THE MOTHER'S GRAVE.

"Father, awake—the storm is loud,
The rain is falling fast;
Let me go to my mother's grave,
And screen it from the blast.
She cannot sleep—she will not rest,—
The wind is roaring so;
We prayed that she might lie in peace—
My father let us go."

"Thy mother sleeps too firm a sleep
To heed the wind that blows;
There angel-charms that hush the noise
From reaching her repose.
Her spirit, in dreams of the blessed land,
Is sitting at Jesus' feet;
Child, nestle thee in mine arms and pray,
Our rest may be as sweet."

DISPUTED PROPERTY,
OR
SMITH vs. SMITH.

John George Smith, Esq., senior, is a man who about forty years of age, very red faced, very corpulent, very cautious, and very good natured.

John George Smith, Esq., junior, is a man who has seen about half the number of summers, which have contributed to ripen his highly respectable father; he is handsome, slender, hot blooded and independent.

John George Smith, Esq., senior, and John George Smith, Esq., junior, are the only remaining members of a particular family of Smiths. The old man is a widower; the young man is a batchelor. The former is rich, and the letter is fortunate enough to have the good will of his worthy progenitor. Old Smith is proud of his son, and young Smith is proud of—his father's purse. If old John took pleasure in accumulating a handsome property, it can be said without fear of contradiction, that young John, at the time of our story, took no less pleasure in spending what his father had acquired.

But these personages were great favorites of the ladies. The fair creatures liked the father for his quiet humor and unrivalled gallantry, and the son for his sparkling wit, pleasing address, and handsome person. Thus, strange as it may appear, John George, senior, and John George, junior, had cause frequently to be jealous of each other, in consequence of which, they at length began to move in different circles of society, in order to have seperate and undisputed fields of opertion.

Thus, the indulgent father and affectionate son seldom saw each other except at home, and then few words passed between them except on matters of business.

One morning, however, as John George the elder, was on the point of entering the apartment of John George the younger, to speak with him on a matter of vital importance, he met the latter coming into his own room to converse with him on an equally important subject.

'Ah, John,' said the old beau, taking his son's hand with usual affability, 'how are you this morning?'

'Tolerable, replied the young beau, happy at finding his father in good humor; 'and I am glad to see you looking so well to-day. What's the news?

'I want to talk with you, John,' said the elder Smith.

'And I have no less a desire to have a quiet, serious conversation with you, beloved father;' returned young Smith, entering the old man's apartment.

'On what subject?'

'Marriage.'

'Marriage!' echoed old John, 'the very thing I wanted to talk with you about.'

'No!'

'Yes!'

'But you've no notion of taking a wife, father!'

'I have, by Jupiter!'

'By June, so have I!'

'I am glad of it,' exclaimed old John warmly. 'You are wild, my boy, and a wife will tend to tame you.'

'And you are rather gay, father, and a companion will serve to sober you,' returned young John, with a sly vein of satire in his tones.

'Pshaw, John. But tell me about that—your marriage.'

'And will you tell me all about yours?'

'Certainly.'

Old John stroked his beard in a thoughtful manner, and then looked up with a business like air, and said:

'In the first place I must tell you that my intended is rather young for me.'

'There] we are even,' said the other with a smile.

'But my lady is the prettiest in town.'

'I am sure mine would prove an exception.'

'Very beautiful, is she'

'Enchanting!

'So is mine!'

'But mine has one defect.'

'What is it?'

'She is near sighted.

'Strange coincidence. I have noticed the same defect in my intended.'

'And mine is perhaps a little too dark.'

'So is mine.'

'And a little too tall—'

'Mine is tall—but I am vastly fond of tall women.'

There was a pause in the conversation, when old John remarked to young John, with a sad smile and something of a sigh—

'I've a rival.'

'No!'

'I have 'pon my word.'

'And so have I.'

Mine is a young buck, who, although I have never seen him, is said to be quite captivating.'

'And mine is an old rake, good looking enough I am told, very rich, who has the impudence to dispute my claim to the hand of my fair lady.'

'But I don't fear my rival.'

'Nor I mine.'

'My intended laughs at the young buck.

'And mine I am sure, despises the superannated old rake.'

'I congratulate you, John.'

'And you have my sympathy, sir.'

'The name of your rival?'

'Oh, he is one of our family. His name is Smith.'

'Strange! my rival has the honor to bear that name, too.'

'So it is Smith out Smith, this time all around.'

'Exactly.'

'But when do you get married, father?'

'The question is not decided yet, in my case, John.'

'Nor in mine, either.'

'But I shall step off as soon as my charming Mary Anne—'

'Mary Anne!'

'That's the name.'

'And it is the name of my intended, too.'

'Mary Anne Brown?'

'Mary Anne Brown?'

'The daughter of Isaac A. Brown?'

