Daily Morning Post.

LUCKY HARPER.....THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING:.....AUGUST 26.

☞ No North, no South, no East, no West, under the Constitution; but a sacred maintenance of the Common Bond, and true devotion to the Common Brotherhood of Freeman Freedom.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

FRANKLIN PIERCE,

OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM R. KING,

OF ALABAMA.

Democratic Electoral Ticket for Pennsylvania.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
GEORGE W. WOODWARD. WILSON M'CANDLESS.
GEN. ROBERT PATTERSON.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

District.		District.	
1.	PETER LOGAN.	13.	H. C. EYER.
2.	GERRER H. MARTIN.	14.	JOHN CLAYTON.
3.	JOHN MILLER.	15.	ISAAC ROBINSON.
4.	F. W. ROCKER.	16.	HENRY FETTER.
5.	H. M'NAIR, *Jr.*	17.	JAMES BURNSIDE.
6.	A. APPLE.	18.	MAXWELL M'CALLIN.
7.	HON. N. STRICKLAND.	19.	Gen. JOSEPH M'DONALD.
8.	A. PETERS.	20.	WILLIAM S. CALAHAN.
9.	DAVID FISHER.	21.	ANDREW BURKE.
10.	R. B. JAMES.	22.	WILLIAM DUNN.
11.	JOHN M'REYNOLDS.	23.	JOHN S. M'CALMONT.
12.	P. DAMON.	24.	GEORGE R. BARRETT.

WANTED—At this office, a smart, active, intelligent Boy, about 15 or 16 years old, who writes a good hand and can give good reference as to honesty, character, &c. None others need apply but those who can *strictly* comply with the above.

THE WHIGS IN TRIBULATION.

We ascertain from the Journal and Gazette, the two accredited organs of whiggery in this city, that "Joe Barker" has been making some developements as to the secret frauds of whig officials in this county. In "Joe's" developements he has Mr. Magill mixed up in a very ugly manner. As Barker is a whig candidate, and laboring hard to beat his brother in the faith—Magill—we took his statements at first with a large margin to mark errors. But from the faint attempt made by the whig organs to deny "Joe's" charges, we must suppose there is some basis for them, and that Mr. Magill is in some manner wrapped up in the defalcations. There is no doubt that the people of the county have been robbed of a large amount that they have paid in the way of taxes; and it is equally clear, from whig authority, that Mr. Magill was a county officer at the time the peculation took place.

The Gazette, in its effort to smooth the matter over, says, in a very brief manner, that Mr. Magill will explain in the course of a few days. Now, we have never admired these deferred "explanations." If an honest man is accused of a dishonest act, he can explain at once, if he is innocent, and, not like Mr. Magill, *promise* to explain.

But the Journal is rather more elaborate than the Gazette in its defence of the would be sheriff, and its defense is so good and so foolish, that we cannot refrain from putting it upon record.—Tax-payers, read it. Whether it will enure to the benefit of Joseph or Magill, we cannot say. The following is what the Journal says:

THE SHERIFFALTY.

It is represented that Joe Barker, in his quixotic pursuit of the sheriffalty, confines his operations to attacks upon Mr. Magill, the Whig candidate for that important office. It is said that Joe has not scrupled to connect Mr. Magill with those disputable irregularities in the County Commissioners' office, which a few years ago stained the incumbents with the charge of applying the public moneys to their own private purposes, to the extent of several thousand dollars.

Now, nothing could be easier than to prove to the satisfaction of the most determined opponent of Mr. Magill, that whoever was guilty of the two Democrats and three Whigs implicated in this disputable conduct, certainly Mr. Magill was in no wise connected with these transactions, and never was charged with having been concerned in them, directly or indirectly! *We happen to know also, that Barker has been officially notified of the fact, that Mr. Magill has not at any time been implicated with the defaulting, or, as they would have it, the barracing Commissioners.*

Knowing these things, and knowing, alas, how easily the refutation could be obtained to crush the falsehood, we are not disposed to believe that Barker has been making any such charges against Mr. Magill. It is impossible that he can have lent himself to so monstrous a falsehood, when detection was so sure, and exposure inevitable. In fact, we happen to know that Barker has disclaimed, in the presence of credible witnesses, any impeachment of the conduct or character of Mr. Magill, and we are reluctant to admit for a moment that he can have charged Mr. Magill with sharing the dishonesty imputed to certain of the County Commissioners of past years.

We shall respond to the wishes of Mr. Magill's friends, however, by meeting the charge as though Barker had really preferred it; and inasmuch as we were, up to the hour of his nomination by the County Convention, very decidedly opposed to Mr. Magill, it will hardly be supposed that, in volunteering to vindicate him, we are animated by any undue partiality.

