Daily Morning Post.

LUCKY HARPER ..... THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING:.....APRIL 27.

☞ 24 North, as South, by East, as West, under the Constitution; but a sacred Union must and shall be preserved, Liberty and true Religion, to the Common Brotherhood. Victor Hugo, Paris.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
THOMAS H. FORSYTH,
of Philadelphia County.

AUDITOR GENERAL,
EPHRAIM BANKS,
of Mifflin County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
J. PORTER BRAWLEY,
of Crawford County.

THE LEGISLATIVE SPREE.

The Legislative Spree, on Saturday week last, is said to have cost $6,000. The bill of one landlord alone is set down at $4,000. In the hurry at the close of the session, no provision was made for the payment of these bills. FLANIGAN, editor of the Philadelphia *News*, who was a member of the House, thus speaks of the matter:—

"It is surprising with what facility men, ordinarily conceived to be honest, can make up their mind to swindle a commonwealth in broad day-light, whilst they would be at least ashamed to do so in regard to individuals. I am told that the bill of one of these gentlemen amounts to $4,000, and that, when remonstrated with by the committee as to the enormity of the charge, he very coolly replied that it was not worth while to cavil, else he might go to the Legislature of Maryland for his pay. As he now has ample time in which to do so, an opportunity will be afforded him for trying the experiment. I was not present during the 'blow out' neither was I in town, but am informed that it was of a like character with such exhibitions, and in its results most assuredly similar to the whistle bought so dearly and referred to by the old American philosopher."

Against these Legislative Sprees, and all other jollifications, which have to be paid for by taxing the People of the Commonwealth, we enter our solemn protest. There has been entirely too much of this extravagance practised by our Representatives, and we do hope that we will hear no more of it. What right have members of the Legislature to get on drunken sprees, eat costly dinners, and drink high-priced wines, at the expense of the tax payers of the State?—Where will the law be found, which gives them any such license to squander the public money?

When GOV. KOSSUTH visited Harrisburg, some of the members of the Legislature who wished to cut a large figure, escorted him to the Mountain House, near Hollidaysburg, where they contracted an extravagant bill, for eatables and drinkables, and then asked the State to foot it! The bill probably was not too large for the articles furnished; but the men who ordered the items should have paid for them. We were told that a certain gentleman, who was chuck full of patriotism and liquor on that occasion, invited the crowd to imbibe with him, saying, "Come in gentlemen, and drink—it is a free blow, and the State foots the bill."

The remedy for all kinds of legislative extravagance rest with the people. Let them resolve never to re-elect a man who has been guilty of encouraging these sprees, or voting to take money from the State Treasury to pay liquor bills. This will put an end to all such abuses, our word for it.

THE PITTSBURGH MERCHANTS.

COL. ALEXANDER, the accomplished editor of the Clarion *Democrat*, speaks as follows of the Merchants of Pittsburgh; and his remarks are just and true: Country merchants have bought more freely in Pittsburgh this year than at any time heretofore, for the very good reason that they have discovered it to be their interest to do so. The sales this Spring in our city show an immense increase of business over any former season, as we are told by some of our most intelligent business men:

WHY NOT BUY AS CHEAP GOODS IN PITTSBURGH AS ELSEWHERE?—Many of our merchants and others believe that they cannot buy goods on as reasonable terms in Pittsburgh as in the eastern cities. This seems to us to be a mistaken idea. In Pittsburgh houses are rented for six or seven hundred dollars that would cost some fifteen hundred or two thousand dollars in Philadelphia or New York. Taxes are not so high in Pittsburgh as in the east. Light, fuel, and all that pertains to keeping house costs less—then why cannot goods be sold as cheaply in the smoky city as in those of the east.

It is said that the Pittsburghers sell at a profit. To be sure they do, but then that amounts to less than the difference upon rents and other items to which we have referred. There is a jealousy between the Pittsburgh merchants themselves as well as towards the eastern traders that will hold them in check. They dare not go beyond a very limited per centage. They feel determined to rival one another and more especially their brethren in the east. The selfish feeling that exists with the merchants of the east should prompt us to a greater degree of independence than we usually manifest. They oppose the west in all the improvements that tend to happiness, comfort and prosperity, unless it be that Philadelphia alone is benefitted by them. They live in their palaces which they erected from profits upon their goods sold us, and like a certain party, would know no people—no country—beyond their own.

We should try our own markets and our own people. We should buy from those who purchase our commodities—send their money among us and give encouragement to our general interest.

Take away the traveling expenses, time, increase of freight that is put upon small lots and add these to the items before mentioned and we know that money will be saved by buying in Pittsburgh. We hope our people will think of these things, examine and make the necessary and proper calculations.

PITTSBURGH AND STEUBENVILLE RAILROAD.

