Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY

LUCKY HARPER ..... THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING:.....DECEMBER 9.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

JAMES BUCHANAN,

OF PENNSYLVANIA;

Subject to decision of the Democratic General Convention.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,

OF ALABAMA;

Subject to the same decision.

TO THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF PENNSYLVANIA:

A Democratic State Convention will be held at Harrisburg, on Thursday, the 4th day of March, 1852, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the office of Canal Commissioner, to be supported at the ensuing October election.

Also, to elect delegates to represent the State in the next Democratic National Convention, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States, and nominate an Electoral ticket to be supported at the ensuing Presidential election. The respective counties throughout the State will elect the usual number of delegates to said Convention.

WM. DOCK, *Chairman.*

☞ We have received a long communication from one of the most intelligent and influential Democrats in Illinois, in regard to the Presidency, which we shall publish, if possible, to-morrow. It will attract a large share of attention throughout Pennsylvania.

☞ We acknowledge the receipt of an Address delivered before the Literary Societies of Washington College, at the Annual Commencement, Sept. 28, 1851, by Wm. K. McDonald, Esq., of Newark, N. J. We have not found time to perruse it.

☞ A meeting of the Democratic City Committee of Correspondence was held on the 6th inst., when, on motion, it was

Resolved, That the Democrats of the First Ward hold their primary meeting at the Napoleon House, west side of the Diamond.

On motion,

Resolved, That the Democrats of the several Wards be requested to assemble at their usual places of meeting on Saturday the 20th instant, between the hours of 3 and 6½ o'clock, for the purpose of electing five delegates from each Ward, to meet in convention on the following Wednesday to nominate a suitable person for the Mayoralty.

A. McCAMMON, Ch'mn.
D. WEARTZ, Sec'y.

KOSSUTH HAS ARRIVED!

By telegraphic dispatches, published in the "Post" during the last two or three days, our readers have been made aware of the arrival at New York of the distinguished Hungarian—the great European Apostle of Liberty—the man of the Peoples of the world—the welcome guest of twenty-five millions of free souls in the United States,—LOUIS KOSSUTH!

Now that he has arrived,—and as he will remain but a few months among us,—it is proper that our citizens every where should be preparing to pay to him that respect which all feel to be due to him, as the great representative of the Republicanism of Europe. The People of New York, in their corporate capacity, have given him a welcome worthy of the cause and the man; so we believe that the People of Philadelphia and Baltimore have determined to do: and so *should do* the People of Pittsburgh, and of every important city in our Union. Our government, at Washington, should not be behind the People in manifesting that sense of regard which was but feebly shadowed forth in the resolution that authorized the President to send a government ship to bring him and his companions to our shores. The corporate cities of England, and the People of that country, have given every proof that they could have been expected to give—nay, they have gone beyond this,—of their ardent love of Liberty; and shall we be behind England in this work of love? Shall we, who profess to enjoy a higher degree of liberty than any People on earth, falter in the great movement that is to bring liberty and true republican equality to the whole of Europe? Shall our cities fail to join in this great movement? Shall our People fail to come forward and extend a heartfelt welcome to the man of the Peoples of the World? Shall our Government, that has done more to encourage the hopes of the friends of liberty in Europe, by urging the Sultan to liberate KOSSUTH, and sending one of her own ships of war to bring him to our country—shall *this* government now hold back, and virtually say—We have gone far enough;—we have no warrant for passing a resolution of welcome to KOSSUTH;—we must not do this, for fear of offending Russia, or Austria, or Spain, or some or all other semi-barbarian despotisms or monarchies! Perish such a base thought! Perish the craven sycophant whose pusillanimous soul could be influenced by any similar consideration!

We greatly regret to see that some such considerations as these have already operated, to some extent, at the seat of government of our country. We regret to find that some of those who we had believed were actuated in their support of measures purely by the reflection—Is it right to be done? have halted in this movement at a moment most inopportune, as well as for themselves as for the great cause to which they profess to be devoted. Why should Mr. FOOTE, who professes to be thoroughly and radically a Democrat, be influenced in his course by *any* opposition that might be made to a proposition calculated to reflect honor not merely on the political party sustaining it, but upon the whole country; and opposition to which will as inevitably blacken the fame of those who oppose it, as any act which they have committed in the last half century? Why this should be, we cannot comprehend. But let us hope that better considerations than those which prompted Mr. F. to withdraw his resolution, will prompt him to offer, or to sustain, one of a character in no wise dissimilar. Such a resolution is demanded by the feelings of the Democratic masses all over the country; and the man who opposes the expression of their will, or who shall in any manner thwart their desires, in relation to the great cause of Freedom, may at once bid farewell to all hope of political preferment.

