Daily Morning Post.

BECKY HARPER ..... THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING.....APRIL 15.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

JAMES BUCHANAN,
OF PENNSYLVANIA;
Subject to decision of the Democratic General Convention.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,
OF ALABAMA;
Subject to the same decision.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER:

COL. WILLIAM SEARIGHT,
OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION; Baltimore, Md., Tuesday, June 1, 1852.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—The Democratic State Central Committee of Pennsylvania, will meet on the 17th day of April, 1852, at 4 o'clock, P. M., at the Merchants' Hotel, in the city of Philadelphia.
WM. L. HIRST, Chairman.

☞ Job Printing, of every description, executed at the office of the *Morning Post* in beautiful style, and on the lowest terms. Particular attention paid to the printing of Posters and Programmes for Concerts and Exhibitions of all kinds.

Collections in California.—Henry M. Rowlett, Esq., is now at the Monongahela House, and is ready to receive claims for collection in California. He comes to us recommended as one of the most prompt and energetic lawyers in Kentucky, by gentlemen of the highest respectability, who know him personally.

The Deacon and the Spirits.—The communication of Mr. Townsend, which we publish today, will attract attention. We have no disposition to interfere in this controversy; but we can afford to be liberal, even to the "Spirits." The Deacon gets some pretty hard "raps," but we presume he will survive them.

THE FLOUR INSPECTOR.

We were surprised, yesterday, by the presentation of the following petition, accompanied with a request for its publication. It is signed by all the principal Flour Dealers of our city, and the character of the petitioners should entitle their prayer to a respectful and favorable consideration on the part of the Governor.

We are personally acquainted with a large number of the gentlemen who have signed the petition, and we have known the mercantile standing of the others for many years past. We can say with confidence in the truth of our remark, that a more honorable body of men cannot be found in any city in the Union.

They are not impelled to this course by any political or personal prejudice. But few of them know Mr. Garvin personally, and a large number of them are his political friends. So it is evident that their movement is not prompted by a spirit of opposition to Mr. G. or a desire to annoy the Governor. If we could think so for a moment, the petition should never appear in our columns. But we know that such is not the fact, and that it originated in a feeling of justice to the community at large, and especially to those interested in the manufacture and sale of Flour. We therefore give it an insertion.

There is a right asserted in this petition that no official has a guaranty from the people to treat with contempt. The people claim the right to designate who shall be their public servants, and it is neither the province or the privilege of those armed with a little brief authority to act contrary to their wishes.

When Mr. Garvin received his appointment we objected to it, inasmuch as those most interested in the matter had never desired him to officiate as inspector, and moreover, that it was manifest he was incompetent to discharge the duties of the office. We stated this plainly and positively, but not unfriendly. Mr. G., however, affected to think differently, and with a pleasant obliviousness to the tenor of our remarks, assumed that they were intended as an "attack upon the Governor" instead of objections to his appointment to an office, the duties of which he knows nothing about, and if he did, would not attend to except by a deputy.—Our article was neither an "attack on the Governor" nor on Mr. Garvin, but an honest objection to the principle of appointing incompetent men to offices of which they know nothing, and who are not desired by those among whom they have to perform their duties.

Whilst we feel sorry for Mr. Garvin, we cannot but approve of the movement that has been made by the Flour Dealers and Merchants of our city. The rights of every consumer of flour as well as those of producers and dealers, are involved in the question, and it is now incumbent on the Governor to say whether the wishes of thousands—nay, tens of thousands, can be passed over to gratify a personal preference.—We cannot suppose that any feeling of the kind will control the actions of Governor Bigler. He has the petition before him; he knows many of the signers, and its tenor will inform him as to the wishes of the people.

As we were the first to speak about this matter, it may be supposed by some that our course is prompted by sinister motives: Such is not the fact. We publish an *independent democratic paper*, and we claim the privilege of doing our duty faithfully to the people; and the chief of duties, we consider incumbent on us, is to expose the wrongs done in the course of both high and low officials. We have always had a disposition to be courteous to the claims of official positions, but at the same time we feel a most decided opposition to an undue assumption of its overshadowing importance in favor of its own notions.—The petition to which we refer, will fully justify us in the course we have pursued, and it is no small gratification to us to find how decidedly our position has been sustained by the Flour Dealers of our city.—The following is the petition:

To his Excellency, Wm. Bigler, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

The petition of the undersigned citizens of the city of Pittsburgh and county of Allegheny, respectfully represent:

That the appointment of William S. Garvin as Flour Inspector for the Western District of Pennsylvania, is likely to cause great inconvenience to your petitioners, and to the dealers and manufacturers of Flour and Meal, in the city of Pittsburgh and county of Allegheny—Mr. Garvin not being at all competent to the discharge of the duties which devolve upon that office, is obliged to appoint a deputy to fill his place in this city, and requires of that deputy so large a proportion of the pay allowed by the statute, that the deputy has nothing left, or at least not a competency to sustain himself and family, the consequence of which is, that the present deputy, Mr. Stapleford, is about to throw up his appointment.

