Daily Morning Post.

LECKY HARPER ..... THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING.....FEBRUARY 12.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

JAMES BUCHANAN,

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Subject to decision of the Democratic National Convention.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,

OF ALABAMA.

Subject to the same decision.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION: Baltimore, Md., Tuesday, June 1, 1852.

Allegheny Valley Rail Road:

An election for officers of this Company will be held at the St. Clair Hotel to-day, at 10 o'clock, A. M. This is one of the most important improvements, for the interests of Pittsburgh, that has been suggested for many years, and we hope that a board of able bodied and energetic officers will be elected.

Increased Taxation—Look Out!

We understand that there is a new project on foot of an application to the Legislature for the enactment of a law to establish a High School in this city, to be supported by additional taxation on the people. The object, however good, we apprehend, will meet with opposition from those whose burthens are already too heavy to bear—we mean the oppressed *tax-payers*. Taxation, in this city, is so heavy that real property is no longer a desirable investment; and men who live upon their income from the earnings of past labor, are sending their money to other States for employment, to avoid the severe drawbacks it meets with at home. Do the philanthropists, who are concocting the scheme of educating their own children at the expense of their neighbors, consider that they may lose the substance already in their mouths, by an avarice to clutch the poor shadow which is only left to others.—Look at the palaces which have been recently erected at the public expense throughout this city;—are gentlemen not satisfied with these?—We are answered no; the people want more; they want High Schools—Colleges—Universities! We do not believe any such thing. Let those who want to have their children taught Latin, and Greek, and Hebrew, pay for the privileges themselves. They may as well ask the public to pay for their sons' broadcloth jackets. If the Public Schools are not good enough, it is the fault of the Directors and Teachers. Indeed, we believe, that, with the march of extravagance here, there is a falling off of thorough education. We are credibly informed that thirty hours per week is all the time devoted, in the model schools of this city, to instructing children. No wonder, when the hours are becoming "small by degrees and beautifully less," that the model Directors think their palaces and Professors insufficient; and are crying out for High Schools, in which the same Directors are to have the management. We have ever been the friends of education, and the advocates of Public Schools; but we think that men may become extravagant in their ideas on this, as well as many other subjects. A wise man said to his son, "build not your house too high." The same advice may be gratuitously given to those educational philanthropists who are always looking at the top, and never at the foundation, of the structure.

Crawford County for Buchanan.

We were gratified last evening to receive the following despatch from our friend James E. McFarland, editor of the Crawford *Democrat*, announcing that that county had instructed for Mr. Buchanan:

MEADVILLE, Feb. 11.

To the Editors of the Post, Pittsburgh:—

At a Democratic meeting, held in this place, last evening, delegates were instructed for Mr. Buchanan.

JAS. E. MCFARLAND.

Railroads in Delaware.—An opposition has been got up in Delaware to the application of the New Castle and Frenchtown Railroad Company for a renewal of their charter, by the friends of a projected company, to be known as the Chesapeake and Delaware Railroad Company, who propose to construct a road from a point near Delaware City, to the Maryland line, to connect with the one already chartered for that purpose, to start from an eligible point on the Chesapeake Bay, at or near Worton creek. The former company offers the State a bonus of $200,000 for the renewal of their charter for 20 years, and the latter company proposes to give $50,000 in consideration of a charter.

Hogs Packed in St. Louis.—The following report of the close of the season, we find in the last number of the St. Louis *Intelligencer*:

Total for 1851 and 1852	47,108
" " 1850 and 1851	82,274
Deficiency	35,166

The average weight for the season just closed does not exceed 200 lbs. giving the sum of 9,433,600 against 14,743,028 lbs., the season previous, showing a falling in net weight of 5,306,428 lbs.

Illinois Central Railroad.—The well informed Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, speaking of the rumored ill success in obtaining a loan in Europe for the Illinois Central Railroad, asserts "that the Hon. Robert J. Walker, after all the talk in the papers about his entire failure of obtaining a loan for the Central Railroad of Illinois, has obtained one third of it and two thirds more on a contingency, which is certain to arrive. So he has got the whole of it after all. The best investment British capitalists could make.

A Hint to Blacksmiths.—The cutting of bars of iron or pipes with the chisel is a laborious and tardy process. By the following mode the same end is attained more speedily, easily and neatly. Bring the iron to a white heat, and then, fixing it in a vice, apply the common saw which, without being turned in the edge, or injured in any respect, will divide it as easily as if it were a carrot.

