Daily Morning Post.

LUCKY HARPER.....THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING.....JUNE 29.

☞ NO NORTH, NO SOUTH, NO EAST, NO WEST UNDER THE CONSTITUTION; BUT A SACRED MAINTAINANCE OF THE COMMON BOND AND TRUE DEVOTION TO THE COMMON BROTHERHOOD."—*Franklin Pierce.*

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

GEN. FRANKLIN PIERCE,
OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,
OF ALABAMA:

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER:

COL. WILLIAM SEARIGHT,
OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
GEORGE W. WOODWARD.
WILSON McCANDLESS.
Gen. R. PATTERSON.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

District.	District.
1st, Peter Logan.	13th, H. C. Eyer.
2d, George H. Martin.	14th, John Clayton.
3d, John Miller.	15th, Isaac Robinson.
4th, F. W. Bockius.	16th, Henry Fetter.
5th, R. McCay, Jr.	17th, James Burnside.
6th, A. Apple.	18th, Maxwell M'Caslin.
7th, Hon. N Strickland.	19th, Gen Jos. M'Donald
8th, A. Peters.	20th, Wm. S. Calahan.
9th, David Fister.	21st, Andrew Burke.
10th, R. E. James.	22d, William Dunn.
11th, John M'Reynolds.	23d, John S. M'Calmont.
12th, P. Damon.	24th, George R. Barret.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS—TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT,
P. C. SHANNON, Pittsburgh.

FOR STATE SENATE,
JOHN BARTON, Pittsburgh.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
SAMUEL FLEMING, Pittsburgh,
A. J. GRIBBEN, Pittsburgh,
GEORGE F. GILMORE, Lawrenceville,
SAMUEL McKEE, Birmingham,
J. C. STEWART, Plum township.

SHERIFF,
CHARLES KENT, Pittsburgh.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JACOB TOMER, Pittsburgh.

CORONER,
JACOB McCOLLISTER, Pittsburgh.

AUDITOR,
STEPHEN WOOD.

PROTHONOTARY,
EDWARD McCORKLE, Indiana township.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
PATRICK McKENNA, Pittsburgh.

Slavery now rules whiggery—the fact can neither be denied nor "repudiated."—*Post, of Saturday.*

After the triumph of the Seward abolitionists in the nomination of Gen. Scott, we presume Mr. Webster is sick of the atmosphere of Washington.—*Ib,*

Does the Post wish its readers to believe the first of these assertions, or the second, or *both*, or neither?—*Gazette.*

We wish them to believe *both*, and upon investigation we have not the slightest doubt that they will find both correct. The first paragraph records the plain, positive, undeniable fact, that the friends of slavery carried through and compelled the northern whigs to accept the kind of platform they might designate to them. This the Gazette will not deny; if it does, we will have to refer to the lachrymose letters of the editor, written during the session of the Convention. The slaveholding whigs achieved a great (but short lived) triumph in the adoption of their platform by the abolitionists of the north. They began to imagine that Seward and the other managers of the "underground railroad" had "caved in," and were becoming honest, and that eventually they would act like politicians of ordinary honesty, and therefore felt pleased with their triumph on the Platform. It cannot be denied that slavery does rule on that weak structure, and anything short of active vigilance on the part of the whigs of the north to prop up its sinking frame and keep it standing until after the election, will be death to the hopes of many an office-hunter.

The second paragraph quoted by the Gazette from the Post asserts that the Seward abolitionists triumphed. This shows that there were *two* "triumphs" in the whig convention; the first, the antipode of the last, yet both *were* "triumphs." The slaveholders carried their platform; that was a triumph for them; the abolitionists carried their candidate, and in that they achieved a triumph also. It may appear to common observers paradoxical, that a party could win two triumphs against itself; but to accomplish such a feat, is nothing difficult to whiggery. They can do it as easy as Hamlet thought the flute could be played, and the way they played upon each other in the late convention, and governed each other's vantages, (and at the same time took advantage), is sufficient to convince any observer that they are competent to gain any number of triumphs over the common sense principles that should govern their deliberations in council.

The *Gazette* of this city, and other abolition papers of the same stamp, repudiates the platform already, and declares that it will take only such portions of it as may please the taste of the editor. This is flat treason—burglary—as Dogberry would call it; to steal the friendship of the South by promising them a consideration, and then paying them in bogus, which nobody will handle, and is even repudiated by themselves!

We do not wonder that those in the Whig party who have any regard for political honesty, feel disgusted at the base treachery which the *Gazette* and other kindred prints are recommending the party to pursue. They cannot but see that it is disgraceful, and cannot fail to draw upon the party the contempt and scorn of every right-thinking man.

That Scott was nominated by fraud, and under false pretences, cannot be denied; and that, in the event of his election, (which, happily, is impossible,) the party will be cheated, cannot be successfully controverted.

