Daily Morning Post.

LECKY HARPER.....THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING:.....JULY 13

☞ NO NORTH, NO SOUTH, NO EAST, NO WEST UNDER THE CONSTITUTION; BUT A SACRED MAINTAINACE OF THE COMMON BOND AND THE DEVOTION TO THE COMMON BROTHERHOOD."—*Franklin Pierce.*

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

GEN. FRANKLIN PIERCE,
OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,
OF ALABAMA;

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER:

COL. WILLIAM SEARIGHT,
OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS:
GEORGE W. WOODWARD.
WILSON McCANDLESS.
Gen. R. PATTERSON.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

District.		*District.*	
1st,	Peter Logan.	13th,	H. C. Eyer.
2d,	George H. Martin.	14th,	John Clayton.
3d,	John Miller.	15th,	Isaac Robinson.
4th,	F. W. Bockius.	16th,	Henry Fetter.
5th,	R. McCoy, Jr.	17th,	James Burnside.
6th,	A. Apple.	18th,	Maxwell M'Caslin.
7th,	Hon. N Strickland.	19th,	Gen Jos. M'Donald
8th,	A. Peters.	20th,	Wm. S. Callahan.
9th,	David Fister.	21st,	Andrew Burke.
10th,	R. E. James.	22d,	William Dunn.
11th,	John M'Reynolds.	23d,	John S. M'Calmont.
12th,	P. Damon.	24th,	George R. Barret.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS—TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT,
P. C. SHANNON, Pittsburgh.
FOR STATE SENATE,
JOHN BARTON, Pittsburgh.
FOR ASSEMBLY,
SAMUEL FLEMING, Pittsburgh,
A. J. GRIBBEN, Pittsburgh,
GEORGE F. GILMORE, Lawrenceville,
SAMUEL McKEE, Birmingham,
J. C. STEWART, Plum township.
SHERIFF,
CHARLES KENT, Pittsburgh.
COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JACOB TOMER, Pittsburgh.
CORONER,
JACOB McCOLLISTER, Pittsburgh.
AUDITOR,
STEPHEN WOOD,
PROTHONOTARY,
EDWARD McCORKLE, Indiana township.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
PATRICK McKENNA, Pittsburgh.

CORRECTION.—In the communication published on Saturday, in relation to the negro doggery on Third street, the compositor located it at No. 120, instead of 127. We regret that this mistake should appear in our paper, for we know the owner of 120 to be one of our most respectable citizens. We hope this explanation will direct public attention to the *right number.*

HOUSE OF REFUGE.

It will be seen by an advertisement in to-day's paper, that the Building Committee invite proposals until the 26th inst., for the construction of the House of Refuge.

We are really rejoiced to know that this much needed institution will soon be erected. Grounds have been selected for that purpose in the Valley of the Ohio river, a little below the U. S. Marine Hospital. This is a beautiful location, and is far removed from the atmosphere and influences of the two cities.

We are requested to state that although a good deal of money has been subscribed towards this work, much yet will be needed for its completion and proper organization. We would therefore earnestly urge upon every friend of the institution in Western Pennsylvania to make new efforts with the view of strengthening its finances. The neighboring counties are quite as much interested in the erection of a House of Refuge as Allegheny is, and we therefore hope that they will move in the matter in the right spirit. Successful efforts have already been made in Washington and Beaver counties, and a respectable amount of money has been subscribed; but from our knowledge of the wealth and liberality of the good people of those counties, we feel confident that another appeal to them will not be made in vain.

Let our friends in Butler, Mercer, Crawford, Venango, Armstrong, Indiana, Westmoreland, Fayette, Greene, and other counties, in Western Pennsylvania, also make a movement towards supplying "material aid" to the House of Refuge, and they will receive its benefits in common with the citizens of Allegheny county. It is better to spend a few dollars in erecting a school of reform, than to be taxed hundreds of dollars to build penitentiaries and county prisons to punish wrong-doers.

ANTI-SCOTT MEETING IN BOSTON.

We learn from the Boston *Post*, that the Whig meeting in that city on Wednesday evening last, for the rejection of the nomination of Gen. Scott, was fully attended, and was very enthusiastic. H. Williams presided, in the absence of Peter Harvey, who was understood to be the presiding officer designated. Mr. Williams gave his audience to understand that this movement of the friends of Mr. Webster was to bene child's play, but would involve the interests of the Union, and be felt from Passamaquoddy to California. The nomination of Scott, he assured them, could not and would not prevail. (Great applause.) The failure of the nomination of Mr. Webster he attributed to treason in the camp, when groans were called for and given for the editor of the Atlas.

