DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

JAMES BUCHANAN,

OF PENNSYLVANIA;

Subject to decision of the Democratic General Convention.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,

OF ALABAMA;

Subject to the same decision.

Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

Harper & Layton, Proprietors and Publishers.

L. HARPER, EDITOR.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING..............................OCTOBER 3.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM BIGLER,

OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

SETH CLOVER,

OF CLARION COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS

For Justices of the Supreme Bench.

HON. JEREMIAH S. BLACK, *of Somerset.*
" JAMES CAMPBELL, *of Philadelphia.*
" ELLIS LEWIS, *of Lancaster.*
" JOHN B. GIBSON, *of Cumberland.*
" WALTER H. LOWRIE, *of Allegheny.*

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

Judges of the Courts of Allegheny County required to be learned in the Law.

PRESIDENT JUDGE OF COMMON PLEAS, &c., } JAMES S. CRAFT, *of Pitt Township.*
PRESIDENT JUDGE OF DISTRICT COURT, } HOPEWELL HEPBURN, *of Pittsburgh.*
ASSISTANT JUDGE OF DISTRICT COURT, } CHARLES SHALER, *of Pittsburgh.*
(ONE TICKET.)

ASSOCIATE JUDGES OF THE COURTS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY,

WILLIAM KERR, *of Upper St. Clair Township.*
GEN. JAMES H. WATSON, *of Elizabeth Tp.*

ASSEMBLY,

ALEXANDER M'CAMMON, *of Pittsburgh.*
JAMES WATSON, *of Pittsburgh.*
L. BELL PATTERSON, *of Mifflin Township.*
ABRAHAM HAYS, *of Allegheny City.*
DAVID R. WILLIAMS, *of Shaler Township.*

RECORDER,

ROBERT MORROW, *of Pittsburgh.*

REGISTER,

ANDREW BARCLAY, *of Allegheny City.*

CLERK OF COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS, &c.,

ELIJAH TROVILLO, *of Pittsburgh.*

TREASURER,

THOMAS BLACKMORE, *of Birmingham.*

COMMISSIONER,

J. D. W. WHITE, *Borough of Manchester.*

SURVEYOR,

E. H. HEASTINGS, *of Pittsburgh.*

AUDITOR,

BENJAMIN DILWORTH, *of Ross Township.*

Are You Assessed?

See to this matter at once. Let every voter examine the Assessor's list personally, and if his name is not there, call upon the Assessor without delay. Many votes are lost at every election by reason of neglect or carelessness in this respect. Remember that no one who may be 22 years of age or more, when the election comes on, can vote without having been assessed at least ten days before the election. The matter must be attended to between this and Saturday, the 4th of October. *After that day it will be too late.*

THE EUROPEAN DEMOCRACY.

Falling in company with our excellent friend, Mr. GLIDDON, a day or two ago, shortly after he had obtained from the Post Office his abundant supply of news and correspondence, and while conversing with him respecting the course of Lectures which he is about to deliver before the Young Men's Mercantile Library Association; we were attracted by the title of a paper, among the number that he had received from London, which we had often heard of, but had never before seen. This was no other than "*The Leader*," the celebrated organ of the European Democracy, which, on inquiry, we find is edited by a brother-in-law of Mr. GLIDDON,—THORNTON HUNT, Esq., a son of the distinguished LEIGH HUNT. On making a brief examination of its columns, we were particularly attracted by the appearance of an article that will be found in this day's paper, under the head of "Austrian Challenge to the Democracy of the World." This article, we think, is one of the best we have ever read, emanating from one of the European Democracy. It affords food for thought and reflection that is solid and invigorating; and there is about it a manly candor and frankness, such as we love to encounter in any cause; but which—so beautiful and becoming in the Democracy—we find almost alone in the ranks of its members. Federalism, Monarchy, Despotism—whatever may be the name for any *form* of tyranny over the mind of man,—all seek to subserve their ends by trick and chicanery; all work under ground, like the mole; all must resort to their secret confidential agents, in order to rivet fetters and chains for the human race. But the honest, and generous, and noble, and bold spirit of Democracy—having no ultimate gain but GOOD,—marches steadily and firmly onward, asserting the RIGHT, and bidding defiance to the unholy combination, or power, that would impede her steps.

Who can read this article, and not admire the noble bearing,—the firmness, courage, and true devotion to the cause of Liberty,—manifested by this able advocate of the rights of all mankind, even in view of the crown of England? Who is there that has felt a glow of sympathy for the wronged and oppressed sons of man, and does not feel his blood warmed within him, upon reading such proofs of the devotion of man to the cause of his fellow man—such sterling integrity, where dishonesty is regarded as no crime; and where treachery to the masses is treated as a virtue? We feel pleased—much more than pleased at being able to lay before our readers, and our country generally, this eloquent production; and our greatest pleasure is derived from the circumstance that we, as a people, are here not only acknowledged to be the only true Republican *leaders* of the world, but there is a very plain and positive declaration made, that WE must lead forward in the great march of the European Democracy,—and that our glorious, and bright, and beautiful flag must call all nations to arms, and sustain the People in all their struggles against their oppressors.

What momentous thought is here involved. It is not the masses of our country who are called on to bear the bright-beaming standard of Republican Freedom. Our thousands and millions are not called on to suffer and bleed in a strange land for the sacred cause. No; although such aid would be acceptable and proudly encouraging, yet we are alone asked to furnish a man who, by his great power as a statesman, and his indomitable courage as a warrior, can *command*, direct, and guide the armies of Liberty to victory, under her own chosen flag. And we may ask is there not one among the nobly brave, who is willing to extend his arm in the sacred cause? Aye, are there not thousands ready to go at a moment's warning, when they shall be assured that their services will prove effective? We think there are,—yes, we *know* there are. The only preliminary to be settled in this great undertaking is,—who among our distinguished Generals can unite the confidence, the respect, and the esteem of Europe's People? Who can best subserve their united will in the great conflict? Let this point be settled, and we are much mistaken if the talents, and the zeal, and the courage and perseverance, necessary for accomplishing so great a work, shall not be found united in a true American, ready and willing to

But the article we copy comes directed not alone to us, who were born and have been nurtured on the soil of Freedom. It comes with tenfold power addressed to the naturalized citizen, who has fled from oppression, and found here an asylum of peace, and quiet, and rest; and to the man who would become a citizen. These have *felt* and *know* the pains and penalties of tyranny, while we have but heard of such things from our forefathers and from them, and therefore can only feebly imagine all the trials of those who enjoy not the blessings of liberty. Wherever there lives in our country a German, a Prussian, an Austrian, or a Swiss; wherever may be found a Frenchman, an Irishman, a Hungarian or a Russian; there must be found one who, unless he were a monarchist in Europe, is ready to aid his struggling countrymen in all their efforts to be free. These cannot be so generally and effectively influenced by us to go forward in the work; and therefore their brother Democrats of Europe have wisely concluded to send to our shores one of the most learned, and good, and pure of their number;—one of the heroes and statesmen who has felt most deeply the wrongs of his countrymen; and whose attempted degradation, by tyrannical power, and noble bearing in the midst of the deepest wrongs, has called forth the profoundest sympathies for himself, and the deepest curses upon his persecutors. This man, also one of the sweetest poets and most profound philosophers of all Germany, is GOTTFRIED KINKEL, whose name is not unknown to our readers; and whose virtue and worth are known to intelligent men throughout the world. This is the man who has been sent among us to tell America *the truth* about the Democracy of Europe. He is now nightly addressing the People in Philadelphia, and may soon be expected here. There is, we are sure, no true-hearted European Democrat who will not extend both hands to welcome him: for he brings testimonials of his devotion to the cause of the People, that no one can with reason doubt; and offers indubitable proofs of the sincerity and devotedness of those who sent him. We anxiously await his arrival among us.

