be received for furnishing fifty thousand feet of pine boards, sixteen feet long; ten thousand feet of pine boards, twelve feet long; two thousand feet of pine, four by six inches, sixteen feet long; three thousand feet, four by six inches, twelve feet long; and six thousand feet, three by four inches, twelve feet long. Also, for one hundred cedar stems not less than 20 feet long. The lumber to be good common pine, and all delivered on the Fair Ground on or before the eighth day of September.

Contracts paid in cash immediately after the Fair.

Proposals will also be received for renting to the highest and best bidders two Victualling or Refreshment Halls, to be erected by the Society within the enclosure, their size each to be twenty-four by one hundred and twenty-four. The selling of intoxicating liquors will be prohibited in the halls and within the enclosure of the Fair Ground.

Proposals may be handed to any of the undersigned.

ROBERT G. WALKER,
WM. LARIMER, JR.,
WM. A. HIS,
WM MARTIN, SR.,
JOHN HUMBOLD, JR.,
Committee appointed by the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society.

HORACE MCKEOWN,
JAS. S. NEELY,
P. A. WAY,
BENJ. KELLEY,
A. B. MCQUEWAN,
Committee appointed by the Allegheny County Agricultural Society, to act in conjunction.

Pittsburgh, August 2—(aug1d)

JAMES HERRON,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

AND

Imitator of Wood and Marble.

SHOP, No. 109 Market street, above James Robb's Shoe Store, and near the corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

N. B.—Persons erecting buildings, or wishing to have their old ones repainted, in the city or surrounding counties, would do well to give me a call, as I am prepared to do all kinds of Painting, Graining and Marbling, in the most superior and improved styles, and at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. aug1w3m

ARMY AND NAVY PENSION LAWS and Bounty Land Laws of the United States, including sundry Resolutions of Congress from 1776 to 1852. Executed at the Department of the Interior; with an Appendix, containing the opinions of the Attorneys General of the United States, with the Decisions, Rules and Regulations adopted by different Secretaries relative to the execution of those Laws. Compiled by Robert Mayo, M. D., and Ferdinand Moulton, Counsellor at Law. Received and for sale by

J. D. WELDIN,
aug4 Wood st., between 3d and 4th.

$1600—payable $100 in hand, balance in one and two years—will purchase a LARGE BRICK HOUSE, situate on Overhill street, 7th Ward. The house contains a hall, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, cellar, and three large chambers. Also, a front and back porch. The Lot is 40 feet front by 40 deep.

S. CUTHBERT & SON, No. 140 Third st.
aug4

CENTRE AVENUE PROPERTY—For sale, two LOTS, each 20 feet front on Centre Avenue by 60 deep, on Overhill street. Price for both, $1000. Terms easy.

S. CUTHBERT & SON, 140 Third st.

WANTED—20 shares P. & O. R. R. Stock;
15 " Exchange Bank Stock; by
AUSTIN LOOMIS, Stock and Bill Broker,
aug4 No. 92 