Mr. Williams was followed by Rev. Hubbard Winslow, Rev. C. W. Dennison, who gave some account of the Native American convention at Trenton, by Mr. George Sennot, who gave some reasons as a democrat in favor of Pierce and King; why Mr. Webster should have been nominated, and by a gentleman from New Jersey, when the meeting adjourned with hearty cheers for Mr. Webster.

Scott Complimenting Pierce.

When the Whigs of Washington, a few nights since, went to Scott's residence to congratulate him upon his nomination, he said in the course of his speech—

"I know that much anxiety and many trials are to be passed through before the ratification of the people shall be heard. Whether it shall confirm the action of the Convention or not, I shall be satisfied, for *I know* that it will be conferred upon a man *deserving your confidence and support!*"

That man, of course, is General PIERCE, who is thus highly complimented by Gen. SCOTT.—What will our Whig cotemporaries say to this indorsement of the Democratic nominee, by their principal standard bearer in the campaign? It is a pointed rebuke of the slanderers, who have assailed the character of the Democratic nominee. It is said that the chances are Gen. Scott will withdraw before the election. It would show better judgment than he has had credit for possessing. We hope he will not withdraw.

☞ The Grand Jury of Philadelphia have found a true bill against William Davis, an omnibus driver, for manslaughter, in running a coach over a child named William Rex Sullivan, at Eighth and Samson streets in May last, and thereby causing his death.

☞ There were three hundred and forty-three deaths in New York last week, and one hundred and ninety-one in Philadelphia.

A Big Screw Loose!

Col. McKaig, one of the most prominent and Popular Whigs in Maryland has renounced Gen. Scott, and taking the stump for Pierce and King. HEAR HIM!—HEAR HIM!

☞ Col. Thos. J. McKaig, the candidate of the Whig Party for Congress in Cumberland (Md.) last fall, addressed the Democrats of that city on Saturday evening last in behalf of PIERCE and KING! When he mounted the Platform he was received with deafening applause. He gave the reasons for the faith that governed his conduct in the following pointed and forcible manner. We copy from the *Alleghanian*, and ask candid men of the Whig party, particularly, to ponder over the plain truths he asserts. That Maryland will cast her vote for the democratic nominees (Pierce and King) is now as certain as that Col. McKaig will vote against Scott. But read what he says:

"He [Col. McKaig] now found that the two parties had approximated very near to each other in their political platforms,—that the whigs as a party had given up, before the force of popular opinion, most of their old doctrines and measures of policy. The tariff was the only question of difference, and this, he contended, ought not to be treated as a party measure, as locality had much to do with the information of opinion upon the subject.

The question involved in the approaching Presidential election, and which he regarded as rising above all others, was the maintenance of the compromises of the Constitution, and the continuance of the Union. He saw General Scott nominated by the nine Northern Atlantic States, with Gov. Seward of New York, and Gov. Johnston of Pennsylvania at their head, aided by a few Southern votes. If we mistake not, of these nine States with 47 members present but one whig was found in the House of Representatives to vote for the Fugitive Slave Law, whilst nearly all the Democratic members who were present from those States voted for the measure. He remarked that he believed, from personal intercourse and observation, that *two-thirds* of the whig party in the North were abolitionists or Free Soilers; that they had nominated General Scott, and if he were elected there would be no security to the South—no assurance that the dangerous questions settled by the Compromise would not be disturbed. That however sound Gen. Scott's views might be on the subject, the power from the North would be too strong for his vanity to withstand. And in order to avoid the great impending danger, he (Col. McKaig) with thousands of others similarly situated would vote for General Pierce.

The Colonel was frequently interrupted by plaudits, and, after speaking for nearly an hour, left the stand amid loud and prolonged applause.

The loss of Mr. ABERCROMBIE, of Alabama; FALKNER, of Virginia; STEPHENS & TOOMBS, of Georgia; TUCK, of New Hampshire, and WHITE, of Alabama, if they are recent losses, even if all the Whigs of those States should go with them, would be no great calamity, as no sane Whig expects the electoral votes of those States for the Whig nominee.—*Buffalo Express.*

☞ The above is the most sensible admission we have seen in a Whig paper for a long time. "Blessed are they who expect nothing, for verily they shall not be disappointed." If the editor had enumerated all the States that will not support Seward's fife and drum candidate for President, he would probably find not over four left where whiggery will have an abiding place. We are willing to concede that the whigs will carry Delaware, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Vermont; but at present we will not consent to give them another State for Scott.

All the Decency.

JOHN SYNONX is reported to have said, in his speech at the Whig Ratification Meeting in Lancaster, "*that he did not know that Pierce was a drunkard, but he supposed that in convivial parties he would, like all locofocos, get drunk,*" adding "I will not say Gen. PIERCE is a drunkard, for that would be considered a *recommendation* by a majority of the *locofoco* party."

