Daily Morning Post.

LECKY HARPER ..... THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING.....JULY 1.

☞ NO NORTH, NO SOUTH, NO EAST, NO WEST UNDER THE CONSTITUTION; BUT A SACRED MAINTAINANCE OF THE COMMON BOND AND TRUE DEVOTION TO THE COMMON BROTHERHOOD."—*Franklin Pierce.*

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

GEN. FRANKLIN PIERCE,
OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,
OF ALABAMA:

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER:

COL. WILLIAM SEARIGHT,
OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
GEORGE W. WOODWARD.
WILSON McCANDLESS.
Gen. R. PATTERSON.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

District.	District.
1st, Peter Logan.	13th, H. C. Eyer.
2d, George H. Martin.	14th, John Clayton.
3d, John Miller.	15th, Isaac Robinson.
4th, F. W. Rockius.	16th, Henry Fetter.
5th, R. McCay, Jr.	17th, James Burnside.
6th, A. Apple.	18th, Maxwell M'Caslin.
7th, Hon. N Strickland.	19th, Gen Jos. M'Donald
8th, A. Peters.	20th, Wm. S. Calahan.
9th, David Fister.	21st, Andrew Burke.
10th, R. E. James.	22d, William Dunn.
11th, John M'Reynolds.	23d, John S. M'Calmont.
12th, P. Damon.	24th, George R. Barret.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS—TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT,
P. C. SHANNON, Pittsburgh.

FOR STATE SENATE,
JOHN BARTON, Pittsburgh.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
SAMUEL FLEMING, Pittsburgh,
A. J. GRIBBEN, Pittsburgh,
GEORGE F. GILMORE, Lawrenceville,
SAMUEL McKEE, Birmingham,
J. C. STEWART, Plum township.

SHERIFF,
CHARLES KENT, Pittsburgh.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JACOB TOMER, Pittsburgh.

CORONER,
JACOB McCOLLISTER, Pittsburgh.

AUDITOR,
STEPHEN WOOD.

PROTHONOTARY,
EDWARD McCORKLE, Indiana township.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
PATRICK McKENNA, Pittsburgh.

☞ JOB PRINTING, of every description, executed at the office of the *Morning Post* in beautiful style, and on the lowest terms. Particular attention paid to the printing of Posters and Programmes for Concerts and Exhibitions of all kinds.

THE CANDIDATES.

We think we have shown pretty clearly that there is neither harmony or concert in the whig ranks, and that a strong desire pervades a large portion of the party for the defeat of the candidates who have been forced upon them through fraud.

Those who committed the knavery had not the cunning to conceal their joy at its success, but before the ink was dry with which they recorded their promise to adhere to a certain code of principles, they "spat" upon the record, and proclaimed that they would "repudiate" the platform, the adoption of which secured the nomination of their favorite. Scott agrees to stand upon it during the campaign, but his ardent friends "spit" upon it and "repudiate" it. How can these repudiators and spitting gentlemen support Scott if they do not take the Platform? They take Scott but they won't take the Platform. Scott stands on the platform and won't get off it. This is a dilemma which will cause the repudiators and spitters a great deal of trouble to get out of.

There is another curious move made by the other factions of the party, as regards the nomination. The New York Courier and Enquirer was bitterly opposed to Scott, and labored hard to defeat his nomination. When the fraud was at length consummated, it uttered the feelings of its heart in anguish, and at length concluded to raise the *platform* and not the *candidate!* Alas! for the departure of harmony in the "universal party." It has gone—has been extinguished; the "spit" of Greely has put it out, and the repudiation of White will not allow of a hope of its resurrection.

The many facts that we have published to prove what we have said above, must be painful to the feelings of our Whig cotemporaries. We did not desire to be cruel to the unfortunate, and to prove that we speak truly when we say so, we are entirely willing that they should call upon us to account for any growls of a similar nature they can find in the Democratic ranks. To hunt up objections to our nominees, from a Democratic source, we give them the wide bounds of the Union. They may take North and South; travel from one extreme to the other, and we defy them to find the Democratic paper, or the Democratic man, who will express a feeling of displeasure at the nomination of PIERCE and KING. If they can, we will record their discovery. All are satisfied, all are enthusiastic, and all are confident that a glorious victory will crown our efforts in November.

The result that will place them at the head of the Government, will also illustrate the beauty of a party having universal and fixed principles. To know that it is our duty to protect the rights of all without stopping to ascertain whether every one agrees with us on abstract questions that cannot properly enter into matters on which the whole people have to decide. The pure republicanism of our party in this respect, was made manifest in the late Democratic Convention. No personal bickerings were indulged in, no sectional advantages were attempted to be taken, but a broad *National* Platform was presented, upon which all can stand and act together with perfect concord. Such is the framework of our platform; can the whigs say as much for theirs?

