Daily Morning Post.

LECKY HARPER.....THOMAS PHILLIPS

Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING:.....NOVEMBER 18.

☞ No North, no South, no East, no West, (under the Constitution) but a sacred maintenance of the Common Bond, and true devotion to the Common Brotherhood.—PRESIDENT PIERCE.

☞ Messrs. S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., who are prompt, honest and gentlemanly in their business transactions, are the only authorized agents in the cities of New York and Boston for the *Morning Post*. They are authorized to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our usual rates. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 Nassau street. BOSTON, 10 State street.

☞ FINE JOB PRINTING.☜

Having recently made large additions of New and Beautiful Type to our News and Job Offices, we are now prepared to do PRINTING OF ALL KINDS, in the finest style, and upon the lowest terms. Every size and variety of Type, from fifty lines Pica down to Diamond, will now be found in our extensive Job Office. Give us a call.

☞ We were honored with a visit yesterday from Col. WM. T. ALEXANDER, the able and popular Editor of the Clarion *Democrat*. The Colonel is in fine spirits, and feels quite happy and proud because of the big Democratic majority in little Clarion. *That* cannon business will not be forgotten, my good fellow.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.—We understand that our friend, WILLIAM ALEXANDER, of Pennsylvania Avenue, will be an applicant for the office of Steward of the Marine Hospital.

Dr. ROBERT WILSON, of East Liberty, will be supported by numerous friends, for the office of Marshal of the Western District of Pennsylvania.

THE PRESIDENT-ELECT.

One of the most zealous and intelligent Democrats in Pennsylvana, who has recently visited Gen. PIERCE, at Concord, writes to us as follows: "He is one of the most loveable and courteous, bland and eloquent men you ever knew. I was truly delighted with him. He must leave Concord soon, on account of his wife's health, and they will spend the winter in Virginia."

STEUBENVILLE DAILY UNION.

We are pleased to see that the *American Union*, at Steubenville, came out as a Daily journal.—It is admirably edited by our old friend ANDREW STUART, the Congressman elect from that district. The whigs of Steubenville have supported a Daily paper for several years, we hope the Democracy will not be less liberal towards the press than their opponents. We wish the Union complete success.

THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

"There is a tide in the affairs of men,
Which, taken at the flood, leads to fortune
Omitted, all the voyage of their life
Is bound in shallows, and in miseries."

Thus wrote the immortal Shakspeare; and the profound wisdom of the sentence applies equally to communities as to individuals. There was a time in the history of this City, when it was in the power of our people to have secured the terminus of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. A vacillating policy lost it forever. Indeed, this vacillating, procrastinating, shilly-shally policy has ever been the characteristic and drawback of Pittsburgh. The recent strides of other places to obtain the prize of commerce and prosperity, has aroused some of our dormant energies; and the most intelligent of our citizens have begun to look around them; and we are taking advantage of some of those means still within our power, to secure the unparalleled resources and facilities which nature has given to us. The tide is yet in its flood, and woe betide us if we fold our arms and permit it to ebb, without having done all that men can do to fortify our natural position by every artificial aid within our power! A little while ago we advised our readers of the certainty of the Allegheny Valley Railroad being commenced almost forthwith; and we predicted that it would be pushed on with vigor, under the auspices of gentlemen alive to the importance of its speedy completion. But just as our lips are about to touch the golden fruit, we fear it is likely to turn into ashes.

Our readers know that we are not in the habit of sounding unnecessary alarms. In the present instance, we desire to be calm and considerate. The motives of men we will not scan too closely. We will suppose them to be honest, and in a certain sense praiseworthy; but we take exceptions to their general policy, for we believe its consequences fraught with disaster to the best interests of Pittsburgh and the community around us.

By legislative enactment our County Commissioners have the authority to subscribe One Million of Dollars, and receive stock therefor, in the Allegheny Valley Railroad. The preliminary steps were taken; the Grand Jury recommended the measure; it came up for action before the Commissioners; but a majority of those gentlemen have refused to give it their sanction; and the whole project is likely to fall to the ground! No one doubted but that there would have been an intelligent consideration, and a politic subscription to the stock, on the part of the Commissioners. It was one of those acts which our citizens looked upon as a matter of course, which policy dictated, and a cool, calm judgment sanctioned. Unlike the scrip issue, it bore no fraud upon its face; it could entail no disgrace or injury in its consequences. It is judicious to hesitate and consider, and praiseworthy to check, if necessary, any measure that springs from incautious folly, or reckless legislation. But surely no one will venture to say that the Allegheny Valley Railroad had its inception in folly, or the legislative acts to promote it were precipitate or injudicious. An avenue from the head of navigation on the Ohio, along the rich but yet undeveloped valley of the Allegheny, and intersecting the great arteries of New York travel and commerce, is surely worth securing; for its advantages are proximate, and the far seeing beheld in it the means of prosperity to our City, and so vast as to be utterly incalculable. But all this is likely to be lost, for two of our Commissioners have put their *veto* upon the road.—We do not believe that these gentlemen mean to strike a blow at the prosperity of Pittsburgh; on the contrary, it is our opinion that their timidity is chiefly owing to the fact that they had predecessors from whose truculency the County is now bleeding at every pore. If former Commissioners transcended their legal authority and involved the County in debt, and covered themselves with disgrace, is that a reason sufficient for the present officials to do nothing at all for evil or for good; to be negative in all things, for fear that they might do some things wrong; to hazard the fortunes of this whole community, through the vague apprehension that somebody who can see no farther than his nose, might blame them for having too much decision of character.