Mr. Stapleford has, since he has been in this situation, shown himself to have been an exceedingly competent officer, and has advanced the character of Pittsburgh inspections in a very high degree.

Your petitioners therefore pray your Excellency to remove Mr. Garvin from his present office and appoint B. B. Stapleford in his place.

☞ The Democracy of Columbus, Ohio, carried their City ticket, on the 5th inst., in handsome style. Poor Whiggery advancing backwards every where!

☞ The North British Review for February, may be had at the Periodical Depots of W. A. Gildersleeve & Co. 76 Fourth street, and H. Miner & Co. 82 Smithfield street.

For the Morning Post.

"Superstition and Humbug".

Messrs. Editors:—Such is the heading of a late editorial in the Pittsburgh Gazette, which introduces a distorted extract from a "Spiritual Communication that appeared in the Lawrence Journal, with a few accompanying remarks over my signature.

As your paper is not tied to old landmarks, whether right or wrong, and is willing to give attention to the various questions which are "up for discussion" in the present eventful age, I would like to say a few things as "Notes by the Way" on several subjects; but at the present, I desire briefly to advert to the conduct of the Press with reference to the spiritual unfoldings of the present century.

It has been said that "*Those only shrink from the light, who feel the need of darkness*;" and that "*Truth courts investigation.*" If the American press is to be measured by a principle like this, it will fall far short of occupying the position of a candid investigation, a herald of new truths, or even a correct chronicle of the age. Out of the many hundred newspapers in the land, there are comparatively few exceptions to this remark. Were the majority of them employed by their subscribers, and entered into an article of agreement, at the peril of losing their popularity, and their means of living, to write certain things in *favor* of this subject, and certain other things *against* that subject, they could not be more faithful as servants and sycophants, and opposers of progress.

Last fall I cut the following from the Pittsburg Gazette:

"What should an editor be? This question, says the Galena (Ill.) *Advertiser*, was never better answered than by the late Charles Hammond, celebrated throughout the West as the editor of the Cincinnati Gazette:

"The legitimate vocation of a newspaper is to circulate useful intelligence, and promulgate just and impartial views of public affairs. An editor should be one in whom confidence could be reposed for soundness of judgment, integrity of purpose, and independence of conduct. He should possess knowledge and large experience; and he should feel his station to be rather that of a judge dispensing justice, than that of an advocate making out a case. He should be zealous of the truth, and of that chiefly, and he should feel that to deceive purposely was infamy—to deceive from credulity or inattention, highly reprehensible. He should distinctly comprehend that those who differ from him might be as honest as himself, and as well informed, too, and he should know how to respect while he opposes them."

This is well and truly said, and the Gazette utters its response, and exclaims, "A great man was Charles Hammond." But words are one thing—practices another. Would an editor who is solicitous of "*promulgating impartial views*," of "*dispensing justice*," and who is "*zealous of the Truth*," be found denouncing matters he had not investigated, or a philosophy he did not understand? Measured by the standard, the Gazette has quoted, it is "found wanting." If those only are qualified for the position of editor, who possess the characteristics so forcibly set forth by Charles Hammond, then it is certain that some editorial chairs should be vacated: for they utterly fail as correct Journalists, and are only prejudiced representers. Did they possess the most acute intuitive perception and foresight, they could not decide with more assurance against the various phenomena connected with Psychology and the Science of Man. "A wise man examines before he judges." But do they examine? do they investigate? Would their testimony be taken in Court, relative to a fact or circumstance, which they had not witnessed, and of which they know nothing? How stands the case? Here are certain facts and phenomena testified to by thousands of honest, intelligent men—facts such as that peculiar sounds, or electrical concussions, are heard in numberless places at the present moment—indicating the presence of invisible intelligences—that various objects are moved about the room—that musical instruments are played in the most melodious manner without visible agency—that the hands of scores of individuals, male and female, are controlled, without will or knowledge, to write something or other with inconceivable rapidity in a profound and beautiful manner, upon subjects of which the medium is often entirely ignorant—subjects touching the spiritual nature, development, and destiny of man, the condition, laws and locality of the spirit world—sometimes answering mental and test questions, and giving an exact *fac simile* of the hand-writing of the spirit claiming to communicate. These are a few of the things heard and seen by eyes and ears belonging to men who know what they are about—among whom (as names are authority for some persons,) I might mention those of Judge Edmonds, Chief Justice of New York, honest John Davis, Joshua R. Giddings, Judge Bissel, Judge Price, of Ohio; Dr. J. P. Gray, of New York, and many others who have witnessed these things and are satisfied, after close investigation, of their spiritual origin. Certainly, the testimony of those who have heard and seen, is of more importance than that of those who have neither heard nor seen. The veriest bigot will hardly deny this. And yet the Gazette would seem to assume to know more of any given subject, without studying its philosophy or witnessing its phenomena, than they who have patiently devoted months and years to its investigation.