NEW BOOKS.

WOODWARD & ROWLAND'S PITTSBURGH DIRECTORY FOR 1852, containing the names of the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, their occupation, places of business, and dwelling houses. Also, a list of public buildings, offices, &c., with other useful information. This is the best prepared work of the kind we have ever seen, and every business man should have a copy of it.—It appears that no trouble or expense was spared in bringing it out in a superior manner, and its full intelligence and neat appearance reflect much credit upon both authors and printers.

REED & CALLOW have received the *Illustrated "Old Saint Paul,"* by William Harrison Ainsworth. We have not had time to glance at more than a few of the hideous illustrations, but we suppose it possesses a portion of the "intense interest" that pervades the preceding works of the same author.

The same work is also for sale at the periodical office of H. Miner & Co.

Mr. Miner has also received the second series of the *Diary of a London Physician*, written by S. C. Warren, author of *Ten Thousand a Year*, &c. The fame of the author as a writer, is sufficient warrant that the present book is an interesting one, and worthy of a perusal.

BETTING.

If all the newspaper reports are true, it appears that this fast system of enterprise has already commenced, and at very high figures.—The Whigs of Washington commenced betting, and bantered Gen. Lane upon $50,000, which he put up; but they backed out. The Webster Whigs in New York bet $10,000 upon Gen. Pierce, but the Scott men concluded that they might as well save themselves from the "fire in the rear" that was to follow, paid $500 forfeit, and backed out.

The spirit of betting has reached Pittsburgh, and some of our democratic friends authorize us to offer the following:

$1,000 that Scott cannot carry more than one of the slaveholding States that voted for the whig platform.

$1,000 that he will not write another letter in favor of repealing the naturalization laws.

$1,000 that he will not publicly state that he is at the present time in the habit of taking his soup in a hasty manner.

$1,000 that he is more apprehensive than ever of a "fire in the rear," and that he wishes in his heart he had never provoked Marcy to give him that last shot, discharged with the ammunition furnished by himself.

$1,000 that the editors of the Gazette and Journal did not sleep with him when they were in Washington City, and consequently know nothing of him—personally.

$1,000 that he will not be elected President.

All these bets must be taken together.

We are not in favor of betting, but to oblige our friends, we publish those offered above.

THE STRIKE among the bricklayers of Louisville, for the ten hour system, still continues.—The Journeymen are determined to hold on to the position they have taken. They are right in the principle they assert. But few men are capable of enduring the hard toil they have to perform, more than ten hours a day, and the principle of common humanity should induce the employers to concede to the request of the workmen. A writer in the Louisville Union gives a bold opinion as to the cause of opposition. He says:

"The great secret of all opposition to thissystem may be traced to the institution of slavery. If the ten hour system was once established in all cities and towns, and throughout the broad land, white labor would be substituted for slave-labor. The country would be filled with operatives useful as citizens in their day and generation, and slavery, the cursed blight of the land, would melt away like frost-work before the beams of the sun, and negroes would be driven back to the land whence they sprang. But the master of the slave has unlimited control over his time. He exacts the same amount of labor from his white employee that he demands of his slave. If the white man refuses, he substitutes slave for free labor."

We think that if such sentiments were uttered in Pittsburgh instead of Louisville, the writer would be called an abolitionist.

WHO IS WILLIAM A. GRAHAM?—The Cincinnati Commercial, which has an editor who is a fast man generally, said the other day:

"Since writing the above the telegraph announces the name of William A. Graham, of North Carolina, as the nominee for Vice President. Who is W. A. G. was, we believe, Secretary of the Navy at one time, and has acted as Representative and Senator in Congress from his State."

The Cincinnati Atlas gives the following account of him:

Mr. Graham has been Governor of North Carolina, and became a member of the Cabinet after the accession of General Taylor, from which he retired after the death of the President.

So here we see how the present most distinguished and highest admired Secretary of the Navy has been perpetrating greatness to little purpose. He is set down by this whig editor as one of the squad of Galphinites who slid away from the public gaze upon the death of General Taylor, very much to the relief of the country in general, and of whiggery in particular.

THE ORPHANS.

Our readers will learn, from a notice in another column, that a Festival will be held on the Fifth, at the beautiful grounds of Messrs. Craft & Beis, for the support of the orphans of St. Paul's Asylum. No more holy or worthy appeal could be made to our citizens on the anniversary of our national freedom, than this one for maintaining and protecting the fatherless and destitute. All may rest assured that, in addition to the pleasure derived from contributing to a truly meritorious purpose, they will derive more real enjoyment than can be realized anywhere else, from the amusements offered. We hope the orphans may have a jubilee that will be useful to them, and make their sorrowful hearts warm with gratitude to a liberal public.