The worst evil is that their example is likely to be contagious. The Commissioners of other counties will imagine that ours possess some sagacity, and will withdraw their subscriptions. And so the project will linger, and a new one, to which MILNOR ROBERTS alluded in his letter to Mr. WILMARTH, will be organized, and Pittsburgh cut off forever by another Hempfield concern, utterly ruinous in its operations upon our commerce and upon our destiny.

It is the duty of our citizens at once to take the matter in hand. If the Commissioners cannot be convinced that it is their duty to act for the interests of Pittsburgh in the premises, let them evade the responsibility by leaving the policy to the people, as was done, when the subscription was made to the Pennsylvania Railroad. That the stock will prove a profitable investment, we believe no intelligent man doubts. No road can be made from this city that will not pay.—The geological wealth of the country alone will give profitable business to railroads, without taking into account the constantly increasing facilities for business, and the never-ending development of our resources.

GERMAN CELEBRATION.

The German Democratic celebration in commemoration of the recent Democratic triumphs came off on Thursday evening in Lay's Hall, in Bayardstown. The celebration was characterized by the most enthusiastic and genuine outbursts of Democratic sentiment. There was no confusion at the celebration. It was well conducted and orderly, but still it went off in glowing and enthusiastic style.

Mayor GUTHRIE presided in the early part of the evening, assisted by J. H. CASSIDY, Col. MOORHEAD, Dr. WERNEBURG, FRANCIS FELIX, J. ROTH, J. G. BACKOFEN and WILLIAM SMITH, as Vice Presidents. Thos. Phillips and William J. Rose were appointed Secretaries.

After the organization, eloquent speeches were made by Shannon; Roth and Rose. The addresses of these gentlemen were listened to with great attention; the names of the speakers, however, will inform the reader that the addresses were deserving the attention they elicited.

Between the speaking, Byerly's Band discoursed most excellent music. The German Singing Clubs in attendance were enthusiastically applauded in their songs, which were given with much spirit.

After the supper was over, Mayor Guthrie retired. The meeting was re organized, by calling Th. Umbstaeter to the chair, assisted by Lecky Harper as Vice President. Jollity and good humor pervaded the assemblage, and songs and speeches made the evening pass off pleasantly and quickly. Speeches were made by Messrs. Umbstaeter, Harper, R. B. Roberts, Rose, Felix and Shannon. Dr. Hartmeyer delivered an excellent address—his first attempt. It would bear a favorable comparison with the efforts of many older and more experienced heads.

Democratic Cities.

All the great cities of the Union have given majorities for PIERCE and KING. These are the figures in round numbers—New York heading the list:

New York City	11,000
Philadelphia City and County	2,300
Baltimore	4,500
Boston	500
Cincinnati	2,100
New Orleans	150
Brooklyn	1,300
Albany	800
St. Louis	1,300
Louisville	72
Buffalo	250
Detroit	600
Chicago	500
Milwaukie	800
Portland	200
New Haven	200
Hartford	100
Providence	1,600
Lancaster	366
Total	28,638

It will be seen that the Democratic majority in nineteen of the principal cities of the Union is 28,638. The Democracy have also carried Charleston, Mobile, Savannah and other Southern cities by large majorities. The great centers of trade have all repudiated Gen. SCOTT, and the narrow and illiberal principles by which he would have been governed in the event of his election. They are all in favor of a liberal commercial policy.

HOW GEN. PIERCE RECEIVED THE NEWS OF HIS ELECTION.—A letter from Concord, N. H., to the Union, says the democrats of that place became wild with delight on Tuesday night on receiving the news of the election of Gen. Pierce, and that the president elect was the only self-possessed, calm and quiet man in the place on that night. He received the victorious bulletins announcing his success with scarcely a change of countenance, and soon after quietly retired to bed.—The letter adds:

His habits are plain and unostentatious. His practice yields him a large income; and he is generous to a fault. It is said in Concord by those who know him well that he will spend his presidential $25,000 every year. The health of Mrs. Pierce is too feeble for housekeeping, and so, with their only child, a smart boy of a dozen summers, they board in the private family of W. Williams a respectable citizen engaged in the extensive manufactory at this place of coaches, omnibusses, and railroad cars. The house is the most beautiful frame building, shaded by a line of noble old elm trees.