OUR BANNER.—We expected to have had our banner flung to the breeze this morning, but have been disappointed. As soon as it is finished it shall float over the *Courier* office until the election of SCOTT and GRAHAM.—*Louisville Courier, 23d.*

The editor of the *Courier* must have his flag made of stuff that will stand many assaults from storms and chilling blasts, if it is to float until Scott and Graham are elected. If he expects to see it float when that event transpires, he must have had his life insured, to live until after the man who was lately sentenced to the Missouri penitentiary for *ninety-nine years* will be dismissed from that institution. If Scott and Graham continue to run until they are elected, they will overtake the "*steam leg*," and be venerable gentlemen when they reach the depot at which they desire to stop. We have not the slightest doubt but the editor of the *Courier* will, at the same time, be of sufficient age to permit his friends to say that he has come to the years of discretion, and to justify his mother in allowing him to wander around without feeling any anxiety as to his being out.

☞ We are informed that the Books for subscription to the Pittsburgh Trust and Savings Company will be opened again to-day, at the office of Messrs. Hays & Painter, Liberty street, at 9 o'clock A. M., and continue until 4 P. M. The stock went of very freely yesterday, and it is thought that the balance will be sold out today.

☞ There are some troubles and anxieties in the Whig camp as to their county ticket. They begin to think that some of them are not of the right sort to win. We are told that the candidate for Sheriff is in trouble. He heard something about several contemplated movements of his competitor, and his mind has been troubled ever since. He is, really, in a state of great inquietude on the subject, and something should be done to settle his nerves. The county committee, if the Whigs have one, (a fact, we believe, that has not yet transpired,) should convene at once, consider the case of Mr. Magill, and adopt resolutions admonishing the Democratic candidate not to endeavor to be elected to the office which Mr. M. desires to occupy.

We have no information from Mr. Magill direct, but we are told that it is his desire that the committee should be called together and make a demonstration for him. He would call them together himself, but he is like the balance of mankind, he don't know who they are, and therefore cannot do it with propriety. If the Whigs do not call a meeting of the committee in a short time, we will order them out ourselves, and have the proper measures adopted to relieve Mr. Magill's mind. At present he is receiving shameful treatment from the Whigs, and he cannot endure it much longer. The October election will finish him, if he is not relieved sooner.

☞ The *Journal* says the Telegraph announces "Gen. Scott as the Whig candidate for the Presidency, and, by this announciation, has unquestionably imparted a large portion of its own electricity to the people of the United States." It did act like an electric shock, and knocked all the whiggery out of a large number of prominent Whigs about here.—*Louisville Democrat.*

It operated all over the Union, from all accounts, just as the *Democrat* says it did at Louisville.

Hear what the Lexington (Ky.) *Statesman* says of the reception of the nomination at that place:

Since the news came to hand, we have been told by at least a dozen Whigs, that they would not vote for Scott, and most of the number have declared they would vote for Pierce. This is literally true, and were we so disposed we could give the names; most of them are among our most respectable citizens.

The *Statesman* adds:

"We learn to-day, that William A. Graham, of North Carolina, has received the nomination for Vice President. This ticket will be most signally defeated. For the first time in twenty-five years, Kentucky will give her electoral vote to the Democratic candidates for President and Vice President. Mark our prediction."

Whiggery has indeed received an electric shock, which makes it very unpleasant and inconvenient for great numbers to do anything else than support PIERCE and KING. The remedy is an excellent one.

The Men Who Claim Gen. Scott.

The New York Times, one of the leading Seward organs in New York, gives us the following piece of testimony as to what the Seward whigs demand and expect of him:

"The Express, which makes it a point always to advertise its virtue as decidedly the easiest in the market, thus distinctly puts in its bid:

"'Nobody ought to know better than himself (Gen. Scott) that in this State especially, and elsewhere generally, there is a deep distrust or mistrust of THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN MAINLY INSTRUMENTAL IN HIS NOMINATION.

"'Are such men, then, in disregard of all this feeling, to control the counsels of the nominee before or after an election? It is for Gen. Scott so to speak and so to act as to answer this inquiry for himself.

"'If he shall fail to do it, he WILL BE THE WORST DEFEATED MAN that ever received a nomination for the presidential office.'

"In a return for its support,' the Express only asks that Gen. Scott SHALL REPUDIATE THE MEN 'WHO HAVE BEEN MAINLY INSTRUMENTAL IN HIS NOMINATION.' If he will do this, he shall be elected; if not, he shall be defeated. This is explicit and satisfactory."

The Times goes on to show (what needs no showing) that the Seward men have no idea of being *repudiated* by Gen. Scott, and that nobody believes he *can* repudiate them, or will even so much as try.

Scott "Ratification" in Boston.

