Lynching of a woman in California.

A California letter to the Journal of commerce contains the following particulars of the execution of a young girl at Downieville:

She is a Mexican Senorita, with all the passions and frailties which attach themselves to the race. One day she stabbed a man, so that he died in a short time. Public opinion varies as to the enormity of this crime. Some assert as to the enormity of this crime. Some assert that it was a wanton and treacherous attack; others consider it to be an ordinary murder, under circumstances of insufficient but considerable provocation, while many affirm that the blow was struck in defence of her person against a drunken assault. The better opinion is, as far as I can learn, that the killing was unlawful, but under palliating circumstances. It is of little consequence to my present purpose to examine. I merely wish to relate how a *woman* was punished by unlawful hands in this high noon of the nineteenth century.

It seems that an example was needed in Downieville. Little or no retribution had fallen upon former murderers in that vicinity, and it unfortunately happened that the dead man had many friends in the city, while the girl elicted no sympathy. Her nation was despised, and she was of a character which always draws more the companion than friends in California. The many-headed monster cried "blood for blood!" The Mountain City is situated at the confluence of two branches of the North Yubs, and is connected with the opposite bank by a long bridge. The cord was thrown over cross beam in the middle of this bridge, and thither the infuriated multitude hurried their frail victim. Her bearing was haughty and composed in the highest degree. She was a beautiful girl, but neither her beauty nor unusual roundness of form excited the slightest compassion in the majority.

At this point of the proceeding, a young lawyer mounted the bridge railing, and denounced the whole affair in words of more bitter justice than discretion. He was not suffered to speak long. A dozen hands pulled him down, and as many feet were vigorously applied to him along the length of the bridge. When upon the opposite bank, he was forbidden to enter Downieville again, under penalty of being tarred and feathered.

Even the perpetrators of this outrage should have been shamed into common humanity by the next appeal. A physician, well known in the place, stated upon his professional reputation and most sacred honor, that the girl was *enciente*, and demanded for her the reprieve which was always granted by the merciful common law of England, even in the darkest ages and most barbarous periods. But no! Mercy to a murderer! Time to give birth to another of the viper's blood! They hooted at the idea! The physician was ordered to leave town within three days, for having dared to disturb the majesty of the people, arisen to assert justice.

Meanwhile the girl had been looking on with the utmost nonchalance. At the failure of this last appeal, a scornful smile distorted her lip, and she at once began to perform the last offices for herself. The *manta* was removed from her head and given to her paramour, with a watch, purse and ornaments. Her black hair fell in masses over her shoulders, but she calmly grasped the nooze, dangling near by, and passed it around her neck, concealed the hideous knot beneath the thick fall of her hair. She made but one request—that her hands might be left untied, and free to give the signal. Strange to say, they *did* grant her one privilege, but one which, in cases where the nerves were not made of steel, would have been the most judicious.

She then drew a bunch of cigaritas from her bosom, and distributed them among the bystanders, reserving one for herself. This she lighted, and half smoked—then drew it from her lips with—"I would do it again, the *maldito*." She did not finish her sentence, and dropped the cigarita. This was the signal, and her light form shot rapidly up in the air, hardly struggling, so powerful was the will that kept her free arms stiffly pressed against her side. There she hung, over that foaming river, between sky and earth, the mark of deepest disgrace upon all our fair land. Ever since that moment of the virtuous, the citizens of Downieville have been called by press and people, the "Downievillains."

Contrasted with scenes like these, how lofty have been the motives and actions of the vigilance committee! How dastardly, too, those who have infested the Bench and Bar, till "Judge" became a title of doubtful honor in California, and honorable lawyers blushed for their profession.

A "Great Country."

The United States, in the last ten years, have added a vast extent of territory, and received a large increase in population. By the census returns, it is shown, that in the period mentioned, the area of the United States has been extended from 2,055,168 to 3,221,595 square miles. Great Britain, exclusive of Ireland, contains 94,000 square miles. The extent of the United States is therefore 95 times as great as the Island of Great Britain. France contains an area of 197,400 square miles—a territory less than one fifteenth of the size of that of the United States. Austria, including Hungary and the Italian dependencies, contains but 500,000 square miles. Russia is the only nation which exceeds the United States in extent of territory. She has, including her immense Asiatic possessions, a territory of about 4,000,000 square miles. The whole of Europe contains only 3,807,196 square miles, which exceeds by less than one-fifth, 545,600 square miles, the territory of the United States. In population, the growth of the United States is no less extraordinary. The total population on the 1st of June, 1850, was 23,246,301. The absolute increase from 1st of June, 1840, had been 1,176,848, and the actual increase per cent. is 36,18. Deducting for population acquired by additions of territory, and the relative increase after this allowance is found to be 35,17 per cent. The aggregate number of whites in 1850 was 19,619,366, exhibiting a gain upon the number of the same class in 1840, of 5,428,371, and a relative increase of 38.20 per cent. But excluding the 153,000 free population supposed to have been acquired by the addition of territory since 1840, the gain is 5,-270,371. and the increased per cent. 37.14. The number of slaves by the present census is 3,-198,298, which shows an increase of 711,085, equal to 28.58 per cent. If we deduct 19,000 for the probable slave population of Texas in 1840, the result of the comparison will be slightly different. The absolute increase will be 692,-086, and the rate per cent 27,88. The number of free colored in 1850 was 428,687; in 1840, 386,245. The increase of this class has been 42,592, or 10.95 per cent. From emigration, the increase of population in the last ten years, was 1,729,182, which, deducted from the amount of white population above given, makes the increase 3,689,169, and the rate per cent. is reduced to 25.95. There is probably no country in the world which exhibits so great a growth.

