# Daily Morning Post.

LEROY HARPER ..... THOMAS PHILLIPS

Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING.....MAY 28.


DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
THOMAS H. FORSYTH,
*of Philadelphia County.*

AUDITOR GENERAL,
EPHRAIM BANKS,
*of Mifflin County.*

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
J. PORTER BRAWLEY,
*of Crawford County.*

☞ Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., who are prompt, honest and gentlemanly in their business transactions, are the only authorized agents in the cities of New York and Boston for the *Morning Post*. They are authorized to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our usual rates. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 Nassau street. BOSTON, 10 State street.

☞ We are indebted to our old friend Capt. T. S. Hart, for a large package of late California papers.

THE WEEKLY POST.

Issued this morning, is filled with a great amount of interesting news and miscellaneous reading. We pride ourselves on publishing one of the best weekly papers in Pennsylvania, and the warm approbation of our thousands of subscribers encourage us to this conclusion. The paper is for sale in the counting room.

☞ The last of the European lecturers who has visited our peaceful land, is an Italian called Father Gavazzi. His lectures, heretofore have all been devoted to religious subjects, and from their tenor we could only conclude that they were calculated to create acrimonious feelings in the minds of those who had previously lived in peace and harmony together. We have had many of these itinerants among us, who on the plea of having reformed from former errors, empty the pockets of our people by a free confession of what they consider their former sins, and embellish their confessions with a marvellous amount of billingsgate epitnets against others.

Father Gavazzi is, to a large extent, one of this class; but with his religious notions we have nothing to do. That is a matter for the clergy, and those who are fond of such discussions, to settle. But we do object to him, or any other subject of a foreign prince, coming here to read us lectures in which the beauties of constitutional monarchies are set forth in glowing language. The American people have been told before by foreigners that they did not understand the constitution or institutions of their native land; but this is the first time we have heard of any of those adventurers recommending a monarchical form of government to our people. If he had visited us in the hey-day of black-cockadism, he would have drawn applauding audiences, but, thanks to the progressive progress of the principles of our institutions, a monarchy of any kind has become a scoff with every true hearted citizen.

The monarchical question in this hemisphere was settled in the revolutionary war, by men who understood the matter, at that early day, better than our Italian teacher in governmental affairs does now. We are of the opinion that the American people would much rather rely upon the rich legacy the framers of our government have bequeathed posterity, than to pin their national faith to the revolutionary fantasies of a recusant priest. With the Father's religious mission we have nothing to do; but when he attempts to call forth our applause in favor of a monarchical government, our democratic feeling compels us to rebel against, and rebuke all such teachings.

☞ It is somewhat surprising that a few of the whig papers still continue to ding-dong on the tariff question. What is the use of this? It can no longer be made a party question,—it is like the other whig "principle," a U. S. Bank, an "obsolete idea." The leading whig papers have, in effect, pronounced it such, and it is folly for the small fry of the party to revamp the antiquated notions entertained by the party ten years since. They had better remain quiet until the next State election, and then they can renew their lamentations over the Sheriff sales of furnaces in Clarion county. This event has always been announced before the election. The sales must be stereotyped, for, for the last five years, they have always been announced at the proper time, and that they amounted to seven columns. If these statements were reliable, Clarion county is the most marketable place in the country, and affords a wide field for speculation. Some of these made up tariff men should go up and buy it out next October. That will settle the tariff question essentially, and relieve poor Clarion from that never ending list of Sheriff sales.

THE WASHINGTON EXAMINER.

We have heretofore neglected to notice the recent change in the proprietorship of the above paper. Andrew Hopkins, Esq., has disposed of his interest in the concern to Geo. S. Hart, Esq., of Washington, who will hereafter be associated with Mr. Grayson in its management. We regret to part with friend Hopkins, for we have always found him a zealous Democrat, and an amiable citizen. We hope, however, that at no distant day, we will greet him again in the editorial field, battling for the right. Mr. Hart, his successor, is spoken of as a young gentleman of fine talents, and we cordially welcome him to the Corps Editorial.

☞ In speaking of the recent diplomatic appointments, an exchange paper says that—

"John Randolph Clay, of Pennsylvania, Charge to Peru, is another of our veteran diplomatists. He has been attached to the diplomatic corps in various capacities since 1830. He has already spent one term at Peru."

John Randolph Clay, *of Pennsylvania!* When was Mr. Clay a citizen of Pennsylvania, and in what part of the State did he reside? Will some of his friends be pleased to enlighten us? We have nothing to say against Mr. Clay's diplomatic qualifications; but we do protest against his appointment being placed to the credit of the Keystone State.

