Daily Morning Post.

LUCKY HAYES.....THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING:.....JULY 7.

☞ NO NORTH, NO SOUTH, NO EAST, NO WEST UNDER THE CONSTITUTION; BUT A SACRED MAIN TAINANCE OF THE COMMON BOND AND TRUE DEVOTION TO THE COMMON BROTHERHOOD.!—*Franklin Pierce.*

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

GEN. FRANKLIN PIERCE,
OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,
OF ALABAMA:

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER:

COL. WILLIAM SEARIGHT,
OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
GEORGE W. WOODWARD.
WILSON McCANDLESS.
Gen. R. PATTERSON.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

District.	District.
1st, Peter Logan.	13th, H. C. Eyer.
2d, George R. Martin.	14th, John Clayton.
3d, John Miller.	15th, Isaac Robinson.
4th, F. W. Bockius.	16th, Henry Fetter.
5th, R. McCoy, Jr.	17th, James Burnside.
6th, A. Stein.	18th, Maxwell M'Caslin.
7th, Hon. N Strickland.	19th, Gen Jos. M'Donald
8th, A. Peters.	20th, Wm. S. Calahan.
9th, David Fister.	21st, Andrew Burke.
10th, R. E. James.	22d, William Dunn.
11th, John M'Reynolds.	23d, John S. M'Calmont.
12th, P. Damon.	24th, George R. Barret.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS—TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT,
P. C. SHANNON, Pittsburgh.

FOR STATE SENATE,
JOHN BARTON, Pittsburgh.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
SAMUEL FLEMING, Pittsburgh,
A. J. GRIBBEN, Pittsburgh,
GEORGE F. GILMORE, Lawrenceville,
SAMUEL McKEE, Birmingham,
J. C. STEWART, Plum township.

SHERIFF,
CHARLES KENT, Pittsburgh.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JACOB TOMER, Pittsburgh.

CORONER,
JACOB McCOLLISTER, Pittsburgh.

AUDITOR,
STEPHEN WOOD.

PROTHONOTARY,
EDWARD McCORKLE, Indiana township.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
PATRICK McKENNA, Pittsburgh.

Re-Assembling of the State Democratic Convention of 1852.

In pursuance with a resolution adopted by the Democratic State Central Committee of Pennsylvania, the delegates to the State Convention of March 4th, 1852, are requested to re-assemble at the Capitol, at HARRISBURG, on THURSDAY, the 26th day of August, A. D. 1852, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

W. L. HIRST, Chairman.

WM. CURTIS, WM. H. WELSH, } Secretaries.

☞ JOB PRINTING, of every description, executed at the office of the *Morning Post* in beautiful style, and on the lowest terms. Particular attention paid to the printing of Posters and Programmes for Concerts and Exhibitions of all kinds.

THE PITTSBURGH DAILY COURIER—GERMAN—will be issued this morning, under the auspices of J. G. BACKOFEN & Co. We are confident that it will be acceptible to every German reader, and we wish it to receive a liberal support. When we read the first number, we will give it a more lengthy notice; at present we commend it, with all sincerity, to a liberal support from our German friends.

NEW FIRM.

Messrs. ANDERSON & TINDLE, under the name of ANDERSON & Co., have purchased the well-known Confectionary establishment and Fruitery at No. 6, Wood street, formerly conducted by Joshua Rhoades & Co. Messrs. Anderson & Tindle are gentlemen well known to our citizens, and who cannot fail to receive a liberal patronage from all who desire to purchase articles in their line.

Locofoco Sneers.

The Pittsburgh Post in commenting upon the Whig nomination, says of Gen. SCOTT:

"He has served his country gallantly in the wars; he has with great clearness instructed his subordinate Generals, such as Pierce, Pillow, Shields, &c., how to mount the deadly breach, and win glorious victories; and in consideration of former services, it is cruel on the part of those who are now using him, and praise him, and will necessarily make him appear very ridiculous before the people."

Such, says the Cleveland Herald, is the language of an editor whose idol is James Buchanan, a man who in 1812 declared "if he had a drop of Democratic blood in his veins he would prick them and let it out."

The comment on our paragraph by the Herald is in keeping with the mendacious policy of whiggery. It reiterates a falsehood originated by itself—we mean the whig party—and we defy them to prove from any reliable record that James Buchanan ever made the remark attributed to him by the Herald. It is one of the base inventions of the enemies of this great man uttered many years ago, and never noticed by himself until it came from a man who had some reputation on account of his position.—Mr. Buchanan then attended to it in a proper manner, and the truth of his indignant denial of the foul charge, was triumphantly corroborated by a large number of his fellow-citizens, who had known him from boyhood, and had heard the speech, in which it is alleged, the offensive remark should have been made. If the Herald desires to preserve the slightest portion of a reputation for veracity, it will produce some proof of its charge against one of the greatest statesmen in the country, or acknowledge that it has slandered him grossly.