A Yankee Macbeth.

The following laughable scene in the Buffalo Theatre, was culled out of the Boston Carpet Bag, a "down east notion" chuck full of all sorts of comicalities, sent out weekly to all the country round about between the oceans. It is good for the blues—the Bag and the scene:

One night Charlotte Cushman was to play.—Lady Macbeth, and a "distinguished tragedian" was to come "Mr. Macbeth." The flaming handbills were posted, and great things promised. As the hour for the "performance" to "bein" approached, news came that Mr. Macbeth was attacked with the "tremens." The manager stormed and fretted—Charlotte was alarmed—and a complete failure seemed inevitable. But a fellow named Adams, who had done the "Yankee" for the establishment, and who had a good memory, and had read Macbeth, volunteered to come the Hero of Dunsinane. The play commenced—Miss Cushman was doing up the tragic in her best style—Mr. Adams succeeded beyond the most sanguine expectations of the managers until the banquet scene "came on board" when poor Adams was utterly at fault. He recollected the sentiment, but the wording of the poetry he had entirely forgotten. He ought to have said:

"Avaunt and quit my sight! Let the earth hide thee!
Thy bones are marrowless—thy blood is cold;
Thou has no speculation in thy eyes,
Which thou dost so glare with!"

Instead of this, the immortal Adams burst out in his richest style, "Ceou git out! Go hide yerself—yer hain't got no marrer in your bones—yer blood's colder'n thunder—yer hain't got no speculation in yer eyes—*ycou git out!*"

The house, stage, and all, yelled with laughter, and after it had in a measure subsided, Miss Cushman, advanced to the front of the stage, as the writer saith, "looking as sour as pickled crab apple," and said in the words of the book.

"Think of this good peers,
But as a think of custom; 'tis no other,
Only it spoils the pleasure of the time."

Mr. Adams felt that he had "sold" himself, and ever after, when asked to undertake "tragedy," he "grins a ghastly smile," and says "ceou-git-cout."

ELIEN KOSSUTH.—The Tribune says this means "Live Kossuth!" as the French would say Vive Kossuth! The word *Zljen* is Magyar and pronounced like the English word *zlen*.

Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

LECKY HARPER:.....THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING:.....JANUARY 19

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

JAMES BUCHANAN,

OF PENNSYLVANIA;

Subject to decision of the Democratic General Convention

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,

OF ALABAMA;

Subject to the same decision.

☞ We have received two long letters from Harrisburg giving an account of the reception of Gov. Kossuth at that place; but as our telegraphic despatches have anticipated all the important matter contained in the letters of our correspondent, we deem it advisable to omit their publication.

☞ We learn from Harrisburg that the Bill incorporating the Girty's Run Plank Road Company in Allegheny county has passed both branches of the Legislature.

RECEPTION OF GOV. KOSSUTH.

Gov. Kossuth will arrive in Pittsburgh to-morrow (Tuesday) January 20th. For a full account of the arrangements that have been entered into to receive the illustrious Magyar Chief, we refer the reader to another part of this paper. From the spirit that prevails amongst the great mass of our citizens, we have no doubt that a brilliant reception awaits the patriotic Hungarian.

The Kossuth festival will take place at Masonic Hall, on Monday afternoon, at 3 o'clock—the doors will be open at 2 o'clock. We learn that the Hon. A. W. Loomis will preside on the occasion, and will deliver an introductory address. We are requested to say that tickets for the festival can still be had of the committee, at Philo Hall, at prices ranging from $8 to $5. We would advise those who wish to hear the eloquent champion of freedom speak, to procure tickets at once, as they will soon be all sold. Every dollar received by the festival committee will be handed over to Gov. Kossuth.

