Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

LECKY HARPER ..... THOMAS PHILLIPS
Harper & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING.....NOVEMBER 15.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

JAMES BUCHANAN,

OF PENNSYLVANIA:

Subject to decision of the Democratic General Convention.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,

OF ALABAMA;

Subject to the same decision.

☞ "Sketches of the Overland Route to California, by WILLIAM W. MILLER—arranged by MARGARET K. CUTHBERT."—We have received some very interesting manuscripts entitled as above, which we shall present to the readers of the Post in a day or two.

KOSSUTH.

The Washington *Union* of Wednesday last, contains an account of the sayings and doings of Kossuth, which occupies six close columns of that paper. Among other items it mentions that he was well received by the Governor of Gibraltar, and, during his stay of nine days at that place, saw all that was worth seeing on the rock. "At Cadiz he landed, along with his Secretary, but was not noticed, except by the British and American Consuls. At Lisbon the police hesitated about his landing until they got authority from headquarters. Permission was immediately granted, and he took up his abode at the Braganza, where he received a kind invitation from Saldanha, and was waited upon by Das Antas and hundreds of the liberal party. Just before sailing, a deputation came on board, and presented him with a complimentary address; and one of the iron steamers, dressed in colors and crowded with radicals, followed the vessel down the Tagus, cheering till their throats were hoarse. At Vigo, Kossuth, lady, and children landed for an hour, unnoticed, except by the British Consul."

We extract from the same account another pleasing incident:

As Kossuth was entering Winchester, accompanied by a multitude of excited people, "in the main street a man—a *working man*—stepped forth from the crowd and tendered Kossuth a glass of ale, which the latter gracefully accepted, and drank to the prosperity of the city of Winchester."

Thus we see that the mere appearance of the hero, a word or two dropped from his lips, and one of those graceful acts of courtesy which are so natural to him, are sufficient to dispel the murky cloud of distrust and suspicion which the friends of tyranny would have gathered around him. America will not be less generous than England.

A Battle at Matamoras.

The Texas *Rio Bravo*, of the 22d October contains an account of a bloody conflict at Matamoras on the previous day. Gen. Caravajal, at the head of the Liberators, (who numbered about 1000 men to whose ranks daily accessions were being made,) had appeared before the town on the day before the battle, and took possession of Fort Parades, near the city, where he established his head quarters. On the morning of the battle he divided his troops, and one column took possession of the Garita, or guard-house, and the ferry opposite Brownsville—the other advanced to the rear of the town. A heavy fire of cannon was opened on both lines from the batteries of Gen. Avalos, whose command at Matamoras consisted of 500 men; which was briskly replied to by Caravajal's single brass cannon, under command of Capt. Wheate. The liberators boldly advanced into the town and were soon engaged, almost hand to hand, with the enemy. A fierce and determined struggle ensued, which lasted till night separated the combatants. A short time before sun-down, several companies of Caravajal's sharp shooters, had forced their way through walls and other impediments, up to the main Plaza of the city, where they picked off Avalos' gunners and riflemen and silenced most of his guns. Night coming on, Caravajal withdrew his troops till the next morning, at which time the combat was to have been renewed. This was a sharp and spirited battle and resulted in a considerable closs of life. On the side of the Liberators, two were killed, and about a dozen were wounded, some of them severely. On the side of Avalos, about fifty were killed, and about the same number wounded. Among the wounded are Avalos himself, shot through both legs; and several of his officers were also wounded.

BRITISH EMISSARIES.

From the *Connecticut Courant*, we learn that the British Anti-Slavery Society have sent over to this country one of their paid emissaries, to lecture the people of the New England States on the subject of slavery. The *Courant* very properly remarks, that "Mr. S. had better attend, in the first place, to the condition of the oppressed in his own country, who are infinitely worse off than the slaves here; and then to the fact that, if he wishes to put down slavery, it is rather his duty to go *where there are slaves*. South Carolina or Mississippi would be a much better theatre for his philanthropic exertions than New England or New York. He would be then in the line of his duty."

There is another matter that is naturally presented for reflection by this announcement:—it is the *brave?* doctrine of non-intervention, that has lately been so warmly eulogised by the *conservative* leaders of this country. What shall be said of the lickspittles calling themselves citizens of the United States, who shall justify British interference in our institutions, while they deny to a freeman of this country the right to buy with his own money, here, what he pleases, and either *take* his property, so purchased, or *send* it, to whom he pleases?

"Ryan is Himself Again."