The Louisville Courier also takes a fling at the same paragraph, and utters its indignation as follows:

Such a worshipper of Anti-Americanism has the impudence to insinuate that Scott instructed his "subordinate Generals, such as Pierce, Pillow, Shields, &c., how to mount the deadly breach," and win him victories! Such a sneer is infamous. The person of our gallant leader is scarred all over with wounds received when horses were shot under him and dead men fell around him. Hissvvices upon the field are not registered by wounds received from the fall of his horse, for in the thickest of the fight, the tall White plume was waving, and beneath it was a Man. The Post affects pity for Winfield Scott. Such a buzzing fly upon a wheel of Whig progression will hardly stay its onward course."

We have no desire to stir up the wrath of this hot-headed Louisvillian, and will at once admit that Gen. Scott *did not instruct* "Pierce, Pillow, Shields, &c., how to mount the deadly breach and win him victories." They knew how *to do it themselves* without his instructions, and they did do it in a manner that reflected much credit upon the "tall White plume," which was never seen to wave in any of the terrific shocks in front of the enemy they had to encounter. We hope this apology will calm the indignation of the Courier, and in its acknowledgement, we hope it will inform us in which of the great battles fought in Mexico, that same "tall White plume" faced a little of the dangers that the humbler epaulettes of the Generals we have mentioned, had to encounter!

HARMONIOUS WHIGGERY.

WASHINGTON CITY, June 26, 1852.

The Boston *Post* of Tuesday week contained the following special notice, inserted by some of the dissatisfied Whigs of that city. It is published *verbatim*, capitals, italics, and all:

GRAND
Rejection Meeting!

☞ THE WHIGS OF SUFFOLK COUNTY, (Boston, Chelsea, North Chelsea and Winthrop,) opposed, for the present, to sustaining the nomination made at Baltimore on Monday, 21st inst., and in favor of carrying out the wishes of a MAJORITY of the Whigs of the Union, should it be found practicable, are invited, one and all, to assemble in FANEUIL HALL, on WEDNESDAY, July 7th, at 8 o'clock P. M. A glorious meeting is expected; *one that cannot fail to do honor to the Whigs of the whole country*, and may redress the wrongs that have been done them by the late doings and decision in the Convention at Baltimore. [je29

The meeting is to be held to-day, and by due course of the telegraph or mail, we will ascertain what they will have done for the honor of the Whig party.

The meeting is to be held in Faneuil Hall, the place that many Whigs are pleased to consider the "Cradle of Liberty," when they desire to carry out some of their schemes, and the Hall that has so often reverberated to the thrilling eloquence of the great statesman of Massachusetts. But, we predict, it will be a failure, much as the Whigs of the Bay State may profess to love the "God-like Daniel." They professed the same feeling towards the great Father of their party, HENRY CLAY, but when he passed away and escaped their treachery, a call for a public meeting in this city, to do honor to his memory, could not bring together a sufficient number of Whigs to officer a meeting. We apprehend that it will be just so at the Whig meeting in Boston to-day: Henry Clay has gone to his long account, and the Whigs of Pittsburgh refuse to do honor to his memory; Webster has been politically killed in the Whig slaughter-house, and the proposed meeting in Faneuil Hall will lay him out cold for the balance of his political days. He is packed; and the odor that arises from the "flesh-pots" is more agreeable to Whig olfactories than the wasted scent of his eloquence.

In connection with the call for this meeting, we may publish the following from the N. Y. *Mirror*. That paper says:

"We are in possession of numerous communications from all parts and sections of the country, calling for the meeting of a National Convention of Union Men, without distinction of party, for the purpose of nominating Daniel Webster for the Presidency. The "United Order of Americans" have called a Convention, to be held next week, with this object in view. The friends of the movement hope to throw the election into the House, where, they say, Daniel Webster will fare better than in the Baltimore Convention. New England is moving in this direction; and in a few days we shall see some very decided developments towards the laying of the foundation of an American Union party."

GEN. ROBINSON'S PROTEST.