In speaking thus we utter the sentiment of almost every man, whether Whig or Democrat. We know that there are individual exceptions: but there have been *such* barriers opposed to every thing good in our world; and we cannot expect to see the day when they will be entirely removed. The Press now, almost without an exception, joins in sustaining the will of the People; and the exceptions only show the infamy of the considerations that prompt to opposition. The New York *Courier and Enquirer*, a Whig press, (like its able coadjutor the London *Times*,) may have had even more than *fifty-two thousand* reasons, furnished by Austria and Russia for seeking to defame a character without a living parallel in the world; and some *might* suppose that reasons of a similar character have operated to induce the recommendation by *that purely patriotic, strictly honest, unquestionably impartial, and perfectly independent sheet*, the Philadelphia *Public Ledger*, to come out and recommend that KOSSUTH shall be FORTHWITH HUSSED *if he shall in any manner allude to any one who is a candidate for the Presidency, or who has been referred to as such, in this country!* Had this come from any paper in the United States that *was ever suspected!* of taking money from any side and all sides of a question; that had ever sustained the most gross and flagrant *impostors* because paid to do so; that was known to receive pay for any kind of advertisement, whether the subject were decent or indecent; in short, had such a recommendation appeared in any paper, the editors of which were not *known* to be perfectly unbiased by any merely *mercenary* motive, and who did not stand before the world as purely *impartial* and perfectly *independent*, regarding always the interests of *the public* before every other consideration" we might not be astonished: or, could any allegation, originating in any one, or all, of these considerations, lie against the conductors of this sage, consistent, and independent *Public Ledger*, then we might indeed suppose it *possible* that Austrian or Russian gold had been freely expended at the office of that paper. But we will let its *patriotic* editors speak for themselves. Here is the paragraph to which we have taken exception; and which we must regard as utterly disgraceful to any man, or any paper, or any city in the United States:—

"Our sole object is a protest against any foreign interference with our local politics. What then shall be done with Mr. Kossuth, in connection with this subject, before he starts among us on his speech-making travels? Everybody will be curious to hear the greatest orator of the age; and every genuine friend of liberty will wish to hear him as much for his holy cause, as for his matchless eloquence. Yet few, we believe, unless foreigners, desirous of American aid against European despotism, or self-seeking politicians, desirous of electing any candidate to the Presidency who would pay them in patronage, would approve his interference with our local affairs, and especially our elections. Under these circumstances, the duty of those who feel authorized to advise him upon his course amongst us, and who will have the opportunity, will be to caution him against making any nominations to the Presidency, or otherwise interfering in American politics. But what if he should neglect the warning, and repeat the *nomination* attributed to him in Europe, or any other? *Then* a hint will be due from the American people. And what hint would the case demand? A long, loud, unanimous hiss of disapprobation, and an immediate departure from the place of meeting, at his very first mention of any candidate for the Presidency, or any allusion to any person as a candidate."

Now the editors of the *Ledger* well know that KOSSUTH has *nominated* no one for the Presidency. They know that he has *recommended* no one for that office. They know that he has made no allusion to MR. WALKER which might not be properly made by any man, *even a Whig*, in this country. All the reference of this kind which he has made, has been in order to show that the views which he had adopted in relation to government, were such as were sustained by one who was so highly distinguished in this land of republican equality, as to have been named in connection with its chief magistracy. This he has done in England, which this *independent*, republican sheet would declare is far below us in point of liberty; and yet this same concern unhesitatingly recommends such fanatics as burnt the Church of St. Augustine,—such as would stop the mouth of every man born in Europe, who comes here to seek a home,—or such others as would forbid any man to speak, unless in accordance with *their* dictation,—to *hiss down Kossuth* if he shall dare, in this boasted land of freedom, to speak what any American is free to say, and what even the poor, degraded slave of Russia might not be condemned for uttering. Infinitely more creditable to the people of this country would it be, that they should put down every dastardly traitorous sheet among us, that, under the name of *independent*, is made the vehicle of disseminating through the country, every species of garbage that its owners are paid for carrying.

Since writing the above, we have seen a report of some remarks of KOSSUTH, in reply to an address of welcome, by RICHARD ADAMS LOCKE, Esq., of New York, in the course of which he thus refers to the pitifully contemptible charge of nominating a President for us. We presume that the *patriotic* editors of the *Ledger* would have ordered him to sit down and shut his mouth, for having dared to allude to the office of President, even in this manner:—

He said that "in speaking of Mr. Walker as a candidate for the Presidency, I but repeated the words I had received on his introduction to me by an official of the United States. I feel rejoiced to say that Mr. Walker has expressed such sentiments, alluding to a pledge on the part of his fellow citizens of material and moral aid to the cause of Hungary, as have been expressed in the address now delivered to me. I have nothing to do with the great question of the election of your President. The matter simply is, that a gentleman in an official capacity, as one of the party of Mr. Walker's countrymen, so introduced him, and in repeating the words, I had not the slightest meaning, except to repeat what I had heard. (Cheers.) I recognize the sovereign right of a nation to dispose of its own concerns."

