KATIE YALE'S MARRIAGE;
OR, LOVE AND LUXURY.

BY J. T. TROWBRIDGE.

"If ever I marry," Katie Yale used to say, half in jest, half in earnest, "if ever I marry, the happy man—or the *unhappy* one, if you please—shall be a person possessing these three qualifications:—

"First, a fortune.

"Second, good looks.

"And, thirdly, common sense.

"I mention the fortune first, because I think it the most desirable qualification of three. Although I could never think of marrying a fool, or a man whose ugliness I should be ashamed of, still I think one with plenty of money would be preferable to living obscurely with a handsome, intellectual man—to whom economy might be necessary."

I do not know how much of this sentiment came from Katie's heart. She undoubtedly indulged lofty ideas of station and style—but that she was capable of deeper, better feelings, none doubted.

At the age of eighteen she had many suitors; but as she never gave a serious thought to more than two, we will follow her example, and discarding all except those favored ones, consider their relative claims.

If this were any other than a true story, I should certainly use an artist's privilege, and aim to produce an effect by making a strong contrast between these two favored individuals. If I could have my own way, one should be a poor genius, and somewhat of a hero, the other a wealthy fool, and somewhat of a knave.

But the truth is—

Our poor genius was not much of a genius nor very poor. He was by profession a music teacher, and he could live very comfortably in exercise thereof—without any hope, however, of ever attaining to wealth.

Katie could not help loving Frank Minot, and he knew it. He was certain she preferred his society to that of Mr. Wellington whom alone he saw fit to honor with the appellation of *rival*.

This Mr. Wellington (his companions called him the "duke,") was no idiot or humbuck, as I could have wished him to be, in order to make a good story. On the contrary, he was a man of sense, education, good looks, and fine manners.

Besides this, his income was sufficient to enable him to live superbly. Also, he was considered two or three degrees handsomer than Mr. Frank Minot.

Therefore the only thing on which Frank had to depend, was the power he possessed over Katie's sympathies and affections. Tho "duke" although just the man for her in every other sense, being blessed with a fortune, good looks and common sense—had never been able to draw these out; and the amiable conceited Mr. Frank was not willing to believe that she would suffer mere worldly considerations to control the aspirations of the heart.

However, she said to him, one day, when he pressed her to decide his fate:

"Oh, Frank! I am sorry that we have ever met!"

"Sorry?"

"Yes—for we must part now—"

"Part!" repeated Frank, turning pale.

It was evident he had not expected this.

"Yes—eyes," said Katie, casting down her eyes with another piteous sigh.

Frank sat by her side; he placed his arm around her waist, without heeding her feeble resistance; he lowered his voice, and talked to her until she—the proud Katie—wept—wept bitterly.

"Katie," said he, then, with a burst of passion, "I know you love me. But you are proud—ambitious—selfish! Now if you would have me leave you, say the word—and I go!"

"Go!" murmured Katie, very feebly—"go!"

"You have decided!" whispered Frank.

"I have!"

"Then, love, farewell!"

He took her hand, gazed a moment tenderly and sorrowfully upon her beautiful tearful face; then clasped her to his bosom.

She permitted the embrace. She even gave way to the impulse of the instant, and twined her arms about his neck. But in a moment her resolution came to her aid, and she pushed him from her with a sigh.

"*Shall* I go?" he articulated.

A feeble "*yes*" fell from her quivering lips.

And an instant later she was lying upon the sofa, sobbing and weeping passionately—alone.

To tear the tenacious root of love out of her heart, had cost her more than she had anticipated; and the certainty of a golden life of luxury proved but a poor consolation, it seemed, for the sacrifice she had made.

She by long upon the sofa, sobbing and weeping passionately. Gradually her grief appeared to exhaust itself; her tears seemed to flow, and at length her head was pillowed on her arm, and her face was half hidden in a flood of beautiful curls.

The struggle was over; the agony was passed. She saw Mr. Wellington enter and arose cheerfully to receive him. His manners pleased her; his station and fortune fascinated her more. He offered her his hand; she accepted it. A kiss sealed the engagement—but it was not such a kiss as Frank had given her, and she could not repress a sigh.

There was a magnificent wedding. Splendidly attired, dazzling the eye with her beauty, with everything around her swimming in the charmed atmosphere of fairy-land, Katie gave her hand to the man her ambition—not her love—had chosen.

But she was not long in discovering that there was something wanting in her own breast.

Her friends were numerous; her husband tender, kind, and loving; but all the attentions and affections she enjoyed could not fill her heart.

She had once felt its cords of sympathy moved by a skillfull touch; and now they were silent, motionless, muffled, so to speak, in silks and satins. In short, Katie in time became magnificently miserable, splendidly unhappy.

Then a change became apparent in her husband. He could not long remain blind to the fact that his love was not returned. He sought the company of those whose gaiety might lead him to forget the sorrow and despair of his soul; and impelled by powerful longings for love, he went astray to warm his heart by a strange fire.