In the Philadelphia *North American* of Thursday last, we find a long letter addressed by Gen. ROBINSON to the President and Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, protesting, in the most emphatic language, against the proposed subscription on the part of the Philadelphia Councils, and the Pennsylvania Railroad to the Hempfield Railroad Company. The protest is a very able paper, and scatters to the four winds the ridiculous pretentions of the Hempfield humbug. It is perfectly overwhelming and unanswerable, and will be a tall feather in the General's cap. He shows conclusively that the Hempfield scheme possesses no claims whatever to recommend it to the favor and support of the people of Philadelphia, and the Central Railroad, would be acting in bad faith towards the citizens of Pittsburgh, and the county of Allegheny, to encourage that measure. Gen. R. argues that a railroad from Washington to Pittsburgh would accomplish all, and more, than can be accomplished by the Greensburg branch, which will be a very expensive undertaking, as it must of necessity cross two rivers, the Monongahela and Youghiogheny, and any number of mountains and hills. He says:

"But supposing, for a moment, that it was of importance to connect your road with Wheeling, it is but 30 miles thence to Washington, thence to Pittsburgh, 25 miles, thence to Greensburg, 31 miles—in all 86 miles via Pittsburgh to Greensburg, against 79 miles by their own showing from Wheeling to Greensburg, with but 50 miles of Railroad from Wheeling to Pittsburgh to construct, against 79 miles by the Hempfield route."

That's the way to talk. A direct railroad from Pittsburgh to Washington can be made at less than one half the cost of the Hempfield from Washington to Greensburgh, and it is bound to do a large and profitable business, thus benefiting both Pittsburgh and Philadelphia. If the Directors of the P. R. R. have the slightest apprehensions that the B. & O. R. R. will be a formidable competitor for the business of the Ohio river below Wheeling, let them at once take an active part in the construction of the Pittsburgh, Washington and Wheeling Railroad, and then we can assure them their fears will all be at an end.

THE PURSE AND THE SWORD.

Some years ago when the patriot JACKSON was a candidate for the Presidency, every Federal (they had not adopted the name "Whig" then) paper in the land rung with the notes of alarm, because they were apprehensive that the old hero was about to seize the "purse and the sword," and thereby destroy the liberties of the people! But of late years when the Whig party has dropped all principles, "kicked conscience to the devil," and has been running after and worshipping military idols, we hear no more from them about "the purse and the sword."

Gen. SCOTT, in his ridiculous letter accepting the nomination of the Whig Convention for the Presidency, says that if elected, he will recommend that our naturalization laws be no amended as to give "all foreigners the right of citizenship who shall faithfully serve, in time of war, one year on board of our public ships, or in our land forces, regular or volunteer," &c.

Here the grand idea of a military despotism is clearly held out. "*Equal and exact justice to all men*" is the democratic sentiment; but the fife and drum candidate of the Whigs would exclude all foreigners from the right of citizenship, (see his letter of Nov. 10, 1841,) unless they happened to be in the military service of the country! The honest Irish and German laborers and tillers of the soil are regarded as an inferior race of beings, treated with contempt, and their rights trampled upon, by the plumed, laced and spurred candidate of whiggery, who wishes to place the military before the civil power of the country.

Gen. SCOTT understands military tactics very well; but every letter he writes he only makes himself more and more ridiculous. We know the Whigs are heartily ashamed of the many follies and fantastic tricks enacted by him, and unless they appoint a committee to revise his epistles, he will certainly *write himself to death!*

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

We call attention to the advertisement of our young friend AUSTIN LOOMIS, who has opened a Real Estate Agency at No. 92 Fourth street.—Mr. L. is admirably qualified to attend to the branch of business he has embarked in, being honest, energetic and attentive. Those who entrust business to him, we unhesitatingly say, will have it well attended to. We heartily recommend him to the favor and patronage of our friends.

☞ H. MISER & Co., Smithfield street, have received the life of General FRANKLIN PIERCE, the Granite Statesman, with a Biographical Sketch of the Hon. WILLIAM RUFUS KING, Vice President of the United States. All those nice little starched up Whigs, who are anxious to find out who Gen. PIERCE is, should purchase this work, and it may possibly enlighten their understandings.

ITEMS FOR POLITICIANS.

James Lyons, John R. Chamblin, and Hunter H. Marshall, whig candidates for electors in Virginia, refuse to serve in consequence of the nomination of Scott.

The New York *Day Book*, (Webster Whig) says that New York will go Democratic by at least 10,000 majority.

Some of the ardent Democrats "down east," delighted with the nomination of the gallant son of New Hampshire, insist upon calling him the "Eagle of the North." As he will guard the national treasury with an eagle eye and power, there is propriety in the designation.

At a Scott party given at one of our private houses in this village, on Tuesday evening, says the Lockport *Democrat*, a vote was taken, which resulted as follows:—Gen. Frank Pierce, 10; Gen. Scott, 4.

The Whig Bolters, South, are rallying, and the Telegraph report is, that they will make a dead assault against Scott. Georgia, North Carolina, Tennessee and Kentucky, they swear shall not go for him; nor any one Southern State.

The whigs call Gen. Pierce a "third-rate lawyer." The same party once styled Mr. Polk "the *Duck River Pettifogger!*"

The pictorial life of General Scott contains an illustration of a robber in the act of stealing! We suppose the fellow is a *Galphin*.