☞ Cleveland and Pittsburgh railroad stock sold in New York on the 23d inst. for $102. This road is doing a fine business, and we have no doubt will declare a semi-annual dividend of five per cent on the first of July. The extension to Wheeling will be of great benefit, and with its present efficient management, it will continue to be one of the best paying roads in Ohio.

☞ The public will not forget the sale of lots, which take place in the neighborhood of Wilkinsburg, to-day. The railroad excursion is free of charge, and the bargains that will be offered, are well deserving of the attention of those who desire to obtain pleasant country homes.

☞ The *Allegheny Mountain Echo*, (how appropriate the name!) comes to us greatly enlarged and improved. It is now one of the neatest and most ably conducted country papers in Pennsylvania.

☞ David Atchison, Esq., has been appointed Postmaster at Washington, Pa.; Wm. A. Moore, at West Chester, Pa.; and John Houck, at Chillicothe, Ohio.

☞ The Eastern mail due yesterday morning, did not reach here until late in the afternoon, owing to some detention of the cars.

## THE CROPS.

We continue to receive the most cheering intelligence respecting the prospects of the crops throughout the country. There is at present every prospect that the farmer will reap a rich reward for his toils and anxiety. Not only do the grain crops promise an abundant yield, but the prospects for an abundance of good fruit are truly flattering.

The *Republican*, published at Monongahela City, Washington county, says: "The prospects for good crops are seldom so flattering as at the present time, and should there be no destruction by worms or insects, a heavier yield than usual of all kinds of grain may be looked for in this valley."

The late severe frosts, we are pleased to learn, have done but little injury to the growing fruit. The *Republican* says: "There was a heavy frost in this vicinity on Friday morning last, but we have not heard of any serious damage being done to the fruit. The prospect for peaches, pears, cherries, and plums, is very flattering.—The apples will not be so abundant as might be expected from the favorableness of the season."

The Mansfield (O.) *Shield and Banner*, of Wednesday, says: "Although we have had a couple of severe frosts recently, there is every indication of an abundant fruit crop of all kinds—The peach trees will be laden with their delicious fruit."

### The Retiring Senators.

With the close of the late session of the Legislature, the terms of the following named Senators expired. Names of Democrats in *italics*:

1. Philadelphia city—Charles O'Neill.
2. Philadelphia county—*Thomas Forsyth.*
11. Adams and Franklin—Thomas Carson.
13. Cumberland and Perry—*Joseph Baily.*
15. Blair, Cambria, and Huntington—R. A. M'Murtrie.
17. Luzerne, Columbia, and Montour—*C. R. Buckalew.*
17. Bradford, Susquehanna, and Wyoming—*George Sanderson.*
19. Mercer, Venango and Warren—*Jno. Hoge.*
21. Butler, Beaver, and Lawrence—Archibald Robertson.
22. Allegheny—James Carothers.
25. Armstrong, Indiana, and Clarion—Christian Myers.

Of the above districts, remarks the Harrisburg *Union*, the 1st, 11th, 15th, 21st, and 22d, are decidedly Whig, and the 2d, 13th, 16th, 17th, 19th, and 25th, are decidedly Democratic. One of the latter was represented by Judge Meyers, Whig, during the last Senatorial term; but there is no likelihood of such a result at the next election. Should both parties, therefore, carry the districts next fall in which they preponderate, the next Senate will stand 16, Democrats, 16 Whigs, and 1 Native; and should either party lose one of its districts, the supremacy in the Senate must thereby be given to the other.

### The Ericsson.

In reply to a paragraph in the New York *Commercial Advertiser*, asking the nature of the repairs now being made upon the caloric ship at Williamsburg, Capt. Ericsson replies, that the cylinder bottoms were found upon the late voyage to prove too elastic to remain air-tight, or to admit of full pressure being carried. These bottoms, or heaters, which were made of boiler plate, are to be replaced with cast iron, by which change the difficulty will be obviated. The casting is a labor which will necessarily, on account of the size and merits of the work, require much time, during which Capt. Ericsson hopes that his friends will exercise a little patience.

He declines, however, to state what is now being done to the machinery of the ship, as the modification of a patented machine is not a proper subject for discussion, until completed, but promises to explain it in due time.

Harper's Magazine.—We have received the June number of this Napoleon of monthlies, which is filled with a vast amount of choice reading. The leading article is "Gray's Elegy in a Country Church Yard," which is beautiful illustrated. This is followed by "Ancient Peru—its People, and its Monuments," also illustrated.—The other articles possess great merit. For sale by W. A. Gildenfenney & Co., Fourth street, and H. Miner & Co., Smithfield street.

The Model Legislature.—The Legislature of Rhode Island, adjourned last week, after a session of *four days*. In this time, the new State officers were inaugerated, a United States Senator for six years, and numerous other officers were elected, a law passed for holding a convention to revise the constitution, and various other important measures were adopted—sufficient, as another paper truly says, "for some Legislatures to have mangled over through a six months' session."

