Daily Morning Post.

LUCKY HARPER .....THOMAS PHILLIPS

Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING:::::NOVEMBER 17.

☞ No North, no South, no East, no West, under the Constitution; but a sacred maintenance of the Common Much, and true devotion to the Common Brotherhood.—THEODORE PARKER.

☞ Messrs. S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., who are prompt, honest and gentlemanly in their business transactions, are the *only* authorized agents in the cities of New York and Boston for the *Morning Post*.—They are authorized to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our usual rates. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 Nassau street. BOSTON, 10 State street.

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RIDDLE vs. BARKER.

We understand that a grand struggle is going on between these two leaders of the Whig party. BARKER considers that he has the advantage, inasmuch as Deacon WHITE, the rival of the *Journal* man, has endorsed him as a "*good whig.*" Barker will, most probably, be the favorite candidate of the Gazette. The natural proclivities of the editor and the aspirant are congenial, and it would be nothing strange to find two such persons working harmoniously together. It is well known that when Barker was first elected, the editor of the Gazette gave him a notice which may well be called a "highfaluting" *puff*. This was done to secure the patronage of the immaculate Joe. But Joe would not bite at the meagre bate the Deacon tempted him with; he gave our cotemporary the cold shoulder, and found others equally willing to do all the dirty tricks the Gazette bid for, in case it would be paid for its services. On this the Deacon and Barker quarrelled, and the Gazette, most unexpectedly, opposed Joe at the Sheriff's election. We say unexpected, because it was supposed that men of such genial feelings would naturally impel them to move together. But, although you may safely conclude that you can manage two nags of equal temperament when they are before you in a curicle, it is hard to hold such flighty colts as the editor of the Gazette and Joe Barker in the traces, unless it can be clearly shown that their interests would be mutual. This was the case at the late election. The editor thought that Mr. Magill had a better chance for election than his former favorite, and he, therefore, deserted Joe. He was wise to do so, for he has secured the Sheriff's printing. It is now said that he is endeavoring to have another string to his bow, and is, in a quiet manner, advancing the claims of his friend Barker for the Mayoralty. This we believe to be a movement prompted by the congeniality of feeling between the two men, but others assert that it is done from a malicious spite towards his colleague of the *Journal*. It is very well known that Mr. RIDDLE is an aspirant for the office of Mayor, and has his runners out through the city imploring the citizens to sign a paper recommending him for the office, and certifying to his great capacity for the Chief Magistracy of our city. In his paper of yesterday, he published a long string of names, collected principally by his own employers, requesting him to *consent* to be a candidate. He consented to their request as modestly as Gloster permitted the Lord Mayor of London, and others, to "buckle fortune on his back," and he is now fully committed for the Mayoralty. But there are still difficulties to overcome before he can reach the goal of his ambition. Where is the friendly hand that will brush off those spiders, offensive to his sight? Who will strangle those two young Princes, BARKER and SAWYER, and permit him to march without interruption to the office he desires?

But, there is another Richmond in the field, and before the election comes off, we would not be surprised to hear our cotemporary saying, "*Harry*, I hate you," meaning, of course, our worthy fellow citizen, Harrison Parry. Mr. Parry will reply to him in an appropriate manner, and tell him in plain terms that the man spotted with the charge of attempting to paliate frauds upon the ballot box, is not the man to sneer at him. Mr. Parry is a most worthy citizen. He has never sought office heretofore from his party, but he has, through a long life, talked more in favor of those who did, than any other man in Allegheny county. We hope he may get the Whig nomination, for he deserves it from his party, and we would like to defeat him, for we like to oppose a *decided* whig.

But we are apprehensive that Barker is the man the editor of the Journal must keep a vigilant eye upon. He and the Deacon are working quietly, but, as they think, surely, in a manner that will knock the pins from under our aspiring cotemporary. We have good reason to believe, that Barker has now a list of names, calling upon him to be a candidate, outnumbering the call of Mr. Riddle more than two to one. Joe and the Deacon are still busy. The favor with which the Gazette received Barker when he was first elected is made a strong argument for his nomination, and it is said that all this is done with the consent of the editor.

We understand that the list of names in favor of Joe will appear in a few days, but, from prudential motive, the editor of the Gazette has declined to sign it; but, as Gen. Scott would say, he "throws his heart among them."

Visit of Gen. Pierce to New York.

