Be Short, very Short.

"Whatever thy hand findeth to do, do it with all thy might." "Work *while* the sun shines; be is hot;" " ay while the sun shines; be *short*; pray short, sing short, preach short, write short; visit short; be short in your exhortations, visitations, conversations, communications. Read short chapters, sing short hymns, pray short prayers. When called on to pray publicly or socially, don't pray all over the world, and for every thing you think of. Some people in their prayers, think they are heard for their much speaking, from everlasting to everlasting!" So with some writers, preachers, exhorters, and visitors. "Let your speech be *always* with grace seasoned with salt." Be *short*. Avoid circumlocutions and repetitions, common place remarks, condense, abbreviate, come to the point, gather up your burning thoughts into a focus; pray what you pray, preach what you preach, write what you write, and stop; when you are done; be *short*. Some seemingly *never stop*; hold on, and on, like the chill fever, or numb palsy.

When you write for publication, be *short*, concise hasten to the point and *stop*. When you visit an editor's *sanctum*, be *short*, *very short*; don't tease him with a thousand impertinent questions; be brief; his time is precious; say what you say, and *off*, *off*! When you entertain friends beware of the loungers, everlasting talkers, tattlers, the hangers on, busy bodies in other men's matters, such guests are more to be dreaded than the plague! When you visit your neighbors or friends be *short*, pray what you pray, and say what you say, and off, *off*, about your Master's business. Social and friendly visits, now and then, are pleasant and profitable; we are social beings; God in mercy has made us such; but where these visits are unnecessarily prolonged they become burdensome, clog, and clog, kill time, disturb the peace, eat as doth a canker, friends become enemies. Off—take yourself off. "Withdraw thy foot from thy neighbor's house," says Solomon, "lest he be weary of thee, and so hate thee." Never make your friends glad twice; glad to see you come, glad to see you depart. Let your visits be *short*, say what you say, do what you do, and off, *off* on business.—*The Golden Rule.*

A Short Sermon on Honesty.

"In all things willing to live honestly."—Heb. xiii. 18.

To live honestly is to live justly and above reproach. It is to live so that no man, who knows how we live, can truly say any harm of us,—nothing is honest, which is against justice or honor.

One may be able to keep out of jail, and yet not "live honestly". All stealing is dishonest. It may be but a pin, or a marble, or an apple, that we steal, but if we take it slyly it is stealing. It is wicked to steal from a brother, or sister or parent. We may not steal anything even if we need it. The eight commandment, is "Thou shalt not steal."

We may also be dishonest in borrowing; first, when we do not need what we borrow, and then, when we keep it longer than we need it, or do not take good care of it, and send it home. If you borrow anything, take good care of it, and send it home as soon as you have done with it. "In all things live honestly."

Some are not honest in buying or selling.—Their rule is, to buy at all times as cheap as they can, and sell as dear as they can. This is a wicked rule. We often trade with those who do not know the worth of the thing bought or sold. It is cheating them, to make the best bargain we can. Sometimes we trade with those who are in great want, and we fix our own prices, and make them much too high if we sell, or too low if we buy. There is a fair price for everything. Let that be paid or taken for everything. He who is just and true, and loves his neighbor as himself, will soon find out what a fair price is. Almost all men use too many words in buying and selling; and then too many words are used, there is almost always a lie somewhere.

Hon. Henry Clay and Gen. Lafayette.

The National Intelligencer of Monday contains the following note from Mr. Clay:

A Correction.—A paragraph is going the round of the newspapers, stating that the answer of Gen. Lafayette to the address which, as Speaker of the House of Representatives, I made to him upon the occasion of his last visit to this country, was prepared by me, though pronounced by him. This is a mistake, which, in justice both to his memory and to myself, ought to be corrected. It was composed by himself, as the style abundantly shows. On the morning of his reception by the House of Representatives he breakfasted with me alone, and I stated or read to him the address which I intended to make to him on that day. The expression occurs in it, that he was in the midst of posterity; on reading which I remarked to him that it would afford him a fine opportunity to pay us a handsome compliment, which he might do by saying: No, and that he found himself surrounded by the same patriotic men attached to liberty, devoted to free institutions, and with all the high attributes which distinguished his revolutionary compatriots. The General seemed pleased with the idea, adopted it, and incorporated it in his answer. This trivial incident could have been the only foundation of the paragraph.

Washington, Feb. 20. H. CLAY.

