Daily Morning Post.

LICKY HARPER.....THOMAS PHILLIPS

Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING.....APRIL 25.

☞ No North, no South, no East no West, under the Constitution; but a sound National Union, a National Band, and true devotion to the Common Brotherhood.—FRANKLIN PIERCE.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
THOMAS H. FORSYTH,
of Philadelphia County.

AUDITOR GENERAL,
EPHRAIM BANKS,
of Mifflin County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
J. PORTER BRAWLEY,
of Crawford County.

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☞ FINE JOB PRINTING. ☜ Having recently made large additions of New and Beautiful Type to our Newspaper and Job Offices, we are now prepared to do all kinds of Printing, from a common circular, up to the larger work, in the best style of the day. Orders from the Country promptly attended to, and one forwarded in our extensive Job Office, gives us a call.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The President of the late Democratic State Convention, announces the following State Central Committee, in conformity with the resolution of the Convention, directing him to appoint the Committee. The Committee will meet at the Merchants' Hotel, in the City of Philadelphia, on Saturday, the 21st of May, at 4 o'clock, P. M. The Democratic papers in the State will please publish this notice.

In order to make a convenient and effective organization throughout the State, it will be proposed to constitute a General State Committee of Correspondence, composed of one from each County. In view of this arrangement, the Democratic Standing Committee of each County is requested to nominate one member for said committee, and forward the nomination to the subscribe in time to lay before the meeting of the State Central Committee to be held on the 21st of May. WM. L. HIRST.

Philadelphia, April 21, 1853.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Hon. James Burnside, Centre.
John A. Ahl, Cumberland.
George Plitt, Philadelphia.
Hon. Charles R. Buckalew, Columbia.
William Badger, Philadelphia.
Henry B. Beardslee, Wayne.
William Curtis, Philadelphia.
Hon. John Cessna, Bedford.
James C. Clarke, Westmoreland.
Francis C. Carson, Dauphin.
Hon. William Dock, Dauphin.
Hon. John L. Dawson, Fayette.
Henry L. Deffenbach, Clinton.
John C. Evans, Berks.
Hon. Thomas B. Florence, Philadelphia.
Oliver P. Fretz, Montgomery.
Thomas Jameson, York.
Hon. Robert J. Fisher, York.
Thomas S. Fernon, Philadelphia.
Hon. William Goodwin, Philadelphia.
David Lynch, Allegheny.
Hon. Byron D. Hamlin, McKean.
Charles H. Hunter, Berks.
Charles M. Hall, Schuylkill.
George T. Harvey, Bucks.
Jos Y. James, Warren.
Owen Jones, Montgomery.
Horn R. Kneass, Philadelphia.
Samuel G. King, Philadelphia.
Hon. John S. McCalmont, Clarion.
Henry S. Mott, Pike.
R. Emmet Monaghan, Chester.
William H. Miller, Perry.
Benjamin Parke, Dauphin.
Henry M. Phillips, Philadelphia.
Hon. James W. Quiggle, Clinton.
James L. Reynolds, Lancaster.
Levi Reynolds, Delaware.
J. L. Ringwalt, Monroe.
Hon. John Robbins, Jr., Philadelphia.
Edmund N. Stagers, Philadelphia.
Hon. George Sanderson, Bradford.
H. J. P. Stokes, Philadelphia.
F. B. Streeter, Susquehanna.
Thomas S. Stewart, Philadelphia.
Hiram B. Swarr, Lancaster.
Richard Vaux, Philadelphia.
Harrison Wright, Luzerne.
George Williams, Philadelphia.
W. W. Wise, Jefferson.
Hon. William H. Witte, Philadelphia.
William Henry Welsh, York.

THE SUPREME COURT.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania terminated its March term at Philadelphia on Thursday last. The Pennsylvanian remarks that the Judges have, by their attention to business, their industry, their ability and well-digested opinions, won the approval of the bar and the confidence of the community. The argument list, overgrown in its proportions, and a place on which has, for so many years past, given promise of a long repose to an unwilling debtor, is now of moderate size; and a case removed to this Court can with certainty be reached and decided at the first term after removal. This is an improvement, and the predictions of those who argued against the election of Judges by the people are falsified by this practical and beneficial result of the system. The Judges are learned and able men, have shown themselves fully worthy of the trust confided to them, and have thus done all to make the people satisfied with their change in this important branch of government.

The Way the Money of the People Goes.

New York is a great city, and its citizens are a fast people. When the patriot Meagher arrived in the United States, the city government proposed to give him a grand reception. But Mr. Meagher, with his accustomed modesty, declined the honor, assigning as a reason that it would be improper for him to receive it while his poor com-patriots were groaning under the heavy tyranny of his country's oppressors.—But the New York Councilmen were not to be deprived of their privilege to squander the people's money; they went through the motions of an invitation, and saddled the people with a bill of $2,126 75, for nothing. This large sum has been expended as the mere initiatory proceedings of an event that never took place. This is one of the most flagrant instances of municipal extravagance for the purpose of a frolic that we have ever heard of.