Katie saw herself now in the midst of a gorgeous desolation. She reproached her husband for deserting her thus; and he answered her with angry taunts.

"You do not care for me," he cried; "then why do you complain that I bestow elsewhere the affections that you have met with coldness?"

"But it is wrong—sinful," Katie remonstrated.

"Yes, I know it!" said her husband, fiercely. "It is the evil fruit of an evil seed. And who sowed that seed? Who gave me a hand without a heart—who devoted me to the fate of a loving, unloved husband? Nay, do not weep, and clasp your hands and sigh—for I say nothing you do not deserve to hear."

"Very well," said Katie, calming herself, "I will not say your reproaches are undeserved.—But granting that I am the cold, deceitful thing you call me, you know this state of things cannot continue."

"Yes, I know it."

"Well?"

Mr. Wellington's brows gathered darkly; his eye flashed with determination; his lips curled with scorn.

"I have made up my mind," said he, "that we should not live together any longer. I am tired of being called the husband of the splendid Mrs. Wellington. I will move in my circle; you shall shine in yours. I will place no restraint on your actions, nor shall you on mine. We will be free."

"But the world?" said Katie, trembling.

"The world will admire you the same—and what more do you desire?" asked her husband, bitterly. "This marriage of *hands* and not of *hearts*, is mockery. We have played the farce long enough. Farewell. I go to consult the terms of a separation. Nay, don't tremble and cry, and cling to me now—for I shall be liberal to you. As much of my fortune shall be yours as you desire."

He pushed her from him. She fell upon the sofa. From a heart torn with anguish, she shrieked aloud.

"Frank! Frank! why did I send you from me? Why did I sacrifice love and happiness to such fate as this? Why was I blind until sight brought me misery?"

She lay upon the sofa, sobbing and weeping passionately. Gradually her grief appeared to exhaust itself; her breathing became more calm. Her head lay peacefully upon her arm, over which swept her dishevelled tresses—until with a start she cried—

"Frank! oh, Frank, come back!"

She raised her head. She opened her astonished eyes. Frank was standing beside her.

"You have been asleep," he said, kindly.

"Asleep!"

"And dreaming, too, I should say—not pleasantly, either."

"Dreaming!" murmured Katie; "and is it all a dream?"

"I hope so," replied Frank, taking her hand. "I came back to plead my cause once more—and I found you here—asleep."

"Oh, what a horrid dream!" said Katie, rubbing her eyes. "It was so like a terrible reality that I shudder now to think of it! I thought I was married!"

"And would that be so terrible?" asked Frank.

"I hope, then, you did not dream that you were married to me?"

"No—I thought I gave my hand without my heart."

"Then, if you gave *me* your hand, it would not be without your heart?"

"No, Frank," said Katie, her eyes beaming happily through her tears—"and here it is."

She placed her fair hand in his—he kissed it in transport.

And soon there was a "real" marriage; not a splendid but a happy one; not followed by a life of luxury, but by a life of love and contentment; and that was the marriage of Frank Minot and Katie Yale.

Daily Morning Post.

LUCKY HARPER.....THOMAS PHILLIPS

Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING:.....NOVEMBER 29.

☞ We North, we South, we East, we West, under the Constitution; but a sacred Maintenance of the Common Rank, and true devotion to the Common Brotherhood.—PRESCOTT PENCE.

☞ Messrs. S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., who are prompt, honest and gentlemanly in their business transactions, are the *only* authorized agents in the cities of New York and Boston for the *Morning Post*. They are authorized to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our usual rates. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 Nassau street. BOSTON, 10 State street.

☞ FINE JOB PRINTING. ☜

Having recently made large additions of New and Handsome Type to our News and Job Offices, we are now prepared to do PRINTING OF ALL KINDS, in the neatest style, and upon the lowest terms. Every size and variety of Type, from any thing Plain down to Diamond, will now be found in our extensive Job Office. Give us a call.

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE.

Many persons have been named for this responsible position, and we are free to admit that we consider them all competent and worthy.—But, there is one who has been named in whom we feel an especial interest: we refer to our fellow-citizen GEORGE F. GILMORE. He is in every respect eminently qualified for the position, and should he be chosen, he will make one of the most competent presiding officers that has ever been selected by the representatives in our Legislature.

THE MAYORALTY.

What is the matter with our friend of the *Journal* on the question of the Mayoralty? He should be up and doing. Sawyer is at work, so is Glenn, and Barker is busily engaged marshaling his forces in the five wards that he says he is certain to carry. The Journal should be active, for if it is not, we are apprehensive that the Barker faction of the whig party will triumph in the nomination.