FILIAL AFFECTION AND GRATITUDE.—It has seldom been our lot to record such a pleasing occurrence as the following: A poor but highly respectable widow in the parish of Kirkbe an had several sons at sea; they have uniformly conducted themselves with much steadiness and propriety, and not their moderate means admitted, were never backward in contributing to the assistance of their mother and other members of the humble circle. For a considerable time past, as nothing had been heard of them, there mother had become extremely anxious, and could scarcely speak of them without emotion. A few days ago a letter arrived from California, containing not only the welcome intelligence of their both being alive and well, but a draft on the Commercial Bank, for £160, for the comfortable support of their mother in her old age! One of them had traveled three or four hundred miles on foot for the safe despatch of the money from San Francisco. The feelings of the widow are scarcely to be conceived. Such is the just and natural reward of that judicious kindness with which her offspring were reared. Were it more frequently imitated we should here less of slums-houses and poor-rates. It is much to be hoped that this instance of reciprocal affection will have a beneficial influence on those classes whom it ought particularly to interest.—*Cor. of Dumfries Gour.*

☞ The Graham (N. C.) *Democrat* has run up the name of James Buchanan of Pennsylvania, as its candidate for the Presidency, subject of course to the decision of the Baltimore Convention.—*Democratic Pioneer.*

We flatter ourself that we are too good a Democrat to refuse to support the nominee of the Baltimore Convention. We have the fullest confidence in the National Democratic Party, and in the integrity and patriotism of its representatives. And whoever, of the distinguished Democrats, whose names have been mentioned in connection with the next Presidency, may be selected by the National Democratic Convention, he will receive our cordial support. We prefer Buchanan, and shall continue to press his claims until the nomination is made. We hope he may receive it—he is our first choice—and we believe the choice of the Southern Democracy, but if that distinguished honor is assigned to Cass, Douglas, Dickinson, Marcy, Butler or any other good and true Democrat, we shall support him with no less zeal than if it was our favorite Buchanan whose claims we were pressing.—*Graham N. C. Democrat.*

NEVER SAY DIE.—If you can't succeed at one business, try another. If you fail as a cobler, enter yourself as a member of Congress. In short, do anything but take to despair. When Monsieur Jollie presented his picture of "Moses crossing the Red Sea," the curate of the Louvre threatened to kick it out doors. Did that dishearten him? Not at all. He went home added a little crome yellow to it, gave it a new name, "Cæsar crossing the Rubicon," and sold it in less than a month to the same curate for ten thousand francs. Here we see the advantage of "never giving up." Had Monsieur Jollie been like most men, the insult he met with on the first going round to "the National gallery," would have resulted in a shilling's worth of prussic acid. But he wasn't like most men, and the consequence is he has become a lion of the first magnitude. When similarly situated, then go and do likewise.

STEAMBOAT CADDO SUNK.—The steamboat Caddo sunk about fifty miles above the city on Sunday evening last. It was about dark, when in the act of landing, she struck a log which stove a large hole in her bottom. The water rushed in with such rapidity that she sunk in less than five minutes. The water on the land side was some eight or ten feet deep, but much deeper on the other side. As she went down the cabin parted from the hull and floated off, and so sudden was the disaster that the passengers had to leap into the water and swim ashore, saving nothing but the clothes they had on. Some four or five lives were lost, but the ladies and children were all saved. The Caddo had on board 411 hhds of sugar and 150 barrels of molasses. We do not know whether there was any insurance on the boat or cargo.—*New Orleans Crescent, Feb. 17th.*

Daily Morning Post.

LECKY HARPER ..... THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING.....MARCH 1, 1852.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

JAMES BUCHANAN,

OF PENNSYLVANIA:

Subject to decision of the Democratic General Convention

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,

OF ALABAMA:

Subject to the same decision.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION: Baltimore, Md., Tuesday, June 1, 1852.

THE PRESIDENCY.—MR. BUCHANAN.

The names of a number of distinguished Democrats have been spoken of in connection with the Presidency, any one of whom would fill that exalted position in an honorable and creditable manner. Senator DOUGLASS, Gen. CASS, Gen. WM. O. BUTLER, Gen. SAM. HOUSTON, and Gen. LANE, are all glorious Democrats, and not only stand high with the party, but are respected wherever their names are known. We would cheerfully support either of these gentlemen, if nominated by the National Convention.

But the "signs of the times" clearly indicate that the Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN will receive the nomination of the Democratic National Convention, which assembles in Baltimore on the 1st of June next. It seems to be conceded by our Democratic brethren in other States that Pennsylvania shall have the honor of giving to the country the next President. The Democracy of the good old Keystone States, with a unanimity almost unparalleled, have declared their preference for Mr. BUCHANAN, and they confidently believe that their choice will be heartily endorsed by their brethren of other sections of the Union.

There is no Democrat living who can gather around him more elements of strength and popularity than Mr. BUCHANAN. His commanding talents, his profound statesmanship, his devoted attachment to our beloved Union, his consistent advocacy of sound principles, his proverbial amiability and well known morality, have all endeared him not only to the Democracy, but to every sincere and true-hearted American citizen. There is not a Whig of any reputation who is acquainted with Mr. Buchanan's private life and public history, but who will admit that he is one of the brightest intellects of the present day.