The Democratic Republican General Committee, recently passed resolutions, inviting Gen. Franklin Pierce, President elect, and Mr. Wm. R. King, Vice President elect of the United States, to visit the city of New York, as the guests of the Committee. The Chairman, Augustus Schell, Esq.; and Messrs. McIntire, Barr, Francis, Dillion, and Mitchell, were appointed to convey this invitation to General Pierce, which duty they had the gratification to perform on Wednesday, the 10th inst., at Boston. The Committee had an interview with General Pierce, at the Tremont House, where they presented the resolutions, and a letter of invitation to him, to which he gave a verbal answer, accepting the hospitalities tendered to him from the New York democracy, and promising to reply soon in writing, fixing the day for his departure for the metropolis.

Monroe County.

At the late election held in this county the vote in four of the townships was as follows:

	Pierce.	Scott.
M. Smithfield,	298	6
Jackson	109	6
Eldred	155	0
Polk	139	1
	689	13

The other townships present almost as sorry an appearance for poor Whiggery. There is one pleasant aspect, however, for the woolly heads in these townships. It does not require much trouble and money to get the voters to the polls.

GOLD AND THE MONEY MARKET.—Private letters by the late steamer from California state that the gold on freight, by the Panama steamer, would be two and a quarter millions, which is larger than was anticipated. This continued influx of two to two and a half millions of gold semi-monthly, with only a moderate export, must influence materially the money market for the next three months.

NEW YORK CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION.—The *Tribune* publishes a full list of Congressmen elected in that State, at the recent election, and classifies them 21 Democrats, 12 Whigs, 1 Abolition, and 1 Independent Land Reformer. In the present Congress the delegation stands 17 Democrats and 17 Whigs. The State loses one member under the new apportionment.

THE FRAUDS.

The whig organs have become alarmed at the effect their foolish articles about the *Frauds* may have upon the public mind. The *Gazette* is extremely amusing in its folly on the subject, and although we have not much room to spare we will aid our neighbor in showing up his knavery. He starts out with the following paragraph:

The *Post*, of yesterday, makes an elaborate defence of the conduct of the Mayor, in relation to the naturalization frauds, which was commented upon in the *Gazette* of Saturday. We made five specific charges of improper proceeding, to wit: 1. Requiring witnesses to answer on a GENERAL INQUIRY as to their knowledge of naturalization frauds, instead of examining them solely in reference to a particular case under consideration, thus constituting the Mayor's Court into an unconstitutional inquisitorial star chamber. 2. Permitting a witness to criminate himself, as was done in repeated instances, as appears from the evidence taken before him, and published in the *Post*; and for which it is highly probable the persons, so criminated, will be obliged to answer. 3. Choosing, arbitrarily, from among the alleged guilty persons, those he saw proper to commit, and letting the rest go free. 4. Refusing a person brought before him the benefit of counsel. 5. Demanding unreasonable and exorbitant bail.

The editor of the *Gazette*, if he knows anything at all, knows that all he has stated above is false. His own party friends will tell him so, if they are not sunk as deep in the mire of political knavery as he is. The testimony given before the Mayor was given voluntarily, and the witnesses *were* instructed not to say anything that would criminate themselves.

In reply to our denial of his statement that the culprits had not the benefit of counsel, he says:

In reply to this, we assert that our statement is substantially true. The person charged was Henry M. Smith; the counsel, Edwin H. Stowe, Esq. Mr. Stowe appeared before the Mayor as Smith's counsel, and sat down in the front office. The Mayor and the informer retired to the back room and called Smith to come in. He went, and Mr. Stowe went with him, and took a seat at the table, when the Mayor either told Mr. Stowe to leave the room, or that he wanted the room to himself as he intended to have a *private* conversation with Smith. Mr. Stowe, thereupon, left the room without any remark. The Mayor knew that Mr. Stowe was Smith's counsel, for he had appeared on his behalf but three or four days before.

If Mr. Smith has sense enough to know who his counsel was, he will at once inform the public that the editor of the Gazette has stated what is not true. Mr. Stowe *was not* his counsel, and was merely an interloper in the office. Mr. Smith had two interviews with the gentleman whom he designated as his legal adviser, and after deriving all the benefit he could from his advice, he was held to bail for committing a fraud which he durst not deny. Mr. Stowe was a mere lookeron, and had no more right in the private room of the Mayor, uninvited, than he had in the private parlor of any other citizen. He *was not* the counsel of Mr. Smith, and, has no right to complain because he was not permitted to domicil himself in the private office of the Mayor.—He then goes on to say:

"That the insinuation of the *Post*, that the *Whig party*, as such, either by any of its constituted committees, or in any other form, has committed any fraud, or connived at any, is a gratuitous and unfounded slander. The Whig party is wholly innocent of any such fraud, and the editors who make the charge, cannot but know it."