☞ A Massachusetts whig paper, which would have preferred another goes for Scott, with the facetious remark that "principles are of more importance than men." The same jocose editor tells his readers that "there is no pretence in any quarter, that the action of the convention was not in all repects fair, honorable and above board." Certainly not. The charge of bribery and corruption made by the N. Y. Courier against the convention is "no pretence." And Greeley's spitting on the platform is "fair and honorable."

☞ The Boston *Journal* having represented General Pierce to be "a lineal descendant of the family of Percys, and the Duke of Northumberland," an exchange paper appends what Shakspeare put into the mouth of one of their contemporaries:

PRINCE HENRY.—"I am not yet of Percy's mind, the Hotspur of the North, he that kills me six or seven dozen of *Scotts* at a breakfast, washes his hands and says to his wife, "*fie on this quiet life, I want work.*"

POSITION OF MESSRS. TOOMBS AND STEPHENS, OF GEORGIA.—As much interest is felt in regard to the position of these gentlemen towards the nomination of Gen. Scott, the Savannah Republican states, upon authority from themselves, that they are opposed to his nomination. They are in favor of the re-assembling of the Union Convention, already called, and will abide by its decision.

☞ E. C. Harmon, of Troy, Miama co., Ohio, has taken measures to secure a patent for a spring-space to be used by printers for facilitating the operation of forming spacing between words and for "spacing out."

Don't think it worth patenting. It will not promote even spacing; and if the spring is compressed in the *stick*, the line will burst when placed on the *galley*.

CAPITAL COMING WEST.—The St. Louis Intelligencer estimates that within a period of five years at most, more than thirty millions of Eastern capital will find its way west, in constructing the gigantic railroads that are now in progress in the States of Missouri, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, and Indiana.

THE *organ* of Iowa whiggery speaking of Gen. Pierce's nomination, says—

"We will hope until otherwise informed that he is sound upon the compromise, but greatly fear that he is not."

Poor fellow!

☞ The 10th of this month was the anniversary of the battle of Marengo, which made Bonaparte's success as First Consul a certainty. The 17th was the anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill, 18th was the anniversary of the battle of Waterloo.

APRIL, MAY AND JUNE.—May, coquettish, sometimes pettish, smiling often through her tears; in rotation, yields her station, and the welcome June appears—gentle, smiling, care beguiling, with a rosebud in her hair. April foolish—May is coolish—June warm-hearted is and fair.

☞ A distinguished writer says: "There is but one passage in the Bible where the girls are commanded to kiss the men, and that is the golden rule—"Whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you, do ye even so unto them."

Gen. Jackson—Gen. Scott—Dr. Witt Clinton—True and False Grit.

The *Gazette* gave the other day what purported to be a record of Gen. Scott's life. We stated at the time that it was incomplete on account of several omissions, which would doubtless be supplied during the campaign. The fillings in are already being presented. The Buffalo *Courier* publishes two letters, one from Gen. JACKSON to Gen. SCOTT, and the other from DR WITT CLINTON to Gen. SCOTT. These names are by no means obscure ones, and their opinions of Gen. SCOTT cannot be sneered at as unworthy of notice. Gen. SCOTT did not see proper to try the experiment whether a letter calling Gen. JACKSON to account, would reach him safely at Nashville, but we believe he challenged DR WITT CLINTON. He knew the difference between the two men:

From Niles' Register, April 10th, 1819

HEAD QUARTERS—DIVISION OF THE SOUTH,
NASHVILLE, Dec. 30, 1817.

SIR:—I have been absent from this place a considerable time, rendering the last friendly office I could, to a particular friend, whose eyes I closed on the 20th ult. Owing to this, your letter of the 4th of October, was not received until the first inst.

Upon the receipt of the anonymous communication made me from New York, I hasten to lay it before you. That course was suggested to me by the respect I feel for you as a man and a *soldier*, and that you might have it in your power to answer how far you had been guilty of so base and inexcusable conduct. Independent of the services you had rendered your country, the circumstances of your wearing the badge and insignia of a soldier, led me to the conclusion, that I was addressing a gentleman. With these feelings you were written to, and had an idea been for a moment entertained, that you could have descended from the high and dignified character of a Major General of the United States Army, and used language opprobrious and insolent as you have done, rest assured, I should have viewed you as rather too contemptible to have held any converse with you on the subject. If you have lived in the world thus long in the entire ignorance of the obligations and duties which honor imposes, you are indeed past the time of learning; and surely he must be ignorant of them, who seems so little to understand their influence. Pray, sir, does your recollection serve, in what school of philosophy you were taught! that to a letter inquiring into the nature of a supposed injury, and clothed in language decorous and unexceptionable, an answer should be given, couched in pompous and bullying expressions? I had hoped that what was charged upon you by my anonymous correspondent was unfounded. I had hoped so, from a belief that Gen. Scott was a soldier and a gentleman; but when I see those statements doubly confirmed by his own words, it becomes a matter of inquiry, how far a man of honorable feelings can reconcile them to himself, or longer set up a claim to that character.

