Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS PHILLIPS.....GEORGE F. GILLMORE.

Phillips & Gillmore, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING.....JULY 18

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
THOMAS H. FORSYTH,
of Philadelphia County.

AUDITOR-GENERAL,
EPHRAIM BANKS,
of Mifflin County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
J. PORTER BRAWLEY,
of Crawford County.

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☞ FINE JOB PRINTING.☜ Having recently added a great deal of new and elegant type, our Book and Job Office, years now cramped, to do PRINTING OF ALL KINDS, in the neatest style, and upon the liberal terms. Everyone and everything this Firm down to Diamond, will now be found in our extensive Job Office. Give us a call.

☞ See First Page for Reading Matter.

THE PRESIDENT'S TOUR.

The trip of the President and his suite to New York last week, was altogether a splendid affair.

The enthusiasm of his reception at all places on his route has never been surpassed, and never equalled since the days of Jackson. Baltimore and Philadelphia seem to have poured out their entire populations, without distinction of party, to welcome the Chief Magistrate of the Republic. At Bordentown, Camden, Burlington, Trenton, Princeton, New Brunswick, Rahway, Newark, vast crowds were assembled, and greeted him with complimentary speeches, with shouts and national salutes. And at New York city, the military, six thousand strong, and the people by hundreds of thousands all joined in the loud acclaim of welcome.

No President has ever received more sincere marks of respect and admiration, and no one has ever borne himself through such a triumphal progress with a more frank and manly bearing. His easy, simple and cordial manners, and his brief and eloquent speeches, seem to have won all hearts. We like those speeches, some of which have been published in our paper. They are conceived in excellent taste, and the noble sentiments seem to come warm and fresh from a true American heart.

These voluntary tributes of respect by the whole people to the Chief Magistrate of the nation, are a marked and beautiful commentary on our free institutions, evincing the love of the people for their excellent government; and the willing and cordial submission of all classes and all parties to the will of the majority. However high party politics may run during the contest, when the battle is over and the President inaugurated, all parties unite to honor the man and the magistrate.

We believe General Pierce, before his term expires, will be more honored for his frank and easy republican manners, his true American heart, his wisdom in council, and energy in action, and for his watchful and faithful administration of our public affairs, than for his high place and splendid political fortunes.

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.

During the year 1852, of 89,135,729 railway passengers in Great Britain, 216 were killed, and 486 injured. During the same year, in the State of New York, of 7,440,658 passengers, 248 were killed, and 269 injured.

It will be seen by the above that the loss of life on railroads in the State of New York is more than twelve times as great in proportion to the number of passengers as in England.

Several reasons could be given for this, and which will show that our railroad companies could adopt means to avoid most of the fatal accidents that occur, and should be compelled by stringent laws to do so.

In the first place, the English railways have a system of signaling by day and by night that is far more perfect than any yet in use in this country. That system could be adopted here at comparatively trifling expense; and would prevent many accidents. Such a catastrophe as the Norwalk slaughter, it is hardly possible, *could* occur where the English signals are used.

Again, English railroads all pass *over* or *under* the carriage and public roads. They are thus able to fence in the railroads completely, and no cattle, horses or other animals can get upon the tracks, nor carriages cross the tracks. It is the want of this regulation that occasions many of the accidents on American railroads. A law compelling all railroads to pass either over or under the tracks of common roads, as in England, we believe, would prevent more than one-half of the accidents, and most of them fatal ones, that occur in this country. The increased expense would not be very heavy; and we believe it would be the best policy and the best economy for the railroad companies. It would prevent the frequent destruction of locomotives and cars; avoid liabilities for damages for the destruction of life, and personal injuries; and, it would increase travel on railroads by removing the apprehensions of danger.

Again; the English railways have generally double tracks; and thus collisions by trains going in opposite directions are avoided. It would be hard to require every company in this country to build a double track road; but if such frequent and fatal collisions cannot be prevented otherwise, it should be made a condition of all charters.

Again, the English companies employ many more watchmen at all dangerous points of their roads than our American companies do.

We believe that if the Pennsylvania Railroad company would adopt a liberal policy in its expenditures in constructing and running their road, it would be found economy in the end; and would promote its interests against rival routes. People will always select the roads best provided against accidents. 'Tis true but few accidents have occurred on our Central road; and the Company exercises as much liberality as other companies. But more could yet be done to prevent accidents; and done to public satisfaction, and to the ultimate profit of all our railroads.

Unless the railroad companies shall voluntarily adopt some such measures as will afford greater security to life and limbs, severe laws should be enacted for that purpose.

COL. WM. H. GILLESPIE.

The numerous friends of the above-named gentleman will be pleased to learn that on Saturday last he received from Governor BIGLER the appointment as one of his aids with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel.

