Daily Morning Post.

LECKY HARPER.....THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING.....MAY 17.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

JAMES BUCHANAN,

OF PENNSYLVANIA:

Subject to decision of the Democratic General Convention.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,

OF ALABAMA:

Subject to the same decision.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER:

COL. WILLIAM SEARIGHT,

OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION;
Baltimore, Md., Tuesday, June 1, 1852.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
GEORGE W. WOODWARD.
WILSON McCANDLESS.
Gen. B. PATTERSON.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

District.		District.	
1st,	Peter Logan.	13th,	H. C. Eyer.
2d,	George H. Martin.	14th,	John Clayton.
3d,	John Miller.	15th,	Isaac Robinson.
4th,	F. W. Bockius.	16th,	Henry Fetter.
5th,	R. McCay, Jr.	17th,	James Burnside.
6th,	A. Apple.	18th,	Maxwell M'Caslin.
7th,	Hon. N Strickland.	19th,	Gen Jos. M'Donald
8th,	A. Peters.	20th,	Wm. S. Calahan.
9th,	David Fister.	21st,	Andrew Burke.
10th,	R. E. James.	22d,	William Dunn.
11th,	John M'Reynolds.	23d,	John S. M'Calmont.
12th,	P. Damon.	24th,	George R. Barret.

NOTICE.

The Democratic Committee of Correspondence for Allegheny County, will meet at the office of the Morning Post on Saturday the 22d inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

GEO. P. HAMILTON, Chairman.
L. HARPER, *Secretary.* my14

N. B.—The committee consists of the following named gentlemen, viz:

Messrs. Geo. P. Hamilton, Col. Jesse Sill, Jos. Birmingham, Jas. C. Ritchey, M. C. Milligan, Jacob Smith, Richard Dewhurst, Col. Jas. Scott, Henry M'Colough, Lecky Harper, E. Thompson, P. C. Shannon, Perry Baker, James Benning, A. J. Gribben, Thos. Moflit, A. Bryant, and John Nicholson.

☞ JOB PRINTING, of every description, executed at the office of the *Morning Post* in beautiful style, and on the lowest terms. Particular attention paid to the printing of Posters and Programmes for Concerts and Exhibitions of all kinds.

☞ We are indebted to some kind friend for a copy of the first annual report of the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad Company. We have already noticed pretty fully this proposed Railway, and therefore we deem it unnecessary to review the project again.

HON. GEORGE W. WOODWARD.

The Beaver *Star*, a sterling Democratic journal, has raised the name of the Hon. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, of Luzerne county, to its mast head, as the Democratic candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, for the unexpired term of Judge COULTER, dec'd. The editor of the *Star* says: "We think so much of the man, that we have put him up as the Democratic candidate to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Judge Coulter. If this motion is seconded, as we hope it will be, by all the Democratic papers in the State, Judge Woodward will be our candidate, and can be elected, without the trouble of calling a convention to make a nomination. It is a foregone conclusion, in our mind, if a convention was called, Judge Woodward would be the nominee. Then let us all unite upon him, and elevate him to the position he is so well qualified to fill."

We cordially indorse the suggestions of our friend of the *Star*, as we believe nine-tenths of the Democracy of Pennsylvania would be willing to consider Judge WOODWARD as our candidate, without the trouble and expense of holding a State Convention. As a Jurist he occupies the highest and most enviable position, and as a Democrat he is an honor to our good old Commonwealth. His appointment by Gov. BIGLER has given universal satisfaction amongst the Democracy, and has met the approbation of good men of all parties. We think the State Central Committee might issue a short Address, (after a full expression from the Democratic press of the State on the subject,) recommending that the Democracy consider Judge WOODWARD as their candidate without the action of a formal Convention. What say our brethren of the press to this?

HOMESTEAD BILL PASSED.

We learn from the Washington City papers of Thursday, that the Homestead Bill passed the House of Representatives on Wednesday, by a vote of yeas 107, nays 56—or a majority of 51 in favor of the measure. The bill has been thoroughly discussed during the session, and was passed after a full expression was had in regard to its merits.

The bill declares that any person who is the head of a family and a citizen of the United States prior to January, 1852, shall be entitled to enter, free of cost, one quarter section of vacant and unappropriated public lands, or a quantity equal thereto, to be located in a body, in conformity with the legal sub-division of the public lands, and after the same shall have been surveyed. Persons applying for the benefit of this act, shall make affidavit before the Register of the Land Office that they are the heads of families, and are not the owners of any other real estate at the time of such application. This will entitle them to enter at once the quantity of land specified. Furthermore, it is provided that if the person filing the affidavit shall change his or her residence, or abandon the entry for more than six months at any time within five years, then the land shall revert back to the Government.