The Webster papers continue to hit at Gen. Scott. He "fights better than he writes," says one of them. "In appropriateness, simplicity and felicity of expression, the latter (Scott) is far behind that of Mr. Pierce," exclaims the Boston Traveler.

The New York Mirror, Whig, in noticing the letters of the Democratic nominees accepting the nominations, says: "They are both open, manly expressions, every way worthy the chosen leaders of a powerful and intelligent party. The writers of such letters have to be beaten by other weapons than lies and vulgarity."

The Chicago Advertizer says "there is nothing that Seward would take so much pleasure in, as to dissolve the Union, had he the power of so doing!" This is rather a hard thrust from a paper which supports Seward's candidate for the Presidency, Gen. Scott.

The great split in the whig party is thus "strung out" by an exchange:

"They stand aloof, the scars remaining
Like cliffs that have been rent asunder,
A dreary sea now flows between,
And neither heat, nor frost nor thunder."
Nor ought of earth, except 'were *plunder*,
Can bring these fragments back again.

The N. Y *Tribune* advises its friends not to bet on Gen. Scott, because it is pernicious to risk money in that way, and says it isn't safe either, because it isn't right.

The editor of the Baltimore *Whig* said, a day or two before the Whig nomination took place, if Gen Scott is nominated, he will be "nominated with the certainty, written out as plain as the scorching sun over head, that he cannot carry a single State south of Mason and Dixon's line." This is pretty strong from a Whig editor—and the editor of the *Whig*.

NEWS ITEMS.

The steamer Whirlwind ran into the Paul Anderson in Cape Girardeau Bend, and was badly injured. She had nearly all her upper works on starboard side carried away. The Paul Anderson was not injured.

A canal boat named Gen. Scott, sunk in White water canal, on the very day that the General was nominated for the Presidency. It is said that "coming events cast their shadows before."

Joshua Brick, of Cumberland county, a leading Whig of West Jersey, and one of the Taylor electors in 1844, is out for Pierce and King, and will exert himself for their election.

Fleas manifest their good *taste*, by usually afflicting only the fair sex. Rather ungallant though for the fleas.

Valuable lots of U. S. Mineral Lands will be offered at public sale at the Ste. Marie Land Office, on the 29th of July next.

C. F. Adams presided over the free soil convention at Dedham, and F. W. Bird, Wm. Jackson and F. A. Kingsbury were chosen delegates to the Pittsburgh Convention.

The total loss by fire in Boston for the first half of the year 1852 is estimated at a quarter of a million of dollars, nearly a hundred thousand dollars more than during the same period in 1851.

Wm. Lauler was arrested on Sunday last, for committing an assault and battery, with intent to kill upon the person of Jno. McCabe, at Black Galley, near Minersville.

The Coinage at the Mint in Philadelphia for the month of June, 1852, amounted to $4,346,303 88, and the deposits during the same period to $6,087,000.

A new paper called "The News," has been started in San Francisco, of which J. B. Crockett, editor of the St. Louis Intelligencer, who is now in San Francisco, is spoken of as the editor.

Horace Greeley says: "It needs no logic to tell us that the grog-shops have more influence over the police and aldermen than the police and aldermen have over the grog-shops."

It is said that a two column obituary notice of Henry Clay has been standing in type at the office of a New York paper for two months past.

A Physician was carried to the insane asylum, in Jacksonville, Illinois, in chains, the victim of the spiritual rappings; and a respectable lady, in Lazewell county, is insane from the same cause.

☞ Obscurity and mediocrity have never been considered by the Whig party, in selecting their nominations.—*New Haven Courier.*

Never! They have frequently adopted both, without any apparent consideration.—*Hartford Times.*

We place, this morning, at the head of our columns a name that has never been beaten.—*Providence Journal.*

Fought the battle of Queenstown, *and was taken prisoner* 13th of October, 1812.—*Salem Gazette.*

The above extracts are from two Whig papers. We would advise the Salem Gazette not to cast any reflection upon Gen. Scott's military reputation, for two reasons. 1. As a military commander he has done his duty well, and deserves praise, not censure. 2. It is all the capital that he has to work with in this Presidental campaign, and it is ungenerous in Whig papers to attempt to rob him of any part of it.—*Hartford Times.*

☞ *Our Country*, the especial organ of Daniel Webster, published in Boston, contains the following

MODEL SCOTT LETTER.

"_____fire_____shot
_____bang_____blast
attack_____storm_____camp fires
_____battle fields
glory_____gas
_____gunpowder
_____hurrah
_____and thunder."

A GRAND SIGHT.—The telegraphic wires were struck near Galena, last week, by atmospheric lightning, and melted for about three hundred yards, and more or less injured for half a mile. A spectator who saw the stroke describes the electrical exhibition as a chain of fire stretched both ways as far as he could see across the landscape.