The following extracts (says the Boston Post) from five of the daily Whig papers in this city, show how the Whigs here feel at the entertainment to which their National Convention has invited them:

The news is received with EVIDENT CHAGRIN.—*Transcript.*

We fear that it forebodes DISASTROUS CONSEQUENCES TO THE WHIG PARTY AND THE COUNTRY, in putting the party upon an effort which we conceive to be HOPELESS.—*Daily Advertiser.*

The announcement in Boston fell like a FUNERAL PALL upon the spirit of its inhabitants.—*Courier.*

The nomination fell like a SHOWER OF ICE over the city. The intelligence was regarded as the announcement of a PUBLIC CALAMITY.—*Bee.*

A result which is so much at variance with the feelings and wishes of a very large number of the Whigs of this State, can hardly be supposed to give immediate or general satisfaction.—*Journal.*

Opening of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to Fairmount.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad was opened to Fairmont, Virginia, on the 24th inst., on which occasion there was a grand celebration. The people of Fairmont were wild with excitement, and the inhabitants of the country around, both male and female, turned out to see the first locomotive. About two hundred gentlemen came up from Baltimore and Cumberland, and there was a splendid dinner prepared for them by the citizens of Fairmont. THOMAS SWANN, Esq., President of the Company, presided at the table, and speeches were made by that gentleman, and B. H. Latrobe, Esq., Chief Engineer of the road, Mr. Pierpont and A. D. Haymond, of Fairmont, and other distinguished speakers. Fairmont is the county seat of Marion county, and is situated on the Monongahela river, which is navigable at certain seasons of the year from that point to Pittsburgh.

☞ A meeting of the citizens of Huntington, Bedford and Fulton counties was held at Stonerstown, on the 16th inst., for the purpose of bringing about the construction of a Railroad from Huntington to Bedford. Judge Daugherty of Bedford presided. A large sum of money was subscribed at the meeting. There are fine beds of coal on the line of this proposed Railroad, at a place called Broad Top, which will become very valuable if brought into market.

FRATRICIDE.—The Louisville Democrat says that a melancholy event occurred in Estill county, Ky., on the 13th inst. Two brothers, W. H. and Andrew J. Lawrence, had an altercation relative to a partition fence. A. J. L. went and got his rifle, came back, and in the presence of four or five persons, shot his brother while sitting on the fence, the ball taking effect in the eye and killing him immediately.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.—The July number of this model magazine has been received. It contains a full description of the Armory at Springfield, with spirited illustrations, and an immense amount of choice reading, from the pens of distinguished writers, American and European.—This magazine may be had at nearly all the bookstores in the city.

☞ HOME SCOTTISCH, introducing the beautiful melody, "Old Folks at Home." We have received a copy of this piece of delightful music from our friend H. KLEBER. The appearance of his name on the title page is a sufficient guarantee that it is a production of more than ordinary merit, and should commend it to the attention of all our musical amateurs.

☞ Judge Strange, who was named for the Vice Presidency in the Democratic National Convention, is out in an excellent letter, in the N. C. *Standard*, heartily approving of the nomination of Pierce and King, and says it will give the "Old North State" to Reid, the Democratic candidate for Governor of North Carolina.

From the Harrisburgh Union.

A Great and Patriotic Letter.

Below will be found a letter from the Hon. James Buchanan, the favorite of Pennsylvania, endorsing and approving of the nominations of the Democratic National Convention, couched in strains of eloquence, patriotism and power, that exhibits the true character of this great and good man. He speaks right out from the heart, and his words will go home to the hearts of his Democratic fellow-citizens, in every section of this great and glorious country. He manifests no disappointment, but acts out the part of a true, firm and consistent Democrat, proclaiming the principles that always govern his action in the following eloquent words:—"Man is but the creature of a day; whilst principles are eternal. The generation of men in succession rise and fluctuate, and sink; and are forgotten; but the principles of Democracy, of *progressive Democracy*, which we have inherited from our revolutionary fathers, will endure to bless mankind throughout all generations." He yields to the expressed will of the organ of the party, and puts on the harness for the campaign to carry through the nominees of the Convention. What a glorious spectacle it is to witness such devotion to principles; and what a lesson it should be to those politicians, who have been pursuing him with fiendish malignity for the last year. If they do not hang their heads in shame, it is because a seared conscience is incapable of so manly an impulse.

His endorsement of the nominees is as manly as it is truthful. He knows them well and intimately. His own high character for honor, integrity and political consistency is a sufficient guarantee, that he would not speak as he does of these gentlemen unless their whole lives justified him in doing so. There is a pregnant meaning therefore in every word, line and sentiment, of this beautiful tribute to the worth of Franklin Pierce and Wm. R. King.

Read it people of Pennsylvania, and you will be satisfied that the nominees of the party are worthy of the confidence of the people of the whole Union.

