Daily Morning Post.

LEONY HARPER ..... THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING:.....MAY 13.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

JAMES BUCHANAN,

OF PENNSYLVANIA;

Subject to decision of the Democratic General Convention.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,

OF ALABAMA;

Subject to the same decision.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER:

COL. WILLIAM SEARIGHT,

OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION; Baltimore, Md., Tuesday, June 1, 1852.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
GEORGE W. WOODWARD.
WILSON McCANDLESS.
Gen. R. PATTERSON.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

District.		District.	
1st,	Peter Logan.	13th,	H. C. Eyer.
2d,	George H. Martin.	14th,	John Clayton.
3d,	John Miller.	15th,	Isaac Robinson.
4th,	F. W. Bockius.	16th,	Henry Fetter.
5th,	R. McCay, Jr.	17th,	James Burnside.
6th,	A. Apple.	18th,	Maxwell M'Caslin.
7th,	Hon. R. Strickland.	19th,	Gen Jos. M'Donald
8th,	A. Peters.	20th,	Wm. S. Calahan.
9th,	David Fister.	21st,	Andrew Burke.
10th,	R. E. James.	22d,	William Dunn.
11th,	John M'Reynolds.	23d,	John S. M'Calmont.
12th,	P. Damon.	24th,	George R. Barret.

JOB PRINTING, of every description, executed at the office of the *Morning Post* in beautiful style, and on the lowest terms. Particular attention paid to the printing of Posters and Programmes for Concerts and Exhibitions of all kinds.

GEN. SCOTT AND THE FREE SOILERS.

We recently published a report of the proceedings of the Whig Congressional Caucus, at Washington, from which it appeared, as our readers will no doubt remember, that resolutions in favor of the Compromise measures were unceremoniously kicked out by the Whig members from the North, who wish to bring about the nomination of Gen. Scott for the Presidency. Our comments on those proceedings have been copied into the new Scott organ, at Cleveland, the *Forest City*, (which is a sort of Abolition Free Soil concern,) and a long string of comments are appended by the editor, which fully justify the action of the majority in the Congressional Caucus—The editor admits that we spoke the truth in our comments on the proceedings alluded to. Hear him.

"But bating the flings and the sneers of the article, it tells the truth. Upon all subjects of *practical* legislation, the great body of the whigs in the North, and of the party known as the Liberty or Free Soil party, do occupy common ground, and with the exercise of a little common sense and common charity, they might act in concert—as they always should have done—and so accomplish the object which each professes to have so much at heart.

"We rejoice at this result, and we think we discover in the present aspects of political affairs omens of success that are really encouraging," &c., &c.,

Here the admission is boldly and candidly made by the SCOTT organ in the Western Reserve, that the "great body of the Whigs of the North, and the Liberty or Free Soil party occupy common ground," and the Scott editor "rejoices at this result." Very well.

Now, we would respectfully ask, why is it that the Abolitionists, Free Soilers and the great body of the Whig party of the North, oppose the nomination of Mr. FILLMORE to the Presidency? It is simply because he has expressed a determination to execute the laws of the country!—No Whig can deny that. If Mr. FILLMORE had declared that he would disregard the compromise measures, no doubt he would be very popular with Northern Whiggery at the present moment, and that party would be willing to give him a unanimous nomination.

Gen. SCOTT has not "defined his position" in regard to the Fugitive Slave Law, and other measures embraced in the Compromise; but it is well known that SEWARD, GREELY, and all the Abolition Whigs and presses of the North are warmly advocating his nomination for the Presidency. Indeed SCOTT is now essentially in the hands of the Free Soil factionists and fanatics;—he is their candidate and acknowledged leader.—These factionists are determined that he shall not commit himself by writing any more letters, and because they are in the majority, they intend to force the nomination of SCOTT upon the Whigs of the South.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *North American*, a leading whig paper, with Free Soil tendencies, says:

"It may now be asserted, with entire confidence, that Gen. Scott, under no condition or circumstances, will change the ground which he has occupied since his name has been brought forward conspicuously in connection with the Presidency, and will write no letter concerning public questions unless the Whig Convention should offer him a nomination. This is understood to be the finality of his position, as declared by his most intimate and accredited friends, and upon the authority of undoubted assurances."

There it is. "Must is the word." No doubt the General's particular friends think that he has written too many letters already, and they do not wish that he should make himself any more ridiculous. But will the people—the masses—take him upon trust, as they did JOHN TYLER?—We trow not.

THE DAILY UNION.—The first number of this paper was issued yesterday morning. Its typography is highly creditable to the publishers, and will bear a comparison with any paper in the State. The selections are varied, and just such as will please the taste of all readers. The editorial department is full of carefully prepared articles, and will be read with pleasure by all who receive a copy of the Union. It is the best and neatest sample of a penny paper, that has ever been issued in our city, and if the present number is any indication of the future, it merits a liberal support from the public.

