Daily Morning Post.

LEGRY HARPER.....THOMAS PHILLIPS

Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING.....SEPT. 1.

☞ In North, in South, in East, in West, under the Constitution; but a sacred maintenance of the Common Bond, and true fealty to the Common Brotherhood.—PRESIDENT POLK.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
FRANKLIN PIERCE,
OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM R. KING,
OF ALABAMA.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
GEORGE W. WOODWARD,
OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM HOPKINS,
OF WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Democratic Electoral Ticket for Pennsylvania.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
GEORGE W. WOODWARD. WILSON M'CANDLESS,
GEN. ROBERT PATTERSON

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

District.		District.	
1.	PETER LOGAN.	13.	H. C. EYER.
2.	GEORGE H. MARTIN.	14.	JOHN CLAYTON.
3.	JOHN MILLER.	15.	ISAAC ROBINSON.
4.	F. W. BOCKIUS.	16.	HENRY FETTER.
5.	H. M'COY, Jr.	17.	JAMES BURNSIDE.
6.	A. APPLE.	18.	MAXWELL M'CALLIN.
7.	HON. N. STRICKLAND.	19.	GEN. JOSEPH M'DONALD.
8.	A. PETRIKIN.	20.	WILLIAM S. CALAHAN.
9.	DAVID FISHER.	21.	ANDREW BURKE.
10.	R. E. JAMES.	22.	WILLIAM DUNN.
11.	JOHN M'REYNOLDS.	23.	JOHN S. M'CALMONT.
12.	P. DAMON.	24.	GEORGE R. BARRET.

☞ FOR JOB PRINTING ☜

Having recently made large additions of NEW AND BEAUTIFUL TYPE to our Job Office, we are now prepared to do PRINTING OF ALL KINDS, in the neatest style, and upon the lowest terms. Every size and variety of TYPE, from Nonpareil to Double Pica Ornamented, will now be found. In our executive Job Office. Give us a call.

PROSPECTS OF THE DEMOCRACY.

One of the Editors of this paper, during the past month, traveled upwards of two thousand miles through the principal States of the Union; and during that time he mingled freely with men of all parties, and therefore had an excellent opportunity of becoming acquainted with the sentiments of the people in regard to the Presidency. During our sojourn in the cities of Philadelphia, New York, Albany, Boston, Utica, Buffalo, Cleveland, &c., we met with intelligent gentlemen from distant states, and all seemed to be of the opinion that the nominees of the Democratic party for President and Vice President, FRANKLIN PIERCE and WILLIAM R. KING, will be elected by an overwhelming vote of the people in November next. Never, since our connection with the Democratic press now nearly sixteen years, have we known such perfect unanimity, such entire confidence and good feeling existing in the Democratic ranks, as prevails at the present moment. There seems to be a spontaneous uprising of the Democratic masses, determined to drive Galphin whiggery from place and power, and once more restore the reins of Government to our good old party, and have honest men to direct the affairs of state.

In Pennsylvania there is not to be heard a dissenting voice to the nomination of PIERCE and KING. From the Delaware to the Ohio, the Democracy are at work, shoulder to shoulder and heart to heart, determined to carry the State by a good old JACKSON majority. The nomination of Gen SCOTT has totally failed to arouse that enthusiasm in the whig ranks that was so confidently predicted before the meeting of the Baltimore Convention. It is now generally admitted by the whigs themselves that Gen SCOTT instead of being the strongest, is the weakest candidate that could have been placed upon the Presidential race course. His total unfitness for the office is admitted by every sensible person; while his inordinate vanity, his ridiculous fondness for writing foolish things, have caused the most poignant feelings of shame, sorrow and mortification, to arise in the breasts of every sensitive whig in the country. The electoral vote of Pennsylvania will be cast for PIERCE and KING as sure as the election will take place.

The Democracy of New York, once unfortunately divided in their councils are now happily united, and are working harmoniously together for PIERCE and KING. Hunkers and Barnburners have shaken hands upon the Democratic Platform, and have resolved that henceforth they will quarrel no more. The scandalous treatment received by Mr. FILLMORE and Mr. WEBSTER in the Whig National Convention will forever prevent all whigs who love principles more than gunpowder, fuss and feathers, from voting for the Commander-in-Chief of the Army for President. The THIRTY-FIVE electoral votes of the Empire State, nearly one fourth the number of votes necessary to elect the President, will be given to the Democratic nominees beyond all doubt.

Massachusetts is now half resolved to enroll herself on the side of Democracy. In the hitherto strong Whig City of Boston, Gen. SCOTT's name is scarcely alluded to by the whigs, unless it is to express a deep feeling of regret for his nomination. The Whigs of Boston utterly repudiate SCOTT's nomination. They are nearly all for DANIEL WEBSTER their own illustrious statesman and patriotic citizen, for President, and have determined to form a WEBSTER ELECTORAL TICKET—which, we predict, will receive three-fourths of the whig vote of the old Bay State. Intelligent, well informed politicians, of both parties, have told us that as matters now stand, PIERCE and KING will carry Massachusetts by a handsome majority. So mote it be.