During the administration of Mr. POLK, its master spirit was JAMES BUCHANAN, then Secretary of State. This fact is well-known to the country. To his sagacity and statesmanship may be principally attributed the brilliant success of that administration, during one of the most exciting and trying periods of our country's history. We allude of course to the war with Mexico. President POLK had unbounded confidence in the honesty and integrity of Mr. BUCHANAN, and this confidence never for a moment diminished during the life of that truly good and pure man. Every member of Mr. POLK's cabinet was warmly attached to Mr. BUCHANAN, and we believe they all have declared their preference for him for President, over every other Democrat spoken of for that exalted station.

With Mr. BUCHANAN as President, we would have a strong administration, which would secure the confidence of our People at home, and the respect of all the nations of the earth. There would be no danger of the American flag ever being insulted on the land or on the sea. American citizens would be protected at home and abroad, in their persons and property, and the honor, dignity and interests of the country would be guarded with jealous care.

Now, when the absolutists and despots of Europe are attempting to rule the earth, and crush the last vestige of human liberty, it is the duty of the American people to place in the Presidential chair a man in all respects like Gen. JACKSON, who will say to the tyrants and oppressors of mankind "thus far thou shalt go, but no farther." A weak, vacillating and cowardly creature should never be selected to guard the destinies of the people of the United States.

☞ We predicted a few days since, that GREELY, of the New York *Tribune*, was as greatly mistaken in his notions about the preferences of the Whigs of Kentucky, on the Presidential question, as he was in regard to the predilections of his party in Tennessee. The following paragraph, which we find in the Louisville *Courier*, of the 25th, will show we were right:

"We learn by a private telegraphic despatch from Frankfort that FILLMORE was recommended to the National Convention as the candidate for the Presidency."

There's another pillar of strength gone from the towering popularity of Gen. SCOTT. We confess that we are pleased to ascertain that Gen. SCOTT cannot *run* any better in a Presidential campaign than he could during his campaign in Mexico. Then, he could'nt run at all, and, in fact, we do not believe that he knows how to run, except when he is interrogated on political questions of which he knows nothing, and then he is always in a hurry, and takes a "hasty" departure.

This, we think, will settle Gen. Scott's popularity with our Whig cotemporaries. They are now all enlightened as to his availability, and will, no doubt, hold a meeting and conclude that he wont do, and that they will come back to their *first principles*, and support the man who has the offices and patronage to bestow.

We would like to know who our patriotic friend of the *Gazette* will go for now. He was the first to make a "fuss" about Scott—a folly into which he was, no doubt, led by the predictions of such false prophets as Greely of the Tribune. We believe that he will now be the first to take the back track, and to tell the public that he was only "in fun" when he spoke of Gen. Scott for the Presidency.

We hope that the *Journal* and *American* will keep their eyes upon the movements of their collaegues, and not permit it to get the start of them again. They should come out at once; repudiate Scott and go for Fillmore. He has in his hands all the *appliances* to make him popular with Whiggery, and we think that the first of them that will give in its adhesion to his dynasty, will get "pap" more palatable than the thin and "hasty soup" that Scott proposes to feed them with.

As the *American* was the last to declare itself for Scott, we suppose it will be the first to abandon him, and may aim at the position of a Fillmore organ, unless its sleepy nature permits the far-seeing *Gazette* and astute *Journal* to steal a march upon it while the editor is in a state of somnolency, dreaming about the price of pig metal. It is, however, none of our business as to which of the enterprising journals will be the first to abandon "soup," and take to lapping "pap," but we have the right to notice the quandary into which all of them have run themselves, and to inform the public that it may expect some fun to see them get out of it.

☞ An extraordinary liberal spirit of internal improvement pervades the Legislature of the State of Tennessee. The several works of the State are in vigorous progress.

☞ A notice posted in the saloon of the Theatre Francais, warns the public not to talk politics as they walk up and down.

Gov. Kossuth in Kentucky

On Tuesday last, Gov. Kossuth and suite visited Covington, Newport, and the barracks, under the guidance of the Committee from the first named place. He met with a most cordial and enthusiastic welcome from the warm hearted people of old Kentucky. He was taken to Magnolia Hall, in Newport, where he was addressed by Governor Morehead, in presence of an immense concourse of ladies and gentlemen, each one of whom contributed 50 cents for the cause of Hungary. Kossuth's speech in reply was very eloquent, and was loudly applauded; and when he had taken his seat, nine cheers were given, amidst which the ladies waved their snowy handkerchiefs. From Newport, Gov. K. went to Covington, where he received a like cordial welcome. John Root, Esq., addressed him on behalf of the citizens. Mr. R. gave the Governor $175, and asked him to appropriate it to the purchase of guns, powder, &c., to be applied in ridding his country of despotism and oppression. He also said that Kentucky could furnish 10,000 men to fight the despots.