In conclusion of the present article, I would say to those who desire to find the *truth* concerning this deeply interesting and infinitely important subject, that they must seek for it in other channels, than among those who, had they lived at the time when Galileo announced the rotundity of the earth, and Harvey the circulation of the blood, would have cried out in "*Superstition and Humbug.*" Adieu. More Anon.

M. A. T.
New Brighton, Pa.,
April 10, 1852.

Georgia Democratic Convention.

The Macon (Ga.) *Telegraph* brings us the proceedings of the Georgia Democratic State Convention, which met in Milledgeville, on the 31st ult., for the purpose of selecting an Electoral ticket, and choosing delegates to the Baltimore Convention. It was a large and very harmonious body. The resolutions of the Convention of the Democratic party held at Baltimore in 1848, were re-affirmed as the principles of the Georgia Democracy.

Five delegates from each Congressional district were chosen to the Baltimore Convention, and two electors (one alternate) were selected for each district. No expression was given in regard to the Presidency, but it is understood that the delegates are personally favorable to the nomination of Mr. Buchanan.

Relief Meeting in Columbus.

The citizens of Columbus, Ohio, held a meeting on Tuesday last, for the purpose of procuring aid for the sufferers at the late calamitous fire in Chillicothe. Rev. Dr. Hoge presided, and Col. S. Medary acted as Secretary. A committee of three for each ward was appointed to take up contributions, and of those present at the meeting Col. S. Medary, E. Gwynne, John Baldwin, John D. Dunn, L. Goodale, and Buttles, Comstock & Co., each subscribed $100, and Dr. Hoge $20. This is the right kind of sympathy, worth a thousand resolutions without acts.

Mrs. Gaines' Case.—The U. S. Supreme Court, which recommenced its session in Washington last week, it is stated has refused a rehearing to Mrs. Gaines, widow of Gen. Gaines, by a vote of 4 to 2. This we suppose ends the chapter. Had her claims been sustained, she would have been probably the wealthiest person in the United States. There have been times, during the progress of the suit, when, it is said, she might have compromised for half a million of dollars.

Railroad Liabilities.—A man in New York has recovered one hundred dollars from the New York and New Haven Railroad Company for the baggage of a female, which had been received by the company's baggage-master, ticketed, the ticket lost by the owner, and the baggage refused to be delivered for that reason, and subsequently lost. The judge decided that the loss of the check did not relieve the company from their liability, unless the check was found and presented by another person, and the baggage given up therefore in good faith.

RECIPES.

Fricassee of Parsnips.—Boil in milk till they are soft; then cut them lengthwise into bits two or three inches long, and simmer in a white sauce, made of two spoonfuls of broth, a bit of mace, half a cupful of cream, a bit of butter, and some flour, pepper and salt.

Sago Milk.—Put an ounce of sago in a pint of cold water, let it remain for an hour, then pour off the water and add a pint and a half of new milk. Boil slowly, until the sago becomes incorporated with the milk, then sweeten with sugar, and add a little nutmeg, cinnamon, or ginger, and white wine, if not objectionable.

Knuckle of Veal Stewed Brown.—Take a knuckle of veal, cut it into four pieces, just fry it to be brown; then put to it three pints of boiling water, and let it stew on a very slow fire near three hours; put with it an ounce of sweet herbs, an anchovy, some vermicelli and salt, with a little cayenne. When it is done, take it up, and pour the sauce over it.

Temperance Mince Pies.—Take 4 pounds of raisins, 2 pounds of citron, 5 pounds of best brown sugar, the juice of 12 lemons, and the rinds of 6 lemons thinly pared and cut fine: 1 pint of best syrup molasses, 2 ounces of cinnamon, 1 ounce of cloves and 1 ounce of mace—mix these ingredients together well, and pack tightly the jar with a layer of sugar until ready to bake. Then, to one-third of the quantity add half a peck of pippin apples, chopped, 1 pound of loaf sugar, the juice of 8 lemons, and 1 quart of water. If more spice and sugar are necessary, they can be added. The quantity will make about 70 or 80 pies. There is no danger of it spoiling.

Mush Cakes.—Girls, I will tell you something which may be of some use to you. If you will make a good pot of mush for supper, so as to have some left—(be sure to boil it well,)—why then I will tell you how to have something good for breakfast. Put some flour into the bread bowl and pour the remaining mush, while hot, into it, place a lump of butter in the middle, and let it set to cool enough to mix with the hand, then add two or three spoonfuls of good yeast, knead the whole together without adding any other liquid, let it rise until morning, make it out into cakes and bake quickly.—*Ohio Cultivator.*

The Chevalier Wycoff in Prison.—It is stated that Chevalier Wycoff is quietly at work in St. Andrea's Prison, making stockings, suspenders and other useful labors. He has been duly informed that the King declined to grant commutation or pardon, and that he would be transferred in a few days, to the Penitentiary of Alexandria, where, in his hours of leisure and solicitude, it is said, he intends writing his memoirs.