Our neighbor Ryan, who was burnt out a few months since, has rebuilt the "burnt district," and is again at work. He is one of the most energetic and public-spirited men living, and allows no calamity, however disastrous it may be, to dampen his spirits or suspend his operations. His new building has been erected in the most substantial manner, and he says it is certainly made fire-proof this time. The partition walls are all 13 inches thick, and the building throughout is to be heated by means of iron pipes. In the centre of the building is a large fire plug, to which a hose can be attached in a moment, capable of throwing a heavy stream of water. We are happy to learn that orders are flowing in upon Messrs. Ryan & McKee from all parts of the country. They are very worthy men, and deserve to be liberally patronized. Their stock of furniture is at present very large.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—A barn owned by Andrew Bratton, in Bratton township, Mifflin county, Pa., was burned to the ground on Sabbath morning last. It was in the occupancy of David Ross, who had most of his grain stored, all of which was destroyed. His loss is estimated at $1200, and Mr. Bratton's about $1800. Neither of them had effected an insurance.

THE NEW PORTAGE ROAD.—The last Hollidaysburgh Standard states that this important work is progressing rapidly. Plane No. 2 will be

A Rich and Beautiful Medal.

We yesterday received a visit from George W. Smith Esq., of Georgetown Ky., an intimate friend of Father Mathew and a devoted champion of the cause of Temperance. He was returning home from New York, whither he had accompanied the great Apostle of Temperance on his way home to his native land. Before parting with Father Mathew, Mr. Smith received from the hands of that pious and excellent man a large and very beautiful Gold Medal, as a token of confidence and esteem. The medal is considerably larger than a 20 dollar gold piece, and the workmanship is exceedingly rich. On one side is a male and female figure with banners in their hands—on that held by the former is inscribed the word "Sobriety," and on that held by the latter the words "Domestic Comfort." In the centre is a cross and a sleeping lamb. At the foot are seated two happy children, and at the top are angels hovering over head, ready to crown the principal figures. In the circle around are the words, "In hoc Signo Vinces"—"American Temperance Mission, commenced July 4th, 1849." On the reverse of the medal is engraved these words: "Presented by the Very Reverend Theobald Mathew to George W. Smith Esq., as a trifling mark of high personal esteem and as a grateful recognition of his zeal and energy in the promotion of temperance—New York, October, 1851."

New and Dangerous Counterfeits.

The N. Y. Journal of Commerce says a counterfeit $5 note on the Claremont Bank was shown to them which for perfection of execution and imitation of the genuine, exceeds any counterfeit which ever before fell under their observation. So nearly are these notes executed, that within a few days past, about 500 of them were received at the Suffolk Bank, and about $1,500 of the same kind have been passed among the brokers of Wall street.

New Counterfeit $5 notes on the Philadelphia Bank have made their appearance. They are letter "A," variously filled up. The general appearance of the note is good. The medalions and the faces of the females in the vignette are imperfect. Two commas between the names of Underwood and Bald and Draper & Underwood," are omitted. The dots between the words "Five-Five," on the upper and lower margins are oblong in the good notes, and square in the counterfeit.

We are indebted to the editors of Bicknell's Reporter, for the following description of a new counterfeit.

Lancaster Bank, Lancaster, Pa., 1's Re-issue relief. The generally appearance of these notes is capitally calculated to deceive the unwary, though the paper is somewhat different from that on which the genuine are printed—the lay ter being white tinged with pink. The engraving, as a whole, is quite defective. The figure in the Vignette has but three fingers on the left hand. So also the female on the left part of the note, who has an arm round an anchor—her right hand is minus a finger. Above this figure is a female whose right arm rests upon the top of the anchor; the genuine her neck is bare whilst in the bad note there seems to be two or three strings of beads around it: her right arm is very badly engraved and is indistinct; in the genuine it is perfectly formed and quite as distinct as any other part of the engraving. The names of the Engravers, Tappen, Carpenter, Casilaea & Co., poorly done.

ALL HONEST MEN!

At the late election in this State there were many curious results, that are coming to our knowledge from time to time; such, for instance, as were witnessed in Elk county where one township gave an undivided vote for the entire Democratic ticket. All honor to

BENNINGTON TOWNSHIP.

Bigler	164	Johnston,	NONE.
Clover	163	Strohm,	do
Black	163	Coulter,	do
Campbell	163	Comly,	do
Lewis	163	Chambers,	do
Gibson	163	Meredith,	do
Irvin	163	Jessup,	do

The Speakership.

The Armstrong *Democrat* says: "In examining the list of members elect of the next House of Representatives, we discover no person so well qualified in every respect to perform the well qualified in every respect to perform the arduous and responsible duties of Speaker of that body, as JOHN S. RHET, Esq. He has in an eminent degree all the qualifications of a good speaker, firmness, determination, self possession, with great intellectual acuteness, and thoroughly versed in all the rules of order. We sincerely hope he may be selected to fill the Speaker's chair. Such a choice would be received with satisfaction by the Democracy of Pennsylvania."