Toledo, Norwalk and Cleveland Railroad.—This road is doing a splendid business. The earnings from June 29th, when first opened, to April 16th, amount to $98,035. The road is 87 miles long, and will cost, when fully completed, not far from 1,600,000. The Railroad *Journal* states that the earnings this year will probably reach $450,000; deducting $150,000 for various expenses, will leave $300,000 for interest and dividend.

Another Strike.—On Monday the omnibus drivers for Weart & Co., of Philadelphia, struck in consequence of the introduction of the "register dial," an invention that has been generally introduced into the omnibusses of that city. The drivers, it appears, consider that the exhibition of the dial is an impeachment of their honesty. The places of the strikers were supplied with new drivers during the day.

The Gold Discoveries in Texas.—Galveston papers of the 13th inst. have further reports of the gold discoveries in that State, and a number of persons were about leaving that city for the mines. The Indianola Bulletin says that, very lately, inexhaustible beds of excellent coal and the purest marble have been found in that portion of the State where gold is reported to have been found.

A New British Protectorate.—It is stated that the question of a British Protectorate over the Republic of Liberia, in Africa, has been mooted in political circles in Washington. The proposition to our government is, to consent that Liberia shall in future be "protected" by England, and by this plan obviate the necessity for direct diplomatic relations between Liberia and the United States.

Safety of Railroad Trains.—In a letter in the Cincinnati *Gazette*, Josiah Kirby, who says he has given several years attention to the subject, suggests the following as a means of stopping the locomotives to prevent railroad accidents:

"The arrangement is simply to place a steam cylinder under the locomotive, and connect the brake rods with the piston, in such a manner as to operate upon the several brakes of the train at the same time. This plan gives the engineer the entire control of the brakes, and enables him to stop the wheels of the car at pleasure. I have satisfied myself, by drawings and models, that it is fully practicable, and I am willing to test it at my own expense, if any company will compensate me for my time, should it prove successful.

Graduates of the Printing Office.—The Boston *Post* says:

"Charles Fernald, Esq., a talented and energetic young printer, who four years ago was a compositor upon the Boston *Post*, has been appointed by the Governor of California, county Judge for Santa Barbara, of that State. The position to which he has been elevated, is an extremely responsible one, embracing criminal, civil, and appellate jurisdiction. The appointment was very judicious, and displays a commendable appreciation of merit. It will be recollected that George H. Campbell, Esq., another Boston printer, was made judge of Calaveras county, Ca., a year or two since, and this latter appointment is another compliment to the intelligence of the craft."

### Items of News and Miscellany.

Miss Tilleneuve was instantly killed by lightning at Quebec, and two others persons sitting on a sofa with her were paralized. In Putney, Vt., a yoke of oxen and a boy driving them were killed by lightning.

A Strike occurred among the laborers in the Government stores at Brooklyn, last Wednesday, when new men were employed in their places since then there has been a number of fights and riots, and the new men have in several instances been severely beaten.

A company has been organized for the purpose of constructing a railroad from Joliet, Ill., under a charter granted at the last session of the Legislature of that State. The Joliet Signal says the books were opened on the 21st ult., and $100,000 subscribed.

The Ellsworth (Me.) Freeman says that a valuable vein of iron and silver ores combined, has recently been discovered on the farm of Capt. Samuel Uran, in Sullivan, Hancock county, Me., which has been so far examined as to excite high expectation.

The copper mines of East Tennessee are getting to be very valuable. It is stated that in a single day one man took from the mines ore enough to net in the New York market one hundred and seventy dollars.

The Wheeling Times states that a rumor is current in that city that a citizen of Centre Wheeling has fallen heir to an estate in England estimated at $35,000. Upon this sum also, it is said, he will realize the interest for one hundred years. Whew!

The first election of Judges by the people, under the new constitution of Louisiana, took place at New Orleans on the 16th inst., and resulted in the choice of a democrat in each of the sixth districts.

The increase in shipments of lead at Galena, in April, over the corresponding month of last year, is 19,640. Amount shipped past month 68,720 pigs, and coming in rapidly.

Parmenus Wood, who served as a sergeant of volunteers in the Mexican war, committed suicide at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, on the 16th inst.

Under the revised code of Delaware, the "whipping post and pillory shall be in or near the jail yard." According to this law, the whipping post and pillory in Wilmington was on the 13th inst., taken from the public Green, where it has stood for so many years, and planted in the jail yard. On the next day, three convicts were publicly whipt, one with 12, one 16, and one 20 lashes.

The *Lantern* suggests the following remedies for railroad accidents:

1st. Hang two directors at each terminus, and one every fifty miles on the road.