☞ There was a full moon on the 1st of July, and there will be another on the 31st—a circumstance that has not occurred since 1776, when there was a full moon on the 1st and on the 30th.

WASHINGTON CITY, June 26, 1852.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Daily Post:

GENTLEMEN: The late Whig Convention at Baltimore has made it impossible for any one who sincerely sympathizes with the cause of freedom in Europe, to support the nominees of that Convention; because, by adopting a platform containing principles relative to the foreign policy of this country, which must be very acceptable to the European despots and altogether contrary to the hopes of their victims—the Whig Convention pursued a course which every friend of European freedom cannot but disapprove and condemn.

Instead of applauding the generous sentiments which the American people have, on a thousand occasions, evinced for their oppressed brethren on the other side of the Atlantic waves, the whig party undertook, in an indirect manner, to pass a sentence of censure upon the popular feeling, in this respect—though so very honorable to this nation and deserving of the highest praise. But nothing better could be expected from a party, the majority of whose leaders consists of moneyed aristocrats and of men, in their hearts, despising republican equality and democratic principles.

Let it be proclaimed throughout this vast country—that Gen. Scott and the Hon. William A. Graham stand upon a platform embodying principles tending to secure the power of the despots of Europe and to frustrate the hopes of the champions of European liberty.

Let it also be proclaimed throughout the whole civilized world, that the platform of the Democratic party does contain nothing tending to guarantee the stability of despotic rule, or to make the oppressed nations of Europe apprehensive of being deprived of the sympathy of this mighty people.

Let it be known everywhere that the Whig party has bound itself to remain inactive spectators whatever enormities the European princes may commit against their people; while, on the other hand, the Democrats have left open to themselves to step forth—when they please—in aid of those nations that shall have risen in vindication of their freedom.

This known, how were it possible for any sincere friend of the cause of European liberty to hesitate between supporting the Whig party—that, in reality, has made itself subservient to the wishes of the despots in Europe—or siding with the Democrats who have put themselves in a position bidding defiance to the powerful enemies of popular freedom and republican institutions? No, every one who hates tyranny and wishes for the enfranchisement of the downtrodden European nations, must necessarily turn their backs upon the Whig party and lend a cheerful support to the Democratic nominees who stand before the American people as the eminent champions of a party that has remained faithful to the glorious principles proclaimed by Jefferson.

I do not intend to deny the eminent military qualities of General Scott—but we should be very ignorant of history and of the requisites that constitutes a great captain—were we not to smile at the exaggerated praises bestowed upon him by his admirers and flatterers.

The truth is that he is a brave soldier, still certainly not as brave as was Charles XII of Sweden—but General Scott no more than the royal hero deserved to be called—a *first rate* General. Did, however, General Scott possess all the military genius of Julius Cæsar and Napoleon—he would not, on that account, be more fit for the office of Chief Magistrate of this Republic. It is his abilities as a statesman, and his political principles, that ought to be considered, and I do not hesitate in affirming that, in these respects, he will be found, on a close examination, very deficient, and not at all comparable with General Franklin Pierce.

Those who have read with attention the memoirs of General Wilkinson, under whose command Gen. Scott served, on several occasions, cannot but doubt the integrity of the latter, and feel themselves convinced that he made himself at least guilty of ingratitude and duplicity, in his conduct, towards his chief.

We see also, from the same memoirs that General Scott, while a captain, was sentenced by a court martial "*to one years suspension from ranks, pay and emoluments*," on account of his drawing two months of his company's pay and withholding it from the men, still without fraudulent intentions, and for speaking disrespectfully of the commanding General.

General Wilkinson informs us also, that there were no veterans of Wellington's present in the battles of Chippewa and Bridgewater; and proves, consequently that the eulogists of General Scott have not hesitated in propagating fictious tales of wonderful achievements in order to exalt their favorite in public opinion.

There are other incidents in the life of General Scott, related in General Wilkinson's memoirs, of little credit to the former; but as coming from a witness who might be deemed not free from malice—it is proper to pass them over in silence. But the parts above given are established by evidence that cannot be refuted; and ought consequently to be made known, in order to make the American people somewhat better acquainted with the antecedent life of the Whig nominee for the Presidency, that what they seem to have been who conferred the nomination upon him.

But we are in no necessity to go to the enemies of General Scott in order to prove that he holds principles contrary to those advocated by the most illustrious men of the Democratic party—and in opposition to the liberal spirit which animated the glorious framers of the American constitution. His own words, and his own letters, furnish us with sufficient evidence of his illiberal views and anti-democratic principles.

Did not General Scott in 1841, write a letter in which he avowed himself opposed to the admittance of foreigners to American citizenship? And is this avowal not the strongest proof of a narrow mind, and of a soul hostile to the noblest ideas set forth in the Democratic creed?