No such charge as that attributed to Barker has been made against Mr. Magill in the city, or by any respectable or credible person, anywhere else, within the reach of contradiction; but we take the opportunity to assure the readers of this paper, as of a matter on which we are well informed, that any charge which connects the name of William Magill with any form of misconduct in the office of County Commissioner, is false and calumious. We mean our contradiction to be comprehensive as well as particular, and therefore include in it every form in which the imputation can possibly be twisted, in order to give the lie to the whole. Mr. Magill never borrowed, embezzled, nor took the County Scrip—neither by himself, nor any of his family did he appropriate by any form of irregularity, any portion of the County Scrip, whether of the regular or excessive issue.

Pledging our veracity for this pointed and particular contradiction of the calumnies which are said to be circulating against Mr. Magill, and reminding our readers that by reference to the Auditors of the Public Accounts of the County, or to the present Board of County Commissioners, or to the present County Treasurer, they may in a moment obtain the proofs, we ask the readers of this paper to give no heed to such gross and wanton slanders upon Mr. Magill. None but a reckless blackguard would lend himself to the utterance of lies so easy and sure of detection. But if such tales are put afoot, it is well that the truth be scattered freely in their track.

Mr. Magill, we understand, believes that these charges are made against him, and like a man justly sensitive to the value of his own good name, he is resolved, if they have been uttered, to prove them by effective and unanswerable proofs. It is getting too much hood to charge him or any intelligent man can entertain for a moment, and the besotted intellects that can entertain them are not worth disturbing; but it is erring on the safe side of caution and reputation.

We have not room to ask many questions at present, but there are a few we may put, with the promise that the same subject will be "continued" hereafter.

What does the Journal mean by saying that Mr. Magill never "borrowed, embezzled, nor took the County Scrip—neither by him or any of his family"? Will the Journal state who has charged this crime upon Mr. Magill? There cannot be a doubt that the people of Allegheny county have been robbed of a large amount of Scrip, but we are astonished that the editor of Journal should mix up the name of his own candidate for Sheriff, with the defalcation. It is true, we believe, that Mr. Magill was County Commissioner at the time the *leak* occurred in the county Treasury, but we would never think of insinuating that he or any of his family had taking the Scrip, the absence of which makes a big item in the defalcation. But Mr. Magill was Commissioner, and in the explanation promised by the Gazette, he will no doubt show as "clear as mud," that he neither "borrowed, embezzled, nor took the County Scrip—neither by himself, nor any of his family."

The Journal is very "extensive" in pledging its veracity (!) for the purity of Mr. Magill. Before the election comes off, we will try it, and Mr. Magill, with the touch-stone of truth, and endeavor to ascertain if either of them can speak the truth—a question which is very much mooted amoung our citizens at the present time.

☞ Some Federal Galphinite, who bigas himself "Regulus," writes from this city to the Washington *Republic* a batch of nonsense, which is too ridiculous for serious notice. His wholesale assertions in regard to the feeling existing in the whig ranks in Eastern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, clearly show that he does not believe his own stories. The abuse heaped upon the *Morning Post* by this crazy fool, convinces us that our course is right, and that we are doing our duty. The writer is, no doubt, an office holder under the present administration, who will be found on his way to Texas, California, the Fejee Islands, or some other fashionable resort, after the 4th of March next, with sundry "shots in the rear."

☞ The Cleveland True Democrat, of Tuesday, says: "There is a ridiculous report spreading, and even gaining credence, that the Cholera exists as an epidemic in our city. It is totally false, for the health of our city was never better than at present; and the number of deaths is remarkably small."

"HAYNES."

Greeley of the N. Y. Tribune, is anxious to get clear of Haynes. He made such a perfect John Donkey of himself in the Free Soil Convention, that the *soup*-periative party desire to cast him off. Greeley says:—

"We know Watson G. Haynes very well, but never heard nor suspected, until surprised by Telegraph, that he had made a speech there, that he would attend the Pittsburgh Free Soil Convention. We never knew, nor inquired, whom he would support for President, and don't know that he was ever a Whig candidate in his life. We never sent him to any Political Convention, nor suggested his attending any, and never wrote a speech for him nor asked him to make one—We do not believe any whig had anything to do with Haynes's journey to Pittsburgh, nor with the speech he made there. In short, the fabrication above quoted, is as gross as could be, and had not a shred of truth to stand upon. And it is one of a class whereof *The Tribune* and its editors have been the targets throughout this campaign. We cannot stop to contradict them in detail; but brand now and then a sample and let the great majority go."