The correspondent of the New York Times states that, soon after the trial, it was dramatised, and announced that a laughable *Commedietta* would be played at the *Teatro Diurno*, entitled "Wycoff and Signora Gamble!" Large placards, with figures, were posted up on the walls of the city, and towards evening an immense crowd of people thronged the Teatro to witness the amusing spectacle. But alas! the manager had been informed, too late, that the police would not allow "Wyckoff and Lady Gamble" to be played. The American and English councils had interfered in behalf of their countrymen. It was, however, performed under the title of "*L'Americano in Genoa*" (The American in Genoa,) and elicited great applause.

The Girls of California.

Some young fellow, writing to his sister in Zanesville, O., says:

"It is a rare treat in this country to enter a house hallowed by the presence of a lady, where, instead of a floor covered with dirty boots and 'tater peelings,' you see it nicely carpeted with coffee sacks neatly stitched together; and then to see in what trim order they keep their cupboards, whilst we men, miserable housekeepers that we are, pile everything pell mell on one shelf; bread, meat, candles, soap, grease, hats and old stumps all together. If a gentleman is courting a lady, the precise time when he popped the question, and what was said on the occasion, is known through the country in the short space of no time. Men are seized with the hallucination in regard to female beauty, as bewildered Don Quixotte when he invested a red faced, tub-shaped city woman with the sweetness and charms of a Venus. An old maid was lately married in our neighborhood, who had, no doubt, been singing "why don't the men propose?" for the last twenty-four years. She was redhaired, squint-eyed and freckled—sans teeth and sans money—in short she had about as little pretension to beauty as the old gal whose husband had to practise kissing the cow a year, before he could screw up his courage to give her a smack."

An Important Fact.—Gen. Samuel Houston, in a late speech, is said to have stated a fact not generally known, and which is of importance to the families of soldiers who were murdered by order of Santa Anna, at Goliad, in 1836. It is that the Legislature of Texas, several years ago, passed an act, giving to the next of kin of each soldier who fell in that massacre, sixteen hundred acres of land, to be located on any of the unappropriated lands belonging to the State."

The California Passage Tickets.—Mr. W. Chas. Barney, who was arrested in New York, with Mr. A. Hamilton Pride, on the charge of selling worthless tickets for passage to California, has made an affidavit in which he utterly denies the accusation. Messrs. Robert Ludlow, John Mowatt, and Mr. F Seward, persons who were employed in the office of A. K. Pride & Co., have also made affidavits in support of Mr. Barney's innocence in the affair.

☞ Five young men (sailors) who had been confined in jail in Boston as witnesses, were discharged and paid off last week, the Grand Jury not being able to find a bill in their case. They had been confined in jail for one hundred and one days, and therefore received about $930, or $126 to a man. This was a very profitable job for them, as their wages at sea range generally from eight to twelve dollars per month.

The Alberti Kidnapping Case.—Mr. Wolf, chairman of the committee of the Maryland Legislature, to whom the subject was referred, has reported a serious of resolutions, tendering the thanks of the State to Gov. Bigler for pardoning Alberti and Price, some time since convicted of kidnapping, and proposing to remunerate Alberti and Price for the time they have lost in consequence of such conviction.

From St. Jago de Cuba.—The U. S. steam frigate Saranac, Com. Porter commanding, arrived at St. Jago. from Jacmel on the 20th ult., and sent dispatches for the U. S. Government by the Favorita.

The authorities of St. Jago, apprehending another expedition against the Island, ordered 3 vessels—a steamer, a brig and a schooner—to cruise between Cape Cruz and Cape Maize.

The Fisheries.—The Plymouth (N. C.) Villager of the 7th inst. says:

The fisheries are in bad luck, many of them are not paying expenses, and the probability is, that unless the run of fish shall increase very soon, many of them will sustain heavy losses. They are catching very few on the Roanoke, and less on the Sound.

Newspaper Borrowers, Beware.—The death of Simeon Stevens, Esq., a respectable citizen of Newbury, N. H., was caused by a newspaper, which he had borrowed, and was carrying home, when the wind took it away. He chased it thro' the drifted snow, and died of fatigue soon after recovering it.

☞ Mr. Jas. Wilson, of Washington Pa., while crossing the river at Steubenville, on Friday with a four horse team, the horses became frightened at the escape of steam, jumped overboard, and were drowned, and horses and wagon are a total loss. They were worth from 500 to $600.