In speaking of the passage of the Homestead Bill, the Washington *Union* pays the following just compliment to our friend DAWSON, of Fayette county:

"The debate was opened on the 3d of March, 1852, by the Hon. John L. Dawson, of Pennsylvania, to whose exertions, next to those of the author of the bill, (Mr. Johnson, of Tennessee,) the friends of the measure will always look back with pleasure. That speech evinced great research, was printed in the *Union*, and we observe has been extensively circulated and reprinted. It is the foundation for a character in which Mr. Dawson, who is a young member, (this being his first session in Congress,) may build with safety hereafter; for the people of this country will not soon forget those who have been active in forwarding a measure so important as the homestead bill."

U. S. SENATORS.

The Hon. ISAAC TOUCEY has been elected a member of the U. S. Senate from the State of Connecticut for the term which expires on the 3d of March, 1857. Gov. TOUCEY will be an ornament to the Senate. Governor MEANS has appointed the Hon. W. P. DU SAUSSUM, a Senator from the State of South Carolina, to fill the unexpired term of the Hon. H. B. RHETT, resigned. The report of the appointment of Hon. J. P. RICHARDSON appears, therefore, to have been not well-founded.

The following impromtu lines were written in our office on Saturday, by one of the most noted poets of our city:

Brave Meagher fled from his oppressive foes,
And freedom spreads where'er the champion goes.

Assignment of Land Warrants.

The annexed information in regard to the transfer of Land Warrants is from Thompson's Reporter, published at New York:

GENERAL LAND OFFICE,
April 20th, 1852.

SIR: If the warrantee died *after* the warrant was issued, the heirs, if *adults*, jointly must assign: if *minors*, their guardian, having previously obtained an order from the court having proper jurisdiction, can alone assign their interest therein; if there are both adult and minor heirs, the former and the guardian of the latter must unite in making the assignment.

An executor cannot assign a warrant under said act, unless specific directions are given by the testator to him to dispose of the same.

If the warrantee died *before* the warrant was issued, it is null and void, and must be returned to the Commissioner of Pensions, who will cancel the same and issue another in the name of the widow, (if he left one;) if he left no widow but *minor* children, the warrant will be issued in their names: if he left neither widow nor *minor* children, there exists no right in any other person thereto.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
J. BUTTERFIELD, Commissioner.

To J. THOMPSON, Esq., Land Warrant Dealer, No. 2 Wall street, New York.

REMARKS.—If the warrantee died after the issuing of the warrant, proof of the fact must accompany the warrant, and proof of heirship must also accompany the warrant. This proof must consist of the certificate of a probate court, under seal, stating the time of the death of the warrantee, and giving the name of the widow, or, if no widow, of each and every child, designating which are minors and which are of age.

The widow is entitled to the warrant. If there is no widow, then the children are entitled to it. If there are neither widow nor children, the warrant is null and void.

Latrobe and Uniontown Railroad.

I. Edgar Thompson, Esq., President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, in a note addressed to the Hon. A. M. HILL, member of the Legislature from Fayette county, states that it is the intention of the company to order, as soon as their corps of engineers can be spared for that object, a survey of the proposed branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad from Latrobe to Uniontown. "If the report of the engineers is favorable," says Mr. Thompson, "I have very little doubt but that the road will be commenced as soon as it can be prepared for contract, provided you raise the whole amount from among your people required to build it, and that the stock subscribed for this object will be admitted as common stock of the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. upon the same conditions that were agreed upon with the subscribers to the Blairsville branch."

ALL RIGHT!

We lately published, from the Philadelphia *North American*, a synopsis of the general appropriation act, passed by the Legislature of this State before its adjournment. As there was nothing in that synopsis in regard to appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, located at Pittsburgh, we became apprehensive that the clause had been stricken out of the bill. We are now rejoiced to have it in our power to state, however, that such is not the case. The Harrisburgh *Union*, of Wednesday last, publishes the official appropriation Act in full, signed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and approved by the Governor. In it we find the following clause:

"SEC. 55. *For the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, located at Pittsburgh, ten thousand dollars.*"

NEW WHOLESALE GROCERY.

It will be seen by our advertising columns that Messrs. RUSSELL & JOHNSTON have opened a new wholesale grocery establishment at No. 119, Water street, near the Monongahela House, where may be found a large stock of produce and Pittsburgh manufactures. A. T. RUSSELL, Esq., the senior member of the firm, is from Bedford county, and was recently Secretary of the Commonwealth. Mr. JOHNSTON is a son of old Westmoreland, and a brother of Gov. Johnston. We welcome these gentlemen to our city, and hope they will meet with all the success in business their hearts could desire.