At Newport, several ladies and gentlemen were introduced to Kossuth, some of whom presented him with private contributions, from $1 to $5, which the Governor thanked them for. He was seated in the carriage and taken to the Barracks. Capt. McRea took the Governor and suite into his private residence, and introduced him to the various officers and their ladies. The Captain ordered out the cannon, and 14 successive rounds were fired in honor of Kossuth.—The soldiers and citizens crowded every available position, to see the distinguished guest.—While the firing was going on, Kossuth remarked, "That is the music I hope we shall have there soon." (meaning Hungary.)

Col. James Taylor being introduced to Kossuth, made some very happy remarks, and closed by embracing Kossuth, and adding, "Kossuth, may God prosper and speed you back—may God prosper *you*, Kossuth." The Colonel gave the Governor a check for $100 to buy guns and powder, and requested him to recognize the same as coming from Kentucky.

Kossuth alluded to his being an exile, and assured the Colonel that he should enter the battle field and to do his best to carry out the objects for which the money is contributed. He thanked the Colonel for his donation, and promised that it should be used for the purchase of arms and powder to suppress the despots, and secure the Liberty of his country.

STEAM BETWEEN NEW YORK AND ITALY.—A Genoese correspondent of the Journal of Commerce, under date of Jan. 20th, states that the project of a monthly line of steamers between Genoa and New York has been abandoned, but a new one has been started which promises to succeed. It is to have a line of steamers direct to South America, touching at Madeira. The trade between Sardinia and South America is much greater than between Sardinia and the United States. A large amount of the stock (says the writer,) has been subscribed, and the enterprise will be successful, if the jealousies between the leading merchants do not defeat it.

☞ A letter from Bennington, Vt., of the 12th inst., gives the particulars of a freshet at that place, which laid the business portion of the city in ruins, occasioning an immense loss of property, and of 1 life. The flood is said to have been so great that whole buildings, dwellings, and manufactories were swept away. The rise of water was so sudden that people had only time to run out of their houses. Every dam and bridge in the vicinity is said to have been carried away.

LEAP YEAR PRIVILEGES.—The Cincinnati *Gazette* notices the fact that the ladies of Chagrin Falls have subscribed some $2,500 in single shares to the stock of the Cleveland and Mahoning Railroad, as a "new feature," and speak of it as "a leap year movement, that evinces an energy not to be intimidated by ordinary obstacles, which will be followed with a perseverance not to be satisfied with anything short of complete success!"

QUICK TIME.—Two new locomotives recently placed upon the Hudson River Railroad, says the Albany Argus of Saturday last, the "Putnam" and the "Westchester," are said to be matchless for speed, in this country. The Putnam within the last week, made two trips from New York to this city which are said to be unparalled. The first was made in *three hours and twelve minutes*, and the second in *three hours and eight minutes*—running time.

COFFEE.—The history of coffee is perhaps not known, or rather remembered by every one. A writer in Hunt's Merchant's Magazine says that in the 15th century an Ottoman ambassador, Soliman Aga presented some of the seeds to a king of France, as a pleasant beverage produced in Arabia; in 1654 an Armenian, named Pasquet, opened the first shop for the sale of coffee (an infusion of it) in Paris. It is now in general use all over the world; and nearly all the coffee drank is the produce of the new continent, were about one century ago it was not cultivated at all. The people of the East, in place of raising it themselves, borrow it from the Americans.

MRS. FORREST'S SUITE.—The New York Herald says that Mrs. Forrest will be accompanied through the different towns in the United States by Madame Marguerites, who prepares her for the stage, and by Mr. G. G. Foster, who is an agreeable, gentlemanly young man, and knows how to manage both newspapers and theatricals for her, having been formerly engaged in both lines of business. Vandenhoff, we understand, also accompanies her, to purform the leading male characters. He is not much of an actor, though a good reader and elocutionist.

A HEAVY SENTENCE.—James Maloy of Rondout, has been sentenced to pay a fine of $1,500 and damages, which it is said will amount to $1,000 more, and to stand committed till paid, for conspiracy to defeat the ends of justice in procuring the absence of a principal witness to a crime of rape, which he had committed on a canal boat near Honesdale, in which we believe Maloy was one of the perpetrators. The Kingston papers regard the sentence as too severe.