KINKEL comes as the forerunner of KOSSUTH: and, although the latter comes to make our land his resting place,—it can scarcely be expected that *he* can remain inactive while men are needed to serve the People's cause. He *cannot* remain with us longer,—we think his nature would not permit it,—than the advent of the day when the Democracy of Europe shall strike for Liberty. But we shall be able to learn much from him. His presence alone, will give a tone and confidence to all that may be said about *the cause* in Europe, which that of few other men could give. He may be expected soon to arrive, and his landing among us will be hailed as a jubilee.

We expect to say more on the subject of European politics in a day or two.

William B. McClure, a Prophet!

On the 7th of July, 1849, this second Daniel convicted and sentenced the sovereign people of incompetency to select suitable candidates for Judges! Had he in view "*the bitter satire of withholding the nomination*" of the able and learned Dunlop?" How dare he now trust himself before the UNCAGED TIGER? Will it not turn and rend him?

Extract from Wm. B. McClure's Speech at Carlisle.—"Ignorance entrusted with power is more dangerous than an uncaged tiger; it has not even the *moral courage* to entertain for one moment a rational *fear* or a rational *doubt* of anything.

"Fools rush in where angels fear to tread."

This ignorance is exhibiting itself in various ways. Take, for example, the election for a term of years, of the Judiciary in various States; for we may rest assured that those who are best qualified, from their reservedness of manners and severity of morals, will never be elected; and the public, well aware of this truth, pronounces its own bitter satire on itself in the very fact of withholding their nomination."

What effrontery is requisite for a candidate to claim the reward of a good and faithful servant, when the opinion of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, as to the impartiality and fairness shown by the Judge in question to the suitors in his Court, is to be found as reported in the case of *McTaggart &c. vs. Thompson*, 14 Penna. 155.—There are many cases in which the Superior Court have had occasion to differ from Judges below, but seldom, if ever, in our reports, is to be found such a withering rebuke of the unfair and unjust Judge:

"*The defendants have just reason to complain of the* ONE-SIDED *character of the charge. It is objectionable, because it resembles the argument of the advocate, rather than the impartial survey of the judge, presenting detached parts of the evidence to the Jury, with* LUDICROUS *and unfavorable comments, instead of submitting the testimony to them as a connected whole. Although isolated facts may of themselves prove but little, yet taken together, they sometimes present overwhelming evidence. Of the benefit of this the defendants were deprived by the charge of the Court.*"

Judgment reversed.

Democratic Nominations in Virginia.

The Democratic Convention at Stanton, have nominated Joseph Johnston, of Harrison county, as their candidate for Governor: Mr. Shelton Leake, for Lieutenant Governor, and Mr. Bocook, for Attorney General. Mr. Johnston is the Governor elect under the old Constitution.

The Whig candidates are George W. Summers, of Kanawha, for Governor; Samuel Watts, of Norfolk, for Lieut. Governor; and Sidney S. Baxter, of Richmond, for Attorney General.

The vote on the new Constitution is to take place on the fourth Thursday of October, (the 23d); and the election for the above officers will, if that instrument shall be adopted, take place on the second Monday (the 8th) of December next.

THE RICE HARVEST.—The Winyaw Observer, of the 24th ultimo, says: "The harvest is rapidly progressing, and never have the planters had a better season for this work. It is as dry as a bone, and the cool weather which we have been experiencing for the last fortnight, has indeed been most grateful to the laboring negroes. In conversing with several of the managers of the largest plantations in the neighborhood, we understand that they will finish their work about the 8th or 10th of October next."

☞ The sugar crop of Martinique is estimated for the present year, at 50,000 casks; for that of Guadaloupe at 36,200. The shipments of sugar from St. Lucia to the 8th of August amount to 4635 hogsheads, against 4213 in the whole of 1850. There are but from 600 to 700 casks to ship, which will increase the surplus of the present year to about 1100 hogsheads.

Lady Franklin has addressed a letter to Mr. Grinnell of New York, informing him of the return of the Expedition to the Arctic regions, and stating that she now places her whole reliance upon the American vessels.

COMMODORE PARKER AT HAVANA.—A letter from Havana to the New Orleans Picayune, announcing the presence of Commodore Parker, says:

"Since his arrival he has been engaged in investigating the circumstances connected with the inhuman butchery of Crittenden and his forty-nine companions, and the atrocities perpetrated upon their lifeless bodies by the Spanish populace here. I have been informed that several gentlemen of the highest respectability have waited upon the Commodore, and related to him what they saw themselves in the streets and public places of the town on the day and night of execution. The affirmations of these gentlemen more than bear out all that has been related by correspondents from here relative to the atrocities. The details are of too disgusting and indecent a nature to be related in the public prints; and, to one who does not know the Spanish character, would seem like monstrous

THINGS TO BE REMEMBERED!

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That the MURDER recently committed by the enemies of law and order, in Lancaster county, is one of the fruits of Gov. Johnston's resistance to the law passed by our Legislature.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER.

That Gov. Johnston says he has got this law in his pocket *and will keep it there!* and that his example of treating laws as if they had not been passed, makes the abolitionists and disunionists bold and insolent, and encourages them to riot, bloodshed and murder.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER.

That the State debt was actually reduced more under Shunk's administration than it has been under Johnston's, notwithstanding the *sinking fund*, and a loan of $400,000.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER.

That the claim set up by Gov. Johnston and his organ, that *he* has paid any portion of the State debt, is downright fraud and imposition.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That Wm. F. Johnston now holds his office by the *illegal* and *fraudulent* votes which were polled in Schuylkill county in 1848.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That there are "common men" enough in Pennsylvania to elect Gen. Clover, over such a *hero* of the Mexican war as John Strohm.

THE CONCERT.

We were pleased to see, last night, so large and highly intelligent an audience, (and it is seldom one can see any other in Pittsburgh,) in attendance at Lafayette Hall, to hear Madame DURAND, and Signor NOVELLI; and one of the best evidences of their claims to the support of an enlightened public, was offered in the heartfelt applause which the lady received, both at the conclusion of the piece from the opera of Macbeth, and "Home, Sweet Home." She was *encored* at the conclusion of both. Her voice is one of great compass and power: and her execution of some of the finest, and most effective strains was remarkably sweet. Mad. B. is very pretty, and possesses a fine form; each of which is very desirable for a candidate for popular favor.

Sig. NOVELLI has a bass voice of astonishing volume and so well trained that he can sing with much softness when necessary. In the song "Here upon my Vessel's deck," he was loudly applauded and encored: but did not respond to the call. Mad. B., however, sang in his stead—"I'll be no submissive wife," which was well received by the audience. Both sustained the high character which has been given them elsewhere; and we hope they may be induced to favor our citizens with another concert.