'The same.'

'She's my intended!'

'No, by Judas, she is mine!

And John George Smith, junior, and John George Smith, senior, looked at each other as if they were the very last of the numerous family of Smiths, and wished to exterminate each other.

'You are a presumptuous fellow! exclaimed old John, frowning as he never before frowned in his life.

'Were you not my father,' retorted young John coldly, 'I should call you a silly old cock—I'm sure I should!'

'But you are to blame—'

'I am not!'

'You designed winning the affections of my Mary Anne!'

'And you plotted to get her away from me!—You are to blame!'

After this pleasant little storm, there was a calm, and old John and young John looked at each other solemnly.

'You must give her up to me,' said the elder at length. 'You are too young to marry.'

'No,' replied the other firmly, 'I will marry her myself, you are too old.'

'Do you think I could call my beloved Mary Anne, daughter?'

'Do you think I could call my beloved Mary Anne, mother?'

The idea served as a very beautiful climax to the conversation we have noted down, so the two as if by mutual consent, turned their backs upon each other, and parted in high dudgeon.

For a whole week the father and son never exchanged even the morning compliments with each other.

One day, however, old John and young John met in the hall, and old John bowed and smiled, and young John touched his hat and extended his hand.

'Your Mary Anne,' began the elder.

'Your Mary Anne,' interrupting the younger, correcting him.'

'Very well' said the other smiling, 'we will have it our Mary Anne.'

'Just so.'

'I was disappointed in her.'

'So was I.'

'She is a coquette.'

'She is, by Jupiter.'

'You have heard the news, then?'

'That she is married?'

'Yes.'

'I was told so this morning.'

'A rich joke!' laughed old John.

'A piece of deception!' exclaimed the other.

'But I am glad, you were not so rash, John, as to make her your wife.'

'And I am glad, father, you did not commit such an indiscretion as to make her yours.'

'Ha! ha! ha!'

'He! he! he!'

Thus offering each other mutual congratulations, the father and son said good morning, and the important case in the court of love, *Smith vs. Smith*, was settled to the satisfaction of all parties. Their Mary Anne, was no longer disputed property, she being found to belong solely and entirely to another.

MORAL.—It is thus that cases in other courts, as in the court of love, are usually terminated. The parties have the satisfaction of seeing the property in dispute pass gradually and effectually into the hands of a third person.

Daily Morning Post.

LUCKY HARPER.....THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING:.....APRIL 5.

☞ MESSRS. S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., who are prompt, honest and gentlemanly in their business transactions, are the *only* authorized agents in the cities of New York and Boston for the *Morning Post*. They are authorized to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our usual rates. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at
NEW YORK, 122 Nassau street.
BOSTON, 10 State street.

☞ Col. DAVID TOD, one of Ohio's most distinguished Democratic citizens, was in the city yesterday, stopping at the St. Charles Hotel.

JOHN H. KLIPPART, editor of the Democratic *Transcript*, a new paper, published in Canton, Ohio, is in the city. To those of our merchants who wish to advertise in a paper in central Ohio, the *Transcript* offers strong inducements.

☞ We are indebted to Col. MEREDITH, formerly of this county, but now a member of the California Assembly, for a copy of the Annual Report of the Surveyor General of that State; also, to R. T. DEARING, Esq., for a copy of the Governor's Message, and Report of the Secretary of State on the Census of 1852, of the State of California, which is elsewhere noticed.

☞ The Democrats of Louisville, Ky., have nominated JOHN H. HARNEY, Esq., Editor of the *Democrat*, as their candidate for Mayor. We sincerely hope that he may be elected, for we are sure that he will make a capital Mayor, judging from the admirable manner in which he conducts his newspaper. Success to HARNEY, and all other meritorious Editors.

INSANITY.

The editor of the Philadelphia *Bulletin* thinks that "the City of Pittsburgh is a subject, just now, for an insane asylum." It has always been the case that madmen think every body is crazy, and themselves alone are *compos mentis*.—The editors of the *Bulletin* and *North American* are crazy as March hares, but they don't appear to know it. Pity!

GOVERNOR OF MINNESOTA.

HON. WILLIS A. GORMAN, M. C., from Indiana, has been appointed Governor of the territory of Minnesota. So this vexed question has at length been decided. From all we can hear there was more difficulty in making this appointment than any other in the gift of the administration.—There were a great many applicants for the office, three of whom reside in Pennsylvania, and two within the Territory. MR. GORMAN, the gentleman who received the appointment, we believe, was not an applicant for the office.

PUBLIC PRINTER TO THE LEGISLATURE.

On the 31st ult., A. B. Hamilton, was elected public printer to the Legislature, for the next three years. He takes the work at 70 1-16 below the prices paid in 1843. At such prices Mr. H. will have a happy time of it in making a fortune out of the job. This enterprise will be very much like that of the Irishman, who bought eggs at eight cents and sold them at six. He said it required a man to do a "deal of business to make on such small profits."