THE BROTHERS RICCI.—Late English papers announced the death of Frederick Ricci, the Italian composer, while others said it was his brother, Luigi. By the Cambria's mails we learn that neither of them is dead. Luigi is directing the opera at Odessa, and Frederick has gone to join him, and both of them are in good health.

FLEAS OF ALL NATIONS.—A London exhibitor announces a show of "200 fleas of all nations;" and among them "Kossuth on four Austrian fleas," and "Louis Napoleon on the Russian flea Hercules, aged 6 years."

☞ The attention of our readers is called to the sale, by P. McKenna, of a House and Lot situated on Marion street, in the 8th Ward, which will be sold on the premises, this morning, at 10 o'clock.

A WISE ONE.—A writer on the London Daily News shows his *intimate* acquaintance with the United States by calling "Philadelphia the capital of a slave state," holds the inhabitants as "southerners," and says that "to argue with them on the subject of slavery is impossible."

A THIRD SET OF TEETH.—A lady in the neighborhood of Penrith, 53 years of age, has just got two front teeth, which is the third set of teeth in the upper jaw.

DR. LORD'S LECTURES.

It is with unmixed satisfaction that we announce to our readers a course of three lectures, to be delivered under the auspices of the "Mercantile Institute," by the Rev. John Lord. This gentleman possesses a world-wide reputation, has delivered his Historical lectures before the most learned and distinguished auditories both in this country and in Europe, and has universally received, for the able, eloquent, and truthful manner in which he has presented his interesting subjects, the highest testimonials, and the flattering approbation of all classes of hearers. We are sorry that we cannot have the pleasure of hearing the whole course, comprising, we believe, eight lectures on historical characters such as Luther, Cromwell, Charlemagne, Shakspeare and others who have represented distinct eras of mental or religious thought, national development, or progressive enlightenment. But as his stay in this country is but limited, and as the three lectures advertised have been selected by himself as being the most interesting, we shall be satisfied, and confidently expect a rare treat. If the efforts which the association is making to have useful and frequent courses of lectures, are warmly supported by our citizens, we may expect to enjoy, as well as our neighbors, many rich droppings of well accredited intellects. The system now becoming so universal of conveying instruction by public lectures, is a natural adjunct, and auxiliary to that of our Common Schools,—is eminently calculated to instruct and entertain, at a trifling expense; and if care be taken to select such only as will teach, without misleading, edify without sacrificing utility, and entertain without descending to buffoonery or meretricious arts. They should all be liberally sustained as the best guardians of virtue, and the speediest advancers of morality and rational education.

As Mr. Lord needs no eulogism from us, we have probably said enough to induce our friends to read the accounts of his lectures in New York and Washington City, and if they find them confirming his reputation, to attend the coming course. A crowded room will be gratifying to all friends of improvement,—to Mr. Lord who as a lecturer, and our guest, merits our attendance,—and, above all, to the Association for whose benefit and extended usefulness any surplus will be employed.

BUSINESS NOTICES.—The numerous friends and customers of L. S. Waterman & Sons, who are readers of the *Post*, will be pleased to again see the advertisements of that firm in its columns. Their stocks of Groceries and Pittsburgh Manufactures is always large and well selected.

It will be seen by their card in to-day's paper, that Messrs. Armstrong and Crozier still continue business at their old stand on Water and Front streets. They sustained but slight injury by the recent fire. Their old friends and customers will know where to call.

For the Morning Post

Messrs. Harper & Phillips—I observe a movement to establish in our State a system of banking, whereby, in addition to the security which the holder of a bank note has hitherto possessed, his exemption from loss is rendered absolutely certain, by the hypothecation of State stock.—The only objection which has been seriously urged against bank notes as a circulating medium, has been the want of security to the note holder. Under the old and existing system in our State, the integrity of the officers has been and continues to be the reason of this severity. The proposed system offers the additional security of State stock for every dollar issued by the banks, and relieves the note holder from the possibility of loss. Permit me therefore, to suggest to you, that you would advance the interests of this community, by urging the adoption of a system of banking, based upon State stocks. We have banks, and must ever have them. Let us then, have them so constituted as to place the public in a safe position—and if the system shall be had on dishonest management, the confiding note holder may not be subject to loss.

OBSERVER.

GERMAN EMIGRATION.—The following returns, says the St. Louis *Times*, for the past year, comprise an official account of the German emigration to that city as they appear upon the records of the books of the agent of the society. In these returns the arrivals for February are necessarily omitted:

Arrived via New Orleans.	Via the East.	
March, April, May,.....1,405	887	
June, July, August,.....1,500	949	
Sept., Oct., Nov.,.....2,955	1,476	
December, January,.....3,000	about 500	
Total,.....8,860	3,811	
.....12,671.		

☞ The growth of grace is like the polishing of metals. There is first an opaque surface; by and by you see a spark during one, and then a strong light, till at length it sends back a perfect sun that shines upon it.