The following is Mr. Buchanan's letter:

WHEATLAND, NEAR LANCASTER,
June 14, 1852.

GENTLEMEN:—I have delayed on purpose to answer your kind communication of the 20th ultimo, until the result of the Baltimore Convention should be known. With every feeling of a grateful heart, I thank the intelligent and faithful democracy of Springfield township, for their favorable opinion, and for the earnest and friendly hope expressed by them "that the democracy of the Union would respond to the wishes of the Convention in the National Convention." In this hope they have been disappointed; but yet all of us have much reason to be satisfied with the nomination of Franklin Pierce and William R. King. They are sound, radical, State rights Democrats, who will employ their best efforts to expel from the halls of Congress and the purlieus of the Treasury, the hosts of stock-jobbers, contractors and speculators by which they are now infested, and to restore the purity simplicity and economy of former times in the administration of the government. I know them well, having served in the Senate with both, for several years, at a most critical and important period of our political history; and I speak with knowledge, when I say they are the very men for the times. Public economy, reform and a strict construction of the constitution, according to the Virginia and Kentucky resolutions of 1798 and 1799, ought to be watchwords of the Democratic party throughout the pending contest; and Pierce and King will prove to be the able and faithful representatives of these great principles.

General Pierce first entered the Senate of the United States on the 4th of March 1837, and continued to be a member until the 28th day of February 1842, when he resigned. This period embraces the whole of Mr. Van Buren's administration, and the first year of that of Gen. Harrison and Mr. Tyler. He had previously served as a member of the House of Representatives from December, 1833, until the 4th of March 1837, throughout General Jackson's second term of office.

When General Pierce first made his appearance in the Senate, he was one of the youngest, if not the very youngest, of its members. Modest and unassuming in his department, but firm and determined in his principles and purposes, it was not long before he acquired the respect and esteem of his brother Senators. From deep conviction, he was a State rights Democrat, sound, unwavering and inflexible; and I venture to predict that when his votes shall be scrutinized and tested by the touchstone of democratic principles, they will present a record as those even of the lamented Wright himself. His innate modesty and comparative youth prevented him from addressing the Senate very frequently; and yet I well recollect some of his efforts which would have done no discredit to the oldest and ablest members of the body, then in its most palmy days. When he spoke he was always prepared, his voice was excellent, his language well chosen and felicitous; and he had an earnestness of manner proceeding evidently from deep conviction which always commanded the attention of his audience. No candid and honorable man of any party, well acquainted with General Pierce, will, I am convinced, deny to him the intellectual qualifications necessary to render his administration of the government wise, able and successful. Besides, unless I am greatly mistaken, he possesses determination of character and energy of will, without which no individual is fitted to perform high and responsible Executive and administrative duties such as pertain to the office of President of the United States. My own observation, as well as the history of the world has taught me, that these are qualities which do not always belong to great Senators and distinguished orators.

The democracy will not ask that their candidate shall be elected, because of his great military exploits. And, yet, his military services constitute a beautiful episode in the history of his life. It is no small distinction for General Pierce to have merited the official and public endorsement of the commander-in-chief of our army in Mexico—an army composed of heroes, for gallantry and good conduct on the field of battle.

Of Colonel King, our candidate for Vice President, I can say emphatically, that he is one of the purest, the best and most sound judging Statesman I have ever known. He is a firm, enlightened and unwavering Democrat, and an amiable, honorable and benevolent gentleman. From the day when yet a youth, in 1812, as a member of the House of Representatives, he voted for the declaration of war against Great Britain until the present hour, his life presents one consistent and beautiful portrait. As President of the Senate he is without a superior; and should it ever be his fate, in any contingency, to discharge the duties of President of the United States, he will conduct the government with wisdom, sound discretion and enlightened patriotism.

But why should I insist upon the merits and qualifications of our candidates? Their nomination by the highest tribunal of the democratic party, is strong presumptive evidence of their worth, and ought to be sufficient of itself to rally to their support every true hearted and faithful Democrat.

As Democrats, we should always yield our personal preferences for men, when great principles require the sacrifice. Man is but the creature of a day; whilst principles are eternal. The generations of men in succession rise and fluctuate, and sink, and are forgotten; but the principles of Democracy, *of progressive Democracy*, which we have inherited from our revolutionary fathers, will endure to bless mankind throughout all generations. As Democrats, we believe, that not only the prosperity and glory of the country, but even the preservation of our blessed Union, depend upon a faithful observance of these principles in the administration of the Federal Government. And I ask, in what manner can their ascendancy be secured, but by a sacred adherence to regular nominations? This is the only bond which can unite, consolidate and render invincible the great party of which we are all proud to be members. If as soldiers in the ranks of the Democratic army, we should desert the good old cause of Democracy, merely because we might prefer a different leader, we shall then soon become broken and disorganized, and an ignominious defeat must be the inevitable consequence. United and in union alone, there is strength.—Good and great old Democratic Pennsylvania will never forsake her principles, merely because she might possibly have preferred other agents than Franklin Pierce and William R. King to carry her will into effect. She will never, I trust, prove recreant to her own true glory and to her highest interests.