This compliment was well merited. Col. GILLESPIE has been an active working democrat, and is well known in this community, and much esteemed for his many excellent qualities.

THE EPICUREAN GONDOLA.—This is the name by which TAYLOR'S Epicurean Palace is known by in New York.

This immense establishment was opened on the evening of the first, and we understand that it was one of the greatest festivals that ever took place in New York. The comfort and accommodations of the "Gondola" are equal to the most aristocratic hotels in the city, and the promptness with which its patrons are served, far exceeds any of them. The public can form an idea of the immense building when they are informed that it is erected on ground which cost one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. It is truly a palace, and almost worthy a visit to New York to look at.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

Some time since we suggested the propriety of holding our County Convention at an early day, and gave our reasons for making the suggestion. Since then, we have conversed with hundreds of our old democratic friends—many of them who have worked for the party for the last quarter of a century, and they are all in favor of it. They desire the ticket to be nominated so that the party can have an early opportunity to rally to its support. They feel on the subject as we do—that we can elect our ticket if it is composed of good men and brought into the field in proper season. We have the strength to do it, if we stand united and give the whole party, from one extreme of the county to the other, an opportunity to know, before the day of the election, who they are expected to vote for.

The signs of the time show in a most unmistakeable manner, that the Whigs are frightened. We were told the other day by one of their leaders, an expectant for a nomination, that they would not bring out a ticket until after the Democratic nominations. He added, "we have no notion you loco focos shall have the advantage of us this time." This shows that the Whigs consider the citadel of their former strength in danger, and that the only way in which they can prevent it from being taken is by finessing. They now acknowledge the danger in which they stand, from the accumulating power of the Democracy, and all their wonted courage has evaporated, and now they resort to the timid policy of the cowardly school boy, and say, "you strike first." We say to our party, *strike first.* In the first blow is one half the battle. Let us win that one half by an early nomination, and then we will have more than the other half in our hands without any trouble.

This thing of waiting to see what the Whigs will do, is all folly. Whatever they do in their Convention, we may be assured they will do nothing for us. We are not bound to look after them, let them take care of themselves, and instead of watching their movements attend to our own interests by bringing out a good ticket at an early day.

We, therefore, hope that the Committee will not hesitate to designate an early period for the holding of the primary meetings, and thus comply with the wishes of a large portion of the party.

NEWS OF OUR OWN STATE.

FAYETTE COUNTY.—The Uniontown Democratic Sentinel says: "We completed the ticket last week with the nominees of Westmoreland county for the Legislature—William A. Cook and Benjamin Byerly. Mr. Cook was the member from that county during the last session, and filled the position with distinguished ability.—His almost unanimous re-nomination to the Legislature, evidences that his merits and services are fully appreciated by his Democratic constituents. Mr. Byerly is highly spoken of by those who know him. They are men entirely worthy of the support of the Democracy of the District."

The Sunday Schools at Petersburgh had a grand celebration on the 4th. The Sentinel says: "W. W. Patrick, Esq., of Pittsburgh, being present, was loudly called on, and addressed the audience in a forcible, eloquent and patriotic oration. He was frequently interrupted by unbounded applause and immense cheering. Mr. Patrick is an eloquent and chaste orator, and is fully capable to do justice to such an occasion. The audience were then dismissed with a benediction by the Rev. Mr. Snyder.—The exercises were enlivened by an elegant choir. No place was the Fourth more appropriately and interestingly celebrated than at Petersburgh.

VENANGO COUNTY.—The democratic Convention of that county will be held on the 22d of August, for the purpose of nominating a county ticket.

The Methodist Conference comprising some 180 members, met in Franklin on Wednesday last. They expect to continue its session for eight or ten days.

WARREN COUNTY has instructed her delegates to support the nomination of Judge KNAP in the State Convention.

Mr. Wm. Hall, of Beaver county, now in his *one hundred and fourth year*, is still able to ride from his home to Washington, a distance of *twenty-eight miles*, twice a year, to draw his pension as a revolutionary soldier! This is a remarkable instance of health and longevity.—The old veteran retains all his faculties in full vigor.

The Washington Examiner expects to see the cars running on the Hempfield Railroad, on the first thirty-two miles from Wheeling to Washington, by the *1st of January*, 1854. In less than a year after that the whole road will probably have been finished, and the direct communication formed between the great markets of the East and the farms of Washington county.

Items of News and Miscellany.

The Liquor Law before the New York Legislature makes very slow progress. It has been considered twice killed during the session, but its vitality is so great that they are still discussing it, though the symptons are that its funeral oration will be pronounced during the session.

Gen. Arista publishes a note in a London paper denying that he ever expressed sentiments favorable to annexation to the United States, as attributed to him, and for which he was banished the country. How the expressions which led to this inference came in the letter of his which was published at the time are not stated.