☞ A man took off his coat to show a terrible wound he had received some years past.—"Oh!" said he not being able to find it, "I remember now, it was on my brother Bill's arm."

PIOUS UMBRELLA.—The Editor of the Carlisle Democrat has an umbrella which he says keeps *Lent* all the year round.

☞ POSTPONED.—The Regular Weekly Meeting of the HUNGARIAN CENTRAL ASSOCIATION of Allegheny County, having been postponed until TUESDAY evening, at 7½ o'clock, will be held at the Lecture Room of the Fifth Presbyterian Church, (Rev Wentz,) on Sandusky street, when an address will be delivered by Mr P. R. SAWYER, the Monthly Report of the Board of Managers submitted, and other business transacted. feb29

☞ **Wanted.**—A few Men, to become Agents for one of the best institutions in America. None but those who can give good references, as to moral character and business capacity, need apply. To such as are possessed of the foregoing requisitions, good remuneration will be given. Apply at NO. 29 SMITHFIELD ST., corner of Third and Smithfield

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, has been dissolved this day, by mutual consent. All persons having claims against the concern, are requested to present them for payment; and all persons knowing themselves indebted, are respectfully invited to call and settle the same, without delay.

KENNEDY & HASLETT.

The subscribers have purchased the entire interest of Mr R. H. HASLETT, in the Variety and Jewelry business, would respectfully call the attention of his former friends and patrons to the stock of Goods on hand, which will be sold at prices to suit the times.

Particular attention paid to repairing Clocks, Watches and Jewelry. JOHN S. KENNEDY,

mw1 No 61 Mark t street.

JAMES ARMSTRONG..... SAMUEL CROZIER.

Armstrong & Crozier,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, GROCERS,

And Dealers in Pittsburgh Manufactures,

No. 62 WATER, AND 65 FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Will attend promptly to the sale of every description of Western Produce, and other articles, committed to their care. [mar1

William W. Wallace,

PITTSBURGH STEAM MARBLE WORKS, 319, 321 and 323 *Liberty, opposite Smithfield st.*

MONUMENTS, Grave Stones, Mantels, Furniture Tops, and all kinds of manufactured Marble, always on hand, and made to order on the shortest notice. Several hundred designs for Monuments, original and selected, on hand. The trade furnished with Marble at the lowest prices. Orders promptly attended to.

mar1:lm W. W. WALLACE.

Marble Mantels.

A LARGE stock of the most beautiful MANTELS, made of the finest quality of Foreign and Domestic Marble, manufactured by machinery, always on hand and made to order on short notice, at prices ranging from $15 to $100 each. Purchasers are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, 319, 321 and 323 Liberty street opposite Smithfield.

mar1:lm W. W. WALLACE.

Fire Furnishing Establishment.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS, on hand and made to order, on short notice.

Saw and Flour Mill Castings, of all kinds, on hand and made to order. Catalogues of Wheel Patterns furnished to Millwrights and others. Mill Spindles and Mill Irons, Mill Screws, Bore Mill Stones, Smith and Common Vyces, at reduced prices. Lowell and Bell Mill Stones, all sizes; Belting Cloths, warranted quality, at very low prices; Screw Wire, Mill Screws; Belting, Corn and Cob Grinders.

Lolly Pendant French Burr Smut Mills, used in Wilmarth & Noble's Pittsburgh City Flouring Mills, and in five hundred other Mills in the West. They run light, clean, fast and well—will last a life time, and are warranted to give satisfaction.

Orders promptly attended to, at 319 Liberty street, opposite Smithfield, Pittsburgh, Pa.

mar1:lm W. W. WALLACE.

MONOCHROMATIC PAPER.—A superior article of Monochromatic Paper, for sale by

W. S. HAVEN,

Stationery Warehouse, corner of Market and Second streets. [mar1

ARTIST'S STATIONERY.—Whatman's drawing papers, all sizes; log drawing paper, double elephant size; for drawing paper, in rolls of 150 yards, width 4 feet 10 inches; profile paper; tracing paper, assorted sizes; bristol board; mathematical instruments; Jackson's superior pencils; French conte crayons; pastel crayons; Indian ink; Indian rubber; buckskin stumps; mount glue; gunter's scales; ivory scales; dividers; parallel rules; easel locks; also, field and topography books. The above, with all articles in the Stationer's line, for sale by W. S. HAVEN, Stationer,

mar1 corner of Market and Second streets.

ALLEGHENY CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Consisting of a Brick Dwelling House, two stories high, with a large back building attached, fronting on James street 20 feet, and extending back 110 feet to Orchard alley. Will be sold at the low price of $2,000.

Cash half in hand; balance in one and two years; or will rent for $100 per year.