CITIZENS' DEPOSIT BANK.

We understand that the bill incorporating this bank has not yet secured the signature of the Governor. There is a strong prejudice in our State against banks; and from the manner in which they are accumulating, there is no ground to wonder at this feeling. But this is not one of the objectionable institutions, in the strict sense of the term. The bank has not been organized for the purpose of speculation, but solely for the mutual benefit of mechanics, who, by their industry and frugality, have provided the means to put it in operation.

CHAMBERSBURG BANK.—A bill has passed the Legislature restoring the Chambersburg Bank Stock to its original par value of $50 per share and thus increasing its banking capital about $50,000. The shares were reduced to $40 some years ago, thereby sinking the capital just restored.

☞ The Harrisburgh *Union* of Wednesday last records the death of Justice Grason, of the Supreme Court, at Carlisle, on that morning.—This is evidently a mistake, as the Philadelphia papers of a later date state that Mr. G. is at the U. S. Hotel in that city, and is not dead.

☞ A. J. DALLAS, of this city, a son of the late Judge Dallas, has been appointed to a clerkship in the Sixth Auditor's office, at Washington, with a salary of $1600. Henry Rodgers, of this state, has received a similar clerkship.

THE CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

The Monongahela Republican, published at Monongahela City, Washington county, after assuming that the Chartiers Valley Railroad project will be dropped, (ridiculous idea!) makes the following proposition:

We have a proposition to present to Pittsburgh. Drop that portion of the Connellsville road leading from Pittsburgh along the Valley of the Youghiogheny to West Newton, and build the road up to this place, and thence by the Hempfield to West Newton, from which point they might run along the survey track of the Connellsville. The distance between Pittsburgh and where this road would join the Hempfield, is only 18 miles, through a beautiful country, making the distance between West Newton and Pittsburgh about 29 miles. Along the river shore the distance would be probably 28 or 30 miles to this place, making the distance to West Newton less than 40 miles. We suppose this plan would not please our citizens, as they think they are near enough to Pittsburgh, but it will do well enough to talk about, which is about all that is accomplished for about half the Railroads proposed to be built.

We are not sufficiently acquainted with the route through which it is proposed to construct the Connellsville Railroad, to say much on the subject of the above proposition. This much we know, however, that the Connellsville road, is in good hands, and they will take such action in the premises as will result to the advantage of the citizens of Pittsburgh, as well as the people of the region of country between here and Cumberland. Gen. LANDER, the enterprising President, will manage the affairs of the Company, we have no doubt, to the entire satisfaction of those who are interested.

Pittsburgh and Steubenville Line of Packets.

We are pleased to learn that a movement is on foot to bring about the establishment of a daily line of Steam Packets between Pittsburgh and Steubenville. We are of the opinion that the project would pay well, and we are certain that it is greatly needed. The Steubenville *Herald* advocates the measure with much earnestness.—It says: The getting up of a daily line of steamers between Steubenville and Pittsburgh, is beginning to claim the attention of the Pittsburgh public, and is also noticed in Wheeling in a spirit which they not unfrequently manifest towards improvements up this way. We have supported their packets liberally, and if the business interests of Steubenville and Pittsburgh require a line of packets between the two cities, we think we have a perfect right to establish it, without enquiring whether or not it meets the approbation of our Wheeling neighbors. The trade, if properly managed, would prove a profitable one—about this steamboat men generally agree. One gentleman in this city has agreed to take the fourth of a boat worth from $16,000 to $18,00. Can't others here and at Pittsburgh be found who will invest a corresponding sum of money? If an effort were made, there would be no difficulty about it.

Pittsburgh, Maysville and Cincinnati Railroad.

The project meets with great favor by the people residing in the region of country through which it is proposed the road shall pass. The Marietta Republican says: "The people of Morgan county had quite a respectable Railroad meeting at McConnellsville, on last Friday.—They are in for a road through that county, to be built by the Pittsburgh, Maysville and Cincinnati Railroad Company. Cambridge, McConnellsville and Athens are points in this projected Railroad."

The Guernsey Jeffersonian, published at Cambridge, Ohio, says: "Our folks are all agog about the new road, and feel confident that the necessary amount will be raised to the capital stock. In a conversation with Mr. PEACOCK, the very efficient and gentlemanly President of the road, we learn many of the benefits and interests it will be to our people. But one glance over the line shows the superior merit and practicability which it has over almost any other road in the Union. It will be built."