Ohio,—gallant, glorious Ohio,—a state we love next to good old Pennsylvania,—will certainly be found on the Democratic side, when the Presidential votes are counted in November. The nomination of HALE by the Free Soil National Convention, which assembled in the city, will secure us Ohio by from 10,000 to 20,000 of a majority. Throughout the Western Reserve, which in former times was the strong-hold of Whiggery in Ohio, the contest will be between PIERCE and HALE—so we are credibly informed.

In fact, from every part of our beloved country, we have received the most soul-cheering intelligence respecting the onward progress of Democratic principles, and the certain triumph of the Democratic nominees. With the single exception of the little state of Vermont, there is positively not a state in the Union, out of the thirty-one composing it, that can with any degree of certainty be calculated upon to go for Gen. SCOTT. All Gen. SCOTT's hopes and prospects, rise, centre and die amidst the green mountains of Vermont!

Then, fellow-Democrats, be of good heart, the darkest day has gone by. A bright and glorious future is before us. Be united, be firm, be true—be active, be zealous, be cheerful; and all will be well. Victory is already within our grasp—we have but to say the word and it is ours. Let it hereafter be the proud boast of every Democrat that he aided in placing honest FRANKLIN PIERCE in the Presidential chair.

A Latin-English and English-Latin Dictionary for the use of schools. By Charles Anthon, L. L. D., Professor of the Greek and Latin languages in Columbia College, New York: Harper & Brothers, publishers, 1852.

This admirable work, which has been compiled by Dr. ANTHON from the lexicons of Freund, Georges, and Kaltschmidt will undoubtedly take the place of all others in our colleges, and academies; as the high reputation of its author is a certain guaranty of its correctness, and adaptation for the purposes for which it is intended. We have examined the work carefully, and are much pleased with its arrangement and etymology. To the youthful student of the noblest language of antiquity it will be a most valuable auxiliary. The work is for sale in the Book store of R. C. STOCKTON, corner of Market and Third streets.

MR. MAGILL'S STATEMENT.

We published yesterday this long promised document, accompanied by three certificates, which mean nothing. The respectable standing or common honesty of Mr. Magill in this community is not the question—both are admitted until something to the contrary is proven. But certificates of character from persons who, it is said, have a collateral interest in smothering those whig charges against Mr. Magill, will not answer the purpose. The public are satisfied with Mr. Magill's general respectability, but, at the same time, they desire that he should explain what has become of *that scrip* which disappeared in a very mysterious manner. This is the question to be explained, and it *must be explained* before the people will vote for Mr. Magill for the office of Sheriff. The people are not willing to vote for a man who aspires to an important office, who cannot give a good account of his former stewardship. We are sorry to say Mr. Magill has not done it, and that his failure to do so will, most probably, give his whig competitor, Barker, the advantage of him. But if he will explain the manner in which that *scrip* was stolen, and prove conclusively that neither he or any other whig was concerned in pilfering it, we think he can checkmate Joe Barker. He cannot, we are apprehensive that the case of Mr. Magill is as hard a case as the whig cases who have brought the charges against him.

The Journal and the Gazette have in a base manner attempted to impress upon the public mind that the *Post* has brought out charges against Magill. The *Post* has done nothing of the kind; but when we found the former organs of "Joe Barker" proclaiming the charges against Magill, we thought we had a right to refer to them. They deny that Barker is a whig. This is false, for, but a short time since, the editor of the Gazette announced that Barker was a good whig, and an original Taylor man. No change has taken place in him since. He is the same man that he was then, and they will have to keep him for better or worse, and keep him they must. He belongs to them, and if his developements are unpleasant, he or they can explain them more fully.

The *Post* is no figure in the case at all, further than exposing the frauds that have been proclaimed by whigs. In such cases we believe it to be our duty to do so, and we can assure our cotemporaries that we will continue this line of duty until a full, fair and honest statement is made to the people, as to the missing funds.

Mr. Magill's explanation is no explanation at all. His three certificates amount to nothing.—We could write a dozen just as truthfully, but not one of them would inform the people where the money has gone, of which they have been robbed. It is stated that there is no record of the stealings on the Commissioner's Books. Of course there is not. It would be very foolish to place it there. But the money *was stolen* and who can account for its absence if the Commissioners cannot? This is a question for the whig editors to answer. They have had the mendacity to accuse the *Post* of originating these charges—a matter we never thought of until they stirred it up themselves, but, since they have referred to it, we will keep them to it, and either they, or Mr. Magill, must tell who got the missing money. The question cannot be blinked now. Their insolence has induced us to make inquiry, and unless they bring out a full statement, showing up clearly *all* the persons who were parties to the fraud, we will "unfold a tale" that will open the eyes of the people as to the practices of Whiggery. We, therefore, call upon them all, Magill, Biddle, and White, to bring out an *honest* statement, and let the people know what has become of the money of which they have been robbed. Their abuse of "Joe Barker" the "original Taylorman," will not answer the purpose, but facts, figures and names, are required, and must be forthcoming. We are ready to make them public when they truthfully represent the record, and we assure the people that in doing so we will be no "respectors of persons."

