Daily Morning Post.

LUCKY HARPER.....THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING:.....DECEMBER 8.

☞ No South, no South, no East, no West, under the Constitution; but a moral millstone of the Common Deck, and true devotion to the Common Brotherhood.—FRANKLIN PIERCE.

☞ Messrs. S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., who are prompt, honest and gentlemanly in their business transactions, are the only authorized agents in the cities of New York and Boston for the *Morning Post*. They are authorized to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our usual rates. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 Nassau street. BOSTON, 10 State street.

☞ PITTS FOR PRINTING. ☜

Having recently made large additions of New and Beautiful Type to our Stock of Printing Materials, we are now prepared to execute, with neatness and dispatch, every description of Printing, from the finest Card to a Diamond, all we solicit is our share of the public patronage. Give us a call.

City Democratic Committee of Correspondence.

☞ The Democratic Committee of Correspondence, for the City of Pittsburgh, will meet at the ST. CHARLES HOTEL, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 8th instant, at 7 o'clock.

The following named gentlemen compose the Committee:

CHARLES BARNETT, Chairman.

W. D. Gallagher,	George Wilson,
R. R. Roberts,	R. H. Patterson,
Charles A. M'Anulty,	Joseph Watt,
Francis Felix,	Alex. Holstein,
James B. Kelly,	James A. Parkinson,
William J. Ross,	Charles Kent,
William Alexander,	Joseph Birmingham.
Joseph Weeks,	David Seitz,
	Samuel Fleming.

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Eastern Funds.

We learn that the Bank of Pittsburgh and the Merchants and Manufacturers Bank are drawing on the Atlantic cities at *par*. This will no doubt be gratifying to the business men.

THE MESSAGE.

We are not in the habit of "bragging," but on the occasion of getting out the President's Message on Monday, we cannot refrain from saying something complimentary to those who aided us in putting it up. We understood that an office distinguished for its bragging propensity, not only in regard to its great circulation, but its superior swiftness in all other matters, had sent forth a boast that it had fifty-five hands engaged, and that if the *Post* attempted a race with it, it would be most fearfully beaten. The *Post* did not believe the prediction; it pursued the even tenor that it has always followed. It took things quietly. Thirty minutes after the Message was received it was in type, in the office of the *Post*, and ten minutes from that time it was circulating through the city. When we sent a copy of our paper to the "bully" office, we understand that the "fifty-five" were still at work sticking type.

We feel that we have a right to brag on the brilliant performance of the gentlemen who worked on our copy of the Message. We do not believe that any other office in the United States can say that the document was set up in less time than thirty minutes, and we are willing to pay a liberal bet to any one who will prove that they have beaten us.

The fact is, that in all such enterprises, the *Post* is not one of those papers that can be beaten. It belongs to the *progressive*, and every body knows that their march is onward. It never has been beaten in a race, and we have an abiding confidence that it never will be, so long as we are worthy of the friendship of the kind friends of the brothers in the craft who aided us on Monday.

An Accomplished Swindler Arrested in St. Louis.

We find in the St. Louis *Union* an account of the arrest of an accomplished swindler in that city, whose operations justly entitle him to rank in the same category with the celebrated MOSES EDWARDS. It seems that about five months since, there arrived at Bloomington, McLean county, Illinois, a handsome good-looking man, who represented himself as an English Capitalist by the name of HOUGHTON. After staying there a short time he became impressed with the idea that the flourishing village needed a banking institution, under the General Banking Law of that State. Several wealthy citizens of the place coincided with him in the idea, and it was agreed, that he, the English capitalist, should conduct the operation. The wealthy citizens, however, aforesaid, were to be connected with him in the undertaking. Previous to starting it, however, it was necessary for HOUGHTON to go to New York, and in order to provide him with means, a Mr. MILLER, with some of his neighbors in Bloomington, let him have some $70,000 in money in exchange for drafts on New York. After concluding this business transaction he left for the commercial metropolis, being accompanied as far as Detroit by one of the wealthy citizens who was anxious to be connected with him in the banking operation.