THORN'S MINERAL WATER.

Our excellent friend WILLIAM THORN, on Market street, near Fourth, has gone to great pains and expense in fitting up his Mineral Water Fountains for the summer season. He is now prepared to serve his numerous friends with this delicious, pure, healthy drink, "sparkling and bright" as woman's eyes; and we have no doubt but that his store will be crowded all summer with citizens and strangers.

LARGE SALE OF PROPERTY.—We would call the attention of the public to the advertisement of Messrs. Reis & Curling in our paper of this morning. The property advertised is in one of the most delightful localities adjacent to our city, and the numerous facilities afforded to reach it, makes it a most desirous spot for a country residence.

We call attention to the advertisement headed "Proposals for the publication of the Pennsylvania Archives, and for the publication of the first three volumes of the Colonial Records," which will be found in to-day's paper.

The Pennsylvanian learns from Washington that Mr. Buchanan's prospects for a nomination for the Presidency, were never better.—His friends are in high spirits.

CHEAP RAILROAD EXCURSIONS.

The managers of many of the great Railroads in the Eastern States, have adopted the system of sending out special excursion trains during the summer season, and putting the fare at about one half the ordinary rates. We like the idea very much, and hope to see it adopted on our own Railroads, especially in the neighborhood of this city.

Now, suppose the officers of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad would agree to run special trains to New Brighton during the summer months, and put on extra cars so as to accommodate parties of three or four hundred—they certainly would be the gainers thereby. The cars might start pretty early in the morning, so as to allow ladies and gentlemen time to fish, sport in the woods, and amuse themselves as they thought proper during the day, and return to the city at 10 or 11 o'clock in the evening. The MANNICK House, at New Brighton, is a very large and admirably kept establishment, and has fine parlors and assembly rooms, where young folks could enjoy themselves to "the top of their bent." On the Pennsylvania Railroad similar popular excursions might be got up to Turtle Creek, where there are also fine large Hotels, with ample accommodations for parties. There are hundreds of persons who have neither the time nor the means to go to Bedford, Saratoga, Cape May, and other fashionable "watering places," during the warm weather, who can spend a day and a dollar or two in making a pleasant excursion a short distance from Pittsburgh by Railroad.

We hope to find our suggestions adopted as soon as possible by the officers of the above named Railroads.

The last Ohio Legislature passed an act authorizing the erection of a new Lunatic Asylum in that State, and Commissioners have been appointed to make a suitable location. The Steubenville *Herald* urges the Commissioners not to overlook the claims of that beautiful and healthy city. The health of the city (says the *Herald*,) is never disturbed by any local disease. Its location on the Ohio river at a central point makes it easy of access by river counties, and the completion of railroads now under contract, will open out a direct communication with every section of the State—we might almost say every country."

The New York *Evening Post* states that the next Democratic Convention is to be held in the large hall of the Maryland Institute, which has been engaged by the Baltimore committee. It will accommodate 4,000 persons. This will be very good news to those who remember the terrific scene at the Convention in 1848, when the galleries of the old rookery of a church, in which it was held, started under the pressure. Minthrone Tompkins, of New York, was the only person in the building who remained seated; and he was as "calm as a summer's morning."

FERGUS O'CONNOR, M. P., the celebrated Chartist orator, arrived recently in New York, from England; and some of his first acts give some color to the belief that he is insane. The New York Post says: He strolled into Stewart's store and, chucking a handsome young woman among the purchasers under the chin, asked how she would like a moustache! He was ejected from the premises, and afterwards returned, but did not renew any of his wild tricks. It is said that he left England without the knowledge of his friends, and that they will come to this country after him by the next steamer.

NEW ORLEANS DEBT.—One of the provisions of the new city Charter of New Orleans is that the old debts of the Municipalities shall be redeemed by the issue of new bonds. In accordance therewith, says the N. O. Delta, of the 26th.

The Board of Commissioners of the Consolidated debt met on Saturday, and decided to issue two millions of bonds at six per cent. per annum, to run for forty years.—the proceeds to redeem the old debts. The interest accruing on these, and the other liabilities of the old Corporations, the City Council has to impose a tax of $600,000.

BOSTON.—The amount to be raised by taxation in Boston, the present year, is $1,170,000, about $188,000 less than the amount raised last year. The appropriation to the Fire Department this year is $65,000; Internal Health Department, $70,000; Paving, $100,000; Police, $40,000; Overseer of the Poor, $80,000; House of Industry, House of Correction and Reformation, and Deer Island Hospital, $118,700; Schools, $285,000; Watch Department, $85,000.