IMPROVEMENT IN TYPE-SETTING.—Mr. John S. Sergeant, of Cincinnati, makes the following suggestions in the *Gazette* of that city:

The plan is simply this:—"Omit all the spaces until the words of a line are in type, and then carefully insert quadrats, three, four, five m or hair spaces, as may be required to fill out the line, and leave the correct width of space between all the words and before the points, &c.

"This does away with the frequent and often very hindersome visits to the space box, and allows the compositor to follow more closely with his stick, the right hand greatly enhancing speed; it ensures, with a moiety of care, proper spaces in the line, and leaves the compositor efficiently to detect errors, at this, the proper time for their correction."

We are apprehensive that, upon trial, Mr. Sergeant's improvement would prove a great stumbling block in the way of compositors. In case of bad copy, it would not only compel them to cudgel their brains to find out the meaning of the writer, but afterwards to waste their time in arranging a line of incongruous type. We are of opinion that most printers would rather follow the old system, and go to the space box as often as necessary, rather than be compelled to study one line over twice. We think that the system of type-setting is "finished," and it might be as well to let it remain where it is.

A LANDLORD WANTED.—The proprietors of the Glen Hotel, recently erected on the Braddocksfield Plank Road, four miles from the city, wish to lease the establishment to some gentleman who is competent to manage it to the satisfaction of the public. This is one of the prettiest locations in the vicinity of Pittsburgh; and in the hands of an experienced and gentlemanly landlord, the house will undoubtedly do a good business. During the summer months, hundreds of our citizens will daily patronise the Glen Hotel.

☞ The Pirates of Borneo have commenced operations afresh. The dreadful castigation they experienced at the hands of Sir James Moore has kept them quiet for a long time; but one of their leaders, named Rentab, lately mustered all his forces, and sailed down the River Rejang, where he attacked and routed a party led by two Englishmen. Many were killed on both sides, and among the number; one of the brave English leaders.

☞ The Revenue service is to be cut down to sixteen of each grade. New revenue cutters are about to be built, to be nalled the William L. Marcy, Jefferson Davis, James C. Dobbin, Robert LoLelland, Caleb Cushing, and James Guthrie. The name of the seventh is not decided on. There is already a "Campbell" in the service, or the name of the Postmaster General would be used.

WISCONSIN GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.—The Legislature of Wisconsin having authorized a geological survey of the State, and appropriated $2,500 for the purpose, the Governor has appointed Professor Daniels as the State Geologist, to conduct the survey, and Mr. Tonny, formerly of the Madison Argus, as assistant. The survey will commence in the Wisconsin lead region.

BANK CAPITAL.—The Bank Capital of New York city is, at the present period, about $42,000,000, which is nearly equal to that of all the banks in the State in the month of September, 1848. The specie on hand on the 26th of Feb., is less than it was in December, 1850, while the aggregate of liabilities has increased within that period nearly 50 per cent.

BORING FOR LEAD.—The Galena Gazette mentions the report of a vein of lead *seven feet thick* having been struck near Mineral Point, 100 feet below the surface. A vein was recently struck near Shullsburgh, 140 feet below the surface.

NEIGHBORHOOD OF PITTSBURGH.

A bill was passed during the late session of the Legislature, striking Mercer county out of Judge Agnew's Judicial District, and attaching it to Judge Knox's District. Judge Knox will have his District composed of the counties of Mercer, Venango, Clarion and Jefferson; and Beaver, Lawrence and Butler counties will compose Judge Agnew's District.

We understand that a new Judicial District has been formed out of the counties of Clearfield, Centre and Elk.

The Butler Herald states that Col. James A. Gibson, Engineer on the Allegheny and Butler Plank Road, is busily engaged at present, in making a survey from Butler to the Glade Mill. As soon as it is done, a location will be made and the contract for immediate completion. The citizens along the line of this improvement exhibit a deep and lively interest in its earliest completion.

We learn from the Washington Examiner that whilst Samuel Miller, constable of Hanover township, in company with Samuel Amspoker, was attempting to arrest a Irishman named Kennedy, for alleged fraud, in the neighborhood of Florence, he was assaulted by six or seven of Kennedy's friends, who succeeded in preventing the arrest. Mr. Amspoker was knocked down, by a severe blow in the face with a large stone, and then beaten. Had it not been for the timely assistance of Mr. Miller, in all probability Amspoker would have been killed. The citizens of Florence armed themselves with guns, repaired to the place where the difficulty had occurred, and after arresting a large number of Irishmen, succeeded in identifying two of them as having been guilty of the assault upon Miller and Amspoker. They were committed by a magistrate in Florence, and on the same evening were lodged in our county jail.

The Rev. James McCloskey, a Methodist minister in Washington county, died on the last passage of the steamer Union from Aspinwall to New York, of ship fever.

