Daily Morning Post.

LUCKY HARPER.....THOMAS PHILLIPS

Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING.....MARCH 1.

☞ No North, no South, no East, no West, under the Constitution; but a sacred confederacy of the Common Mind, bind from Savaline to the Guardian Brotherhood.—FRANKLIN PIERCE.

☞ FINE JOB PRINTING.☜

Having recently made large additions of NEW AND BEAUTIFUL TYPE to our HOOK and JOB Offices, we are now prepared to do PRINTING OF ALL KINDS, in the neatest style, and upon the lowest terms. Every size and variety of type, from fifty lines down to Diamond, will now be found in our extensive Job Office. Give us a call.

☞ We are indebted to Hon. LINN BOYD and J. W. THOMPSON, for interesting Congressional documents.

Also, to Messrs. EYSTER, GILLMORE and ROBERTSON, for legislative favors.

☞ We had the pleasure of a visit yesterday from CHARLES S. HUBLEY, one of the editors of the *Daily Wisconsin*, Milwaukie. Mr. H. is like many others, on his way to Washington, to see the "elephant" on the 4th. We hope he will have a pleasant time of it.

THE CABINET.

There is much anxiety evinced as to who shall be the constitutional advisers of President PIERCE. We have endeavored to answer the enquiry by giving the latest reports as they were received from day to day. But, they have not been satisfactory and more Cabinets are demanded. We keep a furnishing store, in that line, at present, and, of course we can accommodate the public taste to the extent of our stock on hand. The following comprises our last invoices—

A report to the N. Y. Herald, dated Washington, Feb. 25, gives the following:

W. L. Marcy, Secretary of State.
James Guthrie, Treasury.
R. Mitchell, Interior.
Jefferson Davis, War.
James C. Dobbin, Navy.
James Campbell, Postmaster General.
Caleb Cushing, Attorney General.

The Herald thinks that the heaviest opposition to this Cabinet is directed against Governor Marcy, from several quarters, against Jefferson Davis by the Cass party, and against Judge Campbell by the Cameron faction of Pennsylvania. Mr. Cushing, as Attorney General, will give general satisfaction.

At eight o'clock, P. M., on the 25th a dispatch was sent to the *Herald*: According to the latest and most reliable information the following is the arrangement:

Secretary of State.....	W. L. Marcy.
" War.....	Jeff. Davis.
" Treasury.....	James Guthrie.
" Navy.....	James C. Dobbin.
" Interior.....	James Campbell.
Postmaster General.....	R. M'Lelland.
Attorney General.....	Caleb Cushing.

A correspondent of the *Herald*, of the 26th, says that it is now considered a fixed fact that Governor Marcy goes into the State Department, and Gen. Cushing into the Treasury.

General Pierce says the Cabinet is a sealed book, which some translate as meaning that it is not all arranged, but simply that the General don't choose to talk about it; while some knowing ones profess to see in it a diplomatic move to get rid of annoyance. Time will tell.

There is a good deal of grumbling that three out of the four States which voted for Scott should receive Cabinet appointments. As for General Pierce, he takes matters very quietly, carrying out his republican simplicity by dining at the public table at Willard's, notwithstanding that ample preparations have been made to treat him *en grand seigneur*.

The above is the amount of news about Cabinet making we have to report this morning, and we hope it will prove satisfactory.

THE BOURBON QUESTION.

The curious historical question raised by Mr. Hanson, in *Putnam's Monthly*, concerning the identity of Rev. Eleazar Williams and Louis the XVII, seems to be coming to a solution. The New York Evening Post says Mr. Putnam has received a long letter in relation to it from the Prince de Joinville, in which it is reported that he denies substantially the truth of Mr. Williams' statement. It is also said that there are several remarkable discrepancies in the Prince's reply, which only confirm the friends of Mr. Williams in their opinion as to the legitimacy of his claims.

In the March number of Putnam, the editor states that he has been informed by Rev. Mr. Hanson, the author of the celebrated article which appeared in the February number of the Magazine, that several new and important facts have come to his knowledge bearing upon this romantic subject. Mr. Hanson will make public the information he has received, in the April number of Putnam. Mr. H. also proposes to examine the new work of BRAUCHESER, a French author, who devoted twenty years to collecting facts in regard to the last illness and death of Louis XVII. It will be remembered that Mr. Hanson contends that Louis XVII is now living, and is no other person than Rev. Eleazar Williams, a missionary among the Western Indians.

PUTNAM AND HARPER.

We have received from Miner, on Smithfield street, and from Gildenfenney, on Fourth street, Putnam's Monthly and Harper's Magazine, for March. The contents of Harper are as varied as usual—matters being set forth in its pages to suit every taste. Mr. Putnam, in this number of his Magazine, fully sustains the character the first numbers achieved for it, as an *American Magazine*. A review of Bancroft, an able paper on International Copyright, an article on Japan, and various other articles, combine to make up a readable Magazine.

