Daily Morning Post.

LEWIS MARKER.....THOMAS PHILLIPS

Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING.....SEPT. 14

☞ No North, no South, no East, no West, under the Constitution; but a sacred adherence to the Constitution found, and a free foothold to the Common Brotherhood.—SAMMY PIERCE.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
FRANKLIN PIERCE,
OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM R. KING,
OF ALABAMA.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
GEORGE W. WOODWARD,
OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM HOPKINS,
OF WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Democratic Electoral Ticket for Pennsylvania.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
GEORGE W. WOODWARD. WILSON M'CANDLESS,
GEN. ROBERT PATTERSON.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

District.		District.	
1.	PETER LOGAN.	13.	H. C. EYER.
2.	GEORGE H. MARVIL.	14.	JOHN CLAYTON.
3.	JAMES MILLER.	15.	ISAAC ROBINSON.
4.	F. W. BOSTIS.	16.	HENRY FUTTE.
5.	H. M'CUNY, Jr.	17.	JAMES BURNSIDE.
6.	A. APPEL.	18.	MANUEL M'CLELIN.
7.	HON. N. SHERLAND.	19.	Gen. JOSEPH M'DONALD.
8.	S. A. PETERS.	20.	WILLIAM S. CALAHAN.
9.	DAVID FINTIP.	21.	ANDREW BURKE.
10.	B. E. JAMES.	22.	WILLIAM DUNN.
11.	JOHN M'REYNOLDS.	23.	JOHN S. M'CALMONT.
12.	F. HAMON.	24.	GEORGE R. BARRET.

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☞ FINE JOB PRINTING ☜

Having recently added large additions of New and Elegant Type, Large Size Job Letters, we are now prepared to do PRINTING OF ALL KINDS, in the best manner, and upon the lowest terms. Every variety and assortment of Type, from Diamond up to Two Line Pica, will now be found at our office. Orders from a distance will receive prompt attention.

The Reason why Bennet, of the N. York Herald, prays against Gen. Scott.

Two or three summers ago, Gen. Scott was spending a short interval of leisure at that delightful resort, Newport, R. I. While sojourning there, one morning, at the breakfast table, he asked one of the servants for a newspaper. A lady sitting opposite, a perfect stranger to him, reached across the table with a newspaper in her hand, saying—

"General Scott, allow me to furnish you with the *New York Herald*."

"I thank you, madam, very sincerely," returned the General. "for your kindness—*but I never read the Herald.*"

"Do you know, sir," retorted the lady, with the utmost indignation painted on her countenance, "do you know, sir, that I am the wife of Mr. Bennet, the editor of the Herald?"

General Scott—"I certainly did not know, madam, that such was the case, or I should not have been guilty of making the remark that has just passed my lips. But, madam, I have said it, and it cannot now be recalled."

Oh, my! Won't every body admire General Scott for his "gallant conduct on this interesting occasion?" The publication of it ought to secure his election, or absurd displays of fuss and feathers, and an affectation of *exclusiveness* cannot catch the "simples."

Gen. Scott "never read the Herald." We do not hesitate to admit the truth of his remark, for if he had, he might have learned some common sense from it, and not incur the necessity of being placed under the care of a committee of conscience-keepers, as he is now.

If this scene really occurred, Mrs. Bennet must have felt bad when the great General would not read the news because it was published in the Herald. It must have been agonizing to her; but she now has the consolation to know that the Herald still survives, notwithstanding Gen. Scott has never read it, and would not look at it when offered to him at the breakfast table in Newport.

This kind of "stuff" is the only "stuff" that the whigs think will please the people and bring them to vote for their candidate. This is the kind of argument the whigs think will carry Gen. Scott into the White House. It is for the people to decide whether insolence to a lady at a breakfast table at Newport qualifies a man for the office of President, or indicates that he is capable of dispensing the eminities that have uniformly been observed in the presidential mansion. The above anecdote of Scott, quoted from a whig paper, does not indicate that he is the man for either capacity.

☞ The columns of yesterday's *Dispatch* were graced with a letter from the fellow "Haynes," who made a fool of himself at Brown's Hotel, while the Free Soil Convention was in session in this city. The falsehoods stated in his letter, if it were possible to pile them up, would make a pyramid more than double the size of the two editors of the *Dispatch*. His statements of conversations, which purports to have taken place with one of the editors of the *Post*, are all epochryphal. Nothing of the kind ever occurred. The first time we ever saw him, the hoarders of the hotel at which he lodged were amusing themselves with him. Being fond of fun, we were pleased to see the transparent hypocrite make a fool of himself, as he most certainly is; and it did not require any great length of time for those who listened to ascertain that Haynes was not only a fool but a fraudulent delegate to the Free Soil Convention.