This work, we are gratified to learn, is attracting that attention in Philadelphia, which its importance demands. The Philadelphians now discover the fact that the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad will be, in point of fact, a continuation of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and when completed, it will form an air line Railroad from Philadelphia, through Pittsburgh, to St. Louis. The following article, which we find in the Philadelphia *News* of Monday, shows that the right feeling exists in that city in regard to this subject:

PITTSBURGH AND STEUBENVILLE RAILROAD.—We notice, by reference to the list of acts passed by the last Legislature of this State, that the city of Philadelphia is authorized to subscribe for two hundred thousand dollars of stock to this company.

This railroad will, when completed, be the last link in the chain of roads that will unite Philadelphia with the centre of Ohio, and the city of St. Louis, by the most direct line.

We are informed, by good authority, that a railroad bridge can be constructed at the city of Steubenville, on the Ohio river, that will not in any way obstruct or impede the navigation of the Ohio river; and that it is the intention of this company, in connection with the Steubenville and Indiana Railroad Company, to make such a bridge, and also to bridge the Monongahela river at or near Pittsburgh, so as to unite with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Pittsburgh, with the same gauge, so that when this road is finished, the cars that leave our city, freighted with Philadelphia merchandise, *may run* direct to St. Louis, and almost in an *air line*. This will be an important advantage to the Philadelphia trade, and is a project that ought to be fostered by the city, as well as the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and we are glad to learn that Mr. P. M. Livingston, of Washington county, is here in our city, to press the matter on our City Councils. We hope they may succeed, and that thousands of tons of the products of the far West may be, by this link of communication, poured into the warehouses of our city. *Roll on the ball*, and let us, within one year from now, shake hands with St. Louis, and through her with the far West and the Pacific.

MARSHAL OF OHIO.

The special correspondent of the North American says that Jabez Fitch is to be Marshal of Ohio. Mr. Fitch is a citizen of Cleveland, and, one of the best Democrats in the State. He is a clever fellow, and will be very popular as an officer.

INTERESTING FROM THE ISTHMUS.—The Panama Star publishes a summary of the message of President Lopez to the Congress of New Grenada. He expressed the hope that the points of dispute between the governments of Peru and New Grenada will be satisfactorily adjusted. He further says the Boundary question between Costa Rica and New Grenada is under consideration by the ministers of both nations at Washington, and should the just claims of New Grenada not be admitted, steps will be taken to enforce them.

The difficulty between Peru and Ecquador, relative to the Flores expedition, had been arranged.

The accounts from Bolivia state that the British Charge des Affaires demanded his passports in consequence of not receiving any satisfaction for certain outrages committed on British subjects in Corojeo, and that the United States Minister's flag having been slighted he was about doing the same.

The Consul of Peru in Bolivia had received orders to leave the country in eight days.

Union of the Democratic Party.

We were much gratified, recently says the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, in perusing an able letter, from HON. HOWELL COBB, of Ga., well known as one of the prominent leaders in the Union political organization at the South, which was composed indiscriminately of Whigs and Democrats, but united in supporting the Compromise resolutions of 1850, advising its abandonment under the circumstances that now exist, and a re-union of the Democratic party of the State upon the basis of the principles laid down in the Baltimore platform and recently enunciated in the Inaugural of General PIERCE. Gov. COBB gives many excellent reasons, showing that it is inexpedient longer to continue the Union party, and we doubt not that his counsel will prevail; and if so, we shall once more have the pleasure of seeing the gallant Democracy of Georgia and Mississippi firmly united in one compact and invincible organization, giving to Gen. PIERCE'S Administration their warm and cordial support.

PROTECTION OF EDITORS AND REPORTERS.—A bill has been introduced into the Senate of New York for the protection of this class of sufferers who are often subjected to great persecution by actions for libel, brought against them by gentlemen who find more "truth than poetry" in the newspapers. The bill is to the following effect:

"No reporter, editor, or proprietor of any newspaper, shall be liable to any action or prosecution, civil or criminal, for a fair and true report in such newspaper of any judicial, legislative, or other public official proceedings of any statement, speech, argument or debate in the course of the same, except upon actual proof of malice in making such report, which shall, in no case, be implied from the fact of the publication."

LIGHTNING UPON THE TELEGRAPH.—The *Ohio State Journal* says that Mr. CHARLES BROWN, of Morristown, Belmont county, O., writes under date of April 20, as follows:

"We had a very, severe thunder-storm here last evening, about five or six o'clock; it struck the telegraph wire just in front of my door and wrenched it from its fastening in the board on the pole, when it swayed so as to come in contact with the sign and post in front of Mrs. Price's Hotel, to which was hitched a very fine horse; it knocked him down, and he hardly recovered his feet when the second peal came and struck about the same place, and knocked him down again, where he lay for something like half an hour, when they got him into the stable. He seemed badly hurt for some time, but is better this morning, so that they can get home."