☞ The Bloomington (Ia) *Reporter* says that a young, amiable and artless lady of that place was recently seduced by a young man, named Wm. Z. Adelott, living near new Albany, who had won her affections, and promised to marry her. Adelott took her to Evansville, where after staying at a hotel in that city, as man and wife, he abondoned her among strangers, leaving her $30 and a letter, in which he avowed his intention never to marry her.

THE BLACK SWAN.—The Richmond *Enquirer* learns from a barber on Governor street, that the "Black Swan" (Eliza Cook) who is now giving Concerts in the cities, is a native of Richmond and daughter of Hope Butler, a quandram famous "trainer" of horses, on the Henrico and Chesterfield course, now residing in Buffalo. While there, she was a skilful *prima donna* of the "African Church" choir, and changed her name by marrying a colored gentleman at the North ycleept Green.

SILVER IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY.—A mineral which is found to contain a mixture of silver and copper, has been found in a vein of beautiful quartz rock in the lime quarries of Mr. Wm. A. Crawford, Plymouth township, Montgomery Co. It is not yet found in large quantities, but the indications are that the deposit is large. The formation, according to the Montgomery Herald, is similar to that of gold bearing districts, and that paper would not be surprised if gold as well as silver would be found in the same vicinity.

Pennsylvania and the Presidency.

A political Club has been organized in the county of Philadelphia, called the "Buchanan Club, No. 1," the object of which is to forward the claims of James Buchanan to the Presidency. The design ought to meet with a favorable response from every patriotic Democrat in the State. The Keystone State should give a President to the Union, and will at the coming national election, if her citizens are true to themselves. The following list shows what States have been thus honored in the persons of their distinguished sons:

1. George Washington, Virginia.
2. John Adams, Massachusetts.
3. Thomas Jefferson, Virginia.
4. James Madison, Virginia.
5. James Monroe, Virginia.
6. John Quincy Adams, Massachusetts.
7. Andrew Jackson, Tennessee.
8. Martin Van Buren, New York.
9. William H. Harrison, Ohio.
10. John Tyler, Virginia.
11. James K. Polk, Tennessee.
12. Zachary Taylor, Louisiana.
13. Millard Fillmore, New York.

The officers and members of the Buchanan club are trusty and well known Democrats—men of standing and influence.—*Harrisburgh Union.*

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—On Saturday afternoon last, as the train going to Dayton was two miles the other side of Middletown, it came in contact with a cow lying on the track; the cow catcher threw her off on to the embankment of a deep cut, down which she rolled under the wheels of the cars, throwing three of the passenger cars off the track, and injuring them to a considerable extent. One of the cars was turned bottom upwards. None of the passengers, very fortunately, were hurt, but all were considerably

From the St. Louis Daily Union.

The New Governors of Pennsylvania and California.

A SHORT SKETCH OF THEIR HISTORY.

The Pennsylvania election returns give to William Bigler between eight and nine thousand majority over his competitor, Johnson, the present Whig Governor; and the arrival of the Cherokee, at New York, on November 1st, with San Francisco dates to october 1st, places the election of John Bigler beyond any doubt. His majority is stated to be about 1200. Our readers, we suppose, are all aware that John Bigler is the brother of William Bigler, just elected as the Governor of Pennsylvania. All things considered, something of a coincidence.

This result must be cheering to every friend to Democracy—both on account of party success and the intrinsic merit of the two gentlemanly brothers, who have succeeded, by democratic votes, to the honor of Chief Magistrate of their respective States. Perhaps, had the Democratic party looked to mere talent alone, other men might have been selected to grace these distinguished offices to some greater extent, but nowhere could be found two men better qualified for their post by their unbending integrity of character, united with their natural talent and great practical experience in life. In all the relations of life these brothers have proved themselves meritorious, and not the least of their good qualities is that of their steadfast and devoted love for Democratic principles.

But connected with the history of these brothers, both as yet young men, our mind involuntarily recurs to some reminiscences of scenes associated with our early days, with which these brothers were intermingled. We believe it was in the year 1823, in the city of Pittsburgh, when we were an apprentice to the printing business in the office of John McFarland, (an enthusiastic Democrat, who first started Gen. Jackson for the Presidency,) that a poor, ragged, forlorn looking boy, of about fourteen years of age, was taken in more from pity than anything else, to learn the printing trade. His brother, if we recollect aright, soon after arrived in Pittsburgh, equally destitute, and, we believe, also got employment, in some humble capacity, about the same printing office. Two more destitute boys could hardly be picked up anywhere. But although poor and friendless, they were upright and industrious. They learned the art and mystery of the printing trade. John Bigler, when of age, remained in Pittsburgh mostly engaged in following his trade. For a time he edited and published the Pittsburgh *Morning Post*, and Weekly *Manufacturer*, a paper started by ourself in 1828, making, however, but little money out of the enterprise.