In Michigan he got rid of his associate and proceeded on his journey alone. It seems that he did not stay in New York long, but returned to the West by way of the Ohio river. When his drafts were presented in New York, to the astonishment of the Bloomington folks, they were *dishonored*. When this intelligence arrived at that village HOUGHTON was in Indiana. In the latter part of August he made his appearance in St. Louis, where he registered his name in one of the principal hotels as Col. Monroe, of the British Army. He represented himself as on a furlow of several months, traveling for pleasure intending to proceed from St. Louis to New Orleans by a land route through the Southwestern part of the State and the frontier counties of Arkansas, striking the Red river, at Alexandria, where he could take a steamboat for the city of his destination. He called upon a gentleman in St. Louis to hire a horse, carriage and driver to take him as far as Springfield, in that State, but finding that it would cost a large sum, he thought it would be cheaper on the whole to buy an establishment. The gentleman of whom he had tried to hire not having a horse and carriage that suited him, he was introduced by the former to some other parties by the name of FALLOW & WRIGHT, who sold him a buggy and harness for $205. Two fine horses were procured for him, all of which was paid for in American gold. As he could not get a driver the next morning he started on his journey alone.

Not long after this, Mr. Miller, on the part of the Bloomington folks, arrived in St. Louis in quest of him, but was too low in his views to get any of the police to immediately start on his track. But about the first of October Capt. Cozzens, the head of the police, heard of a man bearing his description within seven miles of Springfield. He had his team with him, and was accompanied by a *lady*. He was traveling leisurely, had dogs and guns with him, and appeared to be on a hunting expedition. He went on about sixty miles from Springfield, to a place called Montgomery, where he was taken sick and remained nearly a month. As soon as he got convalescent he made the acquaintance of several leading citizens, to whom he introduced himself as Col. Shelby a son of the hero of that name.

He became smitten of the charms of a beautiful widow in the place, and offered himself in marriage, and in order to make himself as attractive as possible, he exhibited to her a large box filled with gold and two drafts on the Bank of England.

He, however, did not succeed in this enterprise, and "got the mitten" from the lady. He next took up his line of march for St. Louis again—but the police had heard of him, and when within about ten miles of that city, he was arrested by Capt. Cozzens, before alluded to.—He had no arms upon his person, having in the morning packed up his revolvers. Upon being searched there was found upon him $35,000 in gold, and papers of value, including some checks on the Bank of England. A gentleman from Bloomington who was present recognized him, and he was sent on to that village, under custody as a fugitive from justice.

A CHRISTMAS PRESENT FOR THE LITTLE ONES.—We have received from our friend Gildenfenny, the double sheet of the *Brother Jonathan*. It is offered as a "Christmas Turkey," and if the young ones do not find the Turkey, they will find a large amount of amusement in its ample pages.

WHIG REVIEW.—This able political and literary Magazine for December has come to hand.—This is really a good Magazine: its contents, especially the literary matter, are of the highest order. The present number contains a review of Webster's life and works, together with a portrait of the great Expounder. Our whig friends should subscribe.

PUTNAM'S LIBRARY.—We have received the XXII number of this valuable publication; it is entitled "Pictures of St. Petersburg," by Edward Jormann; and is translated from the German of Jerman by Frederick Hardman. The work purports to be a description of life in St. Petersburg, being a narrative of events which the author witnessed during a residence in the capitol of all the Russias.

SOMETHING INTERESTING.

The celebrated Indian Chief, KAH-GE-GA-GAH-BOWH, or GEORGE COPWAY, is in our city, and will lecture on Thursday and Friday evenings at Masonic Hall. He is the Chief of the Ojibway Tribe, and a finer specimen of nature's noblemen we never set our eyes upon. His subjects will be the Religious Belief, Ceremonies, Customs, Poetry, &c., of the North American Indians.

Presidential Vote of Louisiana—Official.

	1852.		1848.	
	Scott.	*Pierce.*	*Taylor.*	*Cass.*
Ascension	296	850	288	366
Assumption	511	553	469	586
Avoyelles	300	887	299	359
Algiers	67	181	81	200
Bossier	180	248	17	—
Bienville	172	318	114	189
Concordia	121	86	188	96
Calcasieu	54	221	42	181
Caddo	344	342	281	300
Claiborne	330	506	221	223
Caldwell	54	159	90	149
Catahoula	280	310	320	386
Carroll	219	261	268	285
De Soto	241	288	149	217
East Feliciana	342	448	349	394
East Baton Rouge	484	485	400	406
Franklin	110	192	124	162
Iberville	318	426	353	129
Jackson	174	341	127	193
Jefferson	928	943	717	660
Lafouche Interior	676	135	739	161
Livingston	169	337	144	248
Lafayette	117	277	108	220
Morehouse	196	137	178	101
Madison	171	147	283	192
Natchitoches	289	407	384	495
New Orleans	4,668	4,682	5,470	4,379
Orleans, right bank	161	124	89	—
Ouchita	100	240	163	176
Plaquemines	151	372	—	—
Point Coupee	242	364	208	370
Rapides	401	623	388	543
St. Bernard	180	120	187	350
St. Charles	101	89	185	85
St. John Baptist	202	169	228	128
St. James	321	158	431	117
St. Tammany	254	208	275	188
St. Helena	209	246	169	188
St. Mary	390	243	470	165
St. Martin	479	298	450	240
St. Landey	692	668	754	376
Sabine	237	251	246	271
Tensas	120	107	177	111
Terrebonne	197	97	353	129
Union	435	465	307	237
Vermillion	136	126	430	52
West Baton Rouge	220	118	255	109
Washington	125	258	158	190
West Feliciana	100	202	232	261
Wynn	57	138	17	—
Total	17,255	18,647	16,607	15,379
		17,255		18,607
Democratic maj		1,392	Whig m.	3,168
Total vote in 1852				35,902
Total vote in 1848				33,886
Increase in four years				2,016