THE FILLMORE MEETING IN NEW YORK.—The New York papers do not represent this meeting to have been very enthusiastic or unusually well attended, although they admit that a meeting had to be organized in the street, in addition to the one in the hall. Letters were received from Hon. Thos. Clayton, Ex-Senator of Delaware; Senator Berrien, Senator Brooke, of Mississippi; Hon. James T. Morehead, of North Caroline, and Hon. S. Martin, representative of the thirty-first district of New York in Congress; all approving of Millard Fillmore as the man for the Presidency. Mr. Clayton (by the way not the Ex-Secretary) deprecated the election of any more military heroes.

☞ The Publishers of New York appear to be prosperous. The Harpers print a hundred thousand monthly of their magazine, including the demand for book numbers. The Appletons have moved into a splendid free-stone store in Broadway, of which they occupy the basement and first stories. They were offered, it is said, $6000 rent for them, and could now get $7000 Putnam has moved to Park Place, and given up his retail business, to attend exclusively to publishing. Redfield has published some very choice books of late, which have sold well.—Scribner has also made a hit with many of his publications.

HON. THOS. H. BENTON.—This gentleman has published a letter, stating that his nomination by the democratic convention at Cape Gerardeau, Mo., was unauthorized by him, and that he is not a candidate for Congress yet; that he will not submit to a nomination by any caucus or convention; but that he will personally address the people at Jackson on the 15th inst., and is determined to run as a candidate on his own responsibility.

ANOTHER CUBAN EXPEDITION.—A New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger states that he saw a private letter from a Cuban "Filibuster," dated at New Orleans, which states that there is no mistake about the fact (heretofore stated only in the shape of a vague rumor) that another expedition is on foot for the invasion of Cuba. Its headquarters is New Orleans; but it has affiliated associations elsewhere, with a large amount of funds in hand.

INTERESTING TO HOTEL KEEPERS.—Two brothers, named Simm, who stopped at the Indian Queen Hotel, New Orleans, on their way from California, and while there had their trunk robbed of $5,225 in gold, have recovered a judgment for that amount against the proprietor.—The Court decided that inn-keepers are liable for the property stolen from strangers and travelers sojourning at their inns.

NICARAGUA CANAL.—It is stated that Hon. Joseph L. White and Mr. H. L. Routh, of New York, go out in the steamer of the 15th instant as Commissioners to negotiate with an English company for the sale of one-half the Nicaragua canal right.

DEPARTURE OF MISSIONARIES.—Mr. Addison Moffatt, Miss Mary Dean, Miss Sarah Blakely and Miss Maria Hicks, under appointment as teachers from the American Missionary Association, sailed from New York for Jamaica on Monday.

MINNESOTA.—Gov. Ramsey has issued his proclamation, giving official notice that the Maine Liquor Law has been ratified by the people of Minnesota, and went into effect on the 3d inst. The majority for it was only 191.

☞ Mr. Toombs, whig Senator elect from Georgia, is of the opinion that the address of the seceders from the late Congressional caucus, does not go far enough; is not strong enough, and is therefore worthless.

LATE AND INTERESTING FROM TEXAS.—By advices from Galveston to the 30th ult., we learn that the first direct shipments of Cotton from that port to Europe had just taken place. The bark Milford, with 130,000 bales, had cleared for Cowes; and the ship Wharton was loading for Havre. During the week previous an usual quantity of cotton had been sold at Galveston, and prices were advancing. The weather, during April, was unusually cold, with slight frosts, which considerably checked the growing crops.

Gen. Garland, Col. May, Col. Chapman, Maj. Morrison and Maj. Sibley, had gone to attend a court martial to be convened at Ringgold Barracks on the 1st of May.

Col. Munford, Capt. Newton and Lieut. Denman, who left San Antonio recently, en route for Ringgold Barracks, were fired upon by a party of Indians. No injury was sustained. Lt. Col. Johnston, chief of the U. S. Topographical Engineers, had returned to San Antonio.

A riot had occurred at Fort Merrill between several gamblers and U. S. soldiers, in which two of the latter were killed. It is reported that fifteen men attached to the Rifles, have deserted and gone to Mexico, with all their horses and amunition.

Samuel Trammel, of Fayette county, was lately shot dead by W. P. Hughes, who subsequently fled.

Jesse Stem, special Indian Agent, has been occupied for the past two months in holding a council with the Camanches and various other Indian tribes in the upper country, near Fort Graham, Texas. It is said that the council was very generally attended. All the head Camanche chiefs were present, and among them the great war chief by the name of Due-nois-chucop, (Eagle,) who has never before been known to attend a council of peace with the officers of our government, and has rarely ever visited the white settlements, except for the purpose of rapine and plunder.

Horrible Accident on the Michigan Central Railroad.—Seven Lives Lost.