A fatal affray occurred in West Tennessee, some time last week, between a Mr. Edwards and a Mr. Watson, in which the latter was fatally injured. The difficulty had its origin in an old family feud. Edwards was tried and acquitted on the ground of self-defence.

There's Nae Room for Twa.

It was in simmer time o' year,
An' sinkers leaves were shren;
When i' and Kitty walked abroad,
An' Jamie walked atween.
We reached the brig o' ev'yon wee linn,
Our bonny brig aes sunn;
"Jenny," said Jem, "mann walk bahin,"
"There's nae room for twa."
"There's a nae room for twa," said he,
"There's nae room for twa,"
O, Jamie's words went to my heart,
There's nae room for twa."

A week a day my heart leaped high
When walkin' by his side;
Sic thoughts, alas! are dis now,
For Kitty is his bride.
He cou'd na' an' he wad na' hain,
For that's forbid by law;
In wedded life, an' wedded love,
There's nae room for twa.
There's nae room for twa, ye ken,
There's nae room for twa;
So! he sang it my gae alane,
There's nae room for twa.

The creepin' years hae slowly pass'd,
An' I hae struggled strong,
Wi' a broken hope, a broken heart,
But it is nae now or long;
My thread o' life is a' but span,
An' I mun gang awa',
An' moulder in the clay cauld ground
Where's nae room for twa.
There's nae room for twa, ye ken,
There's nae room for twa,
The narrow bed where all maun lie,
Has nae room fo' twa.

Dear Kitty! on thy bonnie brow
The simmer sun shall shine:
While wintry clouds and winter's gloom
Are gathering dark o'er mine.
I'll gie to God my lingerin' hours,
An' Jamie drive awa',
For in life weary, wae and heat
There's nae room for twa;
There's nae room for twa, ye ken,
There's nae room for twa;
The heart that's gie'n to God and heaven
Has nae room for twa.

NEWS ITEMS.

In the matter of the Methodist Episcopal Church, North and South, a reference pursuant to the order of the United States Circuit Court, has commenced before Mr. Commissioner Nelson in New York, respecting the division of the property which is estimated at over $750,000.

Three boys, named Rouse, Cahill, and Michels, have been convicted of manslaughter at Charleston, for killing a colored boy.

A youth named Arnold, aged 17 years, convicted of murder at Columbus, N. C., has been sentenced to be hung on the 21st of May.

Jos. Thompson has been arrested at Columbus, Ohio, for murdering John Winter, at Tuscaloosa, Ala. He confessed himself guilty.

Anthracite coal has lately been discovered on the farm of Col. J. Marshall Cue, of Augusta, county, Va.

The River St. Lawrence, is open from Ogdensburg, and steamers will leave for Canada ports immediately.

It is said the New Foundland Electric Telegraph Co., is organized in New York on a capital of $100,000.

It is said that the North Carolina fisheries are not paying expenses.

The Virginia House of Delegates has passed a bill to enroll the militia and abolish musters.

The new Court House in Cincinnati will be commenced forthwith. It will be 190 feet square and three stories high.

A late Canton paper records a great slaughter of government troops near Sun-gun-chow, by the rebel army. About 10,000 soldiers and more than 60 officers were slaughtered.

A Young Men's Webster meeting is to be held in New York city on Monday the 19th instant. They are to get out an address in favor of Webster to the young men of the whole country.

The Senate has rejected the general tax bill and the House has fixed the salary of the Commissioners of Public Works at $1,000 each.

Daniel Webster has been elected as member of the Connecticut Legislature, by a majority of three votes over his Democratic competitor.

During the week ending Friday, there were 14,125 tons of coal shipped by the Canal, and 26,682 tons transported on the Reading Railroad.

M. Nadaud, ex-representative in the National Assembly of France, is now working as a common mason in London.

The Jewish Society in New Haven, Conn., is about to erect a house of worship at a cost of $6,000 or $8,000.

Hon. E. W. McGaughey, of Indiana, is about starting to California, for the purpose of practising law.

DIED:

On Wednesday morning, 14th inst., at half past seven o'clock, William, only son of Wellshire S. and Harriet E. Courtney, aged five years.

The funeral will proceed, at 10 o'clock this morning, to the Allegheny Cemetery, from the residence of his father, corner of Decatur and Fulton streets, in the 6th ward. The friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend.

On Wednesday morning, 14th inst., Elizabeth, wife of Charles Horner, Sr., in the 60th year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this day at 2 o'clock, P. M., from her late residence, Tunnel between Wylie and Webster streets.

DIAMOND MARKET HOUSE.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of WM A HILL & Co, Wood st, until MONDAY the 3d of May, for the erection of a new MARKET HOUSE in the Diamond, according to the plans recently approved of by the Councils of the city of Pittsburg.

The contractor is to do all the work and furnish all materials, and give security for faithful performance of contract.