This JOHN SYNONX is one of the "bright particular stars" of Whiggery, and was the candidate of that party in this State, last fall, for the office of Canal Commissioner. As he was badly beaten, no doubt he feels disposed to wreak his vengeance upon the Democrats, and apply to them all sorts of choice Whig epithets. His filthy abuse will only defile himself.

Gen. Scott's Haste.

Gen. Scott always writes his letters in haste. His "hasty plate of soup" letter was not the only one. In his letter, dated Washington, Nov. 10, 1848, addressed to George Washington Reed, of Philadelphia, he uses the following language: "Not confidentially, but not for publication, I have already replied to a letter from David M. Stone, Esq., of your city, on the same subject. I will write to you in like manner, and in *haste.* This is the month when the pressure of official business is heaviest with me—leaving scarcely time for sleep or exercise."

There is a familiar saying which the General ought to recall—"the more haste the less speed."

☞ The bolters say Gen. Scott is a sectional man, because he was nominated principally by Northern votes; the South went in a body for Mr. Fillmore. By a parity of reasoning, Mr. Fillmore is a sectional man. How logical!—*Wash. Telegraph, (Whig.)*

The Whig party is made up altogether of "sectional men." They are governed entirely by selfish motives, and were never known to originate a liberal idea. It is just as easy to unite oil and water, as to unite all the factions and cliques composing the Whig party. They are united only in one matter, and that is, a common hatred to all men of purer principles than themselves.

The *Pronunciamento* of Toombs & Co., seems to suit the friends of the Scott exactly—they are circulating it by thousands. They intend to *entomb* the whole squad of recusants before they are done with them.—*Balt. Patriot.*

☞ Shoot the deserters! Huzza for harmonious whiggery! The "squad of recusants" are the leading men of your party in the South—the great guns who have heretofore fought all your battles. By the time the whigs are through with the work of "*entombing*" the bolters, there will not be a corporals guard of their party left.

CAN SCOTT CARRY OHIO?—Yes; no question of it, if the Scott Whigs, Scott Democrats, Scott Free Soilers, and Scott men generally who are willing and anxious to vote for him, will off coats and go to work, work as work was done for Harrison and for Clay! Then "Up guards and at 'em!"—*Cleveland Herald.*

☞ That "if" is well put in, Mr. MAY. "Jim, how many fish have you caught to-day?" "Why a whole pile of 'em. *If* I catch the one that is now nibbling, and nineteen more, that will make twenty—a pretty good days' work, ain't it?"

MAYOR OF BALTIMORE.—The Democracy of the Monumental city on Thursday evening last, nominated JOHN SMITH HOLLINS as their candidate for the Mayoralty of Baltimore.

Col. HOPE, of the Pennsylvanian, who hails from Baltimore, states that Mr. HOLLINS is a deservedly popular gentleman and a Democrat of the first water. We shall be disappointed if he does not beat his whig competitor, whoever he may be, by at least 2000 majority.

Vermont Democratic State Convention.

BURLINGTON, VT., July 8th.—The Democratic State Convention assembled here to-day, and made the following nominations:—

For Governor—John F. Robinson.
Lieut. Governor—Jefferson P. Ridder.
Treasurer—John A. Page.
Electors for the State at Large—Step'n S. Keyes and Lucius Peck.

The Baltimore Democratic Platform was fully endorsed.

☞ The St. Louis *Signal*, which was commenced by an association of Journeymen Printers, about four months since, after changing the firm some three or four times, has at length passed into the hands of a single individual—Mr. C. A. MCPHERAMON. It is a homely adage, but nevertheless true, that, "too many cooks spoil the broth."

For the Morning Post.

Temperance Convention, July 2, 1852.

Agreeably to arrangements, a convention, consisting of three societies, celebrated the day of our national independence at the Reformed Presbyterian Church of Pine Creek, West Deer township. It was attended by about 1400 persons, and its exercises were such as to encourage and stimulate the friends of temperance to vigorous and renewed action in prosecuting their high aim of removing intemperance from our midst. After its organization by the election of officers, and an appropriate and impressive prayer by the Rev. R. S. M'Coy, and reading the Declaration of Independence by the Rev. Dr. Guthrie, pastor of the church, it was addressed, in an eloquent and forcible manner, by five different speakers. There were two choirs of singers present, one of which succeeded each address with a piece adapted to the occasion.

By the chairman of the committee of invitation, letters were introduced and read from Col. W. M'Candless and Col. S. W. Black, of Pittsburgh, and from Rev. Ogden, of Glade Run, Butler Co. These gentlemen had been invited to be present and address the convention, but previous arrangements prevented their attendance. The letters and addresses breathed the same spirit of hostility to King Alcohol and a fixed determination to persevere in every proper effort till the evils resulting from the use of intoxicating liquors be removed from our midst.