We are indebted to Mr. Wood, of Chicago, for the details of a most horrible accident on the Michigan Central Railroad, which happened on Tuesday, about noon. The second class train proceeding west, had stopped at Niles. In a few minutes a freight train came in under full headway, and ran into the passenger train and with a force sufficient to cut down and totally demolished four cars, scattering the passengers in all directions. Seven were killed and ninety wounded, thirty so badly that many of them must die.

The narrator describes it is one of the most awful and heart rending sights man ever beheld. Arms, legs and ribs were broken, and the mass of human beings were mutilated in every possible manner. It is altogether one of the most fearful railroad accidents of which we have ever heard. In addition to the melancholy loss of life, the damage to property must be very great, and certainly the reputation of the road must suffer by the casualty.

Who is to blame, we, of course, do not know, but there must be negligence somewhere. The engineer and fireman, who were saved by jumping from the train, have been arrested and imprisoned in Niles, and it is said the inhabitants are determined to have their conduct rigidly investigated. We hope if there is guiltiness or carelessness or design, the offending parties will be punished to the full extent of the law. When we obtain further particulars we shall lay them before our readers.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer of Friday.*

☞ The Cotton Movement of the season is thus given in Mr. W. P. Wright's circular for the Boston steamer, sailing the other day. The crop is likely, from all appearances, to exceed three million bales. Yet prices go up in all the markets, in Europe and at home. The prodigious increase of consumption over all preceding years, has put all ordinary estimates and calculations at fault, and secured for this mammoth crop a uniformity of fair, and, to all concerned, satisfactory prices, beyond any former example:

	1852.	1851.
Receipts at the ports	2,710,000	2,100,000
Exports to Great Britain	1,270,000	1,007,000
Exports to France	350,000	166,000
Exports to other foreign ports	270,000	130,000
Total exports	1,900,000	1,471,000
Stock on hand	445,000	475,000

To which during the past week:	1852.	1851.
Receipts at the ports	52,000	40,000
Exports to Great Britain	59,000	49,000
Exports to France	13,000	2,000
Exports to other foreign ports	7,000	2,000
Total exports	79,000	53,000

The Gold Movement.

There is no doubt that the aggregate of gold represented to be in the hands of passengers, on the arrival of each steamer at New York, is exaggerated *one-half*. Say they bring half a million a month, which is not put down in the manifest of the vessels, and the sum will be large.

	California Receipts.	*Receipts at the Mint.*
January.....	$2,890,000	$4,940,000
February.....	3,468,471	2,800,000
March.....	1,951,055	2,634,500
April.....	2,023,119	2,785,500
	$11,233,648	$13,220,000

It appears by this, that the receipts at the mint, in the four months, were $1,986,452 greater than the official returns of receipts from California. This is equal to nearly five hundred thousand dollars per month, which can be put down as receipts by hands of passengers.

ARCHBISHOP HUGHES NOT A CARDINAL.—A correspondent of the St. Louis Intelligencer, writing from Rome on the 20th of March, notes the creation of four Cardinals, and says:—

"To settle the matter about Bishop Hughes, I may say here that I learn from several sources that the Pope has said he should appoint none for the United States but a native American, and that the honor was properly due to Maryland, as the State was settled by Roman Catholics. There is no talk, at present, of making an American Cardinal, but some Bishop of Baltimore may reasonably expect the honor in the course of a few years."

REV. J. W. GREEN.—This individual, who plead guilty in Philadelphia, a few days ago, to obtaining goods under false pretences, subsequently gave his lawyer an order on the Marshal for them, but that officer positively refused to give them up, and now holds them subject to the order of the court.

FLOCK OF SHEEP.—One hundred and sixty sheep, which Mr. Jewett, of Madison county, Vt., has just imported from Spain, have arrived at New York, in charge of a Spanish shepherd. Mr. Jewett paid $14,000 for the flock There was one buck which cost $900, and would shear 24 pounds of wool.

EMIGRATION AND IMMIGRATION.—During the week ending on Saturday last, 12,453 persons arrived at this port in various steamers and sailing vessels, and 1,800 persons sailed, making a net gain in population of 10,653. Nearly five thousand of the whole number landed here in twenty-four hours.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.—The dwelling of Mr. David Hoke, of Oxford township, Adams county, Pa., was destroyed by fire on Saturday night, and two of his children, one a girl of about seven years of age, the other a boy about five were consumed in the flames.

☞ "THE SCHOOLMATE" is the title of a very neat monthly reader for school and home instruction of youth, published by George Savage, at 22 John street, New York, and edited by A. R. PHIPPEN. Price per annum $1,00. It is altogether the best publication of the kind we have ever seen. Subscriptions will be received at this office.

DELEGATES TO BALTIMORE.—The democratic convention of the first Congressional district of Virginia, has appointed the following delegates to the national convention:—Col. Jesse Hargrave, S. T. Sawyer, (editor of the Norfolk Argus,) E. W. Massenburg and Dr. William Collins. They are uninstructed, but said to be for Buchanan.