☞ A modern philosopher says that ready-made fortunes are a good deal like ready-made clothing—they seldom fit those who get them.—Fast young men generally inherit mill sites, while the most likely person to fall heir to a gallery of statuary, would be some old fogy who would much prefer the more producible contents of a stone-cutter's yard. Riches are distributed with very little discrimination. To spend money properly, requires as much brains as to acquire it, and yet who ever knew a man of brains to have "a rich uncle," or a young man of genius to become the residuary legatee to a silver mine?

CURIOUS FREAK OF A STREAK OF LIGHTNING.—The Long Islander, published at Huntington, Suffolk county, says:—During the thunder storm, on Thursday, 14th inst., a house in Amityville was struck by lightning. It seems the lightning entered the door, split the sill, passed along in the room to a large cooking stove, which it threw a p into the second story, and cut off thres of the toes of a woman (whose name we could not ascertain) who was setting near by.—The shoe through which the lightning entered appeared entirely uninjured, with the exception of a small hole on one side.

SENATOR BORLAND.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Herald says that Mr. Borland's appointment to Central America is regarded as equivalent to the proclamation of the Monroe doctrine. He voted against the Clayton and Bulwer treaty, and spoke in favor of its abrogation, at the late extra session of the Senate, and unquestionably go the length of his instructions against British intervention and colonization. The lovers of neutrality call Borland an Arkansas fire-eater, and are afraid he will hurry up a war.

☞ The Overland Emigration to the Pacific, this season, as we learn from the St. Louis Intelligencer, is quite feeble, compared with the great movement of previous years. The Intelligencer, having heard from various sections of the Upper Mississippi, and seeing what is going on in St. Louis, says that not half as many emigrants will cross the plains this season as crossed during the last, though the proportion of Mormons is greater than before.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.—New York is to have a new opera house—one on a magnificent scale. We learn from the *Herald* that $188,000 have already been subscribed, and twenty-five per cent. paid in. Only $12,000 are now wanted to make up the sum required for this splendid enterprise. It is in contemplation to have it completed in December next, and open with Grisi and Mario.

AUSTRIAN VENGEANCE.—It is said that the process now going on against Madame Mesalanyi, a sister of Kossuth, will terminate in a sentence of death. The lady is, however, out of the reach of the Austrian authorities. She is in Brussels, and it is expected that she, with an elder sister, and their children, will soon join a third sister, already established in the United States.

FRESHET IN THE SUSQUEHANNA.—The Harrisburg Union states that the Susquehanna rose suddenly on Thursday and Friday last some ten feet above low water, which did some damage to lumber on the shore. On the whole, however, the rise has been a great advantage, as it has enabled the hardy lumbermen to get their produce to market in large quantities.

☞ The strikes of the workmen in the Eastern shipyards, it is said, have suspended operations there, as the employers are unable to pay the wages demanded. The strikes of the building operatives in Cleveland have caused the abandonment of building projects to the amount of $100,000.

Items of News and Miscellany.

We regret to learn from the Washington Union of the death of Mrs. W. L. CUSTIS, wife of the venerable GEORGE WASHINGTON PARKE CUSTIS, Esq., of Arlington. She died on Saturday at half past one, P. M.

Mr. Brodhead, a brother of the Senator, and a resident of Pike county, Pa., has been appointed Inspector of Timber at the Philadelphia Navy Yard.

The Trader's Bank of Indianapolis, Ia., will go into operation in a few days. Dr. E. W. H. Ellis, of that city, has been elected President.

The Canadians have got the railroad fever not less than the people of the United States, and are building railroads in all directions.

Kendall, of the New Orleans Picayune, in one of his late letters from Paris, in alluding to the Italian opera there, says there is more musical talent now in the United States than in Paris.—A little more scattered, perhaps.

Thirty thousand tons of ice have been taken from the Rockwood Pond in Fitzwilliam, N. H., this season, most of which is stacked in houses on the border of the pond to be transported to Boston for shipping this summer.

The words of the widow of Helvetius to Napoleon are worth remembering:—"You cannot conceive how much happiness can be found on three acres of land."

An English traveler reports that a Yankee would separate from his wife, if she neglected to give him molasses to eat with his pork.

It is said that Mr. Toulmin, who has been appointed postmaster at Mobile upon the request of the late Vice President King, voted for Mr. King upon his first election to the U. S. Senate, when he was chosen by one vote.

The railroad company whose line connects Macon with Columbus, Ga., has received the contract to carry the great southern mail.

Love, like the measles, is rather a juvenile complaint. Who, for instance, ever knew a widower to die from mixing a broken heart with a sixpence of arsenic? We pause for a reply.

The pen with which the signers of the Declaration of Independence signed their several names to that instrument, is now in the office of the Secretary of State in Washington.