P. S. On refering to our advertising columns it will be seen that Mad. DURAND and Sig. NOVELLI will give another Concert *this evening* at Lafayette Hall.

THE THEATRE.

We understand that Mr. ROBERTS played *Macbeth* last night in a very creditable manner. He appears to-night in *King John.* Mr. R. draws excellent houses.

THE PANORAMA

We called in last evening to see this very meritorious production for the second time; and our gratification was no less than on our first visit,—except through the annoyance felt by all, from some boys druming with their feet and talking during almost the whole performance.—Boys who are not taught to behave themselves at home, should be *made* to do so when abroad. We think that this Panorama might be made much more interesting to all, and especially to youth, if the descriptions were more full,—embracing some of the statistics, productions, &c., of the countries *through which one passes*, on this grand tour. We have heard many complain, too, that the curtain is lowered before a scene is closed; and that the lecturer lets too much of a scene pass by, on some occasions, before he begins to describe it. The whole representation of this Panorama is in the highest degree pleasing and instructive.

The Christiana Outrage.

Charge of Judge Kane.—In the United States District Court, Philadelphia, on Monday, the 29th, Judge Kane delivered a charge to the Grand Jury in the matter of the outrage at Christiana, in the course of which he spoke at some length upon the law of treason. We make the following extracts from his remarks, which relate to two branches of the case, in its character of resistance to the authority of the United States. In referring to the act as treasonable he premises with some statements alleged in the case, that "for some months back, gatherings of people, strangers as well as citizens, have been held from time to time in the vicinity of the place of the recent outbreak, at which exhortations were made and pledges interchanged to hold the law for the recovery of fugitive slaves as of no validity, and to defy its execution."—He then proceeds as follows:

If the circumstances to which I have adverted have in fact taken place, they involve the highest crime known to our laws. Treason against the United States is defined by the Constitution, Art. 3, Sect. 3, Ch. 1, to consist in "levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies giving them aid and comfort." This definition is borrowed from the ancient law of England, *Stat.* 25, *Edw.* 3, *stat.* 5, *chap.* 2, and its terms must be understood of course in the sense which they bore in that law; and which obtained here when the Constitution was adopted. The expression "levying war," so regarded, embraces not merely the act of formal or declared war, but any combination forcibly to prevent or oppose the execution or enforcement of a provision of the Constitution or of a public Statute, if accompanied or followed by an act of forcible opposition in pursuance of such combination.

This in substance has been the interpretation given to these words by the English judges, and it has been uniformly and fully recognised and adopted in the Courts of the United States.—(*See Foster, Hale and Hawkins*, and the opinions of Irendell, Patterson, Chase, Marshall and Washington, J. J., of the Supreme Court, and of Peters, D. J. in *U. S. vs. Vigol, U. S. vs. Mitchell, U. S. vs. Fries, U. S. vs. Bollman and Swartwout*, and *U. S. vs. Burr.*)

The definition, as you will observe, includes two particulars, both of them indispensable elements of the offence. There must have been a combination or conspiring together to oppose the law by force, and some actual force must have been exerted, or the crime of treason is not consummated.

Viewing the matter in another aspect, he adds:

Besides the crime of treason, which I have thus noticed, there are offences of minor grades, against the Constitution and the State, some or other of which they may be apparently established by the evidence that will come before you. These are embraced in the Act of Congress, of the 30th Sept., 1790, ch. 9, sect. 22, on the subject of obstructing or resisting the service of legal process—the act of the 2d of March, 1831, ch. 99. sect. 2, which secures the jurors, witnesses and officers of our courts in the fearless and impartial administration of their respective functions—and the Act of the 19th of September, 1850, ch. 60, which relates more particularly to the rescue or attempted rescue of a fugitive from labor.

THE MISTRESS OF THE SEAS.—The London Shipping Gazette has this paragraph, in the course of an article upon the future of America:—

"We have no desire, at present, to enter upon any question of disputed policy; but we wish to record our opinion that the empire of the seas must ere long be ceded to America; its persevering enterprise, its great and accruing wealth, are certain to secure this prize; nor will England be in a situation to dispute it with her. Without this growing capital to its power, the onward march of the United States to what we believe will be overwhelming greatness, might not be so speedily accomplished; but America, as mistress of the ocean, must overstride the civilized world."

COL. HAYNES VS. VAN VECHTEN.—The New York Sun has had communication with Col. Haynes, of the Cuban expedition, now in that city, who denounces Van Vechten as a "a coward," "deserting his command," &c. Col. Haynes don't yet seem to be cured of liberation," but thinks the Cubans are still anxious to be rid of

(AUSTRIAN CHALLENGE TO THE DEMOCRACY OF THE WORLD.

The Emperor of Austria has released his Ministers from their responsibilities except to himself: in other words, has revoked to himself the full power of an absolute and irresponsible Monarch. This is a declaration of war against the freedom of Europe. It is literally a declaration of "war to the knife;" for we in England cannot but hold that a sovereign who repudiates the modern contrivance of a responsible Ministry, retains to himself that accountability which our ancestors enforced in the case of Charles the First. The rule holds good even in the most despotic countries; for the Monarch who denies responsibility to his People and to the laws, leaves no shield for himself against the last inevitable responsibility—the knife of the assassin.

There is no denying, however, that the position of an absolute Monarch, if he has faithful armies, is one of considerable strength and efficiency in a campaign; and this is evidently the most overt act of preparation on the part of Austria, for the contemplated campaign between the two great opposing powers of Absolutism and Democracy. The situation of affairs throughout Europe is becoming one of the utmost gravity; and it is only by comprehending the full character of the crisis that those who are interested in the upholding of freedom can meet it as they ought.

On the first survey of Europe, generally, it presents nothing but complicated affairs and distracted councils. The Governments, frightened into concessions during the revolutionary movements of 1848, are embarrassed with the rags of the Constitutional toys hastily dressed up at that time. The People, exhausted after the effort, suffer active men to go on nearly as they will, and seem disposed to carry their supineness to the extent of giving the despots absolute license. Even France, so often the leader in republican movements, seems for the moment to acquiesce in the undisguised intrigues of more than one faction bent on restoring a Monarchy. But this is the aspect only on the surface. If we look a little closer, we see the reactionary party in every quarter taking some kind of active precautions against an organization of the People; in Italy, Bourbon, Papal, and Austrian; in Germany, in France, we see desperate attacks, either on the body of the People, or on some comparatively insignificant faction, made in the evident hope of striking at the unseen power; like all random assaults, these sallies fail to do more than betray the fears of the assailants—to prove that, however desperate, their attempts at penetrating to the power which provokes their fears, are vain. On the other hand, the continuance of any constitutional forms has become a transparent pretence. However conflicting the interests of different Governments may seem, we explained last week how Diplomacy supplies a middle term for all; and the mode in which that Masonic guild has brought the conflicting and scattered Governments of Europe, even such as Russia, Naples, and England, back to united action, is one of the most surprising triumphs ever achieved by the Inner Circle. Austria has thrown off the mask, Despotism and Democracy have fairly taken sides, and the winter will be employed in busy preparations.