We attended the "South Church" (Congregational or Presbyterian) last Sabbath, and General Pierce was there as usual, a regular and devoted attendant upon divine service. He left Concord on Wednesday afternoon for a day's visit to his brother, at Hillsborough.

LANCASTER CITY AND COUNTY.

The vote of Lancaster County stands: Scott 11,036; Pierce 5,578—Scott's majority 5,058. This is the largest Democratic vote ever polled in that county. Bigler received 5,226 at the last Gubernatorial election—Democratic increase 352. The Democracy of Lancaster city polled 1,351 votes for President, being an increase of 148 since the October election. Well done the home of BUCHANAN. The Lancaster *Intelligencer*, edited by our good friend Capt. SANDERSON, was ably conducted during the campaign.

HOCKING VALLEY RAILROAD.—Among the latest contemplated railroad movements in the West, is one for the construction of a railroad from Columbus, the capital and geographical centre of the State, to the Ohio river by way of Lancaster and Hocking Valley. The road will run through the finest mineral region in Ohio, and its eastern terminus on the river will be at Parkersvurgh at which latter point it will connect with the Parkersburg branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. The length of the proposed road will beseventy miles, along an easy route.

PERSONAL.—The family residence of the President elect, the Portsmouth (N. H.) Chronicle informs us, will be in that city. The reason of his removal thither from Concord is, that his wife's health needs the sea air. The same paper elsewhere says of this estimable lady, that Gen. Pierce will carry with him to the White House one of the best women to be mistress of the national mansion, and to encounter the care and toil which usually fall to the lot of a President's wife.

The Elmira Gazette is responsible for the following, which we find in the last number of that journal, amidst numerous graphic illustrations of the election and its results:

WANTED.—I wish to purchase immediately, on some "direct route,"
A lodge in some vast wilderness,
Some boundless contiguity of shade,
Where rumor of a "fire in the rear,"
"German accent" and "rich Irish brogue"
May never reach me more."

Apply to my personal agent, I find my former agents—Seward and Greeley—are not to be trusted.

LOSTFIELD SKOTT.

Elizabethtown, N. J., Nov. 3, 1852.

THE NEXT CONGRESS.—There have been elected to the next Congress 86 democrats, 35 whigs, 5 free soilers, and 2 uncertain. The democrats have gained 11 members, the free soilers 2, and the whigs have lost 13. In the 26th district of New York, Andrew Oliver, democrat, is said to be elected over Woods; whig, by 57 votes. The 33d district is doubtful, the contest between Crooker, whig, and Fenton, dem., being close.

FLORIDA.

The Savannah *Georgian* publishes a letter from Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 4th, in which the writer states that Pierce's majority in that State will not be less than one thousand! It will probably reach fifteen hundred!! The victory is overwhelming, and the Whigs have not even saved their honor.

GEORGIA.

The Savannah *Georgian* contains returns from 89 counties in the State of Georgia, from which it appears that the triumph of the Democracy in that State, is complete and overwhelming. Our majority now is 6,667! The same counties, in 1848, gave Taylor a majority of 2,348 over Cass.

ALL DEMOCRATS!—In Benzinger township, Elk county, the vote stood

Pierce 173, Scoot 00.

Can any township in the Union beat little Benzinger?

Hon. James Buchanan's Speech at the Dinner of the Pennsylvania Historical Society.

State Pride, State Fidelity, State Fraternity.

"To thine own self be true;
And it must follow, as the night, the day;
Thou can'st not then be false to any man."

In response to the above sentiment, Mr. BUCHANAN replied in the following remarks:

I am a Pennsylvanian, in heart and soul; and whatever can advance the interest or promote the glory of my good old native State, God bless her! shall ever find in me a devoted advocate. I am proud of my State; and State pride springs from that commendable and natural feeling—that love of our native land which Heaven, for the wisest purposes, has implanted in the human breast:

"Breathes there the man, with a soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said,
This is my own, my native land!
Whose heart hath ne'er within him burned,
As home his footsteps he hath turned,
From wandering on a foreign strand!"

The citizens of Pennsylvania ought, in my opinion, to cherish this sentiment of State pride more than they have ever done heretofore. We have never properly appreciated ourselves. This noble sentiment, however, should never degenerate into harsh, jealous or unfriendly feelings towards our sister States. Far, very far from it. But it ought to impel us to a generous rivalry with them for the palm of excellence in every thing which can advance our physical prosperity—in everything which can elevate, enlighten and adorn the human character.

Under our complicated but unrivalled form of government, state pride has become the truest patriotism towards the whole Union. It is eminently conservative of our Federal Republican Government. What we have most to dread is the centralization of unconstitutional political powers in the Federal Government; and the indulgence of a well regulated State pride, throughout the confederacy, will always preserve us from this abyss. As our territory extends—as we rapidly advance in power and wealth—as the patronage and expenditures of the Federal Government increase, the natural tendency becomes greater and greater to accumulate power at the centre of our system.