"YELLOW RIVER" LITERATURE.

We learn from good authority that our Representative in Congress, the Hon. THOS. M. HOYNE, has franked and forwarded for distribution in this county, somewhere about a cart load of the Life of Gen. WINFIELD SCOTT, embellished with sundry wood cuts, and done up in "yellow livery." We are not little astonished that Mr. HOYNE should so far abuse the franking privilege as to be guilty of sending political whig tracts in the U. S. Mail, at the expense of the tax-payers of the country. We know that he will excuse himself by saying that other members of Congress are guilty of like offences, and therefore he has the right to do what is done every day in Congress. But if two hundred men commit a fraud upon the Post Office Department, does that make the act lawful and right? Certainly not. The expense of carrying the U. S. Mail is paid out of the National Treasury, and the Democrats as well as the Whigs are taxed to defray such expenditure. Is it right, is it honest, to tax Democrats to pay the expense of carrying whig electioneering stuff from one end of the Union to the other? We hope Mr. HOYNE will not be guilty hereafter of the outrageous sin of which we complain. But if he is, we shall probably be under the necessity of speaking a little more plainly, and saying something that may cause him to loose a few votes on the day of the election.

The Whigs and the Infant Drummer.

We understand that the whig candidate for the legislature who lives south of the Monongahela, has sent a telegraph despatch to the "Infant Drummer to come back. The whigs want him to make a noise for them, and they *promise* to pay him liberally in *that county scrip* which has never been accounted for, whenever Mr. Biddle, Mr. White and Mr. Magill finds it. It will be a good investment for one of the parties, but if the "Infant" is not careful, we are apprehensive that the Donkey who hails from the south side of the Monongahela will get the advantage of him. He has designated the *Morning Post* as a "locofoco *machine*" for the simple offence of having shown that he was a John Donkey, and to counteract this exposure he desires the "Infant Drummer" to return and take hold of the "machine" he hopes will carry him into the Legislature. But the "Drummer" has sent on a despatch saying that he cannot be attached to such a "machine" as the candidate alluded to, and that he thinks the candidate can be *beaten* much easier than he himself can beat the drum. We think so too. Unless this contemptible scamp has something more reliable than *infants* to support him he had better withdraw, or, at least refrain from insolent remarks about men.

NEW DEMOCRATIC PAPER.

We have received the prospectus of a new democratic paper which it is proposed to publish in Blairsville, entitled the *Indiana Democrat*, of which our friend C. B. COYLE, Esq., is to be Editor. A good Democratic Journal is much needed in Indiana county, and we hope Mr. COYLE will meet with every encouragement from the sterling Democracy of that region. The terms of subscription will be $1,50 per annum, payable in advance.

APPOINTMENT BY GOV. BIGLER.—JOHN B. JOHNSTON, Esq., of Allegheny city, to be one of the Governor's *Aids de Camp*, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel.

We take especial pleasure in announcing this deserved compliment to our worthy old friend JOHNSTON. It is evidence that Gov. BIGLER is disposed to dispense the honors of his station on the worthy and meritorious of his fellow citizens, and affords the best assurance that veteran democrats hold a high place in the affections of "Honest Bill Bigler."

Items of News and Miscellany.

George Washington Reed, Esq., the gentleman to whom Gen. Scott wrote his famous Native American letter, in 1844, has been nominated by the Native party, as their candidate for Sheriff of Philadelphia city and county.

A Mr. Hen has just started a new paper in Iowa. He says he hopes by hard scratching to make a living for himself and his little chickens.

$20,000 a year has been offered for a store now about to be erected in New York, thirty feet front and one hundred feet deep, and refused.—The price asked is $25,000! It is at the corner of Liberty and Broadway.

Mrs. Elliot, of Jersey City, a few days since, gave birth to her twenty-third child! Both are doing well. The age of Mr. Elliot, is 55, and that of Mrs. E. 50. They have been married about 30 years.

A great portion of the wheat crop of Canada has been harvested, and according to all accounts the yield is considerably above an average.

The domestics at the Queen's palace converse entirely in French. The royal children can speak both French and German.

Mrs. John Wilson, the wife of the celebrated Scottish vocalist, recently died very suddenly while bathing at Porto Bello.

Portions of Kentucky and Tennessee are said to be suffering from drought—much to the detriment of the corn, hemp and tobacco crop.