In what light would we regard a professing christian, who should desert his holy religion and his church, merely because he preferred a different bishop or pastor to preside over it from the individual which the majority had selected? No, no; my Democratic fellow-citizens, we must neither be for Paul nor for Apollo, except as the mere, but worthy agents to carry out the great and fundamental doctrines of the Democratic faith on which we are all united. Principles rather than men ought ever to be our motto.

It has been our glory and our strength in the past time, that we have never concealed our principles from the public eye, but have always proclaimed them before the world. The late Baltimore Convention, in obedience to our will, has erected a platform of principles, in the midst of the nation, on which every true Democrat can proudly stand. Does the man live, be he Democrat or Whig, who, knowing Franklin Pierce and William R. King, believes they will prove faithless to any one of these principles? The great Democratic party of the Union have delivered to these their chosen candidates a chart by which they stand pledged, in the most solemn manner to guide the ship of State, and my life upon the issue, they will never deviate from the prescribed course. In voting for these candidates, then, every Democrat will be voting for his own cherished principles and sustaining the platform of his party.

I fear I shall not be able to accept your kind invitation to pay you a visit during the Presidential canvass. With the strongest disposition to cultivate the personal acquaintance and friendship of my brother Democrats of Bradford county, I must yet leave the public discussion of the principles involved in the present contest to younger and abler Democrats. I have, during so long a period, served in the character of a speaker before the people, that I trust my Democratic fellow-citizens throughout the State, considering that I am now more than sixty years of age, will give me an honorable discharge from the active duties of the campaign.

With sentiments of the highest respect, I remain your friend and fellow-citizen,

JAMES BUCHANAN.

Theodore Leonard, Isaac Cooley, Elam Bennett, John Salisbury, Frederick Leonare, Chas. Salisbury, J. L. Phillips, Esquires, and many others.

NEWS ITEMS.

Rev. Daniel Smith, of the M. E. church, died at Kingston, N. Y., a few days ago.

The employers in the Louisville foundries, are on a strike for the ten hour law.

Steamers Cherokee and Glasgow sailed from New York on Thursday; the first for Chagres, and the other for Glasgow, both with a large number of passengers.

The wheat harvest has commenced in the South, and according to our exchanges, under the most favorable prospects.

Gov. Ross, of Delaware, has pardoned A. J. Shadd, better known as Prof. Shadd, convicted of larceny.

A severe hail-storm occurred at Emmitsburg, Md., on Sunday last, completely covering the ground.

St. Patrick's Cathedral, in New York, has had an organ built at a cost of $7,000; it has 42 stops, over 2,000 pipes, and three sets of keys.

The Danville (Ky.) Tribune states that N. P. Willis is at the Harrodsburg Springs, under Hydropathic treatment. His health is bad.

It is stated that the peelings of cucumbers placed in the way of cockroaches for three or four nights in succession, will entirely clear a house of these pests of the house-keeper.

The re-publication of the sayings of the Whig orators and Whig press in opposition to Gen. Scott, are doing good service for Democracy.—Out of their own mouths we condemn them.

From statistics recently published, it appears that the whole number of deaths, from all causes, in the city of New York, during the year 1851, *was twenty-two thousand and twenty-four.*

A telegraphic despatch in the *North American*, from Norfolk, says:—"The news of the nomination of Gen. Scott was received here at 1 o'clock yesterday. There was considerable dissatisfaction expressed by the Whigs."

Kossuth delivered a farewell address to the Germans, in their own language at the N. Y., Broadway Tabernacle on Thursday evening.—The house was crowded, and the speech received with enthusiasm.

The correspondent of the *Journal of Commerce* states that "Mr. Ashmun received written authority from Mr. Webster to withdraw his name in case his friends would go for Mr. Fillmore; but the Webster men were consulted, and refused to go for Fillmore.

An immense globe (reservoir of wind) at the Hudson, N. Y., Iron Works, exploded on Sunday night, with a loud report. It cost $11,000, and the full damage is estimated much higher. The explosion is attributed to negligence.

The London Weekly Dispatch states that upwards of £30,000 (146,500) were lost per week, for 15 weeks, making no less than $2,282,500, by the recent strike of the English engineers.

Capt. Oscar Beyse, of Cincinnati, who took an active part in the Hungarian war, and was subsequently proscribed by the Austrian government reached home last week.

Last year there were fifteen hundred deaths in Boston ending the 23d of May. This year the number of deaths had not reached fifteen hundred until the 19th of June. The health of the city is now very good.