We see it stated that the Cumberland *Valley Sentinel* and the *Valley Spirit*, two excellent Democratic papers published at Chambersburg, are to be united on the 1st of July. We are glad to hear it, as we are certain that one well conducted Democratic paper in a county can always do more service for the party than two that do not cordially harmonize in sentiment.

MELANCHOLY SUICIDE.—We learn from the Columbia Democrat that Mr. Jeremiah K. Hess, of Centre township, Columbia county, put a period to his existence, on Tuesday last, by hanging himself. Mr. Hess, was about 40 years of age, and leaves an interesting but greatly bereaved family. He was a farmer, in good circumstances, of excellent habits and a very worthy citizen.

We observe that the Wheeling Bridge nuisance is attracting public attention all through the West. The fact is, that the Bridge *must* come *down* or *go up* to sufficient height to accommodate navigation. There has already been more than enough discussion on this subject, and the people of Wheeling should now act with a little common sense in the case.

FUNNY.—The following from the Washington *Telegraph* will no doubt cause a broad grin to cover the phizes of all who read it:

"*It is not the politicians, but the PEOPLE, who have brought out General Scott; and they make a sad error who take the declarations of a few politicians for an index to popular opinion on the subject.*"

The St. Anthony Express says that Eli Pettijohn, Esq., of Fort Snelling, lately found a lake about forty miles long and three miles wide, at the Cascade, or Little Falls Creek. It is situated about half way betwixt the St. Peters and Crow river, and near forty miles northwest of St. Anthony.

The following is from a letter written by John C. Rives, of the firm of Blair & Rives:

"I have seen the manuscript writings of most of the great men in this country during the last twenty years, and I think I may say, that no twenty of them could stand the test of the scrutiny of one-half of the journeymen printers employed in my office."

The Savannah *Georgian*, an influential democratic paper, says that at the last Democratic State Convention there was no "mention of Gen. Cass's name, otherwise than to deprecate his nomination by the National Convention. Out of upwards of a hundred delegates, we believe not more than two or three—if so many—preferred him for the Presidency.

The St. Anthony Express says that pork is now worth at that place $30 per bbl. As strange as it may appear, says the Express, our merchants hardly ever get up a supply of this article. Flour and other eatables are plenty, and can be had at cheap rates.

A young woman, named Warren, has been arrested for throwing vitriol in the face of D. S. Dewey, in his store at Wankengan, Wisconsin. One of his eyes was destroyed, and the other nearly so. She suspected him of having traduced her character.

English Civilization at the Hastings.

English writers who visit this country for the for the purpose of making books, on returning to their native shores, descriptive of the manners and customs of the Republicans of the Western world, generally reflect upon our people and institutions in the most prejudicial and unjust terms, or in the language of an eloquent writer, "like the carrion bird, they fly o'er our beautiful fields decked with clustering fragrant flowers, and light beside some stagnant pool where they satiate their foul appetite by drinking in all that is corrupt." Thus we find the Trollope's and Dicken's exagerating and recording only that which is evil.

In order to show our readers the state of things in the Old World, and how matters are conducted at the English hustings, we publish the following from the Londonderry *Standard*, of the 15th ult:—

The late English Assizes exhibited an amount of crime that strikingly contrasted with the state of the calenders in our own country, which may be truly said to be the "best abused country, in the world;" for its faults are constantly blazoned abroad, and made the subject of malignant comment, as in the case of some family scape-goat, who happens to be a step-daughter, and is, therefore the cause of every mischief by whymsoever perpetrated. The case is different in England. The Press does not make any remarks upon its crimes. There, familiarity blunts the edge of censure. Yet the crimes most prevalent in England strike at the very roots of society. Husbands murder their wives; wives poison their husbands; parents deliberately, by a slow process, repeated from day to day, destroy the infants that lie helpless and innocent in their arms, and by their smiles and their cries, their anxious and suffering looks appeal in vain, even to the maternal instincts. Infanticide is fearfully prevalent in England; and, even in the cases where prosecutions take place, is almost invariably perpetrated with impunity. No crime is more significant of the state of a society verging towards some great catastrophe, especially in a Christian country, where its import, as a symptom of moral disease, is dreadful.

We dislike national reflections; and we could wish that the English Press would abstain from them; but as its laudations of English civilization, and denuncian of Irish barbarism have their effect, even in this country, and make some of our "gents" turn up their noses at the natives, we beg their attention to a manifestation of English civilization at the hustings, which beats the loyal mob of Coleraine, who were so anxious to please a Secretary of State, and an ex-Presbyterian M. P., by immersing a Presbyterian Minister.