This "lowest bidder" is a humbug and fraud upon the community. It was practiced for some time in Washington, and the printing turned out under it was a disgrace to the country.

THE OHIO STATESMAN.

The last number of this paper comes to us with the valedictory of Col. SAMUEL MEDARY, who has been its able Editor for nearly a quarter of a century. He is succeeded by J. H. SMITH, Esq., (his son-in-law,) and S. S. Cox, Esq., of Zanesville. Mr. Cox is a young gentleman of splendid talents—a fluent writer, and an enthusiastic Democrat. He wrote a series of interesting letters a year or two since from Europe, which appeared in the Statesman, and were afterwards published in book form. He will make a popular and influential editor, and we heartily welcome him to our ranks. Col. MEDARY has our best wishes for his health and happiness, here and hereafter.

CHAMBERSBURG AND ALLEGHENY RAILROAD.

This project, which we have already noticed in the columns of the *Morning Post*, is attracting considerable attention in the region of country through which it is proposed the road shall pass. The Bedford *Inquirer* assures us that the road can be easily made, and that in a short time the proper measures will be taken to have it in actual course of construction. The *Inquirer* repeats, that "some of the best men in the eastern part of the State are at the head of the movement, and are determined to push it ahead." Passing through Bedford, it will be of great benefit as a communication with the Mineral Springs from the cities of the East and the West. It is stated that the Maryland Legislature has chartered a company to construct a railroad from Cumberland to the Pennsylvania State line, to connect with the new road from Chambersburg. The building of this branch will give the road a connection with Wheeling over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

The Bedford *Gazette* says: "From the feeling manifested by the citizens of Bedford county relative to this road, we are of opinion that a very large amount of stock will be taken by our people. In fact, we have no doubt of it. We have never before known the FARMERS of this locality to take so deep an interest in any public enterprise as they do in this." And again, the *Gazette* says: "Bedford county is prepared to do her *whole duty*, and prove to the world that she possesses both the ability and the disposition to keep pace with the spirit of the age in which we live. Many who have heretofore been greatly prejudiced against railroads, are now the warmest advocates of the measure, and but one opinion seems to direct the wishes of our entire community, and that is a desire to see a road of this description put under contract at the earliest possible moment."

The Harrisburg *Union*, of a recent date, has the following:

NEW RAILROAD PROJECTS.—In this wonderful railroad age, new projects are springing into existence, that never were dreamed of when the great through lines were making, that make easy grades, shorten distance, and will increase the facilities of trade immensely. We notice that a new company has been organized, under the care of S. H. Magraw as President, of Baltimore, to connect the Westminster road with Hagerstown. This brings Chambersburg within one hundred and six miles of Baltimore, with a down grade the larger portion of the way, and no heavy up grade. This shortens the distance from Chambersburg to Baltimore twenty-five miles. It is then proposed to build a road from Chambersburg to the Broad Top coal-field, forty miles, which brings one of the finest bituminous coal fields in the country, within one hundred and forty-six miles of Baltimore. It is next proposed to carry this road from Broad Top to Johnstown, thirty-five miles, and there connect it with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which will make a railroad from Pittsburgh to Baltimore, through a fine bituminous coal basin, some forty or fifty miles shorter than by any other route, at the same time that it makes another connection with Philadelphia, by way of the Cumberland Valley Railroad.

CENSUS OF CALIFORNIA.

We are indebted to R. H. DEARING for a copy of the census of California, taken in 1852; the pamphlet also contains a copy of the message of Gov. BIGLER, communicating the return, and the report of the Secretary of State, on the resources of California, as exhibited in the census taken.

In this report the population of Eldorado county is omitted, but allowing a fair estimate for the population of that county, it appears that the total population of the Golden State would be about 264,486. Of this number, there are—

Whites	201,856
Citizens over 21 years	105,344
Negroes	2,070
Mulattoes	672
Indians, (domesticated,)	38,589
Foreign residents	59,991

The Chinese population amounts to near 25,000. In the counties of Nevada, Placer and Yuba, the Chinese population alone numbers 9,809. It is believed that not more than five-sixths of the entire population have been enumerated, on account of the difficulties attending so complicated and extensive an undertaking in a new and comparatively unknown country, the mixed, unsettled, and fluctuating character of the population, the difficulty of thoroughly exploring the mountain counties, hostile Indians infesting some portions of the State, and the supposition on the part of many that the census was in some manner connected with taxation. But making no allowance for these causes, and looking to the actual returns, they show an increase in the population in two years of 99,435 souls, an annual increase of 49,717, equal to thirty per centum. The estimated population exhibits an annual increase of forty-three per cent.—the increase in the population of the whole Union, according to the census of 1850, being three and a half per cent. a year.