The Ohio Statesman says there are 511 convicts now in the Ohio Penitentiary.

The N. Y. Atlas states that Mrs. Sinclair is engaged by the San Francisco managers at $500 per night, for 60 nights.

No one can ever become learned, except by his own application. Modes and opportunities of education may facilitate our progress; but on the whole, our attainments must be resolved into our own diligence.

It appears by the census that the consumption of spirituous liquors in the United States reaches the enormous quantity of eighty-six millions of gallons annually, equal to six gallons for every adult person.

Mrs. Swisshelm, in her letters to young ladies, says that "every country girl knows how to color red with madder." This, we believe, is an ethnological fact, as we have always noticed that with all girls, the madder they get the redder they color.

The Florida Indians, it is said, have gathered in a body at the eastern edge of the Everglades, where they will remain until offensive operations are commenced, and will then disperse.

Several of the omnibus proprietors in Philadelphia have struck for higher fares, and now charge five instead of three cents.

The firemen and coal passers attached to all the steamships at New York, struck for higher wages on Friday week. The advance was generally conceded.

The Expedition to explore the China seas and Bharings' Straits is getting ready to sail from the Brooklyn navy yard. The Vincennes has her stores and most of her seaman on board. She will carry one hundred and seventy men, including officers and seamen.

The Independence Reporter states that for five months up to about the first of April, the snow between Salt Lake and Fort Laramie had stopped all mail communication between those points.

Rev. Dr. John W. Nevin has declined the Presidency of Franklin and Marshall College, and it has been tendered to the Rev. Dr. Philip Schaff.

Electricity—A Curious and Beautiful Experiment.

The Philadelphia Ledger speaks of a beautiful and curious experiment through the instrumentality of electricity, which the editors have seen, *lighting gas with the tip of the finger.* The Ledger says:

This experiment may be easily performed, and has been by Mr. James Swain, of this city, repeatedly in connection with the belting of the engine and shaftings of the Philadelphia Ledger press-room, and is far more astonishing than the spirit rapping, which are setting so much people sons crazy. Friction, it is well known, will produce electricity in certain substances, and the friction of a gutta-percha or common leather working-belt upon the fly-wheel or pullys of a steam engine and shaftings produces it in considerable quantities. If a person will insulate himself by standing upon a board fixed upon glass insulators—common porter bottles would answer—and hold an iron bar or a number of iron spikes in his hand, he may, by extending the opposite hand to a gas burner, light it with the tip of his finger as easily as with a match. He will feel a sensible shock pass through him, a pricking sensation in his finger joints, and see a brilliant spark pass off with a cracking sound to the gas burner. The electric fluid will pass through several persons joining hands the same way, and at the same time to the United States Government. The large dividends that have been realized by the proprietors of the present canal, is an ample guarantee that a much better one will yield even better profits at less rates of toll.

We hope, therefore, that those of our citizens who can afford to make investments in such works, will assist in making this canal on the Indiana side of the river; and if Congress, at any future time, determines that this great highway of commerce and travel be kept open by the General Government, it can purchase it.—*Cin. Enquirer.*

A CURIOUS CASE.—James B. Barnett, a colored man, has applied for a *mandamus*, to compel the Trustees of the New York College to admit him to the profession of a physician. The affidavits for the plaintiff set forth that Barnett is a Baccalaureate of New York University; that he studied medicine with eminent physicians in that city, and that he was regularly matriculated and admitted to the medical and surgical clinicques of the College, and attended one regular courses of lectures. At the next term he was disfranchised and expelled, because he was a person of color. The Trustees admit the facts, but justify their conduct on the ground, that by the course and usage of that Institution, persons of color are not candidates for the degree of Doctor of Medicine. The Court has reserved its decision for their further deliberation.—*Phila. Ledger.*

☞ An instance of the ruling passion strong in death, is thus related by the Peoria (Ill.) *News*: Old Cook was known as a miser, and had amassed a large fortune. On his death-bed, when the last gasp was approaching, a tallow candle was burning upon the stand, and a flickering flame in the fire-place. He watched the candle and then the fire. Suddenly he called his son, "Woodbury, come here." The son approached his bed-side, when the old man whispered out: "Woodbury, blow out the candle—tallow's most as dear as butter."

NEW MODE OF TREATING LOCK-JAW.—Mr. Jno King, of the Clearspring district, the Hagerstown Herald says, was bitten on the wrist by a hog, a week or two ago. Several days after, he was taking violently ill with lock-jaw. Dr. Hagerstown, was called in, who immediately administered chloroform, and laid the wound freely open, applying an emollient poultice, and continuing the chloroform with opium. In five hours under this treatment the spasms were arrested, and Mr. King is now entirely recovered.

From the Boston Transcript.

"THE SOLID MEN OF BOSTON."