Speaker of the House.

In connection with this office we see that the name of Col. ALEXANDER M. HILL, of Fayette county, is favorably mentioned. Col. H has had considerable experience as a legislator; and would doubtless make a good presiding officer.

The Presidency.

The Baton Rouge Democratic Advocate is for James Buchanan for President, and Gen. S. W. Downs for Vice President.

The Columbus Southern Standard (State Rights) recommends the nomination of John McPherson Berrien for President, and Jefferson Davis for Vice President.

The Carroll County (Md.) Democrat has raised the name of Stephen A. Douglass, as a candidate for the Presidency.

☞ During the week ending on the 22d ultimo, the Post Master General established a Post Office in Erie county, which bears the name of Sterretania, and at which A. J. Sterrett has been appointed Post Master; also one in Venango county, called Plum, at which N. Morse has been appointed Post Master. Beaver Valley Post Office in Columbia county, has been discontinued.

☞ The Seneca County (Ohio) Advertiser, of the 21st ultimo, relates a very melancholy case of suicide by hanging,—that of Mrs. Youngs, of that county, who had been married to her husband, Mr. Lemuel Youngs, only five weeks. She is said to have been a lady of many personal attractions; and was living in the midst of unalloyed happiness, surrounded with every comfort, both herself and her husband being in affluent circumstances. No clue can be obtained as to the cause of the act. She leaves three children, the eldest about fourteen, with her bereaved husband.

HORRIBLE DEED OF A NURSE.—The Lancaster (Pa.) Whig states that an infant child of Mr. W. H. Miller, recently died in that place, in consequence of having been forced to swallow pins and needles by its nurse, a girl of fourteen years of age. The girl confessed the horrible crime, and stated her object to have been to render the child fretful, so that she would be relieved from the care of it.

☞ The editor of the Mountain Sentinel is mistaken when he says that our correspondent "Wild Flower," is a "young gentleman." We can assure friend RHEY that our correspondent is a lady, whose talents and accomplishments are appreciated by a wide circle of admiring friends in this city.

☞ The citizens of Steubenville have had a meeting, and appointed delegates to the Wheeling Railroad Convention to be held in that city on Thursday. It is thought that Bridgeport, Martinsburg, Warrenton, Wellsburgh and Wellsville, will also be represented.

☞ The general Election throughout the State of Virginia for Governor, Lieut. Governor, Attorney General, members of the Senate and House of Delegates, took place yesterday, Monday, Dec. 8th.

OUR BOOK TABLE.

INDICATIONS OF THE CREATOR, or the Natural Evidences of Final Cause. By George Taylor. New York: Charles Scribner.

Here is a book that will recommend itself to every person who takes a pleasure in studying the works of the Creator. The contents of the volume are as follows: Nebular Hypothesis, Astronomy, Geology, Comparative Physiology, Physical Geography. The object of the writer is to trace the progress of the discoveries in the different sciences, and to ascertain, if possible, to what extent they go in proving the existence and ever-active presence and goodness of a Great Intelligent First Cause. The book is written in a pleasing style. For sale by A. H. English & Co., Wood street.

THE EPOCH OF THE CREATION. The Scripture Doctrine contrasted with the Geological Theory. By Eleazar Lord. New York: Charles Scribner.

This book probably furnishes the best argument that has been presented in favor of the Scripture doctrine in regard to the age and structure of the earth. To those who take an interest in this discussion, we recommend a perusal of the work of Dr. Lord. It can be had at the store of A. H. English & Co., Wood street.

INCIDENTS in the Life of a Pastor. By William Wisener, D. D. New York: Charles Scribner.

The title of this book will make known its character. The author is a clergyman of Ithica, N. Y., and he says the incidents are all facts and not fiction. It is a beautiful volume, and is for sale at the book store of A. H. English & Co.

A GRANDMOTHER'S RECOLLECTIONS, by Ella Rodman; THE STRAWBERRY GIRL, or how to rise in the World, by Uncle Frank; THE BOY'S AND GIRL'S COUNTRY BOOK, by Uncle Frank.

All these are pretty little volumes, suitable for Christmas and New Year's presents for boys and girls. They are from the press of Charles Scribner, and are beautifully illustrated. Our friends A. H. English & Co., on Wood street, have them for sale.

A CATECHISM OF FAMILIAR THINGS; their history, and the events which lead to their discovery; with a short explanation of some of the principal Natural Phenomena. For the use of schools and families. By Elizabeth Willement. Philadelphia: Lindsay & Blakiston.