The Monongahela Republican says: Capt. Jas. Nichols, who took a company of adventurers from the neighborhood of West Newton and Bellevernon, to California two years ago, has since made a trip to the Sandwich Islands, as Captain of a vessel, and returned to California with money enough to buy a ship, which he filled with passengers destined for Australia, whither he has gone. He will clear $10,000 by his trip to Australia. This is enterprise of the right stamp.

From the New Lisbon (O.) Patriot we learn that a sufficient amount of stock has been subscribed to the Ashtabula and New Lisbon Railroad project to secure an organization of the Company. Ten thousand dollars was the sum required for this purpose. Twenty thousand shares of stock have been taken to the Road in New Lisbon within the past few days. An election for a Board of Directors will soon be ordered.

Under the caption of "Prosperity of Wooster," the Democrat of that place says: "As an additional evidence of the prosperity and business character of our thriving town, we chronicle the reception, on Thursday last, by Col. Knepper, of *one hundred and forty barrels of Whiskey*, intended for *home* consumption. The article is said to be *ready sale*.

Sterile California.

For the first year after the California gold was discovered, the opinion and remark were quite common that the country was one of excessive sterility, that could never be inhabited. In vain was it urged in reply that vast herds of cattle had been annually reared and slaughtered, there, for the hides; and that where this was done there must be a productive soil. But better information now prevails; and possibly even that may be aided, by the following, which we cut from the San Francisco *Whig*, of the 15th of March:

"We were yesterday shown a sample of wheat, of the spring growth, from the Temelec Ranch, in Sonora, owned by Major Beck, formerly of this city. One of these roots show thirty stocks from a single grain of seed; and though the crop was sown in the last week of November it has reached an average height of nineteen inches.—The Major has one of the most beautiful and valuable grain-raising ranches in the State, comprising about 1400 acres, 300 of which is now in wheat and barley. The Sonora Valley is a most delightful place, and its close proximity to our market makes its lands very desirable for agricultural purposes."

But lest some equivocator should refuse to receive this "single grain" of evidence as satisfactory of the productiveness and the rising factory of the productiveness and the rising power of California, we subjoin, from the Sacramento *State Journal* the more diversified items which follow:

"California, at last election, cast more votes than nineteen of the States of the Union. The census returns show that in horses she is in advance of fifteen States; in mules of twenty-six; in cows, of twelve; in work oxen, of eight; in sheep of four; and in swine, of three. The value of her live stock exceeds that of twenty-two States. More barley and potatoes are raised here than in any State in the Union excepting New York. In wheat, we surpass ten of the States; in oats, more than three-fourths; of Indian corn, less than any State in the Union; and in been and hay partial returns place us ahead of nine. In fruit we excel all the States in variety and more than half in quantity.—Who can say that California is not some, after this?"

THE POINT SETTLED.—A Mr. J. Gould Woodbury, of Troy, publishes a somewhat remarkable challenge to the world. He prefaces the matter by saying in substance that everybody allows the late Booth to have been the greatest *Richard* in the profession, and that there seems to be a question in regard to the person who has now the right to wear his mantle. Therefore, he says: "In order to settle that question beyond all cavil for the present, and allay all further controversy on the subject, the undersigned does hereby challenge 'the world' to meet and outvie him in the personation of the 'crook-backed tyrant,' under a forfeiture of one thousand dollars, to be decided by the audience before whom the parties will appear. The emulation to take place during the meeting or before the closing of the World's Fair in New York city, at such theatres as may be hereafter designated." The Buffalo *Express* says "we had an idea that Kean, or Forrest, or Brooke, or Wallack, stood the best chance; but it seems it is not so.—Woodbury and Richard—Richard and Woodbury, now and forever, one and inseparable.

GERMAN EMIGRATION.—In Germany, according to the very latest advices, there is a great demand for American eagles, on the part of those intending to emigrate to the United States, and it appears that the number likely to cross the Atlantic this year is greater than ever. There is reason, in fact, to believe that the movement is limited only by the inability of the people to meet the expense of their passage, and by the difficulties, especially in Austria, which are thrown in the way by Government, and which are almost insurmountable. How long the safety valve of emigration can be stopped by the latter country, without leading to mischief, is an interesting problem. The condition of the working classes is daily becoming more severe, and in most of the principal manufacturing towns of Bohemia, the wages of a large number of the artisans have been stated, in a recent report from the authorities of the place, not to exceed a half-penny (one cent) per day.

SERIOUS AFFRAY IN MOBILE.—The Mobile Tribune learns from a letter dated Pensacola, 6th inst., that a serious fracas occurred in that city a few nights since. The sailors belonging to one of the war vessels in the harbor committed some disorder in the city, which aroused the citizens and arrayed them against the sailors. In the conflict, Mr. Sierre, the Mayor, killed one of the sailors. He himself was roughly handled, and received severe injuries.