He afterwards was engaged in a small country paper in the State of Illinois, with even less success; and finally quite penniless he, as a forlorn hope, emigrated to California in 1848. His brother William when arrived at manhood, took another course, wholly different to get along id the world. Hardy and industrious he turned his attention to the lumber business and from the smallest imaginable beginning in the world, he soon rose in his rough profession to be one of the leading lumber and raftsmen of the Susquehanna river. Perhaps in the same employment he also learned a useful lesson in politics; (in which matter he is now considered and adept, as any man, good at constructing a raft, guiding or floating it always of course, with the current, will intuitively catch a lesson that this is the secret also of controlling mankind. The politician—he will begin to reason—from his vocation must always float his boat with the current, never daring to oppose his course, but by guiding it in the smooth and deep channel of popularity; always careful to avoid those dangerous political questions that form the snags, sandbars and rocks upon which his vessel may perish if unskilfully driven against them. At all events, without regard to our rough metaphor, William Bigler is now Governor of Pennsylvania, the second greatest State in the Union, and his brother, John Bigler, at the same time, is the first Governor of California elected by the people. The guardian of all our mighty interests on the distant shores of the Pacific ocean.

A leading merit of these brothers lies not alone in the circumstance of their rapid rise to enviable distinction so much as to the still more meritorous fact, that they owe their elevation to their unaided exertions. No wealthy or titled relations—no official influences or powerful friends, carried them forward in despite of themselves into public distinction. To their own strong and undaunted hearts that quailed before no obstacle—to their own clear minds and good judgment, and to their willing hands that never shrank from honorable labor—do they owe all their present elevation in the world. A useful lesson truly, to the young and would desire to rely through life upon their own efforts.

Our short episode in regard to their history of these brothers, now the Governors, by the votes of the people of two such mighty States as Pennsylvania and California, would not have occurred without it first upon our mind, if we had not an idea that in the history of the two Biglers, volumes of encouragement to the young men of the present day could be found. After knowing their history, a young man of the present day, in any part of these United States, however, poor or friendless he may be, should not despair of conquering and reach any thing, on which he places his ambition and his hopes. Upright and laudable exertion, untiring energy and perseverance, may reasonably expect in this free country, where the right of all men are on an equality to accomplish anything within the range of human possibility. Temporary misfortunes for a time depress or repress the man of genius and ambition, in his attempts at progress; but rather stimulate him to renewed exertions, for their very misfortunes once surmounted act as real benefits in guarding the man of wisdom and watchfulness against like recurrences as far as in him lies for the future.

We will be more than repaid for this short sketch of the Messrs. Biglers, if the outlines of their history, thus given, should stimulate a single enterprising youth among our readers, to emulate their rise and progress in life. All young men, it is true, cannot expect the same distinguished position, but we venture to say, that did so, but missed, and the charge entered his father's side, causing his death in a few hours.

News of old Westmoreland.

The Greensburgh *Argus* of yesterday has the following local items:

The new Lutheran Church Edifice, in Greensburgh, will be dedicated, on Friday the 21st of November next. Messrs Emery, Passavant and other clergymen will be present Services to begin at 10½ o'clock, A. M.

The new Luthern Church edifice of West Newton, will be dedicated to the service of the Prince God, on Sunday the 30th of November inst., at 10 o'clock. Rev. Messrs. Eyster and Passavant and other Ministers are expected.—The community generally invited to attend the solemnities.

The Irish who live in shantees in town and some from the country, had another riot on Thursday of last week, after our paper was put to press. Col. Marchand was in Johnstown, and the rioters were out of sight and out of hearing of the rest of our "City Fathers," and they were permitted to have it all their own way, to the great annoyance of ourself and dear good citizens.

The alarm of Fire on Monday evening was caused by the reflection of the sun on Dr. Ormsby's house, on Bunker Hill. One young man, named Daniel Rimmell, was severely injured by falling and the Good Will Engine passing over him. Two or three others wrre hurt by being thrown down.

RUN OFF.—Mr. *John Kintz*,, of Unity township, was badly hurt on Sabbath evening last.—He was returning home from the Catholic Chapel, when the horse attached to his buggy in which he was riding took fright, running off at full speed, throwing him out. He was carried into a house near by, a Physician sent for, and he properly cared for. The buggy was smashed to pieces.

There are eighteen prisoners confined in our jail, charged with murder, rape, larceny, and minor offences. On Tuesday evening two men convicted at the August Term, of some trifling offence, and sentenced to Jail, communicated to the Jailor the fact that a conspiracy existed amongst the prisoners to break Jail if they could, and if not, to burn the Jail down. On examination it was discovered that two holes had been made in the floor, and considerable progress made in affecting a breach in the wall.—They were searched, and the only tools found were a number of files. They had managed to have their irons so that they could be removed at will. They were doubly ironed and chained to the floor, notwithstanding which precaution, some of them manage, daily, to get them off.—One of the prisoners says he bites his off.

Scribblings and Clippings.