We would suggest to our citizens, and to the different societies, clubs and organizations, who design giving substantial aid to the Hungarian cause, to prepare their donotions and addresses at once. Let the workmen in the various shops give to the extent of their ability, even if it is but a dollar, and appoint committees to wait upon Gov. Kossuth and present their mite to the good cause. Every dollar will assist in putting an end to tyranny and oppression.

☞ We regret to observe that two or three papers, in Pennsylvania, assuming to be Democratic organs, devote a large portion of their columns to retailing the abuse belched forth by the *Whig* journals against Mr Buchanan. The The Harrisburgh *Keystone*, is especially devoted to this dirty work, and permits no opportunity to pass that will give it a chance to be the mere conduit of Whig slang and slander against Mr. Buchanan. In its issue of the 13th, we find the following paragraph copied from the Juniata *Sentinel*, a Whig paper, which the Keystone expects should have a great effect upon the Democracy of the State:

"The *Register* has hoisted the name of that distinguished old federalist, James Buchanan, for President, and parades in its columns a long list of names as officers of the Buchanan club of this place. How many of them are Buchanan men we can't exactly say; but we'll bet our old boots against the *Register's* common sense, that we can chalk the hats of at least a score of those who are made to figure in the proceedings who are not half so anxious to see Mr. Buchanan the locofoco nominee as we are! However, if the man hast not *bona fide* strength with his party, a little buncomb should be charitably excused. Huzza for Buchanan: we're for him—for fun! So drive ahead, gentlemen—plaster his federalism, endorse his democracy, oil his joints, lubricate his spavins, and trot him out!"

We do not object to, although we regret that any Pennsylvanian, calling himself a Democrat, should oppose Mr. Buchanan, but we do detest the base and malignant feelings that could impel pretended friends to indulge in such low vulgar vituperation against a Democrat who is loved by the whole people of his own State, and esteemed by the country as one of its greatest statesmen. A man who has represented his native State in every legislative position; who has represented his country abroad with distinguished credit, who guided the diplomacy of the country through one of the most brilliant wars recorded in the history of nations, and on whose private worth there is not a spot or blemish. Such a man might very naturally be abused by the Whigs, but that any one pretending to be a Democrat, would stoop to copy their low flimsy slang, is a proper cause for wonder. But there are guarilla sheets in this State, that are willing to do the filthy work. Whether they are employed and paid by the Whigs for doing it, or whether their taste political dishonesty prompts them to it, we cannot say, nor do we care, but we would warn the Democracy against these prowling wolves, who, under spurious covering, are attempting to destroy the party and leave the country in the hands of the Whigs.

Disreputable as is the course of the *Keystone*, it is decent compared to that of the *Lancasterian*. The editors of that paper appear to be in a perfect *agony* of blackguardism against Mr. Buchanan and every many who cannot be reached by the means that induces it to attempt to create discord in the party. They will of course fail in their effort to distract or annoy, but viper like they will continue to bite the file.

☞ There are those who feign to discern tautology in the speeches of Kossuth, and declare that he deals merely in *words*. We have read most of his speeches, (says the *Pennsylvanian,*) and if our judgement is correct, never yet discovered aught but the most profound statesmanship. His efforts abound in sublime argument, beautiful imagery and startling eloquence. He speaks by inspiration, each thought leaping from his lips, as if impelled by a heart of fire. It is in vain to search for his living equal; and since he is so great in a foreign dialect, what must be his power in his native language. Truly, his are the "thoughts that breathe and the words that burn." His speeches will never be forgotten. They have created a new taste for oratory and eloquence—a standard to which rising public speakers will be emulous to approach.

DIRECTORS.—The following gentlemen were on Wednesday elected Directors of the Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati Rail Road Company: A. Kelley, H. B. Payne, A. Stone, Jr., J. M. Woolsey, W. A. Otis, J. Gillett, R. Hilliard, L. Case, and Judge Williams of Delaware.

CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER.—This spirited Democratic paper comes to us greatly enlarged, and printed upon new and beautiful type. J. W. Gray, the Editor, is one of the most enterprising men connected with the press. The Plaindealer we consider one of the leading journals in the West.

FIRE AT INDIANAPOLIS.—A severe fire occurred at Indianapolis on the 11th, involving a loss of $20,000. It broke out near the Capitol House, and swept east destroying several stores and shops.

☞ General Scott refused to attend the Congressional banquet to Kossuth, because he was afraid. That "hasty plate" of soup is getting rather cool. So thinks the Pennsylvanian.

Democratic Conferee Convention

Pursuant to adjournment made in August last, the Convention of the Senatorial and Representative district composed of the Counties of Venango, Mercer and Warren, re-assembled at the "Plumer House" in Venango county on the 1st Wednesday, (being the 7th day,) of January, 1852, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the 4th of March Convention at Harrisburg. The following conferees appeared, to wit:

John J. Kilgore, Esq., Thos Turner, and John Evans, Esq., of Venango, and H S Turner, Esq., of Warren.