In regard to the productions and capital invested, in the State, returns from two of the most wealthy and productive counties—El Dorado and Calaveras—are omitted, owing to their not having been returned. The following abstract presents an exhibit, however, which will astonish our readers, when they consider that California was little better than a wilderness four years ago:

	CAPITAL INVESTED IN		
Quartz mining	$5,677,405		
Placer mining	4,174,410		
Other mining operations	3,851,627		
For other purposes	41,061,933		
			$54,959,280
Horses	64,773	at $20	1,943,190
Mules	16,578	" 50	828,900
Cows	104,339	" 16	1,669,424
Beef cattle	75,572	" 23	1,738,500
Work oxen	29,065	" 50	1,453,250
Barley (bushels)	2,973,784	" 1 40	5,163,297
Oats "	100,497	"	100,497
Wheat "	271,763	" 2 40	652,231
Potatoes "	1,265,176	" 2 50	3,269,150
Corn "	125,532	" 2 50	156,330
Acres land under cult'n	110,748	" 10	1,107,480
Total			$79,655,999

It is not alone in mining resources that California outstrips her sister States, but in many branches of agricultural industry she bids fair to lead. In live stock alone she surpasses twenty-two of the States; and the capital invested amounts to $18,903,714. In horses, mules, and milch cows, a comparison with other States shows that California, at the present time, exceeds many States in the aggregate number. More than half as much barley is raised in the State, as is produced in the whole Union. One-fifth of the potatoes raised in the Union, are produced in California. In oats, more is raised than in three-fourths of the other States, and in wheat she surpasses ten States. In fruits, California excels all the States in variety, and one-half in the quantity produced. In regard to the mineral resources of the State, the interesting geological developments made by the recent census, place California far in advance of all her sisters in the variety and importance of her mineralogical resources.

In regard, however, to "heaven's last best gift to man," California stands far, far behind those States she leads so far in natural resources. In looking over the census reports, of some of the counties, we would feel amused, at the reported scarcity of the tender sex, if a feeling of pity did not prevent us. California possesses a great deal, but yet there is very much wanting. In Bute county for instance, in a population of 8,572, there are but 206 white female; Calaveras county, with a population of over 20,000, has but 973 white females; Colusi county, is even worse —out of a population of 620, we have but 68 females. In Klimath county, with a population of near 600, there is but 9 females; and so on, through every county in the State. If the proportion is not so great in all the counties, as in those we have enumerated, yet to a resident in the State, without a proper appreciation of the benefits of female society, this census table is enough to drive from his head, all thought of emigration, unless indeed, he went with the intention of doing his best to remedy existing evils.

☞ We some time since announced the new name of the Whig party. We are pleased to learn that we were not mistaken in our announcement. The committee selected to get up a name have been very happy in their investigations.—They have found one perfectly euphonious in sound and patriotic in smell—the *Democratic Republican Conservative Progressive Whig Party!* A New York foundry is now engaged in casting a new kind of type of suitable size to compress it into a head-line. Whenever the foundry gets through with its labors we may expect to see the head line grace the leading columns of the "Democratic Republican Conservative Progressive Whig Party" of this city.

There is no use in the Democrats laughing at this name: it is one that will attract attention, and whenever it is fairly announced, the Whigs will laugh at it themselves. Some of the Whigs propose that, "for short," the name of the party should be designated by the following initials:

D. R. C. P. W. P.

We think the initials are preferable to the full terms they represent, for they are convertible, and their purpose may be changed to suit any occasion. We hope our fellow citizens of the Whig party will call a public meeting, and let us know by what name we shall call them hereafter. The old one is worn out; the new one is hard to commit to memory, and even the initials will be hard to remember. We seriously desire a card with the real name of the party upon it. If desired we will publish it as a standing advertisement until the people can learn it by heart.

NEW SILVER COINS.

The Philadelphia Mint has just issued a new lot of quarter dollars under the late act of Congress, drawings of which appear in the *Bulletin* of that city. The only difference between the new issue and the old, is that the new has rays around the eagle and a spear head to each side of the date. The new coin makes a handsome appearance, but is somewhat lighter than the old. The respective weights of the various coins authorized by the act of 1837 and 1853 are as follows:

	Act of Jan. 1837.	Act Feb. 1853
Dollar	412½ grains	No change.
Half Dollar	206¼ "	192 grains
Quarter Dollar	103⅛ "	96 "
Dime	41¼ "	38.40 "
Half Dime	20⅝ "	19.20 "
Three Cent pieces	12 "	11.52 "

All the silver coins are now to be made of one purity—nine parts of silver and one part alloy. The issue of three cent pieces now in circulation contains 75 parts silver and 25 parts alloy.