In Caldwell Parish, La., a slander suit was lately tried, in which Mrs. King was plaintiff; and Dr. Ballard defendant, and which lasted one week. The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff of $14,000.

The telegraph lines in the West, South and Northwest, which have recently been united, are seventeen in number, and embrace in all 10,824 miles.

The Houston (Texas) Telegraph says that $50,000 has been subscribed for the erection of a splendid hotel in that place, which is to be the finest building in the State.

The Receivers of the People's Bank of Paterson, N. J., have declared an intermediate dividend of fifteen per ct. out of the assets of that institution.

The contracts for the grading and masonry of about eighty-six miles of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, extending from Cincinnati to the intersection with the Jeffersonville Railroad, have been given out.

Mr. Forrest has been performing at the Walnut street Theatre, Philadelphia, the last two weeks, to very full and fashionable houses.

The family of Gen. Worth, it is said, have applied to Congress for a pension, to be paid them, in consideration of the public services of Gen. W., who at the time of his death, was unable to leave them any property. The sum asked is $600 a year.

Upwards of five thousand passengers passed on the People's Line from New York to Staten Island on Sunday. Five of the largest class of boats run speedily to and from the Island.

MURDEROUS AFFRAY ON A RAFT.—Saturday night last two men were killed on a raft at Hutchins' Cliffs, a few miles below this place. As near as we can learn, the circumstances were briefly these:

It seems that the raft had been levied on while at our landing, and a man by the name of Joshua Smith had been put in charge of it. Smith went on shore, leaving another man in charge. Soon after Smith left, the hands on the raft drove the man on shore that Smith had deputized, and went away with the raft down the river; Smith, on his return, finding the raft gone, pursued them in a skiff accompanied by two others, Hamilton Williams and a Mr. Ballard. They overtook the raft at the Cliffs, and as soon as they made their business known, Smith was shot dead, and Williams wounded badly. The raftsmen afterwards fell upon Williams, and despatched him with clubs.

Ballard then pushed off from the raft and returned to town.

The names of those on the raft were Pearson G. Williams, —— Miller, two Sellers', and one unknown. No arrest has yet been made.—*Natchez Courier.*

INJUNCTION AGAINST A BANK.—It is stated that an injunction has been granted, forbidding the Metropolitan Bank, in New York, to receive on deposit, or in any manner deal in uncurrent money at a discount. The Attorney General, it is further stated, has instituted proceedings to annul its charter, in consequence of numerous alleged violations of law on its part.

☞ The River was swelling last evening, with 6 feet 1 inch water in the canal. During the previous 24 hours the river receded an inch. The weather was rainy yesterday, with one or two of the heaviest falls of rain, during the day, we ever saw, and the streets, in many localities, were perfectly flooded with water.

The rain has been general along the course of the Ohio, and it will doubtless cause a rise in the river. It was raining hard at Cincinnati yesterday, and the Fashion, that arrived last night, encountered heavy rains all day.—*Louisville Courier, 23d.*

YOUTHFUL IMPOSTOR.—A girl only thirteen years old, having an infant in her arms, was arrested in Philadelphia on Tuesday night, for begging in the streets. She stated that some months ago she lost her father and mother in Maryland, whither they had emigrated from Canada. Her father, she said, was killed by a fall from the top of a house, while pursuing his occupation, and her mother had died from the effects of a gathered breast, while suckling the infant which she had with her, after a sickness of four days. Subsequently it was ascertained that her whole story was false, that she had run off from a gentleman's house, where she has been employed, taking away with her his only child, and creating the deepest distress in the family.

FUGITIVE SLAVES IN CANADA.—A correspondent of the N. Y. Tribune, writing from Toronto, Canada, says that a question has been raised there as to the number of fugitive slaves that have come to Canada during the last three years. Some journals have stated it at 20,000, while another, boasting the best sources of information, places it only at 3,000, which is doubtless much nearer the mark.

HON. HENRY CLAY'S HEALTH.—The Washington Telegraph, which stated a few days ago that Mr. Clay was then very low, says he was no better yesterday, and adds that although he has thousands of friends around him, ready to render every possible service, it is thought prudent that but few shall enter his chamber. His eldest son, Mr. Thomas Clay, is constantly at his side, and most devoted in his attention; and Mr. Calvert and his family are all to him that it would be possible for a brother and kindred to prove.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.—Yesterday afternoon a shooting match came off at Madison, In., between the watchman of the Wisconsin and the clerk of the Gulnare. A hand of the latter boat attempted to loosen a line attached to the former, when the watchman fired a pistol at him, the ball barely missing his head. The clerk of the Gulnare then drew a pistol, and shot at the watchman, and missed him, which ended the fray.—*Louisville Courier, 23d.*