Popular Vote of Tennessee—Official.

EAST TENNESSEE.

Counties.	*Scott.*	*Pierce.*	*Counties.*	*Scott.*	*Pierce.*
Anderson	602	267	Johnson	365	93
Bledsoe	403	590	Knox	1803	555
Blount	827	669	McMinn	703	868
Bradley	547	778	Meigs	141	442
Campbell	253	691	Marion	292	292
Carter	585	139	Monroe	805	847
Claiborne	503	519	Morgan	240	222
Cocke	598	736	Polk	227	470
Grainger	852	477	Rhea	300	307
Greene	750	1301	Roane	820	678
Hawkins	1109	1129	Rhetsia	199	127
Hamilton	774	648	Sevier	621	59
Hancock	244	399	Sullivan	1005	1114
Jefferson	1168	307	Washington	565	853
				16,877	13,781

MIDDLE TENNESSEE.

Bedford	1390	1858	Maury	1324	1799
Cannon	453	727	Montgomery	1250	993
Cheatham	295	722	Marshall	1000	1000
Davidson	2017	2058	Overton	345	1039
DeKalb	559	588	Perry	225	314
Dickerson	553	315	Robertson	1003	1203
Fentress	153	411	Rutherford	1495	1313
Franklin	870	1183	Smith	1742	829
Giles	1303	1447	Sumner	617	1023
Grundy	44	327	Stewart	553	722
Hardin	643	1018	Skinner	525	1043
Hickman	241	829	Van Buren	107	165
Humphreys	293	471	Warren	844	922
Jackson	1171	1015	Wayne	666	880
Lawrence	541	583	White	949	518
Lewis	151	156	Williamson	1583	763
Lincoln	606	2297	Wilson	2046	1220
				28,942	29,803

WEST TENNESSEE.

Benton	340	485	Haywood	790	732
Carroll	1493	549	Lauderdale	320	277
Decatur	405	315	McNairy	922	877
Dyer	508	411	Madison	1426	819
Fayette	1096	1034	Obion	431	644
Gibson	1261	1009	Shelby	1824	1210
Hardeman	717	1024	Tipton	867	565
Henderson	1103	511	Weakley	783	1149
Henry	899	1516		14,923	13,532
				53,922	57,123
				57,123	
Scott's majority				1,679	

Public Debt.

The following is the reported public debt of the Union, and the several States composing it, on the 1st of January, 1850:

United States	$64,223,328
Maine	970,000
Massachusetts	6,091,047
New York	28,937,249
New Jersey	62,596
Pennsylvania	40,424,737
Maryland	16,900,000
Virginia	14,400,507
North Carolina	977,000
South Carolina	6,022,089
Georgia	1,903,472
Alabama	10,385,938
Mississippi	7,271,707
Louisiana	16,238,181
Texas	11,050,291
Arkansas	3,862,172
Tennessee	3,337,856
Ohio	19,178,223
Michigan	2,849,989
Indiana	6,556,437
Illinois	16,612,795
Missouri	956,261
Iowa	55,000
Total, 1850	276,480,676
Total, 1843	198,818,786
Increase in 7 years	76,661,940

Since 1850 the national debt has been slightly reduced, and the debts of the States not much increased in the aggregate, though Virginia, and perhaps one or two others, have added something to theirs.

The Coal Trade.