2d. Hang one engine driver every twenty-five miles, and three wherever the road crosses a river, or runs along the side of a hill.

3d. Legalize the use of a "lynch law" by the passengers, whenever an accident has occurred.

The North Bridgewater, (Mass.) Gazette says that a young boy, son of Mr. Jacob Churchill, of that town, recently swallowed a silver half dollar, of which he was relieved in a day or two afterwards.

A new mining company, to be called the National Mining Company, owning several mines of copper and gold in North Carolina, is about being formed, with a member of the Press as its President.

On Saturday, a passenger car on the Mount Holly, (N. J.) railroad, ran off the track, injuring some eight or ten persons, more or less. The conductor had his ankle broken, and a lady was seriously injured about the breast.

A great black snake has been frequently seen in the northwest part of New Bedford, and a teamster, by measuring the road where said snake had been sunning himself, found the critter to be 183 feet long, and a foot and a half in circumference.

At Augusta, Me., on the 15th inst., Marshal Jones seized forty or forty barrels of different kinds of liquors, amounting in all to about thirteen hundred and forty-five gallons, which had been brought from Boston.

The Washington Union says that the title to the valley of the Mesilla should be considered calmly and dispassionately, and that a proper application of scientific principles alone can mark the appropriate line.

The landing at Cape May for steamboats was swept away by a heavy sea on Sunday. Damages not much, and easily repaired.

Stephen Girard's birth day was celebrated last Saturday in Philadelphia by the students of the Girard College.

Mr. Thomas Allen, President of the Pacific Railroad Company of Missouri, is now in New York to negotiate a loan of four million dollars, on an issue of mortgage bonds by that Company.

Gen. James Taylor, of Newport, Ky., left a very long will, which has to be recorded in twenty-six counties of Ohio. It manumits twenty slaves, and bequeaths $4,000,000 worth of property.

A law passed in 1820 against horse-racing in Pennsylvania, is just now about to be enforced; and a few days ago the trotting horses Taconey and Mac were removed from that state to New Jersey, to prevent their being seized for a violation of the law.

"Mr. Swipes, I've just kicked your William out of doors."

"Well, Mr. Swingle, it's the first *bill* you've footed this many a day."

An exchange paper says:—"Never let people work for you gratis. If you do, you will never get out of their debt, to all eternity. Two years ago a man carried a bundle for us, free of cost. The consequence is that we have been lending him two shillings a week ever since.

Tobacco is in great demand at Petersburg, Va., and on Thursday 170 hhds. were opened at the different warehouses.

**Great Fire at Rockland, Maine—Loss $170,000 to $175,000.**

A dispatch from Rockland, Maine, May 23d, says: "This village has been nearly destroyed by fire. It broke out yesterday morning, at 3 o'clock, in a barn on Main street—thence it spread to W. A. Farnsworth's store, and S. Pillsbury's buildings, and a fresh breeze springing up, the whole, in a few minutes, were completely enveloping in flames. To the south, they reached and destroyed the store of Larkin Snow; while to the north, they swept through two or three small stores, Spoford block, the Commercial House, two large wooden stores, Diamond block and Holmes' block, thence they crossed to the opposite side of the street and destroyed everything parallel with the foregoing.

"Among the sufferers were Messrs. Berry's stable and lumber yard, and Denning & Thorndike's stable. The total loss is variously estimated at from $170,000 to $175,000.

"There were burned twenty-three stores, eight dwelling houses, including the only hotel in the place, three law offices, two dentists' and two physicians' offices; two barbers' shops; two livery stables, and seven other buildings."

Sig "Transy," xvc.—All that was left to sell inside the Aster Place Opera House, has at length fallen under the hammer, and fetched about three thousand dollars! And what a fall was that! This sum was about the original cost of the superb chandelier, which was knocked off for five hundred dollars. Mr. Wardell has a bargain in this. But where is it to be put up? Mr. John Duer bought the fifty four balcony sofas, at four dollars each, about the price of one common chair, and Kimball, of the Boston Museum, got all the red plush arm chairs in the parquette for ninety dollars! Niblo went to the tune of some three hundred for scenery; and the plumbing work, put in at a cost of two thousand dollars or thereabouts, was struck off for sixty dollars. The gas fixtures (cost one thousand eight hundred dollars) fell to Mr. Johnson for seventy dollars; and that superbly painted pair of curtains, act and drop, were allowed to go to a liquor dealer, to adorn a bar-room! And this is at least the third dismantling of an Italian opera house which has happened in this city within our time.—*New York Express.*

Mexico and her claim.