In the afternoon, the following preamble and resolutions were introduced by the chairman of the business committee, and being distinctly read and explained, were unanimously adopted, as expressive of the sentiments of the convention:

Whereas, the signs of the times indicate the progress of the temperance cause and encourage perseverence in the work of moral and religious reform in order that our beloved land may be freed from the blighting influences of intemperance in all its various aspects, the past year has afforded evidences of a propitious character to the good cause of temperance, as well as enrolling several commonwealths among the family of temperance nations by the enactment of the Maine Liquor Law; our Legislature, and the Legislatures of some of the other large and more powerful States, were, by the power of popular sentiment expressed by petitions and memorials, nigh yielding to the demands of justice, mercy, and peace.

And whereas, we consider our Legislature, at its session of last winter, acted contrary to the letter and spirit of progressive and conservative democracy in not granting the prayer of the many thousands of citizens asking the enactment of the Maine Liquor Law; we ought not to be discouraged nor intimidated, as temperance men, from pressing forward in the path of duty. Our duty is plain in propagating and conserving a powerful sentiment on the subject, and in filling our legislativehalls with persons of proper moral and temperance habits, and thereby acting worthy of the cause in which we are embarked.—Therefore,

1. *Resolved*, That we this day renew our temperance pledge; in convention assembled, and engage in our several localities to further the cause of temperance by precept and example—that in the accomplishment of our good work, we will rely on ourselves, and in connection against our common enemy King Alcohol, and all his hosts and minions—that we will employ temperance lecturers as means in propagating a widespread and proper sentiment on the subject of intemperance.

2. *Resolved*, That we will continue our efforts by every honorable and legal means to procure the enactment of the Maine Liquor Law by our Legislature—that we will be prepared by next winter to again besiege our legislative halls, in the name of mercy, good policy and peace, to enact the law now slumbering on the tables of our Legislature; and we hereby call upon and entreat our temperance friends, everywhere in Pennsylvania, to be prepared for renewing the war by petitions to our Legislature, as soon as it shall meet in 1853.

3. *Resolved*, That we will not vote for any man to which party soever he may belong, except he be an accredited friend of good morals and temperance. In full view of our responsibilities to God and our fellow-citizens, we determinedly and solemnly make this declaration of our sentiments; and we call upon the editors of the entire press in our country, especially of the Gazette and Post, of Pittsburgh, the accredited organs of the Whig and Democratic parties, to state the moral, intellectual and temperance qualifications of candidates for office. In the absence of proper and satisfactory testimony of moral temperance qualifications, to ask our votes insults our understandings, wounds our religious and moral sensibilities, and represents us as devoid of self-respect and of the fear of God. Political names can have no claims for us, when the candidates of a party are morally and mentally, by improper habits, incapacitated for the discharge of duty.

4. *Resolved*, That the thanks of the convention be tendered to the speakers and the choirs for their intellectual entertainment, and that the secretaries be instructed to furnish an outline of the proceedings of the day to the Gazette and Post of Pittsburgh for publication.

JOHN HUNTER,
JOHN MAHAN,
Secretaries.

The Family of the Hon. Henry Clay.

The New York Times furnishes the following particulars of Mr. Clay's domestic relations:

"Very shortly after his removal to Kentucky, Mr. Clay married Lucretia Hart, daughter of Thos. Hart, Esq., a prominent citizen of Lexington. Another daughter of the same gentleman was married to Hon. James Brown, of New Orleans, minister at Versailles during the administration of Messrs. Monroe and Adams. Mrs. Clay, who is now her 71st year, and in the enjoyment of robust health, has been the mother of twelve children, four of whom died in childhood, and only three now survive. Eliza, a young lady of unusual promise was suddenly removed by death, in 1824, while *en route* to Washington with her father; and almost at the same moment the afflicted parents received intelligence of the decease of another most interesting and accomplished daughter, the wife of Mr. Dubaldo, of New Orleans. A third daughter, upon whom the father's affections seem to have centered after the death of the other two, died in 1835. She was married to Mr. James Erwine, of New Orleans; and her loss was a blow from which Mr. Clay never recovered. Of the five sons, the eldest, Theodore Wythe Clay, has been, since boyhood, the inmate of a lunatic asylum. Thomas Hart Clay, born in 1803, resides in Kentucky, and is engaged in the manufacture of hemp.—Henry Clay, Jr., it is hardly necessary to say, lost his life at the battle of Buena Vista, while fighting chivalrously for his country. James B. Clay and John M. Clay, the youngest, were both educated for, and, we believe, are now practising the profession of the law in their native State."

Another account states that Thomas Hart Clay, who was with his father, when he died, is the oldest son and a farmer, residing in Lexington, near Ashland. He is about fifty years old. James B. Clay, it is said, is the second son, and the late charge to Portugal, but now a farmer, engaged in a heavy business near St. Louis. He is about 36. John, the youngest son, is about 30 years old, and resides at Ashland with his mother. Mrs. Clay is reported to be in somewhat better health than during the winter and spring months. The New York Mirror learns that Mr. Clay has left a competency for his family. The disposal of those of his household effects which were presented to him by his many friends is left with Mrs. Clay.