The building is to be finished on or before the first of November next.

The old Court House and Market House adjacent are to be taken down by the contractor, who may, however, use for the new building such of the old materials as are suitable and are approved of by the Superintendent.

PAYMENTS TO BE MADE AS FOLLOWS:

Two thousand dollars when the 1st floor of joists are laid;
Two thousand do do 2d do do do
Two thousand do do 3rd do do do
Two thousand do do roof is on do do
Two thousand do do building is completed;

And the balance in two equal payments at four and six months after the building is finished.

On the 20th of April the plans will be exhibited at Phio Hall, at 10, A. M., when and where those intending to bid, can obtain the specifications in full.

The names of persons offered as sureties ought to accompany the bids.

By order of the Building Committee,
ap16:1w WM. A. HILL, Sec.

Rough & Anthony's Daguerreotypes.

The undersigned would inform their many friends and others, that they have removed from the Exchange Building to No. 62 Fourth street, (a few doors above their old stand) where they have fitted up rooms for daguerreotyping: Having a very superior arrangement of light, and the most approved instruments now in use, with some ten years experience in the business, they pledge themselves to turn out as good pictures as any other establishment in the country, and far more *truthful* likenesses than has heretofore been furnished to the citizens of Pittsburgh, either single or in groups.

Citizens and strangers are respectfully invited to call, whether they wish pictures or not.

Our motto is good pictures, fair prices, and perfect satisfaction to our customers. HOUGH & ANTHONY.

N. B.—We furnish all articles in our business to other operators as heretofore. ap15

[Jour. Chron. and Disp. copy and send bill to H. & A.]

B. T. C. MORGAN,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER.

HAS always on hand a general assortment of School, Miscellaneous and Blank Books, Printing, Post and Cap Paper, &c., wholesale and retail, No. 104 Wood st., below Fifth, East side, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Wanted, Rags and Tanners scraps ap15:1y

Forty Acres of Land For Sale.

SITUATED in Decatur township, Washington county, 11 and five miles from the river at Little Hocking, 12 acres cleared and fenced, balance prime timber land—Improvements: a log house and barn, young orchard of choice peaches, well watered, and near to Mette' school. Price $7 per acre. Apply to

McMAIN & MOFFITT, 29 5th st

Going East To-Morrow.

SPECIAL ORDERS for watches, jewelry, silver-plate or other goods in my line will receive my best attention. W. W. WILSON,
ap15:1t 67 Market st.

A. A. MASON & CO., have just received another large lot of housekeeping goods, comprising muslins, tickings, towels, toweling, crash, cotton and linen diaper, 5-4, 6-4 and 10-4 Bleas' & Bro.'s sheetings, pillow case ditto, &c. ap15

REFINED SUGARS—Powdered, crushed, clarified and loaf, in store and for sale by
ap15 KING & MOORHEAD.

SUGAR HOUSE MOLASSES—A prime article of N. York syrup in store and for sale by
ap15 KING & MOORHEAD.

VINEGAR—30 bbls pure cider vinegar in store and for sale by JOHN B. SHERRIFF,
ap15 10 Market street.

BROOMS—30 doz fine brooms in store and for sale by JOHN B. SHERRIFF,
ap15 10 Market street.

FEATHERS—500 lbs prime feathers for sale by
ap15 KING & MOORHEAD.

LAKE SUPERIOR SALMON—20 bbls in store and for sale by ap15 KING & MOORHEAD.

BRAZIL SUGAR—75 bags received and for sale by
ap15 KING & MOORHEAD.

COFFEE—Prime Rio & Java in store and for sale by
ap15 KING & MOORHEAD.

SUGAR—Fair to prime New Orleans in store and for sale by ap15 KING & MOORHEAD.

HONEY—For sale at MORRIS' Tea Store, in the Diamond. ap15

DARIED PEACHES—For sale at MORRIS' Tea Store in the Diamond ap15

DRIED PLUMS—Free from seed, for sale at
ap15 MORRIS' Tea Store.

LAKE FISH—Dried and in pickle, for sale at
ap15 MORRIS' Tea Mart.

MARSEILLES QUILTS—A. A. Mason & Co., have just received 10 doz white Marseilles Quilts ap15

New Stock of Chickering's Piano Fortes.

JUST received by the Pennsylvania Canal, a new stock of PIANO FORTES, from the celebrated manufactory of CHICKERING. Boston, consisting of—

One Superb GRAND PIANO FORTE, full 7 octaves, superbly carved in the style of Louis XIV. 7 Octave Piano.
One Rosewood carved Louis XIV 7 Octave Piano.
One Rosewood carved round corners 7 do do
Three do plain do do 7 do do
Two do do do do do 6½ do do
One do do do do do 6½ do do
One do carved do do do 6½ do do
Three do plain do do 6 do do
One do do round front 6 do do
Three do do square corner 6 do do

These PIANO FORTES are all made in the most substantial manner, Patent Iron Frame to every instrument, and are particularly to stand the most severe climate. Mr. CHICKERING has of late enlarged his manufacturing facilities, and hopes soon to be able to meet most of the pressing demands for his instruments.