The ground has been cleared of pretences and fictions. Among the pretences exploded is the delusion that the English Government is "mediating between the two extreme parties in favor of Constitutionalism, or has been thus mediating at all. The Government that incited the Sicilians to declare their independence of Naples, which even sent a fleet on some pretence of succour, and then, like a mischevious boy withdrawing the stool on which a companion is going to sit, withdrew the support, and left Sicily at the mercy of Naples—the Government which protested in favor of Hungary and Schleswig-Holstein—which obtruded its good offices on behalf of Lombardy—the Government which permitted those countries to be overrun by the unresisted powers of Austria and Russia, and is then seen in close concert with the diplomatists of the Absolutist Confederacy—the Government which permitted for two years, unreproved, the barbarous cruelties of Naples, and then sent by the hand of its "Liberal" Minister a copy of the pamphlet by the "Tory" Gladstone—*that* Government is now understood not to be "mediating" at all, but only to have been trimming as if to gain time, and to be *acting* with the Absolutist Confederacy. In this struggle, the "Constitutional party" has only been the stalking horse, under cover of which the English Member of the Inner Circle of Diplomacy has advanced, on the side of Absolutism, to hunt down the Peoples who are laboring for Freedom. Freedom such as we in England enjoy. This is a posture of affairs which the Moderate Liberal party of England is bound to consider. That party has been acting down to this point on presumptions. It has supposed its views to be making progress in Europe, which they are not; it has shut its eyes to the defeat which it has sustained in the very places of which it boasted. The Moderate Liberal party—we prefer to use that comprehensive expression, rather than to recall the more controversial epithet of party—has accepted as its favorite Minister the English Member of the Diplomatic Circle; and by favoring that Minister, has liberally supplied Diplomacy with the means of advancing Absolutism. It has been the boast of those who believed Free Trade to include every desirable reform in Europe, that we could command Free Trade sympathies in the Baltic, in Italy, in Turkey, in Hungary; we now see the Lords paramount of the Zollverein, which is to be imitated in Austria and Italy, taking possession of the whole Continent, except the West; Italy is in possession of our enemies; Turkey is threatened; that great outpost of commercial alliance with England, Hungary, has been beaten in; even Sardinia is surrounded. The trade policy of England has been defeated. And by what force? By that of *armed* despotism. The Peoples, on whom we must rely, are to be thrown down and fettered, if that Despotism prevail. What chance is there of converting that Despotism by argument to English views on politics and commerce? In what consists the chance of combating its progress Westwards?

No; England has not been true to herself.—England might have caused the battle for English principles to be fought in Italy, Hungary, and Germany, gloriously for herself, for the Peoples of those lands, for mankind; freedom in France would have been surrounded and strengthened by freedom in Europe; and England might have inspired the new regime with much of her experience and her spirit. She preferred to lose sight of those great enterprises; to close her eyes in obedience to prejudices; to heap the power of England into the hands of the English member of the Diplomatic circle; and thus to serve the cause of Depotism.

But it will not stop here. The resusciated Sovereigns of Russia and Austria, and their dependants of Germany and Italy, will not be content with the victory which shall re-establish them; not only will a rule of Neapolitan atrocity be felt throughout from the Baltic to the Mediterranean; but the Despotic Confederacy will inevitably seek to *extend* its conquests.—Already is it preparing to do so, in fulfilment of Napoleon's alternative prophecy, that Europe must be either Cossack or Republican. Napoleon vainly tried to close Europe against English commerce; but he had no agent in the Inner Circle. Will the merchants, and manufacturers, and laborers, be content to see a more than Berlin decree establish a Zollverein of Absolutist Europe?

We ask our "Moderate" readers—who may be inclined to cast reproaches in our teeth, that we are violating the sacred quiet of. Peace—to ask themselves whether we are not truly recapitulating the actual state of affairs?

Already has an indiscreet organ of the Despotic Confederacy, the *Constitutional* in Paris, declared that it will *rather* have Europe Cossack than Socialist.

And as the Cossack host advances England thinks it wise to shut her eyes and *say* that "there is Peace!"

England, who might decree a real, solid, victorious peace, if she would but act up to her own principles! Yes, if England would but stand chivalrously by her own principles, wherever they are infringed,—would but sustain whomsoever supports those principles,—she might endow Europe with the genuine peace which freedom guarantees. For never was there a more hollow monster than this Despotism, if it were but fairly encountered. Its exchequer bankrupt, England might destroy its means in the money market of the world. Its physical strength drawn from the very Peoples who are oppressed by keeping them apart and using them against each other, might be reabsorbed into those Peoples by any influence which should unite them. And in *such* an enterprise France neither could nor would refuse to act with England. But England leaves the field unoccupied; or rather lends her influence, her resources, her power, negatively at least and often actively, to the English member of that Diplomatic circle which has reorganized the Despotic Confederacy.

What hope, then, remains of resisting the march of Cossackism across Europe. We see but one; and it is time to call forth that hope into active life. It is an appeal to the Democracy of Europe; indeed, not only of Europe, but the Democracy of the whole world. England has waived her right to the post of honor; but by the concealed cords of Diplomacy and Court influences—the Anglo-American Republic.—That republic is the natural head of the Democratic movement. True her fathers forewarned her against European intervention; but when Cossackism has established itself on the shores of the Atlantic, it will be too late to discuss the *policy* of intervention, too late to take the initiative. Besides, the people of that Republic can act without waiting for the Government.—Nor would it really be an alien intervention. Her sons can act with us; they are more than cousins, they are brothers of the whole blood, needing only a common action to develope all our brotherhood. And to the Democracy of the world they are the very brothers of their reliance.

An American force in the battle-field of Europe, raising the standard of universal Democracy, would call forth every People of the Continent, in hope, courage, and irresistible numbers. Floating in that field, "the star spangled banner" would strike terror and despair into the heart of old Despotism, conscious of its doom. Its very coming would be victory

The appeal would be felt even in this country. If a particular class just now lends its influence to a Diplomacy-deluded Government, the bulk of the English people has no such spell upon it; the present Government of England has deliberately provoked the enmity of Ireland; we have seen how impatient the most active of our colonies are under the low rule of the party which manages in Downing-street: the Cape of Good Hope, Canada, the Australias, are full of sympathy with Peoples who have struggled, like themselves, for freedom and self-government. Once raise the standard of universal Democracy in Europe, and the people of our colonies, the people of Ireland, and of England itself, would shout an echo to the summons, and would soon place in power a Government strong enough, in head and heart and popular influence, to lead England to her true post.

We have no fear that such a war would flood us, like that from the East, with barbarism; it *must* be animated by a noble chivalry and high spirit. We have no fear that it would entail national debts—it would be self-supporting—it would "pay" itself out of the treasures of Despotism, out of the perverted wealth, the impropriated lands of the Peoples. We have no fear that it would establish a "tyranny of the many," —the idea which this pen has long been labouring to incalculate, that a union of the Peoples of the world against the tyrants would still leave each People to be free in itself, to follow its own genius, and work out its own development, is now understood. Here is a crusade against the true Eastern Infidelity of our day—the infidelity of Despotism in the rights of humanity; here is a field on which America can rejoin the active Peoples of the Old World, win her spurs in the history of Europe itself, and unite the glories of the two hemispheres. Austria has challenged the Democracy of the World; let the Democracy accept the challenge: we pass the challenge to the young Democracy of America.