MLAIN, MOFFIT & CO.,

mar1 No. 51 Fifth street.

TO LET—A splendid new two story Dwelling House, situated on Wilkins street, near Carson, and convenient to the Ferry landing. House finished, complete, with a large lot attached. Rent $96 per year.

Apply to MLAIN & MOFFITT,

mar1 No. 51 Fifth street.

OYSTERS WANTED—To prove property, pay charges and take away, ten large Grindstones, delivered to our care by the Monongahela Wharf Master.

T. WOODS & SON,

mar1 No. 61 Water street.

SILK TISSUES.—A. A. MASON & CO. have just opened the one case of fine Silk Tissues, for spring and summer wear. [mar1

GENTS KID GLOVES.—For sale, over 100 dozen Gents best (Alexander's) Kid Gloves.

A. A. MASON & CO.,

mar1 Nos. 92 and 94 Market street.

SPOTTED SWISS.—A. A. MASON & Co. have just received 20 pieces extra fine Spotted Swiss, suitable for Undersleeves. [mar1

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny:

The petition of H. Beltzhoover, of S. Pittsburgh boro', in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth,—That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the borough aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner as in duty bound, will pray.

HENRY BELTZHOOVER.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the borough aforesaid, do certify that the above petitioner is of good reputate for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

John D. Miller, Benjamin Blackmore, Henry Morehead, James A Blackmore, S Boyer, Jonathan Braun, R A Bauman, Samuel Wallace, Jr, Joseph Ralston, Wm M Brand, John Nelson, Stephen G Jones. [mar1

MOLASSES—Prime Plantation and Sugar House, in store and for sale by

KING & MOORHEAD.

N. O. SUGAR—A prime article, in store and for sale.

KING & MOORHEAD.

REFINED SUGARS—St. Louis Powdered; St Louis Crushed; St Louis Clarified; St Louis Loaf;

mar1 For sale by KING & MOORHEAD.

COFFEE—Rio and Java Coffee, for sale by

KING & MOORHEAD.

BACON—Hams, Shoulders and Sides, for sale by

KING & MOORHEAD.

SUGAR CURED HAMS—Prime and Superior cured Family Hams, in store and for sale by

KING & MOORHEAD.

NAILS—120 kegs assorted sizes, for sale by

KING & MOORHEAD.

GLASS—75 box 8 by 10 and 10 by 12, for sale by

KING & MOORHEAD.

LAKE SUPERIOR SALMON—25 bbls. for sale by

KING & MOORHEAD.

The Old Man's Gift.

'Twas a beautiful gift from a white haired sire,
To his white-haired brother sending;
A staff for the weary to lean upon,
As his steps to the grave were tending.
And he fell that nature requires support,
Ere she sleep on the lap of her mother;
And he knew that a branch from his childhood's home
Wou'd sustain him, as would no other.

Bearing his spirit through days long syne,
To scenes of freshness and beauty,
When the friends of his youth around him smiled,
And life seemed a pleasant duty.

And friends still live who this gift,
From a dear and distant brother,
'Tis a simple thing yet it speaks to the heart,
As the voice of a gentle mother.

O! love in life's morn is beautiful,
More beautiful at even;
May it bear us both as a faithful staff,
To the pearly gates of Heaven

A Mis-Quotation.

Mr. Webster, in his speech before the New England Historical Society, falls into a common error respecting one of the most beautiful passages of Milton, which he quotes as describing the fall of Lucifer from Heaven: we allude to the lines,

"Hurled by angry Jove
Sheer o er the crystal battlements; from morn
To noon he fell, from noon to dewy eve,
A summer's day; and with the setting sun
Drop from the zenith like a falling star,
On Lemnos, the Ægean isle."

Now this is a description of the fall of Vulcan, the famous fall by which the old blacksmith was lamed. Nor is the passage introduced in allusion to Lucifer at all, but to Mammon, whose skill in mining, elaborating precious metals, and in architecture forms the burden of the preceding fifty lines. Mis-quotations like these may be expected in a newspaper article, where the writer depends on memory alone, and has not time for reference; but, in a careful, elaborated speech, it is rare to see them. A great man like Webster may do these things with impunity, however; but a similar mistake in a young man, would make him the general butt.—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

COFFEE.—The active demand noticed in our last review, has continued, and the sales of Rio for the past three days comprise fully 10,000 bags, 3000 of which were sold yesterday, embracing 710 old at 8¼, 50 at 8⅜, 50 at 8½, 1512 new at 8⅜, 609 at 8¾, and 250 at 9, making an aggregate for the week of 22,600. Prices also have continued to stiffen and the closing rates show an improvement on last week's currency of ⅛ on old, and ¼@⅜ on new. The week's sales include 2400 bags at 8o, 985 bags at 8¾, 1145 at 8¾, 9518 at 8¾, 4012 at 8⅞, 750 at 8¾, 250 at 8¾, 700 at 9, and 2200 on private terms. The rates at the close were 8¼@8⅜ for old, and 8¾@9c for new. Lonsdale's Weekly Statement sets down the stock in first and second hands at 61,968 bags, embracing 1706 damaged and musty, 20,671 old, and 39,591 new. The stock at the corresponding date last year was 8722 bags. —*N. O. Bulletin, Feb. 14.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

C. G. HUSSEY, President.
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, Secretary.
OFFICE, 94 WATER STREET, between Market and Wood streets.