It is a presumptious attempt of the Whig party, to present such a man before the American people as a candidate for the highest gift within its power. It is indeed, no less than an insult to them for a moment, to suppose, that they will condescend to the presidential dignity, a man who has evinced open hostility to principles which they have cheerfully supported from the very time they become a free nation.

In regard to the adopted citizens, I feel sure that few will be found so forgetful of their own dignity as to vote for General Scott, who, if consistent to the opinion he expressed in the letter above quoted, and which he confessed that he then had held for seven years, must deem them unworthy to exercise the rights of American citizens. No, we may be assured that they will raise as one man to oppose the election of an arrogant military chieftain, who has gained his laurels far more by the undaunted courage of his soldiers, than by any superior abilities of his own. More anon on this subject.

Respectfully, yours,
G. C. H.

Fables for Grown Children.

Gen. Taylor introduced the fashion of illustrating politics from fables of Æsop. The Albany Atlas, accordingly, points out the moral of Gen. Scott's two letters on Native Americanism, by the following quotation from the same authority:

THE MAN WHO BLEW HOT AND COLD.

Once upon a time, a Satyr from the woods approached the ruins of a temple in the Grecian city of Philadelphia, which had some time before been burned by the barbarians, and beheld a soldier, blowing the smouldering embers for the purpose of kindling a fire.

"Why dost thou blow the coals with thy breath?" asked the curious Satyr.

"In order to create a great heat," said the soldier, "so that I may cook me a plate of soup."

The soup being cooked, the soldier, in his haste to take a plate, spilled the boiling liquid and burned his fingers; whereupon, being again proceeding to eat, he commenced violently blowing the dish of soup.

"Why dost thou blow thy porridge?" again asked the curious Satyr.

"What! dost thou blow hot and cold with the same breath?" cried the indignant Satyr. "I will punish thee;" and thereupon he seized the hat and feathers of the soldier, and tore them, and holding him over the flames, made him cruelly suffer from the fire in the rear; after which, seizing his sword, he *pierced* him through and through.

MORAL.—Never blow hot and cold with the same breath in the presence of gentlemen from the rural districts.

☞ Gen. BOWMAN of the Bedford *Gazette* pertinently remarks: Every Coon who brands Gen. Pierce with *cowardice*, charges Gen. Scott with deliberate falsehood—with downright lying—because in his official reports he endorsed Gen. Pierce as a "gallant soldier." We ask Democrats to bear this in mind, and throw it in the teeth of whiggery whenever they give utterance to the vile slander.

MR. WEBSTER.

The Boston *Courier* gives the speech of Mr. Webster, on being roused from his slumbers at Washington in the night, the long night of the whig nomination. The *Courier* is Webster's organ, and the fact that the little gem is thrown out by Mr. Webster to the public in an authoritive shape, shows which way the wind blows—so we think. But no matter for that; just look at the pearl found in that Scott oyster affair at Baltimore. We published a day or two ago, Gen. Scott's speech and his letter; we now publish Daniel Webster's impromptu remarks! O, ye whigs—ye blind and halt of the party—ye Scotts and Sewards, look on this picture and then on that!—*Detroit Free Press.*

I thank you, fellow citizens, for this friendly and respectful call.

I am very glad to see you; some of you have been engaged in an arduous public duty at Baltimore, the object of your meeting being the selection of a fit person to be supported for the office of President of the United States. Others of you take an interest in the result of the deliberations of that assembly of whigs.

It so happened that my name among others was presented on the occasion; another candidate, however, was preferred.

I have only to say gentlemen, that the Convention did, I doubt not, what it thought best, and exercised its discretion in the important matter committed to it.

The result has caused me no personal feeling whatever, nor any change of conduct or purpose. What I have been, I am, in principle and in character, and what I am I hope to continue to be. Circumstances or opponents may triumph over my temper or my self respect.

Gentlemen, this is a serene and beautiful night. Ten thousand thousands of the lights of Heaven illuminate the firmament. They rule the night. A few hours hence their glory will be extinguished.

"Ye stars that glitter in the skies,
And gaily dance before my eyes,
What are ye when the sun shall rise?"

Gentlemen, there is not one among you, who will sleep better to-night than I shall. If I wake, I shall rise in the morning, God willing, with the lark; and though the lark is a better songster than I am, yet he will not leave the dew and the daisies, and spring upward to greet the purpling east, with a more blithe and jocund spirit than I shall possess.

Gentlemen, I again repeat my thanks for this mark of your respect, and, commend you to the enjoyment of a quiet and satisfactory repose.

May God bless you all.