FROM HAVANA.—By the arrival of the brig Adams Gray, Capt. Robertson, we are in receipt of Havana dates to the 14th instant, inclusive. Save the departure of the Cuban prisoners for Spain, there is no news of importance. They sailed on the 8th instant. In another column we publish a list of the unfortunate men, who are probably condemned to a fate, to which, death itself were an alleviation. The total number contained in the list, is one hundred and sixteen, whilst previous Spanish reports, as well as different correspondents, set the number of prisoners captured at one hundred and fifty-two. The Spanish official reports gave the names of several whose names do not appear among those who sailed for Spain. We infer then, that some of the prisoners are yet in confinement at Havana. If our surmise be correct, the cause of their detention is, of course, known only to the Spanish authorities.—*N. O. Crescent.*

☞ The governor of Ky., is a very amusing man. His name is Lazarus W. Powell. In 1848, after a debate with Leslie Coombs, Col. Powell was asked what his prospects were for the election, to which he good-humoredly replied: I shall be beaten about six thousand votes; but my name is Lazarus, and I believe in the resurrection." Col. P. was beaten then, but beats now, though the State is overwhelmingly Whig.

Adams & Co.'s Express.

"Crystal," a Washington correspondent of the Norfolk Herald, in a letter dated the 17th ult., says:

"Southward the star of Adams & Co's Express takes its way." We see that the indefatigable Col. Shoemaker has opened a line of Express by the Bay Steamers and Seaboard Road from Baltimore to Norfolk, Portsmouth Suffolk, Carrsville, Franklin, Edenton, and Weldon—His arrangements will soon be completed to Charleston

It is strange how little is understood of the capabilities of the Adams Express. It is the greatest facilitier of the age—it is the most perfect and responsible agent ever invented—it is your second self for all practical purposes—it gives you the power of ubiquity, for by its unswerving faithfulness you may transact business in every city of the Union. Without running the hazard of Uncle Sam's mail, the Express will safely effect your remittances, collect your bills, carry your drafts. It will make your purchases as cheaply as yourself—bring you a wooden nutmeg from New England or a bale of cotton from the South—it will transport to any point a barrel of Norfolk's famous oysters, or garnish your table, dear Commodore, with Baltimore's delicious Sir Loin. If you want to send to Paris for a basket of Chateau Margeau or a French Kid Glove, or to London for Brown Stout, or a Fur Robe from Nicholas & Son, Oxford street you have only to express your wishes, and presto! they will be Expressed back to you through 15 Cornhill to Mr Crowdery in Norfolk, or to any place in the United States."

DIED:

Yesterday evening, at 5 o'clock, ROSE ANN CLARK, in the 63d year of her age.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, from her late residence, corner of Penn and Factory streets, Fifth Ward, to proceed to St. Mary's Cemetery.

On Thursday morning, October 2, in the 40th year of his age, ALEXANDER PARKER ANDREWS, son of the late Rev. John Andrews.

The funeral will take place on SATURDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, from his late residence, corner of Federal and Robinson streets, Allegheny City, and proceed to the Allegheny Cemetery. The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend, without further notice.

LAFAYETTE HALL.

LAST GRAND OPERATIC CONCERT!

For This Night Only!

THE celebrated American Prima Donna, Madame ROSALIE DURAND, assisted by the eminent Prima Basso, Signor ANTONIO NORVELLI, from the Italian Opera of Milan, Vienna, Naples, Turin, and Astor Place, New York, will have the honor of making their first appearance before the ladies and gentlemen of Pittsburgh, on FRIDAY EVENING, October 3d, 1851. Prof. CHARLES FEINE will preside at the Piano Forte.

Tickets of admission 50 cents. To be had at the Music Stores, principal Hotels, and at the Door, on the evening of the Concert.

Doors open at 6½; Concert to commence at 7½.

oct3:1t

NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Little Saw Mill Run Railroad Company are hereby notified that the second instalment of Five Dollars Per Share is required to be paid on or before the first day of November next, and a similar amount to be paid each and every thirty days hereafter, until the whole be paid.

By order of the Board of Directors.

oct3 4tw ALEX'R CARNAHAN, Treasurer.

Returned to the City.

HENRY LANDWEHR has the pleasure to announce to his friends and old customers, that he has returned to the City, and re opened at his old stand, the sign of the SWAN, Market street where he will continue during the winter season, well and amply provided for the accommodation of his old customers. Among his supplies are some lots of choice FRENCH BRANDY, CHAMPAIGNE and PORT WINES of very superior qualities, which he will sell wholesale or retail, and which he has recently purchased out of the custom houses in New York and Philadelphia. His house will continue as heretofore its supply of OYSTERS, SARDINES, &c. &c. [oct3:1f

A Card.

THE undersigned respectfully invites the public to call and examine a specimen of his PENMANSHIP, which will be exhibited at the Post Office, at 8 o'clock, THIS MORNING, (October 3d, 1851).

oct3:1t D. CROUCH.

THE Partnership existing under the firm of R. TOWNSEND & CO., being dissolved by the decease of Rees C. Townsend, the undersigned will continue the business as heretofore, under the style of R. TOWNSEND & CO. ROBERT TOWNSEND. WM. P. TOWNSEND.

Pittsburgh, October 3, 1851—d&w2w

ROBERT TOWNSEND, New Brighton, Pa. WM P TOWNSEND, Pittsburgh.

R. TOWNSEND & CO.,

WIRE MANUFACTURERS,

NO. 19 MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

oct3:d&w2w

CHEAP PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A valuable property, of 27 feet front on Locock street, First Ward, Allegheny, by 65 feet deep, with a large two story frame Dwelling House, comfortably arranged for two tenants, each having four rooms. All in good order.

The above would suit two persons desirous of possessing a permanent home, at a very moderate price.—The whole will be sold for $800.

Persons interested will attend.

S. CUTHBERT, Gen'l Agent,

oct3 50 Smithfield street.

Removal.

H. CHIGNELL would inform his customers and the public, that he has removed his Store from Liberty street to No. 155 Wood street, opposite the First Presbyterian Church, where can always be found a complete stock of GENTLEMEN'S APPAREL, of all descriptions. Call and look at them. [oct3:1m

FRESH SALMON AND FRESH LOBSTERS—Put up in one and two pound cans, hermetically sealed, very superior, for sale by

W. A. M'CLURG & CO.,

oct3 Grocers and Tea Dealers.

WINE VINEGAR—A pure article;
Cider do do do very superior
for pickling; for sale by

oct3 W. A. M'CLURG & CO.

COD FISH—Received and for sale by

oct3 W. A. M'CLURG & CO.

NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters Testamentary to the Estate of AARON BLASDELL, deceased, late of the City of Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement, to John R. Large, Esq., my Attorney, at No. 126 Fourth street.

oct3:6tw M. H. WILSON, Executor.

GLASS—12 bxs. 7-9 Glass, in store and for sale by

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **Ten Dollars Reward.**—Will be given to any person detecting boys or men in stealing the *Post* from the doors of the subscribers.

sep8:tf HARPER & LAYTON.

PRICES REDUCED!

$1,00. ONE DOLLAR. $1,00.

☞ **Daguerreotypes.** ☜

LIKENESSES taken at the new Daguerreotype Rooms, Lafayette Hall, Fourth street, a few doors from Wood, for the low price of one dollar, and upward, according to the size and quality of case or frame.