A meeting was held in Memphis, Tennessee, a few days since, to consider the project of a railroad from New Orleans to Cleveland, Ohio, via Jackson, Memphis, Hendersonville, and Indianapolis. Resolutions were adopted warmly approving the scheme, and pledging the citizens of Memphis to co-operate with others interested in the construction of the road.

The extra pay to officers of the navy, seamen and marines, sometime since suspended, it is stated, has been resumed, in compliance with a decision of the Attorney General.

James M. Buchanan and H. F. Roberts, of Baltimore, James F. Kerr, of Pittsburgh, and about 60 other Americans, were in Paris at the last of June.

Moral.—Girls do all your flirting before marriage! Suspicious husbands recollect the words of that man who was an enemy to tyranny and duplicity—"Be sure you're *right!*—THEN go ahead!"

The British steamship Africa met a mishap in leaving her dock, at New York, for Liverpool, on Wednesday. The tide drove her against a new dock, building near by her own, whereby she lost three or four of the buckets of the starboard wheel. However, after some little delay, she set out on her voyage.

John McCue was arrested in New York, on a charge of assaulting Ann Stewart over the head with a lighted fluid lamp. When he struck her the second blow with it the top came off, and the burning fluid fell over her head, face, arms and hands, burning them in a dreadful manner.

A number of seals of very large size have been seen in the inner harbor, Boston, within a few days. They are quite shy, though they can be approached while they are on the rocks and beaches near enough to have a rifle ball reach them.

CHAMBERSBURG AND ALLEGHENY RAILROAD.—The Commissioners named for this county, in the Act of Assembly, authorizing the grant of a charter to the Chambersburg and Allegheny Railroad Company, met in this place on the 28th of last month, and after a nominal organization, resolved to meet the other Commissioners in Bedford at some future period, to institute such measures, as are calculated to insure the completion of the road.—*Valley Spirit.*

Reception of the President in New York.

INAUGURATION OF THE EXHIBITION.

From the New York Post, of Thursday.

At an early hour this morning the hotels and public buildings on Broadway and 6th avenue, through which the procession accompanying the President was to pass, were gaily decorated with flags, and all seemed intent to outvie each other in their demonstrations of welcome to President Pierce on his visit to the city.

THE DEPARTURE TO JERSEY CITY.

At ten minutes past seven o'clock this morning, the new and commodious steamer Josephine under the command of Capt. Cable, left the Erie Railroad wharf, at the foot of Duane street, with a large company of invited guests, to receive the President at Jersey City. The steamer was chartered by the Common Council, and displayed flags of various kinds from stem to stern. About the centre of the steamer on a flag-staff, was thrown to the breeze a red flag with the word "Union" in large letters.

Among the persons on board were Aldermen Moore, Barr, Sturtevant, Alvord, Woodward Wells, Mabey and Rogers, the committee of reception on the part of the Common Council; and Messrs. Belmont, Waddell, Livingston and Edmonds, a committee representing the Crystal Palace Association.

Major General Wool and staff, accompanied by a band of United States musicians, were also on board. At twenty minutes to eight o'clock, after sailing around the bay, the steamer arrived at the Cunard wharf at Jersey City and here salutes were fired from the Josephine by Capt. Castle.

ARRIVAL AT JERSEY CITY.

President Pierce arrived in a special train from Newark, at twenty-five minutes to nine o'clock, and was received by Gen. E. V. Wright, Mayor Manners and the Common Council of Jersey City.

A procession was formed, preceded by the second regiment of Jersey Continental Guards, which passed through Washington, Sussex, Warren and Grand streets, and stopped at the corner of Washington and Grand streets, where a platform had been erected in an open lot.

Mayor Manners then welcomed the President to Jersey City on behalf of the city authorities, and introduced him to the citizens.

President Pierce was somewhat fatigued, and merely thanked the Mayor and Common Council for the enthusiastic reception he had received.

The President rode a handsome gray horse through the city. The crowd pressing around him was so great that the police had great difficulty to keep order.

Leaving the platform, the procession was again formed, the President on foot, and marched to the steamer Josephine, at the Cunard wharf.

The British steamer Arabia saluted the President, as he was going on board the Josephine, and cheer upon cheer resounded throughout the air.

General Pierce made an address in the after-saloon of the steamer, but the crowd was so dense that it was impossible to hear what he said.

EXCURSION DOWN THE BAY.

After leaving Jersey City, the steamer proceeded down the lower bay as far as Staten Island. The President being fatigued, was kept in a private room.

Coming up the bay, we were cheered by the steamer Hero, crowded with passengers and dressed with flags, one of which had upon it, "Cuba must and shall be free." The band on the Josephine played an appropriate national air when she passed the Hero. The steamer Trenton was also passed in the bay and cheered enthusiastically.