But "Haynes" is determined to sue us. He desires us to prove before a jury that he is all we have described him to be. Well, let him sue; and if we prove that he is one of the most consummate John Donkeys that ever Greeley permitted to travel from home, what good will it do "Haynes."

We hope "Haynes" will sue, we would like to see him again, for the purpose of ascertaining the part of *Cannaught* he came from, and also, how the anti papery cause is progressing. When he commences his suit we will give him another respectful notice, and wait upon him personally to make an apology in a suitable manner.

A GOOD JOKE.

One of the Third street whig organs has an editorial leader about two inches long, headed "Ohio all right," which shows that the editor is a great wag. Because HORACE GREELEY, the man who "spits upon and execrates the whig platform," is making speeches in Ohio, our facetious neighbor announces that "there can be no doubt that the vote of the State will be given to Scott and Graham *by an overwhelming majority.*" Why, sir, Gen. Scott has no more chance of carrying Ohio than he has of carrying New Hampshire, Virginia, or Pennsylvania. The democratic majority in Ohio will be at least 15,000; and if Greeley continues to stump the State, our majority may reach 25,000!

MASSACHUSETTS.

The Massachusetts Democratic State Convention which assembled at Fitchburg, on Wednesday last, nominated HENRY W. BISHOP, of Lennox, for Governor, and JAMES D. THOMPSON, of New Bedford, for Lieut. Governor.

CHARLES G. GREENE, editor of the Boston *Post*, and JAMES S. WHITNEY, were chosen Presidential Electors for the State at large.

The Massachusetts Democracy are in fine spirits, and will make every effort in their power to carry the State for PIERCE and KING. If the Whigs can men form an electoral ticket, Gen. SCOTT has no earthly chance of success in the old Bay State.

The *Post* says: "It is a matter of playhouse history that a man once made a fool of himself by suffering himself to be kicked." The *Dispatch* adds:

The Post and Dispatch editors appear the remark themselves. It was not intended for them, if they think it is applicable, we agree with arge portion of the community, that they co make more money by being kicked than they o by printing papers. The man mean enough kick either of them ought to be punished sever y, and we hope the first who will dare to raise toe against either of them five dollars a kick. nt to allow each

☞ Col. ROBERT M. LEE decl s running as the Democratic candidate for Mayor of the City of Philadelphia.

BENTON—ANTI-BENTON.

When will the "Benton" and the "anti-Benton" party of Missouri cease snarling at each other. There is now an extra session of the Legislature of that State convened, and although the democracy have a large majority, they are quarreling about what Benton calls "goat's wool." There is no real cause of difference between them. Benton is out of the race; he has won his last heat; he has done enough for his country; he has stood to the cause of the people manfully during his thirty years services in the Senate, and we presume that his term in the House, will close his political career. Then why should the name of Benton be made a cause of contention among the democrats of Missouri? We cannot see any good reason for it. In a party sense, Thos. H. Benton is of no more importance than any other good democrat of the State who votes the democratic ticket. He is simply one among the thousands of other democrats who give such a large majority in that State, and we are not aware that it is specially incumbent upon the party to annoy themselves about him any more than other democrats who support the principles of the party.

We know many citizens of that State who have labored faithfully for the principles of their party and have never held an office. Many of those object to Mr. Benton's imperious temper, although they are willing to award him unbounded credit for his indomitable advocacy of the great leading principles of our party. But they do not like to be treated as Greeley treats the Whig Platform. They cannot bear to be spit upon, and the Colonel and his peculiar friends should retain their saliva for some purpose more worthy than squirting it upon their friends.

What has become of the Scrip?

We have refrained from speaking of this matter for several days, under the impression that the Gazette and Mr. Magill would give the long promised statement to the public; but thus far our expectations have been disappointed. We do not desire to make the public believe that Mr. Magill appropriated the large amount of missing money to his own purposes. We still regard him as an honest man. But as journalists, we have duties to discharge to the public, and one of the first is to hunt up those who dare to defraud the people when an important public trust is confided to them. This is one of the cases we feel it our duty to follow up. We know not who it may implicate—we care not. But we *do know* that the taxpayers have been robbed, and the report is abroad that Mr. Magill can tell who plundered them. We therefore ask Mr. Magill and the Gazette, once more, for a full, fair and intelligible statement of the disappearance of the *scrip*. Nothing else will answer, and at the same time it is desirous to know who had the keys of the room from which, as is alleged, the scrip was taken.

Whistling to Keep their Courage up.