WHIG MOVEMENTS.—The Whigs have deserted Pennsylvania to hold the National Convention at Baltimore; they have followed the Democracy to the Hall of the Maryland Institute, and they now desire to use our "Old Hickory" platform to do business upon. An exchange paper says that they will next want to take our candidates.

NEWS ITEMS.

The mail from Salt Lake City reached Independence, Mo., on the 1st instant. Everything seems to be quiet in the valley, and the difficulties so much apprehended in the fall, have all disappeared. The anxiety of the Mormons to be considered orderly citizens of the United States is said to be every day more apparent.

A dispatch from Natchez to the New Orleans Picayune states that at point Look-Out, a few miles below Lake Providence, a breach in the levee took place on the 2d inst., of an alarming character. It is one hundred yards wide and eight feet deep. Considerable alarm exists in regard to it.

Letters from Marshfield, dated at noon, Sunday, renew the assurance that the injuries sustained by Mr. Webster on Saturday were not of a serious nature. He had dictated several letters and signed them himself, and would probably remain at Marshfield only a few days.

The Lutherans of Illinois are making arrangements to establish a College and Theological Seminary at Springfield, for which $37,000, have already been secured.

An ordinance has passed the city council of Portland, Maine, abolishing the law against smoking in the streets. It takes effect ten days after date of its passage.

The Virginia House of delegates has agreed to adjourn on the 31st inst. until the fourth Monday of November.

There are in the State of Indiana, among all denominations, 2,900 houses of worship. Number of communicants about 124,000.

Counterfeit gold dollars are announced in the New Orleans papers. They are sensibly lighter than the genuine.

A State Convention in favor of the Maine law is to be held at Hartford, Connecticut, on the 19th instant.

The Empire of Japan—Its Cities, &c.

In the National Intelligencer of a recent date we find a communication from W. D. Porter, Esq., relative to Japan and its principal cities and towns. From this communication we have condensed the annexed account of a nation whose habits and condition are at all times matters of interest in this quarter of the globe, but are at this time more than usually attractive:

Jeddo, or Yeddo, the capital, is situated in the midst of a fine plain, in the province of Musecaca. It is built in the form of a parallelogram, and bisected in almost every street by canals, their banks being planted with rows of beautiful trees. The city is not surrounded, as most eastern cities, are, by a wall, but has a strong castle to defend it. The river Tongag, waters it, and supplies the castle ditch; and, being divided into five streams, has a bridge over each.

The public buildings are on a magnificent scale. The imperial palace is formed by three cinctures, or circular piles of buildings, and enclosing many streets, courts, apartments, pavilions, gates, guard-houses, arsenals, bridges, gardens, canals, &c. In it resides the emperor and his family, the royal domestic, tributary princes and their retinues, the ministers of state, many other officers of government, and a strong garrison. The walls of this magnificent palace are built of freestone, without cement, and the stones are prodigiously large. The whole pile was originally covered with gilt tiles, which gave it a very grand and beautiful appearance. Many of the stately apartments are formed and altered at pleasure, by moveable screens. The principal apartments are the Hall of Attendance, the Council Chamber, Hall of a Thousand Mats, &c. The city is under the rule of two governors, who rule a year each.

The next largest city is Meaco. It is also a royal city, and is situated on a lake near the middle of the island of Niphon, surrounded by mountains, which give a remarkable and delightful prospect to the whole. The circumjacent country between the city and the mountains is covered with temples, sepulchres, &c., and is embellished with a variety of orchards, groves, cascades, and purling streams. The numerous navigable rivers water this fertile plain, and unite their streams in the centre of the city, where a magnificent stone bridge facilitates the communication between the different parts of the city. A strong castle defends the town. It is 600 yards in length, has a tower in the centre, and is surrounded by two ditches, the one dry, the other full of water. This splendid city is twenty miles long and nine wide within the suburbs, which are as well populated as the city. The number of the inhabitants of the city proper is supposed to be 820,000. The universities, colleges, temples, &c., are almost incredible in number and magnificence. It contains twelve capital or principal streets, in the centre of which are the royal palaces, superbly built of marble, covered with gardens, orchards, pavilions, terrapines grapes, &c.

The next principal town is Oseaco. It is deemed the chief seaport, is very populous, and has an army of 80,000 men always ready at the disposal and command of the emperor. It is near fifteen miles in circumference.

Almost the first accomplishment learned by the Japanese is the art and science of suicide. The child in the nursery stabs itself with its finger or a stick, and falls back in imitative death; the lover cuts out his intestines before his obdurate mistress, and the latter pours out her hearts blood in the face of her faithless lover; the criminal executes himself; and, in fact the whole nation from early youth, revels in the luxury of suicide.