Virginia State Convention.—At a meeting of the Democratic members of the two Houses of the Virginia Legislature, held in the Hall of the House of Delegates on Saturday evening last, Lieut. Governor Shelton F. Leake presiding, it was resolved, that it is expedient to hold a Convention of the Democratic party of Virginia, in the city of Richmond, on Wednesday, the 24th of March next, for the purpose of organizing for the Presidential election.

Governors Ujhazy and Kossuth.—We see it stated that should Gov. Kossuth visit St. Louis, during his Western tour, Gov. Ujhazy, now residing at New Buda, Iowa, will meet him there. The meeting of these eminent patriots, both in exile, would doubtless be interesting, and would irresistably lead them back to the days of their triumphs.

Free Farms.—The St. Paul's *Democrat* says a large number of pioneers have crossed into the country of the Sioux Indians and located farms, and all kinds of tenements are springing up. The Indian Agent will make no attempt to drive them out. He would fail, if he tried.

☞ Miss Catharine Hays is journeying towards the "sunny South." She sang in Savannah, Geo., on the evening of the 1st. inst., before one of the largest audiences ever assembled in that city.

WHOLESALE PARDONING!

In the *Pennsylvanian* of Saturday last, we find the following table embracing the number of culprits pardoned by *Gov. Johnston* from the 2d to the 19th of January, 1852, being the last seventeen *days of his term*! It embraces a list of FIFTY-THREE in number! Amongst the number pardoned is Michael Murphy, of Schuylkill county, who was pardoned *before he was tried*, by the proper legal tribunal!. We learn from an authentic source, that the number pardoned during the administration of Wm. F. Johnston was FOUR HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE! a full list of whom a friend at Harrisburg promises to make out for publication shortly. And let the reader remember that all this is the work of an Anti Pardoning Governor!! "Oh, shame, where is thy blush?" Probably there is no case on record of such wholesale pardoning within the short period of 17 days, and it is certainly enough to alarm the good people of the Commonwealth. In the list of crimes for which these 53 persons were tried, found guilty, and sentenced to the Penitentiary, were horse stealing, larceny, burglary, passing counterfeit money, kidnapping, assault and battery, riot, arson, seduction, manslaughter, highway robbery, and conspiracy. The consequences attending this indiscriminate pardoning of convicted felons may be terrible. Men who have set the laws of their country at defiance, and are guilty of all the crimes set forth in the decalogue, are thus, by a single scratch of Gov. JOHNSTON'S pen, thrust upon the community, again to resume their deeds of infamy.

DEFENDANTS.	COUNTY.	WHEN PARDONED.
Charles Bush,	Mercer,	Jan. 2, 1852.
John Smith, *alias* Clapp,	Montgomery,	" 2, "
David McKinney,	Lebanon,	" 2, "
Andrew Stitt,	Mercer,	" 5, "
Wm. Diehl,	Allegheny,	" 6, "
Alexander Dunlap,	Philadelphia,	" 6, "
Norval Kennedy,	Beaver,	" 6, "
Terence M'Manus and Margaret M'Manus,	Dauphin,	" 6, "
Christopher Foy,	Allegheny,	" 8, "
John Dickson and James B. Heron,	Allegheny,	" 8, "
Wm. McElrath,	Dauphin,	" 9, "
Johnston M'Kee,	Cambria,	" 9, "
Charles Chew,	Lancaster,	" 9, "
Christopher Budge,	Philadelphia,	" 12, "
Josiah Wilson,	Greene,	" 12, "
Seymor Hackett,	Potter,	" 12, "
D G Newton,	Bradford,	" 12, "
Michael Murphy, pardoned before trial,	Schuylkill,	" 12, "
Martin C. Auld,	Cumberland,	" 13, "
Dominick McDonald,	Wayne,	" 13, "
Geo Black *alias* Blackey,	Philadelphia,	" 13, "
John Bennett,	Philadelphia,	" 13, "
James McCutcheon,	Allegheny,	" 13, "
Matthias Holland,	Philadelphia,	" 13, "
Fred. Hartman, *alias* Hartsman,	Philadelphia,	" 13, "
Catharine Virtue and Sarah Cohen,	Philadelphia,	" 13, "
William Lane,	Allegheny,	" 14, "
Henry Smith,	Dauphin,	" 14, "
Wm J. Hill,	Philadelphia,	" 15, "
John Bailey,	Mercer,	" 15, "
Benjamin Welsh,	Philadelphia,	" 16, "
Robert Kain,	Northampton,	" 16, "
Charles Schnable,	Philadelphia,	" 16, "
Bernard Vanhorn,	Philadelphia,	" 16, "
Henry Kennedy,	Armstrong,	" 17, "
James Sherry, Jr.,	Philadelphia,	" 17, "
Peter Sherry,	Philadelphia,	" 17, "
James Sherry, Jr.,	Philadelphia,	" 17, "
Nicholas Carson,	Philadelphia,	" 19, "
Patrick Cain,	Philadelphia,	" 19, "
Cornelius Coleman,	Philadelphia,	" 19, "
Timothy Halleran,	Philadelphia,	" 19, "
Dennis Lynch,	Philadelphia,	" 19, "
Patrick Burke,	Philadelphia,	" 19, "
Michael Bowan,	Philadelphia,	" 19, "
John Coleman,	Philadelphia,	" 19, "
Daniel Fern,	Philadelphia,	" 19, "
Alfred Hooper,	Philadelphia,	" 19, "
Mary Harrison,	Philadelphia,	" 19, "
Peter Asch,	Berks,	" 19, "
	Bradford,	" 19, "