We are indebted to John H. Eastburn, Esq., for a copy of the tax list of parties who were taxed on $6,000 and upwards in the city of Boston in the year 1852. The list includes upward of five thousand persons, co-partnerships, and corporations. We copy the names of persons and firms who pay a tax of two hundred thousand dollars and upward. One hundred and sixty-four individuals pay taxes on an assessment of upward of $100,000 and less than $200,000. It should be stated that the names of some large non-resident real estate owners appear in the following list; the tax upon their personal estate is paid in the town where they are citizens. Corporations and associations are omitted from the present enumeration.

The list of parties taxed from $200,000 to $300,000, includes the names of Benjamin Adams, $204,400, Thomas Amory's heirs, 200,000, Wm. T. Andrews, (executor) 224,000, Wm. Appleton & Co., 266,000, Wm. and Nathan Appleton (trustees) 210,000, Benjamin Bangs, 246,000, Blanchard, Converse & Co., 200,000, J. W. Blodget & Co. 250,000, Wm. H. Boardman, 225,000, Josiah Bradlee, 204,000, John W. Bradlee, 283,000, Martin Brimmer's heirs, 292,500, Edward Brooks, (trustee) 295,000, Andrew Carney, 231,500, Ebenezer Chadwick, 213,000, Jonas Chickering, 204,800, Edward Everett, 215,000, Joseph Coolidge, 202,500, Levi A. Dowly, 221,000; Eben Francis, 212,000, Henry Gardner, 278,900, Geo. W. Gerrish, 202,000, David Greenough's heirs, 201,600, Hall J. Howe's heirs, 250,500, John Hancock, 207,000, George Howe, 89,060, H. H. Hunnewell, 297,000, Henderson Inches, 208,000 Benjamin Loring, 202,000 Wm. P. Mason, 265,000 Lewis Rice, 260,000; S. H. Russell, (trustee) 201,000 Sampson & Tappan, 201,000, B. G. Shaw & Co., 200,000; E. Skinner & Co., 200,000, Snow & Rich, 200,000, John E. Thayer & Brother, 275,000, Thomas Thompson, 240,000, John P. Thorndike, 290,000, Joseph Tiden 260,000, Edward Tuckerman's heirs, 212,700, Thainess Upham, 275,000, Wm. Walker, 286,000, Thomas W. Ward, 274,000, John C. Warren, 367,000, Benj. Wellles, 381,000.

Between $300,000 and $400,000, Edward Brooks $836,000, Peter C. Brooks, 317,000, Charles R. Codman 311,000, Henry Codman 364,800, John L. Gardner 451,400, John C. Gray 352,200, Benjamin Humphrey 325,000, Amos Lawrence 893,000, Charles H. Mills and others 809,608, Peter Parker 869,000, George Parkman's heirs 335,000, Wm. Rollius (executor) 330,000, John Simmons 338,000, John W. Troll 325,000, Moses Williams 333,000.

Between $400,000 and $500,000; Samuel Appleton $498,500, William Appleton 444,800, John M. Beebe, Morgan & Co. 400,000, Josiah Bradlee & Co. 400,000, Augustus Hemmenway 410,000, Abbott Lawrence (trustee) 490,000, Samuel Sanford 424,900, George C. Shattuck, 430,000, Thomas B. Wales, 410,000.

Between $500,000 and $600,000; Nathan Appleton 587,000, John Borland (trustee) 531,000, John Bryant 540,000, John Wells 544,000.

Upward of $600,000; Thomas Wiggleworth 661,500, Jonathan Phillips 705,900, John D. William's heirs 749,500, David Sears $42,000, Robert G. Shaw 940,800, Abbot Lawrence 1,092,000.

CORPORATION PROPERTY IN BOSTON.—The tax book reveals that real estate in Boston to the aggregate amount of $13,900,000 is owned by chartered companies. The assessed value of the property held by land companies is as follows: The fifty associates $881,500, East Boston Company 400,000. South Cove Company 253,300, Boston Water Power Company 675,000, Exchange Company 290,000, Liberty Square Company 60,000, Long Island Company 23,000, Boylston Market 130,000.

The wharf companies are taxed as follows: Boston Wharf Company, $250; Commercial wharf, $460,000; East Boston wharf, $210,000; Mercantile wharf, $221,000; Long wharf, $518,000; Central wharf, $375,500; India wharf, $214,000; Rowe's wharf, $128,500; Sargent's wharf, $110,000; South wharf, $142,000; Union wharf, $325,000; Lewis's wharf, $41,000; Liverpool wharf, $35,000; Foster's wharf, $88,000.

The real estate held by the various railroad corporations is valued as follows; Worcester road, $780,600; Providence, $200,000; Lowell, $300,000; Old Colony, $217,000; Eastern, $160,000; Grand Junction, $175,000; Boston and Maine, $221,000.