☞ **Wanted**—A few men of thorough business habits and good address, for a safe and respectable business; it is a business that requires no capital but good character, business habits and energy. To men with the above qualifications a permanent business and the best of wages will be given. Apply or address No. 59 *Smithfield* street, corner of Third. [apr22:tf

F. S. Cleaver's Prize Medal Honey Soap.

☞ In addition to the great advantages enjoyed from the use of "Cleaver's unrivalled Honey Soap," in softening, cleansing and beautifying the skin, it is a fact, authenticated by eminent individuals, among whom are many distinguished clergymen, that, by the continued use of this Soap, cutaneous eruptions have been removed from the skin, and even warts made entirely to disappear from the hands and other parts of the body. Its happy effects can only be realized by a fair, impartial and daily use of the most agreeable appliance for family use, embracing health, comfort, and the most pleasurable sensations.

For sale by J. KIDD & CO.,
60 Wood street.

Wholesale Agents for Pittsburgh and its vicinity. Also, for sale, at all Dispensing Drug Stores. [je22

No Family Should be without Them.

☞ We speak of M'Lane's Liver Pills, which have become an indispensable Family Medicine. The frightful symptoms which arise from a diseased Liver manifest themselves, more or less, in every family; dyspepsia, sick headache, obstruction of the menses, ague and fever, pains in the side, with dry, hacking cough, are all the results of hepatic derangement—and for these, Dr. M'Lane's Pills are a sovereign remedy. They have never been known to fail, and they should be kept at all times in families.

DIRECTIONS—Take two or three going to bed every second or third night. If they do not purge two or three times by next morning, take one or two more. A slight breakfast should invariably follow their use.

The Liver Pill may also be used where purging simply is necessary. As an anti-bilious purgative they are inferior to none. And, in doses of two or three, they give astonishing relief to sick headache; also, in slight derangements of the stomach.

For sale by most Merchants and Druggists in town and country. Prepared by the Proprietor.

J. KIDD & CO.,
60 Wood street.

je24:d1 w1yw

POTASH—5 casks superior, for sale by
je29 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

SOAP—150 boxes Cincinnati, for sale by
je 9 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

SUGAR TS—15 casks, for sale by
je29 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

NEW YORK SYRUP—20 bbls, a choice article, for sale by
je29 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

BUFFALO TON HERRING—10 boxes for sale by
je9 J. LAVELY & CO.

LAYER RAISINS—25 bxs. just rec'd and for sale by
je29 J. LAVELY & CO.

SUGAR—210 hhds New Orleans Sugar, for sale by
je22 JAMES A. HUTCHISON & CO.

BACON—Hams, Sides and Shoulders, for sale by
je29 CARSON & M'KNIGHT.

CHEESE—100 bxs. W. R. Cheese, in good order.
je29 CARSON & M'KNIGHT.

TOBACCO—34 packages, various brands and qualities, for sale at a bargain.
je29 CARSON & M'KNIGHT.

GREASE LARD—100 bbls. Grease Lard, in good shipping order.
je29 CARSON & M'KNIGHT.

ROCK CANDY—Red, White and Yellow, for sale by
je29 J. LAVELY & CO.
285 Liberty street.

NUTS—Almonds, Cream Nuts, Filberts, Walnuts, Pecan Nuts, and Cocoa Nuts. For sale by
je10 J. LAVELY & CO.
Tea Dealers and Grocers.

PARASOLS—A. A. MASON & Co., are selling out the balance of their large stock of plain and figured Parasols, at a reduction of 25 per cent. from former prices. [je29

BONNETS! BONNETS!—A. A. MASON & Co. are now receiving a very large and carefully selected stock of Spring and Summer Bonnets, at greatly reduced prices. [je29

EMBROIDERIES—Just opened at A. A. MASON & Co's, a new and rich assortment of Embroideries, comprising Chemizettes, Collars, Cuffs, Undersleeves, Linen and Swiss Handkerchiefs, Ruflings, Laces, &c.
june29

SUGAR, MOLASSES AND COFFEE—
25 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
50 bbls. N. O. Molasses;
50 bags Rio Coffee.
For sale low by
je29 CARSON & M'KNIGHT.

TEAS—61 bxs. Gunpowder, Young Hyson and Imperial, 6 and 13 pounds each;
12 half chests Young Hyson Tea;
21 do Black do;
For sale at a bargain.
je29 CARSON & M'KNIGHT.

COAL FLAT BOAT FOR AUCTION.—On Thursday next, July 1st, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold without reserve, at the Monongahela Wharf, City of Pittsburgh, near the Bridge, a Coal Flat, to be free of charges, unless redeemed by the owner before that time.
F. KEPPER,
je29 P. MCKENNA, Auct'r.

Hand Street Bridge Company.