☞ We take the following from the St. Louis News of the 28th ult:

SCARCITY OF PILOTS.—The great increase in the trade of the Missouri river this season has caused an unusual scarcity of first-rate pilots, and in one or two instances commanders, who are experienced pilots, have doffed the "Captain," and again taken their stand at the wheel. A case of this kind coming under our observation a day or two since, the retiring Captain remarked that almost any body could command, but it was not every one that could pilot a steamboat.

Items of News and Miscellany.

Mr. Cyrus Harris, having declined the Whig nomination for Congress, in the Western district of Rhode Island, his party are decided not to run a candidate.

The Methodists of this country have built churches nearly at the rate of one per week, during the eighty-seven years of their existence as a denomination.

The Mayor of Philadelphia has had daguerreotypes taken of all noted characters arrested within the past two years. This is an excellent police arrangement.

The Assembly of Wisconsin have passed a bill prohibiting all foreign bank bills from being again under way, and turning out twenty planes a day.

A church was recently destroyed by fire at Doncaster, England, the oldest portion of which was built about the year 1070. The whole of the magnificent building was reduced to a mass of ruins in a few hours, and the total loss of property is estimated at $100,000.

Mrs. Fillmore, the late wife of the ex-President, was the daughter of Rev. Lemuel Powers, of Aurora, Cayuga county, N. Y., where she was married to Mr. Fillmore, then a young lawyer, just beginning the practice of his profession, in 1826.

The Pennsylvania Colonization Society held an interesting meeting at Harrisburg on Tuesday evening last, Gov. Bigler presided, and made an address, and was followed by the Rev. J. M. Pease, Rev. Geo. R. Crooks and Rev. Henry Slicer, after which a liberal collection was taken up to aid in sending to Liberia a number of slaves lately emancipated in Virginia.

The Cincinnati *Nonpareil* says that the steam fire engine in use in that city, gives satisfaction. The public are satisfied of its usefulness and adaptation in case of conflagration.

"The Morning Mail" is the title to which the Richmond (Va.) Republican has been changed under the auspices of its new editors, whose salutary appears in the number of Wednesday.

The captain of the steamship Daniel Webster, it is said, has refused to take passengers from New Orleans for San Juan, in order to punish the inhabitants of the latter place for their late proceedings. The consequence is that a large number of persons at New Orleans, who wish to go to San Juan, are unable to secure passage.—A suit for damages is threatened.

Samuel S. Howland, Esq., of New York, whose decease in Italy was recently announced, left $20,000 to different charitable and religious institutions.

The Glasgow (Mo.) Banner states that farmers in that and Randolph counties are generally abandoning the culture of tobacco, in consequence of the uncertainty of the price of the article, and its severity upon land, and are going into stock raising, the California demand for cattle promising profitable results.

The election in Connecticut, for State officers, a Legislature, and four members of Congress, took place yesterday. There were three tickets in the field, Whig, Democrat, and Free-soil.

It is said that "Uncle Tom's Cabin" was not written by moral hands. Of course not, seeing that it was written by Mrs. Harriet Beecher's *toe*,—(Stowe.)

Mrs. Caroline Leroy Webster, widow of the late distinguished Secretary of State, of the United States, is at present residing in New York. Her residence is in University Place, and we understand that it is the resort of a very large number of citizens, who call for the purpose of tendering their condolence in person to her.

The general impression appears to be that at the late session of Congress, the salaries of the U. S. Ministers to many of the Courts of Europe, were increased to $20,000. This however, is erroneous. The proposition failed through a disagreement of the two houses.

OFFICIAL.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.
By and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

COLLECTORS.

R. B. Willis, district of Oxford, Maryland, vice John H. Allen, removed.

James G. Dell, district of St. John's, Florida, vice Isaiah D. Hart, removed.

Henry A. Schoolcraft, district of Sacramento, California, vice Jesse S. Hambleton, removed.

SURVEYORS.

Reuben B. Hale, district of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, vice Wm. R. Norris, whose commission has expired.

Charles Parker, at Snow Hill, Maryland, vice Geo. W. P. Smith, removed.

William H. Brown, at Llewellensburgh, Md., vice John Blackstone, removed.

Andrew J. Pannell, at Wheeling, Va., vice Eli B. Swearingen, removed.

Peter W. Randle, at Alton, Illinois.

MARSHALS.

Francis M. Wynkoop, to be marshal of the United States for the eastern district of Pennsylvania, in place of Anthony E. Roberts, removed.

Benjamin McCulloch, to be marshal of the U. States for the district of Texas, in place of Jos. Bates, removed.