Mr. Lindsay, a gentleman extensively connected with the shipping interest in London, was invited to stand for the Monmouthburghs against the Government candidate. As this election is the last one previous to the general election, we may regard it as the drops preceding the shower, or rather the tempest with which the United Kingdom will then be flooded. Mr. Lindsay stipulated that he should incur no expenses of the election. These terms were accepted by the Liberals and Free Traders at Monmouth. The number of electors on the last registry was 1,676, and the results of a complete canvass were as follows:—Clear and distinct promises to Mr. Lindsay, 649; promises to his opponent, 435; doubtful and suspicious, 461; missing, 131. The 461 were "mysteriously silent" till the 11th hour. The night before the election many of the pledged voters on Lindsay's side had vanished, whither or why his committee could not tell. His opponent was a man of great local influence, and employed 5,000 men in mining operations.

As the contest waxed sharp some of the immaculate Liberals offered their votes for 20s. each; others for 2s. 6d. each. The scenes that accompanied the election are described by Mr. Lindsay, in letters to the *Times* and *Daily News* He says:

"While all this was going on, the scene in the town was perfectly indescribable. Windows were smashed, houses gutted, carriages overturned, reds trampled upon by blues, and blues in their turn trampled upon by reds. Noses were bleeding, eyes blackened, heads cut and ribs and limbs broken. Barrels of beer were rolled into blue houses, and red and blue vagabonds were rolling and fighting over them.—Yells of 'Daily for ever,' and 'Lindsay for ever,' rent the air, leading to the most desperate fights. Many lives would have been lost had it not been for the most admirable management of a body of the Glamorgan county police, who were often obliged to clear the way with drawn sabres."

This is not all; let us again hear Mr. Lindsay:—

"The town was full of athletic men from the hills, of determined characters, and for what purpose they were sent there you may imagine. One important fact reached me, and to his shame it said, that a *county magistrate*, nephew of my opponent, brought by special train 500 to 700 miners from his works, armed with sticks, bludgeons, and life preservers, and lodged them at eight A. M., in a large inn named the Parrot. These men, as the peaceable Liberals came to the poll, assaulted them, and drove them away. This naturally so exasperated the town people, who were chiefly Liberals, that they in turn attacked the Inn, drove these fellows *en masse* from it, tore down the doors, forced in the windows, and so dismantled the house, that when I passed it this morning, there was nothing but the bare walls and a tattered blue flag visible. This was the commencement of the many disgraceful scenes which followed, and which prevented a great number of our friends, but peaceable supporters, who could not be bought, from recording their votes, so that there were 362 who did not poll. Can this be called an election.

THE MEXICAN TARIFF AND THE FOREIGN MINISTERS.—Our telegraphic advices have already alluded to the second vote of the foreign Ambassadors to the Mexican Government. The following paragraphs, extracted from it, are important:

"Without entering anew on the discussion, the undersigned will not only repeat to his Excellency that such a state of things cannot be prolonged without serious danger to international relations, without ruin to commerce; and in short, the dominion of just fears that the undersigned do not hesitate to declare it here, and that they energetically insist anew on the adoption of some measure, at the least provisional, to avert such a result.

"In their opinion, this measure consists simply in authorizing the foreign merchants of Vera Cruz and Tampico to pay duties conformably to the Avalos tariff, reserving, however, to the Government the right of exacting the additional duties which may conform to a new general tariff, wisely framed and passed by the legislative body."

THE TROUBLE IN ROME.—Mr. Weed in a recent letter from Rome, explains a difficulty, which occurred there during holy week, as follows:

"There was an unpleasant occurrence in front of St. Peter's yesterday. When the Pope was about to pronounce the Benediction, a French officer ordered Mr. Jones, of New York, to take off his hat. Mr. J. refused, and the officer knocked it off, for which he struck the officer with his cane. The officer struck back with his sword, cutting Mr. J. slightly in the hand, who returned another blow with his cane. By this time he was taken in charge by troops and carried to prison. Information was taken to Mr. Cass, our Minister, who immediately went to the authorities and after two or three hours' delay, procured his release.

A LARGE GOLD STORY.—A correspondent of the Newport News, writing from San Francisco, relates the following incident: Two uncommon-looking persons entered the hotel this morning, just from the mines—a man and wife. The male individual looked for all the world like a day laborer, and the female bore a close resemblance to an Irish scullion. She wore coarse, vulgar brogans, and to her girdle was attached a gold watch and chain, valued at least at two hundred dollars. The husband left the hotel for half an hour, and returned with a receipt for one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars, the value of the dust which he had just consigned for transportation to New York. This sum has been gained by digging. The husband dug while the wife washed, assisted by her little son, aged about ten years.