The Democrats of the first district, Maine, have nominated Mr. McDonald for Congress.

At Farmington, Me., last week, Mrs. J. Wyman Stoddard attempted to drown herself and two youngest children, in Sandy river. She succeeded in destroying the youngest; the other and herself were saved by some young lads who were in bathing. She was insane.

Among the deaths in Panama, of those who were that far to California, we notice that of Mary Greene, daughter of Col. Greene, of the *Boston Post*, and also of Honoring Goodman, Sister of Charity from Emmettsburg, Pa., one of seven on their way out.

William Reavis, Jr., is the Whig nominee for Congress in the First District, and Samuel W. Parker in the Sixth, in Illinois.

The Cincinnati Price Current says that "old red eye" isn't always made from "sound corn," and proves it by the admission of an extensive distiller that "he had used corn so rotten that the hogs wouldn't consume the slop."

The Russian government has forbidden the admission of German mechanics, journeymen or apprentices, on any pretence whatever, into the Russian dominions.

A hen belonging to Mr. John Saunders, East Jeffrey, N. H., laid several eggs lately each weighing a little over one-quarter pound. She is of the Guilderland breed.

ITEMS FOR POLITICIANS.

A despatch from Washington to New Orleans, said to be of good Whig authority, says that the Hon. Charles M. Conrad, Secretary of War, pronounces the nomination of Gen. Scott "*a failure*," and will not support him.

Col. Webb, of New York, who was Gen. Taylor's minister to Austria, declares "the nomination of Gen. Scott was accomplished by a dishonest and disgraceful bargain—as corrupt a bargain as was ever placed on paper."

There is a great deal of meaning in the following words of Frank Pierce: "The democratic party sent its delegates to Baltimore, not alone to nominate candidates but to reaffirm principles, and to present the leading issues upon which the canvass should be conducted."

Blackhawk's opinion in favor of Gen. Scott is brought forward by the Whig press, in order to prove his competency for the Presidency. This, with the Duke of Wellington's favorable notice, will, it is supposed by the Whigs, have great influence—among the Cockneys and Kickapoos.

In Clinton county Ohio, they have a Scott glee club, who are great manufacturers of Whig enthusiasm. One of their refrains has a chorus, in which all the ladies join, thus:

"Down the Lows,
Kill 'em by 'em!
Give 'em lead—
With Scott and Graham.

☞ The Sacs and Fox Indians, now on a visit to Washington, visited the Department of the Commissioners of Indian Affairs, on Thursday, when Major Mix, the chief clerk, in the absence of Col. Lea, assured them that their Great Father would give them a formal interview after the adjournment of congress, and in the meantime every attention would be paid to their comfort and pleasure. The Indians expressed themselves highly gratified at Major Mix's remarks. Among the delegation consisting of eight, is a son of the celebrated Keokuk, who visited Washington in 1737. The Sacs number at this time about thirteen hundred souls; the Foxes about seven hundred. The tribe still retains its love of savage life and manners beyond almost all others of the removed Indians on our borders. They dislike schools, missionaries, and even dwellings, and many of them yearn to go further West that they may be still more distant from civilization, as well as nearer the buffalo and other game. Their efforts at cultivation have been very feeble, though they inhabit a fine country, well adapted to successful agriculture. The tribe has a fund of $30,000.

☞ The New Orleans *Courier* has the following offer:

Who wants to bet!—Here's a Chance!

On most occasions the whigs do not allow a Presidential election to come off, without bragging in the betting line. It must be confessed, however, that no such ardor at present exists among our opponents. Be that as it may, we are authorized to offer them the following wagers:

NEW ORLEANS, August 18th, 1852.

MR. EDITOR.—Having a little spare change, I propose for the benefit of my whig friends, to make the following bets, viz:

$500	that Gen. Scott	will not be	elected.
100	"	"	not get N. Carolina.
100	"	"	Louisiana.
$100 to $500	"	"	100 elec't votes
100 " 500	"	"	5 States.
100 " 700	"	"	6 do.
100 " 600	"	"	7 do.
100 " 500	"	"	8 do.
100 " 1000	"	"	one State S. of Mason & Dixon Line.

The money for the above will be ready at five minutes notice. LOCOFOCOS.

SOURCES OF POPULATION.—The current number of the New England Review contains an elaborate article on the sources of the population of the United States, in which the writer arrives at the conclusion that the number of white people in this country not Anglo-Saxon by birth or blood, is not over 4,668,736, while the Anglo-Saxon portion amounts to 15,000,000, the balance consisting of 3,594,762, of the African race—total 23,263,498.

A SIGN.—The Balston Spa (N. Y.) Mirror, hitherto a neutral print, is out for Pierce and King. The Albany Argus says:—"It is published by Seymour Chase, and its editorial columns, as well as its selections, indicate ability at the helm, of no common order—and a high capacity for usefulness in the Democratic cause. Its accession to the ranks of the united Democracy of the State, we regard among the auspicious signs of the times.