THE Stockholders are notified to attend an Election for President, ten Managers, a Treasurer and Secretary, to be held at the Room of the Company, (north end of said Bridge,) on the 1st Monday of July next, between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock, P. M.
je29:2t J. A. FITZSIMONS, Secretary.

CHEESE—Superior old Goshen Cheese;
do do Western Reserve Cheese;
do do new do do;
do do Pine Apple do do;
do do Dunham Farm Nutmeg, 8lbs. each
do do Sap Sago Cheese
Now on hand, and always to be had, at
W. A. MCLURG & CO'S,
je29 No. 256 Liberty street.

Notice.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Turnpike Company, for the construction of a Branch Plank Road, of about half a mile in length, until the morning of Friday, the 9th day of July, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Office of Hastings & Fraiser, No. 4 Wylie street, Pittsburgh.

The Proposals will state the prices for the several kinds of work, in the usual manner; and, also, for the construction of the whole.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at the Engineer's Office, after the 5th July, proximo.
je22:d11t:w2t

SUNDRIES—
German Clay;
Chipped Logwood;
Bladder;
Chocolate;
Nutmegs;
Corn Brooms;
Wire Sieves;
Plough Lines;
Flint Flasks;
Scythe Sneaths;
Spanish Whiting;
Epsom Salts;
Indigo;
Cloves;
Ground Ginger;
Clay Pipes;
Bed Cords;
Wrapping Paper;
Window Glass;
Rakes, &c.;
For sale low to close out stock.
CARSON & M'KNIGHT.
je29

NEW MUSIC!

FAREWELL, My Lily Dear, a new Song, by S. C. Foster; Nelly Bly; Old Folks at Home; Rainbow Schottisch, I know that my Redeemer Liveth, sung by Jenny Lind and Catharine Hayes; Home Schottisch; Longacre Polka; Engagement Quadrilles; Allegheny do; Elena Polka; Pearl Polka; Olivia do; Wallace's do; Garland do; Golden Pippin do; Eulalie—Song by S. C. Foster; Katy Darling—a new and beautiful Song; Fading Flowers; Goodie Gay; Off for Baltimore; I wish I too went not going; Billy Grimes; Be of Good Cheer; Ben Bolt; Friendship Quickstep.

Just received, the above, with a large lot of Songs, Polkas, Waltzes, Varistions, &c., &c.

Also received, Beyer's new Instruction Book for the Piano Forte.

"Piano without a Master," a new work, containing a great variety of Music—price 50 cents.

JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood st.
je29

HAWLE ON COVENANTS FOR TITLE.—A practical treatise on the law of Covenants for Title. By William Henry Rawle. This work is devoted to the consideration of the Liabilities and Rights of Venders of Real Estate, arising from their Covenants for Title. As such Covenants are, in some shape or form, introduced into nearly every conveyance of Real Estate, on both sides of the Atlantic, it is hoped the profession may not deem unnecessary a work which has for its object their analysis and practical effect. In English treatises, on the law of Vender and Purchaser, the subject of Covenants for Title has alloted to it only a limited space, but there is a vast body of American authorities which have not hitherto received the classification and analysis which the importance of the subject demands.

For sale by J. R. WELDIN,
je26 63 Wood st., between Third and Fourth. Bookseller and Stationer.

☞ **Scrofula**—It has been remarked by eminent men, that in the varied catalogue of diseases to which man is liable, there is scarcely one of such importance and of such interest as Scrofula, whether we look to the obscurity of its origin, its insidious progress, the number and variety of organs that it attacks, or its remarkable incurability and extensive fatality.

Scrofula has baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians in this country and in Europe. But there is an antidote in this disease, in "Dr. Guyott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla," which is proving itself a specific in the most severe cases of Scrofula.

See advertisement in another column. [le29:d&w

☞ **Angerona Lodge, I. O. of O. F.**—The Angerona Lodge, No. 229, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood street
je4:1y.

Us A. O. D.

☞ Meets above the O'Reilly Telegraph Office, corner of Third and Wood streets, every Monday evening.
apr29

☞ **I. O. of O. F.**—Place of Meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between 5th and Virgin Alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 235—Meets every Tuesday evening.

MERCANTILE ENCAMPMENT, No. 87—Meets 1st and 3d Friday of each month. mar25—1y

Collecting, Bill Posting, &c.

☞ JOHN MUCKLEBEE

Attends to Collecting, Bill Posting, Distributing Cards and Circulars for Parties, &c., &c.

Orders left at the Office of the Morning Post, or at Holmes' Periodical Store, Third st., will be promptly attended to. [my21:1y

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Hartford, Conn.
Capital Stock.....$200,000
Assets.....$89,172

Office of the Pittsburgh Agency in the Store Room of M'Cardy & Loomis, No. 23 Wood street.
nov4:tf R. H. DEES