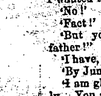
E. H. Hastings,
CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR, and SCRIVENER, has removed his Office and Dwelling, to NO. 153 FIFTH ST., opposite the County Jail. apr8:3taw

$20 Reward!
STOLEN from the subscriber, in the Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh, on Thursday night, March 31st, a BAY MARE, with saddle and bridle. The mare is about 8 years old; 14 hands high; racks under the saddle; white hind feet. The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the mare and detection of the thief. The saddle has a horn on it, and the leather worn through on the front part of it.
Pittsburgh, April 5, 1853—3tw*

FOR SALE!
A COUNTRY SEAT, situated within three hundred yards of the Railroad Station in East Liberty, containing about nine and one half acres. The improvements consist of a good two story Frame Dwelling House, with brick out houses and stabling and an abundance of fine fruit and excellent water. Enquire of
BAKEWELL & CAMPBELL,
apr5 Attorneys at Law, 75 Grant street.

A Bargain!
A FARM OF FIVE HUNDRED ACRES—Of rich soil, and well timbered; 12 miles from Gallipolis. About 100 acres improved; with a two story Frame House, 26 feet in length, 18 feet in breadth; and a good log barn, 54 feet long, and 24 feet wide; with other necessary buildings; a good well in the yard; and two small orchards. Price $3000. One-third in hand, and time on the balance. For particulars, enquire of JOHN D. WILLIAMS, living on the premises, in Walnut Township, Gallia County, Ohio.
March 24, 1853. apr5:3tw*

JAMES W. WOODWELL,
CABINET FURNITURE MANUFACTURER.
Warerooms 97 and 99 Third street.



J. W. W. respectfully informs his friends and customers that he has now completed his spring stock of Furniture, which is decidedly the largest and best ever offered for sale in this City, which will be sold at prices as low as any in the United States, East or West.

As he is determined to uphold the quality with well seasoned materials, best workmanship, and newest designs, and from the extent of his orders and facility in manufacturing, he is enabled to produce warranted furniture, at the lowest prices.

He has adopted the principle of identifying his customers' interest with his own, in quality and price, and keeps always on hand the greatest variety of every description of furniture, from the cheapest and plainest, to the most elegant and costly, that a house, or any part of one, may be furnished from his stock, or manufactured expressly to order. The following articles consist, in part, of his stock, which for richness of style and finish, cannot be surpassed in any of the Eastern cities:

Rosewood Extension Tables;
Louis XIV tete-a-tete Sofas;
50 Sofas in plush and hair cloth;
50 do. Mahogany Chairs;
20 do. Walnut "
50 Mahogany Rocking "
20 Walnut "
50 Mahogany Divans;
20 Walnut "
50 Marble Top Centre Tables;
20 " " Dressing Bureaus;
20 " " Washstands;
20 Ringseat "
100 Common "
20 Plain Dressing Bureaus;
40 Mahogany Bedsteads;
20 Walnut "
50 Cottage "
30 Cherry and Poplar Bedsteads;
20 Mahogany Washstands;
10 Walnut "
10 Cherry "
50 Plain Bureaus;
70 Dining and Breakfast Tables;
12 Secretary and Bookcases;
20 dos. Cane Seat Chairs;
10 Cane Rocking Chairs;
12 Ladies' Writing Desks;
Hat and Towel Stands;
Mahogany Sofas;
Conversation Chairs;
Elizabethan "
Reception "
Pearl Inlaid "
Arm "
Gothic and Hall Chairs;
Window Shades, all prices,
Buff Hollands, all widths,
Gilt Cornices, every style and price,
Gilt Curtain Pins,
" Bands,
Cords and Tassels,
Gimps, all prices,
Loops,
Fringes,
Worsted Tassels and Cords,
Chair Tassels and Brasses,
Hooks, Rings, Brackets, &c.

A large assortment of COMMON FURNITURE and WINDSOR CHAIRS. GEORGE MAYERS supplied with all articles in their line.
STEAMBOATS and HOTELS, furnished at the shortest notice.
All orders promptly attended to.

The United States Mint—Coinage for March, 1853.

GOLD.	
248,238 double eagles	$4,964,660 00
108,406 quarter eagles	271,015 00
458,188 gold dollars	458,188 00
814,772 pieces	$5,693,808 00
SILVER.	
5,460,000 three cent pieces	163,800 00
6,274,772 pieces	$5,857,698 00
COPPER.	
403,376 cents	4,033 76
19,500 half-cents	97 50
GOLD BULLION DEPOSITED.	
From California	$7,440,000 00
" other sources	70,000 00
	$7,510,000 00
SILVER BULLION DEPOSITED	22,000 00

GOLD DEPOSITS.	1851.	1852.	1853.
January	$5,071,599	$4,081,633	$4,962,500
February	5,934,607	3,010,222	3,545,523
March	2,880,271	3,892,156	7,510,000
	$10,956,877	$10,984,066	$16,021,023