As you are ignorant, sir, that had my order, at which your refined judgment is so extremely touched, been made the subject of inquiry, you might, from your standing, not your character, have been constituted one of my own judges?—How very proper then was it, thus situated, and without a knowledge of the attendant circumstances, for you to have pre-judged the whole matter. This at different times, and in the circle of your friends you could do; and yet I had been arraigned, and you detailed as one of my judges, with the designs, of an assassin lurking under a fair exterior, you would have approached the holy sanctuary of justice. Is conduct like this congenial with that high sense of dignity which should be treated in a soldier bosom? Is it due from a brother officer to assail in the dark the reputation of another, and stab him at a moment when he cannot expect it? I might insult an honorable man by questions such as these, but shall not expect that they will harrow up one who must be dead to all those feelings which are the characteristic of a gentleman.

In terms polite as I was capable of nothing, I asked you if my informant had stated truly—if you were the author of the publication and remarks charged against you, and to what extent. A reference to your letter, without any comment of mine, will inform you how far you have pursued a similar course—how little of the gentleman, and how much of the hectoring bully you have manifested. If nothing else would, the epaulets which grace your shoulders, should have dictated to you a different course, and have admonished you, that however small may have been your respect for another—respect for yourself should have taught you the necessity of replying, at least mildly to the inquiries I suggested; and more especially should you have done this, when your own convictions must have fixed you as guilty of the abominble crime of detraction—of slandering, and behind his back, a brother officer. But content with answering to what was proposed, your overweening vanity has led you to make an offering of your advice. Believe me, sir, it is not in my power to render you any thanks. I think too highly of myself to suppose that I stand at all in need of your admonitions, and too lightly of you to appreciate them as useful.

For good advice I am always thankful; but never fail to spurn it when I know it to flow from an incompetent or corrupt source. The breast were base and guilty passions dwell is not the place to look for virtue, or anything that leads to virtue. My notions, sir, are not those now taught in modern schools and in fashionable high life. They were imbibed in ancient days, and hitherto have and yet bear me to the conclusion that he who can wantonly outrage the feelings of another—who, without cause, can extend injury where none is done, is capable of any crime, however detestable in its nature, and will not fail to commit it whenever it may be imposed by necessity. I shall not stoop, sir, to a justification of my order before you, or to notice the weakness and absurdity of your tinsel rhetoric. It may be quite conclusive with yourself, and I have no disposition to attempt convincing you that your ingenuity is not so profound as you have imagined it. To my Government, whenever it may please, I hold myself liable to answer, and to produce the reasons which prompted me to the course I took. And to the intermeddling *pimps and spies* of the War Department, who are in the garb of gentlemen, I hold myself responsible for any grievance they may labor under on my account, with which you have my permission to number yourself. For what I have said I offer no apology; *you have deserved it all, and more were it necessary to say more.* I will barely remark in conclusion that if you feel yourself aggrieved at what is here said, *any communication from you will reach me safely at this place.*

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant, ANDREW JACKSON.

Brevet Major General W. Scott,
United States army, New York.

From Niles' Register, April, 17, 1819.

Jackson, Clinton and Scott.

The following are the indignant terms in which Dr. Clinton repels the insinuation of Gen. Scott, that he was the author of the anonymous letter to Gen. Jackson:

TO THE PUBLIC:—Gen. Scott of the Army of the United States, having, in a letter of the 2d January, 1818, to Gen. Jackson, insinuated that I had written, dictated, or instigated an anonymous letter to the latter gentleman, from unworthy motives, and for improper purposes; and having also concealed this imputation from me, until the publication of a pamphlet which reached me on the 4th inst., I have considered it proper to declare, that I have had no agency or participation in writing, dictating or instigating any anonymous letter whatever to Gen. Jackson—that I am entirely ignorant of the author—and that the intimation of Gen. Scott is totally and unqualifiedly false, to all intents, and in all respects. This declaration is made from motives of respect for public opinion, and not from any regard for Gen. Scott, whose conduct, on this occasion, is such a total departure from honor and propriety, as to render him unworthy of the notice of a man who has any respect for himself.

It is not probable that I can at this time have any recollection of having had the honor of seeing Gen. Scott, on the 6th of June, 1817, at a dinner in New York, or of the topics of conversation, as he suggests circumstances so unimportant as are not apt to be impressed on the memory. But I feel a confident persuasion, that I did not make use of any expressions incompatible with the high respect which I entertain for General Jackson.