WHIG REJECTION MEETING.—We copy from the Boston Courier, of Tuesday, the following call for a Whig rejection meeting to be held in Faneuil Hall on the 7th of July:

"The Whigs of Sussex county, (Boston, Chelsea, North Chelsea, and Winthrop,) opposed, for the present, to sustaining the nominations made at Baltimore on Monday, 21st inst., and in favor of carrying out the wishes of a MAJORITY of the Whigs of the Union, should it be found practicable, are invited, one and all, to assemble in Faneuil Hall, on Wednesday, July 7, at 8 o'clock P M. A glorious meeting is expected—one that cannot fail to do honor to the Whigs of the whole country, and may redress the wrongs that have been done them by the late doings and decisions in the convention at Baltimore."

MR. CLAY AND MR. CRITTENDEN.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia North American states that all causes of misunderstanding and misapprehension between Mr. Clay and Mr. Crittenden, arising from their political relations, were happily and satisfactorily adjusted more than two weeks ago. Mr. Clay took occasion to make an announcement to this effect to his friends, and to explain to them that Mr. Crittenden had suffered injustice at their hands.

EMIGRATION FOR JUNE.—The total number of emigrants who arrived at the port of New York, during the month of June, was 49,226; of these, 15,877 were from Ireland, and 22,389 from Germany. In the month of June, last year, the arrivals were 34,402; showing an increase this year of 14,823.

J. C. ANDERSON.....MINAS TINDLE

☞ J. C. ANDERSON and MINAS TINDLE have this day entered into partnership, under the firm and style of J. ANDERSON & CO., in the Wholesale Fruit and Confectionary business, at No. 6 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Having disposed of my entire interest in the Wholesale Fruit and Confectionary business to Messrs. J. C. Anderson & Co., I take pleasure in recommending them to my former friends and customers; and hope for a continuation of the liberal patronage bestowed on me.

JOSHUA RHODES.

jy7:tf

H. AHL,
(SUCCESSOR OF G. W. RIDDLE,)
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 144 Smithfield street.
my3:ly

F. S. Cleaver's 'Prize Medal' Honey Soap.

☞ The beneficial effects of this healthful application during the Spring and Summer seasons, are matters which are daily attested by the thousands who use it. Its cooling and anodyne properties during there months; its happy effects in immediately opening and cleansing the pores of the skin, and imparting a degree of elasticity and freshness, are so notorious, that it is now considered almost superfluous to mention these facts.

For sale by J. KIDD & CO.,
60 Wood street.

Wholesale Agents for Pittsburgh and its vicinity. Also, for sale, at all Dispensing Drug Stores. [jy2

"It Gives General Satisfaction."

☞ So say all the dealers in M'Lane's Vermifuge, and so also may the proprietors say as they are daily receiving certificates so numerous that to print them would fill a volume. But what is the use of further certificates to a medicine that has become so universal! Let the names of a few of its approvers suffice:—

Mr. George Maxwell, of August, Carrol county, has used it in his family with the best effects.

J. H. Cutter, a respectable merchant of Louisville, after having used others without effect, administered a dose of M'Lane's Vermifuge, which completely removed the worms.

It has also been used with success in the families of the following persons:—

Pittsburgh and vicinity—James Stanton, Pennsylvania Avenue; Mary J. Stratton, Mary Stratton; Sarah Harbinger, Manchester; Margaret Lindsay do; Jas. Burke and Agnes Burke, Squirrel Hill.

For sale by most Merchants and Druggists in town and country, and by the sole Proprietors,

J. KIDD & CO.,
60 Wood street.

jy2:d1w1w

MARRIED:

On Monday, the 5th day of July, instant, by Alderman Buckmaster, of the Second Ward, Pittsburgh, Mr. WILLIAM CARR, of Baldwin township, to Miss MARY ROOK, of South Pittsburgh.

DIED:

On the afternoon of the 3d, Mr. JACOB SMITH, aged 43 years. ☞ Greensburgh papers please copy.

Yesterday afternoon, about 3 o'clock, Mrs. SOPHIA SHAW, widow of the late Phillip Shaw, deceased.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, THIS EVENING, at 4 o'clock, from the residence of George Warner, Penn street, Ninth Ward.

BLACK TEA.—For the best Oolong Tea in Pittsburgh, at 50c. ₱ lb., go to the Pekin Tea Store, 68 Fifth st., where the very best Black and Green Teas can always be had. [jy7

TO CURE SUMMER COMPLAINT—Use Dr. Jayne's Carminative Balsam. It is the most complete, safe and efficient remedy in the world. For sale at the

PEKIN TEA STORE,
No. 68 Fifth street.

Austin Loomis,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Merchandize, Stock and Bill Broker, Office, No. 92 Fourth street, (above Wood). The subscriber having opened an Office at the above place, for the purpose of negotiating Loans, Bills, Notes, Bonds, Mortgages, and all other instruments for the security of money, and for the purchase and sale of Stocks. Will also give prompt and particular attention to buying, selling, renting of and leasing Real Estate.

jy7 AUSTIN LOOMIS.