This little book contains an immense amount of useful information, on various subjects, in the form of questions and answers. To the young, especially, the work will prove particularly interesting, as it presents every subject in a familiar manner, so as to be easily understood The book may be had at the store of R. C. Stockton, corner Market and Third streets.

Cleveland and Wheeling R. R.

The Engineers of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad have run a line from a point on this road near its southern terminus, to Wheeling Va. The distance is less than forty miles with almost no curves and level.

The road ought to be made. By it, we will be connected with the Baltimore and Ohio R. R., and the important trade of that region of Wheeling, nearly all of which would find its way to the lakes. By looking on the map we find that the line from Cleveland to Wheeling via the C. P. road is almost direct.

We hope our Wheeling friends will press this matter.—*Cleveland True, Democrat.*

☞ The above taken in connection with the movement recently made at Wheeling, for a Railroad Convention at Steubenville, is worthy of the attention of the citizens of Pittsburgh. We think it is about time that a movement was commenced with the view of constructing the Connellsville Railroad, so as to connect Pittsburgh directly with Baltimore. The charter of that company, we believe, is still alive, and some of our most enterprising and public spirited citizens have identified themselves with it. We allude of course to Gen. Larimer and Dr. Gazzam. These gentleman should at once make a bold movement in regard to this matter, and they may succeed in preventing the trade of the great Lakes from going towards Wheeling. If our Cleveland cotemporary will again take a glance at the map, he will discover that Pittsburgh is in a direct line from his city to Cumberland and Baltimore. The Connellsville route must be at least fifty miles nearer to Baltimore for our Cleveland friends than by Wheeling and Parkersburgh. The Steubenville Railroad Convention movement was started by the folks down at Wheeling, who are apprehensive that the grass will soon be seen growing in their streets!

DIRECTORS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—The County Commissioners, on Saturday last, appointed the Hon. WILLIAM WILKINS and Gen. WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr., Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad on behalf of Allegheny county. Mr. Wilkins was re-appointed, and Mr. Robinson takes the place of John H. Shoenberger, Esq., who was not re-appointed.

P. S. We have received a communication from one of our most prominent citizens who complains bitterly of the action of the Commissioners in regard to this matter, which we shall hold over until we can have an interview with the writer.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH FESTIVAL.—We have been requested to state that a Fair and Supper, for the benefit of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, is to take place at Lafayette Hall, on the evenings of the 22d and 23d instant. The site chosen for the building is in the Sixth Ward, at the corner of Wiley and Townsend streets,—a part of the City where it is thought that the services of this branch of the Church are much needed; and the call is therefore confidently made upon all who feel interested, to come forward and sustain so praiseworthy an undertaking. The Ladies of the Society have already made up a number of useful and beautiful articles for the occasion; and will use every exertion to make the Festival pleasant and agreeable. Tickets may be had at the Book Store of John H. Mellor. White's celebrated Brass Band is expected to be present during the Festival.

☞ Aims and Obstacles, is the title of a new novel by G. P. R. James, Esq. This work is possessed of an unusual interest, and will, no doubt, meet with a very large sale. It can be had at Holmes' Literary Depot, Third street, opposite the post office.

Also, The Imperial Guard of Napoleon, from Marengo to Waterloo; by J. T. Headley.

The Ladies National Magazine for January.

Our readers will bear in mind, that the Depot of the Central Railroad will be located in the neighborhood of the House and Lot, to be sold by McKenna, on the premises, Seventh Street, this afternoon, at 2 o'clock. This will make the property very valuable.

Mr. Morning Post:—Brackenridge and Craig having closed their controversy, you say the question is, where ought they to go to now?

Why, I should say, to *Temperanceville*, of course, as *whiskey* was the origin of the whole dispute. STILLWORM.

☞ There is no longer the slightest doubt that the democratic party in its national convention must unite upon the faithful maintenance of, and acquiescence in, the adjustment measures. Such has long been the manifest and irresistible democracy tendency at the north; and the same tendency is now equally apparent, all through the southern States, among those democrats who have lately acted with the "Southern Rights" organization. Every where these men are now taking the ground that the anti-compromise issue has been repudiated by the southern people, and that that measure is now to be acquiesced in as a final adjustment. We cannot call to mind a single democratic journal which now maintains that the democratic party can unite upon any other position on its subject in its national convention.—*Oswego Observer.*

☞ Henry D. O'Reilly, Esq., is entertaining the citizens of Wheeling with his "Irish Evenings."

From the N. Y. York Evening Pos of the 5th inst.

MIDNIGHT RECEPTION OF KOSSUTH.