We made no insinuation of the kind. Our remarks implied a *direct charge*, and the testimony elicited proves all that we have asserted. We will ask this saint of the whig church, if the *whig party did not issue these fraudulent papers, who did?* They are signed by whig office holders—they are distributed by whig emissaries, and the men who received them *voted the whig ticket!* He does not deny these three facts that have been *proven*, yet he has the brazen effrontery to say that the "whig party is wholly innocent of any such frauds." What shallow impudence! To say that the whigs did not commit the frauds, when it is a recorded fact that they are now in the hands of the law for their knavish practices. Dear Deacon, you must have lost all the little sense we have given you credit for.—We will give him the benefit of another paragraph, with comments. He says:

The party is not accountable for such frauds, and we have no defence to make for them. We utterly disapprove of all such conduct, and we leave them to their just deserts. But we deny the implication upon the party, and we protest against any illegal and inquisitorial proceedings in ferreting out cases, which, we feel assured, has been pursued more for the purpose of finding fraudulent votes to be used in another case, than from any love for the vindication of the law.

Now, look at the nice honesty of our sanctimonious cotemporary. In the first place, he "utterly disapproves" of the frauds, and leaves those who committed them to "their just deserts;" but in the very next sentence, he *protests against ferreting out the cases of fraud*. Beautiful morality, most consistent Deacon.

But there is another remark in the same sentence with which the editor of the Gazette is displeased, but tells his feelings just as plainly as if he had "spoken out in meetin." He says that this matter has been pursued "more for the purpose of finding fraudulent votes to be used in *another case*." The case he refers to is that of his friend BARKER, whom he is supporting in a quiet manner for the Mayoralty, and he is vexed that the frauds have been discovered before he had an opportunity to make them useful in "another case"—i. e., to vote for Joe Barker. If these fraudulent voters had only been permitted to run at large until they had voted for his dear friend Barker, the Deacon would then have consigned them to the penitentiary with his blessing.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The extraordinary vehemence with which the Editors of the Gazette and Journal have simultaneously assailed my official acts in the investigation of the naturalization frauds, has somewhat surprised me; for until they did so, I had not the slightest idea that a solitary individual, unconnected with the frauds, could be found base enough to sanction, let alone defend the perpetrators of such an outrage on the public; and even now, I cannot bring myself to believe that the whigs will suffer their party to be brought into the defence of this crime.

A great public wrong has been done. The seals of our courts have been prostituted. The courts have been deceived and imposed upon by designing men and unfaithful officers. If the actors and perpetrators of these crimes are to be allowed to go unwhipped of justice, how long will it be until the public records will be subjected to the capricious acts of interested persons?

If the Editors of the Gazette and Journal expect to intimidate me, and to check the investigation of these infamous frauds, by publishing the falsehoods of their coadjutors, and crying "Inquisition," they will find themselves mistaken. I promise them, as soon as my health will permit, to renew the investigation, and now give them notice, that if any of their friends are guilty, and have not already been brought up, they had better "leave their country for their country's good."

My friends need be under no apprehension in regard to the charges made against me by the Editors of the Gazette and Journal; they are simply falsehoods when stript of the vestige of the editors.

In regard to the Editor of the Journal, I have this to say: that he presumes too much upon his personal relations with me, when he makes insinuations against my integrity; he knows me well, and knows that I never suffer any person to take such liberties unrebuked.

I have not the time or the inclination to enter into a controversy with editors of newspapers, and must therefore decline taking any further notice of the *pure* and *disinterested* editors of the Gazette and Journal.

J. B. GUTHRIE.

MARYLAND.

The Baltimore *Sun* of Saturday publishes the full vote (nearly all official) of every county in Maryland, except Calvert, which is not reported, from which it appears that Pierce's majority in the State is 5,050. Total number of votes polled this year, 74,275, which is an increase of 2,040 over the vote for President in 1848, and 3,068 since the last Governor's election. The democratic vote, since 1848, has increased 5,135, and since the Governor's election 3,313. The whig vote shows a decrease, compared with 1848, of 3,089 votes, and 245 since the Governor's election. The full vote of Calvert county, and the few thrown for the free soil ticket, will increase the aggregate number cast in the State to about 75,000, against 72,280 in 1848.

THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

The next Congress commences its existence on the 4th of March next. The Senate, consisting of 62 members, will be strongly Democratic.—The House of Representatives will consist of 234 members. In those States where Congressional elections have been held, the result, as far as ascertained, is as follows:

MAINE.

1. Moses M'Donald, D. 4. Saml. P. Benson, W.
2. Samuel Mayall, D. 5. Isr. Washburn, jr. W.
3. E. Wilder Farley, W. 6. T. J. D. Fuller, D.

VERMONT.

1. James Meacham, W. 2. Andrew Tracy, W.
One vacancy.

MASSACHUSETTS.