ARRIVAL AT CASTLE GARDEN.

At quarter past 10 o'clock the Josephine landed at Castle Garden, amid a general salute, and vociferous cheering from the multitude on the balconies.

The President and suite entered the Garden and took seats upon the stage. Mayor Westervelt then read an address of welcome, and introduced the President of the United States.

Mr. Pierce then came forward and made a brief speech, in which he spoke in terms of praise of the city of New York, her shipbuilders and commerce. When he had finished speaking, three hearty cheers were given.

Jefferson Davis was then called upon for a speech. He appeared on the stage, and thanked the audience for their friendly greeting. He spoke in a very low tone of voice, and could not be heard at a short distance from the stage.

THE REVIEW ON THE BATTERY.

The President and guests passed out of the Garden on the Battery, where was assembled the largest number of spectators we have ever seen.

The military were there reviewed by President Pierce, who rode a bay horse. The soldiers presented arms as he passed them, and the band played "Hail to the Chief," presenting a beautiful spectacle.

THE PROCESSION.

The procession moved from the Battery after eleven o'clock and passed up Broadway. The street and sidewalks were almost impassible for the crowds of people.

The President rode a bay horse, and as the procession passed up Broadway and Sixth avenue to the Crystal Palace, nearly every window in the buildings on the route were filled with ladies, who waved their handkerchiefs to welcome the distinguished visitor. The President bowed in acknowledgment and he was continually cheered along the streets.

The procession was about one hour in passing, and the military made a good display. But at five minutes to 4 o'clock, as the crowd was moving up Broadway, a sudden shower of rain fell and scattered the people in all directions. The military in the procession, however, continued on their march, and they together with the President, got their clothes pretty well wet.

If the rain had fallen in the morning, it would have been very acceptable in laying the dust and cooling the atmosphere, which was unpleasantly warm.

The reception, notwithstanding the shower, was very enthusiastic. The Astor House, at which the President lodges, had a canopy of American flags over the Broadway entrance, and exhibited a shield with the inscription:

GENERAL FRANK PIERCE,
President of the United States.

BRITISH COURTESY.

The owners of the British steamer Arabia, at Jersey City, deserve the thanks of the committee for furnishing a song-plank for the steamer Josephine, and putting carpet upon it for the President to walk over.

INVITATION TO VISIT BROOKLYN.

A delegation from the city of Brooklyn, consisting of Aldermen Graham, Dayton, Wilson and Brainard were introduced to the President by Mayor Manners, of Jersey City. Ald. Graham addressed the President and tendered to him the hospitalities of Brooklyn. The President replied that he would be most happy to visit the citizens of Brooklyn, but that he would not appoint a time at present.

From the New York Express of Thursday afternoon.

The great centre of attraction, the Crystal Palace, has been the scene of much excitement all day, and the spectacle presented in all that neighborhood is one of the most stirring character.

From early morning, up till noon,—immense crowds of people came pouring in from the lower part of the city, from Brooklyn, Williamsburgh, and the country round about.

Towards noon, the main avenues leading to the Palace—especially Broadway and the Bowery,—presented a lively scene. "All creation" seemed to have turned out in holiday attire, *en masse*,—some to gain the most advantageous position to see the President and the procession, as they marched along the route, but the greater number *en route* for the World's Fair.

In the Interior of the Palace, the spectacle, at about twelve o'clock, was most animated. People came crowding in, through the several entrances in hundreds all eager to get possession of the seats nearest the platform, in the centre, —the place assigned to the "distinguished visitors."

The special police, however, managed to maintain admirable order, and though the crowd grew denser and denser every minute, no confusion to speak of was visible.

Workmen were busy in different departments of the edifice, unpacking and arranging goods. Boxes containing many of the foreign contributions are piled up in some of the wings, mountain high, and it is not expected that they will be arranged for a week or a fortnight yet to come.

The collossal statue of Daniel Webster, and the equestrian statue of Washington, which are placed immediately under the dome, attracted much attention. The crowd seemed, indeed, to gather the thickest at this particular point.

On the platform of the invited guests were a larger number of men, distinguished and well known, in all professions and occupations of life, than we have ever before seen in New York.