ADVANCE IN PRICE IN THE BOOT AND SHOE MARKET.—The Boston Traveler speaks of a large advance—twenty per cent—in price on boots and shoes, for the last two months. The profits to some of the wholesale dealers in that city, who were fortunate enough to have large stocks on hand has been very great. One house estimates that their stock on hand and contracted for, has increased in value, within the period mentioned, $80,000. Another house estimates its profits on the advance, at 40,000.

"NOT WORTH A DOLLAR!"—This was the cry of the universal whig party when Mr. Polk, with the sagacity and ambition of a patriot, secured to the Republic the magnificient State of California; but since its annexation nearly ninety-eight millions of dollars of gold have been received from there at the port of New York alone! Do the whigs think now that California *pays*, we wonder?

☞ The Free Soil Party hardly seems large enough to spare any of its prominent men, yet we find in the National Era letters from Lewis Tappan, of New York and F. J. Lemoyne of Washington Pa., protesting against the call of the Pittsburgh Convention on the ground that it does not give a chance for all kinds of anti-slavery men to mingle in it.

NEWS ITEMS.

Sunday, June 20th, was the 15th anniversary of Queen Victoria's accession to the British throne.

Within the last three years and a half, ending on the 12th ult, there have been 2779 persons killed and 773 injured by accidents in British mines.

The life of Gen. Pierce has been published at Baltimore in German, with a fine portrait, and a song on the nominee to be sung in the original language of the fatherland.

Quite a number of Englishmen have been arrested in Paris for debt, and were at the last accounts in prison petitioning Louis Napoleon for relief.

The Steamer Nimrod took fire in Newark bay on Thursday, but the flames were extinguished without doing much damage. The greatest excitement and confusion prevailed among the crowded passengers, but the panic soon subsided and the boat was run ashore.

Another Yankee Yacht has been victorious in a British Yacht race at Birkenhead lately. It was the sloop Truant of 3½ tons, taken over for the purpose by Mr. Grinnell, of New York.—She beat three model yachts with the greatest ease.

Her majesty Queen Victoria has vetoed the anti-liquor law passed by the legislature of the province of New Brunswick, on the ground of its incompatibility with British freedom.

According to the census of 1850 there were 21,571,306 sheep in the United States, and 52,417,287 pounds of Wool.

By letters from the Turkish Ambassador received in this country, it appears that arrangements are making for sending a Turkish steam-frigate to New York, with the various productions and fabrics of Turkey, for the exhibition at the new Crystal Palace.

The best organized, safest and shortest method of reaching Egypt, which country American travelers are beginning to visit, is through France, from Paris to Marseilles and Malta, and thence to Alexandria.

Mrs. H. B. Stowe received on Wednesday from her publishers, Messrs. Jewett & Co., the sum of ten thousand three hundred dollars, as her copyright premium on three months' sales of Uncle Tom's Cabin.

SHOTS IN THE REAR.

William S. PARHAM, Esq., one of the Whig Electors in Louisiana, declines to serve in that capacity, as he has determined not to support Gen. Scott.

The Boston Bee says a "Pierce Club of Webster men" is about to be formed in Boston.

In 1847, the Trenton (N. J.) Gazette, a Whig print, spoke of Gen. Scott as "weak, silent, passionate, illiberal, and devoid of true principles of religious freedom."

Hon. John Henderson, formerly a Whig Senator from Mississippi, is now a zealous supporter of Pierce and King.

On Saturday week, Gen. Toombs made a speech in Congress, in which he took strong ground against Gen. Scott.

The Buffalo Courier states that whigs of that city are betting that Scott will not carry New York, Ohio or Pennsylvania.

H. J. Hastings, who represented Albany in the Whig National Convention, says in his paper—"We cannot see how the friends of freedom and Kossuth can do otherwise than throw their influence in favor of the democrats."

At a Democratic meeting at Freemont, Sandusky county, Ohio, John L. Greene, until now a prominent Whig, was called upon to make a speech, and announced that he should vote for Pierce and King.

Hon. Wm. Wright, the whig candidate for Governor of New Jersey in 1847, has come out in favor of Pierce and King, against Gen. Scott.—Mr. Wright is a gentleman of much influence in that State, and will prove a serious thorn in the flesh of whiggery there.

The Savannah Republican contains a letter from Charles S. Jenkins, of Augusta, declining to support either of the Presidential nominees. The Republican expresses the opinion that Gen. Scott cannot carry Georgia without the aid of Mr. Jenkins.

ITEMS FOR POLITICIANS.