☞ Rooms open and operating from 8 A. M to 5 P. M. Citizens and strangers are respectfully invited to call. [sep26:tf

☞ **A Most Remarkable Case of Total Blindness Cured by Petroleum.**—We invite the attention of the afflicted and the public generally to the certificate of William Hall, of this city. The case may be seen by any person who may be skeptical in relation to the facts there set forth. S. M. KIER.

"I had been afflicted several years with a soreness of both eyes, which continued to increase until last September, (1850), the inflammation at that time having involved the whole lining membrane of both eyes, and ended in the deposite of a thick film, which wholly destroyed my sight. I had an operation performed; and the thickening removed, which soon returned and left me in as bad a condition as before. At this stage of the complaint I made application to several of the most eminent medical men, who informed me that "my eyes would never get well." At this time I could not distinguish any object. By the advice of some friends I commenced the use of the Petroleum, both internally and locally, under which my eyes have improved daily until the present time, and I have recovered my sight entirely. My general health was very much improved by the Petroleum, and I attribute the restoration of my sight to its use. I reside at No. 102 Second street, in this city, and will be happy to give any information in relation to my case WILLIAM HALL."

Pittsburgh, September 17, 1851.

For sale by KEYSER & M'DOWELL, 140 Wood st.; R. E. SELLERS, 57 Wood street, and by the Proprietor.

sep18

☞ **For Sale.**—A FINE BAY HORSE—six years old; a first-rate racker under saddle, and fast trotter in harness; perfectly sound.

Apply at 132 Wood street. [sep30:1w

ENCOURAGE HOME INSTITUTIONS.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PITTSBURGH.

C. G. HUSSEY, Prest. ....A. W. MARKS, Sec'y

Office—No. 41 Water st., in Warehouse of C. H. Grant.

☞ THIS Company is now prepared to insure all kinds of risks, on Houses, Manufactories, Goods, Merchandize in Store, and in Transitu Vessels, &c.

An ample guaranty for the ability and integrity of the Institution, is afforded in the character of the Directors, who are all citizens of Pittsburgh, well and favorably known to the community for their prudence, intelligence and integrity.

DIRECTORS—C. G. Hussey, Wm. Bagaley, Wm. Larimer, Jr., Walter Bryant, Hugh D. King, Edward Heazelton, Z. Kinsey, S. Harbaugh, S. M. Kier. mar12:tf

New Job Printing Office.

☞ THE Proprietors of the *Morning Post* beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have received from the Foundry of L. JOHNSON & Co., Philadelphia, a very large stock of beautiful NEW TYPE, of every size and variety imaginable. They are now prepared to execute all kinds of JOB AND FANCY CARD PRINTING, in a style unsurpassed by any Office in the country, and upon the lowest terms.

HARPER & LAYTON.

Pittsburgh, June 9, 1851.

☞ **Odd Fellows' Hall,** *Odeon Building, Fourth street, between Wood and Smithfield streets.*—Pittsburgh Encampment, No. 2, meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays of each month.

Pittsburgh Degree Lodge, No. 4, meets 2d and 4th Tuesdays.

Mechanics' Lodge, No. 9, meets every Thursday evening.

Western Star Lodge, No. 24, meets every Wednesday evening.

Iron City Lodge, No. 182, meets every Monday ev'ng.

Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 360, meets every Monday evening, at Union Hall, corner of Fifth and Smithfield.

Zocco Lodge, No. 385, meets every Thursday evening, at their Hall, corner of Smithfield and Fifth streets.

Twin City Lodge, No. 241, meets every Friday evening. Hall, corner of Leacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny City. [may29:1y

☞ **Angerona Lodge, I. O. of O. F.**—The Angerona Lodge, No. 289, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood street

ja4:1y.

☞ **I. O. of O. F.**—Place of Meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between 5th and Virgin Alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 336—Meets every Tuesday evening.

MERCANTILE ENCAMPMENT, No. 87—Meets 1st and 3d Friday of each month. mar25—1y

Pittsburgh Life Insurance Company.

CAPITAL $100,000.

☞ OFFICE, No. 75 FOURTH STREET. ☜

OFFICERS:

President—James S. Hoon;
Vice President—Samuel M'Clurkan.
Treasurer—Joseph S. Leech.
Secretary—C. A. Colton.

☞ See advertisement in another part of this paper

my22

Notice.—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the second Monday of every month at the Florida House, Market st.

u67y] JOHN YOUNG, jr., Secretary.

Associated Firemen's Insurance Company of the City of Pittsburgh.

W W DALLAS, Prest.—ROBERT FINNEY, Sec'y.

☞ Will insure against FIRE and MARINE RISKS of all kinds.

Office in Monongahela House, Nos. 124 and 125 Water st.

DIRECTORS:

W. W. Dallas, Rody Patterson, R. H. Hartley, R. B. Simpson, Joshua Rhodes, C. H. Paulson, Wm. M. Edgar, Edward Gregg, A. P. Anshutz, Wm. Collingwood, B. C. Sawyer, Chas. Kent, Wm. Gorman feb20

Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL, $1,380,000.

COLUMBUS INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL, $300,000.

☞ Office for the above Companies removed to the Bookstore of H. S. Bosworth & Co., No. 50 Market st., second door from the Diamond. The Office, No. 81 Water street, for rent, at a very low rate.

sep29 R. H. BEESON, Agent.

Fayette Manufacturing Company.

☞ Books are now open at the Office of the Fayette Manufacturing Company, 129 Wood street, for subscription to the new Stock in their Company of Fifteen Hundred shares, at Fifty Dollars each, as authorized by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in conformity with the "General Manufacturing Law." Ten dollars on each share to be paid down as first instalment, and five dollars per share monthly, until the full amount is paid.

JOHN FLEMING,

sep4:4w President Fayette Manufacturing Co.

Collecting, Bill Posting, &c.

JOHN M'COURRY

☞ Attends to Collecting, Bill Posting, Distributing Cards and Circulars for Parties, &c., &c.

☞ Orders left at the Office of the Morning Post, or at Holmes' Periodical Store, Third st., will be promptly attended to. [my21:1y

U. A. O. D.

☞ Meets above Board of Trade Rooms, corner of Third and Wood streets, every Monday evening.

pr28

☞ **Dr. Guysott's Improved Extract of YELLOW DOCK AND SARSAPARILLA**—For the cure of disease, or as a Spring purifier of the blood, and as a general tonic for the system, is unrivalled.

The curative powers of this Extract are truly wonderful, and all invalids should make immediate trial of the "Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla." It cannot injure the most delicate patient.

Then fly from Mineral nostrums to seek hope, life, and vigor, from this purely vegetable remedy. Therefore, however broken in health and spirits, however loathsome to himself and others, let no one despair of recovery; let the patient only understand that the hope of his physical restoration lies only in "Guysott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla," and persuade him, for his life's sake, to try it, and we have no hesitation in predicting his speedy restoration to health.

See advertisement. [au9

☞ DEAFNESS, noises in the head, and all disagreeable discharges from the ear, speedily and permanently removed without pain or inconvenience, by Dr. HARTLEY, Principal Aurist of the N. Y. Ear Surgery, who may be consulted at 99 ARCH street, Philadelphia, from 9 to 3 o'clock.