The hotels are taxed on the following valuation: American House, $220,000; Tremont, $220,000; United States Hotel, $170,000; Revere House, $125,000; Winthrop House, $150,000.

The real estate of the Merchants' Bank is taxed for $160,000, the Suffolk, $130,000, New England, $111,000, Union, $174,000, Tremont, $85,000, City, $70,000, Massachusetts, $110,000, Savings Bank, $59,600, Suffolk Savings Bank, $48,000, Merchants' Insurance Company, $105,000, National Insurance $70,000, Suffolk Insurance Company, $90,000, Massachusetts Life Insurance Company, $107,000. The leased property of the Old South Church is assessed at $228,000.

The large manufacturing corporations are taxed on their land and buildings on a valuation as follows: Gas Company, $447,800, East Boston Sugar Refinery, $303,000, Boston and Roxbury Mill Company, $141,000, Locomotive Company, $310,000, Glendon Rolling Mills, $165,000, Steam Flour Mill, $130,000. Marine Railway, $86,000, Massachusetts Iron Company, $104,000, New England Cotdage Company, $45,000, South Boston Iron Company $146,000.

New Canal at the Falls.

We have been prompted time and again to speak of the canal at Louisville, but have as often refrained, in the hope that something would be done by the General Government to so improve the navigation at the Falls, that the largest class boats could reach this city from N. Orleans, instead of being compelled to stop at Portland. But the recent report of the officers directed by the Government to survey the present canal at that point, with a view to its enlargement, has satisfied us that it is foolish for our citizens longer to depend upon other than their own means for the improvement of the navigation at that point. The report estimates that it will require two million five hundred thousand dollars to enlarge and improve the present canal sufficient to float and pass the largest class steamers. That, too, in addition to the necessary interruption in the navigation, while the work is going on.

We understand that it is in contemplation to build a canal by private enterprise, on the Indiana side of the river. The State granted a charter for that purpose some time ago, and has recently so amended it as authorize the stockholders to sell at any time to the United States Government. The project has received encouragement from the Government, and we understand that it is adapted not only to the wants of steam distillers, but for every farmer, or others who may wish to engage in the art of distilling. With numerous engravings. For sale by R. T. G. MORGAN,
apr27 104 Wood street.

☞ **Valuable Rare Garden Seeds, &c.**—CONSISTING in part of the celebrated Stowl or Evergreen Sugar Corn; Old Colony Sugar Corn, Wrinkled Sugar Peas of various improved varieties, Blue Imperial, Blue Prussian and Marrowfats do, Beans; Onions, Radish, Parsnip, Cucumber and Melons of the finest and most approved sorts, Field Carrots, Turnips and Sugar Beets for the dairyman and farmers. A rich collection of flower seeds; Lawn Grass Seed, and a full and complete assortment of Garden and Farming implements of the latest improvements, Monthly Vabenia, Rose, Heliotrope, and fine blooming plants for the yard, Garden or Lawns, by the dozen or 100 at low rates.

Orders from Merchants, Dealers or others filled promptly on liberal terms, from the Seed and Horticultural warehouse, 49 Fifth street, by [apr27] JAMES WARDROP.

MORSE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF YELLOW DOCK ROOT.

THIS is a purely Vegetable Compound, scientifically prepared from the best roots and herbs of the Materia Medica, and has gained an unrivalled reputation for the following effects, viz:

REGULATING AND STRENGTHENING THE LIVER, Digestive Organs, and cleansing the Stomach and Bowels, and thus curing all Bilious Disease, Liver Complaints, and thus curing all Bilious Disease, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Piles, Headache, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, &c., and causing the food to nourish and support every part;

PURIFYING THE BLOOD,

and thus curing all Humors, Cutaneous Eruptions, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Canker, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Ulcers, Tumors, Mercurial Disease, Cancers, &c. &c.

REGULATING THE SECRETORY ORGANS,

and by enabling them to perform their proper functions, preventing and curing many painful and dangerous diseases; strengthening and quieting the Nervous System, thus allaying Nervous Irritation, and curing all diseases of the Nervous as Hysteria, Neuralgia, Cramps, &c. It is unrivalled in the cure of all FEMALE COMPLAINTS, as Weakness, General Debility, Irregularity, Obstructions, Swelling of the Feet, Limbs, Joints, &c., caused by weakness' also, Lung and Throat Complaints, as Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, &c.; also, Dropsy.

Having made use of the Compound Syrup of Yellow Dock Root, prepared by C. Morse & Co., either on review, or in our families, and finding it to be a very salutary and effectual preparation; we do most cheerfully recommend it to the public as a very valuable medicine.