The Washington *Republic* gives a number of pretended extracts from letters written by whigs in different States, the writers of which endeavor to convey the idea that Gen. Scott's prospects are wonderfully brilliant! "The whig fires are burning brightly. The Scott men are active and sanguine." This is about the substance of all these "indications of public sentiment." Any person who will carefully read the extracts given by the *Republic*, must undoubtedly come to the conclusion that they were written by the same hand, and were intended to humbug and deceive the readers of that paper. They bear on their face evidence of fraud, and show that the whigs are in a truly deplorable condition. They are evidently frightened, and like boys passing through a grave yard, they are whistling to keep their courage up. We have no objections to this, certainly. The whigs will only deceive themselves by such ridiculous bragging.

A Whig Ex. M. C. Converted to Democracy.

The Baltimore Argus, of Thursday last, publishes a long letter, written by Hon. Edward Long, late Whig member of Congress, of Somerset county, Maryland, to James M. Buchanan, Esq., of Baltimore, in which he renounces Whiggery, denounces SCOTT, and declares himself for PIERCE and KING. Mr. Long thus closes his letter:

"I have already, *currente calamo*, exceeded what I intended to reply to you, and have only to assure you that I shall support Pierce and King with perfect cordiality, having entire confidence in their patriotism and ability, concurring, as I do, in the doctrines of the Democratic platform."

Mr. Cottman, the present Whig member from Mr. Long's district, also supports PIERCE and KING. Glorious Democracy!

OUR STATE.—The Baltimore Argus says:—A letter from York, Pa, to a firm in this city, dated yesterday, says:

"All things look well here. Our Congressional difficulty has been settled, and York county is 'right side up.' Kurtz has been nominated unanimously."

For ourselves, we never doubted Pennsylvania. PIERCE and KING will sweep the State by 20,000 majority, Greeley and Johnston to the contrary notwithstanding.

We are daily in the receipt of the most flattering accounts from all parts of the State. Our friends say they are hard at work, with the brightest prospects in view.

☞ Hon. W. A. Gorman, member of the House of Representatives from Indiana, and one of the committee to investigate the causes of explosions and disasters on the rivers and lakes, was among the passengers on the Reindeer, and just previous to the explosion was standing on the upper deck, almost directly over the boiler, conversing upon that subject. While the landing was made at Bristol he went out on the promenade deck, and like the others there, escaped without injury. Mr. Johnston, another member of the House, was also on the boat, and escaped uninjured.

☞ The whig meeting at Erie, on the 10th inst., was a miserable failure, as we learn from the *Observer*, of Saturday. Although extensive arrangements had been made for an immense crowd, and large delegations were expected from all the surrounding towns and counties, yet, after all, not more people were present than Dan Rice's circus would gather in a few days' notice! Why don't Gen. Scott resign, so that he may no longer distract the whig party?

☞ WASHINGTON ABRAHAMS, Esq., a gentleman extensively known heretofore in Baltimore, as a leading whig has addressed a long and able letter to Wm. P. SPENCER, Esq., President of the Third Ward Democratic Association of that city, in which he avows his determination to vote for PIERCE and KING. The cry is still they come.

☞ After all the fuss and thuggier, the Democrats have a net gain of 860 votes in Vermont since the last annual election, when the federal whig governor was elected by about 1250. Still we do not claim Vermont, and we hope Gen. Scott will carry it in November. He must have *one* state!

☞ WM. P. SHELL, Esq., of Fulton county, has been unanimously re-nominated by the Democrats of that district as a candidate for the Assembly. Mr. SHELL is a sterling Democrat, and has made an honest and intelligent representative. He will be elected by an increased majority.

☞ HORACE GREELEY is traveling through Ohio making whig speeches, mixed up, of course, with Abolitionism, Fourierism, Socialism, Anti-Rentism, Spiritual Rappings, and every other ridiculous humbug of the day, Greeley and Seward are the captains of the Scott army.

RECALL OF GEN. SCOTT FROM FLORIDA.

The following is the official document in regard to the recall of Gen. Scott from the command of the army in Florida, in 1836, "and an inquiry into his conduct, with the endorsement of the President." The letter was communicated from Gen. Thomas S. Jessup, of the War Office, to Mr. Poinsett, the Secretary of War, in compliance with a call of the House of Representatives. Col. Joseph M. White was at that time the territorial delegate in Congress from Florida:

[*From Ex. Doc, H. R., No. 231—24th Congress.*]

WASHINGTON, May 28th, 1836.

SIR,—By order recently issued from the War Department, it is directed that, should Major General Scott leave the head quarters of the army in Florida, and retire from that command, it will devolve on Brigadier General Clinch. This order leaves to the discretion of General Scott the period of his departure. It is with the greatest pain that I feel myself constrained, by sense of duty to my constituents, respectfully to ask that Gen. Scott be immediately relieved from the command. No man has more admiration for the gallantry, or respect for the military achievements of Gen. Scott than I have.