Thirteen years close and almost undivided attention to this branch of special practice has enabled him to reduce his treatment to such a degree of success as to find the most confirmed and obstinate cases yield by a steady attention to the means prescribed. [au26

☞ **Hints to Parents.**—One great source of disease in children is the unhealthiness of parents! It would be just as reasonable to expect a rich crop from a barren soil, as that strong and healthy children should be born of parents whose constitutions have been worn out with intemperance and disease. A sickly frame may be originally induced by hardships, accidents, or intemperance, but chiefly by the latter. It is impossible that a course of vice or imprudence should not spoil the best constitution; and did the evil terminate here, it would be a just punishment for the folly of the transgressor. But not so. For when once a disease is contracted, and through neglect in applying the proper means it becomes rivited in the habit, it is then entailed upon posterity.—Female constitutions are as capable of improvement as family estates—and ye who would wish to improve, not only your own health, but that of your own offspring, by eradicating the many distressing diseases that are entailed through neglect or imprudence, lose no time in purifying the blood and cleansing the system. Married persons, and those about to be married, should not fail to purify their blood, for how many diseases are transmitted to posterity. How often do we see Scalds, Scrofula and a thousand other afflictions, transmitted to the rising generation, that might have been prevented by this timely precaution? To accomplish which, there is nothing before the public, or the whole world, so effectual as Dr. BULL'S LATEST IMPROVED FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA, combining Yellow Dock and Burdock, with the pure and genuine Honduras Sarsaparilla. For general debility during this warm weather, it acts like a charm, restoring elasticity of muscle and vigor with sprightliness of intellect.

KEYSER & M'DOWELL,

Wholesale and Retail Agents,

140 Wood st., Pittsburgh.

For sale by D. M. Curry and Joseph Douglass, Allegheny City, and by Druggists generally [jel2:d&wlm

[From the Louisville Journal, May 29th, 1851.]

Dr. J. S. Houghton's Pepsin, for Dyspepsia,

Prepared from Rennet, or the Stomach of the Ox.

☞ On the 7th of May, 1851, Rev. M. D. Williams, Pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian Church, in Louisville, Kentucky, was and had been for a long time confined to his room, and most of the time to his bed, with Dyspepsia and Chronic Diarrhea, and was, to all appearance, on the very verge of the grave, and acknowledged to be so by his physician, who had tried all the ordinary means in his power, without effect, and at the above named time, the patient, with the consent of his physician, commenced the use of Dr. Houghton's "PEPSIN," and to the astonishment, surprise and delight of all, he was much relieved the first day. The third day he left his room. The sixth day, which was excessively hot, he rode ten miles with no bad effect; on the eighth day he went on a visit to the country; and, on the thirteenth day, though not entirely restored to his natural strength, he was so far recovered as to *go alone* a journey of five hundred miles, where he arrived in safety, much improved in health, having had no disturbance of the stomach or bowels, *after taking the first dose of Pepsin.* These facts are not controvertible, and that this is a case which ought to convince all skeptics that there is a power in "PEPSIN." Let physicians and dyspeptics investigate.

KEYSER & M'DOWELL, Agents,

jell 140 Wood street.

French Cloaks.

GEORGE R WHITE, No. 59 Market street, will open on Monday next, a choice stock of VELVET, WATERED SILK, and CLOTH CLOAKS, of the newest Patterns, to which he respectfully invites attention.

sep26:3w

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.......... JOSEPH C. FOSTER.

Prices of Admission—First Tier and Parquette 50c.; Second and Third Tiers 25c.; Reserved seats in Dress Circle 75c.; Private Boxes $1,00.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Curtain rises at 7½.

☞ Last night of the American Tragedian, Mr. J. B. ROBERTS.

FRIDAY EVENING, October 3d, the performances will commence with

KING JOHN.

John, King of England, ... Mr. J. B. Roberts.
Lady Constance, ... Mrs. Vickery.

After which, Dance, by Miss WELLS.

The whole to conclude with

COUSIN JOE.

Cousin Joe, ... Mr. Richardson.
Margery, ... Mrs. E. Place.

In rehersal, QUASIMODO, or the DEFORMED of NOTRE DAME.

Dancing School.

MR. C. BROOKS, late from Philadelphia, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh, that his school will open for the season on Monday evening, October 6th, 1851, at Splane's Monongahela Rooms, corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets. He will teach plain and fancy Cotillions, Polka Quadrilles, Scottish Quadrilles, plain and fancy Waltzes.

Mr. B. can be seen at the Rooms every day, from 10 to 12, A. M., and 4 to 6 P. M. [oct1:3t

Athenæum—Liberty-Street,

WILL OPEN, THIS EVENING, September 19th, *the Largest Painting in the World.* HUTCHING'S GRAND CLASSICAL PANORAMA OF THE SEA AND SHORES OF THE MEDITERRANEAN, depicting all the grand, beautiful, sublime scenery upon the classical shores of the Old World for nearly four thousand miles in extent, pronounced by the public and press to be by far the most truthful, comprehensive and magnificent Painting ever brought into this country.

Admission—25 cents; Children 15 cents. The Panorama will move every evening in the week at a ¼ before 8 o'clock. [sep19:tf

Young Men's Mercantile Library Association, and Mechanics' Institute.

MR. GLIDDON will deliver three Lectures, on BABYLON, NINEVEH and PERSEPOLIS, (comprising all the latest Biblical discoveries among the ancient monuments of Assyria and Chaldea, copiously illustrated)—before the members of the above Institution and the citizens generally, at the City Lecture Room, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, entrance on Wood. The first Lecture will be given on Tuesday, 7th October; the second on Thursday, the 9th; and the third on Saturday, the 11th instant. To commence at half past seven, precisely.

TERMS—Citizens' Course Ticket, $1,00; single admission, 50 cents. To be had at the principal Bookstores and Hotels. Members' Course Ticket, seventy-five cents; single admission, 37½ cents—to be obtained at the Library Rooms, or from Committee on Lectures.

For particulars see small bills. [oct2

Greenwood Garden.

A CHOICE COLLECTION OF SHRUBBERY, Vining Roses, Raspberry, Strawberry, Gooseberry, Rhubarb, Grape Vines, hardy Monthly Roses, and every plant necessary to ornament yards and gardens, will be found at Greenwood Nursery. An Omnibus leaves the corner of Market and Fifth streets, Pittsburgh every half hour, for the Garden. Ice Creams and other refreshments served upon the Saloons

Orders addressed to the Proprietor, West Manchester, Allegheny county, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

jy25:tf J. M'KAIN.

Health Office.

THE public are informed that the OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH of the City of Pittsburgh is at No. 69, Grant street, between Fourth and Diamond streets, where all Notices and Communications for the Board must be left. CHARLES NAYLOR,

jy12 Secretary.

G. E. ARNOLD & CO.,

BANKERS, AND DEALERS IN

EXCHANGE COIN,

BANK NOTES,

SIGHT AND

TIME DRAFTS, &c., &c.

Collections carefully attended to, and proceeds remitted to any part of the Union.

☞ STOCKS ☜

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

No. 74 *Fourth street,*

sep13] Next door to the Bank of Pittsburgh.

CARD.

THE subscriber begs most respectfully to return thanks to his friends and customers for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his commencement in business, and hopes by strict attention and fidelity in the execution of all orders entrusted to his care, to merit a continuance of their favors.