The fact is, that the Journal treated Barker in rather an unkind manner when he was a candidate for Sheriff. It denounced Magill, but, from a feeling of envy, could not go in for Barker. The Gazette had more cunning. It supported Magill, and by doing so, secured the Sheriff's printing. At the same time it abused Barker, it gave him to understand in a sly manner, that it would support him for Mayor against the Journal man. Joe was delighted with this information, and he now feels secure. He thinks that he and the Deacon can trip up the Journal, and that with the aid of the hurrah whigs he will be the next whig candidate for Mayor. Our aspiring cotemporary has ascertained the conspiracy going on between Barker and the Deacon, and is preparing a new list of names inviting him to be a candidate. When it appears we will give it a respectful notice, but it must come out soon, or he is lost.

The *American* has taken a most decided stand in favor of Mr. SAWYER. He is prompted to this course by a spiteful feeling to the editor of the *Journal*, and a desire to head the editor of the *Gazette*. They are both offensive to his sight, and he desires to have a man in the Mayor's office, over whom he can have some control. The editor of the *Journal* thinks that none but himself can be his parallel; the Deacon has engaged Barker for the season, and the American man thinks he can "cut it fat" by going for Sawyer, in opposition to both of them. What the success of either of the three aspirants may be, we are unable to say, but we are of the opinion that Biddle, White and Biddle, will have a happy time of it in carrying out their peculiar and individual views.

BAD CURRENCY.

We have been requested by persons on the line of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, in this county, to call attention to the kind of currency which is being put in circulation by the Company or its agents. The following is a copy of one of the notes, which are almost exclusively used to pay hands for their labor, and farmers for their produce:

☞ S| No. 13998 PAGE & BACON. A {3 ☜
BANKING HOUSE, [Vignette] ST. LOUIS, MO.
St. Louis, July 1, 1852.
This certifies that Thomas Brown has deposited in this office
THREE DOLLARS.
payable to bearer, at the Banking House of Flagg & Savage, Quincy, Ill. THOS. BROWN, Cash'r.

We are told that this inferior currency has driven from circulation all other kinds, and is the only thing in the shape of "money" used in the lower end of this county. We suppose the road is to be built with that kind of trash, and that afterward the circulation will go the way of the Whitewater currency.

We had a law some few years ago, which forbid, under heavy penalties, the circulation of such paper as this trashy stuff, but we believe it was repealed by the Whig Legislature in 1845.

It is to be hoped the Legislature now in session will take this matter into consideration, and pass laws sufficiently stringent to banish this "Page & Bacon," and all other like stuff, from circulation among us.

We find the above in the Cincinnati *Enquirer*. Such are the means by which the people in many cases are robbed, and the bankers make the profits. We are astonished to find PAGE & BACON resorting to this kind of speculation to swell their plethoric coffers. They have always been considered sound, and in all financial transactions more reliable than the rotten Bank of Missouri. But it appears that they have departed from their usual course, and are now following in the wake of Clarke & Brothers.

From our knowledge of Page & Bacon, we would not suppose that they would stoop to a speculation which they know to be absolute fraud. Let any man of common sense read the title of the note, and can he come to any other conclusion than that it is intended to perpetrate a fraud? We think not.

The project is one of the thousand whims that have been started year after year to swindle the people through the means of a worthless paper currency. The principle upon which Messrs. Page & Bacon started was adopted by a cotemporary house, and no doubt they made money out of it. P. & B. have taken the hint, and they are of the opinion that they can make money out of the issue of fraudulent paper, as well as their neighbors, Clark & Brothers. We suppose they will, for all these projects are generally carried through with profit to those who originate the fraudulent schemes against the interests of the people, and at the winding up, the bank or the banker pockets the profits and the confiding people pay the losses. This is one of the beauties of the irresponsible paper money system.

NEW YORK CANALS.—The Albany Argus says the canal commissioners have determined not to designate any day for closing the canals of the State—being desirous that navigation should be continued as long as the weather will permit.

ARKANSAS.—The Democratic members of the Arkansas Legislature have nominated in caucus, by the two-third rule, Hon. W. K. Sebastian, U. S. Senator, and George C. Watkins, for Chief Justice.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.

We have received from the American publishers, the last number of this able British periodical. Blackwood well maintains its ancient celebrity, as the best of the British periodical publications. The chief advantage in subscribing for Blackwood, is the early reading which subscribers obtain of those highly interesting works of Bulwer, and other well known authors, which are published in each number. It was this magazine which first published The Caxtons and My Novel; The Green Hand, Katie Stewart, and other beautiful tales by authors of celebrity.

Leonard Scott & Co., 79 Fulton street, New York, are the American publishers of Blackwood, and to this address all communications should be mailed.

Items of News and Miscellany.

A tape worm, measuring over two hundred feet long, was taken from a child at Nashville last week.

The expenses of the City Alms house of New York city, during the month of October, amounted to $41,027 78.

A census of the school children of Cincinnati, just taken, gives the number over four years of age as being 37,919.

The cholera has again made its appearance at Hickman, Ky., and several deaths have occurred.