But whilst thirty one State sovereignties, proud of their power and jealous of their rights, shall continue to resist all encroachments from the General Government, they will ever preserve the just balance between Federal and State authority. So long as this balance shall be held with a steady hand, neither the Constitution nor the Union will ever be in danger. But let the pride and the power of the State sovereignties pass away—let them be reduced to mere provincial corporations, dependent upon the Federal government, and then the centralization of all powers at Washington, in fact, if not in form, will inevitably follow; and thus the animating life and soul of our institutions will have fled forever.

What but centralization at Paris has rendered abortive every attempt, for the last sixty years, to maintain free republican institutions in France? Had she converted her ancient provinces into sovereign States, with State governments, such as we enjoy, and established a Federal Republic, a coup d'etat at the Capitol could never have destroyed her successive free Constitutions. Liberty would then have taken refuge under the wing of the State governments, and would have been protected by their power until the storm had passed away. Paris would then no longer have been France. Under our system at the present moment, nothing could be so supremely ridiculous as an attempt to make a coup d'etat at Washington.

State pride ought ever to cherish the Sonate of the United States, as the selected protector under the Federal Constitution of State sovereignty. This is a body far more important, powerful, and august than was ever the celebrated Amphictyonic Council of Greece. Among our sister States, and throughout the world, the intellectual and moral character of each State in the Union is, and must be, to a great degree, estimated by the standard of the Senators whom she has selected to represent her sovereignty.—I have often observed with what intense feelings of pride the citizens of Kentucky have in the Senate Chamber pointed to their Clay—the citizens of Massachusetts to their Webster—the citizens of South Carolina to their Calhoun, and the citizens of New York to their Wright. Alas! these intellectual giants, like all things human, have passed away.

There is no State in the Union which can more justly indulge in feelings of State pride than Pennsylvania. Our enlightened, persevering and truly christian founder, immediately after he had obtained the Royal charter, declared, in the spirit of prophetic enthusiasm: "God will bless and make it the seed of a nation. I shall have a tender care of the Government, that it be well laid at first." And truly God has blessed it, and the seed which William Penn sowed has borne the richest fruit. We have already became a powerful and prosperous nation, and united with thirty other confederate States; we have formed a Federal Republic which is the admiration of the world and the Star of promise in the West to millions of down-trodden men throughout the old world who are panting for the liberties which we enjoy. Besides, Pennsylvania is truly the Keystone of the Federal Arch; and our character and position peculiarly qualify us to become the mediator between opposing extremes. Placed in the centre, between the North and the South, with a population distinguished for patriotism, steady good sense and a devoted attachment to the Constitution and the Union, we stand as the daysman between the extremes, and can declare with a potential voice to both, "hitherto shalt thou go but no further." It was from the Legislature of this great and glorious old Commonwealth that the first ray of light emanated to dispel the deep gloom into which the slavery question had involved our country.

The heaven-born principle of religious liberty, with which our founder was inspired, has been always carried into practice in Pennsylvania.—From the beginning, every man has enjoyed the natural right of worshipping his God according to the dictates of his own conscience. No bigot or despot has ever been suffered impiously to assume the attributes of Deity, and to interpose and prescribe the form in which man shall worship his Creator.

Although there are events in our history which we may have cause to regret, yet, taken as a whole, the State has always been well and wisely governed. "By their fruits ye shall know them," is a rule dictated by Divine authority. Judging according to this standard, where shall we find a people on the face of the earth—where has there ever existed a people more prosperous and more happy than are the people of Pennsylvania at the present moment? Agriculture, manufactures and commerce, are all in a flourishing condition. Labor every where finds profitable employment. Every where a fair day's work commands a fair day's wages. We have no poor amongst us, except the victims of idleness or misfortune; and to relieve the unfortunate, we have a greater number of benevolent institutions than any of our sister States. The teeming bowels of our soil have been explored by the hand of enterprise and industry, and our vast mineral treasures are carried to our own markets and those of the world, over the railroads and canals which have been constructed in all directions, by the wealth and public spirit of our fellow-citizens. Nor have we confined ourselves merely to the development of our physical resources. Every child born in the Commonwealth enjoys the same right to a good common school education that he does to breathe the vital air, and everywhere temples arise for the worship of the Most High, erected by the voluntary contributions of a Christian people.

Why should we not then, in the language of your toast, cherish "State pride, State fidelity, and State fraternity?" In politics, from the very nature of man, and of our institutions, we must necessarily differ; but throughout all the vast range of subjects on which we have a common feeling, and common interest for our good old State, who should we not cordially fraternize? The city of Philadelphia and the interior of the State are bound together by the strongest bonds of mutual interest. In this respect they are inseparable. The one is essential to the prosperity of the other. Let this not be the harsh bond of mere cold and calculating interest, but let it be the happy union of mutual kindness and affection.