The business year of the various coal carrying companies of the Lehigh and Schuylkill region of this State closed on the 1st instant. The following is a summary of the amounts brought to market during the year, compared with the same last year:

	1851.	1852.
Reading Railroad	1,650,270	1,650,516
Lehigh Canal	989,294	1,098,000
Schuylkill Canal	576,968	777,368
Total for year	3,215,532	3,620,884

The increase for the year on all the lines, it will be seen, is a little over three hundred thousand tons. The railroad just exceeds its last year's business by a couple of hundred tons.—On the Schuylkill Navigation there is an increase of over two hundred thousand tons, and on the Lehigh over one hundred thousand. The aggregate increase is not quite so great as was anticipated.

GEN. PIERCE DESCRIBED.—A colored correspondent of the New York Herald, gives the following description of Gen. Pierce's personal appearance:

I have had the pleasure of several little interviews with Gen. Pierce. He is a man of mark, a man of education, a man of accomplishments in the ways of the world, a shrewd politician, and of broad and comprehensive views as a statesman. His face is expressive, and genial, and intelligent. He is affable and pleasing in his manners, modest and unpresuming, yet cool and self-possessed in a remarkable degree. He evidently feels that he has not yet been tried to the measure of his capacities; and, what is better, he has the power involuntarily of convincing you of the fact. He has an agreeable voice, speaks readily, freely, fluently, and correctly; but he keeps his own counsels in all matters requiring the exercise of a saving discretion.

In person he is about five feet nine inches high, straight and slenderly built. He has not that breadth of shoulders, nor that depth of chest indicating the most vigorous constitution. His complexion, too, is pale, and his face thin, excepting the extraordinary expansion of his lower jaw; but he is one of that wiry, active class of men, all muscle and nerve, and capable of all sorts of hardship and endurance. Fremont, who has sustained the most incredible trials of starvation, and cold, and snow, in the depth of winter, among the inhospitable peaks and dreary defiles of the Rocky Mountains, and the Sierra Nevada, is one of the same sort—spare and delicate, but elastic, and muscular, and tough, and hardy as Kit Carson. James K. Polk, who could ride on horseback sixty miles a day, in the middle of July, and make three or four stump speeches of a quarter of an hour each, was of the same spare construction. So was Marion; so was Napoleon in his prime; so was Wellington; so was Horatio Nelson; so was Jefferson; so was Old Hickory, and so was Henry Clay. General Pierce has precedents in the greatest abundance to make a merit of being neither a Falstaff nor a Hercules.

From the N. Y. United States Bank Note Reporter.

METROPOLITAN BANK.

This institution commenced operations about 20 months since, with a capital of two millions of dollars, for the avowed object of compelling all the banks in the State of New York and the New England States to keep their notes at par in the city of New York, with what success our readers may judge from the following facts: Of the 370 banks in the Eastern States, not one is taken at par by any Bank in this city; the discount is precisely the same as it was two years since.

Of the 187 Banks in the State of New York which were quoted at ⅛ per cent. discount when the Metropolitan first commenced the business, 186 are still at the same discount, and will probably remain so. The exception is the little "Suffolk County Bank" on Long Island, the notes of which are redeemed by the Metropolitan at par; the average redemption of this Bank is rather less than $700 per day, so that the community actually save a trifle under *two dollars and three quarters* every working day, equal to about *one cent per annum* for each individual, by the operation of this mammoth, which was to regulate the currency of the Union. Truly, so *large* a mountain, so *long* in labor, has produced a *very* little mouse.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.—A professional gentleman has made a discovery in hygiene, which bids fair to restore to health many who are now wasting their money in various experiments to obtain that blessing. He is at liberty to refer to the most distinguished medical gentlemen in New York.

Suiter observed, that when two pieces of metal of different kinds, as copper and zinc, are placed one above another beneath the tongue, as often as the projecting ends are brought in contact, a remarkable metallic taste is perceived. This led to what is called voltaic electricity, and also to the galvanic rings, the efficacy of which, perhaps, many of your readers are aware of.

The important discovery is this:—If a cylindrical piece of zinc is placed near the top of a broom-handle, and another about fifteen inches below, connection being made between the two by means of a wire, a person taking hold of the top piece with the right hand, while the left is placed on the copper or lower piece, forms a voltaic circle, which becomes powerful the more the broom is used. The hands must be without gloves, so that the metals are in contact, and the windows of the room should be open when the broom is used, so as to admit the air freely.