This is Greeley's repudiation of Haynes. But who will believe Greeley? Nobody. Every one knows that lying is his vocation and he can't help it. He lied when he abused Scott; lies in his advocacy of him now, and he lies when he says he did not send Haynes out to Pittsburgh to make a speech in the Free Soil Convention, abusive of Gen. Pierce and the Catholic portion of our fellow citizens. The Journal thinks that Greeley's denial is a full refutation of our statement. But the "lie" is not "nailed," unless the editor considers the following as a clincher to its own and the Tribune's "lies." We copy from the Philadelphia Pennsylvanian, as follows:

"WHO IS GEN. WATSON G. HAYNES?—This question has been repeatedly asked us, since Haynes' delivery of his Free Soil speech at Pittsburgh, in which he said he was "in favor of Pierce, because he was proposed to Catholicism."

"Watson G. Haynes is the anti-flogging-in-the-navy man, who sometime since traversed the country delivering anti-flogging speeches and holding anti-flogging meetings. To pay the expenses, he took up collections, no doubt remembering his own services in disbursing the same. His education and mental acquirements are very deficient, to make up for which nature has given him a goodly portion of cunning, which he uses to the best advantage, often gulling those who make some pretensions in the literary and political worlds. In politics, he is of the Greeley Whig school, a Free Soil Scott man, strongly tinctured with all the current cants. He called to see us a short time since, and in conversation went Scott strong, nativeism, free soilism and whiggery. How he came to be dubbed Colonel we do not know, unless Greeley has given him that title as leader of the Robinson regiment. That the South party are trying hard to injure Frank Pierce, we have not the least doubt, but they have got hold of the wrong man. With all his cunning he has not the ability to hide the purpose for which he has been employed. We learn that Horace Greeley purchased a farm for Haynes at a cost of $1000; this accounts for his willingness to serve his cause."

Now, who is Watson G. Haynes? Why the very man that Greeley gave a thousand dollars to to travel to Pittsburgh for the purpose of traducing Gen. Pierce and the Catholics. Haynes belongs to Greeley. He paid a thousand dollars for him and his speech, and we think it is not wise on the part of the Journal to attempt to throw discredit upon the purchase of his coadjutor.

The Democratic State Convention.

This body will re-assemble at Harrisburg today, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Judge COULTER, and also a candidate for Canal Commissioner, in consequence of the death of Mr. SEARIGHT.

We earnestly hope that the deliberations of the Convention will be marked with that harmony and good feeling which is characteristic of the great Democratic party of the country. As Democrats, we have no choice for the offices mentioned; our only desire is, that good men and true, honest and intelligent Democrats, shall be placed upon our ticket. With men of this description for our nominees, we have no fears whatever as to the result.

We wish the Democracy of Pennsylvania to give a good account of themselves this fall. The eyes of our political brethren throughout the whole country are upon us. We have only to resolve that we shall be victorious, and the work is already accomplished. Then, Democrats, buckle on your armor and go to work with all your energies, and the old Keystone will roll up 20,000 for Pierce and King.

☞ The editor of the Gazette displayed himself on Tuesday morning, on the Catholic subject. It is just such as we would expect from that source. He is fond of designating whatever he considers dishonest as "jesuitical." In the sense that he understands the term, his article is one of the most basely jesuitical that we have ever read.—He wades through more than a column of stuff to inform the public that Catholics and ever other denomination have a right to protection under our free institutions. He may consider this useful information to the public, but we believe there are several persons now living who were aware of the same fact, long before the editor of the Gazette announced his discovery.

It will not do for him now to cry out that his party did not start this anti-Catholic cry. He knows full well that he was one of the first among the crowd who raised his voice in favor of the persecution cry.

The denial of the editor as to his uniform malignant persecution of Catholics, is amusing in this community. When did he ever let an opportunity slip to malign them, or fail to copy a paragraph abusive of them? Let him turn to his files, and he will find that his columns teem with the most filthy abuse of them, that malignant bigotry could concoct. We would advise him not to outrage his natural feelings, and to return at once to his former proscriptive principles.

ARREST OF FEMALES FOR PASSING COUNTERFEITS.—Mrs. Eliza Donnelly and her two daughters have been arrested in New York, charged with passing upon several merchants, counterfeit one, two, three and five dollar notes on the Lancaster county, (Pa.) Bank, Salem Bank of Massachusetts, and the Merchants' Bank of New Haven, Conn. Philip McGirdle, and his servant girl, Alice Gray, were also arrested, charged with the same offence, and in their possession was found a large quantity of valuable goods, purchased with the notes, several of which were found on their persons. Eliza Stilwell, the alleged principal in the business, made good her escape.

POLITICAL MANIFESTOES.—Gerrit Smith is out with a letter, in which he declares that although he opposed the nomination of Hale and Julian by the free soilers, he hopes to be able to vote for them in November. The Temperance Alliance of New York is also out with an address to the temperance people of the State, calling upon them to meet in convention at Rochester on the 15th of September, to take measures to secure the passage of the Maine law, by pledging themselves to discard the only party lines, and to vote for none but the friends of that measure.