SPLENDID SECOND HAND FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—On Monday, July 12th, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold, at McCarney's Auction House, on account of whom it may concern, to pay advance, one Sofa, six Mahogany Chairs, one lot of Carpet, one lot of Oil Cloth, one Card Table, and four Venitian Blinds. Those interested will take notice, that the above Goods will be sold, if not redeemed, before the day of sale. W. G. M'CARTNEY, Auctr.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE IN THE CITY FOR SALE.—A desirable property of 42 feet on Fayette street, Allegheny, by 134 feet deep on J. Bayley's lane, to a 15 feet alley. A two story house, with a fine porch in front, a wide hall, two parlors, dining room, kitchen and cellar, three chambers, and yard, pump of good soft water, large back porch, flower garden, with fruit and shade trees. All in good order and agreeable location. Immediate possession if required. Price $3300. Terms—$500 in hand; balance, $300 a year.

S. CUTTBERT, General Agent,
60 Smithfield street.

STOCKS FOR SALE—19 shares Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad;
2 shares Marine Railway and Dry Dock;
20 do Minnesota Mining Company;
50 do Norwich Mining Company;
A. WILKINS & CO.,
Stock and Exchange Brokers,
75 Fourth street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ Quarterly Meeting of the Horticultural Society.—The Horticultural Society will meet at the Board of Brokers' Room, on Wednesday, July 7th, at 11 A. M.

JENNY WOODS,
Secretary.

jy5:2td

U. A. O. D.

☞ Meets above the O'Reilly Telegraph Office, corner of Third and Wood streets, every Monday evening.

apr29 W. S. ROSS, Sec.

☞ Angerona Lodge, I. O. of O. F.—The Angerona Lodge, No. 229, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood street

je4:ly.

☞ I. O. of O. F.—Place of Meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between 5th and Virgin Alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 256—Meets every Tuesday evening.

MONONGAHELA ENCAMPMENT, No. 57—Meets 1st and 3d Friday of each month. mar25—1y

☞ Wanted.—A few men of thorough business habits and good address, for a safe and respectable business; it is a business that requires no capital but good character, business habits and energy. To men with the above qualifications a permanent business and the best of wages will be given. Apply or address No. 59 *Smithfield street*, corner of Third. [*Iprcis*]

Collecting, Bill Posting, &c.

JOHN M'COMBY

☞ Attends to Collecting, Bill Posting, Distributing Cards and Circulars for Parties, &c., &c.

Orders left at the Office of the Morning Post, or at Holmes' Periodical Store, Third st., will be promptly attended to. [my21:ly

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Hartford, Conn.
Capital Stock.....$300,000
Assets.....$89,172

Office of the Pittsburgh Agency in the Store Room of M'Curdy & Loomis, No. 52 Wood street.

nov4:tf R. H. BEESON, Agent.

Ladies' Classes—Duff's College.

☞ IN PENMANSHIP, CARD WRITING AND DRAWING, under Mr. J. D. WILLIAMS, and Mr. F. SLATAPER, and in all the higher branches of an English and Classical Education, under Mr. P. HAYDEN. Two spacious rooms have recently been elegantly fitted up for their special accommodation. Call and see the arrangements. [apr5

Nelson's Daguerreotypes,
Post Office Buildings, Third Street.

LIKENESSES taken in all weathers, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M., giving an accurate artistic and animate likeness, unlike and vastly superior to the "common cheap daguerreotypes," at the following cheap prices:—$1,50, $2.00, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00 and upward, according to the size and quality of case or frame.

☞ Hours for children, from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

N B.—Likenesses of sick or diseased persons taken in any part of the city. [nov22:ly

☞ DEAFNESS, noises in the head, and all disagreeable discharges from the ear, specially and permanently removed without pain or inconvenience, by Dr. HARTLEY, Principal Aurist of the N. Y. Ear Surgery, who may be consulted at 99 ARCH street, Philadelphia, from 9 to 3 o'clock.

Thirteen years close and almost undivided attention to this branch of special practice has enabled him to reduce his treatment to such a degree of success as to find the most confirmed and obstinate cases yield by a steady attention to the means prescribed. [au20

CURTAINS, CURTAIN MATERIALS,
AND
Curtain Trimmings of Every Description

☞ Furniture Plushes, Brocatelles, &c., Lace and Muslin Curtains; N. Y. Painted Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Pins, Bands, &c. &c.,

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
W. H. CARRYL, 169 Chestnut St., cor. Fifth,
PHILADELPHIA.

☞ *Curtains Made and Trimmed in the Newest French Style.* [m29:ly

STATE MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
HARRISBURG, PA.
CAPITAL,