The Rebellion in Liberia.—It seems that the chief Grando was stimulated to his attack on Fishtown, by Mr. Lawrence, an English trader! Nine persons were killed. The attack upon Bassa Cove, a few days afterwards, was repulsed with considerable loss to the assailants; but on the 15th the rebels made another attack on the Cove, when they fought with the utmost bravery, and forty or fifty of them were killed and wounded. This completed Grando's defeat.—Capt. Pearson took President Roberts down in the U. S. ship Dale from Monrovia to Bassa Cove. His presence, with reinforcements sent in a Liberian vessel, effectually deterred the rebels from another attack. The Dale returned to Monrovia, Dec. 21. The Legislature met on the 1st of December.

Cost of Telegraphing Operations.—It is stated in the February number of Appleton's Mechanics' Magazine, that the extent of telegraphic lines in the United States and Canada exceeds 12,000 miles, involving a capital of more than three millions of dollars. To work these lines cost annually 720 tons of zinc, worth $57,000; more than a million pounds of nitric acid, worth $117,000; and $27,000 worth of mercury, besides a considerable value in sulphuric acid, &c. On the line from Pittsburgh to Cincinnati alone, there were transmitted, in the year 1850, 364,559 paid dispatches and the revenue received was $73,278.

Another "Fire in the Rear."—In the New York Tribune, we find an extract from a Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, which states that "Gen. Scott will, no doubt, come out with some kind of a show that he is a Compromise man, and this will change the whole political chess board. Gov. Jones of Tennessee, will, no doubt, be the Whig candidate for the Vice Presidency.

This attempt to steal the "Compromise thunder," is no doubt for the purpose of heading off Mr. Fillmore and Mr. Webster. But it is too late in the day.

Drunkards in Louisiana.—In the Senate of Louisiana, Gen. Martin has introduced a bill which proposes to place habitual drunkards in the same position, in regard to the management of their property and their family affairs, as that which the law assigns to lunatics and minors. They are to have curators, with powers of administration; they are to be incapable of suing or being sued in their names; they could not be members of a corporation, nor executors or administrators of an estate.

Woman's Love.—This novel and exquisite simile is from Wm. Smith's drama of "Guidone." "A woman's love, we know—not yet avowed, Solicited, or bruited to the world— Is so o'er-ruled by virgin purity, And dignity serene of womanhood, It is a harmless guest. A pleasing fear. It plays observed upon the verge of thought, Like silent lightning in a summer sky, Whose lambent beauty does but hint the power, Which may some other time be perilous."

☞ A subscription list to the proposed addition of capital stock of the Pennsylvania Rail Road was opened on Thursday, at Philadelphia, and the whole of the necessary amount of shares was pledged to be obtained by those present, completing the $1,500,000 of individual subscriptions, and securing the conditional corporation subscriptions of $1,000,000. The total capital stock will then be $10,000,000.

Delaware County.—The Democratic Convention of Delaware county met on Thursday and elected Delegates to represent the democracy of Delaware in the State Convention at Harrisburg. The gentlemen selected are Geo. Palmer of Radnor, and Robert N. Gamble, of Concord. No instructions were given in reference to the Presidency. It is known however, that at least one of the delegates is favorable to Mr. Buchanan.