The discovery is invaluable to females in a weak state for want of active life, and for males it can be applied to axe handles.—*N. Y. Courier.*

COLTS.—The breaking of a colt should be commenced before he is twenty-four years old.—Handle him frequently—make a pet of him.—Bridle him young, and the winter when he is two years old, put on a wagon saddle on his back, and buckle the girth loosely. Take it off at night, and after doing this a few times, add the breeching, and pursue this course with all parts of the harness, until the whole is familiar to him. Then add the whippletree, and while a careful person leads him, hold back so that he may feel the pressure of the collar or breast-plate gradually. If he is high spirited, so much the better—if you do not beat him. Be resolute and firm with him, but not abusive.

Let him understand that you are master, but a humane and reasonable one. Treat him in this manner, and ninety-nine in a hundred will need no other breaking. *Breaking* in the word no other will express the practice which has obtained. They have been broken, head, back and legs, until they were nearly valueless, and not from any fault of their own, but from the ignorance of the *breaker!*

Colts are not averse to work from any disposition not to earn a living, but because they do not understand what is required of them. They need to be educated, and this must be done gradually—not in a day, or a month, but months—These are only a few brief hints—study the animal yourself, and you will learn what course is required to be pursued.—*New Eng. Farmer.*

THE FIRE AT BOSTON.—It was stated under our telegraphic head yesterday that Chickering's piano-forte manufactory, at Boston, was destroyed by fire on Wednesday night, and that the watchman attached to the establishment lost his life. His name was H. P. Foster. Another person, named Alfred Turner, was burned in the ruins, by the falling in of the roof of an adjoining building, but he was rescued alive. Three stores on the lower floor of Chickering's building, occupied by Thomas Merrian, grocer; Edward Butman, crockery-ware; and Amos Cummings, grocery, were also consumed, together with the buildings No. 326 and 328 Washington street. The Adams House was saved only by the most desperate exertions of the firemen and by the boarders. The roof was on fire several times, and many of the windows were cracked by the intense heat from the burning buildings. The following are some of the losses: Joseph Chickering, building, $60,000; stock, $75,000—insured for $67,000, in Boston; Butman, crockery-ware, loss $6,000; Merrian, grocer, $4,000.—*Balt. Sun.*

☞ The tardy movements of the Japan Expedition, about which there has been so much said by the press for the past three months, are to be expedited materially, if we are to credit assertions of the official papers of Washington. They say that the squadron will sail for its destination before the 1st of January next. Among the articles taken out, are the following:—A locomotive and ten miles of railroad iron; a telegraph apparatus, with wire sufficient to lead from the Emperor's palace to one of the principal towns; an apparatus for taking daguerreotypes, a magnificent burgo for the Emperor, and some fifty boxes of domestic goods, of all kinds and descriptions.

THE FREE SOILERS.—Several Freesoil papers, in different sections of the country, are urging an early call of a National Convention, to make arrangements for the Presidential election of 1856. They all urge the nomination of the Hon. John P. Hale, and recommend their friends to act upon the aggressive, call in members from the other parties, without asking where they come from, and "go to work with a determined purpose to succeed in 1856."

THE U. S. STEAMER POWHATAN, intended for the Japan expedition, it is said, will be detained at Norfolk for two months, a serious flaw having been discovered in one of her intermediate shafts. A new one will have to be procured. The fates seem to take delight in throwing every possible obstacle in the way of the successful prosecution of this famous expedition.

☞ Yale College has 444 undergraduates and 167 professional students—in all 601. Every State in the Union except North Carolina, Florida, Iowa and California, is represented. Canada, Cuba, New Grenada, West Indies, the Sandwich Islands, England, Scotland, Turkey, Bavaria and China have their representatives among the pupils of the present year.

FOUR STANZAS.

BY WILLIAM ALBERT SUTLIFFE.

The days grow strange, the nights grow cool,
The bees have left the clover;
The maple dropperh in the pool
Its shady summer cover.
All day the swallows southward flit,
All night the wind sighs dreary,
And through the thin veil over it
The moon looks wan and weary.

The crisp leaves rustle on the path
That slopeth to the meadow,
The oak beside the lily pond
Drops down its naked shadow;
The hazel boughs at eventide
On upland fells keep swaying,
And doleful sounds through valley wide
At lonely hours are straying.

Three summer months to warm the heart,
And then the chill frosts after—
Three summer moons to dream of love—
Some ninety days for laughter;
And then the south doth lend its reign—
The north-wind clip our dreaming—
The shadow droppeth once again,
To end Love's empty gleaming.

There is no strip of summer blue
But winter clouds blow over;
There is no inch of sodden turf
The white sun will not cover;
No pleasant thing but has its end
When sunny days are waning,
No note of music for the lyre
But endlessly complaining.

[National Era.

Items of News and Miscellany.