DE WITT CLINTON.

Albany, 6th April, 1819.

HERR ALEXANDER IN LIMBO.—The commonwealth of Ky., says a necromancer calling himself Herr Alexander, was tried before Judge Herndon on a charge of cheating and held to bail in $250. He had proposed to distribute $400 worth of jewelry, in sixty prizes, among the holders of tickets to his exhibition on Wednesday night, which tickets he had sold at $1 each; but it appears that by a trick of false drawing, he managed to draw himself the only really valuable watch worth $100.

NEWS ITEMS.

Jackson, the American deer, has beaten Levett, a celebrated runner in England, doing ten miles in 52½ minutes—the Englishman half a mile behind.

Gen. Cass says the man is born who will see a population of 150,000,000 in the United States.

It is a significant fact that the Whig ratification meeting held in New Haven, *dodged the platform* set up at Baltimore.

Scott is a vain, conceited coxcomb of a man. His brains, all that he has, are in epaulettes, and if he should be elected President, he would tear the Whig party into tatters in less than six months.—*Greeley in 1848.*

Com. Stockton, the New Jersey Senator, goes with the New Jersey Democracy for Pierce and King.

The New York Mirror says: It will be the Mirror's proud perogative during the coming contest to vindicate the standard-bearers of both parties from the foul columnies of reckless politicians. In other words, without mingling in the dusty arena of the strife, we mean to insist on "fair play and no gouging."

The New York Mirror, Whig in noticing the letters of the Democratic nominees accepting the nominations, says: "They are both open, manly expressions, every way worthy the chosen leaders of a powerful and intelligent party. The writers of such letters have to be beaten by other weapons than lies and vulgarity."

The Washington *Lone Star*, publishes a letter written by a Methodist minister at Ruterville, in which he says that the cholera is making sad havoc in that vicinity. Four wagoners were recently found dead on the road, having died of cholera, with no one near them to witness their suffering and death.

The Supreme Court of New York, on Saturday, in the contest between the *Argus* and *Atlas* newspapers, reversed the recent decision of the Secretary of State, giving the official patronage, &c., to the *Atlas*, and decided the *Argus* to be the official State paper.

Chevalier Hulsemann arrived back at Bremen, on the 2d inst., and, on the day following had an interview with Count Buol, the Minister of Foreign Affairs. On the 3d, he had an audience with the Emperor,—but the papers are silent as to what was said.

Long John Wentworth is on a visit to his relations in Concord, N. H.

Mr. Bodisco, the Russian Minister, is on a visit to New York.

John B. Gough is lecturing on Temperance in Jefferson county, N. Y.

The Artists of Boston are about forming an Academy of the Fine Arts, and purpose having semi-annual exhibitions. Gen. Boutwell has been elected the President.

Hon. Caleb Cushing was on Friday qualified for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, to which he has been recently appointed.

A convention of "Spiritualists," far and near, is announced to take place at Cleveland, O., on the 4th proximo.

We learn from the Chicago Tribune that the Superintendent of the Michigan Southern Railroad has notified the ministers of the Gospel in that city that until the first of January, 1853 they will be charged only half fare on that road.

The wheat harvest has commenced in the South, and according to our exchanges under the most favorable prospects.

☞ Webb, of the Courier and Enquirer, the man who stood sponsor for the whig party when it was christened, speaks thus of Scott's nomination:

"The majority of the national whig convention have determined that Winfield Scott is more fit to be President of the United States than Daniel Webster. With all deference, however, we disagree with you. We have always believed the contrary; we still believe the contrary; and, so long as our reason is spared, we shall continue to believe the contrary. Daniel Webster is equal to Winfield Scott in patriotism and integrity, and is his superior—perhaps his equal—almost immeasurably his superior in capacity, in attainments, in civil experience, in massiveness and stateliness of character, in moral courage, in consideration and influence at home and abroad, and in every other great quality which gives efficiency and dignity to the head of State. This is our sober conviction. We undertake to say that it is the sober conviction of intelligent men all over the civilized world, and that it will be the sober conviction of posterity. There it stands, gentlemen, and there it will stand. The magic of your ballots has not dispelled it; the thunders of your cannon do not shake it; the smoke of your tar barrels cannot dim it; the high sounding echoes of your ratification meetings will not cause one particle of the stern stuff it is composed of to vibrate in unison. Daniel Webster, we repeat it, is more fit to be President of the United States than Gen. Scott.

"But the nomination is made; the act is perpetrated beyond remedy; the rejection of Daniel Webster is as reversible as a decree of Alecto or either of the other three Furies. The mass of the Whigs in this city have received the intelligence with sullen indignation. On every side have we heard determinations expressed not to support the Baltimore nominee."