☞ From the following paragraph, it will be seen that the Governor of the State celebrated for Tar and Pine Knots, desires an enlargement of the elective franchise:

Property Qualifications.—Governor Reid, of North Carolina, has issued his proclamation, submitting for ratification by the people, at the next election, the amendment to the constitution abolishing the freehold of fifty acres of land, and substituting a residence of twelve months in an election district, and the payment of public taxes, in order to enable a person to vote for a candidate for the State Senate.

A Self Loading Gun.—Resolutions have been unanimously adopted by the Legislature of Tennessee, recommending the Governor to call upon the Department at Washington for such a number of Porter's self-loading and self-priming rifles as the State may be entitled to under existing laws for the distribution of arms amongst the States. The committee which reported the resolution stated the rifle, could be fired forty times in a minute, is simple in its construction, not liable to accident, and in a battle would be the most destructive fire-arm ever used, while at the same time it must have a powerful influence in preserving the peace of nations. Here is a chance to procure "material aid" for Hungary.

Valuable Quartz Rock.—There was lately received in this city, from California, a piece of quartz rock, of a reddish brown color, having faint appearances of gold on its surface, but not considered very valuable. Not being bullion, it was not sent to the Mint, but was broken up and an assay made of it by a competent hand. The result is that the rock, which weighed 188 ounces gross, yielded gold to the amount of $1,731 34 —at the rate of $9,20 per ounce. We have seen specimens of it at the Philadelphia Bank, and any one not experienced in gold mining, would scarcely believe it could be of such value.—*Phila. Bulletin.*

Steamer Roger Williams Fired into.—The steamer Roger Williams, which sailed hence for New Orleans, was fired at five times, off the coast of Florida, by the United States cutter Crawford, notwithstanding she displayed the American flag at her peak. She was two miles distant at the time. She immediately came to Key West. Capt. Coste, of the Crawford, probably thought she was engaged in another invasion of Cuba.—*Phila. Bulletin.*

Governors' Salaries.—The aggregate salaries of the Governors of the thirty-one States is $83,766. Rhode Island gives the lowest in the list—$400 per annum, and California the highest, $10,000. The next in the list is Louisiana, the salary of whose Governor is $6,000.

There are four territories with salaried Governors, whose aggregate is $10,500. Among them is the immortal Brigham Young, who draws from the National Treasury $2,500.

An Irish Bull.—Gen. Cass is reported as saying at the Congressional Banquet to Kossuth —"Shall we sit here *blind-folded* and *see* tyranny prevailing in every region of the world? No!"

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From the "Seat of War."

The Steubenville *Herald*, of Monday, contains the following additional particulars respecting the wars between the "Corkonians" and the "Fardowns," on the Steubenville and Indiana Railroad:

Disturbances on the Railroad continued—A Corkonian Shot—the Murderers marched into the city and committed to prison, &c.

It was hoped, on Saturday, that after the disgraceful scenes which had been witnessed in our streets on Friday—we allude to the driving in of the 500 Fardowns, and the necessity which prompted the country people to drive them in—a better state of affairs along the line was about to commence, and those immoralizing scenes of excitement were ended. Contractor Manfull commenced re-employing the same Fardowns that were driven from their shanties a month since, and it was the general hope that good order and peace was once more successfully restored.

But after the expulsion on Friday of 500 men by 26, a party of 57 Fardowners, that were still marching over the hills and fields in the neighborhood of section 14, in pursuit of Corkonians, met a party of 7 or 8 of the latter, and fired upon them. One man of the Cork party, named James Casey, was shot through the main artery of the thigh, and then cruelly beaten over the head and body with bludgeons. In a few minutes he was dead. A party of the guard happened to come up at the time, and the assailants were promptly disarmed and marched into this city, with the murdered corpse, where they arrived under the escort of a body of the guards, commanded by General T. H. Bliss.—Eleven of them, who had been disarmed, were immediately brought before Esq. Shane for a hearing on the charge of murdering Casey.

In addition to all this, it seems that the country people of the neighborhood, aided by some of the guards, were to bring in yet another party of the unruly Fardowns, who are accused of having gone about to farmers' houses, threatening the inmates, or driving the females away, ostensibly to search for concealed Corkonians. It has now come to this that those people have armed in defence of themselves and property, and that they will not permit one of the Fardowns to remain in the neighborhood where, within a few days, they have created so much confusion—taken so many illegal privileges, and made so many hostile threats and demonstrations.