From the present attitude of affairs, and unfortunate and disagreeable occurrences which have happened in that quarter, the public interest, as well as the lives, security, and property of the inhabitants, imperiously require the order I have recommended. There is no harmony between him and the public authorities of the territory; and it is evident that he is in the highest state of exacerbated feeling, on account of an atrocious outrage on all decency and propriety, in *burning him in effigy* at Tallahassee. This infamous proceeding, which ought to have been arrested and punished by the authorities of the seat of government, does not justify General Scott for the degrading epithets and insults he has offered to a whole population. In his published orders, he represents the conduct of the people of Middle Florida as "infinitely humiliating;" and the people "wild with fear," possessed of "a disease so general and so degrading."

This is not the usual language of a major general commanding on our frontiers, and should not, under any circumstances, be resorted to, whatever may have been the disappointments and wounded sensibilities of a commanding general. I ask upon what authority he says there were just "five Indians," who have produced that consternation, panic, and flight, of which he has drawn a picture so derogatory to the whole population? It is well known that the Indians never show their whole force; and if five have penetrated into the country from the Indian boundary, to within a few miles of the seat of government, a much larger number will soon follow. As Gen. Scott did not succeed with five thousand men in destroying five Indians, he might have spared the inhabitants the last left defenceless such degrading denunciations. As that, however, is an affair between him and the Governor, as to the number of the enemy, and the defence of Middle Florida, I shall proceed to what is the object of this communication.

My purpose is, most respectfully to request an inquiry into the manner of conducting the late campaign in Florida, and into the conduct of the major general commanding, for having gone into summer quarters the last of April, leaving the country without defence, and the inhabitants at the mercy of the Indians.

Major General Scott had power to call upon the Governors of South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama for any number of men that he might consider necessary to put an end to the war.—Congress, by law, provided ample means; and whilst he was in command, the Governor of Florida had no power to call for troops. Gen. Scott, after one unsuccessful campaign, disbanded the whole militia force; but the term of service of a portion of it had expired, and he has neither called, by draught or for volunteers, for any other further military force. He has, on the contrary, refused the acceptance of some that was offered, and has disarmed the militia of East Florida.

When called upon, now, to furnish a adequate force for the protection of that frontier, he complains of his limited means; when it is apparent, from the above statement, that his means are only limited by his discretion, and that he has power at any moment to order any number from Georgia or South Carolina. He admits 1,000 men are necessary to subdue these Indians, and that he has but 1000 under his command. Now, I ask why it is that he has not these 2000 men in the field that he deems necessary?

He, and he alone, is responsible for all the lives and property of the inhabitants that may be destroyed for the want of that protection and security which every citizen of the republic has a right to look for from his government. Added to this, the feelings of the people are outraged by representations calculated to degrade and expose them to ridicule throughout the United States.

These people, you are aware, are sparsely settled over an extensive territory, in detached neighborhoods, without any dense population to fall back upon, or without any fortified places in which to place their wives and children for safety. If upon the first sound of an alarm, some small neighborhood should go in pursuit of even five Indians, they might as they did with Gen. Scott's grand army, dodge out of the way and fall back upon the women and children in the rear. It is unnecessary, however, to detain you with these details. I do complained I am for is, that Major General Scott has left that country without adequate protection, and has not a sufficient force either for offensive or defensive operations. *He has produced a state of feeling that forbids all harmony or concert with the local authorities or people of the country, and the public interests imperiously require his immediate withdrawal*

I have the honor to be, with high considerations of respect, sir, your most obedient servant,

JOS. M. WHITE.

To ANDREW JACKSON,
President of the United States.

Endorsement on the back of the above letter:—Col. Joseph M. White, of Florida, requests the withdrawal of General Scott from the command in Florida.

A copy of this letter to be sent to Gen. Scott, with an order to withdraw from the command in Florida.

A. J.

True copy: R. JONES, Adjt. Gen.

July 16, 1840.

THE LOBOS ISLANDS.—Hon. Abbott Lawrence, our Minister to England, has written a letter to the National Intelligencer, contradicting a statement which recently appeared in a New York journal, to the effect that he has consented, on the part of the United States, to the mutual monopoly of the Lobos Islands between Peru and Great Britain. Mr. Lawrence says:

"I have not spoken or written of these Islands to any person connected with the British Government. I have received no communication from the Government of the United States relative to them. I have expressed no opinion about them. Nor, indeed, have I made an examination to form an opinion."

A WHIG ELECTOR BACKED OUT.—At the Carroll county (Md.) Democratic meeting at Westminister on Monday, says the Baltimore *Argus*, Col. Ege arose and stated that he was informed that John T. B. Dorsey, Esq., one of the Whig Electors was on the ground, and if so, he challenged a discussion and fixed on the next evening for the same. The gallant Col. accordingly was at his post, and delivered an able speech, but the *Whig Elector was not to be found.* Col. Ege, our readers will remember, recently renounced whiggery, and enrolled himself in the great Democratic army.