We have before referred to the indications given by Santa Anna, since his return to Mexico, of a disposition to strengthen and consolidate the friendly relations existing between the Spanish and Mexican governments. The subjoined paragraphs from a recent number of *La Cronica*, the Spanish journal published in New York, refer to that subject, and are the more worthy of attention by reason of the close relations understood to exist between that journal and the Spanish authorities at Havana, if not at Madrid. The *Cronica* copies from the *Diario Espagnol*, of the 27th of April, published at Madrid, the following statement:

"It appears that the new chief of the Mexican republic, General Santa Anna, has demanded the Spanish protectorate as the only means of opposing the invasion—each day become more imminent—from the United States, and to preserve the remains of that very rich country against the conquest of its powerful neighbors. According to the versions that we have heard, the idea has been already communicated to the cabinets of London and Paris, by whom, it appears, it has been well received. As much as our natural self-love might approve of the project of General Santa Anna, we repeat that it is necessary to proceed with much tact on this subject, not letting out of sight the great principles which may be involved in it—those of our importance, our influence, our interests in America, and the interests of our island of Cuba."

On this the *Cronica* comments as follows:

"The *Heraldo* does not credit the preceding report, and produces it merely as a curious fact. The *Clamor Publico* has also understood that the idea of General Santa Anna has been communicated to the cabinets of London and Paris, by whom it has been well received. The other periodicals of Madrid, which we have before us, limit themselves to copying the report, qualifying it as important.

"We believe that if anything has been done in the matter, it will have been some indication on the part of Mexico as to whether that republic might calculate, in the event of a war with the United States, on freedom in the Spanish ports, and perhaps in the ports of France and England, for the vessels of its navy and its cruisers. Would Spain refuse entry into her ports to the corsairs of the United States, with Mexican prizes, taken in legitimate warfare? And if the United States would have a just motive of complaint against Spain if she refused to give hospitality to the vessels fighting under a commission from the government at Washington, by what right or pretext could the government require that the same hospitality should not be extended to the Mexican corsairs?

"Spain ought to take a very determined attitude in this question, if she would avoid dangerous compromises in the future. Her right to the open hospitality of her ports equally to Mexico as to the United States, in case of war between these two nations, ought to be defined and recognised when the occasion occurs of making use of that hospitality. We hope that at length the policy will triumph which for five years we have been recommending with unchanging perseverance, because it appears to us more necessary every day to obviate and disentangle the situation to which matters have been brought by the indicisive, vacillating, and, according to all appearances, on the part of England, augatory conduct of the various European governments."

The idea of a Spanish protectorate in Mexico, to which the *Diario* refers, appears to be at least as preposterous in the existing state of things in the two countries as it would certainly be objectionable. The project described by the *Cronica*, of making Spanish ports places of shelter for Mexican privateers in the wholly improbable event of war between the United States and Mexico, seems hardly more worthy of serious consideration. By the treaty of 1795 between Spain and the United States, *privateering*, in case of war between the two countries, is declared to be piracy. The spirit, if not the letter, of such a treaty, would leave to Spain little opportunity, as a friendly power, to shelter in her ports Mexican privateers engaged in depredations upon the commerce of the United States. But, in fact, the whole idea of war thus spread to W. A. Farnsworth's store, and S. Pillsbury's buildings, and a fresh breeze springing up, the whole, in a few minutes, were completely enveloping in flames. To the south, they reached and destroyed the store of Larkin Snow; while to the north, they swept through two or three small stores, Spoford block, the Commercial House, two large wooden stores, Diamond block and Holmes' block, thence they crossed to the opposite side of the street and destroyed everything parallel with the foregoing.

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The Mock Auctions Suppressed.—On passing through Chatham street, it will be observed that the little red flags, and the shrill and loud voices of the "Peter Funks," are seen and heard no more. Chatham street is no longer the centre of attraction for "green" countrymen. "Harry" Howard and District Attorney Blunt have succeeded in their attacks on the "mocks," and forced them to declare, in the language of Shakspeare.—

"Othello's occupation's gone."

With the exception of a few doubtful and suspicious places in Broadway, the "mock" business seems to be abandoned, and the shrewdness and rascality of those who followed it will be exerted in some new vocation. Harry Howard's bill "wound them up," as its provisions were too stringent to warrant their success.—*N. Y. Sunday Dispatch.*


NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE FOR JUNE—Just received by my28 R. P. C. MORGAN, 104 Wood st.

CHEESE—300 lbs prime W. R. cotting, this day rec'd by my28 HENRY H. COLLINS.

BUTTER—8 kegs fresh Butter, for sale by my28 HENRY H. COLLINS.

FISH—Lake Fish, Trout and Herrings, for sale by my23 HENRY H. COLLINS.

SALERATUS—40 boxes prime, for sale by my23 HENRY H. COLLINS.

SUGAR—40 hhds. for sale by my23 HENRY H. COLLINS.