A GOOD MOVE.—The St. Louis Intelligencer states that several steamboats running from that city have abolished the bars usually kept on board of packet boats. Much good is said to have resulted from this, in the additional safety of passengers, owing to the fact that no opportunity is afforded either to them or the officers of the boat to indulge in the spirit of recklessness resulting from the excitement produced by drinking.

Attack upon Mr. Webster by Mr. Mangum, in the Senate.

We have seen, and have recently brought to the attention of our readers, several very severe attacks made by the organs and leaders of the Scott wing of the whig party upon Mr. Webster and upon Mr. Fillmore and his administration. We were, however, scarcely prepared to see this war carried into the Senate of the United States. But in the brief report of the debate on the 25th instant in that body upon the printing bill, as published in the *Republic* of yesterday, we find the following extraordinary passage:

"Mr. DOUGLAS said that complaints were made that in the department the work was given out to political favorites, regardless of the question of who was the lowest bidder.

"Mr. MANGUM said he had not heard of it before; it might be so. *There were petty, paltry things done in the department sometimes.* VERY RECENTLY A PAUPER CONTEMPTIBLE THING HAD BEEN DONE BY THE GREAT MAN OF THE WHIG PARTY—HE MEANT THE SECRETARY OF STATE—AN ACT UNWORTHY OF HIM, UNWORTHY OF HIS POSITION, AND DISGRACEFUL TO THE PARTY, SO FAR AS ITS ACT COULD BE SO, WHICH WAS ONLY TO A LIMITED EXTENT, BUT WHICH VERY SHORTLY WOULD BE NOT TO ANY EXTENT. He then earnestly opposed the bill."

Our readers will remember that Hon. Mr. Mangum is the acknowledged chief and leader of the southern Scott whigs. He was the chairman of the Scott whig congressional caucus, and he it was who ruled the Compromise resolution out of order; which decision caused the *first* secession of several of the most influential southern whigs. Mr. Mangum, moreover, as one of the most experienced and considerate members of the Senate, and often called to preside over its deliberations, cannot have used the above astonishing language in regard to Mr. Webster, except upon some extreme provocation, fancied or real, of a political character; and indeed cannot be presumed to have so spoken at all except upon full consultation with the gentlemen associated with him in the leadership of the Scott wing of the whig party, and probably with General Scott himself. What *special* provocation Mr. Webster has given to bring upon his head this violent and premeditated assault of the Scott men will probably soon be made known. Meantime it may be deemed prudent policy by the Scott leaders for Mr. Mangum to assume the exclusive responsibility of his language, although no well informed man can for a moment suppose that such a declaration could be hazarded in the Senate by a leading party manager, except upon full understanding both with his associates and their chief. The fact is now made known, upon the highest senatorial authority, that there is "war to the knife, and the knife to the hilt," between Gen. Scott and Mr. Webster, and the two wings of the whig party of which they are respectively the chosen leaders.

It is probable that this unexpected development may precipitate events somewhat in relation to the Webster movement now in active progress in various sections of the country. It is quite impossible, of course, that Mr. Webster's friends, or any of them, should give now any countenance to a movement or organization in the whig party which not only, through its most authoritative representatives, denounces Mr. Webster on the floor of the Senate in terms the most harsh and contemptuous, but even assumes *to read him out*—him, Daniel Webster—out of the Whig ranks! We suppose it to be undoubted at this time that at least four out of five of all the Whigs of the Southern States greatly prefer Mr. Webster as President, or as candidate for the Presidency, to General Scott. Mr. Webster has just been nominated by a State Convention in Georgia—the most important State in the whole South to the Whig party—as the only candidate who can *keep the whig party there at all in existence*; and the telegraph brings us intelligence that the central and leading Whig organ in the State, which has heretofore done its best for General Scott, has now been fairly forced to place the name of Mr. Webster at the head of its columns. Mr. Webster's name is also regularly before the Whigs of North Carolina for their support; and there can be little doubt that in Kentucky, Tennessee, Louisiana, and Florida, Webster movements of a decided character are already made, or are in progress. In Maryland no demonstration in favor of Webster has yet been made, though we suppose it to be admitted that to the Whigs of that State Mr. Webster would, as a candidate, be almost as acceptable as Gen. Scott is objectionable. At the North, the Webster thus far seems to have been principally confined to the State of Massachusetts and the city of New York and Philadelphia. In these important localities it probably can at this moment command a greater amount of means for election purposes than are within the reach of the Scott wing of the whigs. It is impossible to doubt that the Webster movement is also rapidly gaining ground by vast masses of the whig force in the "rural districts," though these have not yet spoken fully, having yielded to the "aggressive and imperious spirit of the "higher law" element in the Whig ranks, which rallies upon General Scott, and which has now, with practical skill, boldness and audacity, resolved upon an open assault upon Mr. Webster on the floor of the Senate.