It cannot be denied, though it is to be deplored, that mutual jealousies, to some extent, have hitherto existed between the city and the country. These would pass away like the mists of the morning before the rising sun, if the people of both knew each other better. The citizens of Philadelphia do not generally visit the interior of their own State as much as we from the country ardently desire, or as often as the citizens of New York and Baltimore visit the interior of their respective States. Come more frequently amongst us, and you will find that for cordial, genuine, heartfelt hospitality—for magnificent, grand and sublime scenery, Pennsylvania is not inferior to any State throughout the Union.

Like quarrels between man and wife, there have been, doubtless, faults on both sides. Let us forget and forgive what may have been wrong in the past of either, and determine that hereafter the bonds of mutual affection shall be much stronger than those cemented alone by avarice and interest. For my own part, so far as I may possess any influence, I shall use my best exertion to bring about this consummation, so devoutly to be wished.

"State pride, State fidelity, and State fraternity," now and forever!

Items of News and Miscellany.

The Department of State has received information of the death of three American citizens at Acapulco, named Joel Norton, Oliver H. Henfavor, and William Leet.

A son-in-law of Governor Foote, of Mississippi, named Thomas Carnal, was killed on Monday at Kentucky Bend, Miss., by a young man whose father he wounded some time since.

There were one hundred and sixty-four deaths in Philadelphia last week, eighty-five of which were children.

The ship John Rutledge, Capt. Wemberein, was cleared on Friday last, at the Charleston custom house for Liverpool, with 169 bales sea island and 3,542 do. Upland cotton, weighing 1,482,895 lbs., and the whole valued at $169,161,58.

The ceremony of receiving the black veil took place at the convent of the Visitation, in Baltimore, a few days since. The names of the young ladies who received the veil are Misses M. Virginia Bunting, Caroline Pyett, and Mary Tarleton, all of Baltimore.

Three cent pieces are getting into very general circulation, and have been found to be of great convenience in the making of small change.—The mint has coined an immense number of them but the demand keeps pace with the supply.

In the year 1787, Mathew Denny purchased 640 acres of land embracing nearly all the present site of Cincinnati, for forty-nine dollars! Now, scarcely a solitary front foot of any lot on that ground can be purchased for that sum.

A Whig paper says it is safe to set it down that Pierce will carry thirty one States. At the same time, if we should happen to hear of General Scott' carrying any, we will mention it in an extra.

In the Penitentiary, at Columbus, Ohio, on the 2d inst., a negro was shot for attempting to take the life of one of the guards with a long bowie knife. The guard put two balls through the body of the prisoner. He is not expected to live.

The prairies near St. Pauls, Minesota, have been swept over by fire, and many farmers have lost all their hay.

The cheap eating-houses in New York have raised the price of fare. A plate of meat, which used to cast sixpence, is now ninepence. This rise is in consequence of the high prices of all kinds of meat in that city.

To the Citizens of Allegheny County.

As some considerable feeling has been evinced in certain quarters in relation to the refusal by the Commissioners of this County, to subscribe one million of dollars to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, unless the views of the people of the county first be heard. We, the said Commissioners, consider it due to our constituents, as well as ourselves; to make a statement of facts as they really exist, and our reasons for not immediately subscribing towards the said stock.

It appears that on the 14th day of April, 1852, there was a supplement to an Act for the incorporation of the Pittsburgh, Kittanning and Warren Railroad, passed, changing the name of said road to that of the "Allegheny Valley Railroad Company;" the second section of which provides "that said road be authorized to pay to the shareholders, entitled to receive the same in the months of May and November in each year, interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, on all instalments, which interest shall be charged to the cost of construction, and continue to pay the same until the said road shall be completed."

Sec. 3d, provides that certain counties may subscribe; among the same that of Allegheny. The proviso of said section sets forth, "That the amount of subscription by any county shall not exceed ten per cent. of the assessed valuation thereof, and that before any such subscription is made, the amount thereof shall be fixed and determined by one Grand Jury of the proper county, and upon the report of such Grand Jury being filed, it shall be lawful for the County Commissioners to carry the same into effect, by making, in the name of the county, the subscription so directed by said grand inquest."

At the meeting of the Grand Jury for the last June term, the proposition to recommend a subscription of ——dollars, towards the stock of said road, was laid before them, and upon a vote being taken it was rejected by one of a majority. The Commissioners are not aware whether the law and probable benefits of the road were fully stated to said jurors; they are in possession of no fact further than the rejection of the proposition.

At the present sitting of the Grand Jury, the subject was again brought before them, and after an examination of the whole matter, they *unanimously* recommended the subscription of one million of dollars toward the stock of said road.