The individual who shot Casey, and those who participated in the inhuman butchery, are now in jail—together with a number of others on charge of like offences—making in all some fifty or sixty persons of the Railroad, to be kept at the public expense.

An especial act should be introduced and passed by the Legislature now in session, calling a Court in this county forthwith—the chain-gang laws for the county enforced—and all who may be found guilty of offences not punishable by harsher means—the Penitentiary and gallows—caused to work out their fines on the public highways, or hired out upon the Railroad until the amount assessed may be paid.

The orderly and well disposed portion of the citizens of Jefferson county, are not disposed to be taxed for the support of 60 or 100 able bodies men—and the amount necessary to make arrests and prosecute trials—and we are of the opinion they will not tamely submit to such an imposition, if we are permitted to judge from the general expression.

Mississippi.

The following is an extract from a letter to the New York *Herald*, dated New Orleans, January 7th:

There can hardly be said to be any whig party now in Mississippi. They have nearly all merged into Union men. At the same time, however, there are few of the old democratists, who still cling to the name, but not to the distinguishing features of their party. Truly, a most singular political phenomenon now exists in Mississippi. The democratic party is in favor of Mr. Buchanan for the Presidency, while the whigs express a preference for Mr. Cass! It is thought that no delegates from this State will be sent to the whig convention. At least they will first await the action of the Union democrats.

Later from Cuba—Suppression of the Revolution.—The Journal of Commerce has files papers of Jan. 6th, containing Valparaiso news to Dec. 20th. They announce the complete suppression of the insurrection in the provinces of Coquimbo and Concepcion. On the 8th of December, Gen. Bulnes had completely routed the rebel army of Gen. Cruz, on the plains of Longomilla, taking 400 prisoners, Gen. Cruz, on the 14th of December, capitulated, acknowledging the authority of the President of the Republic, D. Manual Montt, and surrendering all forces to Gen. Bulnes. The capitulation was ratified, and five days afterwards, viz: on the 22d of December, Gen. Bulnes landed at Valparaiso, where he was received with distinguished honors. He afterwards proceeded to the capital, where new honors and congratulations awaited him. President Montt had acknowledged his services in the most cordial manner, and approved of the Convention above recorded.

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NEWS ITEMS.

Wm. Lemon, for quarter of a century a citizen of Cleveland, and one of her most active business men, died on Saturday last.

Cattle of all kinds are very scarce in Philadelphia, and the butchers complain bitterly of the exorbitant prices demanded by drovers.

The Rhode Island Democratic State Convention, on the 30th ult., adopted a resolution declaring Lewis Cass and Wm. O. Butler the choice of that State for President and Vice President.

Mr. Greenough is now in New York awaiting the arrival of his splendid group for the Capitol from Italy. He will soon be engaged on his statue of his friend the late Mr. Cooper, to be erected in this city.

It is announced that Forrest will sail for California, after playing an engagement at the Broadway Theatre and one in Philadelphia.

The Members of the Bar intend to present to Charles O'Conor, Esq., a handsome Service of Plate, as a token of their admiration for the ability and generosity he displayed in the trial of the Forrest Divorce Case.

During January, the Boston Fire Department was called out eleven times. The estimated am't of loss was $8,870; insurance, $6,020.—The loss for the same month last year was $42,237; insurance $18,787.

The citizens of Oswego have subscribed $100,000 to the capital stock of the Binghampton and Oswego Railroad. This it is supposed, will ensure the construction of the road.

It is said that the 40,000 muskets that Kossuth has purchased are a part of those sold by the Government at the close of the Mexican War. The have done service in a brilliant American campaign, and will do very well in the hands of the brave Hungarians.

The male members of the several Methodist Churches of Buffalo, are about holding a meeting to discuss a proposition so to amend their rules of discipline as to permit the lay members to be represented by delegates to the General Conference of that Church.

The Boliver (Tenn.) Democrat has run up the names of Daniel S. Dickenson, of New York, and Jefferson Davis, of Miss., as his ticket for the next Presidential fight.

The Wilkesbarre Advocate says five ex-President Judges, are practicing at the bar in Luzerne county. The people round there will be apt to have meeted out to them the full rigor of the law.