OUR STATE CONVENTION,

Meets to-day. We have no doubt but there will be a full attendance of delegates, and that each county will be ably represented, and that all will consider the great interests of the State rather than the preferment of men.

Several important nominations will be made, and we hope the men presented to us will be such as we can rally on with a confident hope of success.

☞ Western merchants who may visit Philadelphia on business, are referred to the advertisement of Messrs. T. SHARPLESS & SONS, No. 32 South Second street, where will be found perhaps the largest and most attractive stock of Furnishing Dry Goods in the City of Brotherly Love. The proprietors of this great establishment are gentlemen with whom our friends can take a pleasure in dealing, and we accordingly recommend them to public patronage.

MEAGHER.—The question has frequently been put to us, "when will MEAGHER be in Pittsburgh?" We are unable to answer. We refer the question to the Mercantile Library Association, and hope that the managers of that highly commendable Association will enlighten the public on the subject.

THE TWO MERCHANTS.—This is the title of a novel, by Arthur, we have received from the Philadelphia publisher, Peterson. We presume it does not differ much from the thousand and one novels, which the prolific pen of Mr. Arthur has turned out. Our book-sellers have it for sale.

INSTRUMENTS.—Attention is invited to the advertisement in another column, of J. J. Ditterich, of No. 78 North Second street, between Arch and Race, Philadelphia. Mr. D. is an extensive manufacturer of musical, mathematical, and optical instruments.

WINDSOR SOAP.—We have received from J. KIDD & Co. a sample of Windsor Soap of the best quality. We would recommend it to all who may desire to wear clean hands and faces.

THE MOSQUITO PROTECTORATE ABANDONED BY GREAT BRITAIN.—In the U. S Senate, on Friday, Mr. Everett communicated some important documents, conveying a proposition from the British government relinquishing its protectorate over his sable majesty of Mosquito. England wants the United States to unite with her and declare San Juan del Norte (or Nicaragua) a free port, its rulers to be chosen by its own citizens, and to pay to Nicaragua an indemnity for any claims she may have upon the territory. England also wants the United States to appoint an agent to act in concert with one appointed by her to forward this measure, and also to take measures for the completion of the ship canal across the Isthmus. England disclaims all intention of undue interference with the affairs of the Central American States. Mr. Everett urges the appointment of two ministers to each of these States, in order that the interests of this country may be fully looked after.

☞ When Billy Bowlegs, after he had made his tour through the United States, arrived among his nation in Florida, and reported how he had made an agreement at Washington to emigrate, his report was not very well received. His wife was taken from him as a penalty for what many of his nation considered very wrong diplomacy on his part. He, however, afterwards recanted, and she was restored to him. Billy then went down South, where he has been since.—The separation from his wife is about the substance of the story reported of his being deposed from his chieftaincy. He stands in great dread of those who oppose the emigration, and we are informed has observed a uniform silence since he has been back. He is thought to be in favor of removal, but the nation is divided on that subject, and he and his adherents fear to press it.

GEN. PIERCE'S CARRIAGE AND HORSES.—On Thursday, the splendid carriage and horses presented by the Boston people to Gen. Pierce, arrived in New York, *en route* for Washington.—The horses, which cost $1,400, are of a light bay color with switch tails. The carriage is a very costly one, the materials used in its construction being all manufactured in New England. It weighs about 1,300 pounds, and cost about $1,600. It is made in the French caleche style.—The whole equipage, including harness, &c., cost 3,600. This handsome present will be presented to General Pierce at Washington, by Messrs. Dunbar, Riddle and Fetridge, who are the committee on behalf of the Boston people

WOMEN'S ANTE-NUPTIAL DEBTS.—A bill has been introduced in the New York Legislature providing that women who have contracted debts prior to marriage shall be liable for their payment, that creditors may have the same remedies after as before marriage, and the husband shall not necessarily be a party in any suit for recovery. No action shall be maintained against a husband for the debts of his wife contracted previous to marriage, nor shall the husband's property be liable for such debts, except such as he received from his wife by voluntary cession, or ante-nuptial contract.

LAKE SUPERIOR MINING OPERATIONS.—Advices from Lake Superior to the 15th ultimo state that Cliff Mine, No. 8, is paying a net profit to the company of $20,000 per month; and Minnesota mine from $10,000 to $15,000. The Farm and Toltec mines produce masses of native barrel, and stamp copper, and fine specimens of silver. The Hall mine has proved to be one-fourth best in the district. Several other mines are mentioned as showing an increased production. Snow was from three to five feet deep, business active, and mining prospects never before so promising.

MAMMOTH EMIGRANTS.—The largest merchantile ship in the world, the screw steamer Himalaya, of 3600 tons measurement, built for the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., is nearly ready for launching at London. She will be propelled by screw machinery of 700 horse power. The largest man-of-war in the world has just been put in commission by Capt. Henry Byam Martin, son of the Admiral of the Fleet. She bears the name of the Duke of Wellington, and carries 131 guns. She has engines of 780 horse power, screw machinery, and she will have a crew of 1100 men.