A very astonishing instance of the ductility of iron has lately been produced at the "Bown iron works," Birmingham, Eng. It is in the form of a book, the leaves of which are of iron, rolled so fine that they do not exceed in thickness a piece of ordinary paper. The volume is neatly bound in red morocco, contains forty-four of these metallic leaves, and the whole is only the 15th of an inch thick.

The fall trade of Philadelphia is reported to be quite active and wholesome—much more so this season than that of New York or Boston.

The receipts of the Madison and Indianapolis Railroad for the month of October, were $34,277—an increase of $2,292 over the corresponding month last year.

The proprietor of the Olympic Theatre, of Cincinnati, wrote to Miss Hayes to engage her to sing six nights in the Olympic. Her agent replies that she will give six concerts for the sum of $2,500 per night, the proprietor paying all expenses.

The Episcopal Church at Oswego, says the Times, was assailed on Thursday night, by some drunken rowdies, demolishing the windows with stones, besides doing considerable other damage.

According to a report from the Comptroller of the State of Texas, the ascertained value of the State is $3,711,821 88; of the second and third class, $921,240 93

It is stated that Mr. Lick, the inventor of the anti-friction press, has sold the patent for England and Scotland for the handsome sum of $75,000. For working in iron, the uses of this machine are said to be almost illimitable.

Several persons have left Cincinnati, during the past week, for California, and others are making their preparations to go soon.

The Cleveland Plaindealer states, as one of the most remarkable circumstances of the times, that six married and unmarried ladies came up on the cars from Newark to Cleveland to hear Jenny Lind, without a single bandbox in the whole company.

Franchini, the tenor singer, is reported to have been assassinated lately in Trieste, by a brother artist, Collini, the baritone.

Lola Montes danced lately at the Theatre Minard, Ghent. The foreign journals say she was very rudely received.

Miss Mary Taylor, the well known actress and vocalist, was married to a Mr Ewing, of New York, on Friday week.

A case of cholera occurred in Piedmont, Va, on Thursday week. The scarlet fever is severe in Hampshire Co; 30 children died in three weeks.

Private letters from London make mention of large purchases of American stocks, having been made on Continental account.

Why are the new post-office stamps like small school boys? Because you have to lick their backs to make them stick to their letters.

A carefully prepared table of the amount of lumber which will this season be turned out by the several mills of Michigan, foots up at 165,000,000 feet.

From Mexico.

The New Orleans papers have accounts from the city of Mexico to the 15th ultimo. Mr. Letcher arrived there on the 8th.

There is not much news in the papers. The Government is represented to be almost at a stand-still, paralyzed by lack of means and energy. The treasury is empty, and the councils of the State discordant.

On Monday, September 29, Mr. Doyle, the English Minister, had an interview with the Mexican President, to demand a satisfactory answer to Lord Palmerston's last note on the diplomatic agreements between Mexico and England. The British Minister offered peremptorily to Mexico the choice of giving a judicial decree in favor of her British creditors, or of seeing her ports blockaded.

The Government had demanded authority from Congress to raise and transport 2500 National Guards to the theatre of the Camargo revolution. It is opposed by the press, on the ground that two-thirds of the men will desert before they reach Matamoras.

A law was promulgated on the 9th October, which provides that all foreign articles imported into Mexico shall pay a duty of eight per cent. The articles are at no other time to be subject to any State or National impost. The General Government and the State in which the impost shall be paid shall equally share the proceeds between them, and other States shall be credited duly with their share. The law is to take effect in four months from promulgation.

The Senate has, by a vote of 19 to 18, admitted a motion in favor of raising the obnoxious taxes at the ports of Vera Cruz and Tampico.

The Mexican papers have news as late as September 15th from Yucatan. There had been a military revolt of the soldiers at Tihosuco.—The revolt had been suppressed, and six soldiers shot.

Singular Circumstance.

The Memphis *Enquirer* relates the following curious and interesting occurrence: "Since the commencement of the term of the Circuit Court for our county, it became necessary for Merriweather, brother of the gentleman sometime since murdered in our county, to attend as prosecutor of Peterson, the perpetrator of the horrible crime. It so happened that he rode the horse that his deceased brother was riding on the day of his murder by Peterson. He was in the company of some friends, and traveled the same road. The horse is a very fine spirited bay, docile in temper, and what an intelligent one. When they approached near the scene of the murder, the horse manifested evident signs of alarm and restlessness.

Observing the singular conduct of the horse, Merriweather determined to give him the rein, and watch his movements. As he approached near the spot of the murder, he elevated his head and tail, and appeared to be watchful and frequently uttered the snort so peculiar to spirited horses when apprehensive of danger. The noble animal finally smelt the ground and trailed the course which the body of his former master had been conveyed by his murderer. He finally reached the spot, smelt the ground and pawed and snorted. He then took a circle in the woods at a moderate trot, returned to the place where the body was found, and repeated the same ceremony. This he did several times in succession. And when reined up it was with great difficulty that he was forced to leave the place. Is this instinct, reason, or what is it?