In estimating, however, the relative force of the two wings of the whig party, as headed respectively by Mr. Webster and Mr. Fillmore, and Gen. Scott and Mr. Seward, it should be borne in mind that the Sewardite force has recently, and upon the showing of its chief organ—the New York Tribune—been *hamstrung* by the result of the Pittsburgh convention. It is not improbable, indeed, that this fact may have aided in producing that desperation of feeling manifested itself among the Seward and Scott leaders by this unprecedented denunciation of Mr. Webster by Mr. Mangum on the floor of the Senate. But this estimate of the Webster force seems, *in the present state of the case*, hardly necessary in order to determine Mr. Webster's course. The *self-respect of Daniel Webster—his sense of personal character and dignity—now stands as a rock of adamant between him and any other policy than that of declared hostility to the whole Scott movement.*

To us, as mere spectators of this war between the two wings of the whig party, the forces seem not unequally matched. In leadership, at the South the Webster men have undoubtedly the advantage. In the same respect at the North—Mr. Webster himself and Gen. Scott being laid out of the question—the superiority in courage, sagacity and energy, must, beyond a doubt, be awarded to the managers and organs of the Scott interest. At the North, the rank and file of the whigs, as now organized, are without much doubt for Scott rather than Webster. At the South, the rank and file, even without regard to organization, are clearly for Webster as against Scott. It is not unlikely that a few days will bring us new developments. Mr. Mangum's declaration of war must precipitate a crisis which has been for some time apparent and imminent.—*Washington Union.*

ROCK OIL SPRING.—The Morgantown (Va.) Mirror says, there is a spring or well or rather a laboratory of Nature's own originating, near Hughes' river, in that county, from which Rock Oil is extracted at the rate of a barrel a day.—The oil is closely intermingled with fine sand, several feet below the surface of the earth, and is seperated by washing—the oil of course rising to the surface, where it is readily gathered. It sells from $9 to $16 a barrel, and is said to possess curative virtues to a considerable extent. Near it is also a fine sulpher spring.

☞ In 1848, the Whigs thought it highly necessary to pass through Congress a resolution of enquiry upon the subject of pay and extra pay received by Gens. Cass and Taylor. Now that the Democrats in Congress have thought proper to institute the same enquiry relative to Pierce and Scott, the *Republic* and other Whig papers raise a great outcry against it. The boot being on the other leg pinches, and those who wear it cry out from the pain it inflicts.

THE AFRICAN SLAVE TRADE.—A letter from Africa states that two steamers have lately taken 1,000 slaves from the Gallinas, and another vessel 400. The English brig Crane had been in pursuit of an armed slaver, having 10 guns, but was unable to overtake her. The Governor of Sierra Leone has received information of 2,000 slaves being ready for embarkation in the Rio Pongos.

THE STEAMBOAT ATLANTIC.—It is stated that fifteen thousand dollars are offered for the raising of the wreck of the steamboat Atlantic, and five thousand for the safe containing the Express money. Mons. Maillefert, of New York, has made propositions for the work.

☞ The Vincennes (Ind.) Gazette says, that the crop of pork next fall will be very heavy throughout the Wabashvalley. It is now pretty certain that the corn will yield an immense harvest, and farmers, stimulated by the good prices of last year, seem disposed to produce as much pork as possible.

WHAT NEXT?—A correspondent of the Buffalo Courier tells of a federal orator who declares that "Scott was for a long time, in the early part of his life, a Supreme Court Judge!"—Didn't he sign the Declaration of Independence?

WHEN I AM OLD.

When I am old—and O how soon,
Will life's sweet morning yield to noon,
And noon's broad, earnest, fervent light
Be shaded in the solemn night!
Till, like story well nigh told,
Will seem my life—when I am old.

When I am old, this breezy earth
Will lose for me its voice of mirth;
The streams will have no under tone
Of sadness, not by night their own;
And spring's sweet power in vain unfold
In rosy charms—when I am old.

When I am old, I shall not care
To deck with flowers my fading hair;
Twill be no vain desire of mine
In rich and costly dress to shine;
Bought jewel and the brightest gold,
Will charm me nought—when I am old.

When I am old, my friends will be
Old, and infirm, and bowed, like me;
Or else, their bodies 'neath the sod,
Their spirits dwelling safe with God.
The old church bell will long have tolled
Above the rest—when I am old.

When I am old, I'd rather bend
Thus sadly o'er each buried friend,
Than see them loose the earnest truth
That marks the friendship of our youth.
'Twill be so sad to have them cold
Or strange to me—when I am old!

When I am old—how strange it seems
Like the wild issues of dreams,
To picture in prophetic rhyme,
That dim, far-distant, shadowy time;
So distant, that it seems o'er cold
Even to say—"when I am old."