The mechanics and manufactures in Japan excel in their different branches and are even far superior to the Chinese. Their silks and cottons are excellent, and their Japan ware, and porcelain unequalled. Their exports are raw and manufactured silks, iron, steel, artificial metals, furs, teas, finer than the Chinese, Japan ware, gold, silver, copper, gums, medicinal herbs, roots, diamonds, pearls, coral, shells, ambergris, &c. Whatever goods the Japanese want they pay for in gold and silver.

The Japanese worship principally two gods, Naca and Amida. At Meaco there is a stately temple built to one of these gods. It is of freestone, as large as St. Paul's with an arched roof, supported by heavy pillars, in which stands an idol of copper, which reaches as high as the roof; and, according to a description given by Sir Thomas Herbert, his chair is seventy feet high, and eighty feet long; the head is big enough to hold fifteen men, and the thumb forty inches in circumference. There is another statue, called after the god Dabio, made of copper, twenty-two feet high in a sitting posture. This shows that the Japanese understand the art of working in bronze, and they are far ahead of Christian nations in this particular.—They allow polygamy, and they often strangle their female children, but never the males.—The nobility extract the two front teeth, and supply them with two in gold.

☞ No man of sense will ever allow himself to fall into dolors at any disappointment to life. In the language of the poet—

If you are lying on your back,
Look up:
The glance directed to the sky
And look as if you wish to try;
And you'll get up again by'n bye.
Look up!

Penalties.

The penalty of buying cheap clothes, is the same as that of going to law—the certainty of losing your suit, and having to pay for it.

The penalty of marrying, is a mother-in-law.

The penalty of remaining single, is having no one who "cares a button" for you, as is abundantly proved by the state of your shirts.

The penalty of thin shoes, is a cold.

The penalty of a pretty cook, is an empty larder.

The penalty of stopping in Paris, is being shot.

The penalty of tight boots, is corns.

The penalty of having a bunch of venison sent you, is inviting a dozen of friends to come and eat it.

The penalty of popularity, is envy.

The penalty of a baby, is sleepless nights.

The penalty of interfering between man and wife, is abuse, frequently accompanied with blows, from both.

The penalty of a godfather, is a silver knife, fork and spoon.

The penalty of kissing a baby, is half a crown, (five shillings, if you are liberal,) to the nurse.

The penalty of a public dinner, bad wine.

The penalty of a legacy, or a fortune, is the sudden discovery of a host of poor relations you never dreamt of, and of a number of debts you had quite forgotten.

The penalty of lending, is—with a book or an umbrella, the certain loss of it; with your name to a bill, the sure payment of it; and with a horse, the lamest chance of ever seeing it back again sound.—*Punch.*

☞ He who does his best, however little, is always to be distinguished from him who does nothing.

Dr. M'Lane's Great Remedy for Liver Complaint.

☞ The proprietors of this justly celebrated medicine are in the daily receipt of the most gratifying testimonials of its excellence. Cases that had been given up as incurable by most skillful physicians, were cured immediately after these Pills were given. The certificates are so numerous, that it is impossible to publish them within the limits of a newspaper; but as it now is a established fact that M'Lane's Liver Pills are the best medicine ever offered for the cure of Hepatic derangement, their publication is rendered unnecessary. Those who suffer from that worst of scourges, Liver Complaint, should lose no time, but hasten to purchase and use this invaluable medicine.

For sale by most Merchants and Druggists in town and country, and by the sole Proprietors.

J. KIDD & CO.,
69 Wood street.

my14:diwltw

DIED:

On Saturday, 15th inst. at 9 o'clock P. M., MARY JANE, wife of Alexander Nimick.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on this (Monday) afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her husband, 2d street, below Ferry.

Interesting to the Ladies.

THE Ladies Benevolent Association of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Wylie street, are desirous to dispose of their present stock of elegant fancy made up goods; viz: children's frocks, aprons, caps, and toilet cushions, and a number of other articles, too numerous to mention. They are all well made and finished in a style not to be surpassed in this city. Also, ladies caps and head dresses, very handsome; the goods can be examined and sold at Mr. Hodkinson's dwelling house, No. 111 Wylie street, a few doors below Washington; all goods and money in the hands of members of this Association will please be handed over to the Secretary of the society.

There will be no further meetings of this association until public notice be given by proper authority.

MRS BOTHWELL, Secretary.

The Rev. Mr. Goshorn will hold Episcopal service in the 6th ward school house, Franklin street, commencing next Sabbath afternoon, May 16, 1852, until further notice be given. my14:3t

"IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES."

☞ HAVING noticed the above Card in the Morning Post, of the 14th instant, we, the undersigned, Vestymen of St. Paul's Church, (Lacey ville,) deem it important to the Ladies, that they should be made acquainted with certain facts, before making purchases.