RAPID CHANGES.—The Mexican newspaper "*Ordea*," has an article headed "Six Presidents in one month." It says that Arista was President till the 6th of January. At 11 o'clock at night, Cevallos took the government, from Arista's resignation. On the 6th, the Chambers met to elect some one to govern until the states should designate some one for the rest of Arista's term, and it resulted in the election of the same Cevallos against Almonte, Riva, Polacio, and Alveres.

THE DAUPHIN ROMANCE.—The New York Tribune states that Mr. Putnam has received from the Prince de Joinville a reply to the romantic account of his interview with the Rev. Eliazer Williams, lately published in Putnam's Monthly. The nature of the reply is not known. It is said, however, that the Prince meets every point of the Rev. Eliazer Williams' narrative, with which he was concerned, and gives his own account of what passed between them.

☞ The British Railway Interest is not looking so well. Both bond and preference shareholders appear to be disappointed in current results. The companies are paying from 4 to 6 per cent. on their debentures. They have involved themselves in financial difficulty from what the Liverpool Times treats as the capital mistake of the day, in supposing that because Gold is plentiful, Capital must be cheap.

PENNY POSTAGE IN ENGLAND.—We see it stated that the returns of the General Post Office for the past year gave additional proof of the penny postage system in every respect. In 1839 the number of letters was 76 millions; in 1840, first year of the new system, 169 millions; in 1845 the number reached 271½ millions; in 1850 it was 347 millions; and in 1852 it had increased to 370½ millions.

☞ At the recent town elections in New York, the democrats succeeded in the proportion of about three to one. The whigs, however, prevailed in Elmira, and here is the way the Republican, the whig paper, gives the result:—

"Three cheers for the downfall of locofocoism! Ring the bells! bridl first! eat oysters! kiss the girls! smoke cigars! and make yourself ridiculous generally!! Hurza!!!

☞ We noticed yesterday that Mayor RIDDLE, late Editor ROBERT M. RIDDLE, of the Pittsburgh Commercial Journal, passed through this city on his way home. Here is another degradation of the quill—another stain upon the dignity of the tripod. Unless these things are reasoned down, we may expect next to hear of some editor truckling for the Presidency!—*Cincinnati Commercial, Feb.* 26.

MISSISSIPPI AND MISSOURI RAILROAD.—A company with this title has been formed in Iowa. The road is intended to unite a point on the Mississippi, near Davenport, with a point on the Missouri, in Pottawatomi county, near Council Bluffs. The capital stock of the company is $6,000,000.

NEW JERSEY CHIEF JUSTICE.—A petition, signed by nearly every lawyer in the State of New Jersey, was lately presented to Governor Fort, asking him not to remove Chief Justice Henry W. Green; but he did remove him, nevertheless.

Suicide, by jumping from ferry boats seems to have become almost as common as it is on the bridges over the Seine at Paris. Three attempts have been made, within a few days, from Hoboken boats.

☞ Taxes upon Travelers, other than what is necessary for the expenses and legitimate profit upon travel, is but another name for tricks upon travelers. The practice has grown up in a desire to shirk the payment of taxes on the part of certain avaricious people, who have stimulated their representatives to bring in bills and to pass laws for imposing a *per capita* tax upon every one passing over their State domain. The system is robbing Peter to pay Paul. Paul is a landholder, or farmer, or possessor of other property in the State of New Jersey or Maryland—we mention these two States because they are the most culpable in the matter—and he don't like to pay the necessary expenses for administering the Government of which he is a citizen, and therefore looks about to see if some one else may not bear the burden which properly should rest upon his own shoulders. He sees Peter in New York and New England, and Peter in Richmond, Charleston, Savannah, Mobile and New Orleans, and as it may be pleasant, convenient or necessary for said Peter to pass through New Jersey or Maryland, Paul chooses to treat the stranger uncourteously enough to tax him for the honor and necessity of his journey. This is what we call robbing Peter to pay Paul, or the imposition of taxes upon travelers to meet the State necessity of individuals. New Jersey has for many years pocketed one hundred thousand dollars a year by the imposition of this tax, and Maryland one-fifth of all the passage money received on the railroad travel between Baltimore and Washington. The practice is injurious to the State of Maryland, injurious to Washington, and a wrong upon the public generally. We have mentioned already the intention further, on the part of Maryland, to make bad worse by the imposition of an additional tax of fifteen cents upon each passenger, in case authority is given to construct a bridge across the Susquehanna.—*N. Y. Express.*

The Professions Overstocked.