1. Saml. H. Walley, W. 2. Wm. Appleton, W.
Nine vacancies.

NEW YORK.

1. Jas. Maurice, D.	18. Peter Rowe, D.
2. T. W. Cumming, D.	19. Geo. W. Chase, W.
3. H. Walbridge, D.	20. O. B. Matteson, W.
4. Mike Walsh, D.	21. Henry Bennett, W.
5. Wm. M. Tweed, D.	22. Gerrit Smith, F. S.
6. John Wheeler, D.	23. Caleb Lyon, Ind. D.
7. Wm. A. Walker, D.	24. Daniel T. Jones, D.
8. Frn. B. Cutting, D.	25. Edw. B. Morgan, W.
9. Jared V. Peck, D.	26. Andrew Oliver, D.
10. Wm. Murray, D.	27. John J. Taylor, D.
11. T. R. Westbrook, D.	28. George Hastings, D.
12. Gilbert Dean, D.	29. Azariah Boody, W.
13. Russell Sage, W.	30. Benj. Pringle, in. W.
14. R. W. Peckham, D.	31. Thos T. Flagler, W.
15. Charles Hughes, D.	32. Sol. G. Haven, W.
16. G. A. Simmons, W.	33. Reuben E. Fenton, D.
17. Bishop Perkins, D.	

NEW JERSEY.

1. Nat. T. Stratton, D.	3. Samuel Lilly, D
2. Chas. Skelton, D.	4. George Vail, D.
5. Alex. M. C. Pennington, W.	

PENNSYLVANIA.

1. T. B. Florence, D.	14. G. A. Grow, D
2. J. R. Chandler, W.	15. John Gamble, D
3. John Robbins, jr, D.	16. W. H. Kurtz, D.
4. Wm. H. Witte, D.	17. Joel B. Danner, W.
5. John McNair, D.	18. J. McCulloch, W.
6. W. Everhart, W.	19. Augustus Drum, D.
7. Saml. A. Bridges, D.	20. J. L. Dawson, D.
8. H. A. Muhlenberg, D.	21. D. Ritchie, W.
9. Isaac H. Hiester, W.	22. T. M. Howe, W.
10. N. Middleswarth, W.	23. M. C. Trout, D.
11. C. W. Straub, D.	24. C. B. Curtis, D
12. H. B. Wright, D.	25. John Dick, W
13. Asa Packer, D.	

DELAWARE.

1. Geo. Read Riddle, D.

OHIO.

1. David T. Disney, D.	11. Thos. Richey, D
2. J. S. Harrison, W	12. Edson B. Olds, D
3. L. D. Campbell, W.	13. Wm. D. Lindsey, D
4. M. H. Nichols, D.	14. H. H. Johnson, D
5. A. P. Egerton, D	15. Wm. R. Sapp, W.
6. Aaron Ellison, D.	16. Edward Ball, W.
7. Aaron Harlan, W.	17. Wilson Shannon, D.
8. M. B. Corwin, W.	18. George Bliss, D.
9. F. W. Green, D.	19. Edward Wade, F. S
10. J. L. Taylor, W.	20. J. R. Giddings, F S
	21. Andrew Stuart, D.

INDIANA.

1. Smith Miller, D.	6. T. A. Hendricks, D.
2. W. H. English, D.	7. John G. Davis, D.
3. Cyrus L. Dunham, D	8. Daniel Mace, D.
4. James H. Lane, D.	9. Norman Eddy, D.
5. Samuel Packer, W.	10. E. M. Chamberlain, D.
	11. Andrew J. Harlan, D.

WISCONSIN.

1. Daniel Wells, jr., D. 2. Benj. C Eastman. D.
3. John B. Macy, D.

MICHIGAN.

1. David Stuart, D. 3 Samuel Clark, D
2. David A Noble, D. 4. Heston L Stevens, D.

IOWA.

1. Bernard Henn, D. 2 John P Cook, W.

MISSOURI.

1. Thos. H Benton, D. 3. John G. Miller, W
2 Alfred W. Lamb, D. 4. Mordecai Oliver, W.
5 John S. Phelps, D.

FLORIDA.

1. Augustus E. Maxwell, D.

The delegates of some of the States, it will be observed, are different in the next Congress from those in the present. This is owing to the new apportionment law, which gives several States an additional member, while others lose one.

RECAPITULATION BY FIGURES.