The coldest place in Pennsylvania must be in Mercer county. The Mercer *Independent Democrat*, of the 20th ult., says, that at daybreak on that day the mercury stood at 21 degrees below zero! At sunrise it was 20 deg. below, and at 9 o'clock 14 deg. below.

Prisoners Banished from France.

On the 16th ult., 468 persons, who had been banished from France, embarked at Havre, in the steam frigate Canada, for Brest, from whence they were to be sent out of the country, in company with another party. Among them were M. M. Martin, and Michot-Boutel, late representative from Paris. A letter in the New York Express, dated Paris, Jan. 13, says:

"Most of the distinguished military prisoners who were incarcerated in the Castle of Ham, were liberated on the 19th instant, and ordered out of France. Each one was accompanied beyond the frontiers by police agents in citizens' dresses. They desired to retire to Brussels, but the request was denied to all but Gen. Changarnier and Col. Charras, who are permitted to remain in Belgium. Gen. Le Flo, who appears to be particularly obnoxious to government, has been sent to England. Monsieur Baze was conducted to Aix-la-Chapelle, and General de Lamoricière to Cologne; General Bedeau is appointed to reside for the present at Leige. It will be recollected that these were military prisoners of the first and highest class, and their remaining in exile is entirely dependent upon the will of the President, to whom it is said that some of them have already made overtures of a reconciliation, and asked permission to return to France.

"The most important event of the week, however, is the ordinance proclaiming the banishment—for the sake of public safety—of eighty-four of the prominent members of the late Legislative assembly. These are divided into two classes. The first of which comprises sixty-six who are permanently exiled, and the second eighteen, whose 'emigration' as it is called, is to depend upon the pleasure of the Executive.—Among the latter are Thiers, and Jules de Lasteyre, a grandson of Lafayette. What a commentary upon Republican freedom, that Representatives of the people should be exiled from their country and families for having entertained or expressed views and opinions, in accordance with the wishes and interests of their constituents, and that though the exercise of a Supreme power granted by the electives themselves to the tune of 7,000,000 affirmative voices.

"With a view of establishing a rapid and secret communication between the heads of the several Departments of the Government and the Executive residence, preparations are making for Electric Telegraphs all of which shall centre in the President's Cabinet at the Tuileries. In this manner orders and communications can be instantly and secretly given."

Huntingdon County on the Tariff.

A meeting of the Democracy of Huntingdon county was held on the 14th ult., in pursuance of a call of the County Committee. Benj. F. Patton, Esq., presided, and the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That while we cordially endorse the principle upon which the tariff of 1846 is based, and do not desire to see its general features disturbed, it is the voice of the Democratic party of Huntingdon county, that such duty should be imposed upon foreign iron, as will enable our own manufacturers in competition with those of foreign countries to realize the same profits from their investments as are realized by the other industrial pursuits of the country, and that for this purpose they should be relieved against the fluctuations of a foreign market by the imposition of a specific duty.

Resolved, That a copy of this preamble and resolutions be signed by the President and Secretary and forwarded to Hon. Andrew Parker, our representative in Congress.

New Gold Dollars and Gold Half Dollars.—"Observer," the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger, says:

"I have just seen the new gold dollar piece sent down from the Philadelphia mint to the Hon. Geo. S. Houston, chairman of the committee of ways and means. The coin consists of a flat ring, on which there is a superscription but no head, as the place for putting a head is cut out. The only objection to this kind of coin is the detrition to which, it seems to me it must be very liable. On the other hand the coin may be carried on a string—a most convenient and safe way of carrying money. Half dollar gold pieces, not yet called for by any law, have been sent down, and look very pretty. These half dollar gold pieces would be more convenient still than the dollar pieces, and may be carried in the same way."

Death of a Remarkable Man in Novia Scotia.—At Shipharbor, on the 29th of December, died Mr. Daniel Weeks was born in Long Island on the 3d of December, 1735, and served in the British army in which Wolfe fell, Sept. 12th 1768, at which time he was twenty-four years old. He adhered to the royal cause at the time of the revolution, and received a grant of land at Shiphrbor, on which he has since been settled. He brought up a family of 21 children, whose offspring to the third and fourth generation are scttled around him, and scattered in many parts of the world, numbering several hundreds. In 1838 he enjoyed his second sight, and up to a couple of years ago, went daily barcheaded into the woods to cut wood and timber, an occupation he preferred above all others.