FATAL RENCOUNTRE IN NORTH CAROLINA.—A rencontre occurred at Wadesborough, (N. C.) on the 22d ult., between W. W. Boyd and Martin J. Pickett, in which the latter was twice shot by the former, with two different pistols. The ball of the first pistol did not inflict a mortal wound; that of the second did; and Col. Bickett languished in intense pain and agony, until the morning of the 24th, when he died. Mr Boyd has been committed to jail to await his trial for the act.

☞ The Nacogdoches *Chronicle*, and San Antonia *Ledger*, two independent papers of Texas, have been selected by the State Department at Washington to publish the laws of Congress in Texas. Odd that the Whig papers did not receive this patronage. We presume Mr. Mangum will make this the subject of another philippic against Mr. Webster.

☞ An astute individual recently declined to occupy a state room in the May Flower steamer on Lake Erie, because it had been converted into a harness room. On enquiry it happens that three inflated life preservers were suspended in the room. The greenhorn had mistaken them for horse collars.

Items of News and Miscellany.

The *Bulletin* reports two hundred and nine arrests in Philadelphia, during forty-eight hours, ending yesterday morning, nearly all being for rioting, fighting, and Firemen's melees.

This was the address of a letter lately put into the Post Office at Springfield. "This wants too go too Pat O neal he usid to lyve in Westfield but *heese* after baing *gorn* too Southwic now but he wi ba in westfeld *nex weke* for after a *Job* and he will Pay for itt."

Sixteen lives were lost by the terrible earthquake which occurred at Santiago on the 20th of August. The inhabitants, generally, sought refuge on board the shipping. The loss of property was estimated at $1,500,000.

Counterfeit ten dollar bills of the Stark Bank, Bennington, Vt., have been passed at Worcester. They are well executed, and might deceive the best judges.

The agent of the Virginia Colonization Society reports one hundred and seventy-three free born persons of color, and eighty slaves, emancipated in 1850 and 1851, as preparing to emigrate in the November expedition from Norfolk.

A woman, 33 years of age is now living at Liege, in Belgium, who has had during nine years, 24 children, who are all in good health, and of the female sex.

A traveler in a stage coach, not famous for its swiftness, inquired the name of the coach.—A fellow passenger replied: "I think it is the Regulator, for I observe all the other coaches go by it."

In the famous fishing town of Marblehead, having a population of 8000, there are not two buildings standing on the same line, and no street that has not a turn at least in every dozen feet.

The Ogdensburg (N. Y.) News says that at the late fire in that town one very remarkable fact occurred, creating a good deal of alarm. It was the explosion, or bursting, of the flagging in front of the burning buildings. The flags were of Potsdam stone, and the action of the heat caused them to explode, with a noise as loud as the report of a musket, throwing the fragments as high as twenty feet in the air.

It is said that Mrs. Sinclair, formerly Mrs. Forrest, is about to marry an old sweetheart of her's in England, a soldier of fortune.

The Detroit papers say that Capt. Ward has commenced suit against the "Ogdensburgh" propellor, for running down the Atlantic. This will bring out the facts if it is so.

The State Fair at Vermont was attended by 60,000 persons, says the *Evening Journal*; and Mr. Seward delivered an address upon that occasion.

Col. J. J. McCahen, who went out in order to interest foreign Capitalists in the new Pennsylvania State Loan, returned in the Arctic. It is understood that he was successful in his mission We regret exceedingly to hear that Col. McC. is now lying ill at the Irving House in New York.

The Millenial Star, a Mormon paper, published in London, states that Mormonism is making great progress in the Island of Malta. The same paper says that many thousands of saints will leave England for Utah, ere long.

A new joint stock bank for the Australian colonies is announced in London with a capital of £500,000. Mr. Duncan Dunbar, a capitalist of large pecuniary resources, is at the head of it. Other companies are about being organized for the same object.

Freckles may be removed by the following ingredients made into a wash: One ounce of rectified spirits of wine, a teaspoonful of muriatic acid, applied with a camel's hair pencil two or three times a day.

A new dress has been invented in Europe, called the costume *royale*, combining the mantle, gilet and dress in one garment, which may be slipped on and off without the least trouble, and yet preserve the most grateful outline.

A bloody invasion of New Orleans, the *Delta* says, has succeeded the terrible flood—the great army being nothing less than ten hundred million strong! They are mosquitoes.

A swimming School has recently been established at Cincinnati, where boys and grown persons are taught to swim by competent instructors. The enterprise is worthy of emulation in our own neighborhood.

Several kegs marked "Lard," but found to contain *spirits*, were lately seized at Providence. A communication from Mrs. Partington, through a "medium," says: "This is rendering unto seizer the thing that are seizer's!"

Late and Important from Mexico—The Movements of the Revolutionists.