	Next Congress			Present Congress		
	D.	W.	F.S.	D.	W.	F.S.
Maine	3	3	—	5	2	—
Vermont*	—	2	—	—	3	—
Massachusetts†	—	2	—	1	9	—
New York	22	10	1	17	17	—
New Jersey	4	1	—	4	1	—
Pennsylvania	16	9	—	15	9	—
Delaware	1	—	—	1	—	—
Ohio	12	—	2	11	8	2
Indiana	10	1	—	8	2	—
Wisconsin	3	—	—	3	—	—
Michigan	4	—	—	2	1	—
Iowa	1	1	—	2	—	—
Missouri	3	2	—	2	1	—
Florida	1			1		

* One vacancy. † Nine vacancies.

Ownership of Private Letters.

In referring to the card recently issued by the literary executors of Mr. Webster, the New York *Times* says:

"It will be seen by a notice in another column that Mr. Webster's literary executors request that all persons in possession of letters or papers from this illustrious statesman, will place them in their hands, in order that they may prepare such of them as may seem adapted to that purpose for speedy publication. Although they have chosen to accompany this request with a menacing intimation that their legal rights and property in the letters will be infringed if they are suffered to reach the public through any other channel, we trust that it will be complied with."

It has been repeatedly settled by the decisions of eminent judges, both in England and this country, that private letters belong to the writer or his representatives, if they choose to claim them, and not to the recipient. The justice of this decision is obvious. The grossest breaches of confidence might be perpetrated but for this check. The "menacing intimation" of the literary executors, if such it can be rightly characterized, was called for by the appearance in print of letters which obviously did not belong to the person who communicated them to the public, and which must have been procured without authority. Even if he had been the original recipient of those letters, he would not under the law, have been justified in publishing them. It is to meet cases like this, and enlighten the public as to the law in regard to private letters, that the timely and proper card of the literary executors has been issued.—*Boston Transcript.*

☞ To the travelling public the following tickets have been issued from the office of the Astor House, New York:

Railroad for Salt River.—The fine Locomotive, AUSTRIAN DESPOT, will start forthwith for the above delightful locality, stopping at the "Site touching at the Post Office, Mint, Navy Yard, &c.

BREECHES DOWN, Conductor.
RICH BROOUE, Engineer.
FIERY INDIGNATION, Fireman.

☞ To prevent accidents the Fire will be placed in the Rear. [Copyright secured]

Omnibus Ticket.—This Ticket will entitle the bearer to a seat in the Omnibus "Protection," for the Steamer "Disunion," which leaves for SALT RIVER at 12 o'clock, precisely. For the convenience of Passengers, it will touch at the "Custom House," "Post Office," "Navy Agency," &c. No *Austrian gold* received for the Fare.

Ticket for Soup.—As the Steamboat passes the "Site of the Military Hospital," the passengers will be regaled with "Snapper Soup," cooked in the water of the "Blue Lick," and waited upon by "Old Soldiers." [Copyright secured.]

PUTTY DISPENSED WITH.—Some down east operator has got a way of setting glass without putty. The inside is framed in such a manner that the parts can be readily removed for the purpose of inserting the glass, which is placed between slips of India-rubber, which when the parts of the sash are replaced, causes the glass to be perfectly firm. The movable parts of the sash are secured to their place by a knob screw, which makes a pretty finish.

CONGRESS.—The next session of Congress commences on the first Monday of next month, (December 6,) and will continue in session until the 4th of March, when Gen. Pierce will be inaugerated as President, and the term of the members elected to the third Congress commence.

Items of News and Miscellany.

The Princess Anne (Md.) *Eastern Shoreman* states that the dwelling, with its contents, and several out houses, owned by Mr. Thomas Ward, in Annamessex, were completely consumed by fire on the night of the 5th inst.

During the year, closing with the 1st of September last, nearly twenty one million feet of timber and steam-sawed lumber were sawed and shipped from Darien, Ga., making the amount shipped, nearly double that of the previous year.

W. W. Corcoran has given as a donation, $1,000 to the Metropolitan Mechanics' Institute at Washington.

The Canadian Parliament, at the late session, passed acts to incorporate the Main Trunk Railroad; to amend the charter of the Erie and Ontario Railroad Company and to authorize the Montreal and New York Railroad Company to extend their railroad.

Mr. James Orne of the firm of Orne & Co., Philadelphia, fell down in the street, on the 12th inst., and soon after expired.

At a sale of wines in Baltimore, on Friday, some of them brought as high as eighty dollars per gallon, or $1,25 per wine glass.

Mr. Parvis, an architect at New Orleans, fell from a scaffolding at the St. Charles' Hotel, lately, and was dangerously wounded.

A fellow in Texas has just invented a strengthening plaster which will enable you to "take up" anything, from a four months note to a hogshead of sugar.

The Madison, co., Whig accounts for Gen. Scott's defeat in the fact that his "military career disqualified him from *running!*" He had never run and couldn't learn how!