In the first place, we might state, that in the summer of 1851, the vestry and members of St Paul's church, (Laceyville,) contemplated the erection of a new building, larger, and more convenient for the Congregation, than the present structure. The vestry and others were making efforts to obtain the means to erect the new building; and the Ladies of the Congregation, with a determined spirit, concluded to raise sufficient means to decorate and furnish the new church, when built.

With this object in view, an organization was framed, "The Ladies' Association of St. Paul's Church, (Episcopal,)" and Mrs. Goshorn, wife of the (then) Pastor, elected President; Mrs. Bothwell, whose name is attached to the above card, elected Secretary; and Miss Sarah Arthurs, Treasurer. This association, had regular meetings, and by extreme industry, were able to hold a holiday fair, on the 22d and 23d days of December, 1851. Mr. Goshorn, as the printing committee, had various notices of said Fair published in the daily papers, and, in those notices, the public were informed of the object of the Fair—viz: for the benefit of St Paul's church, (Episcopal.) The tickets, also, printed under the direction of the President, and Mr. Goshorn, set forth, that the "festival and sale" was for St. Paul's Church, (Episcopal.)

The proceeds of this Fair amounted to $317,00, which, by a resolution of the Society, was handed over to the vestry, for the church, in its corporate capacity, to be loaned on Real Estate security, until such time as it could be used for the object intended, the vestry agreeing jointly and severally that it should be used for no other purpose. This resolution, and the resolution to be adopted by the vestry, was drawn up by the President of the association, and her husband, and the latter resolution was presented by Mr. Goshorn, to the vestry, for their approval, which was adopted by them, and recorded on the minutes of the church.

The resolution of the Ladies' Association was accompanied with a recommendation to loan the money to a certain individual, on certain security, (who then held, and still holds the same,) the church being in the possession of his deeds, only, for the amount.

After said Fair, a calculation was made by the President of the Association, of the amount and value of the goods remaining unsold, which amounted to about $250 It is these goods which are advertised in the card copied above, as for sale at Mr. Hodkinson's, No. 111 Wylie street.

At a meeting of the Society, after the Fair, at the suggestion of the President, Mrs. Goshorn, it was concluded upon to hold no more meetings, until after the busy spring season, when their efforts should be continued.

Accordingly on the 21st day of April last, a call, signed by nine members of the Association for a meeting to be held on the 26th of the same month, at the church, was presented to Mrs. Bothwell, Sec'y, with a request to notify all the members of the Association of said meeting. This she consented at the time to do, but after consultation with Mrs. Goshorn, refused. A copy of the call was then served on all the members, and the meeting was held at the church on the day mentioned. At this meeting the existing President and Secretary being absent, these officers were supplied *pro tem*, when the former resolutions of the society were approved of, and the meeting adjourned to meet again on May 5th, next, at the same place. A notice of this adjourned meeting was published in the *Daily Dispatch* of May 7th, and at the time appointed the meeting organized, the officers of last meeting were again called upon to officiate, and a report was heard from a committee at that time appointed to call on the President and Secretary, to request their attendance at the meeting or get the books and papers, and amount or account of the goods on hand. Their report was in substance that Mr Goshorn told them that Mrs Goshorn could not be seen, and that she refused to attend or give up the books, &c., or give any account of the amount of goods, &c. A resolution was then passed authorizing and requesting the vestry to act in lieu of the accounts of their several officers for the purpose of handing over the books, papers, goods, &c., to them for carrying out the first intention of the Association, and recognizing the vestry as their legal source of doing business, a copy of this resolution was presented to the vestry with a request that they would comply with their desire. This resolution was accepted and approved of by the vestry, and in accordance therewith a committee appointed to carry out the wishes of the society. This committee called upon the Treasurer of the society and settled her account They then on Wednesday, 14th inst., called on the President and Secretary to ascertain some thing relative to the goods, &c., in their possession. The President refused through her husband, Mr. Goshorn, to give any account of the goods, &c., or deliver up the same, or any of the books or papers, and so also did the secretary.

We give this a statement of facts which may be relied upon, and persons purchasing goods from Mr Hodkinson or any other person, will do so at their own risk, as it is the intention of this vestry to see justice done, and one of the first qualities of Christianity, (honesty) insisted upon.

It will be recollected that at the time of the organization of the Ladies Society there existed no such church as St Paul's church, Wylie street, nor is there any such church known by this vestry to exist at the present time to whom the property and money of the legal corporation known as St. Paul's church, (Episcopal,) Laceyville, may be claimed or appropriated on principles of law or equity.

The relations between the church and the Rev. Mr. Goshorn have terminated by the resignation of the late pastor, and Mrs Bothwell has no authority to act on behalf of the undersigned.