On motion, the Convention organized by the appointment of Thos. Turner, Chairman, and John Evans, Secretary.

On motion of J. J. Kilgore, Esq., it was

Resolved, That H. S. Turner, of Warren county be entitled to three votes on all questions before the Convention.

No conferees from Mercer county having presented themselves, the Convention proceeded to nominate delegates.

On motion of H. S. Turner, it was unanimously

Resolved; That Col Wm. H. Lamberton, of Venango county, be the Senatorial Delegate, and Arnold Plumer, Esq., of Venango, R. P. King, Esq., of Warren, and Morris Leech, Esq., of Mercer, be the Representative Delegates to the Democratic State Convention to assemble in Harrisburg on the 4th of March next.

On motion of J. J. Kilgore, Esq. the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That believing that a large majority of the democracy of this Senatorial Representative district, are favorable to the nomination of Hon. James Buchanan for the next presidency, we hereby instruct the delegates this day appointed in State Convention to vote for, and use their earnest efforts to send delegates to the National Convention favorable to that gentleman.

Resolved, That any vacancy happening in the delegation this day appointed, Senatorial or Representative, in the State Convention, by absence, the same shall be filled by a majority of the said delegates.

On motion of John Evans it was

Resolved, That the proceedings of this Convention be signed by the Officers of the Convention and published in all the democratic papers of district, and the Pittsburgh Post, Pennsylvanian, and Democratic Union.

THOS. TURNER, President
J. EVANS, Secretary.

Cotton Manufactures.

From the tables accompanying the Census Report, we gather the following statistics indicative of the extent and value of the manufacture of Cotton goods in the United States:

Total capital invested	$74,501,031
Bales of cotton consumed	641,250
Tons of coal	111,286
Value of raw material	34,836,056
Number of hands employed	91,286
Entire wages per month	$1,257,192
Value of entire product	61,869,174
Number of yards of sheeting manufactured	763,678,407
Number of pounds and hales of yarn, thread and battiug manufactured	27,873,600

Massachusetts takes the lead of all the States in the amount of capital invested, and in the extent of her cotton manufactures: New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, New York and Maine follow in the order in which we have placed them. Maryland is the eighth in point of importance, the entire capital invested by her in this branch of manufacture being $2,236,000; number of hands employed 3022; and entire value of product, $2,120,504

American Wine.

The N. Y *Evening Post* says: The practicability of making the finest wines from the American grape is no longer an open question. We have seen and tasted some manufactured by Judge Powers, of Catskill, from his celebrated vineyard on the banks of the Hudson, which with sufficient age would deserve to rank with the best Madeiras. The Judge has confined his experiments pretty much to the Isabella and Catawba grapes, from which, since 1849, he has manufactured several thousand bottles. When properly matured by age it will have one advantage over the best of imported wines, in not being adulterated or poisoned by any foreign mixture. The vineyard in which these grapes are grown lies on the side hill immediately north of the steamboat landing at Catskill. It has a fine exposure to the sun, which favors the perfect ripening of the grape, so necessary for the making of highly flavored wines.

Horrible Accident in Centre Street—six Lives Lost.

Another of those fearful casualities which are more frequently the result of individual rashness than of any unforseen cause, occurred yesterday in Centre street. The calamity is in some features so like that which happened at the Ward School in Greenwich avenue, that it is almost impossible to believe in its occurence, so soon after that terrible disaster, and while the warning it gave was yet so vividly impressed upon the public mind. The scene of the casuality is an emigrant boarding and lodging house in the rear of No. 140 Centre street, where a large number of emigrants, too poor to pay for better accommodations, are crowded together. We understand that there were in the building at the accident no less than five hundred persons in the building.

It appears that a large portion of the boarders had just retired for the night, when one of them, an old woman, alarmed by the tolling of the fire-bell, raised a cry of fire, imagining that the building was in flames. Her terror rapidly communicated to the other occupants in her apartment, and thence to the inmates of the whole establishment, who rushed in confusion from their rooms to the stairway. Some succeeded in forcing their way into the street, or some other place of safety, while the larger number, crowded as they were in the narrow stairway, were unable to effect their escape.

The scene that followed, so closely resembles that already alluded to in the Greench avenue School, that a description of it would be nothing more than a repetition. Those in the stairs, unable to maintain their position against the increasing pressure from above, were forced down on the landings until their bodies lay piled up on each other. In this way the life was literally crushed out of six persons, and a still larger number were so seriously injured that their recovery is doubtful.