They are so here, every one knows; and, according to a late writer, they are more so in England. "Every profession in England," says the writer referred to, "is overstocked." Such is the condition of medicine, that there is scarcely a physician of eminence at the present moment bringing up his son to the profession. A medical man looks for a fortune with his wife, as an indispensable groundwork to build upon.—Most medical men begin life with a little capital, or a resource of some kind, or they would be compelled to abandon their calling before they had hardly got into it. The law with the exception of its magnates, who absorb nearly all the business, is bankrupt. Ask solicitors what they think of the law as a lucrative profession. The church with its golden benefits on one side, and the miserable stipends on the other, presents a hopeless prospect to him who enters it without a living in his family or a patron among his friends. There would be no lack of employment for professional men, if teaching offered a career to persons of worth and talent. There is ignorance enough to be enlightened, brutality enough to be reclaimed, in any country, to afford ample scope for all its talents and all its virtue. But in some countries, the business of education is monopolized by the church; in others by the state; and consequently to be a teacher of youth is to be hopelessly poor, and to work under the hindering and degrading surveillance of ecclesiastics or trustees. So there is nothing left for us but to set up a store and make a fortune.—*Home Journal.*

POST-OFFICE REFORM.—Very general complaint is heard in Philadelphia in regard to the management of the Post-office, losses, &c. The Bulletin, in alluding to that office, and some things necessary to its improvement under the new administration says:—

"We do not presume to say where the fault lies; but fault there is; and the administration, as the responsible party, is censurable for the acts of its agents. The facts are undeniable that serious losses occur through the mails; that these losses are on the increase; and that residents of Philadelphia suffer unusually large sufferers by these losses. We are continually in receipt of complaints relative to drafts and other remittances, which have miscarried. We do not care to inquire *why* this is so, or *who* is to blame. We take the broad ground that is it the business of the Department to discover, and that such errors, to call them by no worse name, need not and *should not* continue."

The Ledger says this is the general sentiment of the public, and the sooner the attention of the new Administration is directed to it, the better it will be for the public interests.

LEARNING VS. DISCIPLINE.—The subjoined extract from Blackwood's Magazine, is both amusing and instructive:

"Learning—learning—learning," is the cry of father an' mother—"if my boy had the learning what a jenius he'd be!" In course, ye old fools, your *bouchal* would be a swan among the goslings; but it isn't "learning" half the world want; instead of "learning," by which they mean cobwebs picked out of dead men's brains, if they would get some discipline. Discipline, discipline, that's the only education I ever saw that brot a boy to any good. What's the use of battering a man's brain's full of Greek and Latin pot-hooks, that he forgets before he doffs his last round jacket, or puts on his first long-tailed coat, if ye don't teach him the old Spartan virtue of obedience, hard living, early rising, and them sort of classics? Where's the use of instructing him in hexameters and pentameters, if you leave him ignorant of the value of a penny piece? What height of bretherin stupidity it is to be fillin' a boy's brains with the wisdom of the ancients, and then turn him out like an *omadhaun*, to pick up his victuals among the moderns.

IRELAND IN BY-GONE DAYS.—If on any occasion a guest left the room, bits of paper were dropped into his glass, intimating the number of rounds the bottle had gone; and on his return he was obliged to swallow a glass for each, under the penalty of so many glasses of salt and water. It was the practice of some to have decanters with round bottoms, like a modern soda water bottle, the only contrivance in which they could stand being at the head of the table, before the host. Stopping time in this way was thus rendered impossible, and every one was obliged to fill his glass at once, and pass the bottle to his neighbor, on the peril of upsetting the contents on the table. A still more common practice was to knock the stems off the glasses with a knife, so that they must be emptied as fast as they were filled, as they could not stand. Sometimes the guests, as they sat down, put off their shoes, which were taken out of the room; and the empty bottles were broken outside of the door, so that no one could pass out till the carouse was over.—*Ireland Sixty Years Ago.*

UNCLE TOM IN SAXONY.—The foreign correspondent of the Newark Daily Advertiser, writing from Dresden, Saxony, January 6th, notes the following incident of deception:

"A few weeks ago, at the annual fair in Dresden, one of the greatest curiosities of the day was a negro woman with a large iron ring in her nose, represented as a fugitive from slavery.—She was pictured upon the outside of the building enclosed by the ring, and a driver, holding a long whip in his hand, standing by. The admittance was about five cents United States currency. Thousands flocked to see her, in order to gather from life an idea of American slavery. It was a good speculation for the exhibitor. I understand the above forms a traveling exhibition, making a tour of the whole of Europe."

☞ A Valuable Discovery with regard to Daguerreotypes has been made by Mr. S. N. Carvalho, an artist of Charleston, South Carolina. It has been hitherto necessary to enclose Daguerreotypes in cases, and cover them with glass, as the least friction destroyed the work of sun and shadow. Mr. Carvalho has discovered a perfectly transparent enamel, insoluble, by all ordinary agents, a thin coating of which being spread upon a daguerreotype, it may be carried about without other protection, or sent by post to any part of the world. The enamel produces no perceptible effect upon the picture.