SUDDEN DEATH AT CAPE MAY.—On Thursday evening, Mrs. Gallagher, who for a number of years, kept a tavern in the vicinity of Shippen and Fourth streets, Philadelphia, died suddenly at Cape May. She appeared to be in her usual good health at the supper table, and took a leisure stroll along the beach. Shortly after she had returned to the hotel she was seized with a fit of apoplexy, which caused death in a short time. Mrs. Gallagher's husband was drowned on Thursday, fifteen years ago, in the river Delaware, below the city.

HANOVER RAILROAD.—The Hanover (Pa.) Gazette states that this road since the first day it was opened, has done an immense business, and is daily doing more. The lumber, coal, produce and other merchants of Hanover are thronged with business and business men from all directions.

☞ The Kalida Venture says the cholera broke out in Gilboa, Putnam county, on Friday, the 18th inst., and eight deaths occurred on Monday. All the practising physicians died at the breaking out of the disease, except two, and one of them died.

☞ The Washington Republic regrets to state that the health of the Hon. JAMES ARBECROMBIE of Alabama, is so much impaired, that by the advice of his physician he has been induced to go home. He left Washington city for Alabama, on Sunday.

NEW BOOKS.

APPLETON'S POPULAR LIBRARY.—Those enterprising publishers, Messrs. D. APPLETON & Co., have issued two more numbers of their popular Library. "THE BOOK OF SNOBS," by W. M. Thackeray, Esq., is a capital satire on the whole Snob family, which are now pretty well scattered throughout the world. This is undoubtedly one of the best things ever written by Thackeray.

"A JOURNEY TO KATMANDU; or the Nepaulese Ambassador at Home," by Lawrence Olyphant, is a very interesting narrative written in the happiest vein. The book gives a faithful picture of life in the East Indies, and will be a pleasant companion for those who travel on Railroads and Steamboats. Both of these volumes are for sale by A. H. English & Co., Wood street.

PUTNAM'S LIBRARY.—No. XIV. of Putnam's Semi-Monthly Library contains "ARCTIC JOURNAL; or Eighteen Months in the Polar Regions," by Lieut. S. Osborn. This book is from the pen of an officer who was one of the party who went in search of Sir John Franklin in the years 1850–51, and is dedicated to Lady Franklin. It gives a thrilling account of that hazardous but unsuccessful journey. It is prepared in the form of a journal, the events of each day being carefully noted down.

"HOME AND SOCIAL PHILOSOPHY," from Dickens' Household Words, composes No. XV. of Putnam's Library. It comprises a series of choice essays, on various subjects; chiefly literary sketches. The two last named volumes are for sale by A. H. English & Co., Wood street.

UP COUNTRY LETTERS.—This is the title of a beautifully printed volume just issued by D. Appleton & Co., New York, and edited by Prof. B——, of the National Observatory, at Washington. The letters as literary effusions, are light, pleasing and full of glowing thoughts and fancies. The book is well worthy of being read and placed in a library. For sale by A. H. English & Co., Wood street.

CLASS BOOK OF POETRY.—This volume comprises some of the finest poetical scraps in our language; and although intended for the use of schools and private instruction, it may be read at the fireside, in the closet, in the woods, by the river side, or on the mountain's brow. The selections are made by Eliza Robbins, author of "American Popular Lessons," &c. &c., and the book is gotten up in Appleton's best style. For sale by A. H. English & Co., Wood street.

MEN OF THE TIME.—We are indebted to the publisher, Mr. REDFIELD, of Clinton Hall, New York, for a copy of this new book, just issued by him. It contains brief biographical sketches of living notables, comprising Authors, Architects, Artists, Composers, Demagogues, Divines, Dramatists, Engineers, Journalists, Ministers, Monarchs, Novelists, Philanthropists, Poets, Politicians, Preachers, Savans, Statesmen, Travelers, Voyagers, Warriors. It is a book that every body should have at hand, as it will enable them to learn something in regard to the principal living men of the day. We hope to see this book soon, in all our city book-stores.

APPLETON'S MECHANICS' MAGAZINE.—We have received the July number of this most excellent publication. It contains an article on lumber bridges, illustrated with plates; a valuable article on steam, and much other interesting reading matter for mechanics and engineers. A. H. English & Co., Wood street, are agents for this work.

The Fishing Troubles—State of Feeling in the Provinces.

In conversation with a gentleman of Boston, who arrived in the Sir John Harvey, from a tour in Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, &c., the Traveler, of that city, learns some facts in relation to the state of feeling there in regard to the fishing troubles, and what is believed to be its accompaniment, Reciprocal Free Trade, with this country. That paper says:

To begin at the beginning, it is well to state that the navigation laws lately adopted by the mother country, have been framed with a view to the prosperity of New Brunswick and other of the British provinces. It was formerly the practice for merchants there to build large ships, load them with deals, and sell both ship and cargo in England; and this business, in the long run, proved quite profitable. Now, American and Prussian vessels are successful competitors for the traffic, and the American flag waves from numbers of large vessels loading for England in almost every harbor of New Brunswick and some of Nova Scotia.