E. C. DALE, Treasurer.

SPIRITUAL BANKING.—Quite an exciting scene took place at Chicago, Illinois, a few days since, owing to the redemption of the notes of the bank of Chicago, by Seth Paine, the Spiritual Banker, as he has been called. At an early hour on the appointed day, a row of holders of the notes formed at the door of a neighboring tobacconist store, and marched up to the bank counter in single file, according to the Post Office regulations. Each party that presented a bill was questioned whether he had taken it for its face or bought it at a discount, Mr. Paine's intention being only to pay what parties gave. For two hours the file was long, but when some hundred and eighty persons had received good bills for what they held—under $5 of the Bank of Chicago—the applicants became less numerous. After reckoning $800, of two hundred persons, Mr. Paine's pile of current bills was exhausted, and he announced the fact, at the same time expressing the hope that he would be able, in a few days, to redeem every outstanding dollar of the Bank of Chicago.

BARN BURNT.—We regret to state that the Barn of our friend, Mr. Samuel Clark, who resides about three miles west of this place, on the Pittsburgh turnpike, was destroyed by fire on Monday night last. The fire was discovered shortly after 9 o'clock, but it had then progressed too far to be subdued or even to admit of the removal of the horses and cattle. Three hundred bushels of corn, we are told $200 had horses (for one of which we are told $200 had recently been refused) and a number of cattle perished. It is not known how the fire originated.—No one connected with Mr. Clark's family had carried fire or combustible material to the Barn, for any purpose whatever. The loss is estimated by some at about $1000, which is perhaps considerably too low.—No insurance.—*Chambersburg Valley Spirit, March* 31.

KEEP A SHARP LOOK-OUT FOR A NEW COUNTERFEIT.—We were shown, by Mr. DYE, publisher of the Bank Mirror, a five dollar note of the Ohio State Bank, of Ironton, one of the Ohio State Stock Bank. It is well executed, and on good paper. The engraving of it will be shown in his book of Plates, which will appear in a few days. He has procured it at a great expense, in order to give a timely notice before it is put upon the public. Look out for it, as it has perhaps not yet been passed off in this city.—*Cin. Times.*

H'Lane's Vermifuge.

☞ The effects of this truly extraordinary medicine are most satisfactory in all cases in which it has been tried. No other medicine has ever produced such effects so instantaneously. It has only to be administered, and relief follows as a matter of course. It has been used in the practice of the best physicians of our country, and by them been pronounced equal, if not superior to any medicine ever offered for the expulsion of worms. Read the following:—

George Maxwell, Augusta, O., has used it with great effect in his family, and has sold large quantities, which have given the highest satisfaction.

J. H. Cutter, merchant, Louisville, administered a dose to his child, which discharged a quart of worms. He has tried other Vermifuges in vain.

J. J. & J. W. Cotton, Winchester, Ind., happened to get a lot from an agent, which was soon sold out, and proving highly efficacious, became very popular, and sold more rapidly than any other Vermifuge.

For sale by most of the Druggists and Merchants, and by the sole proprietors.
J. KIDD & CO.,
apr2:d&w 60 Wood street.

☞ Young Men's Mercantile Library Association AND MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.
A LECTURE will be delivered before this Institution, at MASONIC HALL, on *Thursday evening*, the 7th of April, by Bishop DONNELLY. Subject—DUTY AND TRUTH.
Tickets of admission 25 cents: to be had at the principal Bookstores, the Library Rooms also, of the Directors, and Lecture Committee. ☞ Doors open at 7 o'clock, Lecture to commence at 8.

HENRY WOODS,
JOHN K. HOLMES,
W. H. KINCAID,
J. M. KIRKPATRICK,
Lecture Com.
mar31:td

PHILADELPHIA CURTAIN WAREHOUSE,
171 *Chestnut st., opposite the State House.*
H. W. SAFFORD,
KEEPS constantly on hand the most extensive and varied assortment of Curtains and Curtain Materials to be found in the city, comprising in part of the following CURTAIN GOODS AND FURNITURE COVERINGS—all styles of—

Brussels lace Curtains,	Window Shades, all prices,
Muslin "	Buff Hollands, all widths,
French Brocatelles, all widths,	Gilt Cornices, every style and
French Chintzes,	price,
" Satin Laines,	Gilt Curtain Pins,
" Lampas,	" Bands,
" Satins,	Cords and Tassels,
" Damask Linens,	Gimps, all prices,
Gabmerette,	Loops,
Plain Turkey Red,	Fringes,
India Satin Damask,	Worsted Tassels and Cords,
" Lining Silks,	Chair Tassels and Brasses,
Furniture Gimps.	Hooks, Rings, Brackets, &c.