Davis, the murderer of his sister, Mrs. Van Waggoner, now under a life sentence in the Massachusetts State Prison at Charlestown, nearly effected his escape from the enclosure, a short time since.

The St. Paul's (Minnesota) Democrat says that "our streets are merry with the jingling of sleigh bells, the cheering music of a Minnesota winter.

A Parliamentary paper just published states that the surplus of income over the expenditure during the year, to the 10th of October, was £1,904,841 9s. 7d.

There is a printer in Cincinnati, who has led quite an eventful life. He has, within the past ten years, been a soldier, a sailor, a schoolteacher, a bar-keeper, an attache of a menagerie, a negro dancer, a confectioner, and an editor, but never in the penitentiary!

The Earl of Shrewsbury died at Rome on the 9th ult. He was noted as one of the pillars of the English Roman Catholic Church.

An observing writer tells us that Egyptian infants are never washed till they are a year old, as there is a prevalent superstition that to wash them before they attain that year, would be disastrous. Many of the infants in this land of soap-and-water are brought up on the Egyptian plan.

Hook & Simpson, of Maidstone, England, have succeeded in manufacturing, entirely from straw, a cheap paper for printing or writing purposes.

Martinique contains 9,000 whites, 87,000 colored people, and 76,000 blacks, recently emancipated. A good deal of black to a very little white.

The spot in which the Duke of Wellington breathed his last, is believed by scholars and antiquarians to be the identical place where Julius Cæsar disembarked with his army nineteen hundred years ago. Wonderful!

A young girl named Mary Jane Steele, in Delaware county, Pa., while gathering chestnuts in a field, stumbled and fell upon a stub of a cornstalk, which, entering the side of her neck, and severing one of the main arteries, caused her death in 20 minutes.

In the five naval ports of France, there are at the present moment upon the stocks, in the process of construction, eighteen ships of the line, and twenty-two frigates.

The town of Herman, a town composed entirely of Hollanders, in Sheboygan county, Wisconsin, at the late election, gave for Pierce 162 votes for Scott, *none*.

The Marquis of Landstone, who called the attention of the British House of Lords to the death of Wellington, performed the same office upon the occasion of the fall of Nelson in the battle of Trafalgar, more than 45 years since.—Rather a singular coincidence.

A collision occurred on Wednesday evening, on the New Albany and Salem Railroad. One man named Harris, was killed, and several were wounded. About forty hogs were killed, and both locomotives were damaged to the amount of $7,000.

The Legislature of Illinois will meet on the first Monday in January. It will be an interesting session. A U. S. Senator will have to be elected. Judge Douglas' term will expire on the 4th of March next.

The Late Whig Party.

Parson Brownlow in his paper, the Knoxville Whig, of Saturday, concludes an article on the course he intends to pursue as follows:

"Finally, in order to strike an effectual blow for true republicanism, to aid in the restoration of sound whig principles, to fling the ground, the glorious banner of Millard Fillmore to the breeze for President in 1856, and under this flag we shall fight, sink or triumph, live or die."

A whig paper of western Pennsylvania has hoisted the name of Edward Stanley, Esq., of North Carolina, as the whig candidate for President of the United States in 1856.

Another paper holds up the name of Scott for the same office.

The whig Washington correspondent of the Monongalia Mirror suggests a scheme of yet installing Gen. Scott in the White House. He thus writes:

"Well, as the old saying goes, it is 'useless to cry over spilt milk,' so it is useless to grieve over a split General. The only difference between the milk and Gen. Scott is, the former cannot be gathered up again, and Gen. Scott can be. Never mind! we are going to have some more fighting some of these days; and as many of our democratic friends have said that they could not spare 'Old Fuss and Feathers' from the position he now holds, until we get hold of Cuba, or some other place where we can send Seward's 'woolly heads.' I would advise the old General to get Mr. Pierce to make Seward a general too, and if I didn't put him somewhere in the neighborhood where poor old Uriah was placed, if I were Gen. Scott, 'then grasshopper kick me.' It is the only plan ever to get Gen. Scott in the White House."

COMMERCIAL SUMMARY.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 4.

The Flour market is quiet to-day, with sales of 800 bbls Howard street at $5, and 1000 bbls City Mills at the same price.

Sales of good to prime red Wheat at 105@107c, and white at 109@113, one lot of superior brought 116c.

Corn is scarce, with sales of white at 56@59; yellow 63@ 65—the latter very scarce and wanted.

Oats 38@42—a decline.

Whisky 28 cts ₩ gallon.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.

