Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY

Harper & Layton, Proprietors and Publishers.
L. HARPER, EDITOR.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING.....JUNE 24, 1851.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM BIGLER,

OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

SETH CLOVER,

OF CLARION COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS

For Justices of the Supreme Bench.

HON. JEREMIAH S. BLACK, *of Somerset.*
" JAMES CAMPBELL, *of Philadelphia.*
" ELLIS LEWIS, *of Lancaster.*
" JOHN B. GIBSON, *of Cumberland.*
" WALTER H. LOWRIE, *of Allegheny.*

Meeting of the Democratic Committee of Correspondence of Allegheny County.

The Committee met at the Office of the *Morning Post*, on Saturday, June 14th, at 11 o'clock. ANDREW BURST, Esq., the regular Chairman, being absent, on motion Maj. DAVID LYNCH acted as Chairman, *pro tem.*

After some consultation, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved. That this Committee do now adjourn, to meet again on Saturday, July 26th, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the St. Charles Hotel, in the city of Pittsburgh, to transact such business as may then and there be brought before them.

DAVID LYNCH, *Chairman, pro tem.*
L. HARPER, *Secretary.*

☞ The following named persons compose the Committee:

A. Burke, Dr. John Pollock,
Dr. A. Black, Wm. G. Hawkins,
Charles Barrett, Dr. James Powers,
Robert Woods, John Dunn,
L. Harper, H. S. Magraw,
Charles Kent, Rody Patterson,
John Coyle, John D. Miller,
D. Lynch, Abraham Hays.

[COMMUNICATED]

Western Pennsylvania Hospital.

The Managers of the Ladies' Helping Hand Society for furnishing the Hospital, have nearly completed the work they have undertaken on the part of the Society, with the exception of the private pay rooms. These were to have been furnished by individuals, but so far very few have been attended to. On Friday next, the Managers will hold a meeting at the Hospital, before which time all the bills will be presented, and in order to know what amount of the funds on hand can be appropriated to the cooking or warming apparatus, *they particularly request that those ladies who have engaged to furnish private rooms, or are willing to do so, will furnish their rooms before the meeting, or notify the Managers at that time, in writing, of their intention to do so at some early period.*

"THE BLOOMER."

We shall present the lady readers of the *Post* to-morrow with a finely executed engraving of the new Costume that is now rapidly coming in to fashion throughout the country. It will create intense excitement throughout the city.

A PUBLIC PARK.

We do not suppose that there is a city of the size of Pittsburgh in the Union, that is without a Public Park. Why this city has remained so long without one is a matter of astonishment to every stranger who visits us. The utility, we may indeed say *necessity*, of such a place of resort, is admitted by every body: hence there is no occasion for entering into an argument upon the subject. At one time, public opinion had pretty clearly pointed out the old water basin lots, on Grant street, opposite the Court House, as the best location in the city for a Park; but our "City Fathers," having a greater love for money than for the health, comfort and happiness of our citizens at large, ordered those lots to be sold under the hammer, so as to redeem a few dirty shinplasters! Lamentable as this act was, it is now past, and cannot be helped.

The same public opinion now points to the vacant square, bounded by Grant, Fourth, Ross and Diamond streets, as the best location *at present* to be found in the city for a Public Park. This body of land is owned by JAMES ROSS, Esq., a gentleman of great wealth, a liberal, public-spirited citizen, who is ever ready to contribute freely towards every enterprise calculated to advance the honor, glory and prosperity of his native city. Mr. Ross has expressed a willingness, we understand, to execute a perpetual lease, or in other words make a donation, of the above body of land to the city, on the condition that it will be used forever as a Public Park, and upon the further condition that the city will be at all necessary expense of grading, fencing in, laying out walks, planting trees, erecting fountains, &c., in the same.

If the gift is made, (and we have every reason to believe that it will be,) we presume the City Councils will readily accept it, and promptly comply with the conditions of the grant. If the matter is concluded, we would suggest that the Park be known and forever designated by the name of "ROSS PARK," in honor of the liberal and gentlemanly donor. This name would be handed down to the latest posterity, and hundreds and thousands and millions of beings yet unborn, will bless the name of Ross. We hope before many years shall have rolled away, to enjoy the pleasure of promenading in ROSS PARK, to luxuriate in its cool, refreshing groves, and listen to the murmur of its fountains and the melody of its birds.

A NEW PLATE.

The Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank of this city has had engraved a new plate for its $5 issues, to be used instead of the old one, on which counterfeits had been put in circulation. The new notes are beautifully executed, are an honor to the artist, and will be difficult to counterfeit. At a meeting of the directors last week, an order was made to burn the old issue of the denomination of $5.

Steamship "City of Pittsburgh."

Messrs. Perrine, Patterson & Stack, of Williamsburgh, launched, on Saturday last, the new Steamship "City of Pittsburgh" to run in connection with the "City of Glasgow," between Philadelphia and Liverpool. The New York *Herald* states that she is a propeller. Her engines are being built at the West point Works, and are to be of great power, and will be put up in a superior manner, from drawings by Chas. Copeland Esq.

The hull of this vessel is constructed of live oak, white oak, locust and cedar. She is extra fastened, and her frame coged together, and braced with iron diagonal braces throughout.—Her builders have been successful in their endeavors to make her a perfect ship; and she has undoubtedly one of the strongest and best fastened hulls ever constructed. The building of her has been done mostly under the superintendance of Mr. E. Mills, a gentleman for some years closely connected with American steam navigation, and is alike creditable to him and the builders.