☞ Shipping is scarce and in high demand on all the Atlantic seaports, owing to the large number of vessels absorbed by the California and Australia trade. The consequence is that all the ship builders at the eastward are full of work, and the number of new vessels turned out the coming season will surpass any previous year. In our own ship-yards business is brisk, but the Yankees build vessels more at a venture, and depend upon chance for purchasers. In this way the ports of New York and Boston are kept constantly well supplied with new vessels, sent there by builders for charter or sale.

NAMES OF CITIES AND TOWNS.—A writer in the National Intelligencer complains of the names given to new cities, towns, &c., in this country, and says that he himself is a citizen of *Dresden*, close by *Vienna*, on the road to *Naples*, between *Antwerp* and *Corinthian* in *Indiana*.

FOOTSTEPS OF ANGELS.

BY H. W. LONGFELLOW.

When the hours of day are numbered,
And the voices of the night
Wake the silent soul that slumbered,
To a holy, calm delight;

Ere the evening lamps are lighted,
And, like phantoms grim and tall,
Shadows from the fitful fire-light,
Dance upon the parlor wall;

Then the forms of the departed
Enter at the open door;
The beloved ones, the true hearted,
Come to visit me once more.

He, the young and strong, who cherished
Noble longings for the strife,
By the road-side fell and perished,
Weary by the march of life.

They, the holy ones and weakly,
Who the cross of suffering bore,
Folding their pale hands so meekly,
Speak with us on earth no more.

And with them the Being Beauteous,
Who unto my youth was given,
More than all things else to love me,
And is now a saint in heaven.

With a slow and noiseless footstep
Comes the messenger divine,
Takes the vacant chair beside me,
Lays her gentle hand in mine.

And she sits and gazes at me
With those deep and tender eyes,
Like the stars so still and calm-like,
Looking down upon the skies.

Uttering not, yet comprehended,
Is the spirit's voiceless prayer,
Soft rebukes, in blessings ended,
Breathing from her lips of air.

O, though oft depressed and lonely,
All my fears are laid aside,
If I but remember only
Such as these have lived and died.

Items of News and Miscellany.

The North Carolina Copper Company will sell at auction in New York, on the 1st of March, 100 tons of copper ore, already received from their mines. They have been offered $160 per ton, which they refused. This parcel of ore, together with about 100 tons more, has been taken out of the mines within the last two months the Company have just commenced operations.

Cholera among the hogs.—The Louisville Courier states that there is great fatality among the hogs at Milton, Ky., and other points, and that it has been alarmingly destructive to the hogs at Carrollton, at the distillery of Root & Snyder. They have lost upwards of 600 hogs in ten days, or about 60 per day, with but little abatement of the disease.

Wisconsin, with a spare and emigrant population, has a school and university fund of $850,000, and an annual outlay for the instruction of her children of $120,000.

A letter from Rome says: Miss Cushman and five other ladies, including Grace Greenwood, Miss Hosmer, the young sculptress—a funny little fellow, bright, wide awake, and short as pie-crust—Miss Vaughan, Miss Hays, &c., are living together like the 'Happy Family,' in the *Corso*. Wicked wits call them the 'strong-minded party.' They have reception every Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Howard, the late mistress of Napoleon III, has been enobled by the Emperor, who has purchased and made her proprietor of the village of Beauregard, near Versailles. She will bear the title of Countess of Beauregard.

Phillips' Fire Annihilator will probably receive a thorough test at last by one of the departments of the Government. One hundred of the machines are expected to be bought for $6,000, by order of Congress, the Secretary of the Navy having made a recommendation to that effect. They are proposed to be used on board U. S. steamers and in the navy yards.

To raise the pile of velvet, cover a hot smoothing iron with a velvet cloth, and hold the velvet firmly over it; the vapor arising will raise the pile of the velvet, with the assistance of a light whisk.

The carpenters and bricklayers of Cincinnati are on a strike for higher wages.

Brckhard the celebrated joker says that the reason why the gentlemen of the press are called the editorial *corps*, is on account of their generally being *dead heads!* Isn't the boy funny?—*Lantern.*

The bill for the coinage of small silver coin, of a reduced rate, has been approved by the President. It goes into operation on the 1st of June next.

In view of the absence of Mr. King in Cuba, and the probability that he will not return to Washington, before Congress adjourns, a bill has passed the Senate, authorizing the American Consul at Havana, or any judge of the U. States Courts, or magistrate to administer the oath of Office to him as Vice President of the United States.

Kate Virginia Poole, the girl who was pardoned out of the New Hampshire State Prison, about a year since, from a sentence for life for throwing her child out of a car window, has been convicted of sundry larcenies at Lawrence, Mass., and sentenced to six months in the House of Correction.