We wish to state, that so far as our feelings are concerned, there are no persons in this community, who wish to see this great enterprise pushed forward toward an early completion, more than ourselves; indeed, if we were acting in an individual capacity, we would have no hesitation in subscribing our own means toward the stock. But standing as we do, in the capacity of custodians of the means and credits of the county, we have thought it highly proper, before subscribing to said stock, to refer the whole matter to the people, and have their recommendation or refusal: this is the ground we stand upon, and will not swerve from: if we are in error, we are satisfied that no injury has been done.

The law does not require us to subscribe, it only says it "shall be lawful;" this being the case, we are not willing to act, and "make it lawful," until the citizens of the county have expressed their opinions to us in some manner that will be satisfactory to us, should the said road accord to our views.

Many of our fellow citizens may find fault with our course, but if they would only place themselves in our position, and take into consideration the magnitude of the subscription, we are of opinion they would hesitate before acting, and deem the course we have chosen the most proper.

Before closing this statement, we would beg leave to state to the citizens of the county our deliberate opinion that the subscription would be beneficial to the county: we have little doubt that in a few years this road, as also the Pennsylvania Central Road, will throw a very handsome amount of annual revenue into our county treasury, in the shape of profits. Indeed the benefits are twofold; first, increase of worth of property along, and in the vicinity of said road; and secondly, the *reduction of taxes*, the increase of valuation of property reducing the per centage of tax.

The lessening of our county tax is a great importance to the tax payers of the county, and if the prospects of reduction of taxes have a good foundation, we have no doubt the citizens will act, and that promptly, in recommending said subscription if appealed to.

The prosperity of our cities and county are of first consideration to us all, and we hope that whatever would add to a part thereby indirectly benefiting the whole, will meet with the approbation of all the citizens of the county.

EBENEZER BOYLES,
WM. ALGEO,
Commissioners.

JUSTICE TO GEN. SCOTT.—The brave old hero of Chippewa and Lundy's Lane has suffered a most signal defeat by the young volunteer general from New Hampshire; but it is gratifying to hear that Gen. Scott proves himself equal to the emergencies of this last and most disastrous battle. According to our latest advices from Washington, he falls back upon his post of General-in-Chief of the Army, with the most pleasing equanimity and good humor. There may be continue to flourish, hale and vigorous, for the next thirty years, and longer, if he desires it.—He has rendered the most brilliant services in the field to his country, and it is a matter of public satisfaction that he is still the active head of the army. After all he did right to hold on.—He stands there, like a reserved corps of the old Imperial Guard, only to be called out when the *rappel* is sounded for a resistless charge upon the common enemy. He has failed, by an extraordinary conjecture of unlucky circumstances, to reach the White House; but he may yet prove to be an indispensable defender of Gen Pierce's administration. Who knows?—*N. Y. Herald.*

THE COTTON CROP.—The Charleston *Mercury* publishes the following extract of a letter, dated

"MONROE, La., Oct. 19.—The cotton crop, in this section of the State, will not be so great upon the low lands as it was last year, but it will be much greater upon the hill lands. Altogether, there will be a large number of bales shipped down the Ouachita. The corn crop is large in every part of the country."

☞ Dr. M'Lane's Great Remedy for Liver Complaint.—The proprietors of this justly celebrated medicine, are in the daily receipt of the most gratifying testimonials of its excellence. Cases that had been given up as incurable, by most skillful physicians, were cured immediately after these Pills were given. The certificates are so numerous, that it is impossible to publish them within the limits of a newspaper; but, as it is now an established fact, that M'Lane's Liver Pills are the best medicine ever offered for the cure of Hepatic derangement, their publication is rendered unnecessary. Those who suffer from that worst of scourges, Liver Complaint, should lose no time, but hasten to purchase and use this invaluable medicine.

For sale by most of the Druggists and Merchants, and by the sole proprietors.

J. RIDE & CO.,
novdaw 60 Wood street.

Orphans' Fair.

THE Ladies who have been for some time past exerting themselves for the destitute Orphans, respectfully announce to the public, that they will open their FAIR in LAFAYETTE HALL, on SUNDAY, November 5th, and that they will continue it during the week. They offer attractions of rare value to the citizens, and they expect a liberal patronage from the humane and generous, who are always disposed to show their sympathy for the bereaved and destitute, such as those Orphans truly are.

WHITE'S BRASS BAND will be in attendance every evening during the week. Admission 10 cents. nov5

LIBRARY LECTURES!

THE REV. HENRY GILES, of Maine, will give his first Lecture before the Young Men's Mercantile Library and Mechanics' Institute, on TUESDAY EVENING next, at LAFAYETTE HALL, commencing at 7½ o'clock.

The course will consist of Six Lectures, as follows:

I—Reading.
II—Love of the Beautiful.
III—The Cost of a Cultivated Man.
IV—The Inward Nature, Its Relations and Faculties.
V—The Worldling.
VI—The Enthusiast.