Items of News and Miscellany.

A writer in the *Working Farmer* says that no less than 80,000 bushels of onions were raised last year in the vicinity of Westport, Conn., within a tract of country not exceeding thirty square miles. The average yield per acre was about 5000 bushels.

A slave of a clergyman in Boone county, Ky., who had learned to read, got hold of a copy of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," and read it stealthily to his fellows. The result was that 25 of them ran off on the 2d of April, and had not been recaptured; at the last accounts.

The Boston Olive Branch having accused Miss Marian H. Stevens of stealing Fanny Fern's "thunder," the accused lady comes out in the Boston Times and charges Fanny's friends with "swelling her up a *leetle* too big for her *breeches*."

Mr. J. Lee Mason, of the firm of Williams & Mason, at Calhoun, Davies county, Ky., was killed in an affray, a few days ago, by R. W. Allen.

The Senate of Wisconsin has defeated the bill for the abolition of capital punishment, after it had passed the Assembly.

Theodore Parker says:—"It is better to throw a guard about the baby's cradle than to sing a psalm at a bad man's death bed; better to have a care while the bud is bursting to the sun, than when the heat has scorched the heart of an unguarded bosom.

Eyes are the Electric Telegraphs of the heart, that will send a message any distance in a language only known to the two souls who correspond.

The ingots which are to be coined at the New York Assay Office will be receivable for Government dues.

The proposition to undermine and otherwise improve Faneuil Hall, Boston, has been vetoed by the Common Council of that city.

Thomas Hogg, aged 65, and for the last thirty years a resident of Cadiz, Ohio, died at that place on the 14th instant. He was supposed to be the richest man in Harrison county.

Arthur Spring—Attempted Suicide.

We are informed that this miserable wretch refused, until Saturday last, to take food, with the evident attempt to starve himself to death. On Tuesday he yielded to the cravings of hunger, and partook of a small amount of food which was offered to him. It is also stated that he had placed tobacco beneath his arm-pits, for the purpose of debilitating his person. Since the day of his sentence, his demeanor has entirely changed. He no longer wears that air of indifference that so characterized his conduct during the first and second trial. This change is the more marked since the manacles were put upon him, which is not always done in similar cases, but which is considered necessary in his. Most of the time he lies upon the bed or on the floor groaning, as if in great agony of mind. He is not visited by any of his friends, his shameless lies having driven from him those who, from their connection, felt some little sympathy for him. His counsel, Mr. Doran, has not been to see him since his sentence, and has said that he does not design to, unless sent for. With the certainty that an ignominious death awaits him, he has no living being to commiserate him, not even his own offspring.

Life no longer possesses any charms for him. He still stoutly denies his participation in any murder, and this he will no doubt do with his last gasp upon the gallows. The friends of Jerome Feckert, now in prison on the charge of murdering Joseph Rink, are somewhat incensed at Mr. Reed, the District Attorney, for keeping him in *durance*, under the circumstances. Arthur Spring was pointed out so conclusively as the assassin of Mr. Rink, that no one acquainted with the facts can for a moment doubt it. It is due to Feckert, no less than to the public, that a thorough investigation should be had.—*Pennsylvanian.*

An American Dentist in Paris.

The following is furnished by the regular correspondent, of the New York *Journal of Commerce*:

Our young countryman, Mr. Thomas Evans, has been for some time dentist to his Majesty, Louis Napoleon, and also to the present Empress when Mademoiselle Montejo. He visits the palace in his capacity as dentist to the Imperial court once in ten days, and the last day he presented himself, was in the morning about ten o'clock, when the Emperor asked, very kindly, if he had breakfasted. On his replying he had not, the Emperor rang the bell and ordered tea and a *couvert* for Mr. E., who had thus the honor to partake of this morning's repast with Louis Napoleon. On leaving the palace he gave Mr. E., a superb golden box, mounted with diamonds—the Imperial Crown in diamonds surmounting the initials "L. N.," also in fine brilliants. The whole is beautifully finished, and was placed in a morocco case, with the letters "L. N." in gold on the cover.

Mr. Evans has been several times called to different capitols of Germany, (Vienna, Munich, and Stutgard,) to operate on the teeth of the members of the Royal families. He and his brother have the most brilliant and lucrative practice which has ever been enjoyed in their profession, in the French capital, by any individual or partners.