The New Orleans Picayune has dates from Vera Cruz to the 21st ultimo. A specie train of ten wagons, after being detained a week at Puebla by the insurgents, had arrived from the capitol. Mr. Letcher was to have sailed from Vera Cruz on the 24th. The opening of the Tehuantepec proposals had been indefinitely postponed. The Picayune says:

"As we then stated, Rebolledo had taken refuge at Naolinco. One hundred and fifty insurgents from the environs of Cordova had joined him there, notwithstanding the amicable arrangements entered into between him and the officers of the Supreme Government at Cordova. Rebolledo is raising recruits, and has proclaimed a kind of martial law which obliges all the inhabitants in the neighborhood to join him, under pain of death. The Treit d'Union thinks hostilities will soon re-commence between Rebolledo and the Government forces, a large detachment of which reached Jalapa from Vera Cruz on the 8th ultimo, and were enthusiastically received by the population. Gen. Echagaray had left Jalapa at the head of these forces to attack Rebolledo in Naolinco, but nothing had been heard of the result of the expedition. Gen. Uraga had arrived at Puebla at the head of a thousand men and eight pieces of artillery, and it was rumored that he was about to march on Orizaba. The position of this officer is looked upon as very suspicious, and his intentions are unknown."

Keep it Before the People.

The following extract of a speech was delived by HENRY CLAY, in 1827. We commend it to the attention of our readers:

"Regardless of all imputations, and proud of the opportunity of free and unrestrained intercourse with all my fellow citizens, if it were physically possible, and compatible with my official duties, I would visit every State, go to every town and hamlet, address every man in the Union, and entreat them by their love of country, by their love of Liberty, for the sake of themselves and their posterity—in the name of their venerated ancestors—in the name of the human family deeply interested in the fulfilment of the trust committed to their hands—by all the past glory we have won—by all that awaits us as a nation if we are true and faithful in gratitude to Him who has hitherto so signally blessed us, to pause—solemnly pause—and contemplate the precipice which yawns before us. If, indeed, we have incurred the Divine displeasure, and if it be necessary to chastise this people with a rod of vengeance, I would humbly prostrate myself before Him and implore Him, in his mercy, to visit our favored land with war, with PESTILENCE, *with famine, with any* SCOURGE *other than* MILITARY RULE, *or a blind or heedless enthusiasm for mere* MILITARY RENOWN!"

THE REINDEER BURNED.

The New York *Evening Post* of Saturday, publishes the following telegraphic despatch, announcing the destruction of the steamer Reindeer by fire:

"SAUGERTIES, Sept. 10, 1852.

"To the Editors of the Evening Post:

"The Reindeer was discovered to be on fire at 4 o'clock, and at 5 was burned to the water's edge. Supposed to be the work of an incendiary. She was towed into the stream. No wind, which saved the whole place. I understand the Reindeer is insured in the Marine Insurance Company, New York, for $65,000. No lives lost. Nothing was saved from the boat. A. RELLOGG."

The editor of a Rodney (Mississippi) whig paper says:

"We are not going to turn democrat; but as for sustaining General Scott, we cannot, and *will not.*"

COLLOQUY ON A FERRY BOAT BELOW NIAGARA FALLS.—Miss.—Ma! ma! what white stuff is that on the water?

Ma.—Soap suds, my dear; the Whigs are washing their platform.

Miss.—It must be awful dirty to take so much soap?

☞ Dr. Guysott's Improved Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla *is a Sure Remedy for Hereditary Taints.*

Thousands of individuals are cursed with grevious complaints which they inherit from their parents. The use of the *Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla* will prevent all this, and save a vast amount of misery, and many valuable lives, for it *thoroughly expels from the system the latent taint*, which is the seed of disease, and so takes off the curse by which the sins or misfortunes of the parents are so often visited upon their innocent offspring.

Parents owe it to their children to guard them against the effects of maladies that may be communicated by descent, and children of parents that have at any time been affected with *Consumption, Scrofula* or Syphilis, owe it to themselves to take precaution against the disease being revived in them. Guysott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla is a sure antidote in such cases.

☞ See advertisement. sept13:d&w

☞ Especial Attention is Directed to the advertisement of HALSEY'S FOREST WINE, a medicine of great celebrity in the cure of various morbid and unhealthy conditions of the human body, arising from what is usually termed impurity of the blood. It is recommended for the cure of Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness, Rheumatism, Gout, and diseases of the Heart, Liver and Kidneys. Dr. Geo. H. Keyser, No. 140, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, is the agent for Pittsburgh. See advertisement in another column of this paper. au18:d&w

McLane's Liver Pills.