☞ Insures Hull and Cargo Risks, *On the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.*

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire.

ALSO—Against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS.

C. G. Hussey,	Wm. Larimer, Jr.,
William Bagaley,	Saml M. Kier,
Hugh D. King,	William Bingham,
Robert Dunlap, Jr.,	D. Dehaven,
S. Harbaugh,	Francis Sellers,
Edward Heazleton,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	Samuel Rea.

Isaac M. Pennock. [jan

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. HARRISBURG, PA.

CAPITAL, 200,000 DOLLARS.

Designed only for the safer classes of property, has an ample capital, and affords superior advantages in point of cheapness, safety and accommodation, to City and Country Merchants and owners of Dwellings and Isolated or Country Property. A. A. CARRIER, Actuary.

novl8 Branch Office, 54 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

Associated Firemen's Insurance Company of the City of Pittsburgh.

W. W. DALLAS, Pres't.—ROBERT FINNEY, Sec'y.

☞ Will insure against FIRE and MARINE RISKS of all kinds.

Office in Monongahela House, Nos. 124 and 126 Water st.

DIRECTORS:

W. W. Dallas,	John Anderson,
H. C. Sawyer,	R. R. Simonds,
Wm. M. Elgar,	H. B. Wilkins,
Robert Finney,	Charles Kenny,
William Gorman,	William Collingwood,
A. P. Anshutz,	Joseph Kaye,
	William D. Wrighter. [jan

Mercantile Library and Mechanics' INSTITUTE.

Rooms on Fourth st., opposite Merchants' Bank.

Terms of Membership—$1.00 *Initiation Fee, and $4.00 per annum.*

Volumes in the Library, 2,000; in Reading Room, 26 Newspapers and 21 Magazines.

As this is the only Public Library and Reading Room in the city, those disposed to aid in rendering the association useful and permanent, are requested to become members.

Pittsburgh Life Insurance Company.

CAPITAL $100,000.

☞ OFFICE, No. 75 FOURTH STREET. ☜

OFFICERS:

President—James S. Hoon.
Vice President—Samuel M'Clurken.
Treasurer—Joseph S. Leech.
Secretary—C. A. Colton.

☞ See advertisement in another part of the paper. my22

Mutual Life Insurance.

THE KENTUCKY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

At Covington, Kentucky.

Guaranty Fund $100,000.

☞ Insures lives upon the Mutual plan, at Joint Stock rates of premium, and this believed, offers the most simple, reasonable, safe and equitable plan yet devised for Mutual Life Insurance. [jan1

Pamphlets furnished, information given, and applications received by J. TURBETT, Agent,

127 Wood street.

SAMUEL DUWORTH, Medical Examiner. [jy19

Orleans Insurance Company.

ALBION, N. Y.

CAPITAL $150,000.

Secured in accordance with the General Insurance Law of the State.

THE above prosperous and responsible Company, having complied with the requisitions of the law of this State, is now issuing policies by their Agent on the most favorable terms, consistent with prudence and safety. O. NICHOSON, President.

H. S. M'COLLUM, Secretary.

Office, No 54 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

oct27 1f A. A. CARRIER, Agent.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, OF Hartford, Conn.

Capital Stock.....$200,000
Assets.....422,000

☞ Office of the Pittsburgh Agency in the Store Room of McCurdy & Loomis, No. 55 Wood street.

nov4:tf R. H. DEESON, Agent.

To Contractors, Builders and Others.

The subscriber is now prepared to take orders for SLATES, delivered from his Yard, at Pittsburgh, or contracts for Slating—finding materials, &c.

All work done warranted water tight.

The Slates are of the best quality, home or imported; being from the celebrated Quarries of R. Parry Peach Bottom, York county, Pa., of whom I am Agent. Having the best workmen employed, reference is given by specimens of the various buildings roofed in our city and vicinity the past years. All work, whether new jobs or repairing, done on the most reasonable terms.

ALEXANDER LAUGHLIN, Agent,

corner of Canal and Penn streets, near the Water Works

feb:6:1m

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Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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