Daily Morning Post.

LECKY HARPER ..... THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING.....JULY 24

☞ NO NORTH, NO SOUTH, NO EAST, NO WEST UNDER THE CONSTITUTION; BUT A SACRED MAINTAINANCE OF THE COMMON BOND AND TRUE DEVOTION TO THE COMMON BROTHERHOOD."—*Franklin Pierce.*

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

GEN. FRANKLIN PIERCE,
OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,
OF ALABAMA:

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER:

COL. WILLIAM SEARIGHT,
OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
GEORGE W. WOODWARD.
WILSON McCANDLESS.
Gen. R. PATTERSON.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

District.	*District.*
1st, Peter Logan.	13th, H. C. Eyer.
2d, George H. Martin.	14th, John Clayton.
3d, John Miller.	15th, Isaac Robinson.
4th, F. W. Bechtel.	16th, Henry Fetter.
5th, R. McCoy, Jr.	17th, James Burnside.
6th, A. Apple.	18th, Maxwell M'Caslin.
7th, Hon. N Strickland.	19th, Gen Jos. M'Donald
8th, A. Peters.	20th, Wm. S. Calahan.
9th, David Fister.	21st, Andrew Burke.
10th, R. E. James.	22d, William Dunn.
11th, John M'Reynolds.	23d, John S. M'Calmont.
12th, P. Damon.	24th, George R. Barret.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS—TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT,
P. C. SHANNON, Pittsburgh.
FOR STATE SENATE,
JOHN BARTON, Pittsburgh.
FOR ASSEMBLY,
SAMUEL FLEMING, Pittsburgh,
A. J. GRIBBEN, Pittsburgh,
GEORGE F. GILMORE, Lawrenceville,
SAMUEL McKEE, Birmingham,
J. C. STEWART, Plum township.
SHERIFF,
CHARLES KENT, Pittsburgh.
COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JACOB TOMER, Pittsburgh.
CORONER,
JACOB McCOLLISTER, Pittsburgh.
AUDITOR,
STEPHEN WOOD.
PROTHONOTARY,
EDWARD McCORKLE, Indiana township.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
PATRICK McKENNA, Pittsburgh.

Re-Assembling of the State Democratic Convention of 1852.

In pursuance with a resolution adopted by the Democratic State Central Committee of Pennsylvania, the delegates to the State Convention of March 4th, 1852, are requested to reassemble at the Capitol, at HARRISBURG, on THURSDAY, the 26th day of August, A. D. 1852, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

WM. CURTIS, WM. H. WELSH, } Secretaries. W. L. HIRST, Chairman.

☞ Compositors are now engaged in re-setting all our advertisements in beautiful new type, of which this paragraph is a specimen. This work will be accomplished in about one week from this time, when the *Post* will present an appearance not to be excelled by any other paper in the Union. Merchants and tradesmen who wish to advertise with us, will be good enough to hand in their favors before Saturday evening. ☞

OUR WEEKLY.

The Saturday Morning Post of to-day contains an immense quantity of reading matter, comprising European, California and domestic news; local news, and a large amount of highly interesting political matter. During the present campaign, our readers may rest assured that the *Morning Post* will contain the most reliable and important information on political subjects that our many facilities may enable us to give, and at the same time we will pay strict attention to every other department of news, so that our paper may be interesting to every class of readers. Our weekly of to day is for sale at the counter, with or without wrappers.

GEN. SCOTT AND THE FOREIGNERS.

We publish this morning the whole of Gen. Scott's letter to the *National Intelligencer*, recommending the adoption of the most stringent laws to prevent the foreign portion of our population from enjoying the rights of citizenship. When it first came out, many of those who are credulous enough to suppose that Scott is not at heart a Native, were disposed to call it a fabrication. But the proof has become too positive of its authentisity, and it remains with the Whig party now, to get their candidate to disavow the sentiment or recant the silly stuff he recently used, expressing his love of foreigners. *He* must explain the sentiments contained in the letter of *America*; the organs of his party and those advocating his election, will not touch it; they shun it as they would contagion, and the man who "never surrenders," must now defend himself against himself. His friends will not come to his rescue; they are all mute, and sullenly refuse to say a word in defence of this greatest folly of their inaculate candidate. We noticed this matter several days since, with the hope that some of the whig papers of the city would deny or affirm it, but we have waited in vain, and the only inference we can draw from their silence is that they approve the sentiments uttered by *America*. The first paper that has attempted even a reference to it is the N. York Tribune. It says:

"Gen. Scott never was a candidate; never gave a native vote. But he *did* formerly believe, in view of the gross abuses of our Naturalization Laws, and the violence at the polls in which immigrants from Europe were conspicuous, that the privileges of naturalization ought to be materially restricted if not wholly withheld in future."