Chevalier Hulsemann presented his credentials to the Secretary of State on Saturday last, and was received as the Charge d'Affaires of his Majesty the Emperor of Austria to the Government of the United States.

Miss Delia Brown of Onandaga county, N. Y., prosecuted L. Brockway, of Kendsha, Wisconsin, for trifling with her affections. The case was tried last week in the Circuit Court at Sycause and resulted in a verdict of $900 for the fair plaintiff.

One of the depositors in the Butchers' and Drovers Bank, in New York, it is said, has overdrawn his account some $10,000 or $12,000, through favors extended to him by the teller.—The money, however, it is supposed will be recovered.

A large wildcat was caught in a trap near Middletown, Ct., on Tuesday night. A large dog was set upon it, but although confined by one foot to the trap, it could knock the dog down with the greatest ease with one of its paws. It was knocked in the head.

Cornelius C. Overstreet, was shot dead in his house, near Brandon, Mis., on the 6th inst., and instantly killed. His skull was broken to pieces by the discharge, eleven large buckshot having entered it. Henry Pridgen, a neighbor was accused of the murder, and committed for trial.

The fat ox used at the carnival in Paris this year was called Uncle Tom, and his two attendants Shelby and St. Clare.

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge.

☞ During a practice of more than twenty years, Dr. M'Lane has attended innumerable patients afflicted with every form of worm disease, and was induced to apply all the energies of his mind to the discovery of a remedy adequate to the destruction of worms of every age or worm destroyer, certain in its effects; the result of his labors is the American Worm Specific, now before the public, which is perfectly safe, and may be given alike to children of the most tender age, or to the robust adult; it purges mildly and subdues fever, and does not prove worms with invariable success. It is easy of administration, and as it does not contain mercury in any form whatever, no restrictions are necessary with regard to drinking cold water, nor is it capable of doing the least injury to the most tender infant. An incredible number of worms have been expelled by this great vermifuge.

☞ Beware of Counterfeits!

For sale by most of the Druggists and Merchants, and by the sole proprietors. J. KIDD & CO.,
feb20d4w 60 Wood street.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE—for March.
Godey's Lady's Book do.
Graham's Magazine do.
For sale by
mar1 No. 104 Wood street, near Fourth. R. T. C. MORGAN,

MAGAZINES FOR MARCH.—Just received—
Harper's Magazine for March.
Putnam's Magazine for March.
Rose Somerville, or a Husband's Mystery and a Wife's Devotion.
The First False Step, or the Path of Crime.
A Romance of Life in London, by G.W. M. Reynolds.
The Adventures of Ferdinand Count Fathom, by Tobias Smollett, a new edition, just issued.
Back numbers of Harper's and Putnam's Magazine, can be had at W. A. GILDENFENNEY & CO'S,
mar1 76 Fourth street.

ONE Hundred and Ten Thousand Copies of Harper's New Monthly Magazine are now sold monthly.
Just received—at H. Miner & Co.'s, No. 32 Smithfield st.
Harper's Magazine for March, containing a greater amount of very interesting articles, than any previous number.
Putnam's Monthly for March.
Godey's Lady's Book for March.
Graham's Magazine for March.
Peterson's Magazine for March.
Thompson's celebrated Counterfeit Detector for March, with a description of a new batch of Counterfeits. Price 10 cents. H. MINER & CO.,
mar1 No. 32 Smithfield street.

☞ Messrs. J. Kidd & Co., have just received *five hundred* dozen of F. S. CLEAVER'S *highly perfumed* HONEY SOAPS, comprising the ordinary Honey Soaps, Extra Scented Windsor, Rose Brown Windsor, Winter and Honey Shaving Soaps. It is satisfied by all, that Cleaver's Soaps are the finest in the world. mch15d2w

☞ JOHN H. FOWLER, late Fowler & Pullis, Boot and Shoe Manufacturer, and Wholesale Dealer, No. 14 Barclay street, five doors below the Astor House, New York. mar1-6m

☞ Silver Medal awarded by Franklin Institute, 1852.—F. H. SCOTT, Manufacturer of Pocket Books, Porte Monnaies, Rose Wood Writing Desks, Dressing Cases and Work Boxes, 205 Arch street, one door below Sixth, Philadelphia. mar1-3m

☞ To Business Men.—THE GERMAN "COURIER," published Daily and Weekly, at Pittsburgh, has the largest circulation of any other German paper in Western Pennsylvania. The fact is well known and cannot honestly be contradicted. It is, therefore, the most desirable medium for our Merchants, Manufacturers, and business men generally, who wish to advertise in the German language, as it circulates largely in the State of Ohio. Advertisements will be translated gratis, and inserted on liberal terms. Office of the German "Courier," No. 310 Liberty street, near Smithfield. feb26-3t