A PRECIOUS SCAMP.—There has been quite a flare-up recently at Columbia, Tenn., in consequence of Rev. F. G. Smith, principal of the Female Institute at that place, taking improper liberties with one of his pupils, which she indignantly resented and lost no time in exposing.—In a letter to Rt. Rev. Bishop Otey, Mr. Smith confessed to the charges, and also admits that, when he was charged with the offense he denied it, he LIED! A precious reprobate is he, to have in charge young females for intellectual and moral training.

A FUNERAL THOUGHT,

BY BAYARD TAYLOR.

When the pale genius, to whose hollow tramp
Echo the startled chambers of the soul,
Waves his inverted torch o'er that wan camp
Where the Archangel's marshaling trumpets scroll,
I would not meet him in the chamber dim,
Hushed, and disturbuned with a nameless fear,
When the breath flutters, and the senses swim,
And the dread hour is near!

Though love's dear arms might clasp me fondly then,
As if to keep the summoner at bay,
And woman's vow and the calm grief of men
Hallow at last the still, unbreathing clay—
These are earth's fetters, and the soul would shrink,
Thus bound, from darkness and the dread unknown,
Stretching its arms from death's eternal brink,
Which it must dare alone!

But in the awful silence of the sky,
Upon some mountain summit never trod,
Through the bright ether would I climb, to die
Afar from mortals, and alone with God!
To the pure keeping of the stainless air
Would I resign my feeble, failing breath,
And with the rapture of an answered prayer
Welcome the kiss of death!

The soul, which wrestles with that doom of pain,
Prometheus like, is linked in spirit here;
Would there forget the vulture and the chain,
And lend to freedom from its mountain bier!
All that it ever knew, of noble thought,
Would guide it upward to the glorious track,
Nor its keen pangs by parting anguish wrought
Turn its bright glances back!

Then to the elements my frame would turn,
No worm should riot on my coffined clay,
But the cold limbs, from this sepulchral urn,
In the slow storms of ages waste away!
Loud winds and thunder's diapason high
Should be my requiem through the coming time,
And the white summit, fading in the sky,
My monument sublime!

NEWS ITEMS.

A reward of $100 is offered in the New York *Times*, for the finding of twenty bonds of $1000 each, of the Fayette county, Ky., issue to the Covington and Lexington Railroad Company, which were lost on the 26th ult., in Brooklyn.

Barbara and Susan Rinehart, mother and daughter, were last week convicted in the Greene county Common Pleas, of the robbery of John P. Hunt, Springfield, of $635 in gold. The mother was sentenced to five years imprisonment in the Penitentiary, and the daughter to three years.

Thirty-two salt boats, having 81,000 bushels on board, reached Louisville from Kanawha last week. In landing, two of the boats, with 12,000 bushels, sunk.

There is a negro in jail in Troy, N. Y., named Woodlin, arrested in Lansingburg on a charge of grand larceny, who has two white women after him, each claiming to be his wife.

Twenty-five clerks in the Census Bureau at Washington received notice on 28th ult., that their services would not be wanted any longer. The reason assigned is a deficiency in the appropriations for the department.

The Boston *Commonwealth* says, that to vindicate the Secret Ballot Law, in the late Rhode Island election, one hundred of the nabobs of Newport turned out in white kid gloves, and put the envelopes containing their votes into the box with silver sugar tongs.

From the New York Post.

FOREIGN ITEMS.

The report of the marriage of the Emperor of Austria with the Prince Sedonia of Saxony is gaining ground in the court circles.

The Count Kaunitz, returning from the funeral of his brother, Prince Swartzenberg, was attacked with apoplexy in the street, and died before reaching home.

Westminster Hall is unsupported by pillars, though it is 270 feet long and 74 broad. The Town Hall of Padua, however, is larger than this.

The Governess's Benevolent Institution now supports forty-nine ladies in a small but respectable way. The capital is £200,000. It furnishes not only annuities, but temporary homes, and secures new situations for those who desire them. The place of a governess is so disagreeable a one in England, that this institution goes out of the sympathy of those who knew how bad it was.

At the last advices, gold was 0.49 cheaper in Paris than in London.

The total amount of money in the British Savings Banks, at the last accounts, was $28,933,065 8s. 7d.

A grand monument has recently been uncovered at Rome. It is the Castle Rotondo, which until now has had the appearance of a hill with a house surrounded by olive trees. It is now found by being trimmed down to be a noble monument, resembling the tower of Cecilia Metella.

The average mortality of London is one hundred and fifty-four per day.

The barges worn by the ladies this season, are covered with small chequers, in double lines of pink, blue, or green. The flounces of the dresses made of this material contain stripes.

Among the successful hits, at the Marionette theatre, is this: The curtain drawn up, and there is seen an Ethiopian band, who perform an overture. The leader is a Yankee, of course. They go on from ecstacy to ecstacy, till the leader, after the manner of the Fellows of Christy minstrels, tumbles off his chair, and then the curtain drops.