G. P. R. James, the novelist, has arrived at Norfolk to assume the duties of British Consul.

The shirt sewers of New York are to hold a fair at Metropolitan Hall on the 7th of December.

Silas Metcalf, Esq., of Newport, N. H., recently a member of the Legislature, committed suicide last week, by hanging himself to a bed-post, while his wife was preparing breakfast.

Mrs. George Barton, of Cincinnati, died in that city on the 17th inst., from eating on Saturday at dinner of what is supposed was a poisoned chicken, which was purchased in market.

At Cincinnati, on Saturday last, the hog market was again very active, and the sales reached 5500 head, including 100, 800, 500, 200, and 1800—all at $6; and 1200 do (slop) delivered at Aurora at $5 20. The market closed very firm at $6, and some holders ask $6 25.

A writer at Salt Lake, addressing the St. Louis Intelligencer, says fully one-third, and perhaps one-half of the Mormon community, are English, while of the American population by far the greater number come from New York and the other Middle and Eastern States.

A German chemist, named Von Breisach, has invented a kind of artificial guano, which can be had at less cost and is equal in quality to the natural. The government of Bavaria have determined to give Mr. Von Breisach every assistance in their power.

It is stated that there is one judge of the courts of Vermont who was indicted for selling liquor, acknowledged the corn, and was fined at the very session of the court where he was on the bench.

Dr. Ed. St. Leger Hough was shot dead on the night of the 6th ultimo, in Izard county Ark., while returning from a professional visit.

In Taylor county, Iowa, at the late election for State officers, every vote given was for the democratic ticket.

☞ "A lady Kontributer" sends us "one of my poims," with permission to publish. Like most ladies' poetry, it has something to do with "love and the b'hoys," though our "Lady Kontributer," seems to reside very near a vegitable garden—at least her "poim," would indicate such a residence.

Only hear one strain from this votress of love and succotash.

The corn is up an' growin fast,
My luv to you will always last;
The beans is yallor an' gittin ripe—
Du come and see me every night.

☞ A SCHOOLMASTER LOOSE.—The Fayetteville (N. C.) Observer publishes the following advertisement sent them by a correspondent, who says it lately appeared in a public place, written by a Lincoln county Schoolmaster. He should be promoted immediately, if he is still living.

NOTICE.

On wensday the 1st of September
I will offer for sale to the hiest
Bider on a Credit of Twelve
months 4 hed of horses
and 10 hed stok hogs
and 10 hed of sheep
and 4 acors of corn
with house hold and
Citching furniture

Custom Receipts for October.

	1851.	1852.
New York	$2,020,898	$2,897,378
Boston	499,203	438,981
Philadelphia	336,000	207,340
Baltimore	98,430	58,584
Charleston	96,818	33,151
New Orleans	335,000	183,188
Total	$3,855,356	$3,218,577

The increase at New York, it is seen, is $377,000. The aggregate decrease at all the other ports is $514,000, and the total decrease for the month at the six ports taken together is $137,000. So far as the revenue indicates the value of importations, it thus appears that the foreign commerce of the country remains without essential change in amount.

FILLING TEETH OVER EXPOSED NERVES.—Dr. S. P. Hullihen, of Wheeling, Va., has discovered a method whereby the cavities of teeth over exposed nerves may be successfully plugged up. It is this: The diseased parts of the tooth are removed to make it apparent that the nerve is exposed. The fang is then perforated through the gum into the nerve cavity. The opening should be of about the size of a small knitting needle; its object is to open the blood vessels of the nerve, which will at once be known by the flow of arterial blood. The cavity of the tooth may then be filled without the least fear of pain or ill consequences. The plan has been successfully practised in a great number of cases. Hitherto a tooth having an exposed nerve could not be filled and prevent pain and tooth-ache.—*Scientific American.*

HOW TO "FINISH" A DAUGHTER.—For the attainment of this end, Punch gives the following directions:—

1. Be always telling her how pretty she is.
2. Instil into her mind a proper love of dress.
3. Accustom her to so much pleasure that she is never happy at home.
4. Allow her to read nothing but novels.
5. Teach her all the accomplishments but none of the utilities of life.
6. Keep her in the darkest ignorance of the mysteries of housekeeping.
7. Initiate her into the principle that it is vulgar to do anything for herself.
8. To strengthen the latter belief, let her have a ladies' maid.
9. And lastly, having given her such an education, marry her to a clerk in the Treasury, upon £75 a year, or an ensign that is going out to India.

If, with the above careful training, your daughter is not finished, you may be sure it is no fault of yours, and you must look upon her escape as nothing short of a miracle.