Sherrard Clemens (Dem.) is elected to Congress from the Wheeling district in Virginia, to supply the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Thompson.

The Albany *Register*, in reference to indications that an attempt will be made to reorganize the whig party upon "an Abolition basis," in a tone of confidence, predicts that the scheme cannot be consummated.

Michigan was one of the States that was *sure* to go for SCOTT, *before* the election. The returns show that Scott has majorities in but two counties in the State—100 in one and 50 in another.

The "Eclipse" Pork-house, of George W. Phillips & Son, of Madison, Ind., says the Courier, is one of the largest and most complete in the West. It has a front of ninety feet, and is one hundred and ninety feet deep, with walls of stone.

The Boston Bee states that Mrs. Mowatt has consented to read a poem, on the death of Mr. Webster, before the Mercantile Library Association of that city, at such time as her engagements will permit.

Out in Indiana it is said that an agent is now busily engaged in collecting the votes taken on the railroad cars during the past summer. It is thought, by some, that Whig majorities will be collected up, in this manner, so as to give the State to Scott.

Last week, at St. Louis, the failure of a wholesale grocery house was made public on 'change. The liabilities were stated at from $30,000 to $40,000. One house suffers to the tune of $10,000.

The operations of the Chester county (Pa.) Mining Company continue to go on with great success. During the last week they turned out seven hundred and fifty pigs of pure lead.

Mr. Anthony Christy, of Wilmington, Del., aged 95, who voted for Washington, refused toride the polls on the 2d inst., but walked to them and voted. It is said he refused to vote until permitted to walk to the polls.

Dan Rice was recently robbed at Memphis of a valuable breast pin, $200 in gold, &c. The pin was valued at $650.

One of the largest ships ever constructed at Portsmouth, Va., is now being built there by Messrs. Page & Allen.

The articles for exhibition from France are to be sent to the Dublin Fair free of expense, by order of the President.

The Presbyterian Church at Fairmont, Va., took fire on Sunday last, but the flames were suppressed without serious damage.

An editor in Illinois being asked why he did not publish the communications sent to his office, replied, because nobody would ever publish his when he was a youngster, and he intended to be even with the world.

The prophecy of the lamented Polk is fulfilled—"the man whose commission he was signing IS President of the United States!"

The Cincinnati *Gazette* estimates, upon apparently reliable data, that the aggregate capital employed in the wholesale clothing business in that city is $10,820,000, and that over 10,000 persons are directly employed and supported by this important trade.

The Contemplated Division of Texas.

A division of Texas has been in agitation in that State for more than two years past. At the present time the advocates of division are mainly in Eastern Texas, where several newspapers are enlisted in the cause. We are informed by the Houston *Telegraph*, that the scheme is rapidly growing into favor, and that it is even proposed to hold an extra session of the Legislature upon the subject.

The *Telegraph* strenuously opposes it, urging that if there should be a division of the State, as proposed, into Eastern and Western Texas, there would be great danger of the Western section becoming a free State, which the *Telegraph* thinks, would much depreciate the value of slave property in Eastern Texas.

It is stated that the success attending the culture of sugar in Texas has been such that the country between the Trinity and Guadaloupe rivers is rapidly filling up with planters, and if the State remains united for some time longer, it will be pretty well populated with a slave-holding population.

PORK PACKING.—Most of our packers were ready to commence operations in hog slaughtering yesterday, but the weather turned warm and they postponed killing. But one house has as yet been in operation, and only some 800 hogs have been killed. At Cincinnati slaughtering had fully commenced Tuesday, and at one establishment 700 hogs were killed in 3 hours and 40 minutes.

Prices of pork have very materially advanced in the New Orleans and New York markets, which have stimulated holders of hogs, though we hear of no transactions. The last sales made were at 5 cents net in the market.

Throughout Missouri prices have been dull at 4½@5 cents net, with a downward tendency, which was also the prevailing tone at all points along the upper Mississippi.—*Louisville Courier, Nov. 12.*

FREE NEGROES IN NORTH CAROLINA.—The Fayetteville *North Carolinain* states that in the House of Commons of North Carolina, on the 20th ult., Mr. Webb, of Rutherford, offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Finance to inquire into the most eligible plan for gradually removing free negroes from the State, and that the resolution was adopted. That the free negro population is an incubus on the body politic is generally conceded; and we believe there are few who do not desire their removal, provided it can be done without cruelty, and at a moderate expense.

FINANCES OF VIRGINIA.—Robert Johnston, Esq., Auditor of Virginia, has made a report of the condition of the State's finances, from which it appears that during the year ending the 1st inst., the receipts into the treasury amounted to $1,279,527 17, making, with a balance of $30,478 02 on hand at the time of the last report, a total of $1,310,001 19. The expenditures during the year were $1,272,372 37, leaving on hand on the 1st of October last, $37,628 82.