The number of acres under cultivation in England, for hops, is 43,246, and more than half is in the county of Kent.

A son of Prince Murat has joined the African chassours as a private soldier.

The sister of Prince Paul, of Wurtemburg, the Princess Catharine, was the wife of Jerome Bonaparte, and shared the throne of Westphalia with him.

The last descendant of Burke is not dead, as was stated some weeks ago in these items. There is an Edmund Haviland Burke, at Eton School, of whom report speaks highly.

Mr. Spencer, "Father Ignatius," is raising money in Germany, to convert the Protestants of England.

The Danube Steam Company have ordered 30 iron passage boats to be built in England. By the by, is it not time for Congress to move with that bill to secure the safety of travellers?

The body of the Prince Paul Wurtemburg was placed in state for the final visit of his relatives and friends. Custom justifies everything apparently. On a raised platform, the body, dressed in full uniform, as in life, was bolstered up on cushions at an angle of 45°, and lay stiff and stark to be gazed at by the crowd.

Report that the deceased changed his religion is denied. If it should so prove, the young Prince of Nassau would lose his claim to the throne of Wurtemburg, and so there is likely to be a "muss."

The Behring Strait Expedition is detained in England for want of funds.

Johanna Wagner, the new vocalist, is said to be very handsome.

A great demand for labor continues in Ireland.

It is Superseding all Others.

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, *is rapidly supplanting all other Worm Medicines.* Where used, it produced the best effects, driving out all other remedies. Read the following:—

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., Jan. 29, 1851.

MESSRS. J. RIDD & CO.—Please send me ten gross of M'Lane's Vermifuge. I have sold double the amount of your Vermifuge to that of Fahnestock, in 1850; and I think this year the latter will be pretty well worn out.
JOHN F. DEMOVILLE.

TOLEDO[illegible], Lewis Co., Ky. Feb. 5, 1851.

MESSRS. J. RIDD & CO.—The demand for Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge and the Liver Pills, is very great, and I wish to have a lot of each to sell on commission. Heretofore, Fahnestock's Vermifuge has been the most valuable, *but, M'Lane's is now superseding his.*
H. EVERSOB.

For sale by most Merchants and Druggists in town and country, and by the sole Proprietors,
J. RIDD & CO.,
60 Wood street.

my6:d1wtiw

DEERSKINS—2 bales deerskins for sale by
my13 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

RAISINS—65 boxes "J. Kristles" brand for sale by
my13 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP—25 bbls. a very superior article, for sale by [my13] SMITH & SINCLAIR.

FLOUR—50 bbls just received and for sale by
my13 ARMSTRONG & CROZER.

POTATOES—74 bus just received and for sale by
my13 ARMSTRONG & CROZER.

BACON—9 casks just received and for sale by
my13 ARMSTRONG & CROZER.

Notice.

THE next meeting of the Board of Managers of the Allegheny County Agricultural Society, will be held in the Court House, at 10 o'clock A. M., on Saturday the 22d of May, instead of the 20th, as before announced.
J. E. McCABE, President.
JAMES K. KENNEDY, Secretary. my13:d&w3t

Opposition Defeated,

COMBINATION REJECTED, COMPARISON INVITED and Wholesale prices Adopted. HOOD has just returned from the East, with a large assortment of Jewelry of the newest spring fashions, and very fine quality; also, a large lot of fine Gold and Silver Watches from the best European manufacturers, together with a great variety of other goods, such as fine gold fob guard and vest chains, fine gold seals and keys, fine gold lockets, gold pens and pencils, specks, thimbles, pocket knives, porte monies, silver spoons, fine razors and strops, accordeons and a great variety of other goods usually found in a Jewelry store, all of which he will sell at New York city prices, and from 25 to 50 per cent lower than any other establishment in this city, to
my13 No. 61 MARKET STREET.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

Corner of Third and Wood Streets.

WILLIAM S. CAMPBELL, PROPRIETOR.

THIS fine establishment, having come into the hands of a new proprietor, offers great inducements to the travelling community, and also to regular boarders.—Every delicacy and luxury will be provided in its season; and no pains will be spared to make this Hotel a comfortable home to all who may call there.
my13:r W. S. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A double lot of 24 feet on Wylie street, by 109 deep to an alley of 24 feet, with a brick house and store room and Plumber's shop, all in good repair.—The whole will be sold for $1600. Also a good house of 6 rooms, with kitchen and cellar, and lot of 20 feet front on Webster street, by 72 deep to an alley. Price low, as the owner is going to California.
S. CUTHBERT, General Agent,
my14 50 Smithfield street.