☞ Have now become the great *Specific* for Hepatis or derangement of the liver, in its most complicated forms.—This medicine has done an immense amount of good in curing this fearful disease, so common throughout the United States, and as evidence of its efficacy, we will state that it is superseding every other remedy. The demand for this remedy is unprecedented. Orders for it are coming in from all quarters, and every mail brings something of the following tenor:—

COMMERCE, Ohio, Jan. 1851.

MESSRS. J. Kidd & Co.—We are nearly out of M'Lane's Pills, it would be well to keep us supplied, as there is *a great demand for them in our place.* OLIVER & CLARK.

For sale by most of the Druggists and Merchants, and from the sole proprietors, J. KIDD & CO.,
sep10:d&w 60 Wood street.

JAMES P. TANNER,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
BOOTS, SHOES, BONNETS, &c.,
No. 59 Wood Street, between Third and Fourth,
PITTSBURGH

☞ MY stock embraces every variety and style of Boots, Shoes, Bonnets, &c., purchased DIRECT from the New England Manufacturers, adapted expressly for Fall and Winter sales, and will be sold at eastern prices. Please call and examine before buying. sep8:m

DIED!

In Saltsburh, Indiana Co., Pa., Sept. 24, VIRGINIA, only daughter of William and Annie Redpath, aged nine months, three weeks and two days.

Last evening, at 6½ o'clock, Mrs. MARY ADAMS, in the 71st year of her age.

Her funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, Mr. Gabriel Adams, Tunnel st., between Wylie and Webster this afternoon at 5 o'clock, and proceed to the burying ground attached to the First Reformed Presbyterian Church (Rev. Mr. Dodghes.) The friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1000 Cases Dry Goods.

A. M. MASON & CO., will in a few days receive and open over 1000 cases and packages, containing a large and complete assortment of newly manufactured domestic, and lately imported Foreign Dry Goods. sep14

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

NO. 67 MARKET ST. COR. OF FOURTH—W. W. WILSON has just returned from New York, and is now opening an extensive and well selected stock of Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Fancy Goods and other articles in this line of business, which will be sold at the lowest Eastern prices.

☞ Watches and Jewelry repaired in the best manner. sep14:d1

JOSEPH PLUMMER,
WHOLESALE DEALER
IN BOOTS, SHOES, BONNETS, HATS, &c.,
No. 111 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
(BETWEEN DIAMOND ALLEY AND DIAMOND ST.)

☞ HAS enhanced every variety of Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Bonnets, &c., purchased directly from the Manufacturers for the Western Trade, and will be sold at New York and Philadelphia prices. Purchasers will please call and examine before buying. sep14:2mw

FAREWELL LECTURE.

WILL be delivered by the Rev. W. SPEER, previous to his embarking to labor as a Missionary among the Chinese in California, at the 2nd Presbyterian Church, Fifth street.

SUBJECT: The Ancient Intercourse between the Chinese and California, and the advantages to be expected from the influx of that remarkable people.

TICKETS of admittance twenty-five cents, to be procured at the principal Book Stores. Young members of families half price. Ministers of the gospel and their families admitted without charge. The proceeds to be devoted to purchasing Philosophical Apparatus for the use of the mission. sep14:2t

LATHES.—The subscribers having returned from the East, are receiving a large stock of sole leather, Kip Skins, Upper Leather, French Calf Skins, Morocco Lining Skins and Shoe Findings of all description; all of which we are prepared to sell for a small advance above the Eastern market for cash. R. BARD & CO.
sep8 No. 97 Wood st.

New Fall Goods.

A. MASON & CO. are now receiving extra and packing of New Fall Goods, comprising Silks, French Merinoes, Paramattas, Coburgs, Alpacas, De Laines, Cashmeres, poplins, Mous de Laines, Chintzs, Prints, Tickings, Flannels, Cloths, Satinets, &c., &c. Also, Clothing, Beaver, Cassimeres, Satinets, &c. sep10

TOBACCO—

25 kegs Swan's & Stewart's Rigbold & Robinson's and Grant's Tobacco
12 do do and S's Stewart's do
20 do Myers' Superior Pound Lump do;
50 do do do do do;
25 case Diadem Twist.
15 kegs do twist do;
10 bbls Bavarian cut and dry do;
10 do Hungarian do do, received, and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
sep13 Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty street.

Books, Books.

AURELIAN, or Rome in the Third Century, by Wm. Ware, author of Zenobia and Julian.

Urabrandes Youth and Manhood, a romance, by the author of Talbot and Vernon, 1 vol 12mo.

Walter Lorimer and other Tales, by the author of Amy Herbert, Gertrude, etc. illustrated 2 vols 12 mo.

Mayhew on popular education—Popular Education for the use of parents and teachers, and for young persons of both sexes, by Ira Mayhew, A. M. 1 vol, 12mo.

Hawkstone, a tale of love for England in 1848 in 2 vols, 12mo.