A FATHER SHOT BY HIS SON.—A most heartrending occurrence took place in Winchester, Virginia, on the 1st inst. It appears that Mr. Joseph P. Hemster went to the house of Mr. Nathan Mulliken, with whom he had had a previous quarrel, when Mulliken met him with a shot gun, and a quarrel was renewed, and in a struggle Mulliken was thrown to the ground. While in this position he called to his son, a lad 17 years of age, to fire upon Hemster. The boy did so, but missed, and the charge entered his father's side, causing his death in a few hours.

DIED:

Yesterday morning, at 4 o'clock, MARGARETTA, daughter of Absalom Morris, aged 10 years.

Her funeral will take place THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock, A. M., from the residence of her father, Third street, between Smithfield and Grant.

☞ **Unitarian Preaching.**—Jesus Christ the Son of God—not God Himself

The third Discourse on this subject, showing the essential nature of the Sonship of the Saviour, will be delivered on Sunday evening, at 7 o'clock, at the City Lecture Room, Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.

Morning service at 10½ o'clock. All persons invited to attend. [nov15:1t*

☞ **I. O. of O. F.**—The members of GOMER LODGE No. 84, I. O. of O. F., and the Order generally, are requested to meet at the Hall, corner of Wood st. and Virgin alley, THIS DAY, (Saturday,) at half past 2 o'clock, to attend the funeral of their late brother, TITUS LEWIS. [nov15:1t* OWEN EVANS, N. G.

PHILO HALL!

For a Few Evenings Only!

COMMENCING on MONDAY, 18th inst., BLYTHE'S GRAND PANORAMIC SKETCHES OF THE ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS—something entirely new and different in design, execution and arrangement, from anything hitherto offered to the public.

Tickets 25 cents. Open at 7½; commence at 7½ o'clock. nov15:1f

A Good Farm to Rent.

SITUATE on the Sewickly bottom, Allegheny county, Pa., fourteen miles from Pittsburgh; containing 110 acres of river bottom; with a good brick house, a good barn, and other out buildings, and a small orchard of choice fruit, and a paled garden. Bounded on the east by the Pittsburgh and Beaver road, and on the West by the Ohio river. The Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad passes through the land, having a station house convenient thereto. The land is well adapted for gardening purposes. A smaller portion of the land, with the buildings, may be had, if so desired.

For further information apply to William Bakewell, Esq. at his Office, near the new Court House, Pittsburgh, to John R. Wilson, Esq. on the premises, or to the subscriber, at Sewickley Bottom Post Office, Allegheny county, Pa. [nov15] D LEET SHIELDS

Executors' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary on the last will and testament of John M'Murtrie, have this day been granted to the undersigned, Executors in said will named. Therefore, all persons having claims against his estate are hereby requested to present them for settlement; and those being indebted thereto will please make immediate payment to either of the subscribers. JOHN M'MURTRIE,
Dr. JOHN POLLOCK,
Executors.

nov15:3t*

Tavern Stand for Rent.

THE subscriber offers for rent his well-known TAVERN STAND, situated on the Pittsburgh and Steubenville turnpike, thirteen miles west of Pittsburgh. Possession given either on the first day of January, or the first day of April.

ALEXANDER M'FAYLAND.

Shirland, Nov. 10—nov15:6t*

IMPORTANT MEDICAL WORK.—Dr. Ralph's Practical Private Treatise, on the nature, symptoms, progress, consequences, remedies and cure of the diseases of the genital organs, including self-abuse, stricture, gonorrhea, venereal diseases, and disorders resembling these, (given in no other work), &c., &c.; 352 pp., with plates. Price $1.00. Sold at

NO. 50 SMITHFIELD ST.

FOR SALE—A desirable property of 44 feet 10 feet on Carrol street, Allegheny, by 150 deep, with a well built two story brick house—of hall and seven rooms; good cellar; portico and porch; a garden and fruit trees; several out-buildings, appropriate for a butcher or any other business, if desired. The location is pleasant and agreeable, and will be sold at a bargain.

S. CUTHBERT, General Agent,
No. 50 Smithfield street.

nov15

APPLES—30 bbls. just received on consignment and for sale by T. WOODS & SON,
No. 81 Water street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

☞ Whole amount of Property at risk up to October 31st.....$12,678,694 00
Premium Notes in force.....131,999 27
Losses incurred and paid since last report, (May 1st).....60,370 74
Cash surplus on hand.....39,686 89

Designed only for the safer classes of property, has an ample capital, and affords superior advantages in point of cheapness, safety and accommodation, to City and Country Merchants and owners of Dwellings and isolated or Country Property.