The Governor of Georgia, Hon. Howell Cobb, was present. U. S. Senators Brodhead, of Pennsylvania, Chase, of Ohio, and ex-Senator Miller, of New Jersey, and ex-Senator Preston, of South Carolina, were seen. Chief and prominent among all was Major General Winfield Scott, with his arm in a sling, and apparently yet suffering from his unlucky fall. The army and navy were largely represented, and among the officers were Major General Wool and staff, Major General Henderson, and Commodore Stout.—Lord Ellesmere and suite, the Representatives of British industry, were present. Major General Quitman, of Mississippi, was also present. Bishop Wainwright was dressed in his canonicals, and made a very venerable appearance.—The Clergy of this city and surrounding country, of all denominations, were present in large numbers. The crowd around the Sixth avenue and Fortieth street was immense. The Sixth avenue cars were, for a long time, excluded from passing up and down. All sorts of imaginable noises and imaginable music were heard from the surrounding exhibitions. The procession did not reach the Palace till 2½ o'clock. The *coup d'oeil*, the spectacle was magnificent, inside the Palace, beyond anything ever before seen in this country. The vast multitude present behaved with the greatest propriety and decorum.

The President's address was very brief, but in very good taste, and was well received. Three hearty cheers were given him, when he closed his remarks. He was dressed in black, with a black neckerchief, and spoke in black kid gloves. His mode of delivery was effective, and he was quite well heard all over the assembly.

Theodore Sedgwick, Esq., after the anthem was sung by the New York Sacred Harmonic Society, remarked in substance as follows:

He first returned thanks to the President for attending the inauguration.

He was glad that the Exhibition had secured the support and approbation of our own Government, though mainly relying upon its own energies.

He paid a compliment to Daniel Webster, (pointing to his statue near him,) who, among the first, lent his influence and his name to this enterprise. (Cheers.)

He then dwelt upon the importance of bringing before the American people the genius and industry of the Old World—inasmuch as the exhibition of them would diffuse like tastes among our own people, &c.

THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

Mr. President and Gentlemen:—I return you my most warm and cordial thanks for the honor you have done me. I come to be present at the inauguration of this building, and to express the respect I entertain for this great Industrial Exhibition, designed and calculated to promote all that belongs to the interests of our country. You, sir, and the gentlemen associated with you, have laid claim in all you have done, to thanks that will be enduring.

Whatever short-comings you have spoken of may be—but I can only say that they appear not here, and so far as I have learned, they appear not at all—every thing around us reminds us that this is a utilitarian age, and that science, instead of being locked up, appears before the admiration of the world, and has begun to be tributary to the arts, manufactures, agriculture, and all that promotes social comfort. (Applause.) Sir, if you had achieved no other object than that you have done in bringing together citizens from all parts of this Union, you would have fulfilled, perhaps, one of the most important missions that can be imposed upon any of us in the way of strengthening that Union.

Sir, you have done more. You have nobly alluded to it. Your exhibition has brought here men eminent in almost every walk of life, from every civilized country on the face of the globe. And thus you have done more, perhaps, than any of us in promoting that great object dear to you, dear to my venerable friend near me, (alluding to Bishop Wainwright) my fellow peers among them. (Great applause.) Sir, I have not the voice to address you and return you my thanks again for the honor you have done me. I must conclude.

Thus much for the interior of the Palace.—The "scenes" outside were neither so pleasing, nor so easily described.

The sidewalks of the Sixth avenue looked like one solid mass of human beings, men, women and children; some standing, and some sitting,—some in horizontal attitudes, on stoops and piazzas, and many ensconced upon awning posts and the eaves of the houses above.

These were the "masses" who had no tickets of admission, and couldn't get in, but they seemed to enjoy, even under a broiling sun, an outside look at the Palace, quite as much as the more fortunate few inside.

The hundred and one rare shows in the vicinity were driving a profitable business. Bands of music were stationed in front of almost every door, to attract the stranger.

Nearly all the wonders of the world were advertised, within the circuit of a quarter of a mile, and to see what was to be seen, kept the crowd in continual commotion. But everything, nevertheless, seemed to go on orderly enough.

The dram shops were all in their glory,—but it was too early in the day, as yet, to see their influences personally developed. They were all full of patrons, however, freely partaking of the sport of the occasion.

It was 12½ o'clock when our reporter left, leaving the multitude in anxious expectation of the procession, which by this time was slowly wending its way up Broadway.

The weather, though warm, was not oppressive. At noon, a shower of rain fell, summarily sending the people into shelter,—but it soon cleared off, with a cooler atmosphere.

THE LADY'S BOOK FOR AUGUST.—We have received this old and popular monthly for August. The present number fully sustains the high reputation it has enjoyed since its commencement. The embellishments and fashion plates are beautiful, and its interesting reading pages cannot fail to please all who peruse them.

☞ Our thanks are due to the Hon. Alfred Gillmore, of Butler, for a copy of the "Abstract of the Seventh Census.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECTACLES.

Winter many are attracted by the novel advertisements of the London visitor, we continue to sell the SAME QUALITY OF GLASSES which he does, but from 3 to 600 per cent. CHEAPER. Our Glasses he sells at $2,00 per pair, we put it at for 37½ Steel Frame he sells at $3,00, we sell at $1,00. Better patronise home enterprise, and save your money.

FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY and SILVER WARE, well selected, and in large variety, of the latest styles and best workmanship.

WATCH REPAIRING done in the best manner, at the old established house of W. W. WILSON,
jy18:3t 67 Market st., corner of 4 4th.

EXCELSIOR FAMILY STARCH,
WARRANTED CHEAPER,
AND SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER STARCH,
For Family Purposes.

BEING entirely free from all specks, this article may be used with the utmost confidence, in preparing the finest muslins and linens. The ingredients with which this Starch is made, renders wholly unnecessary the use of starch polish or spermaceti, as it produces a fine polish without gumming up or injuring the fabric, which is inevitably the case from the constant use of oily matter. Two-thirds of the quantity of this Starch will answer a better purpose than the Starch usually sold.

Sold at REYSER'S DRUG STORE,
jy18:3taw 140 Wood street.

Melodeons.

JUST RECEIVED, another supply of Carhart's genuine patent MELODEONS, from Mr. Carhart's own factory, in New York city—
Two 4½ octave rosewood Melodeons;
Two 5 octave rosewood Melodeons;
One 5 octave Melodeon, with double set of reeds, in an elegant rosewood case, piano forte style—a superior instrument for either church or parlor use.
For sale by H. KLEBER,
jy18 Solo Agent for Mr. Carhart's Melodeons. 101 Third st.

STOCKS FOR SALE—
200 shares Bluff Copper Stock;
50 " Aztec do do
50 " Adventure Copper Stock;
50 " Norwich do do
30 " Pittsburgh Life Ins. do
20 " Allegheny Gas do
20 " Old Allegheny Bridge do
20 " Mon. Nav. do
25 " Allegheny and Perryville P. Road Stock;
20 " Perryville and Zellenople P. Road do
By AUSTIN LOOMIS,
Stock and Bill Broker,
jy18 No. 92 Fourth street.

TO THE PUBLIC.—KEATING begs to state that he has received a large supply of his new Patent ROACH BUSTERS. This article can be recommended by hundreds that have tried it, and can prove the efficacy of the article. Call soon. J. F. D. KEATING,
jy18 184 Smithfield st.

LAND FOR SALE—A superior improved Farm, of 123 Acres, with 4 good Houses, a Bank Barn, and adjoining lands of James Sharp, Esq., within ½ mile of Sharpsburg, 5 miles of the city of Pittsburgh—going cheap, if called for soon. Enquire of THOMAS WOODS,
jy18 No. 45 Market st.

CASH TO LOAN—$2000 in cash, with $3000 worth of city property to loan on time. Enquire of THOMAS WOODS,
jy18 No. 45 Market st.

LAND—1000 Acres of Land, on the Railroad, near Parkersburg, to be sold at a bargain. Enquire of THOMAS WOODS,
jy18 45 Market street.

COUNTRY SEATS—10 Acres of Ground on Troy Hill, and 10 Acres on Saw-mill Run, near Allegheny city, going cheap. Enquire of THOMAS WOODS,
jy18 No. 45 Market st.

STILL GREATER REDUCTIONS.—A. A. MASON & CO., No. 25 FIFTH street, are closing out the balance of their stock at still GREATER REDUCTIONS:

3 cases yard wide Prints at	10c.
4 " Muslin and Berege De Laines at	8c.
A large lot of Lawns, as low as	6c.
5 cases fine French Lawns, at	12c.
6 " fast col'd Ginghams, at	10c.
Wool Bereges and De Beges, as low as	12c.
200 Emb'd Collars, at	5c.
400 Linen Hdkfs., at	6c.

Crape, Silk and Cashmere SHAWLS ONE-HALF LESS than usual prices. jy16

LADIES' Enamelled Leather and Morocco JENNY LINDS and BOOTS—home made; a superior article, warranted—at low prices. H. E. HAYWARD,
jy16 Corner of Market and Liberty sts.

STOCK WANTED—50 Shares of Pittsburgh Trust and Savings Co. Stock, for which the highest market price will be paid by AUSTIN LOOMIS,
jy16 Stock and Bill Broker, Office, No. 92 Fourth street.

MCKINNEY'S JUSTICE—new edition of The Pennsylvania Justice of the Peace, in 1 vols. 8vo., by M. McKinney, just received and for sale by J. R. WELDIN,
jy16 Bookseller and Stationer, 63 Wood street, between 3d and 4th.

☞ Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge.—During a practice of more than twenty years, Dr. M'Lane had attended innumerable patients afflicted with every form of worm disease, and was induced to apply all the energies of his mind to the discovery of a vermifuge, or worm destroyer, certain in its effects; the result of his labors is the American Worm Specific, now before the public, which is perfectly safe, and may be given alike to children of the most tender age, or to the aged adult; it purges mildly and subdues fever, and destroys worms with invariable success. It is easy of administration, and as it does not contain mercury in any form whatever, no restrictions are necessary with regard to drinking cold water, nor is it capable of doing the least injury to the tenderest infant. An incredible number of worms have been expelled by this great vermifuge.