THE U. S. STEAMSHIP PRINCETON.—We have already mentioned that this vessel has been found unfit for the expedition to Japan. The Norfolk Argus says:

"Only fifteen inches of steam can be obtained from her, and usually not more than six or seven. Her speed is but six miles per hour. We learn it is impossible to keep steam upon her—it passes off almost as soon as it is generated. When on her way from Annapolis to this place, she played a good many fantastic tricks, somewhat similar to those that an obstinate horse practises when he refuses to go. Occasionally she would start off at a rapid rate—then, all of a sudden, when no one was expecting it, she would stop still—then, after getting under way again, she would refuse to obey the helm and almost wheel round; indeed, all her movements were sullen, strange and inexplicable. Com. Perry, who came down with her, was exceedingly mortified, and left in the first conveyance for Washington to report her doings to the Department. It is thought he will make a strenuous effort to have the Powhatan substituted in her place. Com. Perry returned to Norfolk on Monday."

THE SIAMESE TWINS.

Many persons who, in days gone by, have taken a lively interest in the welfare of Messrs. Eng and Chang Bunkers, the celebrated Siamese Twins, may be glad to learn that these gentlemen are well, and live at Mount Airy, in this (Surry) county, surrounded by their wives and children.

Mr. Eng has six and Mr. Chang five children, all of whom are apt scholars and remarkably well behaved, manifesting the strongest possible desire to learn their lessons and to secure the good will of their teacher. They all partake strongly of the most refined Siamese cast of countenance, form and manner of deporting themselves. In truth, they are a credit to their parents, and to the community in which they live.

Messrs. Chang and Eng are alike remarkable for their industry and belligerent dispositions. They are strict and thorough going business men, and woe to the unfortunate wight who dares to insult them.

Formerly they resided in Wilkins county, but in consequence of the numerous actions for assault and battery brought against them in the county, they removed into the adjoining county; shortly after which they were fined $15 and costs at Rockford, the county seat, for splitting a board into splinters over the head of a man who had insulted them.

As regards the supposed sympathy existing between them, it may be stated that their most intimate acquaintances deem them to be entirely independent of everything of the kind, and give as instances to sustain their opinion; that not long since they attended an auction sale of hogs, and bid against each other till they ran up the prices altogether above the market rates. Also, that on one occasion Mr. Eng or Chang, was taken ill and took to his bed, where he lay complaining for some time, although his brother scolded him severely all the while for detaining him in bed when he ought to have been attending to the business of their plantation.

On another occasion, as they were passing up the road, a gentleman inquired of them where they were going—whereupon Mr. Eng replied, "I am going over the Blue Ridge in a stage;" at the same instant Mr. Chang, looking over his shoulder, replied, with an arch smile, "I am going back home to look after our wives and children." When questioned about their mother some time since by an acquaintance, they stated that they had formerly received letters from her, but latterly they had heard no tidings of her, and even if they were to receive letters from her, written in the Siamese language, they would not be able to read them, as they had forgotten their mother tongue.

They are excellent hands to carry up a corner of a log house—exceeding all their neighbors in cutting saddles and notches in corner logs—both of them wielding the axe with a power and dexterity superior to any of the most expert woodcutters in this wooden country. When they chop for fight, they do so double handed; and in driving a horse or chastising their negroes, both of them use the lash without mercy.

A gentleman who purchased a black man a short time ago from them, informed the writer he was "the worst whipped negro he ever saw." They are inveterate smokers and chewers of tobacco—each chewing his quid and smoking his own pipe; it has been remarked, however, that support of the sympathy supposed to prevail throughout their systems, that as a general rule, when one takes a fresh quid, the other does the same. It is also generally admitted that there is a marked difference in the systems and temperaments of the gentlemen, but still they almost invariably draw the same inference from topics submitted to their consideration, and arrive at similar conclusions. Mr. Eng not unfrequently gives serious offence to Mr. Chang, by jesting him about his having one more child than he has. When shooting, (a sport they are very fond of,) one sights or takes aim, and the other, it is said, pulls the trigger; now if this be true, it would go far to prove the doctrine of supposed sympathy existing between the brothers, but it is questioned by most of the neighbors.

They readily admit and acknowledge themselves to entertain a strong Christian faith or belief, and are regular attendants at church and other religious meetings, where they deport themselves as becomes good citizens of the land of their adoption. They are strong politicians, and take a lively interest in all elections that occur in their district. As the writer was informed by a lady of Mount Airy, "they are mighty stay at home people"—rarely ever going from home unless called away by business.

Greenboro', N. C., Patriot.

COINAGE OF THE MINTS OF THE U. STATES.—Since the first of January last, there have been coined at the U. S. Mint in Philadelphia and its several branches, $45,271,050 in gold, $737,604 in silver, and $40,335 in copper—total, $46,049,589. The deposits of gold at the several mints during the same time, amounted to $48,908,865, of which $43,446,809 was from California.