THOS. MCARTHY, ROWLEY WILSON,
GEORGE PARKS, JOHN L. ARTHURS,
THOS. COCANE JAMES PATTERSON,
WILLIAM WILSON, WILLIAM L. ALGEO;
M. LAWTON, One absent and one resigned

my17:3t

TOBACCO—Choice Brands, for sale by
my17 RUSSELL & JOHNSTON.

SEGARS—20,000—various brands—prime article—for sale by {my17} RUSSELL & JOHNSTON.

RICE—17 tierces fresh, for sale by
my17 RUSSELL & JOHNSTON.

SUGAR—20 hhds N. O., for sale by
my17 RUSSELL & JOHNSTON

MOLASSES—50 barrels Prime, for sale by
my17 RUSSELL & JOHNSTON.

HEAD RICE—3 tierces Head Rice, a superior article, for sale by W. A. MCLURG & CO.,
my17 No. 256 Liberty street.

ORANGES AND LEMONS—
40 boxes, for sale by
my17 W. A. MCLURG & CO.

SALAD OIL—Of superior quality, in quart, pint and half pint bottles, and flasks, for sale by
my17 W. A. MCLURG & CO.

TEAS—Gunpowder; Imperial; Y. Hyson; Young Hyson; Souchong; Oolong; just received and for sale by
my17 RUSSELL & JOHNSTON.

FISH—30 barrels No. 3 Mackerel;
30 " No. 1 T. Shad;
30 " No. 1 Herring;
For sale by {my17} RUSSELL & JOHNSTON.

FOR RENT.—A Room fronting on Water street—2d story—suitable for an office. Apply to
RUSSELL & JOHNSTON,
my17 119 Water and 156 Front sts.

COFFEE—150 bags Prime Rio;
40 Pockets Prime Java, for sale by
RUSSELL & JOHNSTON,
my17 119 Water and 156 Front sts.

Russell & Johnston,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and dealers in *Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures*, 119 Water and 156 Front streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. my17

CALF SKINS at Auction.—This afternoon, (Monday, May 17th,) at 3 o'clock, will be sold at McKenna's Auction House, several dozen of Calf Skins, to close a consignment. P. MCKENNA, Auct'r.

CONSIGNMENTS of Extra and Superfine Flour, of superior brands, always on hand, and for sale in large quantities or by the single barrel, at the lowest market rates.
TAAFFE, MAGUIRE & HANE,
my17 191 Second street, between Wood and Smithfield.

REFINED SUGARS—
20 bbls Lovering's Crushed and Pulverized;
20 do St. Louis do do;
On hand and for sale by
W. A. MCLURG & CO.,
my17 Grocers and Tea Dealers.

Family Groceries.

THE UNDERSIGNED having rented the stand lately occupied by Henry C. Kelly, would respectfully inform their friends, that they have opened a "family grocery," with a stock of articles selected in the eastern cities, expressly for family use. We assure those who patronize us, that no effort upon our part will be found wanting to please those who give us a call. Don't forget the place—corner at Fifth street and Market alley.
my17:1m ROBERT H. JACK & CO.

Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors.

BY order of voluntary assignment executed on the 8th day of May, in the year 1852, by CLARK, MCGREGGET & Co., to Richard T. Leech, jr., the said Clark, McGreggett & Co., made the said Richard T. Leech, jr., a Trustee, for the benefit of their creditors. All persons having claims against the said firm, are requested to present them to the subscriber; and all persons indebted to the firm, are notified to call on the subscriber, at 133 Wood street, Pittsburgh, and pay or arrange the same.
my17 R. T. LEECH, JR.
(Journal copy, and charge adv.)

EMBROIDERIES.—Just opened at A. A. MASON & Co's, another large and full assortment of Embroideries, including Fine French Worked Collars, Cuffs, Sleeves, &c., &c. my15

SALMON AND LAKE FISH—
20 bbls. Lake Superior Salmon; and,
10 half bbls. Lake Fish,
In store and for sale by
my15 KING & MOORHEAD.

GOTHIC HALL—MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING—Celebrated for neatness of fit, firmness of quality, durability of workmanship, and low prices.
WE STUDY TO PLEASE,
my15 74 Wood street.

WASHBOARDS—25 doz. patent Zinc, for sale by
my15 J. D. WILLIAMS & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Positively the Last Week for Bargains! CLOTHING! CLOTHING!—As we shall close the consignment of Clothing on Saturday the 22d instant, until that day we will sell cheaper than ever—Gentlemen in want of a fine suit, will do well to call, as this is the last chance. Every garment warranted to be made and trimmed in the latest style, expressly for this market. Also, just received, by express, twenty pieces of watered French Lawns, and plain; and ten pieces of Bloly Cloths. The trade will please call and examine. P. M. DAVIS, Auctioneer,
my17 in