FISH—Dry Cod are dull, but for most of the other descriptions there is an active demand at improving prices. The sales are 1000 quintals Dry Cod at $3.62½@$3.75; 1200 bbls Shore Mackerel $31,50 for No 1; $9,50 for No 2, and $7,25 for No 3, which is an advance 2000 in Pickled Herring $4—none held higher; Box Herring are plenty and dull; most of the recent receipts are being stored for higher prices; Bay Mackerel unchanged.

FRUIT—Malaga raisins have been in active demand, and as the stock is reduced and holders firm, prices are higher, and tend upward—the sales are 2000 bxs bunch, part recived coastwise, at $2.72½@$2.80; 4500 hf do $1.55@$1.60; 4500 qr do $3@3.12½; 700 bxs old Valencia on private terms; 3900 do cluster, part to arrive, $1.80@$1.85; 74 bbls Pecan Nuts about 12 cts; 45 do new crop prunes 8½; 150 do currants 9¼ @10; 20 bales Languedoc walnuts about 7, 4 ones, much from second hands; 200,000 Dominica oranges $2,75 ₩ bbl; 10,000 do dried apples 4¼@4¾ and 7000 lb Virginia peeled peaches 13, cash.

RICE—The market remains unaltered; 400 tons Scotch Pig sold at $50@$51, 6 mos; and 50 tons Swedish Steel Iron $90, 6 mos.

COFFEE—Has become very quiet, but prices have not varied—the sales are 750 bags Brazil at 9@9¾ cents; 500 mats and bags Java 10¾@11¼; 150 bags Maracaibo 9@9¾, on time; and 150 St. Domingo 8¾, cash—700 do have been sold.

The Legislature of Illinois will meet on the first Monday in January. It will be an interesting session. A U. S. Senator will have to be elected. Judge Douglas' term will expire on the 4th of March next.

ST. LOUIS, Nov 27.

PROVISIONS—There is nothing doing in any article. Some lots of new crop Pork and Lard have been received, but no sales effected—prices are not regulated. We quote, however, Lots of Lard at 9½ for No 1, 9¾@10 for No 2. Mess Pork $16. No quotations for Bacon.

HOGS—A lot of 459 head, a number of them small in size, sold to a packer at $5,75. Cincinnati buyers are paying $6 and a premium above.

TOBACCO—No sales at either warehouse. The stock on hand is very light.

The foreign advices by the steamer Europa have caused more firmness in the market for Breadstuffs, but otherwise they have had no effect.

FLOUR is held at $5,25 ₩ bbl, but buyers hold off, and no transactions have been made at this price, except small lots for the supply of the retailers and bakers, and extra at $5,50 @5,75. Rye Flour is firm at $4,25. Corn Meal is in demand, and 600@700 barrels Pennsylvania sold at $3,50 ₩ barrel.

GRAIN—There is but little wheat offering, and holders demand an advance of 2@3 cents ₩ bushel. A lot of Southern red sold at $1,10½ ₩ bus. No further sales of Rye. Corn dull, and rangs from 55 to 65 for new yellow, according to dryness. A cargo of Southern Oats sold at 45, and some lts at 46 ₩ bus.

CLOVERSEED is less active. Flaxseed is scarce and in demand.

WHISKY is dull—sales of barrels at 27½; hhds at 27, and drudges at 25.

A Great Blessing to the Afflicted!

☞ Dr. M'Lane, the inventor of the celebrated Liver Pills, used these Pills for several years in his practice, before he could be induced to offer them to the public in such a manner as to make them known throughout the country. This learned physician felt the same repugnance that all high-minded men of science feel in entering the lists against those unscrupulous empirics who pretend that their useless nostrums upon the public, and rely upon a system of puffing to sustain them. Convinced, however, of the real value of the Liver Pills, and influenced by the plain dictates of duty, the Doctor finally sacrificed his delicate feelings on the altar of public good. His great medicine has not disappointed the expectations of the medical practitioners, at whose instance he was induced to forego his inclinations. From every quarter do we hear the most gratifying accounts of its wonderful curative effects—the East and the West, the North and the South, are alike laden with "tidings of great joy" from the afflicted. These wonderful Pills have completely conquered that great scourge of America, the Liver Complaint.

For sale by most of the Druggists and Merchants, and by the sole proprietors.

J. KIDD & CO.,
dec6-daw 60 Wood street.

LARD.