The deposits of gold at Philadelphia since the first inst., amount to $4,792,000, against $4,960,000 for the same time last year. Another steamer is now nearly due with a large amount of gold dust, but the total deposits for the year will hardly reach the amount deposited during the year 1851. In that year the deposits of gold for November and December were 11,762,669, of which $109,121 were foreign gold. This amount will hardly be reached for the corresponding months of the current year. The deposits of foreign gold for November, and the first ten months of the current year, at all the mints, have increased, as compared with the same period of 1851, $833,681. In domestic gold, the deposits of California gold have fallen off $80,596, but the amount from other States has increased $112,742.

COMMERCIAL SUMMARY.

CINCINNATI MARKET, November 25.

FLOUR—The foreign news per America has had no effect upon the market. The sales to-day comprised 528 bbls at $3,50; 52 do at $3,92; 500 do at $4; 100 and 200 do at $4,05; and 1000 bbls, deliverable any time in December, at $3,90, direction guaranteed. Received during the last 24 hours 2235 bbls.

HOGS—The market for Hogs retained its buyancy to-day, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather, and upon most of the lots purchased a premium was paid in addition to the price quoted. Holders are very firm and none are willing to sell at $6. The receipts are increasing; the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad brought in 2450 head to day, and the Little Miami Railroad 1170 do. The sales comprised 2300 head, in lots, at $6.

PROVISIONS—Sales to day of 2200 pieces Shoulders, in salt, (slop) at 6½c. 800 and 100 green Hams at 8c; 150 Prime Shoulders at 5½c; 78 tierces No 1 Lard at 10½c; 2200 pieces Shoulders, deliverable from salt in February, at 6½c; 200 bbls No 1 Lard, deliverable 10th December, actual time, at 10½c; 100 do No 1 country, deliverable from 1st to 10th of January, at 10c; 1000 bbls Mess Pork, deliverable at Madison, $16,25; we also understood that 3000 bbls Mess Pork sold, deliverable at Louisville, at $16; here it is held considerably above this—generally at $17.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.

FLOUR—There continues a good demand for Flour for home consumption, with sales to supply the same at prices not materially changed from our former report.

GRAIN—Sales are confined to lots for immediate use, in consequence of the high prices, and the market is not very active. Some parcels yellow have changed hands at 94c ⅌ bushel. Oats—Northern 52@53c. Rye 85@90 ⅌ bush.

COAL AND WOOD.—No receipts from Pittsburgh. Today retail prices are 14c ⅌ bushel, Pomeroy Coal 10@12c. Wood ranges from $1,50 to $4 ⅌ wagon load.

PROVISIONS AND LARD.—The market is stimulated, and prices have advanced through the week, with sales early in the week, of 25,000 barrels of Mess Pork at $16,25@16,50 ⅌ bbl; and sales to-day of 2,600 bbls at $16,75@18 ⅌ bbl. Hams meats have been active, with sales through the week of 25,000 Hams from the block, at 7½c, and 1,000 Shoulders at 5½c. Lard in request, with sales of 2,000 bbls at 9c. On Friday, sales in various lots of some 45,000 Shoulders and Hams from the block at 5½@5¾c for the former, and 7½c for Hams. Sales of 1,000 tierces prime Lard at 9½@9¾c. We hear of the sale of the product of 1,000 Hogs at 6c for Shoulders in salt, and 9¾c for the prime Lard. We hear of the sale of the product of 1,000 hogs, at 5c for Shoulders, 7c for Hams from the block, $16 for Mess Pork, and 10c for prime Lard. The Hams and Shoulders were sold several days since.

The hog slaughtering and pork packing business is paramount to all things else, in this, as well as the other leading markets. The packing is done pretty generally in large lots, and the greater portion of the sales have been to Eastern dealers and speculators, who will withdraw their stocks from market, which will, undoubtedly, have the tendency to sustain prices. There are but few small lots of Pork to be seen from into the market, as heretofore, by small packers, and the much to be feared crash and downfall of provisions dealers this season, as is continually prognosticated, may be altogether averted. Prices of hogs and their product have steadily advanced throughout the week, and the prevailing quotations are $5,75 for Hogs, 10c for Lard, 6½c for green Shoulders, and 7½c for Hams. The number of hogs slaughtered here this season, thus far, is about 22,000.

NEW YORK, November 24.

PROVISIONS—Our pork market is dull and prices unsettled, the local demand has fallen off, and the tendency is to lower rates. Mess is selling at $16@16,25; Prime at $13,50@14; and country mess is selling at $16@19,12, and do prime at $16@16,12.

ST. LOUIS, November 18.

PROVISIONS—We have no transactions to notice in any article. Prices of all descriptions are nominal, we having no sales to quote from. Pork-packing in this vicinity commenced yesterday. Hogs are selling freely at $5@5,50, as to size and weight. We hear of no large contracts making. Packing in the river towns above commenced some days since, but none of the new crop has yet come in. Clear sides were last quoted at 6c; ribbed do 6¼@6½c; hams, plain, 7@8c; sh-ulders 6¼@7c. Lard 10@11c. Butter for the table is very scarce—prime sells in market at 20c ⅌ lb.