AN OMEN.—The large transparency in front of the Broadway House, New York, a full length portrait of Gen. Scott, took fire on the Fourth of July, and was entirely consumed. The N. Y. Times says, it was found necessary to take it down in order to preserve the buildings, which is occupied as the Head Quarters of the Whig party, from total destruction.

A Whig editor out in Illinois is excusing Greeley of the *Tribune* for declaring that he scorned the Whig platform—he would *spit* upon it! He says Greeley dont chew *tobacco*, lives on Graham bread, never eats meat, and can, therefore safely spit wherever he pleases, without disgusting the decency party.

A Harrisburg correspondent of the Richmond *Enquirer* says the nomination of Pierce and King is received with pleasure throughout the Tenth Legion, as the heavy Democratic counties in the valley of Virginia are styled. Rockingham promises three thousand majority, Shenandoah two thousand, Page one thousand—all for the Son of New Hampshire, who, though he enlists as a private, emerges from every contest with the highest honors.

NEUTRAL PRESSES FOR PIERCE AND KING.—The Southern *Star*, an able newspaper published at Jackson, Miss., which has heretofore held a position of neutrality as to national politics, has come out for Pierce and King. The *Atlanta Intelligencer*, a Georgia paper, until now neutral, has run up the flag of Pierce and King, and enlisted zealously for the defeat of the Gallphins.

The Great Fire in Montreal.

BURLINGTON, Vt., July 10, A. M.

The terrible conflagration in Montreal is still raging furiously, and the light can be distinctly seen from this place, though it is 100 miles distant. The fire commenced on Thursday morning, and has consequently now been raging 48 hours. A gentleman who arrived here this morning from Montreal, which place he left yesterday, describes the scene of the conflagration as awful and appalling. The flames were raging unchecked, and hundreds and thousands of families were wandering about without a shelter to cover them.—The sparks and burning embers were flying in all directions, thus spreading the conflagration, and it was impossible to predict when and where the calamity would stop.

The supply of water had already given out, and the intense heat of the flames prevented either the firemen or citizens from approaching the scene to stay the progress of the raging element. Every one seemed struck with terror, and as the wind was very high, it was feared that nearly the whole city would fall a prey to the flames.—At the time of his leaving, our informant states that the fire had already cleared a space larger than the city of Troy.

The telegraph masts and posts were all burned, which will prevent all communication with Montreal by that means for some time. It is probable that no such destructive and calamitious conflagration has ever been known on this continent. Millions upon millions of property have been destroyed.

[Other despatches state that the ground covered by the fire covers twenty acres. It commenced in a small building, corner of St. Lawrence and St. Catharina streets, and thence spread to St. Dennis st., and how much farther, is not known. Cornwall Terrace, the Bishop's Church, the Palace in St. Dennis st., and Vigo Square, the Barracks, Donegana's Hotel, the Hayes House, the Theatre, the market, and the cattle market, are all said to have been destroyed, together with an immense number of private houses, shops, &c.]

LATEST DESPATCH.

The Fire Subdued—Twelve Hundred Houses Destroyed.

BURLINGTON, Vt., July 10—11 A. M.

We learn by the passengers by the cars who left Montreal this morning, that the fire has been finally checked. The whole number of houses destroyed is supposed not to be less than twelve hundred, including many of the best in the city. It is impossible to estimate the loss.

From the Daily Indiana State Sentinel.

Democratic Rallying Song for 1852.

TUNE—"*O Susannah.*" &c.

Fling forth our banner gallantly,
And let the people sing,
Hurrah for old Democracy,
Hurrah for Pierce and King,
Come, brave locos—
Gallant men and true—
The Whigs we *Folked* in forty-four,
We'll *Pierce* in fifty-two.

Our Pierce was bred where granite towers
Aloft o'er steam and glen;
Our King amidst the orange-towers,
And both are noble men.
Come, brave locos,
Gallant men and true,
The Whigs we *Folked* in forty-four,
We'll *Pierce* in fifty-two.

Responsive to his country's call,
With heart to do and dare,
Pierce stood in Freedom's Council Hall
The noblest spirit there.
Come, brave locos,
Gallant men and true,
The Whigs we *Folked* in forty-four,
We'll *Pierce* in fifty-two.

His heart is true and always right,
His blood has freely sealed,
Our country's cause in many a fight,
On Freedom's battle-field.
Come, brave locos,
Gallant men and true,
The Whigs we *Folked* in forty-four,
We'll *Pierce* in fifty-two.

Upon his proud distinguished name,
There is no blot nor taint;
He never won the blue light fame
Of princely federal Dan,
Come, brave locos,
Gallant men and true,
The Whigs we *Folked* in forty-four,
We'll *Pierce* in fifty-two.