He would also announce to them and the public in general, that he has just received a handsome assortment of Goods, selected in New York and Philadelphia, for the Fall and Winter Trade, such as superfine Black and Fancy Colored CLOTHS; Labrador, Lambskin, Beaver and Devonshire Cersey Coatings; Plain and Colored French CASSIMERES, to which he would invite especial attention; which, for variety and newness of style is superior to any thing in this city. Also, a beautiful lot of Black and Colored SILK SATIN, Cashmere, Marseilles and White Silk party Vestings,—all of which he is prepared to make to order in a superior manner, at low prices JAMES C. WATT,

36 Market street,

between Second and Third streets.

TO TAILORS.—J. C. Watt's Graduating Shoulder Measure System of Garment Draughting for sale at the following prices, viz:—If accompanied by Oral Instructions, $10; without Instructions, $7 [oct7

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Packet of the 6th of October.

THE Packet Ship ASHBURTON, J. McWilliams, Master, will sail as above, her regular day.

For passage having superior accommodations, apply to

W. & J. T. TAPSCOTT & Co.,

or James Blakely,

oct2 Sixth and Liberty sts., Pittsburgh.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—To Sail on the 21st of October.—The Packet Ship New WORLD, Knight, Master, will sail as above, her regular day.

For passage, having superior accommodations, apply to JAMES BLAKELY, Agent,

oct2 Sixth and Liberty sts., Pittsburgh.

FOR LONDON—*Packet of the 16th of October.* The Packet Ship CORNELIUS GRINNELL, Fletcher, Master, will sail as above, her regular day.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodation, apply to the captain on board, foot of Maiden lane.

W. & J. T. TAPSCOTT & CO.,

86 South st., N. Y., or to

JAMES BLAKELY,

oct2 Sixth and Liberty sts.

A Rare Chance.

A MERCHANT residing in a county town, desires to retire from the "Retail Dry Goods" business—Consequently, he will offer his stock, to a young man who wishes to enter into that business, upon terms desirable to one of small means. The stock has been replenished for the winter. For particulars apply to

STUART & SILL,

oct2 No. 124 Wood street.

New Stock of Chickering's Piano Fortes.

JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood street, is now receiving an entire new stock of Piano Fortes, from the celebrated manufactory of Chickering, Boston, consisting of all the varieties now made at Boston, without any prices invariably the same as at Boston, without any charge for transportation or risk. Old Pianos taken in part payment. JOHN H. MELLOR,

Agent for the sale of Chickering's Pianos, for Western Pennsylvania. oct2

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

FOUR LOTS on Liberty street and Spring alley, on which are eight Brick Tenements, near the Railroad Depot, in the Fifth Ward;

One Lot on Liberty street, 31 by 100 feet, adjoining Mr. John M'Closkey's Clothing Store;

Three Lots on the west side of Liberty street, 20 by 110 feet each, 26 feet above Water street, occupied by Mr. James Wightman's Steam Boiler Manufactory;

One large Brick House, with Lot, on Centre Avenue, 60 by 240 feet, with good stable, fine garden and fruit trees, near De Villie street;

Three Lots on Centre Avenue, 24 by 82 feet;

Three Lots on Duncan street, 24 by 83 feet, near Irwin street;

Six Lots on Centre Avenue, 23 by 100 feet, near Addison street;

Twenty Lots on Addison street, near Centre Avenue, 24 by 140 feet;

Twenty Lots on John street, near Chauncey street, 24 by 186 feet;

One large Brick House, with one acre of Land, in Minersville; with good garden, stable, and every convenience for a country residence.

For terms and particulars enquire of

IRA HERSEY,

oct22w No. 119 Wood street.

STRAWBERRIES! STRAWBERRIES!

A QUANTITY of *Wilmot Superb Seedling Strawberry Plants* for sale at the Coal Hill Nursery.—This being the season for planting the plants, you get well established and fruit better the following season.—This variety wants no recommendation. The large quantity brought to the Pittsburgh market, sold at 25 cents per quart, when the other varieties sold at 16 and 12½ cents. They are more productive and finer flavored, and hold out longer in fruiting by two weeks. These Berries measure 4½ inches round. A sample of this Fruit can be seen at Mr. Henry Richardson's Jewelry Store, corner of the Diamond and Market street. All orders left there will be promptly attended to and forwarded to any distance. JOHN LOWEN,

sep30 Coal Hill Nursery.

Seminary for Young Ladies.

NO. 50 CHATHAM STREET.—MRS. MONG and daughters, intend opening a *SELECT SCHOOL*, for YOUNG LADIES, on Monday, the 6th of October, where all the branches of a polite and useful education will be taught. Vocal and Instrumental Music will be taught by Miss J. V. Mong. Terms of Tuition made known on application. [sep27:3w*

Chartiers Coal.

THE CHARTIERS COAL COMPANY having made extensive arrangements for shipping Coal on the Ohio River, at the harbor, at M'KEE'S ROCKS, are now prepared to deliver *five hundred Tons a day*, at one dollar per ton of 2240 pounds, *(scale weight)*; five per cent. being allowed for loss in shipment, or, (until further notice), *ninety-five cents per ton, afloat.*

They will sell to the county, at their wharf, *at one dollar per ton*, to all parties loading their own wagons.

This Company has peculiar facilities for loading steamboats, &c., for the take or lower markets

A ton of 2240 pounds contains *thirty bushels* of Pittsburgh Coal, fairly measured.

Apply to the Clerk, at the Office, at M'Kee's Rocks; or to the Engineer, ELWOOD MORRIS, Esq., at the Monongahela House. THOMAS M'ELRATH,

sep29:1m President C. C. C.

Notice.

THE Stockholders of the CITIZENS' DEPOSITE BANK are hereby notified that an election for Three Directors, to serve for one year, will be held at the Office of the Company, on Tuesday, the 7th day of October, proximo, at 12 o'clock, M., to 3 o'clock, P. M. By order of the Directors. [sep29:9t

A Valuable Farm at Auction.

IN Pursuance of the directions contained in the last will and testament of JOHN CREADY, deceased, we will expose to public sale, *at the Court House*, in the City of Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, the *6th day of October*, 1851, at 10 o'clock, A. M., all that valuable FARM; situate in Baldwin township, in the county of Allegheny; bounded by lands of Daniel Risher, John Gordon, Jacob Cready and others, near the Six Mile Ferry, on the Monongahela river, containing about NINETY-SIX ACRES—and allowance. A large proportion of which contains Stone Coal of the very best quality. The land is of an excellent description for farming purposes; and persons wishing to engage either in Agriculture or the Coal business, will find this a desirable opportunity to secure a good bargain. Terms made known at sale.

JOSEPH O'BRIEN,

SARAH MULHOLLAN,

sep29:dts&w1t Executors of John Cready, dec'd.

Buggy for Sale.

A NEAT EASTERN BUGGY, with leather top, made by Watson & Co., Philadelphia, for sale low.

Enquire of TOWNSEND, CARR & CO.,

sep10 St. Clair street.

WATCH REPAIRING.—In all its different branches, done as well as at any other establishment in America, and at as low prices, at, HOOD'S,

sep25 51 Market street.

SALESMAN WANTED.—A good Salesman wanted in a Clothing Store. One acquainted with the business preferred. Enquire at THIS OFFICE. [oct1