TOBACCO—The warehouses are nearly cleared out, and scarcely a hogshead arriving. Sales for the week at both warehouses embrace 94 hhds, ranging in price from $4,85@4,85 ⅌ 100 lbs.

HEMP—The heaviest sale for the week took place on Monday, which we recapitulate as a fair criterion of the state of market value; 125 bales interior, in one lot, at $90; 28 do fair at $93; 30 do prime $95; 10 do $97; 13 do $98. Several lots of hackled sold as follows, on the same day, all from the levee; 26 bales at $105; 22 do at $128, and 64 do at $130 ⅌ ton. But one or two lots have gone out of store. Stock on hand 1200 to 1500 bales.

LEAD—A heavy sale took place on Monday of near 5,000 pigs at an advance of 12½c on former rates. Balance of sales for the week unimportant. Yesterday a further advance was obtained, $4,75 being the figure, and at which the market closed firm. A small lot from the Mines sold at $4,50 ⅌ 100 lbs.

FREIGHTS TO NEW ORLEANS.—Flour 25c. Pork and whisky 35c. Hemp $4,50. Tobacco $2. Corn 7c.

A Good Comparison.

☞ The Rev. William Boulatt, a well-known Methodist clergyman, residing at Naples, draws the following amusing but apt comparison, between Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge and a ferret:—

A ferret, when placed at the entrance of a rat-hole, enters the aperture, travels along the passage, seizes upon the rat, exterminates his existence, and draws the animal's defunct carcass to the light. And in like manner have I found Dr. M'Lane's American Vermifuge to operate upon Worms, those dreadful and dangerous tormentors of children. This remedy, like the ferret, enters the aperture of the mouth, travels down the gullet, hunts round the stomach, lays hold of the worms, shakes the life out of the reptiles, sweeps clean their den, and carries their carcasses clear out of the system. This, at least, has been the effect of the Vermifuge upon my children.

A neighbor of Mr. Boulatt, Mr. John Briggs, adopts the simile of the Rev. certifier, thus both giving their most unequivocal approval of this great specific, after having witnessed its operation upon their own children. Let others try it, and be satisfied.

For sale by most of the Druggists and Merchants, and by the sole proprietors. J. KIDD & CO.,
nov22-3dw 60 Wood street.

LARD.

☞ R. WATSON is now engaged in slaughtering FIVE THOUSAND HOGS; and will have constantly on hand a large stock of BULK PORK, of his own curing. Also, a No. 1 article LARD, in barrels and kegs. For sale at his Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Wayne streets. nov23:1m*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Practical Salesman Wanted!
IN A CLOTHING STORE. Enquire at
nov23tf THIS OFFICE.

BLANKETS—250 pair superior Blankets, just received at A. A. MASON & CO.'S.
nov23 62 and 64 Market street.

SILK BONNETS—Just received, at A. A. MASON & Co.'s, a large assortment of winter Silk and Satin Bonnets, of the latest and most fashionable styles.
nov29

SHAWLS—A. A. MASON & Co., will open, this morning, a few cases premium gold medal Shawls, brilliant colors.
nov29

PLAIDS—A beautiful assortment of Plaids, brilliant colors. Just received at A. A. MASON & CO.'S,
nov29 62 and 64 Market street.

TO LOAN—Several Thousand Dollars, on approved notes. Enquire of H. F. WEDDELL,
Real Estate Agent,
nov29 corner of Smithfield and Fifth sts., Pittsburgh.

WANTED—Time Bills on Cincinnati, St. Louis or New Orleans. THOMPSON BELL & CO.,
nov29 Exchange Brokers,
corner of Third and Market streets.

OHIO AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD STOCK—Wanted, 60 shares. THOMPSON BELL & CO.,
nov29 Exchange Brokers,
corner of Third and Market streets.

Removal.
S. CUTHBERT & SON, have removed their Real Estate and General Agency Office, to No. 140 Third street, two doors below Smithfield. nov29

WANTED—A Hand Loom Weaver, and two girls, to work in a country Woolen factory, a few miles from the city; to whom good wages and constant employment will be given. A man with a family would be preferred, who could have house and garden rent free.
S. CUTHBERT & SON,
nov29 140 Third street, near Smithfield.

DANCING!
MR. AND MRS. GILBERT most respectfully inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh, that they have engaged ARTHUR HALL, Great street, where they will teach all the Fashionable Ball Room Dances. The Class for Gentlemen will commence on Monday evening, 29th instant, at 7 o'clock; and at 2 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, for Ladies. nov29

PHILO HALL.
THE LAST EXHIBITION OF BUNYAN'S WONDERFUL DREAM OF THE PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, will be given TO-NIGHT, at Penn Hall, Third street.