DEER KILLING IN VIRGINIA.—An act was passed by the last Legislature of Virginia concerning the killing of deer, which provides that if any person shall be found in possession of a deer, or shall kill one in any year, in any county lying west of the Blue Ridge and east of the Alleghany, between the first of January and the 1st of August, he shall forfeit five dollars, unless the deer shall be his own, tamed or in a park.

☞ **Valuable Testimony in Favor of an Invaluable Medicine.**—We love to record the testimony of medical men in favor of Dr. M'Lane's medicines. It is gratifying, because the Vermifuge and Liver Pills of that distinguished physician were not invented for speculation, but were introduced into his practice with the design of effecting good, and they became celebrated through their great merit. They are not, therefore, to be placed in the same category with the patent nostrums of the day, which are so extravagantly puffed in the advertising columns of the newspapers. Drs. Newcomb and Duff, in common with others of the medical faculty, are simply doing justice to these invaluable medicines in thus speaking well of them, and truly imitate the benevolence of the "good Samaritan," in endeavoring to extend their use:—

JOHNSVILLE, January 30, 1850.

Gentlemen.—We have used quite a quantity of M'Lane's Vermifuge in our practice, *and find it to be a valuable article, and one much needed in the country.* If we can get a sufficient quantity, we will use some exertion to dispose of it.

Messrs. J. KIDD & Co. Drs. NEWCOMB & DUFF.

For sale by most of the Druggists and Merchants, and by the sole proprietors. J. KIDD & CO.,
nov17:d&w 60 Wood street.

☞ **Birch Wine, Wine of Tar,** and Medicated Wines, of various characters, have been before the public, but it has remained for the FOREST WINE to blend in one compound the peculiar medical virtues of each of those important articles, whose action has a specific influence in curing those peculiar chronic, kidney, stomach and nervous diseases, causing debility and prostration, often of a serious nature. The FOREST WINE is one of the best tonics in use, having all the strengthening properties of Wine, with the healing and medicinal qualities of the roots and herbs from which it is distilled.

☞ See advertisement in another column of this paper.

Sold Wholesale and Retail by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, Pittsburgh, Pa.; also, by JAMES T. SAMPLE, north-west corner of Federal street and the Diamond, Allegheny City. nov16:d&w

LIBRARY LECTURES!

THE REV. HENRY GILES, of Maine, will give his first Lecture before the Young Men's Mercantile Library and Mechanics' Institute, on TUESDAY EVENING next, at LAFAYETTE HALL, commencing at ½ o'clock.

The course will consist of Six Lectures, as follows:

I—Reading.
II—Love of the Beautiful.
III—The Cost of a Cultivated Man.
IV—The Inward Nature, Its Relations and Faculties.
V—The Worldling.
VI—The Enthusiast.

Tickets to be had at the Library Room, and from the Lecture Committee.

PRICE—Members' Tickets, for Course, $1,50; with lady, $2,00. Citizens' Ticket, for Course, $2,00; with lady, $2,50. Tickets for Single Lecture, 50 cents.

WILLIAM FREW,
CHARLES M'KNIGHT,
WM. H. HERSH,
R. E. SELLERS,
November 11, 1852.—1w Committee.

MARRIED:

On Thursday evening, 11th instant, by Rev. Mr. Teige, of St. Paul's Cathedral, Mr. JOHN GEOUTT to Mrs. MARGARET PATCHELL, both of this city.

DIED:

In San Francisco, California, at the Marine Hospital, on the 11th of September, of Panama Fever, PATRICK LAFFERTY, in the 42d year of his age. The deceased was a native of Pittsburgh.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOAT OARS—140 assorted sizes, on consignment and for sale by [nov17] KING & MOORHEAD.

Stray Cow.

CAME to the residence of the subscriber, living in Lower St. Clair township, near Mount Washington, on the 5th instant, a common sized Dark Red Cow, with white on her belly; and crooked horns. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law. ROBERT TORRENCE,
nov17:2tw on the premises.

Information Wanted!

OF the whereabouts of ELIZABETH VANSCIVER, (my wife,) and three children: one boy and two girls, Franklin, Jane, and Anna Maria Sale, Vansciver, who came to Pittsburgh about three weeks ago, where I last heard they were. Any person who can give me information in regard to them, will confer a favor by addressing a note through the Post Office, directed to FRANKLIN VANSCIVER, Columbiana, Ohio.
nov17:2t*

THE Owner is going to California, and will sell a good two story brick Dwelling House and Lot, 48 feet front on Carpenter's alley, by 50 feet deep. The House contains four rooms and cellar, with finished garret, and a fine porch to the second story. A good out door, garden and shade trees, and a choice grape arbor.