Scotch Bottom Property For Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale a limited portion of that part of the "Scotch Bottom" lying between the 3rd and 4th mile posts on the Braddock's Field Plank Road. To persons agreeing to build upon their purchases, liberal terms will be given; and to those intending to establish manufactories unusual advantages in location and price will be offered. For further particulars apply to
THOS. S. BLAIR, Trustee,
my13:d1w At G. & J. H. Shoenberger & Co.'s.

Second Arrival

OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, AT GOTHIC HALL, amongst which are, all the styles of goods now in vogue for summer coats; some very choice patterns fancy cassimeres, together with the most complete collection of Marseilles, silk, satin and embd vestings ever offered in this market, all of which will be made to order on reasonable terms and with expedition. No charge for showing goods. CHESTER, 74 Wood.
my13 We Study to Please.

LARGE AND EXTENSIVE SALE

OF REAL ESTATE, AT PUBLIC AUCTION

ON SATURDAY, June 5th, at WILKINSBURG—The undersigned, having divided their property into country seats and building lots have finally determined to comply with the wishes and desires of their numerous friends who have called on them to expose to public sale on the ground at Wilkinsburg, on Saturday, June 5th, the remaining parts or parcels of ground, consisting of 70 building lots, large size;

9 one acre lots;
1 two and a half acre lot;
1 three acre lot;
2 four acre lots;
1 five and a half acre lot;
1 ten and a half acre lot;
1 large and beautiful two story brick house, together with two and one fourth acres ground attached.

The above property is most beautifully and pleasantly situated near the DEPOT at Wilkinsburg, a distance of five and one-fourth miles from the city, and affording many, the most eligible locations, of the rare opportunity of purchasing a HOME, that is at all times accessible, both by RAILROAD, TURNPIKE or PLANK ROAD. This property is too well known to require any description.

We have determined to arrange our terms to suit any person or persons that would desire to have a HOME that he may call his own. Our terms are one-fifth cash, balance in five equal semi-annual payments.

N. B.—Any persons wishing to purchase at private sale, previous to our public sale, can have an opportunity by calling on HENRY REIS
At the warehouse of Reis & M'Curdy, cor. of Seventh and Liberty sts., or
ROBT. CURLING,
At the warehouse of Curling & Robinson, cor. of 1st and Wood sts.

PAGODA TEA STORE.

Corner of Diamond Alley and the Diamond.

HAWORTH & CAIRNS aren't unsurpassed by any establishment in the city for prime cheap Teas, Coffees and choice new fruits, together with a general assortment of groceries, wines, liquors, &c. They wish to inform their customers and the public generally that they are now receiving a very heavy invoice of the above goods, which they will sell at prices to defy competition. The following comprises a part of the above invoice.

50 bags Rio coffee,
20 " Laguyra coffee,
15 packets Java coffee;
100 packages superior green and black teas;
8 tierces new crop rice;
200 boxes bunch raisins;
200 boxes cluster raisins;
150 boxes Valencias raisins;
100 cod fish;
35 casks French currants, very fine;
10 mats dates;
500 recess nuts;
500 lbs Bordeaux soft shell almonds;
8 casks French prunes;
300 lbs Turkey prunes;
4 boxes cherries;
100 lbs No. 1 nutmegs;
25 kegs best English mustard;
20 packages pure ground spices;
10 boxes sweet French chocolate;
500 toilet soaps;
25 bbls Lovering's crushed and pulv'd sugars;
25 Steward's refined A sugar;
30 hhds N. O. sugar;
50 bbls No. 2 mackerel;
20 " shad;
20 bbls No. 3 " "
25 bbls No. 1 Baltimore herring;
100 boxes smoked herring;
300 smoked salmon;
40 doz. M'Ginnis' Dublin porter,
40 kegs Holland herring;
25 boxes yellow, white and red rock candy;
500 quarter drums fig.
my13

Proposals for the Publication

OF THE "PENNSYLVANIA ARCHIVES," AND FOR THE PUBLICATION OF THE FIRST THREE VOLUMES OF THE COLONIAL RECORDS.

Sealed Proposals, endorsed severally "Proposals for Publications of the "Pennsylvania Archives," and Proposals for "Re-publication of the first three volumes of the Colonial Records," will be received until the 12th day of JUNE next, in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, for the publication of the "Pennsylvania Archives," and also for the re-publication of the first three volumes of the "Colonial Records," agreeably to the provisions of the following sections of the following Acts of Assembly:

An Act providing for the publication of the Colonial Records, and other original papers in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the Secretary of the Commonwealth be, and he is hereby authorized and required to continue the printing of the Minutes of the Proprietary Government and Council of Safety, down to the adoption of the Constitution in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety, from the point at which the third volume of the Colonial Records terminates, in the same shape and style in which the volumes of the Colonial Records, already printed, are published—each volume to contain not less than eight hundred pages, and that the number of copies of each volume shall be fifteen hundred.