Tickets to be had at the Library Room, and from the Lecture Committee.

PRICE—Members' Tickets, for Course, $1,50; with lady, $2,00. Citizens' Ticket, for Course, $2,00; with lady, $2,50. Tickets for Single Lectures, 50 cents.

WILLIAM FREW,
CHARLES M'KNIGHT,
WM. M. HERSH,
R. E. SELLERS,
Committee.

November 11, 1852.—1w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRESH ARRIVAL.—Just received, at No. 107 Market street, 1000 pairs Children's Shoes, of every style. For sale low.
W. E. SCHMERTZ.
nov13

NEW STYLES.—Just received, at No. 107 Market street, 500 pair of Ladies' Shoes and Boots, new styles, beautiful shape.
W. E. SCHMERTZ.
nov13

JUST RECEIVED, at No. 107 Market street, 750 pair of Men, Boys and Youth's Boots, cheap for cash.
W. E. SCHMERTZ.
nov13

LUMBER—20,000 feet Poplar Plank, Walnut, Cherry and Poplar Boards, on consignment, and for sale by
KING & MOORHEAD.
nov13

100 BBLS. NORTH CAROLINA TAR—Just arrived on consignment, and for sale by
TAAFFE, MAGUIRE & BANE,
112 Second street.
nov13

WANTED—Twenty shares Life Insurance Company Stock. By
AUSTIN LOOMIS,
Stock and Bill Broker,
Office, No. 92 Fourth street.
nov13

FOR SALE—Twenty shares Western Insurance Company Stock. By
AUSTIN LOOMIS,
Stock and Bill Broker,
Office, No. 92 Fourth street.
nov13

For Parkersburgh!

THE new steamer COURIER, Capt. JAMES H. BRANNAN, will leave for Parkersburgh, Va., and all intermediate ports, THIS EVENING, at 4 o'clock. For freight or passage, apply on board. nov13tit

Wylie Street Property for Sale!

ONE of the best business stands in the city for a BAKERY; with a large shop; custom well established, and one of Tunnel and Wylie streets.

For further particulars, enquire of
RICHARD REANY.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—Twenty-five acres of Land; 20 of which is cleared and well fenced. The improvements consist of a new frame house, 40 by 20 feet, with a back kitchen and a good stable, situate on Montour's Run, one mile from Jeffrey's Town.

Apply to
THOMAS MOFFITT,
nov13 No. 29 Fifth street.

PANTECHNETHECA.—GOTHIC HALL, 74 Wood street, near Fourth. Ready Made Clothing, of a superior make and quality, suitable for all ages, from 3 years old. Entire satisfaction to buyers, is the ruling principle in this establishment. All articles warranted to be as represented. Large sales and small profits, one price. Terms, Cash.

Tailoring attended to
nov13 CHESTER.
WE STUDY TO PLEASE.

FOR SALE—A valuable House and Lot, fronting on North Canal street, and extending back to Liberty st., Allegheny City; the lot is 50 by 235 feet; the House is 40 by 36 feet, and finished in the best style—containing a wide hall in the centre, spacious parlors, and every convenience required. The out buildings consist of a carriage house, stable, wood and coal houses, &c. Persons wishing to procure a handsome residence, will do well to apply soon to
THOMAS MOFFITT, 29 Fifth street.

THIRTY-THREE ACRES OF CHOICE LAND—Situated on Allegheny Hill about ½ mile from the Cemetery, near property of the late Col. Croghan. Will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, at $300 per acre, and on very favorable terms. This property is beautifully situated in a healthy location, and presents a good opportunity for persons desirous of selecting sites for country residences.

S. CUTHBERT & SON,
Real Estate Agents,
nov13 50 Smithfield street.

NOTICE.

THE public are respectfully informed, that the Ormsby Coal Works are in full operation, in supplying all who may require a superior article of Family Coal, delivered by teams, with promptness and despatch, on the most accommodating terms. Coal Haulers supplied with any quantity desired, ranging from 1000 to 5000 bushels per day.

All orders left at the Toll Office of the Monongahela Bridge, or dropped into the Post Office, addressed "*Ormsby Coal Works*," will meet with prompt attention.
nov13:1w

MR. MURPHY, would! you have to go and buy a box of RATSBANE EXTERMINATOR; for the last four nights I have not had an hour's rest, with the Rats, Mice, and other vermin; and, if this is not effectual, by Job, we will have to leave the house. Mr. Murphy, the Exterminator is a good article, so says Mrs. Smith; and had she not encountered it in time, it would have been the blessing of the Queen, that her children were not eaten alive with the rats; for she says that the Mice were as thick as wool in a blanket, Bugs, Cockroaches, &c., the house was swarming with them! Hould! Hould! Mrs. Murphy, you have said enough! Rats as plenty as poor relations—as for Fleas, Bedbugs, Cockroaches, &c., the house was swarming with them! And, Dennis, where will I get it? Why, good luck to you, don't the papers say it is sold by all the Druggists and Grocers in the Union, at the low price of 25 cents per box.
nov13

NEW CARPETING,
FOR
Private Residences, Hotels, Steamers, Institutes, &c.
W. M'CLINTOCK

FURNISHING WAREHOUSE, 85 FOURTH AND 79 WOOD STREETS, solicits attention to his superfine assortment of RICH AND ELEGANT GOODS, of the newest and best designs, adapted to every style of furnishing.