FLOUR WANTED—3000 bbls. Superfine and Extra, by my23 A. HUNTER, 299 Liberty st.

COFFEE—559 bags Rio, just rec'd and in store. For sale by [my23] A. HUNTER.

MOLASSES—160 bbls. oak cooperage, for sale by my23 A. HUNTER.

SUGAR—45 hhds. prime, in store and for sale by my23 A. HUNTER.

BUTTER—5 bbls. prime, just rec'd and for sale by my23 A. HUNTER.

DRIED APPLES—100 bus. in store, to close consignment. my23 A. HUNTER.

GUNNEY SACKS—4000, in store and for sale by my23 A. HUNTER.

OLD WHISKY—4 bbls. old Rye, to close out, by my23 A. HUNTER, 299 Liberty st.

EASTERN BROOMS—20 dozen extra wire bound and "Shaker" Brooms, received and for sale by my23 BAILEY & RENSHAW, 253 Liberty st.

FLOUR—The best qualities of extra Flour, for family use, always on hand, such as Kammerrer's, Culbertson's and Pine Creek. [my23] A. HUNTER.

TOBACCO—50 boxes Grant's 5's; 20 do Lottier's Spun. For sale by my23 A. HUNTER.

TEAS—75 half chests Young Hyson; 20 do Imperial. In store and for sale by my23 A. HUNTER.

HARRYSVILLE PLANK ROAD—100 shares of this Stock wanted, by CHAS. E. LOOMIS, Stock, Bill and Real Estate Broker, my28 76 Fourth st., opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

THE QUEENS OF ENGLAND—From the Norman Conquest; with anecdotes of their Courts; now first published, from authentic documents, private as well as public. By Agnes Strickland; 12 vols., bound in 6 vols. Just received and for sale by my23 RAY & CO., 55 Wood street.

HARPER FOR JUNE,—The present number commences the fourth year and seventh volume of Harper's New Monthly Magazine. It has now reached a monthly edition of One Hundred and Twenty-five Thousand Copies. Bound volumes, Two Dollars; single numbers, 25 cents. Received and for sale at W. A. GILDENFENNEY & CO'S. my23 76 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—Six Acres of Ground, adjoining the village of Whitesburg. This property will be sold low and on accommodating terms. It is a beautiful piece of ground for a country residence, and will be sold lower than similar pieces of ground in the same neighborhood. Apply to THOMAS MOFFITT, my23 Post Buildings, Fifth street.

DRESS, ECONOMICAL AND PRUDENT!—And come to Goff's Hall, 34 Wood street, to buy your Clothing, where you can be sure of finding everything in the way of Clothing, and of every style that you can wish for; together with the best assortment of Furnishing Goods that has ever been offered in this city. The prices cannot fail to suit. *GOTHIC HALL*, 74 Wood street. R. CHESTER.

*We Study to Please.*

Horticultural Notice.

THE Executive Committee of the Pittsburgh Horticultural Society, will hold its monthly meeting in Burke's Building, Fifth street, on Wednesday next, (June 1st, at 10½ o'clock) A. M. Premiums will then be awarded for the best collection of Fruits, Flowers, Plants and Vegetables. Members of the Society, as well as persons not members, are requested to bring in articles for exhibition and competition. my23:3t THOS. J. GALLAHER, Sec'y.

100 ACRES COAL LAND FOR SALE.—Third Pool, Monongahela River, six miles above Elizabethtown, and three miles below Monongahela city, adjoining the property of James H. Murray, Esq., and directly opposite the Cincinnati Coal company. Twenty acres of which is well timbered; the balance highly cultivated. Persons desiring to invest in Real Estate, will find this an excellent opportunity, as the price is very low, and good time given. CHAS. E. LOOMIS, No. 76 Fourth street, my23 opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh.

EXCELSIOR OMNIBUS LINE!

To Sharpsburg and Pittsburgh Hourly.

THE citizens of Sharpsburg, Lawrenceville and Pittsburgh are respectfully informed that on and after the FIRST OF JUNE NEXT, a line of Omnibuses will be run every *hour* throughout the day, from 6 o'clock in the morning until 9 in the evening, *between the Sharpsburg Ferry and Water's, in Lawrenceville*, connecting with the Lawrenceville and Cemetery Line to Pittsburgh.

Fare through 10 cents. Fare between Water's and Sharpsburg 5 cents.