Also, received and for sale, a large and very elegant lot of carved and plain Piano Forties, covered with Damask, Plush and Hair Cloth. All the above for sale at Factory prices.

Exclusive Agent for Pittsburgh and Western Penna., for Chickering's Pianos. JOHN H. MELLOR,
ap15 Corner of Wood and Water sts.

PLANTATION MOLASSES—A prime article, in good packages, in store and for sale by
ap15 KING & MOORHEAD.

TOBACCO—Russell & Robinson's, Wm. H. Grant's, Jesse Hair's and other popular brands for sale by
ap15 KING & MOORHEAD.

SUNDRIES—200 kegs assorted nails;
150 boxes 6x9 glass; in store and for sale by
ap15 KING & MOORHEAD.

BACON—A prime lot of hams and shoulders just received and for sale by JOHN H. SHERRIFF,
ap15 10 Market street.

108 FRENCH STORE. 108

JAMES GOSLING,
MARKET STREET.
Mad. A. GOSLING,
No. 81,
ST. CLAIR STREET,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Dealers in:
Foreign and American,
Fancy and Staple
DRY GOODS,
MILLINERY, &c.

NEW ARRIVALS OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, opened and opening, including, rich Shawls, from $5 to $100 each.

Let every lady call and see this splendid production of Imperial Chinese manufacture.

Laces, Satins, Silks, Lawns, Bereges, Mantillas, and Velets, to match the Shawls.

Ladies' and Children's Millinery, Gloves, Flowers, Edgings, &c.

Gentlemen's Broad Cloths, Tuscan and Leghorn Hats, (Crown styles,) Shirts, Coats, &c.

Morning Goods of every description.

Madame A. Gosling, (from France,) is in the monthly receipt of Fashions and Models, from Paris, London and New York, at No. 81 St. Clair street, and 108 Market st., where ladies are respectfully invited to call.

The trade supplied with models and materials. [apr14

GOTHIC HALL,
No. 74 Wood street, near Fourth st.
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING!

WILL BE OPENED, on THURSDAY, April 15th, 1852. CHESTER, in announcing his re opening, begs leave to return his sincere thanks to the public, for the unbounded patronage with which he has been sustained. The question, "can a Clothing Establishment, conducted on correct business principles, aiming to build up a reputation for good workmanship and warranted material, be sustained," is no longer a mooted point, but has become a fixed fact, attested to by the unprecedented amount of Chester's sales. It has become an imperative necessity with the proprietor, to enlarge his business facilities, to accommodate his hosts of customers. A great cost of time and means, Gothic Hall, 74 Wood street, has been fitted up in a style suitable to the business, where it shall be the great object to maintain the reputation Chester's Clothing Emporium has acquired for style, workmanship and material.

The stock of Men and Boys' Clothing will be greatly enlarged, embracing all grades of quality, and the latest style, all manufactured in this city, under the proprietor's immediate supervision.

The public are invited to call and examine.

74 Wood street,
apr14 WE STUDY TO PLEASE

Boston and New York Pianos.

THE subscriber is now receiving and offers for sale, on a very large and desirable stock of PIANOS, from the most celebrated manufactories of Boston and New York. Among others,

NUNN & CLARK'S PRIZE-MEDAL PIANOS.

2 Louis XIVth style, 7 octaves, elegantly carved and finished all round, made by Nunns & Clark.

1 6½ octave, round corner, and carved sliding music-rack, Nunns & Clark.

2 6½ octaves, round corner, and carved sliding music-rack.

2 6½ octaves, round corner, with Coleman's Æolian Attachment, and patent tunable reeds.

HALLET & ALLEN'S CELEBRATED BOSTON PIANOS.

1 6½ octave, double round corner, elegant moulding, new scale, and patent iron frame.

1 6 octave do do do.

J. B. DUNHAM'S PIANOS, New York.

2 6 octave, plain square, rosewood.

2 6 octave, round corner, gothic tablet.

2 6½ octave, square and tablet.

4 6½ double round corner, gothic tablet.

1 Grand Concert Piano, 7 octaves, new scale, elegant moulding, &c.

N. B.—The above Pianos will positively be sold at manufacturers price, without addition of freight, &c.

A written guaranty will be given with each Piano, warranting the same for THREE YEARS, and the money refunded, if the instrument is proved imperfect and faulty. H. KLEBER,
apr12 Sign of the Golden Harp,
No. 101 Third street.