The New York Post asks why shall the Tribune employ the phrase "if not?" Gen. Scott's specific proposal, in the paper signed *America*, expressed in the clearest terms, was, that no foreigner should be allowed to vote, in any election whatever. There is no room for an "if not," or any other hypocritical pretence of doubt.

But Gen. Scott, says the Tribune, "never was a Native candidate." That we believe is a fact. The Nativists did not properly appreciate his zeal for their doctrines, and this made it easy for him to go over to those who held different opinions. Does the Tribune mean to say that the neglect of the Nativists to support him led him to defeat their cause after he had so warmly espoused it? In 1848, an Irishman, named William E. Robinson, wrote him a letter, intimating that if he was not more liberal on the subject of the naturalization laws, the Irishmen in the United States could not support him. This brought from Gen. Scott another letter, recanting the doctrines in favor of which, a short time before, he had been so zealous.

But notwithstanding Gen. Scott never secured a nomination from the Natives, he has been the favorite of many of their organs. In 1844 the following ticket appeared conspicuously at the head of the columns of many *Native* papers:

NATIVE AMERICAN TICKET, 1844.

For President,
GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT.

For Vice President,
HON. JOHN M'LEAN.

This honor was offered to compliment him because he became "fired with indignation" against the foreigners, and it was never declined by him. In the language of the Richmond Examiner, the people must conclude that this article, signed *Americus*, and written by Gen. Scott, is in strict accordance with all he has ever written on the subject of naturalization. It agrees with his Astor House letter—the letter which he wrote when "*fired* with indignation" in "*my* parlor," in the Astor House. It agrees with the section of naturalization in his letter of acceptance. It explains what he means by his profession for foreigners who serve one year in the army,—*that*, it is now evident, is to be the only means of naturalization which Gen. Scott will allow to emigrants. It agrees, too, with all that we know of Gen. Scott's character. In style it is vain, cox-combical, and ridiculous. Its matter is as silly as he is. It exhibits a narrow mind, a mean heart, and a nature thoroughly and utterly selfish. It throws a broad light upon all his "*ducking, bobbing, and dodging*," on this subject of naturalization, and shows him to be as void of principle as he is of heart.

We have much more matter of the same sort, but cannot spare room for it to-day. In the meantime, we would commend to the attention of our whig cotemporaries what we have already given.

GEN. SCOTT WILL NOT BE THERE.

A special despatch from Washington to the New York *Herald*, dated July 20th, says:

"Gen. Scott, I am enabled to announce, on the best authority, has at the solicitation of some of his most thoughtful friends, abandoned his intention of being present at Niagara Falls, on the 27th inst."

We are really sorry to hear this, as it will be a sore disappointment to a number of interesting young whigs in this city, who have been making great calculations to display their highly intellectual and interesting faces at Lundy's Lane, in the presence of the whig candidate for President. How bad they will feel!

ADMIRATION OVER THE LEFT.—The Upper Marlboro' Gazette (whig) says:

"We cannot sufficiently admire the spirit which has prompted the Hon. Wm. A. Graham to resign his seat in the cabinet. We predict that this course will win him many admirers, and largely increase his majority at the coming election."

We presume, too, Scott's course in not resigning his office will win him many admirers, and largely increase his majority. Whig admiration runs all ways.

☞ The *True Democrat*, the Free Soil organ at Cleveland, Ohio, declares that the report circulated through various channels, that the whigs were about to buy up the concern for $15,000 to support Gen. Scott, is false throughout, and told, probably, to accomplish some political end." We should unhesitatingly say, however, judging from the tone of the Democrat for the last few weeks, that it was *in the market*.

☞ We learn from the Washington Commonwealth, that the annual Examination of the Pupils of Olome Institute, Cannonsburg, of which Mrs. OLIVA J. FRENCH is Principal, will take place at the Seminary, on Thursday, the 5th of August. An address will be delivered on the occasion by the Rev. JOHN AIKEN, of Allegheny county. The institution is rapidly winning its way to public favor.

☞ The Steubenville Messenger, of Wednesday, says: "Mr. Schaad did not deliver his second Lecture on Switzerland last evening, owing to the slim attendance the first evening."—Schaad seems to have a hard time of it. He has a mania for lecturing, but for some reason or other the people will not go to hear him. We pity Mr. Schaad.

☞ Col. MARCHAND, the radical, good looking and kind hearted editor of the Westmoreland *Republican*, dropped in yesterday to see us for a few minutes. We understand that he is making arrangements to have Greensburgh annexed to our city as the 32d Ward, in pursuance of an act introduced by Gen. LARIMER at the Greensburgh celebration!