Those killed are nearly all children. The following are the names of the dead:

1. John Glennan, a boy, aged 12 years.
2. John Wm. Dalton, 8 years.
3. An unknown boy, 8 or 10 years.
4. Mary Swillingham, 18 years.
5. Mary Murphy, a girl, 12 years.
6. A young woman, 20 years.

Of the wounded persons, the following are at present lying in the City Hospital, besides whom we understand, there are several others severely injured:

John Hawks, leg and arm broken.
A woman, arm broken.
Eliza Savage, shoulder dislocated.
Lucy Cushing, injured internally.
Bridget Harrington, injured internally.
Wm. Whalan, shoulder dislocated.
John Egan, body injured.
Catherine Sweeny, body injured.—*New York Evening Post, January 13*

Constantinople in Winter.

We have been accustomed to associate a sunny climate and perpetual spring with our ideas of the famous city of the Golden Horn. In a notice of "Travels in the East," by Frederick Walpole, of the royal navy, in Blackwood's Magazine for December, we find the following description of Stamboul in winter:

Snow thick and deep enveloped the city; cupola, dome and cypress were burdened with icicles; above was an angry sky, with a keenly piercing wind. English fires and English coals were the best things we saw—we were actually blockaded by the weather. At length we embarked: the crew were shoveling the deep snow drift off the deck, so we rushed below into a cabin whose bulkheads were beautifully varnished, sofas perfect, sky-lights closed, the whole atmosphere tobacco. We were off, gliding past the Seraglio Point, which was swathed in snow, and looking like a man in summer clothes caught in a wintry storm."

THE HUNGARIAN FUND.—Cassius M. Clay, in transmitting to Horsce Greely a check for $106 towards the Hungarian fund, says:

"I am for committing myself—committing the people—committing the United States Government—and all free people against the despotic intervention of Tyrants!—by word—by protest—by arms! If blood must cease to flow —Let Messieurs, the assassins, set the example!"

Dance Light, for My Heart it Lies Under Your Feet, Love.

"Ah, sweet Kitty Neil, rise up from that wheel—
Your neat little foot will be weary from spinning:
Come, trip down with me to the sycamore tree—
Half the parish is there, and the dance is beginning
The sun is gone down, but the full harvest moon
Shines as sweetly and cool on the dew whitened valley;
While all the air rings with the soft, loving things
Each little bird sings in the green shaded alley.

With a blush and a smile, Kitty rose up the while.
Her eye in the glass, as she bound her hair, glanced it;
Tis hard to refuse when a young lover sues—
So she couldn't but choose to—go off to the dancing

And now on the green, the kind groups are seen—
Each gay hearted lad with the lass of his choosing;
And Pat, without fail, leads out sweet Kitty Neil—
Somehow, when he asked, she ne'er thought of refusing.

Now Felix Magee puts his pipes to his knee;
And, with flourish so free, sets each couple in motion;
With a cheer and a bound, the lads patter the ground—
The maids move around just like swans on the ocean.

Cheeks bright as the rose—feet light as the doe's,
Now coy, now retiring, now boldly advancing—
Search the world all around, from the sky to the ground,
No such sight can be found as an Irish lass dancing!

Sweet Kate! who could view your bright eyes of deep blue,
Beaming mutually through their dark lashes so mildly,
Your inwoven arm, heaving breast, round form,
Nor see his heart warm, and his pulses throb wildly!

Poor Pat feels his heart, as he gazes, depart,
Saddened by the sad fate which painful yet sweet love;
The sight leaves his eyes, as he cries with a sigh,
Dance light, for my heart it lies under your feet, love!"

THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH.—This steamship remained at the Breakwater yesterday, with the City Ice Boat and the new tug, America, boat of which, it is said, will assist in towing her up to the city. The low state of the tides and the floating ice now obstructing the navigation, renders the progress of so large a vessel up the bay and river a matter of some difficulty. A violent gale from the north-west prevailed yesterday morning at the Breakwater, and during its height the Pittsburgh lost both of her anchor. She was, however, secured by the two towboats, which remained alongside of her up to last evening. They were expected to start for the city as soon as the gale moderated.—*Phil. Ledger, Jan. 13.*

Mutual Life Insurance.

THE KENTUCKY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
At Covington, Kentucky.

Guaranty Fund $100,000.

☞ Insures lives upon the Mutual plan, at Joint Stock rates of premium, and it is believed, offers the most simple, reasonable, safe and equitable plan yet devised for Mutual life Insurance

Pamphlets furnished, information given, and applications received by

J. TURBETT, Agent,
Office, 84 Wood street.

SAMUEL DILWORTH Medical Examiner. jan19

CLOVERSEED—100 bus in store and for sale by
STUART & SILL,
jan19 No 6 Smithfield street.

BARLEY—75 bus in store and for sale by
jan19 STUART & SILL.