The people of the Provinces are well disposed to this country, so far as our informant could judge, and their great desire is reciprocal free trade. They complain that while American goods there pay a duty of seven or eight per cent., they have to pay a duty here of from twenty to thirty. Notwithstanding this, the people of that country, except a few merchants and owners of fishing vessels in Nova Scotia, do not desire to press the matter of enforcing the fishery convention as to within three miles of the shore, even to the extent they disclaim any intent of carrying out the headland to headland construction.

It is evident, however, that so far as the allowing of the fishing of American vessels within three miles of the shore that the English Government have strengthened the hands of the Colonists to do so, and it is also evident that if it is stopped, a business of immense importance to New England, and which has been allowed to reach its present extent by the supineness of England as to what it is now alleged are the rights of the Colonists in the matter, will be paralysed if not ruined. It is the universal testimony that a vessel from a New England port, with an expensive fit out, cannot procure a remunerative fare if kept at all times outside of three miles of the shore.

The colonists expect there will be negotiations in the matter, and that the people of this country will grant them Free Trade in exchange for the liberty to fish upon this coast.

As to the seizure of American fishing vessels, though there may be cases of violence on the part of the commanders of English cutters, yet in some cases, where a dozen captures might have been made, only one has been taken, and that for the purpose of testing the question. As a general thing the fishing vessels can show the English cutters a clean pair of heels. It is only the steamers that they are afraid of.

The most valuable vessel seized has been the Florida, of Gloucester. She is now at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, and our informant states that there are some doubts whether a case can be made out against her. The steamer Devastation, it is understood, has cleared the Bay of Chaleur of American fishing vessels, and a leading man in Nova Scotia publicly declared that it had been determined upon that not an American vessel should fish within the three miles.

The American steamer Mississippi was still at Halifax on the 17th. Commodore Perry and his officers had been feted by the Governor and Admiral Seymour, and had also been invited to dine with the Catholic clergy, who, with Archbishop Hughes and other Catholics of this country, were in Convocation there. Commodore Perry stated to our informant that he should sail in a few days on a cruise to the various fishing grounds. His orders were to return to New York by September to join the Japan squadron.

NEW ENEMY TO POTATOES.—It is stated that a new enemy to the potato crop has just made its appearance in the vicinity of Simsbury, Conn. It is in length from one-half to one inch, with a somewhat large body, but small, slim head and neck. As seen on the vine, it appears to be striped; its body is ash color. It strips the potato tops of the leaves, taking the whole piece in succession, in some cases of nearly an acre, while other pieces in the vicinity are apparently untouched. It has appeared also in Granby and on the mountain.

MINISTER TO ENGLAND.—The United States Senate, on Saturday, confirmed the nomination of the Hon. Joseph R. Ingersoll, as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of St. James.

☞ The Native Americans of Philadelpgia have completed their city and county ticket, and have adopted a resolution not to amalgamate with any party whatever.

WHO IS FRANKLIN PIERCE?

☞ Several friends have requested to republish the outline of Gen. Pierce's Career, which we prepared and printed in our last paper. We accordingly do so, correcting one or two verbal errors that occurred in the first copy. We think it affords a succint and satisfactory answer to the above question, which ignorant men among the Whigs sometimes amuse themselves by asking.

A BRIEF OUTLINE
OF THE LIFE OF
A PATRIOT AND STATESMAN.