A full assortment of the above goods constantly for sale, wholesale or retail.
mar31-tf—m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ A Regular Quarterly Meeting of the ALLEGHENY COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY, will be held in ARTHURS HALL, Grant street, on TUESDAY, April 5th, at 11 o'clock, A. M. apr4:2t

E. H. Hastings,
CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR, and SCRIVENER, has removed his Office and Dwelling, to NO. 153 FIFTH ST., opposite the County Jail. apr5:3taw

$20 Reward!
STOLEN from the subscriber, in the Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh, on Thursday night, March 31st, a BAY MARE, with saddle and bridle. The mare is about 8 years old; 14 hands high; racks under the saddle; white hind feet. The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the mare and detection of the thief. The saddle has a horn on it, and the leather worn through on the front part of it.
Pittsburgh, April 5, 1853—3tw*

FOR SALE!
A COUNTRY SEAT, situated within three hundred yards of the Railroad Station in East Liberty, containing about nine and one half acres. The improvements consist of a good two story Frame Dwelling House, with brick out houses and stabling and an abundance of fine fruit and excellent water. Enquire of
BAKEWELL & CAMPBELL,
apr5 Attorneys at Law, 75 Grant street.

A Bargain!
A FARM OF FIVE HUNDRED ACRES—Of rich soil, and well timbered; 12 miles from Gallipolis. About 100 acres improved; with a two story Frame House, 26 feet in length, 18 feet in breadth; and a good log barn, 54 feet long, and 24 feet wide; with other necessary buildings; a good well in the yard; and two small orchards. Price $3000. One-third in hand, and time on the balance. For particulars, enquire of JOHN D. WILLIAMS, living on the premises, in Walnut Township, Gallia County, Ohio.
March 24, 1853. apr5:3tw*

JAMES W. WOODWELL,
CABINET FURNITURE MANUFACTURER.
Warerooms 97 and 99 Third street.

J. W. W. respectfully informs his friends and customers that he has now completed his spring stock of Furniture, which is decidedly the largest and best ever offered for sale in this City, which will be sold at prices as low as any in the United States, East or West.

As he is determined to uphold the quality with well seasoned materials, best workmanship, and newest designs, and from the extent of his orders and facility in manufacturing, he is enabled to produce warranted furniture, at the lowest prices.

He has adopted the principle of identifying his customers' interest with his own, in quality and price, and keeps always on hand the greatest variety of every description of furniture, from the cheapest and plainest, to the most elegant and costly, that a house, or any part of one, may be furnished from his stock, or manufactured expressly to order. The following articles consist, in part, of his stock, which for richness of style and finish, cannot be surpassed in any of the Eastern cities:

50 Sofas in plush and hair cloth;
50 do. Mahogany Chairs;
20 do. Walnut "
50 Mahogany Rocking "
20 Walnut "
50 Mahogany Divans;
20 Walnut "
50 Marble Top Centre Tables;
20 " " Dressing Bureaus;
20 " " Washstands;
20 Ringseat "
100 Common "
20 Plain Dressing Bureaus;
40 Mahogany Bedsteads;
20 Walnut "
50 Cottage "
30 Cherry and Poplar Bedsteads;
20 Mahogany Washstands;
10 Walnut "
10 Cherry "
50 Plain Bureaus;
70 Dining and Breakfast Tables;
12 Secretary and Bookcases;
20 dos. Cane Seat Chairs;
10 Cane Rocking Chairs;
12 Ladies' Writing Desks;
Hat and Towel Stands;
Mahogany Sofas;
Conversation Chairs;
Elizabethan "
Reception "
Pearl Inlaid "
Arm "
Gothic and Hall Chairs;
Rosewood Extension Tables;
Louis XIV tete-a-tete Sofas;
Window Shades, all prices,
Buff Hollands, all widths,
Gilt Cornices, every style and price,
Gilt Curtain Pins,
" Bands,
Cords and Tassels,
Gimps, all prices,
Loops,
Fringes,
Worsted Tassels and Cords,
Chair Tassels and Brasses,
Hooks, Rings, Brackets, &c.

A large assortment of COMMON FURNITURE and WINDSOR CHAIRS. GEORGE MAYERS supplied with all articles in their line.
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All orders promptly attended to.

The Maine Law—Is a Fix.

A recent case, and we believe, the first one under the Vermont Liquor Law, will serve to present the astringency of that law, and also show the injustice which may grow out of its operation. It provides that whenever any person is found intoxicated, he may be apprehended and put in prison, and retained in custody until he reveals to the authorities, on oath, where and from whom the liquor which produced his intoxication was obtained. Under this section of the law a man was arrested at Woodstock, on the day it came in force—the 8th ult.—and being unable to recollect, from the totally unconscious state he was in while under the influence of the liquor, where he procured it, he was of course unable to give the required information, and has consequently remained in prison ever since, with no hope of being relieved, except by a formal trial before the Supreme Court of the State.

FATAL AFFRAY.—*Gen. Thomas Marshall killed!*—We received a telegraph despatch yesterday from