BROOMS—350 doz in store and for sale by
jan19 STUART & SILL.

GLASS—200 box's by 10, 10 by 12 and 12 by 14 for sale by
jan19 STUART & SILL.

NAILS—50 kegs, to close consignment
jan19 STUART & SILL.

LAS—25 half chests Young Hyson
25 do do Black, in store and for sale
jan19 STUART & SILL.

TOBACCO—20 bxs assorted, for sale by
jan19 STUART & SILL.

VINEGAR—50 bbls, in store and for sale by
STUART & SILL.

ROACH, RAT AND MOUSE EXTERMINATOR—
In its operation this preparation is entirely different from any other; it creates a gas in the stomach of the vermin, which soon causes their speedy and certain death. With an ordinary amount of care, no possible danger can accrue from using it. The immense quantity of rats we are guarantee it will destroy, for which it is sold by the public. Give it a trial. Price 25 cents box. For sale at
jan17 No 50 SMITHFIELD STREET.

FOR RENT.—A comfortable Brick House of six rooms, a good cellar, tin-proof roof, and balcony in front, situate on a retired and pleasant location on Grant, below Third street. No 34. Rent $150 a year. ALSO—A Brick House, No. 115 on Fourth street, near Market. Immediate possession. Rent at $225 a year.
S. CUTHBERT, General Agent,
jan19 No 6 Smithfield street.

RICE—3 hhds rice, in store and for sale by
STUART & SILL,
jan19 No 6 Smithfield st.

BUCHA LEAVES—2 obls, for sale by
jan19 KEYSER & M'DOWELL.
opposite Monongahela House

FIFTY GROSS MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT—for sale by
jan19 KEYSER & M'DOWELL.

SHOULDER BRACES—Of all sorts and sizes, for sale by
jan19 KEYSER & M'DOWELL.

TRUSSES—For the radical cure of Hernia or Rupture for sale by
jan19 KEYSER & M'DOWELL.

HOARSE COUGH CANDY—For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, &c., for sale wholesale and retail at manufacturers' prices, by
jan19 KEYSER & M'DOWELL.

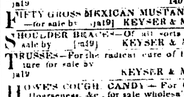
30 DOZ THOMPSON'S EYE WATER—For sale by
jan19 KEYSER & M'DOWELL.

BRANDY AND WINES—For medical purposes, for sale by
jan19 KEYSER & M'DOWELL.

NEW RAILROAD ADVERTISEMENT.

WESTERN RAILROAD

Pittsburgh to Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati.



IN CONNECTION WITH THE PENNA CENTRAL RAILROAD

Through from Pittsburgh to Cleveland in less than Ten Hours, by a continuous Railroad Line!

THE Express Train on the Ohio and Pennsylvania R. Railroad, leaves Pittsburgh at 8 A M, stopping at Beaver, Rochester, New Brighton, Fallston, Homewood, Fairview, Columbiana, and Salem, and reaches Alliance, 82 miles from Pittsburgh, at 1 P M Passengers leaving Alliance at 1 30 P M, arrive at Cleveland at 5 P M, and reach Cleveland at 5 45 P M Returning the passenger leaves Cleveland at 8 A M, Alliance at 2 P M, and reach Pittsburgh at 7 P M

Passengers by this route come from Cincinnati to Pittsburgh in two days, without change of cars, and arrive from one to two days in connecting with the Penna Central Railroad

Stages run daily from Alliance to Canton, Massillon, Wooster and Mansfield, and from Enon to New Castle Poland and Warren.

☞ The New Brighton Accommodation Train leaves Pittsburgh at 10 A M and 4 P M, and New Brighton at 7 30 A M and 1 30 P M, stopping at intermediate stations.

Excursion Tickets, good for two days, are sold between Pittsburgh, Rochester and New Brighton

The Trains do not run on Sunday.

Omnibuses run in connection with the trains to and from the station on Fifth street.

Tickets can be procured at the Railroad Station of the Ohio and Pa. Railroad, to

GEORGE PARKIN.
Agent.

☞ Through tickets from Pittsburgh to Cleveland, price $4,00—and from Pittsburgh to Cincinnati, price $11.00—are sold at the Railroad Station.

J. MESKIMEN,
jan15:tf Monongahela House, Pittsburgh.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

THE subscribers, Agents for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, are now prepared to receipt freight through to Philadelphia during the winter at the following rates:

For all first class goods and wool - - $1,25 per 100 lbs
For bacon, butter, lard, tallow, and all heavy freight - - - 1,00 per 100

Time Five days

COWDEN & GRAHAM, Ag'ts,
jan12 Corner Penn and Wayne sts, Pittsburgh.

For Gardner's and others.