PHILADELPHIA CURTAIN WAREHOUSE AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED CURTAIN WAREHOUSE, 171 CHESTNUT ST., OPPOSITE THE STATE HOUSE. D. W. SAFFORD, (late Safford & Cookman,) keeps constantly on hand the most extensive and varied assortment of Curtains and Curtain Materials to be found in the city, comprising in part of the following CURTAIN GOODS AND FURNITURE DRYINGS—all styles of—

French Lace Curtains,	Window Shades, all prices,
Muslin "	Buff Hollands, all widths,
French Brocatelles, all widths,	Gilt Cornices, every style and
French Plushes,	price,
" Satin Lines,	Gilt Curtain Pins,
" Laces,	" Bands,
" Satins,	Cords and Tassels,
" Damask Linens,	Gimps, all prices,
" Cashmerette,	Loops,
Plain Turkey Red,	Fringes,
India Satin Damask,	Piano Tassels and Cords,
" Long Shawls,	Shade Tassels and Braces,
Furniture Gimps,	Hooks, Rings, Brackets, &c.

A full assortment of the above goods constantly for sale, wholesale or retail. mar1dly—ad m. n.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROLLER CLOTH—A supply always on hand, and for sale by mar1 H. LEE.

THE highest price in cash paid for WOOL and SHEEP PELTS, by mar1 H. LEE.

LARD OIL—15 bbls. No. 1 "Lindsmall" Lard oil, for sale by mar1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

POT ASH—10 casks first sorts Potash, landing and for sale by mar1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

BROOMS—200 doz. Corn Brooms, received and for sale by mar1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

TOBACCO—50 bxs. and half bxs. "Maibert & Geantry's" 8's, on consignment and for sale at eastern prices, by mar1 MILLER & RICKENSON.

WHITE HAVANA SUGAR—50 boxes white Havana Sugar, in store and for sale by mar1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

N. O. SUGAR—75 hhds. New Orleans Sugar, received and for sale by mar1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

N. O. MOLASSES—200 bbls. N. O. Molasses; 200 half bbls. do:
Received and for sale by
mar1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEEDS—
115 bus. prime Penna. Clover Seed:
60 do Timothy Seed; in store and for sale by
mar1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

COFFEE—220 bags prime Rio Coffee;
40 do Laguayra do;
50 pockets white Java Coffee;
In store and for sale by
mar1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

JUST RECEIVED—2 doz. more of COLT'S 4, 5 and 6 inches REPEATING PISTOLS. Also, one-half dozen of the army size. All of which we will sell at eastern prices.
For sale at DOWN & BETLEY'S
mar1 Enterprise Works.

WOOLEN GOODS—3 cases Black Tweeds;
1 do Fine Black Cassimere;
1 do Fancy Tweeds;
1 do Barred Flannels;
Received on consignment and for sale low, to close, by
mar1 H. LEE, 139 Liberty street.

Oysters, Game, Fish, &c.

HAVING recently united myself in connection with A. FIELDS, I am now in the constant receipt of the finest *Oysters, Fish, Game*, &c., from W. T. SMITH, of Baltimore. Restaurants, families, &c., supplied with the best articles, on the most reasonable terms.
J. P. HORBACH,
mar1-2 corner of Wood and Fifth streets.

TO LET—A Brick House on Ohio street, (Fifth Ward,) now occupied by Mr. E. H. Hendricks.
Also—The Brick House on Wylie street, formerly known as Sowerby's Hotel.
Also—Two Acres of Land, and small Dwelling House, opposite St. Mary's Cemetery, two miles from the city; rent $50.00 per annum. Apply to
mar1 JAMES BLAKELY.

OILS—250 gals. bleached Winter Sperm Oil;
1000 do natural cold do do;
1500 do do Fall do;
1000 do bleached do do;
2500 do do Winter Whale Oil;
1000 do Crude Whale Oil;
20 bbls. Tanners' Strails Oil;
In store and for sale by
mar1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

BOOKMAN AND YELLOW WARE, *sold at Manufacturers' prices.* The undersigned wishes to close the present business on the first of April next, will dispose of his present stock of Rockingham and Yellow Cane Ware at Factory prices. His assortment is large and complete. The attention of steamboat owners, hotel-keepers, housekeepers, and dealers, is respectfully called to this notice.
JAMES BLAKELY,
mar1 186 Wood street, near Liberty.

For One Week!

STILL GREATER REDUCTION IN PRICES.—A. McKee & Co., 62 and 64 Market street, will continue their last great semi-annual sale, for one week longer, at the end of which time their Fifth street Store will be completed. The balance of their goods will therefore, before removal, be closed out at a still greater reduction in prices, and at a large sacrifice from cost; as it is their desire to clear their whole stock, that they may open their New Store, with an entire new stock. mar1

PHILADELPHIA.