There will also be an Exhibition of the PANORAMA, THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock; on which occasion Children's Tickets will be sold at the door for one boxes each.

☞ Excellent Music, from five beautiful instruments, accompany the Panorama while moving. nov29:1t

NEW CARPET STORE!
No. 47 Fifth Street, near Wood.
ON hand and daily receiving, an entirely new and complete assortment of Imported and American CARPETINGS, OIL CLOTHS, &c., which we offer at the lowest cash prices. Purchasers are solicited to call and examine our stock, consisting of—

Velvets and Brussels;
Tapestry Brussels;
Printed Tapestries;
Extra and Super Three Ply;
do do Ingrain;
Twilled and Plain Venitian.

Low priced Carpetings; Floor and Stair Oil Cloths; Cocoa and Canton Mattings, Rugs, Mats, Piano and Table Covers, Window Badges, Venitian Blinds, Stair Rods, &c., &c., of every description. [nov22] ROBINSON & CO.

A Rare Chance for a Profitable Investment on Long Credit.
WE WILL SELL, between now and the 15th of December next, at private sale, the CEDAR GROVE FURNACE, situated in Perry county, Tennessee, within two miles of the Tennessee River, (navigable seven to the river,) together with TEN THOUSAND ACRES OF TIMBER LAND, and sufficient River Bottom Land for farming purposes.

The Cedar Grove Furnaces have a Double Stack. Machinery of first-rate quality; consisting of two 42 inch Boilers; 45 feet long; 20 inch lever cylinders; 6 feet stroke. The Furnaces are capable of blowing either hot or cold blast—two Furnaces at the same time—with all necessary implements appertaining on business at once, vagons, carts, &c.

The above works have made over ninety tons Pig Metal per week. They are offered for sale on liberal terms, on long time, to close a partnership concern. Approval security will be required, with a lien on the property until paid. Title indisputable. Apply to

J. R. MCNICKLE,
Cincinnati, Ohio,
P. H. LAMEE,
at Brownsport Furnace, Tenn. on the premises.
nov22:3t—*Nashville American.*

VALUABLE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.
THE undersigned, Executors of the Estate of Col. JOSEPH BAIRD, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, at the late residence of the said decedent, in Union township, Washington county, Pa., on TUESDAY, the 21st day of December, the Valuable Farm of said deceased, in Union township, about one mile from Finleyville, half a mile from Mingo Meeting House, on the Brownsville Road, leading to Pittsburgh, containing TWO HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-FIVE ACRES OF PRIME LAND, and well adapted to grain growing and grazing. The Farm abounds in good springs. There are about TWO HUNDRED ACRES CLEARED, and the remainder timbered. The improvements are a two story stone DWELLING HOUSE, stone Spring House, two Barns, (one of them a Bank Barn,) with stabling, and all necessary buildings.

There is also a Tenant House and two orchards of good Fruit on the premises. &c: adjoining lands of John Kennedy, Esq, Dr. Lant, William Dawson, William Hanton, and others, and will be offered separately or together, to suit purchasers.

ALSO—One-half Acre of Coal Land, on Mingo creek, near Whitefield's Steam Mill, with a Coal Bank on it.

ALSO—Ten shares of stock in the Washington and Williamsport Turnpike Road Company.

The sale will be held on the premises, commencing at 1 o'clock, P. M., said day, when the terms of sale will be made known by ROBERT LOVE,
JOHN BAIRD, Executors.

N. B.—If the above property is not sold on said day, it will be offered for rent for one year.
nov22td—*Washington Examiner.*

Orphans' Court Sale.
PURSUANT to an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, dated October 25th, 1852, the undersigned will expose to public sale, on the premises, nearly opposite to McKeesport, on Wednesday, the 22d day of December, 1852, at ten o'clock, A. M., a large and excellent farm, containing 179 acres, more or less: Beginning at a black oak, on the line of land owned by John Curry, thence South eighty-five degrees East, one hundred and twenty-four perches, to a sugar tree on the bank of the Monongahela river; thence down along the bank of said river, by the several courses of the same, one hundred and sixty-one perches, to a walnut on the bank of said river; thence North seventy-seven degrees West, one hundred and forty-six perches, to a walnut; thence North 70 degrees West, sixty-six perches to a white oak; thence South thirty-one and a half degrees West, one hundred and seven perches to a point on the line of John Curry's land; thence South thirty-five degrees East, by a straight line to a black oak, the place of beginning. Said property adjoins lands of said John Curry, James Cunningham, M. Dravo & Sons, and McPhinney Snodgrass, from forty-five to fifty acres of which tract are excellent bottom land, from twenty-five to thirty acres are coal land, with pit opened, and about ninety acres are cleared.

On the above premises are erected one frame house, a barn and out-buildings, and a tenant house.

The terms will be favorable as to time of payment, and will be made known at sale. The title is indisputable.

Persons desiring a farm, or a safe investment, are invited to examine the premises, and enquire