The above for sale cheap at the book and paper warehouse of sep13 RAY & CO. 55 Wood st.

School Books, School Books.

JUST opening at the new Book Store, No. 65 Market st. is a great variety of all the Class Books, used in the City Schools, as well as those in more general use throughout the country.

Town's, Swan's, Mandeville's and the Eleetic series of Readers.

Cobb's, McGuffy's, Swan's, Town's and Sander's Spelling Books.

The full series of Greenleaf's, Davies, Smith's and Ray's Arithmetics.

Bullions, Smith's, Olney's and Primary Geographies.

Kirkham's, Smith's, Bullion's and Analytical Grammars. These with other similar Class Books, and the higher text books in Language, Mathematics, History, Geology, Philosophy, &c., &c.

ALSO, a full assortment of all the books for Sabbath Schools, published by the Am. S. S. Union, and the Boston Association. DAVISON & AGNEW,
sep10 65 Market st. near Fourth.

SUNDRIES—300 boxes fire crackers
10 cases prunes in glass jars;
3 do do in fancy boxes;
40 baskets salad oil;
200 half boxes sardines;
200 quarter do do;
100 boxes lemons;
100 doz lemon syrup;
20 do gill and ½ gill jar pickles;
100 do pepper sauce;
40 boxes citron;
20 do mascaroni;
20 do vermacilla;
50 do judipasta;
50 do rock candy;
50 do shell almonds;
10 bbls do;
10 cases liquorice;
5 do Calabria do;
3 do preserved ginger;
50 boxes best gum drops;
400 do herring;
20 do pine apple cheese;
100 lbs Sap Sago do;
3 boxes gall lozenges;
10 doz ass't preserves;
20 kinds dates, rec'd and for sale by
sep9 J C ANDERSON & CO.

Fall Campaign.

GOTHIC HALL PLATFORM,
Small Profits, One Price, All Articles Warranted,
TERMS CASH.

THE Proprietor would call the particular attention of the public to his Fall purchase of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Over Coatings and furnishing goods. His stock in part consists of

MEN'S WEAR.—Coats, Pants, Vest and Over Coats of all the material now in vogue. Also, Shirts, Under Shirts, Drawers, Collars, Cravats, Scarfs, Stocks, Ties, Pocket Hdkfs, Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders, Braces, Money Belts, Port Monnies, Purses, Gaiters, Gums, Whips, Umbrellas, Coat Loops, &c., &c.

BOY'S WEAR.—Boys suits to fit from 2½ years. Also, Shirts, Drawers, Under Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Belts, Gaiters, Hosiery, Gloves, Suspenders, in fact every article of Men and Boy's outfit.

CUSTOMER WORK.—The stock adapted to this branch of the business is full and complete. Having secured the services of Mr. Cargo, of New York, in the cutting department, the proprietor is enabled to give his personal attention to all who may give him a call. WE STUDY TO PLEASE.

R. CHESTER, 74 Wood st.

PIANO FORTES,
MUSIC, AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
No. 118 Wood Street, Second Door Above Fifth
PITTSBURGH, PA.

IS just receiving her Fall supplies of goods in the above line, which having been selected with great care, and purchased for cash, enables her to offer strong inducements to purchasers, who are respectfully invited to examine her stock, among which are

PIANOS—A splendid selection, comprising all the latest styles and prices, among which are the celebrated Hamburg Pianos; Double Curved Louis XIV style; also Gale & Co's New York; Bacon & Raven's New York; Reichenbach & Son's, Philadelphia, &c., &c.

Persons at home or abroad, about purchasing Piano Fortes, would do well to call, as I will sell as good an article as can be found and on as good terms, varying in price from $300 to $900, with a written guarantee.

GUITARS—A fine selection of French and Spanish, which for richness, beauty and power of tone are unsurpassable. FLUTES AND CLARIONETS—of the very best French, German and American manufacture.

ACCORDEONS, from the best Paris manufactory.

VIOLINS—The finest Italian, French and English make.

Also DRUMS, FIFES, BANJOS, TAMBOURINES, CYMBALS, VIOLIN BOWS, SCREWS, &c., &c.

STRINGS of the very best Italian, French and German.

All Musical Instruments repaired with durability, neatness and despatch. sep11

☞ In the late fire at San Francisco, we notice a large quantity of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral burned, in the possession of one of the Druggists of that city. Gold will not control disease, and even in that Ophir country they must provide this best of all remedies for colds, coughs and affections of the lungs. Indeed, we happen to know that it is an almost indispensable companion of the miners and miners, who are so much and so continually exposed to the ever-changing atmosphere of that climate. sept

☞ Mechanical Remedies—Under this head we designate a number of articles that have been introduced lately for the purpose of relieving certain diseases and deformities, that cannot be reached by the application of medicines proper. Among the most important of these, are