Clay and Lafayette.—The Washington correspondent of the Savannah Georgeon, writing in reference to the reception of Kossuth by the House of Representatives, says:

By the way I heard an interesting anecdote of Clay and Lafayette, which, perhaps, has got out long since. I got it from good authority. It appears that Mr. Clay *wrote the answer himself*, that Lafayette gave to Mr. Clay's beautiful speech on the occasion of Lafayette's reception by the House. Mr. Clay being asked if it were really so, laughingly replied in the affirmative, and that Lafayette's speech was: *highly complimented*, but his own, (Mr. Clay's,) was not noticed.

The Little Girl's Good Morning.

BY MARY IRVING.

"Oh! I am so happy!" the little girl said,
As she sprang like a lark from her low rounde bed;
"It's morning, bright morning! Good morning, papa!
Oh give me one kiss for good morning, mamma!
Only just look at my pretty Canary,—
Chirping his sweet "good morning to Mary!"
The sunshine is peeping straight into my eyes—
Good morning to you, Mr. Sun, for you rise.
Early to wake up my birdie and me,
And make us as happy as happy can be."

"Happy you may be, my dear little girl,
And the mother stroked softly a clustering curl—
"Happy as happy can be—but think of the One
Who awakened this morning both you and the sun."
The little one turned her bright eyes with a nod—
"Mamma, may I say 'good morning to God!'"
"Yes, little darling one, surely you may—
Kneel, as you kneel every morning to pray."

Many knelt solemnly down, with her eyes
Looking up earnestly into the skies,
And two little hands that were folded together,
Softly she laid on the lap of her mother:
"Good morning, dear Father in Heaven," she said,
"I thank thee for watching my snug little bed,
For taking good care of me all the dark night,
And waking me up with the beautiful light,
Oh, keep me from naughtiness all the long day,
Blest Jesus, who taught little children to pray."

An angel looked down in the sunshine and smiled;
But she saw not the angel—that beautiful child.

Transplanting Trees.

In taking up trees for transplanting, regard should always be had to their size, and a due proportion should be preserved between the size of the tree, and the amount of root attached. A deficiency of root may be partially, but not wholly compensated by a dimunition or entire removal of the top, but there should always be root enough to supply nourishment to the body, (which, if large, requires the more to sustain it,) and top enough to digest it. A deficiency of top, however, is less fatal, especially in the early part of the season, than a deficiency of root; for if there be enough of the latter, the tree will readily make enough of the former as fast as it shall be needed; but if there be a deficiency of root, although the tree may live and even grow for a time on account of its innate, vital energies, yet it will probably die before the close of the season.

It is for this reason that many trees that "travel well" are often found to die in the latter part of the summer, notwithstanding all other circumstances seem to favor their preservation. It is a mistake to suppose that if a tree once begins to grow all risk is at an end. The first season will not always decide; for if that shall be peculiarly favorable, a small root may sustain the tree through it, but the consequence of a small root may be a correspondingly small top, and of both, a dead strip running the whole length of the tree, occupying, perhaps, one third or one half of its whole circumference. Some trees have much greater tenacity for life than others, and hence may grow with a much smaller root, or even with none at all. But with these exceptions there should always be a direct proportion between the size of a tree and its root, and an inverse proportion between the root and the tenacity of life; i. e., the less the tenacity of life the greater should be the root.—*Rural New Yorker.*

The State of France.

It strikes us that the following remarks of the New York Tribune, on the last news from France, have much force in them:—

"Those who have anticipated the establishment of internal peace in France under her present despot are respectfully referred to the news brought by the Humboldt. They will see there no signs of sweet tranquility, but of the gestation of sudden and terrible war. Louis Napoleon does not deal in half measures, but plays the game of compression and tyranny to the end. The explosive reaction will be tremendous and it will come like a thief in the night. His extreme course indicates no confidence in his own strength, but the consciousness of such weakness as renders dangerous every breath of opposition and even the suspicion of hostility. The stock-jobbers have taken the alarm and the French funds have fallen. Depend upon it this is not the way to put to sleep the revolutionary elements of Europe. It can only rouse them to greater ardor, intensify their zeal and extend their alliances. The end in France, in Italy, in Hungary, in Germany is not yet.

DIED.

On Tuesday night, the 10th instant, at 10 o'clock at the residence of Samuel Dalzell, 113 Centre Avenue, ELIZA M. DONNELLY.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on THURSDAY, the 15th instant, at 2 o'clock, P. M., from the above named residence, and proceed to the Allegheny Cemetery.