☞ R. WATSON is now engaged in slaughtering FIVE THOUSAND HOGS; and will have constantly on hand a large stock of BULK PORK, of his own curing. Also, a No. 1 article LARD, in barrels and kegs. For sale at his Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Wayne streets. apv23:tf

W. A. M'CLURG & CO.

HAVE REMOVED TO THE CORNER OF
Wood and Sixth Streets,

☞ Where they offer to their old customers, and the public generally, at the lowest rates, Wholesale and Retail, the largest, most select and complete stock of CHOICE TEAS, FAMILY GROCERIES, WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE to be found in the West. dec6:dy

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

POTASH—3 casks prime, for sale by
dec8 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

MOLASSES—50 bbls. new crop, to arrive this day, for sale by (dec8) SMITH & SINCLAIR.

DEANLASH—10 casks, for sale by
dec8 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

CLOVER SEED—50 bus, for sale by
dec8 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

COFFEE—300 bags prime Rio, for sale by
dec8 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

FOR RENT—The second story over our Office, on Third street; with immediate possession.
dec8 C. CUTHBERT & SON.

GOLD AND SILVER PENS AND CASES—For sale at low prices, wholesale or retail, at Keyser's Drug Store,
dec8:daw 140 Wood street.

EXTRA FINE PEN KNIVES—Rodgers, Wostenholmes, and Jonathan Crooks', at a very low price, by the dozen or single, to close out a lot, at KEYSER'S Drug Store,
dec8:daw 140 Wood street.

TWO CHEAP HOUSES FOR SALE—A House, with five rooms, well arranged and in good order; situated on Clay alley, near Washington street. Price $600. Terms: one-half in hand; balance in one and two years.

ALSO—A House of five rooms, cellar, and finished garret, with lot 20 feet front on Market alley, Allegheny City, by 50 feet deep. Price $800. Terms: $400 in hand; balance in one and two years.

S. CUTHBERT & SON, Real Estate Agents,
dec8 140 Third street.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL,

(FORMERLY TOWNLEY DISTRICT HOUSE),
Isaac Murdock, Proprietor.

THE old proprietor of this well-known and popular Hotel, corner of Second and Smithfield streets, would respectfully inform his former friends, that he is once more at his old establishment, and will be happy to have an opportunity to wait on them.

The public may rest assured that no labor will be spared to make comfortable all who may patronize this House; and charges will be on the most moderate scale.
dec3:dmdaw

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, in and for the County of Allegheny, at October Term, 1852. No. 22.

In the matter of the voluntary assignment of J. S. Adams, to William Larimer, Jr.

And now, to wit: December 3d, 1852, this account having been previously exhibited in open Court, and the same having been confirmed, nisi, and the Court order that this confirmation become absolute on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1852, unless exceptions are filed in the meantime, and that notice of the order be given, by publication in the Daily Morning Post, and Commercial Journal newspapers, by three insertions in the same. By the Court.

EDWARD CAMPBELL, JR., Prothy's.

MATS—A large assortment, for private residences, hotels, steamers, public institutes, &c.

W. M'CLINTOCK, 85 Fourth street,
Invites attention to his assortment of—
Chenille Mats;
Tufted Mats;
Adelaid Mats;
Sheepskin Mats;
Alicant Mats;
Manilla Mats;
Jute Mats;
Skeleton Mats;
Coco Mats, &c.,
Of every description, furnished at the lowest market price.
dec8

Stock of Holiday Books, &c.

WE are receiving daily constant additions to our stock of fine bound and elegantly illustrated works, Juvenile Books, of every price, embracing all the novelties of the season.

Pictures from St. Petersburgh, forming Part 2d of Putnam's Library; 25 cents.

Home Scenes and Heart Studies, a series of interesting tales, by Grace Aguilar, 400 pages; 50 cents.

Stories of Waterloo, by Maxwell; 25 cents.

Essays from the London Times, second series; 50 cents.

Mimic Gray, by the author of "Amy Lawrence;" 50 cents.

Nos. 15 and 16 National Portrait Gallery; 20 cents per No.

Dyer's Treatise on Business; $1,00.

Harper's Magazine for December, commencing a new volume; price 25 cents per number: $3,00 per volume.

H. KLEBER & CO.,
dec8 No. 32 Smithfield street.

MASONIC HALL.

The Eloquent Indian,
KAH-GE-GA-GAH-BOWH,
OR,
REV. GEORGE COPWAY,

CHIEF OF THE OJIBWAY TRIBE OF INDIANS,

WILL deliver TWO LECTURES on the Religious Belief, Ceremonies, Customs, Poetry, &c., of the North American Indians, at the MASONIC HALL on THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, December 9th and 10th.