PAPER WAREHOUSE.
Cyrus W. Field & Co.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 71 CLIFF STREET,
NEW-YORK,

ARE SOLE AGENTS in the United States for
Dunham's Superior Blending Powder.
Victoria Mills Celebrated Writing Papers.
Russell do Superior do.
Genesee do do Printing do.
Ruwlas & Sons' English Tissue do
Cowan & Co.'s English and Scotch Writing Paper.

They are also Agents for the principal Paper Manufacturers in this country, and offer for sale by the manufacturer, the most desirable stock of Paper and Paper Manufacturers' materials that can be found in this or any other country.

They occupy the large and commodious Warehouses, No 11 Cliff street, No. 53 Cliff street, No. 54 Beekman street, and the Lofts over the large Iron Stores, 7 and 9 Cliff street.

Their business is strictly Wholesale, and Writing Paper sold by the Case only.

Their extraordinary facilities enable them to offer all Goods, both Foreign and Domestic, at the lowest possible prices.

Paper made to order, any size or weight. Liberal advances made on consignments of Paper, Paper Materials and other merchandise.

The highest market price paid in cash for all kinds of Rags. [apr13:3m

Cheap Dry Goods!

JAMES M'CANDLESS & CO.,
109 *Wood Wood Street,*

ARE now opening a very extensive and well assorted stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS. Consisting in part of French and English Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Cashmeretts, Doeskins, Jeans, Cottonades, Drillings, Linen Coatings, Silk, Satin and Fancy Cotton Vestings. Also, about 100 CASES PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS, embracing the newest styles of Silk and Linen Poplins, Delaines, Bereges and Berage De Laines; Black Mourning and Fancy Lawns; Plain and Fancy Calicos, in great variety; French, Scotch and Domestic Ginghams; Paris Lawn, Lexhem, Kossuth, Hungarian and Mexican Hats; Silk, Gingham and Cotton Parasols, &c., &c., which are offered at Wholesale on the most accommodating terms. [apr12

Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

WE are now prepared to forward produce &c., to Philadelphia immediately. Times, five days. Rates for bacon, lard, pork, beef, &c. - 50c ₱ 100 lbs.
Cotton, cheese, earthenware, leather, leaf tobacco, w glass 60c ₱ 100 lbs.
Beeswax, dried fruit and wool 80c ₱ 100 lbs.
Furs, peltries, deer and buffalo skins, eggs, brooms, mdze 100c ₱ 100 lbs.
ap14 COVODE & GRAHAM, Agts.

LEAD PIPE—Improved Patent Lead Pipe, for Hydrants;
Pumps;
Aqueducts;
Hydraulic Rams;
Chemical uses, and
Springs;
All sizes and thicknesses, always on hand, and for sale low, by ALEXANDER GORDON,
apr14d&w6t 121 Front street.

MAPLE SUGAR AND MOLASSES—Just received at No. 256 Liberty street.
4 bbls. Maple Sugar; 1 bbl. Maple Molasses.
For sale by W. A. M'CLURG & CO,
apr14 Grocers and Tea Dealers.

A. A. MASON & CO., are daily receiving and opening the most desirable Goods. They will open on Wednesday, April 14th, 10 cases of Bonnets; 10 cases Parasols; 30 cartoons of Crape; summer Shawls, &c.

FRESH BUTTER—600 lbs prime fresh dairy butter just received at No. 256 Liberty street and for sale by W. A. M'CLURG & CO,
apr14 Grocers and Tea Dealers.

CABINET FURNITURE.
CHARLES H. WHITE,
No. 250 *Chestnut street, above Ninth, Philadelphia,*
SOUTH SIDE.

OFFERS for sale, at Reduced Prices, a fine assortment of Ready Made FURNITURE, of Superior Workmanship, comprising all the latest European styles of Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Chairs and Rockers. Also, Sofa Tables, Extension Dining Tables, Refreshment Tables, Music Cases, Piano Stools, &c. &c

CHAMBER FURNITURE,

Dressing Bureaus, Wardrobes, Bedsteads, Mattresses, both of Hair and Spring—a fine article.

Just opened, a fine assortment of BROCHATELLES, Extra seven-quarters wide, and narrow widths to match, of all the following colors, which are very desirable for Curtain Hangings, viz: Crimson and Garnet, Crimson and Gold, Cherry Damask, Blue and Gold, Green and Gold. [mar26:3m

WILCOCK, ROGERS & FRALEY,
No. 7 South Third street, below Market, Philadelphia,

IMPORTERS of Straw Plaits, Trimmings and Artificial Flowers; and Manufacturers of Straw Hats, Bonnets, and all articles in the Straw Trade, which they offer at Importers' and Manufacturers' Prices. Call and see us, and be convinced, before purchasing, of the advantage to be gained by purchasing direct from the Importer and Manufacturer. [mar26:3m

Choice Teas and Family Groceries.

WE would respectfully call the attention of those Families in Pittsburgh and vicinity who are wishing to ob