☞ The grounds around the President's House, although all the improvements and embellishments are not yet completed, give handsome promise of what they will be when summer glories shall give the *coup de grace* to the efforts of human industry, taste and elegance. With the completion of the light and handsome paling around Lafayette square, and the extension of an appropriate enclosure about the President's house, will be presented one of the most delightful pieces of scenery of the kind that the eye ever took upon anywhere. The fine mansion of the Executive, of tasteful and excellent construction and well-adjusted surroundings, flanked right and left by the executive departments, embosomed in handsome groves of umbrageous foliage, form the foreground of the picture; to the right are neat and respectable residences; on the rear of the extreme left stands the Alhambra-like mansion, sumptuous and commanding, of W. W. Corcoran, Esq.; other spacious and elegant buildings line it, along with the pleasing church and tower of St. John's, well coated with a refreshing tint in the middle; and on the right a number of substantial residences, emerging from under clouds of living green, form the concluding quarter of the scene. These, enlivened by the gaiety and activity moving along the avenue and streets within the range, are worth a visit by every stranger who sets foot in our city.—*Nat. Int.*

EXCESSIVE SHIPMENTS TO AUSTRALIA.—Prince's London Price Current of the 1st inst., by way of warning to the public, calls attention to the excessive shipments of merchandise, as well as the rush of emigration to Australia. It states that a fortnight previous there were loading from the ports of London and Liverpool alone, 113,645 tons of British, and 24,000 tons of foreign shipping for Sydney, Melbourne, and other Australian ports, besides 6,378 tons from the Clyde, and at least 10,000 from other ports; making, in all, 237 vessels. In consequence of the enormous profits which some speculative exporters had realized from shipments to that country, vast numbers are embarking in the business, so that immense quantities of merchandise, furniture, and unsaleable commodities are destined for shipment, and the demand for freighting, as well as passenger vessels, exceeded all precedent. Freights had risen within the last five or six weeks a hundred per cent., and were still rapidly advancing.

☞ At Detroit they have nice walking after a heavy rain. The Free Press gives the following very ludicrous description of the operation:

It is amusing to see a person, during or immediately after the prevalence of a heavy shower, attempt to traverse a walk near the docks. Upon the foot being placed upon the first plank, it bobs under, causing the submersion of the unlucky individual's leg half way to his knee.—As a matter of course, he immediately jumps upon the next one; but this is only escaping Scylla to fall into Charybdis. "Squash," goes the plank, as it disappears below the surface; "splash" flies the mud and water into his face; and the wretched victim makes his escape up a side street as quickly as possible, swearing more terribly than did "our army in Flanders."

TABLE MOVING IN GERMANY.—Dr. Charles Andree, Bremen, a scientific man of the highest character, writes to the Augsburg *Allgemeine Zeitung*, that the moving of tables, on the plan of our wonder-mongers, is exciting the greatest attention in the Hanseatic cities, being practised by persons of every class.

Our Fashionable Hotels--High Living.

Yes—"high" living, in every sense. Up three or four flights of stairs—(we slept on the eighth floor, a few nights ago, as we hope to be insured!)—crammed into a closet and pigeon holes—the whole day expended in dodging about among trunks, band boxes, trays and empty bottles, preparing for the grand parade at dinner—cold suppers at midnight, and five dollars a month for blacking your boots—that's the way to live "high" in New York at the present day. And if, when the bill is sent in, you don't find it "high" enough, you have only to wait till the next new hotel opens, and you will be sure to be satisfied. Every new one charges an advance upon the others; and the same accommodations, which five years ago could be had (noting, perhaps, a little flummery and flourish) for two dollars a day, are now worth ten, and difficult to be got at that.

Homes, it seems to us, must have gone terribly out of fashion. Our population seems rapidly moving out upon the sidewalk; and it will soon be deemed vulgar for a man to have a house and home of his own, or to retire from public observation to his family or friends during the brief hours stolen from the rugged fright of business. Ladies appear to have become altogether too delicate and dainty to assume the management of a household, or the education of their children. House is in fact effectually broken up. The mother, in grand toilette, deserts the crib and the cosy sofa in the corner, for the drawing room in the hotel or boarding house; the daughters follow (and frequently exceed) the example of their mother—the sons resort to the billiard room, the bowling-alley, the coffee-house, or the theatre;—while the sky and discontented papa, exiled from home, seeks compensation for the cares of business and the disappointments of his home—where we will not even venture to guess.

Such habits of life inevitably beget carelessness, extravagance, profligacy—sometimes even crime. This pernicious hotel and boarding house life is the curse of the wealthy and idle classes. It promotes extravagance, gossip, gadding, immorality, and general depravity of the whole moral nature. An entire community thus, as it were, deprived of the grand central attraction and regulator of home, must tend towards all sorts of evils and disasters.—*Sunday Times.*

☞ The following is a translation of a German ballad on a tipsy man, which has been set to music, and is often sung in Germany; it is rather droll in the original, and perhaps has not lost all its humor in being *overset*, as they call it, into English:

OUT OF THE TAVERN.