Terms—One-third in hand, the balance in one, two and three years. Apply immediately to
S. CUTHBERT & SON,
nov17 50 Smithfield street.

B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.

From Mr. E. S. WOLFE, Merchant,

TERRE HAUTE, Indiana, November 3, 1852.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.—Gentlemen: Having acted for many years as agent for the sale of your Vermifuge, I consider it my duty to bear testimony to its valuable qualities and uninterrupted popularity. It is all that it professes to be, and is considered, by all who have used it, as an invaluable family medicine.

Respectfully, R. S. WOLFE.
Prepared and sold by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
nov17:3t&w corner of Wood and First streets.

Pearl Keys.

THE subscriber has just received invoices of several superb Pianos, 7 octaves, made by NUNNS & CLARK, and DUNHAM, New York; the keys of which are made entirely of PEARL, and very highly polished, the appearance and effect of which is beyond conception, rich and beautiful. Pearl Keyed Pianos are already very much admired and sought after by the wealthy and fashionable of the Atlantic cities.

N. B.—The public are respectfully invited to call and examine the same on their arrival, of which due notice will be given. H. KLEBER,
nov17 No. 101 Third street.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

THE Winter Rates to Philadelphia and Baltimore, are as follows:

Bacon, beef, pork, barley, fish, grain, lead,	per 100 lbs.	65c.
Butter, candles, cheese, cotton, earthenware, hides, hops, hair, lard, lard oil, leather, tallow, tobacco leaf, window glass,	" "	75c.
Beeswax, benes and horns, bristles, flax, timothy and flax seeds, deer skins, dried fruits, glassware, hemp and tar, leather, rags, soap, starch and wool,	" "	50c.
Brooms, (corn,) eggs, feathers, fowls and poultry, ginseng, merchandise,	" "	$1,00
Flour,	per bbl.	1,00

Apply to COVODE & GRAHAM, Agents,
nov17 cor. Penn and Wayne sts., Pittsburgh.

VALUABLE FURNACE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale that valuable iron property known as JEFFERSON FURNACE, situated in Clarion county, Pa. This property consists of between EIGHT HUNDRED AND NINE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND; on which is erected one Furnace Stack, Steam Engine, and the necessary buildings for the carrying on of the Furnace business.

The Furnace has been in successful operation for several years. The ore on the land in the vicinity, is convenient to the Furnace, and in great abundance, and much of the land is still covered with timber, which abounds in the immediate neighborhood. The Furnace is arranged for blast both by steam and water power, being situated on Beaver creek, within three miles of Clarion river, and consequently in the midst of the great Ironworks of this country, and near the surveyed route of the Allegheny Valley Railroad. This property will be sold on liberal terms, and an indisputable title given. If not sold by the 10th of December next, it will then be open for rent. Apply to I. PAINTER & CO., Liberty street, Pittsburgh; or to SAMUEL F. PLUMER, Callaindaugh Post Office, Clarion county, Pa.
nov17:3tdaltw

FLOUR—Extra and Superfine for sale by
A. HUNTER,
nov16 No. 251 Liberty street.

JAMES' NEW NOVEL FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.—Just published, and for sale at MINER & CO.'S, No. 32 Smithfield street:—

A Life of Vicissitudes, a Story of Revolutionary Times; by G. P. R. James, Esq., forming No. 174 of Harpers' Library of Select Novels.

Europe in a Hurry; by George Wilkes. nov16

HOP FOR IOWA.—FOR SALE.—A quarter section of Land, containing 100 acres, located in the most desirable portion of that rapidly improving State. Villages, churches and schools, within convenient distances. Mr. Reed, of Washington county, owns three-quarters of the same section, (No. 31.)

Apply to THOMAS MOFFITT,
nov16 No. 29 Fifth street.

Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad

THE subscribers to the Capital Stock of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad Company, are hereby notified to pay into the Treasury, the fourth instalment of Five Dollars per share, on or before the 1st of December, proximo, and Five Dollars per share on or before the 1st day of each month thereafter, until the whole amount of stock subscribed for has been paid.

WM. A. HILL, Treasurer,
nov16:6tdmdaw Treasurer's Office, 64 Wood street.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of JANE LIGHTCAP, deceased, late of Westmoreland county, having been granted to the undersigned, who is duly authorized to settle all claims against said estate. Therefore, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to make immediate payment; and all persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

nov16:6t* JOHN GALLAGHER, Adm'r.

Adjourned Sale of Splendid Building Lots.

THE sale of LOTS, on the Hill, north of W. M'Clint