It was about one o'clock at night when the Humboldt reached the Quarantine station. As soon as her arrival was announced, the forts and various batteries fired a salute of thirty-one guns—one gun for each of the states of the Union. Their echoes awakened the island, and brought thousands of people to the shore. As the night though cold, was clear and beautiful, the scene became an animated and impressive one. The noble steamer was stopped in the stream, when Dr. Doane, Col. Berzenczy, and several of the Hungarians went off in the boarding boat, and asked for Kossuth. He was already on deck, and when the Hungarians and he met, their salutations were of the most joyful and enthusiastic kind. Count Pulsky was also warmly greeted, and others of the suite of the Governor.

After these demonstrations of friendship had passed, Dr. Doane advanced to the chief, and addressed him as follows:

"Noble Magyar! Illustrious Kossuth! We greet you from the New World. Welcome to the land of free speech and action. Welcome to the American republic, which demonstrates successfully to the world man's capacity for self-government. Thrice welcome to our infant country, the hope and trust of the friends of liberty in every nation and clime. You come not to us a stranger. No! from the pines of Maine to the sugar canes of Texas, from the coal fields of Pennsylvania to the golden regions of California, in all that country washed on one side by the stormy Atlantic, or the other by the calm Pacific, the name of Kossuth will unlock every heart, and go where you will, every door will be opened and our twenty-five millions of people will as if animated by one spirit, give you a generous, heartfelt and cordial and enthusiastic welcome.

"Governor, in your late struggle for liberty of your native country, and for your brother Hungarians, the American people took a deep and solemn interest. Although the broad ocean rolled between your land and mine, and your battle-grounds were far off still your successes were greeted with the most enthusiastic joy. Receiving as we do daily those exiled for opinion's sake, whose greatest crime consisted in thinking that every man had his rights, and for daring to maintain them, you will be especially welcome who have dazzled the world by your deeds in defence of human liberty and oppressed humanity. Though your country was far from mine, and a stormy ocean rolled between us, still every movement was watched with the greatest interest, and your successes were greeted with the most enthusiastic joy, and were borne upon our telegraphic wires with the swiftness of lightning, and excited high hopes of freedom throughout America. And when they found you were unsuccessful, we did not forget you, but animated with the spirit of the gallant Huger, who liberated Lafayette from the Castle of Olmutz, but looked with longing eyes to Kutaiah, and set on foot many a scheme to set you free. Thank God that you are free, and that you are now arrived in a free republic, and in earnest we again welcome you, and we trust that your coming here, and your efforts in behalf of liberty will not only be useful to America, but that your words will echo throughout Europe, till you see Hungary free, and elevated among the nations of the earth, and placed in a position of independence."

He then handed a letter to the great Magyar, of which the following is a copy:

"CITY HALL, Nov. 24, 1851.

DEAR SIR: In order that our citizens may have notice to assemble and welcome you to our city and country as they desire, we would very respectfully request you to remain at the Quarantine, and remain a few hours with Dr. Doane, who will with great cheerfulness, tender to you the hospitality of his house, and where we are assured every attention will be paid to your comfort during the time it may be necessary for you to continue his guest.

"We are with great respect,

"A. C. KINGSLAND, Mayor.

"GEO. F. FRANKLIN, Alderman.

"To GOVERNOR KOSSUTH, of Hungary."

Kossuth was evidently much impressed by the sincerity and earnestness of Dr. Doane's address and replied with much feeling:

"Thanks for your generous sentiments, expressed in such generous words! They are but the counterpart of the welcome I have met with in a great nation of the old world. But do not speak of your own nation as an infant country. She is a giant, and in less than seventy years has grown to a stature which the older nations have not reached in a thousand. The genius of your Fulton has blotted out the distance across the Atlantic, and may the generous confidence of the young giant know no distance with the paternal hand for old Europe. (Kossuth here shook the Doctor warmly by the hand.) May your kind anticipations of me be not disappointed. I am a plain man. I have nothing in me but an honest fidelity to those principles which have made you great, and my most ardent wish is that my own country may be as great as yours at least as free and happy, which it will be in the establishment of the same great principles. The sounds I now hear seem to me the trumpet of resurrection for down-trodden humanity throughout the world."

This last allusion was to the cannon and shouts on shore, at the close Kossuth turned with great grace to the reporters and said, that he had suffered all the voyage from sea-sickness, and that his head was still dizzy. In a little while the whole party disembarked, Madame Kossuth apparently so ill that she had to be carried down the gangway. As they approached the shore the cheering was tremendous, and when they had landed, Major Hagadorn's command, who were awaiting the hero, escorted him to the house of Dr. Doane A salute of guns from the steamship closed the ceremonies for the night.

During the voyage Kossuth and his family suffered considerably, and were not therefore able to mingle much with the passengers. There was an entertainment on board, on Wednesday last, at which the Magyar was present, but he made no address in reply to the complimentary toast to himself, and soon after retired.

KOSSUTH IN STATEN ISLAND.