FRANKLIN PIERCE.
THE SON OF A REVOLUTIONARY SIRE,
Who fought at
BUNKER HILL,
And throughout the War that tried men's souls;
Was born at Hillsborough, N. H.,
NOVEMBER 23, 1804.
Graduated with distinction, at Boudoin College, 1824; admitted to the Bar in 1827, taking a high position in his profession, and securing an extensive practice;
IN 1829,
ELECTED TO THE LEGISLATURE,
Serving with distinction, and such satisfaction to his constituents, that he was re-elected for
THE THREE SUCCESSIVE TERMS;
IN 1833,
ELECTED SPEAKER,
By the unanimous vote of the Democrats
Of the House of Representatives of
N. HAMPSHIRE.
IN 1833,
ELECTED TO CONGRESS;
IN 1835,
RE-ELECTED TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
So distinguishing himself by his Eloquence and Services, that he was,
IN 1837,
ELECTED TO THE U. S. SENATE.
He served in that body, with honor to himself and credit to his State, for five years, and
IN 1842,
RESIGNED THAT HIGH OFFICE,
And retired to Private Life, and the Practice of his Profession. His services in the Senate, however, were so highly appreciated that on the resignation of Levi WOODBURY,
IN 1843,
He was offered the nomination of
GOVERNOR OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
Which he declined and was
In the same year,
Appointed
U. STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
For New Hampshire.
IN 1845,
HE WAS APPOINTED AGAIN
UNITED STATES SENATOR,
By the Governor of New Hampshire, but declined the honor.
IN 1846,
He was tendered the appointment of
UNITED STATES ATTORNEY-GENERAL
BY
PRESIDENT POLK.
The honors and emoluments of which high office, he, however, refused; reiterating his determination not to leave the pursuits of Private life, except
At the call of his Country, in time of War!
IN 1847,
On the breaking out of the War with Mexico, he immediately
VOLUNTEERED AS A COMMON SOLDIER,
And drilled in the ranks as such
In the same year,
He was
APPOINTED BRIGADIER-GENERAL,
BY PRESIDENT POLK.
In the same year,
He Fought gallantly at the Battles of
CONTREAS,
CHERUBUSCO,
MOLINO DEL REY, and
GARITA DE BELEN;
Receiving the plaudits of Gens. SCOTT, WORTH and PILLOW, as well as of all his brother officers and soldiers, for his conduct and bravery; and on the capture of the City of Mexico, and the virtual CLOSE OF THE WAR,
RESIGNED HIS COMMISSION,
And returned to his home and the practice of his profession, in which he has continued, loved, honored and respected by all who know him, until
1852,
When he was unanimously nominated, by the National Democratic Convention at Baltimore for
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.
He has richly preserved all these high honors, conferred on him by his fellow-citizens, by distinguished services to his State, and the Country at large.
The exalted purity of his private and public character; His clear and discriminating judgment; His manly and unfaltering consistency in the advocacy and defence of his political principles; His warm-hearted generosity and amenity of disposition; His ardent and active efforts in behalf of the
Great Principles of the Democratic Party,
Aided by an eloquence, at once attractive, convincing and effectual, have all conspired to make him unanimously recognized
AT HOME, AS
NEW HAMPSHIRE'S FAVORITE SON!
While they have also so strongly appealed to the confidence and regard of his fellow countrymen throughout the Union, that
IN 1853,
He will on the *4th of March*, be inaugurated at Washington as the
CHIEF MAGISTRATE of the REPUBLIC!

Cheering from Ohio.

Col. MEDARY of the Ohio *Statesman*, gives us the following cheering tidings from that glorious state:

We assure our friends abroad who write for information, that OHIO is sure for Pierce and King, by thousands. We believe Ohio will give the largest majority for Pierce and King of any State in the Union.

But while we make this statement as to the vote at the Presidential election, we warn the Democracy of the State to not forget, their State ticket, for although that may be certain of success, the vote may be very different than on the vote for electors. Forewarned, forearmed. Let the committees not be taken by surprise.

GOLD EXCITEMENT IN TRINIDAD.—A letter dated Port of Spain, (Trinidad,) August 1st, says:—"The gold diggings of Demerara are causing as great revolution in this island as the Australian and California diggings have both in Europe and America. Our planters, with several hundred agricultural laborers, have already started, some of whom are realizing their most sanguine expectations. Lord Harris, (the Governor,) his family and suite will shortly visit the West India Eldorado."

Accounts from Madeira, Italy, Sicily, various parts of France, and the neighborhood of Lisbon, mentions the appearance of a disease in the grape, called by some "Mangra," by others "Oidium," which at first appears like small dust on the green berry, causing the fruit to burst and ultimately to become putrid—and something similar has affected the currants, in the islands of the Levant.

Peaches are selling at Milford, Del., at twenty-five cents per bushel.

THE PASSING THOUGHT.

BY MAJOR G. W. PATTEN, U. S. ARMY.

"Dust to dust!" you solemn bell
Daily says or seems to say!
Hark! its rolling—tolling knell!
"Dust to dust—and clay to clay."
By the angel now at rest!
By the flower my bosom wore,
Snatch'd untimely from my breast!
Hollow herald! toll no more.

Hast thou, tongue of iron frame,
Never note for larger call?
Tone to tell of threatening flame?
Joyous sound for festive hall?
Yonder goes a bridal train—
Peal love's merry roundelay!
Toll'd the deep—deep bell again;
"Dust to dust—and clay to clay."

"Dust to dust!" Once more that sound
Thrills upon the listening ear;
Under voices whisper round—
Tearful glances watch the bier,
Like as billows fall and rise,
Echo answers far away;
(Bridegroom turn aside thine eyes,)
"Dust to dust—and clay to clay."

Whose is now the requiem lone,
Pealing on the evening wind?
Whose is now the spirit gone,
Leaving hearts of care behind?
—Booming from the belfry high,
'Neath the hammer's measured play,
Slowly surged that sad reply—
"Dust to dust—and clay to clay."