When I am old? perhaps ere then
I shall be missed from haunts of men;
Perhaps my dwelling will be found
Beneath the green and silent mound;
My name by stranger hands enrolled
Among the dead—are I am old.

Ere I am old—O let me give
My life to learning how to live!
Then shall I meet with willing heart
'An early summons to depart;'
Or find my lengthened days consoled
By God's sweet peace—when I am old.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 31, 1852.

To the Editors of the Morning Post:

GENTLEMEN—In justice to Gov. Wm. F. Johnston, I deem it my duty to say to you, that the meeting of the Scott and Graham Committee was first called at the rooms of the Board of Trade. When I was informed of the fact, which had been overlooked, that the Telegraph Office had taken those rooms, I told Mr. Riddle, of the Journal, to name the Allegheny Valley Railroad Office as a substitute.

Gov. Johnston was then and is still absent on his duties on the line of the railroad, and knew nothing of the matter *pro or con*. His name was attached to the call at my suggestion, he being the Chairman of the Committee.

WM. LARIMER, JR.,
One of the Committee.

☞ In the late fire at San Francisco, we notice a large quantity of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral burned, in the possession of one of the Druggists of that city. Gold will not control disease, and even in that Ophir country they must provide this best of all remedies for colds, coughs and affections of the lungs. Indeed, we happen to know that it is an almost indispensable companion of the miners and miners, who are so much and so continually exposed to the ever-changing atmosphere of that climate. sep1

☞ **Mercantile Library and Mechanics Institute.**—New members added during the month of August, 1852:

Edmond Mahony,	John H. Dalzell,	
John Gregory,	George Parge.	
George Wernan.		

sep1 FRANCIS S. SYNAMARA, Librarian.

☞ **Lafayette Hall**—GRAND FLORAL TIME SENTATION! GOLD! GOLD! GOLD! WEDNESDAY, September 1, HERR ALEXANDER, the Wizard of the North, will this evening, present a magnificent BOUQUET OF FLOWERS, to each and every LADY in the Hall. Among these Bouquets will be found TEN FINE GOLD RINGS—The distribution of the Bouquets will be made by Magic, so that each Lady will have an equal chance of obtaining one of the Rings. New wonders in Magic every night.

☞ Admission 25 cents; Children 15 cents. sep1

☞ **MASONIC HALL CONCERT ROOM! Entrance Space 10 feet!**

THE CONCERT ROOM of this Hall forms one clear room, 82 feet wide by 106 feet long, and has been finished in the richest manner, with a highly ornamented ceiling; and as it has large windows on all the sides, besides ventilating flues leading up in the walls, will be well ventilated. It will comfortably seat 1200 persons. The ceiling is 21 feet high, and it is altogether the most elegant and convenient room in this part of the country for Concerts, Lectures, Exhibitions, &c. It is perfectly facish, and is supported by iron columns. The stairway to this room forms one broad flight, 8 feet wide, but there being two sets of stairs, the room can be entered from either side, so that in case of large crowds both stairs can be used, affording abundant and easy egress. This room is intended for concerts, exhibitions, &c.

☞ Application for the above Concert Room, to be made to the janitor at the Hall, or to J. SHULDE,
No. 84 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

EGANT BROCADE SILKS—A. A. MASON & Co., have just received 10 pieces rich new Fall style Brocade Silks. sep1

$5000 TO LOAN, AT SIX PER CENT INTEREST. Five Thousand Dollars, on Real Estate Security, in or near the City, for the term of three years. Said loan contingent on the purchase of two unimproved lots in the Sixth Ward. Apply to AUSTIN LOOMIS,
sep1 No. 92 Fourth street.

A Meeting of the Board of Directors of the PENNSYLVANIA MUTUAL LIVE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY, for W. R. Mangman was duly elected Inspector and Soliciting Agent of the Company. Col. M. can be found at the office of the Company, during business hours.

sep1dw B. M'LAIN, Secretary.

Tower Clocks.

HAVING fitted up a shop at Oakland, (two miles from the City), for the manufacture of Town Clocks, Watch Makers Regulators, and fine Watches, I am now prepared to execute orders for Church and Town Clocks, equal to any eastern establishment, as to the quality of the work, and much lower in price.

W. W. WILSON, Watch Maker,
67 Market st., corner of Fourth.

Chickering's Pianos,

JUST received, a new supply of the above celebrated Pianos, six, six and a half and seven octaves, of beautiful tone and finish, which will be sold at the same prices as at the Factory, in Boston, without adding for transportation or risk. JOHN H. MELLOR,
81 Wood street.

Sole Agent for Chickering's Pianos, for Pittsburgh and Western Pennsylvania. sep1

Notice.

MISS F. L. BINGHAM, late Teacher of Music in the Canonsburg Female Seminary, respectfully informs the citizens of Pittsburgh, Allegheny, and vicinity, that she has returned to residence No. 3, Chislett's Row, Allegheny City, and intends giving lessons in Vocal and Instrumental Music, and will be happy to wait upon all who may favor her with their patronage.