About ten o'clock this morning, Alderman Miller, one of the members of the Committee appointed by the Common Council on the reception of Kossuth, and some of the Hungarians, at present staying in the Living House, met at the City Hall, whence they proceeded to the Staten Island Ferry station, where they took passage for the Island. A large number of Hungarians and others had previously assembled in the boat, which was crowded to its utmost capacity, by persons going to the Island to get a glimpse of the great Hungarian leader. Among those, we noticed General Paez, and a number of other distinguished exiles.

The boat, instead of going direct to the island, stopped at Governor's Island to receive Colonel Gardiner, the commanding officer on board. Here the company were also joined by Alderman Franklin, another of the committee. After a delay of half an hour, the boat proceeded direct to its destination. A band also joined the company from Governor's Island, before the boat left this station.

When the boat touched the wharf, the Hungarians accompanied by Aldermen Miller and Franklin, Col. Gardiner, and several officers from Governor's Island, proceeded to the house of Dr. Doane, a short distance from the landing, where the committee were introduced to Kossuth, with whom they had a private interview in relation to His reception in this city.

At the conclusion of the interview between the Committee and Kossuth, he was introduced to Col. Gardiner, who addressed him as follows:

GENERAL KOSSUTH—It is my great privilege, as a military officer of the nation, in command of the fortifications of this harbor, to greet you on your advent to our republican shores, with the first congratulations of its government for your safe passage over the ocean, with your beloved family and associates, and to repeat here, on the threshold of our country, the assurance of cordial welcome, which, tendered in advance by its legislature, awaits you in the midst of its citizens—and will be first proffered in the chief city of this widely extended and glorious Union.

By the General-in-Chief of the Army of the United States, the renowned Winfield Scott, I am directed thus to wait on, and apprise you, that the salute which will be fired from the principal fortress of this harbor, is designed in your honor, and as an expression from the Army of the United States of that respect and regard which will meet you in many forms during your sojourn among us, from a people with whom you will delight to communicate, because distinguished for general intelligence in the mass, and capable of appreciating every true expression of political wisdom. Allow me, General, to tender my own personal regards for your unique, and admiration for your world-wide fame.

Kossuth briefly returned his thanks in reply to the address of Colonel Gardiner, for the honor which had been conferred on him by the illustrious General Scott, who, he said, was already well known to him by his famous military deeds.

When he appeared on the piazza, he was greeted with tremendous cheering, which was again and again repeated. As soon as the enthusiasm of the crowd had subsided, Kossuth, placing his hat upon his head, which was before uncovered, while acknowledging the gratulations of the people, addressed them briefly as follows:

I would like to take care of your health, and I am sure you will allow me to take care of mine, as I want it for future use in the service of my country. Excuse me that I cannot here speak as I would desire, for my health will not permit it.

I am the worst sailor in the world, and I have been so long at sea that I am overcome by fatigue. I cannot enough express my thanks to the people for the warm and noble welcome which they have given me.

It is the principle of freedom which I represent, and not myself that you thus honor. I hope your sympathies will be extended in favor of my country, and that you will in the future give it your generous aid.

Among the many to whom Kossuth was introduced was George Copway, the Indian Chief, who addressed him in the following words:

GOVERNOR KOSSUTH:—I am glad to see you. I am like yourself, one of the unfortunates. My home is in the west. I am one of the representatives of this great country, the people who lived here before the Anglo Saxons came. I am to be the first to say to you, "welcome" to our country.

The Indian lived in this country and enjoyed liberty, from them the word has become the motto of all nations, and now it has gone to all nations and into every country in the old world.

I am glad to see you—God bless you.

[From the German of Korner.]

Song.

Through gloom and night the hand of love
Can lead to realms of life and rest;
Love can loose and love can bind,
Love will seek and love will find
Its way to every human breast.

Hate and fury strive in vain
To crush or chill his magic power;
At his touch the wintry plain,
Lone and dreary, blooms again,
Radiant as a summer bower.

Ever beautiful and bright,
Still on earth he deigns to roam;
But in yonder realms of light,
Where happy spirits wing their flight,
Is his birthplace and his home!

MARRIED:

On the 4th instant, by the Rev Longdon, Mr. GEO. ALLEN to Miss MARY JANE FREEMEN, of Mifflin township.

On the 6th instant, by Rev. A. M. Bryan, Miss HENRIETTA, (daughter of the late Johnston Marsh, to Mr. JOHN M. KING—all of this city.

Winter Arrangements.
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

GREAT SPEED—ONLY 28 MILES STAGING—On and after Thursday next, 11th of December, the Express Mail Train will leave the Depot on Liberty st., above the Canal Bridge, every morning, at 5½ o'clock.—Passengers will go by the Cars twelve miles to Turtle Creek, where they will find the best of coaches in readiness to convey them twenty-eight miles, over a first-rate turnpike road, to Beatty's station, and there take the splendid new cars of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company direct to Philadelphia and Baltimore. Through in twenty four hours.