The editor says he will support the platform, and as the candidate is upon it, he will support him; but he likes the substance better than the symbol; so he put the platform, not the candidate, at the head of his columns.

Late and Interesting from Mexico.

We have dates from Mexico to the 26th ult. The papers announce the death of Gen. Mejia at Mexico, and Gen. Michelena at Morelia.

The tobacco monopoly remains in *statu quo*, and those interested in the contract have accomplished their end.

Nothing was done before the adjournment of Congress to relieve the financial embarrassments of the government.

The wires of the electric telegraph were nearly all up, and it was expected that by the ending of May the communication between Mexico and Vera Cruz would be complete.

A sum of $30,000 had been voted by the Senate for the construction of a road from Perote to Vera Cruz.

Senor Don Damon Prieto, of Tampico, the liberal candidate, has been elected governor of Tamaulipas, over governor Cardenas, the present incumbent.

There had been much excitement in Matamoras in consequence of Governor Cardenas refusing to yield the office to his successor. The editor of the Genio, and forty others, had been imprisoned for commenting on the refusal of Cardenas, but subsequently released.

Truth is a Nutshell.

The Cincinnati *Citizen* has the following comprehensive paragraph relative to the position and prospects of the Democratic nominees, for the presidency:

GENERAL PIERCE.

"The habits and character of our nominee for President will not cease to be scrutinized till the whole round of detraction, suspicion, and evil suggestion has been run by a certain class of politicians. One day, he is a bigot—another, he is a drunkard. One day, he is an abolitionist—another, he is a fogy and doughface. But *every* day adds new excellence in the character of Pierce, some unexpected qualification of our candidate, makes the Democrat proud of what our National Convention has done for the country. The day of election will be a day of democratic triumph; and already the names of Pierce and King may be written as those of the next President and Vice President of the United States, if they live till the 4th of March next."

☞ The Group of Statuary prepared at Leghorn for the National Gallery at Washington, was not brought home in the Independence, in consequence of the hatchways not being sufficiently large to admit them, much to the regret of the commander and officers of the ship.—They will be sent home in a merchant vessel immediately.

HUNG HIMSELF.—Collins, one of the men sentenced to be hung on Friday next, at Greensburgh, hung himself last night. A rope had been placed over his shoulders for keeping his chains up. This rope he throw over a spike in the wall, and succeeded in putting an end to his existence. These particulars are furnished in a letter just received by the steamer Fashion.—*Portsmouth Clipper*, 23d.

SONG FOR BOYS.

When life is full of health and glee,
Work then as busy as the bee!
And take this gentle hint from me—
Be careful of your money!

Be careful of your money, boys—
Be careful of your money
You'll find in time that friends are few
When you are short of money

But do not shut sweet mercy's doors
When sorrow pleads, or want implores;
To help to heal misfortune's sores,
Be careful of your money;

Be careful of your money, boys—
Be careful of your money;
To help the poor who seek your door,
Be careful of your money!

Popular Vote for President in 1848.

The nominations of both the great political parties of the country, for the Presidency and Vice Presidency, being now made, the data from which to base calculations as to their success will be of particular interest. We therefore here annex the popular vote at the last Presidential election:

States.	*Taylor.*	*Cass.*	*Van Buren.*
Alabama	30,482	31,363	
Arkansas	7,588	9,300	
Connecticut	30,314	27,046	5,005
Delaware	6,422	5,910	80
Florida	4,569	3,283	
Georgia	47,544	44,602	
Illinois	53,215	56,629	15,804
Indiana	60,907	74,745	8,100
Iowa	11,178	12,125	1,126
Kentucky	67,141	49,720	
Louisiana	18,217	15,370	1
Maine	35,276	40,206	12,178
Maryland	37,702	34,528	125
Massachusetts	61,070	35,281	38,058
Michigan	23,940	30,687	10,389
Mississippi	25,922	26,587	
Missouri	32,671	40,077	
New Hampshire	14,781	27,763	7,560
New Jersey	40,015	36,901	819
New York	218,583	114,319	120,497
North Carolina	42,519	34,869	85
Ohio	138,359	154,773	35,347
Pennsylvania	185,730	172,156	11,177
Rhode Island	6,779	3,646	730
*South Carolina			
Tennessee	64,705	58,419	
Texas	4,509	10,668	8
Vermont	23,122	10,948	13,837
Virginia	45,205	46,738	9
Wisconsin	13,747	15,001	10,418
Total	1,362,242	1,223,795	291,378
Taylor over Cass			138,447
Cass and Van Buren over Taylor			152,931

* Presidential electors chosen by the Legislature

Late and Interesting from Texas.