Out of the tavern I've just stepped to-night;
Street! you are caught in a very bad plight:
Right hand and left hand are both out of place—
Street! you are drunk, 'tis a very clear case.

Moon! 'tis a very queer figure you cut;
One eye is startling while t'other is shut;
Tipsy, I see, and you're greatly to blame:
Old as you are, 'tis a horrible shame!

Then the street lamps, what a scandalous sight!
None of them soberly standing upright;
Rocking and staggering—why, on my word,
Each of the lamps is as drunk as a lord.

All is confusion; isn't it?odd?
I am the only sober sheet:
Sure it were rash with this river to remain—
Better go into the tavern again!

"What are you doing Joe?" said I;
"Oh! nothing, sir; was Joe's reply;
"And can there, Tom, pray let me know—
"I'm busy, sir; "I'm helping Joe."
"Is nothing, then, so hard to do,
"That thus it takes the time of two?"
"No," says the other with a smile,
And grins and chuckles all the while;
"But we're such clever chaps, d'ye see,
Nothing's too hard for Joe and me."

TEMPERANCE POETRY.—The following, which is taken from an Iowa paper, is a specimen of the latest temperance poetry we have read of:

"Old Jerry Toney killed a sheep—
Tuitrum was old: just as old as Sal:
And carried it to Waterville and sold it for rum,
And didn't give Ben Ross and John Hart any of it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROLL BUTTER—4 bbls. fresh, for sale by apr22 HENRY H. COLLINS.

STEEL STAMS and Figures cut, by apr22 BOWN & TETLEY.

STENCIL PLATES—Cut by apr22 BOWN & TETLEY.

STONE MASON'S CHISELS—Made and dressed by apr22 BOWN & TETLEY.

BLACKSMITHING—Of all kinds, done on the shortest notice, by apr22 BOWN & TETLEY, 155 Wood st.

ATTENTION, SHAVERS.—Razors hollow ground and set in the best manner, by apr22 BOWN & TETLEY.

GUNSMITHING—And all kinds of JOBBING, attended to in the shortest possible time, by apr22 BOWN & TETLEY.

CHEESE—200 boxes cutting; For sale by apr22 HENRY H. COLLINS 23 Wood street.

Removal.

A. WILKINS & CO., BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, have removed one door west of their previous office into the United States Bank Buildings, NO. 6 FOURTH ST., immediately opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh, where they will be pleased to see their friends and the public generally. apr23

SUPERIOR ONE HORSE CARRIAGES AT AUCTION—On Tuesday, (April 26,) at 11 o'clock. A. M., in front of the Commercial Sales Rooms, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, we will sell—

1 superior Buggy, with enameled leather top;
1 handsome well finished Rockaway Carriage;
1 do second hand Barouche;

P. M. DAVIS, Auct'r. apr23

NAPOLEON AND HIS ARMY—Napoleon, his Army, and his Generals; their unexampled military career; with a Sketch of the French Revolution; in 1 vol. 12mo.

Woodcrest Manor, or Six Months in Town: A Tale of American Life, to suit the Merits and Follies of the Times: by Miss Anna Hanson Dorsey—in 1 vol. 12mo.

Buffon's Natural History of Men, the Globe, and of Quadrupeds, with additions from Cuvier Lacepede, and other eminent Naturalists: in 2 vols. 12mo.

A few copies of the above, just received and for sale by apr23 KAY & CO., 55 Wood street.

GLEN HOTEL.

PROPOSALS will be received for leasing the GLEN HOTEL, four miles from the city, on the Baunock's Ferry Plank Road. This elegant House has been recently erected, with a view to having a first-class Boarding House and Hotel in the neighborhood of the city. Its beautiful location, its style and convenience, will undoubtedly attract the most desirable and abundant custom. Application may be made to either of the subscribers.

J. W. BUTLER,
THOMAS H. BLAIR, } Committee.
H. L. RINGWALT.

apr25:1m

THOMAS WOODS,
COMMERCIAL BROKER,
No. 45 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HAVING established myself as above, I am now prepared to receive CONSIGNMENTS, or SAMPLES OF GOODS of every description, which can be sold in this market, and for the sale of which every exertion will be used.

All orders for Pittsburgh Manufactures will be promptly attended to.

Particular attention will be given to the sale and collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, and the purchase and sale of Stocks.

By industry and personal attention to all business entrusted with me, I hope to merit and receive patronage.

THOMAS WOODS.

Pittsburgh, April 22, 1853. apr22

PUBLIC NOTICE.

BY virtue of an order of sale to me directed, by the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, I will offer at public sale, at the door of the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, the 14th (fourteenth) day of May next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. of said day, the following described Real Estate—to wit: Situate in Ohio township, said Allegheny County, and being part of the Farm of which the late Robert Peebles died seized: lying on the south side of the Beaver road; bounded on the north by said Beaver road, on the south by the Ohio river, east by lands of the heirs of William Parks, west by lands now or late of Samuel Peebles; containing about sixteen (16) Acres of Ground.