Fare to Philadelphia, $11,00; to Baltimore.

Passengers will procure their Tickets at the Office, in the Monongahela House. Baggage checked through

J. MESKIMEN,
Ticket Agent P. R. R. C.

dec9

YOUR OWN INTEREST INVOLVED!—Do you want good warm UNDERSHIRTS? Go to WM. DALY & Co's. Do you care for economy in Under-Clothing? Remember the Stocking Manufactory on Fifth street. W. D. & Co. are manufacturing and importing hence. Those who buy from them save two or three profits.

N. B.—Wholesale Importing Warehouse, 88 Cedar st., New York. [dec9

PAGODA TEA STORE—Just received—
10 bbls Lovering's Crushed Sugar;
10 do Powered do;
4 cases Double Refined Loaf Sugar;
dec9 HAWORTH & CAIRNS.

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny:

The petition of B. Carpenter, of Versailles township, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth,—That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the township aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner as in duty bound, will pray.

BENJAMIN CARPENTER.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the township aforesaid, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

Jacob Keesner Robert C. Ludwick, George M Michael, Joseph Ludwick, John Ludwick, Jonathan Miller, Jacob Patterson, John Miller, Charles Miller, Samuel O Michel, James Carroll, Ephraim Shaw. [dec9:2

TO LET—TWO LARGE ROOMS, with bath room and large fire proof safe attached, in the brick building, No. 149 on Fourth street. Enquire of

W. W. DALLAS,
Office of Associated Firemen's Insurance Company, Nos. 121 and 125 Water street. [dec9

TO LET—AN OFFICE TO LET—over Philo Hall, next door to Nelson's Daguerreotype Rooms.

ALSO—A small Dwelling House on Pennsylvania Avenue, near Oakland. Possession given immediately.

E. D. GAZZAM,
dec9 Liberty st., near Thd.

60 DOZ PINK LININGS received and for sale by
dec9 R. BARD & CO.

10 DOZ Lace Leather, extra quality, received and for sale by [dec9] R. BARD & CO.

CORN—150 bus. prime Yellow Corn, just received and for sale by SHERRIFF & BINNING.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—50 sacks pure, Quarry street, received and for sale by SHERRIFF & BINNING.

VINEGAR—50 bbls pure Cider Vinegar, just received and for sale by SHERRIFF & BINNING.

FLOUR—100 bbls superfine, just received and for sale by [dec9] SHERRIFF & BINNING.

NO. MOLASSES—35 bbls. prime new crop just received and for sale by SMITH & SINCLAIR.

FLOUR—175 bbls. superfine in store and for sale by
dec9 STUART & SILL.

TOBACCO—50 boxes assorted for sale.
dec9 STUART & SILL.

TEA—50 half chests Young Hyson;
20 do Gunpowder;
30 do Black; For sale by
dec9 STUART & SILL.

GLASS—200 bxs. 8x10; 20 do 10x12; 30 do 10x14; in store and for sale by
dec9 STUART & SILL.

VINEGAR—30 bbls. warranted pure Cider, for sale by [dec9] STUART & SILL.

BROOMS—180 doz. in store and for sale by
dec9 STUART & SILL.

POWDERED SUGAR—10 bbls. ground for sale by
dec9 STUART & SILL.

CLOVERSEED—150 bus. to arrive.
dec9 STUART & SILL.

CHEESE—75 boxes prime, for sale by
dec9 STUART & SILL.

LAWRENCEVILLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A valuable unimproved property of 494 feet front on Penn street, Lawrenceville, by 110 deep on Bank street, to a 15 feet alley; is fenced in and has some Fruit trees; is agreeably situated about 100 feet from Butler street, and presents a desirable location for a residence. It can be had at a bargain, as the owner is going West

S. CUTHBERT, General Agent,
dec9 No. 50 Smithfield street.

State Mutual Fire Insurance Company
BRANCH OFFICE, 54 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH,
Pittsburgh, May 14, 1851.

THE best evidence of the success of the Directors in endeavoring to make the "STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY" meet the wants of the community, is the unparalleled amount of business which has been done—having issued 7,900 Policies during the past year, thereby adding over $130,000 to the funds of the company. Nearly all the property insured is of the safest kind, in small risks, and a large proportion insured for only one year

Whole No Policies issued	7,900
do do expired, terminated & canceled	92
do do in force	7,808
Amount of Property insured	$7,886,419
do Canceled, terminated and expired	201,728
do do in force	$7,684,691
do Premium Notes	79,676,87
do Canceled, terminated, exp'd.	677,10
do in force	$79,037,77
do Cash Premiums received	$51,557,14
do do canceled	241,24
	$51,315,90
Whole amount of losses and expenses paid	23,411,45
Balance in favor of the Co., in cash,	$27,824,45

To city or country merchants, and owners of dwellings, and isolated or country property, it is believed this company affords advantages in point of cheapness, safety and security, inferior to no Insurance Company in this country.