Any communications left at the Music Stores of Messrs. John H. Mellor, or Henry Kleber, will meet with prompt attention. sep1dw

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—Fifteen Acres, with improvements; situate 10 miles from the Canal. Will be exchanged for improved property in Allegheny City, worth not more than $1000.

A valuable property of 74 feet front by 100 feet deep; improvements all new and good; pleasantly situated above Temperanceville; will be sold cheap, and terms easy.

S. CUTHBERT, General Agent,
50 Smithfield street.

New Music.

GIPSY'S SONG, as sung by Jenny Lind;
Song of the Exile; by W. V. Wallace;
Elka's Delight, (Uncle Tom's Cabin.)
Gipsy of Washington;
Early Lost, Early Saved.
Sailor Boy's Last Dream.
My Soul is Dark.
Where Can the Soul Find Rest.
Echo of Laurene, or Swiss Mother.
A Hundred Years Ago.
Jamie's on the Stormy Sea.
Will no Maiden Marry Me; by Kleber.
Poor Old Slave;
The Better Land.
Second Grande Polka de Concert; by Wallace.
Review Polka, with a beautiful frontispiece.
My Baby's Polka.
Glendon do.
Rosebud do.
Olympic do.
Albion Schottisch.
Castle Garden Schottisch.
Grace do.
Talisman Waltz; by Strakosch.
Aurora Waltzes complete.
Queen of the Fairies Waltz.
Knickerbocker Quick Step.
General Scott's Quickstep.

ALSO—A new supply of Uncle Tom; Death of Little Eva; Dodds of St. Clair; and Eva's Parting; together with many new Songs, Polkas, Waltzes, &c.

Just received and for sale by
sep1 JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

TABLE COVERS—A new assortment of Embossed and Figured Table Covers, received at the Carpet Warehouse of
(au30) W. M'CLINTOCK, 45 Fourth st.

Notice to Stockholders.

THE Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad Company, are hereby notified, that the second instalment of five dollars per share is now called in, and will be paid into the Treasury of said company, on or before the 12th day of August next, at the Treasurer's Office, No. 40 Wood st., Pittsburgh.

By order of the board of Directors.
jy28td WM. A. HILL, Treasurer.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE BANQUET, AT MASONIC HALL,

On Thursday Evening, Sept. 2, 1852, AT 8 O'CLOCK.

TICKETS, admitting a Lady and Gentleman, $1.00. In order that all may enjoy comfort and pleasure, only two hundred tickets will be sold. Tickets to be had at George R. White's, Market street; Col. M'Candless' Penn street; C. Hice's, Smithfield street; Alderman Steel's Fourth street, and from the Managers, generally.

MANAGERS:

C. L. Magee,	Wilson M'Candless,
Wm. M'Cullough,	A. G. Lloyd,
John Melton,	Henry Schriver,
Robert W. Parke,	John M. Kirkpatrick,
Hiram Holtz,	David W. Miller,
John Lloyd,	Jno. H. Hildebrand,
H. C. Stockton,	John B. Bailey,
John J. Mitchel,	John Bipper,
Wm. B. M'Clure,	Wm. Forsyth,
J. M. Kinkead,	James K. Morange,
Francis Thurston,	John Lang,
Wm. H. Cluley,	Samuel A. Long,
Andrew Miller,	John Paul,
George R. White,	Thomas Steel.

au30

SONS OF TEMPERANCE PROCESSION.

THURSDAY, Sept. 2d, 1852—Divisions in the two cities will assemble at their respective Halls at 9 o'clock a. m.

In the country they will meet in time to allow them to be on the ground 15 minutes before ten. Divisions from abroad will assemble at MASONIC HALL, Fifth street, at the hour first mentioned; also the G. D. All to be on the ground at 10 o'clock, precisely, at which time the procession will move.

ROUTE.—The right resting on Liberty and Fourth streets; down Hay to Penn, where they will countermarch, up Hay to Fourth; along Fourth to Smithfield; down Smithfield to Third; up Third to Ross; along Ross to Fourth; down Fourth to Smithfield; up Smithfield to Liberty; along Liberty to Wayne; down Wayne to Penn; along Penn to Hand; down Hand and over bridge to Cedar, along Cedar and East Common to Ohio; down Ohio to Federal; along Federal and over bridge to St. Clair street; up St. Clair to Penn; along Penn to Irwin; along Irwin to Sixth; up Sixth to Wood; down Wood to Fifth, at Masonic Hall. au30

☞ **Eugenial Attention is Directed** to the advertisement of HALEY'S FOREST WINE, a medicine of great celebrity in the cure of various mortal and unhealthy conditions of the human body, arising from what is usually termed Impurity of the Blood. It is rec