Section 2. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, immediately after the passage of this Act, to write proposals for the publication of the records aforesaid, giving public notice for at least one month in two papers published in Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Harrisburg, which proposals shall state the price per volume, and shall include the faithful and literal transcribing of the records aforesaid, under the superintendence of the Secretary, the publication and binding in a manner uniform with and not inferior to the volumes of the Colonial Records already published, finding all material, and the delivering of them to the Secretary of the Commonwealth; which proposals shall be opened at the time appointed by the Secretary in presence of the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer who shall then, with the Secretary, proceed to allot the contract to the lowest and best responsible bidder. Provided, That before assigning the contract as aforesaid, the successful bidder shall enter into bond to the Commonwealth, with two or more sufficient sureties, in the sum of thousand dollars, conditional for the faithful fulfilment of his contract which bond shall be approved by the Governor before being received.

Section 3. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, so soon as the entire number of copies of any one volume shall have been delivered into his office to certify that fact to the Governor, who shall then draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the amount due the Contractor according to the contract, which shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated: Provided, That the Secretary shall not certify as aforesaid, until upon examination he be satisfied that the contract has been carried out in accordance with the true intent and meaning of this act, and especially that the volume, as published, is a faithful and literal copy of the original.

Section 4. That the Governor is authorized and requested to appoint some competent person, whose duty it shall be to select for publication, such of the original documents, letters, treaties, and other papers, prior in date to the peace of one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, now preserved in the Secretary's office, as may be deemed of sufficient importance to be published; and to arrange them according to date and subject in one or more volumes, not exceeding five of the size of the Colonial Records heretofore printed which shall be called the "Pennsylvania Archives."

Section 5. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, immediately after the "Pennsylvania Archives," as aforesaid, are prepared for publication, to procure the printing of fifteen hundred copies of the entire series immediately in the same manner, and with the same restrictions, as are provided in the second and third Sections of this Act, in reference to the publication of the Colonial Records.

An Act supplementary to an Act, entitled "An Act providing for the publication of the Colonial Records and other original papers in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth; approved, Feb. 15, 1852.

Whereas, From the nature of the contents of the Pennsylvania Archives, now ready for publication, it is indispensably necessary to the proper execution of the work that its publication shall be superintended by some accurate and competent person, therefore.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That Samuel Hazzard be, and he is hereby appointed to edit and superintend the publication of the Pennsylvania Archives, authorized to be printed by the Act to which this is a supplement.

Section 2. That it shall be the duty of the editor to devote his entire attention to the publication of said Archives, to prepare all necessary notes, indices, appendices and such other matter as may be necessary and proper, in doing which he shall be authorized to publish such papers of a date later than seventeen hundred and eighty-three, as shall in his judgment be necessary to give a clear and comprehensive view of any transaction commencing before that year.

Section 4. That the said Editor be and his hereby authorized to procure the lithographing of such plans of battles, fortifications, Indian maps, Indian decds or other similar papers now existing among said Archives, as he shall deem necessary to the proper illustration of the said "Pennsylvania Archives;" the expense of which shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, after being audited and examined in the usual manner.

Section 5. That should the number of volumes fixed in the Act to which this is a supplement, prove insufficient to contain the entire number of papers now selected for publication, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth to cause such additional volumes, as may be necessary to contain the entire collection, to be published by the contractor in the same manner as though no number of volumes had been fixed by the Act to which there is a supplement.

Section 7. That the Secretary of the Commonwealth be authorized to procure the re-publication of the first three volumes of the Colonial Records, uniform with the present edition, to be published and distributed according to the provisions of this Act, and the Act to which this is a supplement; and that in the making of a contract for the publication of the Pennsylvania Archives, and first three volumes of the Records, the Secretary of the Commonwealth be directed to provide for the publication of at least one volume per month, and be authorized to take such measures as will ensure the faithful performance of the said contract.

The contract for the publication of the Colonial Records, provided for in the 3d Section of the Act first above quoted, has already been made, and bidders will confine their proposals to the "Pennsylvania Archives," and the re-publication of the first three volumes of the "Colonial Records," or to either one or the other, as each will constitute the subject of a separate contract.

Bidders will observe the requirements of the 2d Section of the Act first above quoted, and of the 7th Section of the Supplement, as no proposal failing to embrace them in every particular, can be considered. The names of Sureties, for the faithful fulfilment of the Contract, should accompany the proposals.

F. W. HUGHES,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

NOTE.—The three volumes of the Colonial Records already published, may be found in all the public libraries of the State. [my13

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Chamberlin's Commercial College,

corner of Market and Third streets. Instruction in Book-keeping and Writing both day and evening. Ladies' Writing and Book-ke