A. A. CARRIER, Actuary,
nov12 Branch Office, 54 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Hartford, Conn.

Capital Stock,.....$300,000 00
Assets,.....444,286 34
$742,286 34

☞ Office of the Pittsburgh Agency in the Store Room of McCurdy & Loomis, No 39 Wood street.

nov4:tf R. H. BEESON, Agent.

☞ MESSRS. HARPER & PHILLIPS:—We announce the name of E. H. BRASTINGS as a candidate for the Mayoralty of Pittsburgh as an Independent candidate.
nov12tc MANY FRIENDS.

☞ EDITOR OF THE POST:—Please announce the name of JAMES MATTHEWS, of the Fourth Ward, as a candidate for the office of Mayor, subject to the decision of the Whig and Anti-masonic Convention
nov10tc MANY CITIZENS.

Orleans Insurance Company, ALBION, N. Y.

CAPITAL $100,000.

Secured in accordance with the General Insurance Law of the State.

THE above prosperous and responsible Company having complied with the requisitions of the law of this State, is now issuing policies by their Agent on the most favorable terms, consistent with prudence and safety.

O. NICHOLSON, President.
H. S. M'COLLUM, Secretary
Office, No 54 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.
A. A. CARRIER, Agent.

☞ **Odd Fellows' Hall,** *Odeon Building, Fourth street, between Wood and Smithfield streets*—Pittsburgh Encampment, No. 2, meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays of each month.

Pittsburgh Degree Lodge, No. 4, meets 2d and 4th Tuesdays

Mechanics' Lodge, No. 9, meets every Thursday evening.

Western Star Lodge, No. 24, meets every Wednesday evening.

Iron City Lodge, No. 182, meets every Monday evening.

Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 350, meets every Saturday evening, at Union Hall, corner of Fifth and Smithfield.

Zocco Lodge, No. 383, meets every Thursday evening, at their Hall, corner of Smithfield and Fifth streets.

Twin City Lodge, No. 341, meets every Friday evening. Hall, corner of Leacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny City. [may29:tf

☞ **Augerons Lodge, I. O. of O. F.**—The Augerons Lodge, No. 329, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood street
ja4:ly

Collecting, Bill Posting, &c.

JOHN M'COMBS,

☞ Attends to Collecting, Bill Posting, Distributing Cards and Circulars for Parties, &c., &c.

☞ Orders left at the Office of the Morning Post, or at Holmes' Periodical Store, Third st., will be promptly attended to.

☞ DEAFNESS, noises in the head, and all disagreeable discharges from the ear, speedily and permanently removed without pain or inconvenience, by Dr. HARTLEY, Principal Aurist of the N. Y. Ear Surgery, who may be consulted at 99 ARCH street, Philadelphia, from 9 to 3 o'clock.

Thirteen years close and almost undivided attention to the branch of special practice has enabled him to reduce his treatment to such a degree of success as to find the most confirmed and obstinate cases yield by a steady attention to the means practised. [au26

Pittsburgh Life Insurance Company. CAPITAL $100,000.

☞ OFFICE, No. 75 FOURTH STREET.

OFFICERS:

President—James S. Hoon.
Vice President—Samuel M'Clurkan.
Treasurer—Joseph S. Leech.
Secretary—C. A. Colton.

☞ See advertisement in another part of this paper
my29

ENCOURAGE HOME INSTITUTIONS. CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY, OF PITTSBURGH.

C. G. HUSSEY, President. A. W. MARKS, Sec'y
Office—No. 41 Water st., in Warehouse of C. H. Grant.

☞ THIS Company is now prepared to insure all kinds of risks, on Houses, Manufactories, Goods, Merchandize in Store, and in Transitu Vessels, &c.

In a long career of uniform security for the ability and integrity of the Institution, is afforded in the character of the Directors, who are all citizens of Pittsburgh, well and favorably known to the community for their prudence, intelligence and integrity.

Directors—C. G. Hussey, Wm. Bagaley, Wm. Larimer, Jr., Walter Bryant, Hugh D. King, Edward Heazelton Z Kinsey S. Harbaugh, S. M. Kier. mar12:tf

Associated Firemen's Insurance Company of the City of Pittsburgh.

W. W. DALLAS, Pres't.—ROBERT PINNEY, Sec'y.

☞ Will insure against FIRE and MARINE RISKS on Goods,

Steamboats and Canalboats, Hous, Nos. 124 and 125 Water st.

DIRECTORS:

W. W. Dallas, Reddy Patterson, R. H. Hartley, R. B. Smith, Joshua Rhodes, C. H. Paulson, Wm. M. Ed. gar, Edward Gregg, A. P. Attwell, Wm. Collingwood, R. Patterson, Chas. Kent, Wm. Gorman. feb20

I. O. of O. F.—Place of Meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between 5th and Virgin Alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 256—Meets every Tuesday evening.