R. Bourne, Esq., Cashier National Bank, Providence, R. I.; A. W. Spencer, Esq., Cashier Lime Rock Bank, do. do., Rev. William Phillips, Rev. J. B. Richmond, C. S. Jones, editor Providence Gen. Advt., William Field, M. W. G. M., Cyrus Fisher, M. E. H. P., James Hutchinson, G. S., Dea. V. J. Bates, Doct. Benj. Colby, and one hundred others of the most respectable families of Providence.

This certifies that I have for a number of years been acquainted with the composition and mode of manufacture of MORSE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF YELLOW DOCK ROOT. I have also been acquainted with its modus operandi in disease, and can say that in all respects it is admirably calculated to remedy that class of Disease for which it was designed. It is especially valuable in INDIGESTION and all its attendant symptoms, it assists to healthy action the LIVER, removes torpor, and inactivity of this ORGAN, and stimulates healthy action in all the system. As a DEPURATOR, or purifier of the Blood, it has no superior.

DAVID HOLMES, M. D.

Providence, R. I, Jan. 4, 1853.

☞ Prepared by C. MORSE & CO., No. 446 Broadway, New York, and sold by Druggists and others throughout this and other countries. JOEL MOHLER, Agent,
apr27-1y Pittsburgh, Pa.

MARRIED:

At Courtmacsuddy Chapel, on Monday, the 28th ult., by the Rev. John Colier, DANIEL OG. O'NEILL, eldest son of Mr. Hugh O'Neill, Clonecoke, to MARY, eldest daughter of Mr. James O'Neill, Castleboon. Immediately after the ceremony, the happy couple started for Dublin, *en route* to Pittsburgh, America.—*Wexford (Ireland) Guardian, April 2.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC HALL

THE GRAND
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT
FOR THE
BENEFIT OF MR. CHARLES DONMALL.
Will take place on THURSDAY EVENING, April 28.

PERFORMERS:
Miss KRAFT, Vocalist.
Mr. WAMELINK, Pianist.
Mr. VOGEL, Violinist.
Mr. DE HAM, Pianist.
CHARLES DONMALL, Flutist.

PROGRAMME:
PART FIRST.
1. Violin and Piano—Duett; Performed by Messrs. Vogel and Wamelink.
2. Song—"I'll roam the dewy bowers," (Haas) sung by Miss Kraft.
3. Flute and Piano—Fantasie Brillante, (Lucrezia Borgia) performed by Messrs. Donmall and De Ham.
4. Song—"Hard, hard times," (Milton) sung by Miss Kraft.
5. Flute Solo—Irish and Scotch Airs and Quickstep, imitating the rapid motion of railroad cars, and their arrival at the depot; performed by Mr. C. Donmall.

PART SECOND.
6. Solo Violin; performed by Mr. Vogel.
7. Song—"Sweet Eyes;" sung by Miss Kraft.
8. Solo—Piano, in imitation of the Banjo, (Strakosh) performed by Mr. De Ham.
9. Song—"I am the Bayadere," (as sung by Madame Anna Bishop) sung by Miss Kraft.
10. Flute and Piano—A Prelude (allegro) and Swiss air, with variations, introducing "Ah! dolce Guidaino," from Anna Bolena; performed by Mr. Donmall and De Ham.

☞ With a view to Mr. Donmall's Benefit, the Chickering Grand Piano, kindly furnished by Mr. Mellor, at the German Conservatory, will be used on this occasion.

☞ Tickets, fifty cents each, and two tickets, admitting two Ladies and one Gentleman, one dollar. For sale at Kleber's, Mellor's and Blume's Music Stores, and the Monongahela House.

☞ Doors open at 7 o'clock, to commence at 8 o'clock.
(Morning papers copy.)

PEPPER—20 bags, for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
apr27

MUSTARD—30 boxes, for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
apr27

GROUND PEPPER—25 boxes pure, for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
apr27

WOOL TWINE—200 lbs., for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
apr27

SHOT—5 kegs, assorted sizes, for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
apr27

LEAD—1500 lbs. Bar Lead for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
apr27

BACON—3000 Sides, 2500 Hams, just out of smoke; for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
(apr27)

LARD OIL—10 bbls., for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
apr27

PEARL STARCH—15 boxes, for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
mar27

RAISINS—30 boxes, for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
apr27

SCOTCH SNUFF—20 boxes, put up in 2 and 4 oz. papers; also, 2 bbls. in bladders; for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
apr27

J. F. D. EMATING HAS REMOVED from the corner of Smithfield and Fulton streets, to Store No. 184 SMITHFIELD street, near Seventh.

WANTED—THREE BRUSH MAKERS, to whom constant employment will be given. Enquire at No. 110 Wood street. CHAS. A. MOORE.
(apr27)

BOYS' BOOTS—Parents will find an excellent assortment of boys and Youths' Boots and Monroes at W. E. SCHMERTZ, 107 Market st.