FOR SALE, two valuable Lots of ground, one containing seven and three six acres, near to each other, well suited for Gardening purposes or family residences, they are in a healthy and pleasant location, and are bounded in the Beaver road and the Railroad, near Remington's Station. They present a favorable opportunity for persons attending the markets of our cities. Price and terms favorable.

S. CUTHBERT,
jan15 Gen'l Ag't, 50 Smithfield st.

New Books! New Books!

AT HOLMES' LITERARY DEPOT No. 74 Third street, opposite the Post Office:

Home and its Influence, a domestic story.
Sketches in France, by Alexander Dumas
Knickerbocker Magazine, for January; $3 a year
Horticulturist and Cultivator, for January;
Hunt's Merchant's Magazine, for January; $5 a year.
Banker's Magazine, for January, $3 a year
Harper's Magazine, for January, $3 a year
Holden's Dollar Magazine; $1 a year.
Eclectic Magazine, $5 a year.
Morris & Willis' Home Journal.
Godey's Lady's Book, for January; $2,50 a year.
Graham's Magazine, " 2,50 "
Sartain's, " 2,50 "
Ladies' National Magazine, " 2,00 "
Rifle Rangers, by Capt. Magne Reid.
A large assortment of Eastern Literary Papers, always on hand, and subscriptions received at the publisher's price jan15

KOSSUTH, the Hungarian Patriot, will be in our midst in a few days. It is proposed to give him the sinews of war, MONEY. Those desiring to purchase their winter clothing and still promote an object, can save more from 15 to 20 per ct. by calling at CHESTER'S EMPORIUM, of Men's and Boys' Clothing. Stock's full and complete. Work warranted. The largest stock of Boys clothing in the city. We study to please.
jan14 71 Smithfield st, near Diamond alley.

A VALUABLE FARM, 27 miles from the city, for sale.—A Farm of 80 acres, with 50 acres improved; a good stone dwelling house, well arranged, also a large barn and stable; a good garden and orchard of good fruit, good water and prime timber. One mile below Boden, and ½ part of Crow Bottom, a short distance from Remington Station, on the Railroad. Price $3,600. Terms easy.
S. CUTHBERT, Gen'l Ag't,
jan13 50 Smithfield st.

BURGESS & COS Improved *Roach, Rat* and *Mouse Exterminator*, prepared by a skilful and practical Chemist. This article has now been before the public for the last 4 years, during which time, not a single instance has come to the knowledge of the Proprietors, where the directions are followed, it has failed to give entire satisfaction. Price, 25 cents a box. For sale by
jan13 50 Smithfield street.

Shirts Made to Order.

At No. 15 *Fifth, Third Door from Market street.*

THE subscriber manufactures to order the best quality of GENTLEMEN'S SHIRTS. Those gentlemen who have found it difficult to obtain a well fitting and *thoroughly made* Shirt, can be suited by calling and leaving their measure.

ALSO On hand, a large quantity of Ready Made Shirts, of all sizes, for Men and Boys.
ja8 C MATHEWS.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—50 sacks, in store and for sale by
ja8 SHERRIFF & BINNING.

FISH—30 bbls No 3 Mackerel, in store and for sale by
ja8 SHERRIFF & BINNING.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

C. G. HUSSEY, President.
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, Secretary.
OFFICE, 94 WATER STREET,
between Market and Wood streets.

☞ Insures Hull and Cargo Risks,
On the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire.
ALSO—Against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS.

C G Hussey,	Wm Larimer, Jr.,
William Bagaley,	Saml M. Kier,
Hugh D. King,	William Bingham,
Robert Dunlap, Jr.,	D. Dehaven,
S. Harbaugh,	Francis Sellers,
Edward Heazleton,	J. Schoonmaker.
Walter Bryant,	Samuel Rea
	Isaac M. Pennock jan5

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

HARRISBURG, PA.
CAPITAL, 200,000 DOLLARS.

Designed only for the safer classes of property, has an ample capital, and affords superior advantages in point of cheapness, safety and accommodation, to City and Country Merchants and owners of Dwellings and Isolated or Country Property.

A. A. CARRIER, Actuary,
nov12 Branch Office, 54 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Hartford, Conn.

Capital Stock, $300,000 00
Assets, 442,186 34
$742,186 34

☞ Office of the Pittsburgh Agency in the Store Room of M'Curdy & Loomis, No. 59 Wood street.
nov4:tf R. H. BEESON, Agent.

Orleans Insurance Company,

ALBION, N. Y.
CAPITAL $150,000,
Secured in accordance with the General Insurance Laws of the State.

THE above prosperous and responsible Company, having complied with the requisitions of the law of this State, is now issuing policies by their Agent on the most favorable terms, consistent with prudence and safety.

O NICHOSON, President.
H S. M'CLELLAN, Secretary.
Office, No 54 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.
oct27:tf A. A. CARRIER, Agent.