MERCANTILE ENCAMPMENT, No. 57—Meets 1st and 3d Friday of each month. mar25—1y

D. A. O. H.

☞ Meets above Board of Trade Rooms, corner of Third and Wood streets, every Monday evening.
pr28

PRICES REDUCED!

$1,00 ONE DOLLAR. $1,00.

☞ **Daguerreotypes.** ☜

LIKENESSES taken at the new Daguerreotype Rooms, Lafayette Hall, Fourth street, a few doors from Wood, for the low price of one dollar, and upward, according to the size and quality of case or frame.

☞ Rooms open and operating from 8 A. M to 5 P. M. Citizens and strangers are respectfully invited to call. [sep26:tf

☞ **Notice.**—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the second Monday of every month at the Florida House, Market st.
oct7:y JOHN YOUNG, jr., Secretary.

☞ **A Most Remarkable Case of Total Blindness Cured by Petroleum.**—We invite the attention of the afflicted and the public generally to the certificate of William Hall, of this city. The case may be seen by any person who may be skeptical in relation to the facts there set forth S. N. KIER.

"I had been afflicted several years with a soreness of both eyes, which continued to increase until last September (1850), the inflammation at that time having involved the whole lining membrane of both eyes, and resulted in the deposite of a thick film, which wholly destroyed my sight. I had an operation performed, and the thickening removed, which soon returned and left me in a worse condition as before. At this stage of the complaint I made application to several of the most eminent medical men, who informed me that 'my eyes would never get well.' At this time I could not distinguish any object. By the advice of some friends I commenced the use of the Petroleum, both internally and externally, under which my eyes have improved daily until the present time, and I have recovered my sight entirely. My general health was very much improved by the Petroleum, and I attribute the restoration of my sight to its use. I reside at No. 102 Second street, in this city; and will be happy to give any information in relation to my case. WILLIAM HALL"

Pittsburgh, September 17, 1851.

For sale by KEYSER & M'DOWELL, 140 Wood st; and R. E. SELLERS, 57 Wood street, and by the Proprietor. sep18

☞ **Dr. Guyscott's Improved Extract of YELLOW DOCK AND SARSAPARILLA**—For the cure of disease, or as a Spring perifier of the blood, and as a general tonic for the system, is unrivalled.

The numerous purchasers of this Extract are truly wonderful, and all invalids should make immediate trial of the "Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla." It cannot injure the most delicate patient.

Then fly from Mineral nostrums to seek hope, life, and vigor, from this purely vegetable remedy. Therefore, how many broken in health and spirits, however loathsome to himself and others, let no one despair of recovery; let the patient only understand that the hope of his future restoration lies only in "Guyzott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla," and persuade him, for his life's sake, to try it, and we have no hesitation in predicting his speedy restoration to health. [au8

See advertisement

Hodgkinson's "Matchless Blacking."

THIS "Celebrated Matchless Blacking," superior in brilliancy to any ever offered to the public. The proprietors *challenge any trial, which will prove the fact.*

Manufactured by Hodgkinson & Co., Quarry street, North Third, Philadelphia; and sold at

S. N. WICKERSHAM'S
Wholesale Drug and Seed Warehouse,
No. 161 and 166 Wood st, corner of Sixth,
oct7:3m Pittsburgh.

[From the Louisville Journal, May 22th, 1851.]

Dr. J. S. Houghton's Pepsin, for Dyspepsia,

Prepared from Rennet, or the Stomach of the Ox.

On the 7th of May, 1851, Rev. M. D. Williams, Pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian Church, in Louisville, Kentucky, was and had been for a long time confined to his room, and most of the time to his bed, with Dyspepsia and Chronic Diarrhœa, and was, to all appearance, on the very verge of the grave, and acknowledged to be so by his physician, who had tried all the ordinary means in his power, without effect, and at the above named time, the patient, with the consent of his physician, commenced the use of Dr. Houghton's "PEPSIN," with the astonishment, surprise and delight of all, he was much relieved the first day. The third day he left his room. The sixth day, which was excessively hot, he rode ten miles with no bad effect; on the eighth day he went on a visit to the country; and, on the thirteenth day, though not entirely restored to his natural strength, he was so far recovered as to *go alone* a journey of five hundred miles, where he arrived in safety, much improved in health, having had no disturbance of the stomach or bowels, *after taking the first dose of Pepsin.* These facts are not controvertible, and that this is a case which ought to convince all skeptics that there is a power in "PEPSIN." Let physicians and dyspeptics investigate.

KEYSER & M'DOWELL, Agents.
140 Wood street.
jel1

COLD Weather has come. Don't forget CHESTER'S Emporium of Men's and Boys' Ready Made Clothing. We'r ready to please. 71 SMITHFIELD ST., near Diamond alley.

LIME AND FEATHERS.
50 brls Lou