Office—Hilliard's, between Market and Liberty. [my23:3t

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale 215 acres of land in Economy Township, Beaver county, Pa., distant 22 miles from Pittsburgh, between the Ridge and Rearington stations of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company. It has an extensive front on the bank of Ohio River, and is well supplied with limestone and coal. There is also a large and well built double two story stone dwelling on the premises, with all the conveniences, that the farm has been known, in the neighborhood, for many years, as one of the best in Beaver county. For further particulars enquire of CHARLES B. SCULL, my23:3t Burk's Building, 4th st., Pittsburgh.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE FOR JUNE.—A New Volume commenced. The present number commences the Fourth Year and the Seventh Volume of Harper's New Monthly Magazine. It has now reached a Monthly Edition of One Hundred and Twenty-five Thousand Copies, and the demand for it is still increasing with greater rapidity than ever. Contents of the June Number:

Gray's Elegy; written in a country church yard. (Illustrated.) Ancient Peru; its People and Monuments. (Illustrated.) Life in Paris. (Illustrated.) Napoleon Bonaparte; by John S. C. Abbott. (Illustrated.) Let Fools Laugh that Win; by J. Smythe, Jr. The Edinburgh Review on the Influence of Novels. Faithful Forever. The Lost Found. Charity and Humor; a Lecture, by W. M. Thackeray. The Lost Flowers; a Scottish Story. Small Beginnings. Bleak House; by Charles Dickens. Scenes at Sea. The Dead Sea of Burns. The Chateau Degenier. A Fragment of Australian Life. Monthly Record of Current Events. Editor's Table. Editor's Easy Chair. Editor's Drawer. Literary Notices. Comicalities, Original and Selected. Fashions for May. H. MINER & CO., my23 No. 32 Smithfield street.

STATE APPROPRIATION TO COMMON SCHOOL FUND.

IN Pursuance of 22d Section of an Act entitled an Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of Education by Common Schools, passed the 7th day of April, 1840, we herewith publish a statement of the amount to which each District in the County of Allegheny is entitled, out of the Annual Appropriation of $200,000, for the school year 1854, as furnished to this Office by C. A. Black, Esq., Superintendent of Common Schools, at Harrisburg, as follows:

ROBERT KING, ROBERT KING, WM. ALGEO, Commissioners' Office, Allegheny County, May 23, 1853.

| DISTRICTS. | AMOUNT. | DISTRICTS. | AMOUNT. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Allegh'y city, 1st ward | $ 237 76 | Peebles | $ 154 08 |
| Allegh'y city, 2d ward | 253 88 | Pine | 83 28 |
| " " 3d " | 430 92 | Pitt | 201 24 |
| " " 4th " | 551 52 | Pittsburgh, 1st ward | 499 80 |
| Baldwin | 133 56 | " 2d " | 201 24 |
| Birmingham | 238 08 | " 3d " | 504 00 |
| Birmingham East | 129 96 | " 4th " | 256 68 |
| Chartiers | 298 64 | " 5th " | 679 68 |
| Collier | 122 04 | " 6th " | 466 56 |
| Deer East | 190 44 | " 7th " | 153 36 |
| Deer West | 148 40 | " 8th " | 202 76 |
| Elizabeth Borough | 30 36 | " 9th " | 212 76 |
| Elizabeth Township | 255 24 | Pittsburgh South | 131 40 |
| Elizabeth West | 50 96 | Plum | 103 48 |
| Duquesne | 95 76 | Patton | 83 88 |
| Fayette North | 124 08 | Penn | 130 68 |
| Fayette South | 101 88 | Reserve | 98 28 |
| Findlay | 114 48 | Robinson | 182 16 |
| Franklin | 115 40 | Ross | 153 72 |
| Indiana | 199 08 | Shaler | 153 72 |
| Jefferson | 100 80 | Sharpsburg | 95 76 |
| Lawrenceville | 151 20 | Snowden | 85 76 |
| Manchester | 108 48 | St. Clair, Upper | 132 20 |
| M'Candless | 98 76 | St. Clair, Lower | 101 52 |
| M'Keesport | 138 08 | Taventum | 77 40 |
| Versailles | 222 24 | Versailles | 183 16 |
| Moon | 104 76 | Wilkins | 142 56 |
| Ohio | 173 16 | | |

Yours, very respectfully, C. A. BLACK, Superintendent of Common Schools. my28:3tw

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED OFFICE IN THIS CITY FOR EXCELLENCE.

MONEY TO THE OLD COUNTRY.

JAMES BLAKELY begs leave to say to those persons having friends in the Old Country, and desirous of either sending them money or paying their passage, that his arrangements for doing either is now complete, and on so firm a basis that mistakes can not occur, nor losses accrue to any party. During the last ten years in which he has been in this business, he has remitted over a Half Million of Dollars without the loss of a dollar, and the house for which he is agent, in Liverpool, has shipped not less than 45,000 persons during the last year to this country, without a complaint of neglect of duty on their part.