BENECIA BARRACKS, CAL., June, 1852.

Items of News and Miscellany.

The Court of Chancery of New Jersey have issued an injunction against the House line, or New Jersey Telegraph Company, commanding them to desist placing their poles on a certain street in South Trenton. The workmen were ready to place the poles, and the holes were dug, when the injunction was served.

The Catholics of England are about raising one hundred thousand dollars to defray the expenses of Mr. Newman's suit with Dr. Achilli.

Charles Hergbleagar was killed at Gettysburg, Pa., on Wednesday night last, by falling into a copper mine, 80 feet deep.

Bayard Taylor, in costume like a Turk, as large as life, reached Constantinople, about a month since, overland from Egypt.

The South Side Railroad has been extended to within six miles of Farmville, Va.

The wife of Jesse K. Smith, of Mauch Chunk, Pa., was burned to death on Tuesday night in the cabin of a boat near Freemansburgh, by the explosion of a fluid lamp. Two of her children were also burnt, and were not expected to live.

The Boston correspondent of the Newburyport Herald, states that "an experienced writer in Boston is now engaged in dramatising Uncle Tom's Cabin, with a view to its representation upon the stage."

The following gentlemen constitute the Scott Electoral ticket in Georgia: For the State at large—Wm. Law and Joel Crawford. For the Districts—1st district, Walthour; 2d, Lott; 3d, Hardeman; 4th, Sims; 5th, Tripps; 6th, Dupree; 7th, Foster; 8th Evans.

Counterfeit four dollar notes of the State Bank of North Carolina, have recently found their way to Petersburg, Va. They are distinguishable from the genuine ones by the signature of the President, D. Cameron, which is a lame *fac simile*, and other features upon them.

An analysis of the cucumber, by Prof. Salisbury, of Albany, shows that ninety-seven one-hundreds of the fruit are water! This is more than the water-melon, which contains ninety-four parts. The muskmelon contains ninety.

Marshal Haynau is now at Wirsbaden, the greatest gambler of the season. He begins to play at eleven o'clock in the morning. One week he cleared fifty thousand dollars by his ventures.

The Native Americans of Philadelphia have nominated Amos Gregg for Clerk of the Orphans' Court, and C. H. Test for Auditor.

There were 53 deaths at Sandusky, Ohio, during the week ending the 13th inst.; 36 died of cholera.

There is at this time standing on the estate of Jeremiah Williams, of Roxbury, Mass., a pear tree, which during the revolution was struck by a cannon ball fired from Boston. One of the main branches of the tree was severed, but the tree was otherwise uninjured. It is now laden with fruit. By that shot an officer was killed.

The report taken from the Hartford Courant, that a letter had been received there by Mrs. Marcy from Capt. Marcy, is erroneous. It was from a lady relative at Fort Arbuckle. Capt. Marcy, however, as we have already stated, is safe.

☞ Wanted.—A FEW MEN, of thorough business habits and good address, to whom a good business; it is a business that requires no capital but good character, business habits and energy. To men with the above qualifications a permanent business and best wages will be given. Apply or address No. 39 *Smithfield street, corner of Third.* apr23:tf

☞ NEVER SUFFER LONG FROM A COUGH.—At this age of the world, when you can get AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, it is a criminal neglect if you do not cure it. aul3:3aw

☞ Dr. Guyzott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla.—For the cure of disease, or as a Spring purifier of the blood and as a general tonic for the system, is unrivalled.

The curative powers of this Extract are truly wonderful, and all invalids should make immediate trial of the "Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla." It cannot injure the most delicate patient.

Then fly from mineral nostrums to seek hope, life and vigor, from this purely vegetable remedy. Therefore, be no more broken in health and spirits, however loathsome to himself and others, let no one despair of recovery; let the patient only understand that his health can be restored, relies only in "Guyzott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla," and persuade him, for his life's sake, to try it, and we have no hesitation in predicting his speedy restoration to health.

☞ See advertisement. aul3:3aw

☞ Mechanical Remedies.—Under this head we designate a number of articles that have been introduced lately for the purpose of relieving certain diseases and deformities, that cannot be reached by the application of medicines proper. Among the most important of these, are SHOULDER BRACES—the object of which is to cure stooping shoulders, a habit of leaning forward, hollow and flat chest, and very frequently removes a tendency to diseases of the Pulmonary organs, dependent on these dispositions.—These Braces are strong, well made, and adapted to the use of ladies, misses, boys and men. The Gentlemen's Brace is formed in such a way as to answer the double purpose of a Brace and suspenders, and at a price very little above the price of suspenders. The public may rely on these Braces, as being what they are represented; many persons of weak and broken backs have been completely cured, and, in some cases, the circumference of the chest increased as much as four inches—thus giving to the Lungs a fuller action, and consequently adding to the general health and strength of the body. ☞ I also keep TRUSSES, ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Spinal Supporters, Suspensary Bandages, of every variety now in use.

DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, Pittsburgh, Pa. au22:1m

☞ Sheriffalty—*To the Freemen of Allegheny County:* I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, for the ensuing term, and without any party nomination, as an Independent Candidate, and would thankfully solicit the votes of my fellow-citizens of all parties.—After a residence of thirty-three years (save three months,) in Pittsburgh, in active business, I trust my character is known to the entire community, as not to require any endorsement, and hope I may be deemed trustworthy. Please give your suffrages to the oldest (but not the most fortunate,) Bookseller in Western Pennsylvania, and oblige, gentlemen, your obedient servant.

LUKE LOOMIS.
au20

EGGS—Three bbls, just rec'd and for sale by
SMITH & SINCLAIR. au20

POTASH—10 casks prime, for sale by
SMITH & SINCLAIR. au20

MACLURE'S SURGICAL ANATOMY, with sixty eight colored plates. A few copies of the above just received and for sale by KAY & CO., 55 Wood street. [au20]

A NATOMICAL ATLAS—Illustrative of the structure of the Human Body, by Henry H. Smith, just received and for sale by KAY & CO., 55 Wood street. [au20]

WAHALA, or, *The Charms of the Nile*, by William Furness, in 1 vol. 12mo. A few copies of the above just received and for sale by KAY & CO.,
au20 No. 55 Wood street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Subscription Books of the Pittsburgh Trust and Saving Company, have been re-opened, for the purpose of disposing of an additional amount of stock.

By order of the Board of Directors.
au20:1w JOHN D. SCULLY, Actuary.

A PILGRIMAGE TO EGYPT, embracing a diary of explorations on the Nile, with observations illustrative of the manners, customs and institutions of the people, and of the present condition of the antiquities and ruins, with numerous engravings, by J. V. C. Smith, in 1 vol. 12mo. for sale by KAY & CO., 55 Wood street. (au20)

Building Lots, in Wellsville, Ohio.

FORTY Building Lots, in the town of Wellsville, Columbiana Co., Ohio, will be sold at Auction, commencing on Wednesday, the first day of September next, at 1 o'clock P. M. These lots are desirably situated for business purposes. Wellsville is favorably located for business, being the terminus of the railroad from Cleveland to the Ohio river. It is about 50 miles below Pittsburgh, and 40 above Wheeling. From both cities there is a regular line of steamers now running. It has already a population of nearly 200 inhabitants. Since the completion of the Pittsburgh and Cleveland railroad, Wellsville has become a point of great commercial importance and of an extensive interior trade. Any information given on the premises, by JAMES WELLS,
or URIAH APPLEGATE.
au26:1wd3:1w WM. A. HILL & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SOLE LEATHER.—200 sides, very superior article, for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR. [au20]

A. H. CLAYPOOLE,
WHOLESALE LADIES BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY, No. 33 *North Fourth street*, next door to the Merchants' Hotel, PHILADELPHIA. au22:3m*

DAVID COOPER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT, for the sale of FISH, PROVISIONS, &c. No. 9 *North Wharves*, PHILADELPHIA. ☞ Agent Express Line Boston Packets. au3:y

Thomas C. Garrett & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Fine WATCHES and PLATED WARE, and Manufacturers of SILVER WARE and JEWELRY, 182 CHESTNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA, are prepared to sell at the very lowest prices at which Goods in their line are advertized. au22:y

JAMES S. MASON.....WM. J. CARR.
JAMES S. MASON & CO.,
HAVE removed to their NEW GRANITE BUILDING, 108 *North Front street*, (above Arch street,) PHILADELPHIA, where they manufacture
Mason's Celebrated Challenge Blacking!
ALSO—A beautiful BLACK WRITING INK, BLUE INK, &c. ☞ All their manufactures warranted of superior quality. au26:6m

TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.
First Class Hotel—Terms, $1,50 Per Day.
THE subscriber, having lately become proprietor of the FRANKLIN HOUSE, Chestnut street, between Third and Fourth, PHILADELPHIA, and having reduced the price of board to $1,50 per day, gives notice that, notwithstanding this reduction, he will still continue to keep a first class House.

The Franklin House has just undergone extensive alterations, and is now fitted up and refurnished in superior style, for the reception of visitors. The lower floor, formerly occupied by stores, is now included in the Hotel, forming a spacious Reception Room, Gentlemen's Parlor, and Dining Room, thereby allowing an addition of thirty chambers and several beautiful parlors, fronting on Chestnut street. The Rooms of this Hotel are superior to most others, being constructed with alcoves, forming parlor and bed chamber attached, well-lighted and ventilated. The location is unsurpassed, either for business or pleasure.

BEN. H. WOOLMAN, Proprietor.
au20:2m* *Philadelphia