A Janus face he will not wear,
His prospects to enhance,
Nor fill that Presidential chair
By some windfall of chance,
Come, brave locos,
Gallant men and true,
The Whigs we *Folked* in forty-four,
We'll *Pierce* in fifty-two.

No phantom hasty plate of soup
Will e'er to him appear,
Nor will he dread the scorching whoop,
Of a fire in the rear,
Come, brave locos,
Gallant men and true,
The Whigs we *Folked* in forty-four,
We'll *Pierce* in fifty-two.

KATE HAYES.—The Swan of Erin, has been quite successful in her concerts at Chicago and Milwaukie. At the latter place, a company of littlegirls, daughters of Irish citizens, presented her an address printed on satin, welcoming her to the city. To which Miss Hayes briefly responded, thanking her young countrywomen for the testimonial of their welcome.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ TO CURE SUMMER COMPLAINT—Use Dr Jayne's Carminative Balsam. It is the most prompt, safe and efficient remedy in the world. For sale at the PEKIN TEA STORE, No. 38 Fifth street.

☞ **Wanted.**—A few men of thorough business habits and good address, for a safe and respectable business; it is a business that requires no capital but good character, business habits and energy. To men with the above qualifications a permanent business and the best of wages will be given. Apply or address No. 59 *Smithfield* street, corner of Third. [apr23tf

☞ We advise you, if you have not already done so, to go at once and procure a bottle of KIER'S ROCK OIL, and by so doing you will save a great deal of suffering. There is no telling how soon you may need it. Read the following letter:

MERCER, June 4, 1852.

Dear Sir: I purchased a bottle of your "Petroleum," from your Agents, Magoffin & M'Kean, in this place, to cure a burn, which I received accidentally; and in less than twenty-four hours it was much better; and I am now able to walk around without the assistance of a cane. I was so badly burned that my friends had to carry me home.

If you think the foregoing statement will be of any use to you, you may make whatever use of it you see proper. Most respectfully,

THOMAS H. BRADFORD.

To. S. M. KEER.
To be had at all the principal Drug Stores. [jy10d&w

F. S. Cleaver's (Prize Medal Honey Soap.)

☞ The continued and increasing demand for the above desirable article, unquestionably demonstrates from actual experience, its superiority over all similar preparations. It has now stood the test of careful examination, and the approval of the public for a period of seven years; and, under an unbounded patronage, and unexampled circulation, has triumphantly survived all its rivals in the art of imitation and imposture. Its extensive merit, (realized by immediate use) places it foremost in the list of all those toilet Soaps, that by an overwrought perfumery, have found their way to an ambiguous and temporary notoriety.

For sale by J. KIDD & CO.,
60 Wood street.

Wholesale Agents for Pittsburgh and its vicinity. Also, for sale, at all Dispensing Drug Stores. [jy10

A Sure Reliance.

☞ So certain are the effects of Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills in cases of disordered Liver, that they are regarded as the Specific for that complicated class of diseases known as Hepatic. The patient has a medicine at hand upon which he can always rely. All that is necessary is to purchase and use *Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills*, to secure a restoration to health. Read this:—

WILKINS TOWNSHIP, Allegheny County, Pa.

J. Kidd & Co.—Please let me have two boxes more of Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills. My wife has used two boxes of the Doctor's Pills, and I assure you they have done her more good than my family physician has for two years, during which time he was in regular attendance. These two boxes, I think, will effect a cure.

JAMES JONES.

For sale by most Merchants and Druggists in town and country, and by the sole Proprietors,

J. KIDD & CO.,
60 Wood street.

jy10d1w1tw

Samuel Baisley,

REAL ESTATE AGENT. Office, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, (above Hill & Co's Exchange Office.) Having opened an Office at the above place, for the purpose of negotiating Loans, Bills, Notes, Bonds, Mortgages, and all other instruments for the Security of Money, and for the purchase and sale of Stocks. [jy10tp

PARASOLS.—A. A. Mason & Co are closing out their large stock of Plain and Figured Parasols, at a great reduction from former prices. [jy13

LAWNS! LAWNS!—Just opened at A. A. Mason & Co's, three cases fast colored Lawns at 12½c; 2 do do, 6 and 10c; 2 do do 6½c. [jy13

CHEAP BLACK SILKS.—A. A. Mason & Co. have just received (per Express) another large lot of those very cheap Black Silks, some as low as 75c. per yard. [jy13

NEW BURLINGTON HERRING—Just received and for sale at MORRIS' TEA STORE, jy13 in the Diamond.

GENUINE FRENCH CLARET "BEAUCOT"—At $4 per dozen, or 37½c. per bottle, for sale at MORRIS' TEA MART, jy13 in the Diamond.