JEFFERSON COUNTY.—We are pleased to learn that our worthy young friend, DAVID BARCLAY, Esq., has received the nomination for Congress in Jefferson county. The vote stood, 27 for Barclay, 20 for Arthurs, and 4 for Bishop. Mr. Barclay is one of the most promising young Democrats in Pennsylvania.

☞ We have on file for publication a beautiful story entitled, "*Sayings and Doings*," translated from the French for the Morning Post, by our friend, WM. J. ROSE, Esq. The first part will appear, if possible, on Monday.

☞ All the Greensburg papers, whig and democrat, copy the *Post's* account of the opening of the Pennsylvania Railroad to that place.—This is an acknowledgment that our report was the best that was published.

For the Morning Post.

Meeting at Lundy's Lane.

No one has a right to take exception to any fair measures which the Whig party may adopt to promote the success of their candidate for the Presidency. It is part and parcel of the political campaign, for both parties to enhance political enthusiasm of the people, and thus contribute a powerful force to bring out the friends of the rival candidates on the day of the election. Claptrap and humbug, it is admitted, are too frequently brought out to play a very important part in presidential as well as other political contests, and in the use of these adjuncts, the Democratic party can make no pretensions in comparison with the Whigs.

The latest and greatest contemplated humbug of the admirers of Gen. Scott is the mass meeting at Lundy's Lane, in Canada, on the Niagara battle ground. Now, the right and privilege of the Whigs to hold their *monster gathering*, and their *Grand Rally*, is not to be questioned, but some little doubt may be expressed as to the propriety of the place.

The battle ground on which it is proposed the Whigs should assemble is within the government of Her Britanic Majesty. It was on that spot the British forces met with a disastrous defeat, and can it be supposed that at this time of day, when all our differences with England have been healed, and when both governments are sustaining the most friendly relations with each other, that a certain portion of the citizens of the United States, and that portion too, which claims to hold within its embrace the *talents, decency, and intelligence of the country*, should so far forget all national courtesy as to desire absolutely to insult the British people, by celebrating, in the territory of Her Majesty, and on her own soil, the defeat of British troops, and the discomfiture of the British army? Yet such is the fact, and thousands contemplate, in a few days, to shout and hurrah for the misfortunes of Great Britain, within her own boundary, and thus brave her Majesty's subjects at their own doors. Is not this monstrous? and it may be asked, will the Canadian authorities permit it?

What would these very whigs say if the Tory party of England, or any other party of that country, who were desirous to elevate some ambitious aspirant whose fortune it was to have participated in the *battle of Bladensburg and the capture of Washington City*, and who, by way of an ovation to this aspirant, should select the District of Columbia as the spot where Britons should assemble for the purpose? Ask, what would the Whigs say? Why, they would say and do as the whole people would, *they would not permit it.*

Would the Mexicans permit an ovation to Gen. Scott or any other general at Contreras or Cherubusco, or any other place within her limits?—Most certainly not.

Why, then, should any portion of our people step out of the path of propriety, and by a "*whig rally*" at Lundy's Lane insult the British Government? I hope it will not be permitted.

FAIR PLAY.

HEALTH OF NEW YORK.—There was an alarming increase in the number of deaths in New York city during the last week. According to the report of the city Inspector there were 466, an increase of 124 over the number for the previous week. The mortality was chiefly among children, of whom 340 died under ten years of age. Of these, 82 deaths were caused by cholera infantum, 89 by consumption, 27 by dysentery, 16 by diarrhoea, 17 by inflammation of the bowels, 13 by measles, 30 by dropsy, 21 by fevers, and 44 by convulsions. There were 5 deaths by cholera morbus.

Astounding Political Developements.

GENERAL SCOTT ON THE NATURALIZATION LAWS.

HIGHLY INTERESTING DOCUMENT, &c., &c.

LETTER OF NOVEMBER, 1841.

WASHINGTON, November 10.

DEAR SIR:—I have the honor to acknowledge your letter of several hundred Native American republicans of Philadelphia.

Be confidentially, but not for publication, I have already replied to a letter from Doris M. Stone, Esq., of your city, on the subject. I will write to you in like manner and in like time. This is the month when the pressure of official business is heaviest with me—leaving scarcely time for sleep or exercise. I must not, however, wholly neglect your communication.

Should any considerable number of my fellow-countrymen assign me, or desire to give me a prominent position before the public, I shall take time to methodize my views on the great questions you have proposed. Those views, I had their origin in the stormy elections of the spring of 1836, and were confirmed on the week that the Harrison electors were chosen in New York. On both occasions I was in the city, and heard in the streets of Native and foreign tongues