He can issue Passenger Tickets for London, Dublin, Liverpool, Glasgow, Cork, Belfast, Drogheda, Limerick, Port Rush, Newry, Galway, Londonderry, and Dundalk, to New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore and New Orleans, and from thence to Pittsburgh; and will attend strictly to forwarding passengers from thence to any part of the country. He also has sight drafts for sale, payable at the following places, viz:

ON ENGLAND.

Edwards, Sandford & Co.....London.
Wm. Tapscott & Co.....Liverpool.
(Available in the principal cities and towns throughout England and Wales.)

ON IRELAND.

| Provincial Bank | Ireland | | Dublin. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | BRANCHES. | | |
| Armagh, | Belfast, | Downpatrick, | Enniskillen, |
| Mallow, | Strabane, | Athlone, | Fermoy, |
| Drogheda, | Fermoy, | Monaghan, | Enniscorthy, |
| Ballina, | Cavan, | Dundalk, | Galway, |
| Newry, | Tralee, | Ballymena, | Clonmel, |
| Donagmon, | Londonderry, | Omagh, | Youghall, |
| Banbridge, | Kilkenny, | Dungannon, | Kilrush, |
| Waterford, | Coleraine, | Parsonstown, | Cork, |
| Lucan, | Bandon, | Sligo, | Wexford, |
| Cootehill, | Limerick, | Ballyshannon, | |

ON SCOTLAND.

National Bank of Scotland, Edinburgh, and its branches in fifty towns in Scotland.

ON FRANCE.

Messrs. Edward Blount & Co., Bankers.....Paris. (Available in any city in France.)

ON GERMANY.

Messrs. Vogel, Kock & Co., Bankers, Frankfort-on-the-Main. (Available in any city in Germany.)

JAMES BLAKELY, my7 196, cor. of Seventh and Smithfield sts.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LIVER COMPLAINT.

☞ The only remedy ever offered to the public that has never failed to cure, when directions are followed, is M'Lane's Liver Pill. It has been several years before the public, and has been introduced in all sections of the Union. Where it has been used, it has had the most triumphant success, and has actually driven out of use all other medicines. It has been tried under all the different phases of Hepatic, and has been found equally efficacious in all.

For sale by most of the Druggists and Merchants, and by the sole proprietors. FLEMING BROTHERS, my23:3t&w 60 Wood street.

☞ Low Spirits, Hypochondria, want of energy and capacity for business or disposition to enjoy life and happiness, are wretched complaints which silently prey upon the constitution of the unhappy object. They are usually brought on through troubles and afflictions of the mind, sedentary habits, confined air and close application to study. They are sometimes attended with loss of appetite, indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous debility, frightful dreams, and a pallid, unhealthy, downcast countenance. Now, while these melancholy disorders exist, the bright sparkling eye loses its wonted lustre—the mind is prostrated and vivacity—the body its manly courage and vigor, and the noblest feelings of our nature gradually dwindle away to a fretful peevish temper, until life becomes a burthen, and other diseases arise to shorten the existence of the wretched victim.

A balm for these horrible disorders will be found in that excellent article, HALSEY'S FOREST WINE!

☞ See large advertisement in another column.

Sold Wholesale and Retail by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, Pittsburgh, Pa.; also, by JAMES T. SAMPLE, north-west corner of Federal street and the Diamond, Allegheny City. dec28:lmdaw

☞ Scrofula.—It is due to Kier's Petroleum to say that it has been known to completely eradicate every vestage of this dreadful disease in less time than any other remedy, and at less cost or inconvenience to the patient.

The thousands of certificates in the hands of the proprietor, many of which are from well known citizens of the city of Pittsburgh and its immediate vicinity, go to show clearly and beyond all doubt, that Kier's Petroleum is a medicine of no common value, not only as a local remedy in *Rheumatism, Rheumatism, Deafness, loss of Sight*, but as a valuable internal remedy, inviting the investigating physicians, as well as the suffering patient, to become acquainted with its merits.

Those having a dread of mixtures are assured that this medicine is purely natural, and is bottled as it flows from the bosom of the earth.

*The following certificate is copied from a paper published at Syracuse, N. Y., and bears date August 5, 1852, to which is also appended the certificate of the celebrated D. V. Foot, M. D., of Syracuse:*

This may in truth certify, that I have been so badly afflicted with Scrofula for the last seven years that most of the time I have been unable to attend to any kind of business, and much of the time unable to walk and confined to my bed, and have been treated nearly all the time by the best physicians our country affords; I occasionally got some relief, but no cure, and continued to grow worse until Dr. Foot recommended me to try the Petroleum, or Rock Oil, as everything else had failed. I did so without faith at first, but the effect was astonishing; it threw the poison to the surface at once, and I at once began to grow better, and by using seven bottles I have got a cure worth thousands of dollars.

MR