Purchasers will please be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and from the sole proprietors, FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
jy10d&w 60 Wood street.

☞ Dr. Halsey's Forest Wine—is the best remedy for the permanent cure of Dropsy, Gravel, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Rheumatism, Gout, Loss of Appetite, Complaints of the Liver, Heart, Kidney and Stomach, Colds, Coughs and Consumptive Declines, ever offered for sale in this city. Circulars, giving full particulars, can be had gratis.

☞ See large advertisement in another column.

Sold Wholesale and Retail by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, Pittsburgh, Pa.; also, by JAMES T. SAMPLE, north-west corner of Federal street and the Diamond, Allegheny City. jel3:3mdaw

☞ More Home Testimony.—Mr. SOLOMON SOO—I think it no more than an act of justice to you, as well as to the American community, to state that the SPECTACLES I bought from you suit me well. I find my sight much improved. I can see small print with them for any length of time without fatigue to my eyes. Should my sight continue to improve by the use of them. I have no doubt but I shall be able to read without them in a short time.

Yours, truly,
T. MOUNDER.
Allegheny City, June 25, 1853.

☞ I have used Mr. Solomon's EYE GLASSES for a very brief period, with decided advantage, and have no hesitation in stating that a defective vision of long standing has been relieved, and the organs seem to be acquiring vigor and tone. I therefore cheerfully bear witness to their efficiency and accuracy, as also to Mr. Solomon's skill as a practical Optician, and the wonderful facility with which he adapts his Glasses to the various peculiarities of vision.

D. B. SUTTON,
No. 24 Wayne street, Pittsburgh.
June 20, 1853. je20:2m

MACKEREL—35 bbls. No. 3 large new Mackerel for sale by [jy16] LEECH, McALPIN & CO.

NEW MUSIC—NEW MUSIC—
Lilly Dale;
Do they miss me at home;
Yes, we miss thee at home;
Annie my own Love—Foster;
Nancy Till;
I'll dream myself away—Christy;
Katy Darling—arranged as a Quartette;
Maxie's in the cold ground—for the flutist;
Love Sick Schottish—Brown;
Plume Polka;
La Belle Nina Polka—Wamelink;
Happy Birdling—Brown;
Grande Fantasie sur la Ballade Americaine Ben Bolt—Wallace.
The above just received by Adams & Co.'s Express, together with a large lot of popular and standard Music, for sale by JOHN H. MILLER,
jy15 81 Wood street.

50 BBLS. Lamp Black, just rec'd and for sale by FLEMING BROTHERS.
Successors to J. Kidd & Co. 60 Wood street.

10 GROSS Chalk Balls, Shand's, just rec'd and for sale by
jy15 FLEMING BROTHERS.

3000 LBS. Chalk, white, in store and for sale by FLEMING BROTHERS.
jy15

200 YDS. Adhesive Plaster Spread, in store and for sale by [jy15] FLEMING BROTHERS.

150 LBS. Chamomile Flowers, German, in store and for sale by [jy15] FLEMING BROTHERS.

100 LBS. Mace in store and for sale by FLEMING BROTHERS.
jy15

600 LBS. Nutmegs, in store and for sale by FLEMING BROTHERS.
jy15

200 LBS. Isinglass, American, in store and for sale by FLEMING BROTHERS.
jy15

500 LBS. Mustard, gd., in store and for sale by FLEMING BROTHERS.
jy15

BALDNESS POSITIVELY CURED!
BY C. S. EMERSON'S
AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE

Is truly the wonder of the age. Perhaps no article ever offered to the public is received with greater favor than this, and persons bald or becoming so have only to test the article to be fully satisfied. The Cleveland *Herald* of Tuesday evening, March 15, 1853, has the following with regard to it:

AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE.—We rarely notice editorially any of the patent or copyright claimants for public favor, but with pleasure depart from our usual rule to speak of the article named above. We really believe it does all that its discoverer claims for it—restores hair to heads hopelessly bald. Several gentlemen of our acquaintance, in this city, are using it, and will willingly give testimony as to its efficacy.

CERTIFICATES.

John Heffer, Woods' Brewery, cured of baldness of fourteen years' duration; James Guthrie, 131 Grant street, whose entirely bald; John Obely, Tarentum; Captain R. Morris.