Conducted on the equitable and greatly improved system of Contribution, of Risks, excluding all special hazards, insuring only a limited amount in any one locality, thus precluding the frequency and occurrence of large fires, and also, on both the Stock and Mutual plan, it not only possesses the cheapness and accommodation of both methods, but entitles the insured to a participation in the profits.

It is under the control of the following Directors:—J. P. Rutherford, A. J. Gillett, John B. Packer, Samuel T. Jones, Alonzo A. Carrier, Philo C. Sedgwick, Robert Klotz, Samuel Jones, John P. Rutherford.

J. P. RUTHERFORD, Pres't.
A. J. GILLETT, Sec'y.

A. A. CARRIER, Actuary.

N. B.—A Scrip Dividend of fifteen per cent. on expiring policies has been declared by the Directors, and is now receivable at this Office for renewals, or redeemable in cash at the end of ninety days.

A. A. CARRIER, Agent.
my17:ndkw

A Piano for $125.
A MAHOGANY SIX OCTAVE modern made PIANO, having been used about three years, for sale for $125
ALSO—An elegant Rosewood six octave PIANO for hire by the month or year.
A large stock of NEW PIANOS on hand and for sale at from $200 to $800 each. JOHN H. MELLOR,
nov20 No. 91 Wood street.

Fancy Goods.
PORTABLE WRITING DESKS, Silvered Bocquets, Backgammon Boards, Chess Men, Card Cases, superior Visiting Cards, Gold Pens, Silvered Bell and Whistle, Table Mats, Cigar Holders, China Fruit Dishes, Match Stands, Ornaments, &c. Also, a good stock of Cornelian Rings, just opened.
nov24 HENRY RICHARDSON.

Wanted,
A GOOD BLACKSMITH—one that understands his business and is used to working cast steel. None but the best workmen need apply. Wages paid every Saturday. Enquire at
BOWN & TETLEY'S
dec9 Enterprise Works, 135 Wood st.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ EDITORS OF THE POST:—Please announce the name of JAMES MATTHEWS, of the Fourth Ward, as a candidate for the office of Mayor, subject to the decision of the Whig and Antimasonic Convention.
nov10ne MANY CITIZENS.

☞ A Card—Life Insurance.
MR. C. A. COUTON, Sec'y.—*Dear Sir*—As a matter of common justice, I deem it my duty to acknowledge the very prompt and obliging manner in which the claim of a Policy recently effected by me amounting to ($3,000), five thousand dollars has been paid.
The liberal principles upon which the affairs of the "Pittsburgh Life Insurance Company" are conducted, entitles it to the consideration and patronage of the public.
The principle of prudential benevolence in the mutual arrangement of your organization, is the true socialist fraternal benificence, which humanity and Christianity both must approve. Respectfully yours, &c.
SAMUEL WILLIAMS, Pastor
nov25:6w of First Baptist Church, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STATE MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
☞ Whole amount of Property at risk up to October 31st $13,676,691 00
Premium Notes in force 124,066 27
Losses incurred and paid since last report, (May 14th) 20,570 74
Cash surplus on hand 22,608 98
Designed only for the safer classes of property, has an ample capital, and affords superior advantages in point of cheapness, safety and accommodation, to City and Country Merchants and owners of Dwellings and isolated or Country Property.
A. A. CARRIER, Actuary,
nov12 Branch Office, 54 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF Hartford, Conn.
Capital Stock, $300,000 00
Assets, 442,156 34
$742,226 34
☞ Office of the Pittsburgh Agency in the Store Room of McCurdy & Loomis, No. 29 Wood street.
nov4:tf R. H. BEESON, Agent.

Orleans Insurance Company.
ALBION, N. Y.
CAPITAL $150,000;
Secured in accordance with the General Insurance Law of the State.
THE above prosperous and responsible Company, having complied with the requisitions of the law of this State, is now issuing policies by their Agent on the most favorable terms, consistent with prudence and safety.
H. S. MCCOLLOM, Secretary.
Office, No. 54 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh,
A. A. CARRIER, Agent.
oct27tf

Pittsburgh Life Insurance Company.
CAPITAL $100,000.
☞ OFFICE, NO. 72 FOURTH STREET. ☜
OFFICERS:
President—James S. Hoon.
Vice President—Samuel M'Clurkan.
Treasurer—Joseph S. Leech.
Secretary—C. A. Colton.
☞ See advertisement in another part of this paper
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Associated