MISSES' GAITERS—Some new styles of Misses' Shoes, for Spring, have just arrived at W. E. SCHMERTZ, 107 Market st.

LARD—20 bbls. Lard; 30 kegs do; For sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
apr27

WAYNMAN & NOYES' INK for sale at W. S. HAVEN'S Stationery Warehouse, Market street, corner of Second.
apr27

FABER'S PENCILS—Faber's Pencils, round, hexagon, oval, triangular and flat; various qualities of each; for sale at W. S. HAVEN'S Stationery Warehouse, Market street, corner of Second.
apr27

FRENCH BRONZE SLIPPERS—The attention of Ladies is called to the splendid Slippers and Bushins just received at W. E. SCHMERTZ, 107 Market street.
apr27

PRESERVED GINGER—Preserved Ginger, in pots and boxes, wet and dry, received and for sale by J. LAVELY & CO., Tea Dealers and Grocers, 265 Liberty st., one door from Hand.
apr27

GROUND SPICES—20 cans Gro. Cassia; 15 do Alepice; 10 do Cloves; Entirely free from adulteration; for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
apr27

MACKEREL—10 bbls. No. 1, large; 10 " No. 2, " 40 " No. 3, " 10 hf. bbls. No. 3, large; for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.
apr27

THE "TOP AND TEN—GIANT" No. 705 Pens; a fresh supply of 200 gross of these excellent Pens, just rec'd, per Adams' Express, at W. S. HAVEN'S Stationery Warehouse, Market street, corner of Second.
apr27

CRETA LARVIS—Superior Creta Lavris, or colored pencils, which blend either with or without the use of water. Every variety of shades always to be had at W. S. HAVEN'S Stationery Warehouse, Market street, corner of Second.
apr27

Fashionable Clothing

I AM sticks that wear, persons fastidious to get, when they want to purchase either for themselves or Boys. They can always be had for the Cash, to your entire satisfaction, for all sizes, from 2½ years old to boys of larger growth and riper years, at Gothic Hall, 74 Wood st.
(apr27)

☞ We Study to Please.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration have been legally granted to the subscriber, on the Estate of NANCY WHITE, deceased, late of North Pavette Township. All persons indebted to any way to said Estate, will please make immediate payment; and those having claims against said Estate, will please present them, properly authenticated, for settlement, at the office of the subscriber, in North Fayette Township.
ROBT. POTTER, Adm'r.
apr27:6tw*

Cargo's Daguerreotype and Art Gallery,
Apollo Building, No. 76 Fourth street, (next to Lynch's Carpet Emporium.)

P. M. CARGO & CO. having fitted up the most ample rooms in the city with mammoth sky and side lights, offer First Class LIKENESSES, in any style to suit all, varying in price according to the style and quality of case, &c. Superior Oil Paintings, by the best artists, for sale, and on exhibition during the day and evening. Citizens and Strangers are invited to call and examine Specimens and Paintings.
apr27

☞ **Pennsylvania Railroad Company.**

THE SUMMER RATES between Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Baltimore, are as follows:

First Class—Feathers, Furs and Peltry, Buffalo, Bear and Moose Skins, Hides—75 cents per 100 lbs.

Second Class—Alcohol, Beeswax, Cloverseed, Deer Skins, Dried Fruit, Glassware, Hemp, Hardware, Leather, Sugar, Wool—60 cents per 100 lbs.

Third Class—Butter, Candles, Cheese, Earthen Ware, Leaf Tobacco—50 cents per 100 lbs.

Fourth Class—Bacon, Pork and Beef Salted, Lard and Lard Oil, Whisky, Cotton—40 cents per 100 lbs.

GEORGE C. FRANCISCUS,
apr27 Freight Agent.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE undersigned offers for sale his farm, situated in Franklin township, Allegheny county, on the Ohio River, 12 miles from Pittsburgh, containing 100 acres, 60 of which are cleared and in good order for the plough, and the balance well timbered with Sugar, Walnut, Poplar, Oak, Chestnut, &c. The farm is well watered, and has on it a good Dwelling House, Barn, Stable, Spring House, Orchard, &c. Any person desiring a farm, will find it to their interest to examine the premises before purchasing elsewhere. For further information, enquire of the subscriber, on the premises, or in Pittsburgh, of JAMES BLAKELY, Real Estate Office, corner Seventh and Smithfield sts.
apr21

WEISBACH'S MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING—Principles of the Mechanics of Machinery and Engineering, by Julius Weisbach, Professor of Mechanics and Applied Mathematics in the Royal Mining Academy of Freiberg. First American edition. Edited by Walles R. Johnson, A. M., Civ. and Min. Eng., formerly Professor of Mechanics and Natural Philosophy in the Franklin Institute, and of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy in the State, and of Chemistry and Medical Department of Penna. College; author of a Report to the United States Navy Department on American Coals, &c