We invite particular attention to the following, selected from many cases in our possession:

☞ Mrs. Alexander, aged 42, wife of William Alexander, who resides at No. 46 Pennsylvania Avenue, states that she has been bald for the last 20 years; she head, on both sides was perfectly smooth and without any hair, when she commenced using the Restorative. She has now used a bottle and part of a bottle of Hair Restorative, and has used it regularly for the last six weeks. Her head is now perfectly covered with a thick crop of new hair, firm and strong, as any one can see by calling. Mrs. Alexander has no objections to the publication of these statements.

☞ I am a brother of Mrs. Alexander, whose statement is written out above, and know personally that the statements made therein are correct. A. H. DAY,
Pittsburgh, Sept. 17, 1852. No. 95 Fourth street.

N. B.—Cases taken on written guarantee, if preferred, the price agreed upon by the parties, and the following form entered into:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY,
State of Pennsylvania.

I ——— *bind myself by these presents*, to use C. S. EMERSON'S AMERICAN RESTORATIVE, according to directions on the bottle, for the space of six months, if necessary, and as soon as it produces a good, respectable growth of hair on my head, where it is now bald, I hereby bind myself, or my heirs, administrators or assigns, to pay to ——— or order, the sum of ———, for value received.

But in case it fails to restore the hair, as above mentioned, then this instrument remains null and void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Given under my hand and seal this ——— day of ——— A. D., 185—. (L. S.)

Sold wholesale and retail at Dr. G. H. KEYSER'S DRUG STORE, 140 Wood street. Price, 75 cents and $1.00 per bottle. jy16:daw

VALUABLE PROPERTY—FOR SALE, TWO LOTS of 12 Acres each, situated on the Ft. R. R. and East Liberty Road, one lot on each side of the Railroad, about four miles from the city line. A Station House is to be erected on the premises, making the property very suitable for residences for gentlemen doing business in the city. Price and terms accommodating.

jy15 A. CUTHBERT & SON, 140 Third st.

LOANS NEGOTIATED on Bonds, Mortgages, &c., at the REAL ESTATE OFFICE,
jy13 140 Third street.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between LEWIS HARPER and THOMAS PHILLIPS, doing business under the firm of HARPER & PHILLIPS, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm for subscriptions to the Daily or Weekly Post, advertising and job printing, will please make payment as soon as possible, and those having claims against the concern will present them for settlement. The books of the late firm will remain in the office. LEWIS HARPER,
THOS. PHILLIPS.
Pittsburgh, July 11, 1853—(jy15:3tLaw)

Attaining Favor Daily.

THERE is no Medicine so well adapted for all common diseases on plantations, as B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE. Read this testimony:—

From F. P. DUCONGE, Esq., New Orleans.

Messrs. B. A. Fahnestock & Co.—Gentlemen: I am pleased to inform you that your Vermifuge continues to sell well in this city, and I find it gaining favor daily amongst our planters. Many of my customers, who were in the habit of using other medicines, are *now determined to use B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge only*, owing to its safety, as well as efficacy. In fact, I know of no Vermifuge sold in the city, which stands so high in the estimation of the public. Please send me fifty gross more of your VERMIFUGE, as I find my present stock getting very low.

Respectfully, P. P. DUCONGE.
Prepared and sold by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
jy14 corner of Wood and First streets.

Great Reduction in Prices.

NEW SUMMER GOODS—Cheapest Arrival of the Season—at the ORIGINAL BEE HIVE, No. 74 Market street, between Fourth and the Diamond. The subscribers, thankful for past favors, would respectfully invite the attention of their numerous friends, and the public generally, to their large and well selected stock of DRY GOODS, which have been purchased in Philadelphia, New York and Boston, very late in the season, at large closing out sales, from 10 to 20 per cent. lower than former prices, and will be sold for cash at a small advance over Eastern cost.

The Dress Goods Department contains a general assortment of the newest and most desirable styles in the market, adapted to the season; Barege de Laines, Lawns and Bareges as low as 6¼ cents per yard; Spring and Summer SHAWLS, of every description, the best ever offered in the city; Crape Shawls 25 per cent below the market prices.

White Goods, of every kind; Bonnets, Ribbons and Millinery Goods, very cheap.

Also, a full stock of all kinds of Domestic Goods; good fast colored Prints at 4½ cents per yard.

Linen Sheetings, Table Cloths, Napkins, etc., Gloves and Hosiery at great bargains.

We would earnestly solicit a call from both wholesale and retail buyers, feeling confident that to all such they can offer greater inducements than on any previous season.

jy13 YOUNG, STEVENSON & LOVE.

A Fine Brick House for Sale.

WILL BE SOLD LOW, and on the most reasonable terms, a new Brick House, containing five large Rooms, with a Hall, and good Cellar; also, good yard and out-houses. The House is situated on the canal, opposite Hussey's pleasure garden, and near the Anderson street canal bridge. The house is new and in good repair, and situated in a pleasant neighborhood. A clear and indisputable title will be given. Terms $300, in payments to su