Rich Moquets;
Velvet;
Tapestry;
Brussels;
Imperial Three Ply;
Ingrain Carpets;
English Oil Cloths;
American Oil Cloths;
Coco Mattings, &c.;

Of every description, furnished at the lowest market prices, together with all other articles connected with the Carpet Business.
nov13

Valuable and Popular Books.

THE PRACTICAL MODEL CALCULATOR—For the Engineer, Machinist, Manufacturer of Engine Work, Naval Architect, &c. &c.

Norris' Hand Book for Locomotive Engineers and Machinists.

The Practical Cotton Spinner and Manufacturer, or, The Manager and Overlooker's Companion.

The Practical Metal Worker's Assistant. For Tin Plate Workers, Brasiers, Copper smith, Zinc Plate Ornamenters and Workers, &c. &c.

A Complete Treatise on Tanning, Currying, and every branch of Leather Dressing.

The Manufacture of Iron, in all its various branches. To which is added an Essay on the Manufacture of Steel. By Overman.

The American Miller and Millwright's Assistant.
The Tanner's Companion.
The Painter, Gilder and Varnisher's Companion.
The Dyes and Color Maker's do. do.
The Builder's do. do.
The Cabinet Maker's do. do.
The Paper Hanger's do. do.
A Treatise on a Box of Instruments.
Elwood's Grain Tables.
Photogenic Manipulations.
And sundry other works, too various to mention.

For sale by
B. T. C. MORGAN,
nov13 No. 104 Wood st.

Take Notice.

I HAVE just purchased the stock of Watches and Jewelry in the store formerly occupied by my brother, G. L. Hood. I am now prepared to dispose of this stock, together with an additional assortment of all the latest styles of goods in my line, at the wholesale price, by the single article; and all goods guaranteed to be as represented at time of sale. If you want bargains give me a call, as I shall sell goods at the smallest possible prices, and much cheaper than any other jeweller in Pittsburgh; at 51 Market street.
nov12 H. O. HOOD.

SAMUEL GRAY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 47 ST. CLAIR HOTEL BUILDINGS,
ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH.

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING made exclusively to order, and warranted to suit. Has constantly on hand a choice assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, and OVERCOATING, of the latest styles, selected expressly for the custom trade. Gentlemen leaving their orders, will have their wishes consulted and complied with, as all work is done under his own supervision.
nov12

NEW MUSIC.

Gentle Nell;
Uncle Tom's Grave;
Where are now the Friends of my Youth;
Answer to Ben Bolt;
The Dying Wife;
The Harp of Affection; serenade; written by Dr. B. P. Mullen, music by J. P. Webster;
Tarolina Polka;
Gen. Pierce F. Smith's March;
Snow Drop Polka;
Taxo's Favorite Polka;
Gen. Franklin Pierce's Grand March;
Strakosch's Favorite Polka;
Parodis' Serenading Polka;

Just received and for sale by
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
nov12 No. 116 Wood street.

Supply Your Children with Good Books.

JUST RECEIVED—At HYDE & CO.'s, No. 32 Smithfield street:

Alice Franklin, by Mary Howitt.
The Crofton Boys, by Harriet Martineau.
Dangers of Dining Out, by Mrs. Ellis.
Domestic Tales, by Hannah More, 2 vols.
Early Friendship, by Mrs. Copley.
The Farmer's Daughter, by Mrs. Cameron.
First Impressions, by Mrs. Ellis.
Hope On! Hope Ever! by Mary Howitt.
Little Oaks, Much Care, by Mary Howitt.
Looking Glass for the Mind—many plates.
Love and Money, by Mary Howitt.
Minister's Family, by Mrs. Ellis.
My Own Story, by Mary Howitt.
My Uncle, the Clock Maker, by Mary Howitt.
No Sense Like Common Sense, by Mary Howitt.
Peasant and Prince, by H. Martineau.
Poplar Grove, by Mrs. Copley.
Somerville Hall, by Mrs. Ellis.
Sowing and Reaping, by Mary Howitt.
Strive and Thrive do do.
The Two Apprentices do do.
Tired of Housekeeping, by T. S. Arthur.
The Twin Sisters, by Mrs. Landham.
Which is the Wiser? by Mary Howitt.
Who shall be Greatest? do do.
Work and Wages do do.
Chances and Changes, by Charles Burdett.

☞ Parents will find the best ass