Mercantile Library and Mechanics' Institute.

Rooms on Fourth st., opposite Merchants' Bank.

Terms of Membership—$1.00 *Initiation Fee, and* $4.00 *per annum.*

Volumes in the Library, 9,000; to Reading Room, 20 Newspapers and 21 Magazines.

As this is the only Public Library and Reading Room in the city, those disposed to aid in re-establishing the useful and permanent, are requested to become members.

feb12 1m

To Contractors, Builders and Others.

☞ The subscriber is now prepared to take orders for SLATES, delivered from his Yard at Pittsburgh, or Contracts for Slating—finding materials, &c.

☞ The Slates are of the best quality, home or imported, being from the celebrated Quarries of R. Parry, and being from the celebrated Quarries of R. Parry, Peach Bottom, York county, Pa., for whom I am Agent. Peach Bottom, York county, Pa., for whom I am Agent. Having the best workmen employed, reference is given by specimens of the various buildings roofed in our city for a number of the past years. All work, whether new, and repairing, done on the most reasonable terms.

ALEXANDER LAUGHLIN, Agent, corner of Canal and Zane streets, near the Water Works.

feb9:1m

For Rent.

THE DWELLING HOUSE now occupied by Wm. M. Shinn, Esq., on Cliff street in the Sixth Ward. The Grounds around the premises are ample, and the situation delightful, commanding a view of the two cities and the surrounding country. Hot and cold water, gas and bath fixtures have been introduced into the house. Possession given on the 1st of April.

Enquire at the Bank of Pittsburgh, of JOHN HARPER.

feb9:3t

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Allegheny:

The petition of C. J. Richardson, of Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh in the County aforesaid, humbly sheweth. That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the Ward aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

CYRUS J. RICHARDSON.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the Ward aforesaid do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and convenience for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

John S Miller, Thomas S. Rowley, Thoma Hope, Jas M Lease, Daniel Migeni, F B Peor, F A Delchy, Hugh M'Neill, Wm M Elroy, Phillip Dunn, H Miller Richard Hughes.—*Dispatch.*

feb12:3t

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned is the legally constituted Administrator of the estate of JOSEPH LITTLE, late of Plum township, deceased.—Therefore, all persons having claims against his estate, are hereby requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement; and those being indebted thereto will please make immediate payment to the subscriber.

HENRY M. LITTLE, Admr.

feb10:dtw6

ATTENTION FAIRMOUNT!—The members of the Fairmount Fire Company are hereby notified to attend an Adjourned Meeting, at the Fifth Ward School House, on SATURDAY EVENING, February 14th, at 7 o'clock. Punctual attendance is requested, as a vote will be taken whether the apparatus will be locked up or not. By order.

JAMES M'CANDLESS, Secretary.

feb12:2t

PLAID SILKS.—A. A. Mason & Co. are yet selling their large stock of Plaid Silks, at reduced prices.

feb12

VALENCIA COLLARS AND CUFFS.—A desirable stock on hand, at A. A. MASON & CO'S, feb12 Nos. 62 and 64 Market st.

PRINTS! PRINTS!—Best Madder color Prints are selling at 10 cents, at A. A. MASON & CO'S.

feb12

GELATINE AND ISINGLASS—I case Cooper's Sheet Gelatine; 1 do super French do. white and colored; 1 do Nelson's Opaque do. English; For making table Jellies, &c. For sale by W. A. McGURG & CO., feb12 250 Liberty street.

VENISON—50 prime Venison Hams, received and for sale by W. A. McGURG & CO., feb12 Grocers and Ten Dealers.

NUNNERY BUILDINGS TO RENT—With Orchard and Shrubbery—and from 10 to 30 acres of ground. A. WILKINS & CO. feb12

Emporium of Light!

CELEBRATED ETHEREAL OIL AND LAMPS.

W. H. WRIGHT, (successor to J. S. Torbet), Manufacturer of and Dealer Wholesale and Retail in the above named Oil and Lamps, is now receiving a large assortment of LAMPS, for burning the Ethereal Oil, Camphine and Pine Oil. Also, Lamps of every description, for burning Lard and Lard Oil.

Hall Lamps, Wicks, Globes, Chandeliers, Girandole Hall Lamps, Wicks, Globes, Chimney