THOMAS WHITE,
MANUFACTURER and *Dealer in Foreign and Domestic* STRAW BONNETS,
TRIMMINGS AND ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.
No. 41 South Second street, PHILADELPHIA.
mar1-3m

JOSEPH J. DITTERICH,
No. 78 North Second St., between Arch and Race,
PHILADELPHIA,

IMPORTER, Dealer and Manufacturer's agent, has for sale at the lowest prices, wholesale and retail, Musical, Mathematical and Optical Instruments, Fancy Goods, Porte Monaies, Stations, Bronze Powder, a splendid and large assortment of English and German Lithographic Prints and Pictures, Rose wood Frame Mouldings. Depot of Faber's Lead Pencils.
Philadelphia, March 1, 1853. mar1-3m

M. BERNHEIM,
No. 11 South Second street, near Market, has just received his new and carefully selected stock of MILLINERY GOODS, consisting in part of Ribbons, Silks, Crapes, Laces, Tartans, Illusions, French and American Flowers, and, in fact, every article belonging to this line.
Offering his goods at the lowest prices and most reasonable terms, he would solicit a call of Milliners and Merchants.
N. B.—A liberal allowance made for cash, and great care and attention paid to orders from the country.
Philadelphia, March 1, 1853. mar1-3m

PHILADELPHIA DRY GOODS.

T. SHARPLESS & SONS, Importers of British, French and India Dry Goods, are receiving a general supply of Goods for spring and summer sales:
Dress Goods—Alpacas, Ginghams, Mousselines;
French and India Silks, De Beges, Lawns.
Shawls—Paisley, Broché, Honey Stitch;
Canton Crapes, plain and richly embroidered.
Furnishing Goods—Linen Damasks, Sheetings;
Napkins, Tablings, Furniture Dimities;
Moreens, Damasks and Rattinets.
Men's Wear—Linen Drillings and Blouses;
Fancy Worsteds, Habit Cloths, Tr'n Cassimeres,
Marseilles and Silk Vestings in great variety.
mar1-3m 32 South Second street.

GOODRICH'S
FOR CARRIAGE MAKERS.

Drab and Colored Cloths,

Worsted and Union Damasks, Farmerettas, Cashlines, Plain and Figured Plush, Silks, Russia Sheetings, Buckrams, &c.

SHOE MANUFACTURERS' GOODS.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH LASTINGS, ITALIAN CLOTHS, LACETS,
Galloons, Linings, Barnsley Sheetings,
AND
IRISH LINENS,

For sale by
ISAAC BARTON & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS,
No. 27 South SECOND Street, Philadelphia.
mar1-3m

C. MEYER, inventor and manufacturer of the celebrated IRON PLATE FRAME AND PATENT REVERSED TOP PIANO FORTES, No. 29 South Fourth street, Philadelphia.
The following MEDALS have been awarded to CONRAD MEYER, viz:
1843—First premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.
1845—First premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin Institute, Pennsylvania.
1846—First premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin Institute, Pennsylvania.
1847—First premium and SILVER MEDAL, from Mechanics' Institute, Boston.
1849—First premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin Institute, Pennsylvania.
1849—First premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin Institute.
1850—Diploma and MEDAL, Mechanics' Institute, Boston.
THE VOICE OF THE WORLD:
THE PRIZE MEDAL OF THE WORLD'S FAIR awarded to CONRAD MEYER, for his TWO PIANOS, October 15th, 1851.
MODEL JURY ON MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS:
W. STERNDALE BENNETT, London.
HECTOR BERLIOZ, Paris.
SIR HENRY BISHOP, London.
DR. ROBERT BLACK, America.
DR. SCAFHAUTL, Munich, Germany.
SIR GEORGE SMART, London.
SIGISMUND THALBERG, London.
DR. WYLDE, "
CHEVALIER NEWKOM: "
PROFESSOR FISCHHOF, Vienna.
CIPRIANI POTTER, London.
Philadelphia, March 1, 1851—mar1-ly

DOLLARD, PREMIER ARTISTE IN HAIR—INVENTOR OF THE CELEBRATED GOSSAMER VENTILATING VELVET AND ELASTIC BAND TOUPACES. R. DOLLARD has always ready for sale a splendid stock of Gents' Wigs, Toupees, Ladies' Wigs, half Wigs, Frizets, Braids, Curls, &c., beautifully manufactured and as cheap as at any establishment in the Union.
DOLLARD'S Herbarium Extract, or Lustrous Hair Tonic, prepared from South American herbs and roots, the most successful article ever produced for preserving the hair from falling out or changing color, restoring and preserving it in a healthy and luxuriant state. Among other reasons why Dollard's Hair Cutting Saloon maintains its immense popularity, is the fact that his Tonic is applied to every head of hair cut at his establishment, consequently it is kept in better preservation than under any other known application. It being thus particularly tested by thousands, offers the greatest guaranty of its efficacy.
Sold wholesale and retail at his old establishment, 177 CHESTNUT Street, opposite the State House, Philada.
R. DO