By advices from Texas to the 15th inst., we learn that Lieut. Hawes, of the 2d Dragoons, with a party of fifteen men, had a skirmish with a marauding band of Camanches, who had been perpetrating outrages on the road between Fort Inge and Fort Duncan. The Indians were discovered at a distance of about a mile or more, and the pursuit which lasted an hour, was necessarily conducted at great disadvantages.—Lieut. Hawes succeeded, however, in shooting two and recovering thirty-eight animals and four captive children. The children stated that their father and mother, and elder brother and sister, were murdered by them three days before. Lieut. Lemmon reports that he crossed several trails between the Nueces and the Rio Grande.

While some laborers were digging a ditch for a fence in the Alamo, in San Antonio, recently, they came suddenly upon several pieces of ordnance, since which time thirteen cannon have already been recovered from their hiding place, four of which are copper pieces and nine iron pieces, from one to twenty-four pounders, all spiked, and the trunnions and knobs of the cascables broken off. An old Mexican woman says they were buried there by the brave Bonham under the command of the noble Travis, Bowie and Crockett, at the siege of Alamo, in 1836.

The Indianola Bulletin sets down the number of vessels (chiefly schooners and brigs) engaged in the trade between Indianola and New York at fifteen.

A grand Temperance and Educational Convention is to be held at White Sulphur Springs, Gaines county, on the 11th, 14th and 16th days of August next.

WESTERN RAILROADS.—The St. Louis Intelligencer makes the following rough estimate of the cost of the western roads now in progress of construction, together with those that will probably be contracted for within a year, or less: Great Central Illinois, $16,000,000; Ohio and Mississippi, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio, 9,000,000; Springfield and Alton, Illinois, 1,500,000; Galena and Chicago Illinois, 4,000,000; Rock Island and Peru, Illinois, 2,000,000; Alton and Terre-Haute, Illinois, 3,000,000; Indianapolis and Terre-Haute, Indiana, 3,000,000; Pacific and Branches Missouri, 6,000,000; other and lateral roads, 1,000,000—making $45,500,000.

☞ Senator Chase, of Ohio, announces his intention to support the nominees of the democratic national convention.—*Chicago Tribune.*

Fourth of July Celebration.

☞ The anniversary of our Nation's Independence will be celebrated on Monday, July 5th, by the Managers of St. Paul's Orphan Asylum, on the grounds of Messrs. Craft & Reis, at Oakland, near the residence of James S. Craft, Esq. The Managers have made liberal arrangements for the accommodation of the public, and will spare no pains to make every thing agreeable, and worthy of the cause and the day. The procession of the Festival to be appropriated to the Male and Female Orphan Asylum. Mr. Daniel Alexander's full band is engaged for the occasion.

Two lines of omnibuses will run all day, commencing between 8 and 9 o'clock, A. M., one line from the corner of Fifth and Grant streets, the other from Fourth and Market streets. Fare 10 cents. [July1

☞ **Wanted.**—A few men of thorough business habits and good address, for a safe and respectable business; it is a business that requires no capital but good character, business habits and energy. To men with the above qualifications a permanent business and the best of wages will be given. Apply or address No. 56 *Smithfield* street, corner of Third. [apr22:tf

☞ **F. S. Cleaver's Prize Medal Honey Soap.**—In addition to the great advantages enjoyed from the use of "Cleaver's unrivalled Honey Soap," in softening, cleansing and beautifying the skin, it is a fact, authenticated by eminent individuals, among whom are many distinguished clergymen, that, by the continued use of this Soap, cutaneous eruptions have been removed from the skin, and even warts made entirely to disappear from the hands and other parts of the body. Its happy effects can only be realized by a fair, impartial and daily use of the most agreeable appliances for family use, embracing health, comfort, and the most pleasurable sensations.

For sale by J. KIDD & CO.,
60 Wood street.

Wholesale Agents for Pittsburgh and its vicinity. Also, for sale, at all Dispensing Drug Stores. [je25

No Family Should be without Them.

☞ We speak of M'Lane's Liver Pills, which have become an indispensable Family Medicine. The fruitful symptoms which arise from a diseased Liver, manifest themselves, more or less, in every family; dyspepsia, sick headache, obstruction of the menses, ague and fever, pains in the side, with dry, hacking cough, are all the results of hepatic derangement—and for these, Dr. M'Lane's Pills are a sovereign remedy. They have never been known to fail, and they should be kept at all times by families.

DIRECTIONS—Take two or three going to bed every second or third night. If they do not purge two or three times by next morning, take one or two more. A slight breakfast should invariably follow their use.

The Liver Pill may also be used where purging simply is necessary. As an anti-bilious purgative they are inferior to none. And, in doses of two or three, they give astonishing relief to sick headache; also, in slight derangements of the stomach.