Associated Firemen's Insurance Company of the City of Pittsburgh.

W W. DALLAS, Pres't.—ROBERT FINNEY, Sec'y.
Will insure against FIRE and MARINE RISKS on
Offices in Monongahela House, Nos. 124 and 126 Water st
DIRECTORS.

W. W. Dallas,	John Anderson,
B C. Sawyer,	R B. Simpson,
Wm. M Edgar,	H P. Wilkins,
Robert Finney,	Charles Kent,
William Gorman,	William Collingwood,
A. P. Ambuhl,	Joseph Kaye.
William D. Wrighter.	jan9

Pittsburgh Life Insurance Company.

CAPITAL $100,000.
☞ OFFICE, No. 75 FOURTH STREET.
OFFICERS

President—James S. Hoon.
Vice President—Samuel M'Clurkan.
Treasurer—Joseph S. Leech
Secretary—C. A Colton.

☞ See advertisement in another part of this paper
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Notice.—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the second Monday of every month at the Florida House, Market st.
oct21 JOHN YOUNG, jr., Secretary.

DUFF'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE, Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ ESTABLISHED IN 1840. Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, with Perpetual Charter of *Faculty*—P DUFF, Principal; Author of the "North American Accountant" and "Western Steamboat Accountant." Professor of Book-Keeping and Commercial Sciences

J D WILLIAMS, Professor of Commercial and Ornamental Penmanship.

N B HATCH, Esq., member of the Pittsburgh Bar, Professor of Mercantile Law.

CHARLES BARTBERGER, Architect of St. Paul's Cathedral; Professor of Architectural, Mechanical and Landscape Drawing.

With several able Assistants in the Book-Keeping Department.

It will be found, on reference to any of our city merchants or bankers, that the Principal of this Institution is the only practical accountant in this city, devoting his whole time, talents, and about 18 years' experience, to keeping books,) to teaching his important science. His Treatise upon Book-Keeping, published by the Harpers of New York, has been examined by the American Institute, and Chamber of Commerce, of that City, as the most complete work upon the science extant

Mr. Williams' specimens of Penmanship having taken the *first premiums* at the last annual fairs, both in Allegheny and Cincinnati, he is now admitted to be the best penman in the west.

Persons desirous of being thoroughly and practically qualified for business, will find no Institution west of the mountains offering so many obvious advantages—business men having no confidence in any instructor of Book Keeping, but those who have themselves kept Books.

Circulars, with terms, mailed to all parts of the country, on application to Mr. Duff, at the College. jan5

☞ Book Keeping, &c.—Book-Keeping, Penmanship, Arithmetic and Mechanical Drafting, taught at O K CHANDLER'S Pittsburgh Commercial Office Persons desiring instruction in any of the above named branches, or any information concerning the arrangements are invited to call at the College and get a Circular. Business hours both day and evening. See advertisement in another column.
College Rooms corner o Market and Third streets.
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Collecting, Bill Posting, &c.

JOHN M'COUBRY,
☞ Attends to Collecting, Bill Posting, Distributing Cards and Circulars for Parties, &c. &c.
☞ Orders left at the Office of the Morning Post, or at Holmes' Periodical Store, Third st., will be promptly attended to. may24:tf

Nelson's Daguerreotypes.

Post Office Buildings, Third Street.

LIKENESSES taken in all weathers, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M., giving an accurate outline and animated likeness, unlike and vastly superior to the "common cheap daguerreotypes" at the following cheap prices:—$1,50, $2,00, $3,00, $5,00 and upward, according to the size and quality of case or frame.
☞ Hours for children, from 11 A M to 2 P. M.
☞ Call Likenesses of sick or diseased persons taken in any part of the city. [nov25:ly

Hodgkinson's "Matchless Blacking."

THIS "Celebrated Matchless Blacking," superior in brilliancy to any ever offered to the public. The proprietors *challenge one trial*, which will *prove the fact*, manufactured by Hodgkinson & Co., Quarry street, North Third, Philadelphia; and sold at
N. WICKERSHAM'S
Wholesale Drug and Seed Warehouse,
No. 164 and 166 Wood st., corner of Sixth,
oct7:3m Pittsburgh.

☞ In calling attention to Dr GUYZOTT'S *Improved Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla*, we feel confident that we are doing a service to all who may be afflicted with *scrofulous* and other disorders originating in hereditary taint, or from impurity of the blood. We have known instances within the sphere of our acquaintance, where the most formidable disorders have been cured by the use of *Guyzott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla alone.*

In one of the advertised medicines that cannot be stigmatized with quackery, for the "*Yellow Dock* is and the "*Sarsaparilla*" are well known to the faculty and the community, (unobjectionable) agents in