JOHN HERRON, Trustee.

Pittsburgh, April 19, 1853. apr21:3w

TO OLD COUNTRY MEN.
Tappscott's Remittance and Emigration Offices,
NO. 87 SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK,
And 100 cor. SEVENTH and SMITHFIELD STS. Pittsburgh.

THE splendid Vessels named below, will sail regularly on their appointed days:

FOR NEW YORK.

SHIPS.	CAPTAINS.	TONS BUR.
Florida	Mills	2000
West Point	Allen	2000
Cape Cod	Hopkins	1000
Garrick	O. Eldridge	1500
John Stuart	Ferris	2500
Sagamanock	Crabbing	2250
A. Z	Chandler	1800
Constellation	Allen	2400
American Union	Chase	2000
Houghton	Deane	2000
Antarctic	Zerega	2000
Arctic	Zerega	2000
St. Patrick	Waterman	2000
Robinson	Bartlett	1800
William Penn	Folger	1800
Henry Clay	Hill	2250
Richard Morse	Perry	1800
Sheridan	Porter	1500
Underwriter	Shipley	2500
Continent	E. B. Drummond	2000
Andrew Foster	Holberton	1800
Kennebec	Smith	1800
Siddons	Briggs	1800
George Green	Redmond	1750
Waterloo	Harvey	2000
Red Adams, (new)	J. Drummond	2000
Progress	Chase	2500
Rosalie	Maloney	1800
Great Western	Forbes	3000
Winchester	Briggs	3000

And succeeding Packets every three days.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Wyoming	Bunker	1100
Tuscarora	Turley	1222
Tonawanda	Julius	1300
Saranak	Decan	1000

FOR BALTIMORE.

Scotia	Merrill	1600
Flora M'Donald	Blakely	1800

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Susan Hinckley	Gay	1500
Carnatic	Devereux	1400

FOR AUSTRALIA.

Kossuth	Melbourne	2250
Continent	Melbourne	2000

The above ships for the American Ports, are furnished with the following quantity of Provisions for each Passenger during the voyage:—22 lbs. Biscuits; 10 lbs. Flour; 50 lbs. Oat meal; 20 lbs. Rice; 5 lbs. Sugar; 5 lbs. Molasses; 1½ lb. Tea; and three quarts of Water daily. In addition to the above, Medicine and Medical Attendance are provided, all of which, with Medical Fees, Government and other charges, are included in the passage money.

For passage, in any of the above ships, apply to
JAMES BLAKELY,
No. 196, corner Seventh and Smithfield sts. apr22

M'Lane's Vermifuge.

☞ The effects of this truly extraordinary medicine are most satisfactory in all cases in which it has been tried. No other medicine has ever produced such effects so instantaneously. It has only to be administered, and relief follows as a matter of course. It has been used in the practice of the best physicians of our country, and by them been pronounced equal, if not superior to any medicine ever offered for the expulsion of worms. Read the following:—

George Maxwell, Augusta, O., has used it with great effect in his family, and has sold large quantities, which have given the highest satisfaction.

J. H. Cutter, merchant, Louisville, administered a dose to his child, which discharged a quart of worms. He has tried other Vermifuges in vain.

D. J. & J. W. Cotton, Winchester, Ind., happened to get a lot from an agent, which was soon sold out, and proving highly efficacious, became very popular, and sold more rapidly than any other Vermifuge.

For sale by most of the Druggists and Merchants, and by the sole proprietors. J. RIDD & CO., 50 Wood street.

☞ Low Spirits, Hypochondriac, want of energy and capacity for business or disposition to enjoy life and happiness, are wretched complaints which silently prey upon the constitution of the unhappy object. They are usually brought on through troubles and afflictions of the mind, sedentary habits, confined air and close application to study. They are sometimes attended with loss of appetite, indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous debility, frightful dreams, and a pallid, unhealthy, downcast countenance. Now, while these melancholy disorders exist, the bright sparkling eye loses its wonted lustre—the mind is pensive, traitor and virudy—the body its manly courage and vigor, and the noblest feelings of our nature gradually dwindle away to a fretful peevish temper, until life becomes a burthen, and other diseases arise to shorten the existence of the wretched victim.

A balm for these horrible disorders will be found in that excellent article, HALSET'S FOREST WINE!

☞ See large advertisement in another column.

Sold Wholesale and Retail by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, Pittsburgh, Pa.; also, by JAMES T. SAMPLE, north-west corner of Federal street and the Diamond, Allegheny City. dec23:1m:adw

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