$5,000,

TO invest in Mortgage on good Real Estate in the city or neighborhood. Apply to

A. WILKINS & CO.,
Stock and Exchange Brokers,
72 Fourth street.

LATE PUBLICATIONS:—Just received at MINER ALE & CO., No. 52 Smithfield street—Sartain's Union Magazine for August; volume second Waverly Novels, published by Lippincott, Grambo & Co; Alexander Tardy, The Poisoner, or Pirate Chief of St. Domingo. [jy13

Dividend.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY, Pittsburgh, July 12, 1852.

THE Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company have this day declared a Dividend of Five Per Cent. on the capital stock of said Company, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, forthwith, at the Office of the Company.

jy13:2td:w2t JAMES M. CHRISTY, Treasurer.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR $1600.—For sale, a two story Brick House, of four rooms, kitchen and cellar, finished garret and wide porch to the second story, out oven, garden and shade trees, a large grape arbor of choice fruit; the lot is 46 feet from by 90 deep—all in complete order; situate in the Fifth Ward, near the Sixth Church.

Terms—$200 in hand, balance $200 a year.

S. CUTHBERT, General Agent,
59 Smithfield street.

jy13

VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale one hundred and fifty acres of choice river bottom and hill land, under which are two veins of coal of 100 acres each—situate on the Monongahela river, at pool No. 3. About 60 acres of bottom, and 30 acres of hill land are cleared. There is a good log house and a number of never failing springs. The Coal is all in front, and easy of access. There are about 70 acres of land covered with very fine timber. Title indisputable—clear of incumbrances.

Enquire of SAMUEL BALSLEY,
jy12 N. E. cor. of Wood and Fifth sts. (2d story.)

Notice.

THE co partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the name of SHYROCK & HACKE, Book and Job Printers, was, on the 1st of July, instant, dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled at their old stand, corner of Wood and Third streets.

JOHN T. SHYROCK,
WM. H. HACKE.

THE BOOK AND JOB PRINTING BUSINESS will hereafter be conducted at the same place, by Mr. JOHN T. SHYROCK, to whom I would most cordially recommend all my friends. W. H. HACKE.

jy13:3td&1tw*

House of Refuge.

PROPOSALS will be received until 6 o'clock, P. M., of the 26th day of July, at the Office of J. W. Kerr, Architect, for the construction of the House of Refuge. Plans and Specifications will be exhibited one week previous to the time of letting.

Bids may be made for the following items, separately, viz: Lumber, delivered on the Ground—Grading; Stone Work; Brick Work; Iron Work; Plastering; Painting; Carpenter Work, &c. Also, for a gross sum for the entire work.

GEORGE DARSIE,
JAMES ANDERSON,
J. R. MORRHEAD,
GEO. WEYMAN,
JAMES CHAMBERS,
Building Committee.

jy12:3td

Second and Final Sale of Lots.

AT WILKINSBURG, at PUBLIC AUCTION—ON SATURDAY, the 17th of July, REIS & CURLING will dispose of the remaining portion of their Wilkinsburg property, embracing—

30 Building Lots—large size;
6 One Acre Lots;
1 Five Acre Lot;
1 Five and a Half Acre Lot;
1 Four Acre Lot;
1 Two story Brick Dwelling House, with out houses, situate in the centre of the borough;
Also, 12 Lots adjoining the above.

Terms—One-fifth cash, balance in five semi-annual payments.

Title indisputable, and free of all incumbrances.

A special train of cars will leave the inner Depot, on Liberty street, at 8½ o'clock, P. M., returning at 6 o'clock conveying persons free of charge.

jy13:3t [Charge Union.]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ BLACK TEA.—For the best Oolong Tea in Pittsburgh, at 50c. ₱ lb., go to the Pekin Tea Store, 38 Fifth street, where the very best Black and Green Teas can always be had. [jy9

H. ABEL,
(SUCCESSOR OF G. W. RUNDLE,)
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 144 Smithfield street.

OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 1, and 2 to 5. my3:tyj

☞ Meets above the O'Reilly Telegraph Office, corner of Third and Wood streets, every Monday evening. apr28

☞ **Angerona Lodge, I. O. of O. F.**—The Angerona Lodge, No. 229, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood street. [ja11y

☞ **I. O. of O. F.**—Piece of Meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between 5th and Virgin Alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 336—Meets every Tuesday evening.

MERCANTILE ENCAMPMENT, No. 87—Meets 1st and 3d Friday of each month. mar2—1y

Chamberlin's Commercial College, corner of Market and Third streets. Book-keeping, Penmanship and Mercantile Computation taught from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. Persons desiring thorough instruction in any of the above named branches, are requested to call and learn the particulars.

Ladies meet from 3 to 5 P. M. [jy7

DENTAL SURGERY,
W. F. FUNDENBERG, M. D.,
No. 151 THIRD STREET,

☞ A few doors above Smithfield street. Office up stairs. Dr. F. has been connected with the establishment of Dr. Hallihan, of Wheeling, for the last five years. [apr