For sale by most Merchants and Druggists in town and country, and by the sole Proprietor,

J. KIDD & CO.,
60 Wood street.

je24:2tw1w

KID GLOVES.—Just received at A. A. MASON & Co.'s, 50 doz. Alexander's Kid Gloves, assorted colors. [jy1

GIMPS AND FRINGES.—A. A. MASON & Co., are now opening a large lot of new style Gimps and Fringes, suitable for Mantillas. [jy1

SARDINES—Of the celebrated Guillonx brand, in whole and half boxes, received and for sale by

W. A. McCLURG & CO.,
Tea Dealers and Grocers,
jy1 51 Market street.

MOURNING GOODS.—A. A. MASON & Co., have just received, (per Express,) a large assortment of Summer Mourning Goods, comprising Black Serages, Tissues, Grenadines, De Laines, Lawns, &c. [jy1

FRESH OYSTERS! FRESH LOBSTERS! FRESH SALMON!—Put up by Underwood & Co., of Boston, in one and two pound cans, hermetically sealed, received and for sale by

W. A. McCLURG & CO.,
No. 256 Liberty street.

Dividend.

THE Board of Directors of the Associated Firemen's Insurance Company, has this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR upon each share of the Capital Stock of said Company.

ROBERT FINNEY,
jy1:3t Secretary.

Important Information.

TO those afflicted with Cancer, King's Evil, Fever Sores, and all kinds of Cutaneous Diseases. For information, the afflicted are desired to call on WM. ALEXANDER, Undertaker, opposite St. Clair Hotel, on Penn st., and, also, on JOHN HANNA, Esq., in Manchester, near Pittsburgh, both of whom had Cancers of long standing destroyed, cured and taken away, by an experienced and old practitioner in said business.

jy1:3t&2t&1w

SPECIAL NOTICES.

H. AHL,
(SUCCESSOR TO G. W. AHLE,)
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 144 Smithfield street.

OFFICE HOURS—From 8 A. M. to 2 and from 4 to 9 P. M. my3:y]

☞ Meets above the O'Reilly Telegraph Office, corner of Third and Wood streets, every Monday evening. apr29

☞ **Angerona Lodge, I. O. of O. F.**—The Angerona Lodge, No. 293, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood street. [ja21:y

☞ **I. O. of O. F.**—Place of Meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between 5th and Virgin Alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 136—Meets every Tuesday evening.

MERCANTILE ENCAMPMENT, No. 87—Meets 1st and 3d Friday of each month. mar25—1y

Collecting, Bill Posting, &c.
JOHN M'CODBREY

☞ Attends to Collecting, Bill Posting, Distributing Cards and Circulars for Parties, &c., &c.

☞ Orders left at the Office of the Morning Post, or at Holmes' Periodical Store, Third st., will be promptly attended to. [my21:ly

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Hartford, Conn.

Capital Stock $300,000
Assets the last January $299,173

☞ Office of the Pittsburgh Agency in the Store Room of McCurdy & Loomis, No. 89 Wood street.

novtf R. R. BEESON, Agent.

Ladies' Classes—Duff's College.

☞ IN PENMANSHIP, CARD WRITING AND DRAWING, under Mr. J. D. WILLIAMS, and Mr. F. SLATAPER, and in all the higher branches of an English and Classical Education, under Mr. P. HAYDEN. Two spacious rooms have recently been elegantly fitted up for their special accommodation. Call and see the arrangements. [apr5

Chamberlin's Commercial College, corner of Market and Third streets. Instruction in Book-keeping and Writing both day and evening. Ladies' Writing and Book-keeping classes meet from 2 to 5 in the afternoon. The Principal will attend to the settling of Partnership Books, opening new ones, correcting errors, &c. Those having need of his services will apply at the College. D. R. CHAMBERLIN.

Principal and Prof. of Book-keeping.
P. R. SPENCER, Prof. of Penmanship. ap19

Nelson's Daguerreotypes,
Post Office Buildings, Third Street.

LIKENESSES taken in all weathers, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., giving an accurate artistic and animate likeness, unlike and vastly superior to the "common cheap daguerreotypes," at the following cheap prices:—$1,50, $2,00, $3,00, $4,00, $5,00 and upward, according to the size and quality of case or frame.

☞ Hours for children, from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

N. B.—Likenesses of sick or diseased persons taken in any part of the city. [nov25:1y

CURTAINS, CURTAIN MATERIALS,
AND
Curtain Trimmings of Every Description

☞ Furniture Plushes, Brocatelles, &c., Lace and Muslin Curtains, N. Y. Painted Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Cornice Pins, Bands, &c. &c.

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
W. H. CARRYL, 169 Chestnut St., cor. Fifth,
*PHILADELPH