The "City of Pittsburgh" is owned by the Pennsylvania steamship Company, and she will be commanded by Capt William C. Stoesbury; the engines will be under the control of Mr. M. Thompson.

The dimensions of her are:—Length 255 feet; beam, 40 feet; depth 26 feet; and she is 2,260 tons government, or 3,000 tons carpenter's measurement.

☞ The Chicago Democrat, the editor of which is the celebrated Long John Wentworth, says that "he feels *authorized* to say that Mr. Van Buren is willing to sign a letter, in conjunction with Gen. Cass, surrendering up all his claims for the Presidency, for the sake of harmonizing the Democratic party."

The Federal State Convention.

This body will assemble at Lancaster to-day, to nominate a ticket to be beaten next fall. We presume all the old *Aunty*-Masons from THADDEUS STEVENS down to F. C. FLANNIGAN, will be in attendance. The "Woolley Heads" being largely in the majority in the Whig ranks in Pennsylvania, there is no doubt but that resolutions will be passed in favor of Gen. SCOTT for the Presidency. And then we shall have "fun for the million." The "Silver Grays," or Webster and Fillmore portion of the party, will be apt to set up on their own hook! Go it, feds!

The New Constitution of Ohio.

From the returns published in our Ohio, exchanges, we are rejoiced to learn that the new Constitution of that state has been adopted by a very large majority probably from twelve to twenty thousand! This may be considered a Democratic triumph, as our friends in Ohio took grounds in favor of the new Constitution, and the Whigs, almost without exception, opposed it. We are inclined to think that this result will pave the way for the permanent triumph of the Democracy of Ohio.

For the Morning Post.

A Review of the Case of the Commonwealth vs. Foster and Fleeson, and of the Charge of the Court.

NUMBER TWO.

It is not easy to understand, from the published charge of the Court, what particular fact they held, should have been averred in the introductory part of the indictment. I, however, infer from what I can gather from it, and from what I have otherwise heard, that Judge M'Clure held, that it was essential to aver, that there were Penitentiaries in Jefferson City, Missouri, and Columbus, Ohio. Such, I understand, was the exception taken by the defendant's counsel. If this be so, I have no hesitation in taking issue with his Honor, and assuming the position, that the averment of these facts was unnecessary, and that the indictment, for this reason, was not defective.

In this point I shall take the authority cited by the Court. "Where," says this authority, "the statement of an extrinsic fact is necessary in order to render the libel intelligible, or to show its libellous quality, such extrinsic fact must be averred, in the introductory part of the indictment, &c." The plain meaning of the rule here laid down is, that, if the words are not in themselves libellous, but become so, in connexion with an extrinsic fact, that fact must be averred in the introductory part of the indictment. As for instance:—If I publish upon A., that he was concerned in that affair at the Factory, the words would not of course be libellous; for there may be many affairs there, which are perfectly lawful. But, if there had been a riot at the Factory, and it was the intention to convey the idea that A., had been concerned in it, it would be necessary to aver the fact of the riot, and to show that the words had been published in reference to that fact. "Where the slanderous charge or imputation can be collected from the words themselves, it is unnecessary to make any averment as to circumstances to which they refer," 1 Starkie on Slander 392. The averment of extrinsic facts is only essential where it is necessary to enable the jury to ascertain the meaning of the publication, and to judge whether the matter is libellous or not. Now could the averment and proof of the facts, that there was a Penitentiary in Jefferson City, and one in Columbus, enlighten the jury, or assist them in ascertaining the meaning of the publication in question? Would it have aided them in the slightest degree? Was not the libel as intelligible without the proof of these facts, as with it? It seems to me that it would be just as reasonable to require an averment that there were a city of Jefferson, and of Columbus, or States of Missouri and of Ohio. The existence of the Penitentiaries are just as notorious as of the cities and States. Let any person read the article in the Dispatch, and he cannot possibly draw any other conclusion than that the writer's meaning is that Hart was in those prisons. If he does not mean that, he means nothing. But the averment of these facts were unnecessary for another reason. The words were calculated to cast an imputation upon Hart, to expose him up to ridicule and contempt; to excite him to anger and to a breach of the peace, and it was wholly immaterial whether there was a Penitentiary either in Missouri or Ohio, or not.

But the indictment under review, did aver expressly, that the article was intended to apply to Hart, and to convey the meaning that he had been in those Prisons. It is so averred in the inuendoes; and notwithstanding Judge M'Clure says, "An inuendo can explain, only where there is a previous averment on which to ground that explanation." It has long since been decided in Pennsylvania that *an inuendo* is an explanation. In Bonman *vs.* Boyer 3 Beim 517, Chief Justice Tilghman remarks that "Where words will bear several meanings, the plaintiff has a right to *aver by inuendo*, the meaning in which he conceives they were spoken, and it is for the *jury* to decide whether he is right;" and Chief Justice Gibson in the case of Hays *vs.* Briely 4 Watts 392, in speaking of the relaxation of the strictness of pleading says, "There are symptoms of relaxation everywhere, but particularly in Pennsylvania, where *the inuendo is beginning to perform the office of an averment, determinable by the jury.*"

It is now clear, that the Commonwealth did aver, by inuendoes, as she had a right to do, that the article in the Dispatch meant that Hart had been in the Missouri and Ohio Penitentiaries; and she had a right to have the fact tried by the jury. It was the province and duty of the jury to say whether the meaning of the libel was such as she had *averred* it to be. But this his Honor would not permit. He pronounced the indictment defective, and said that if he had known of the defect, before any evidence had been given in the case, he would not have permitted "the Commonwealth to call a single witness;" and then, after having previously told the jury, in substance, that when they came to examine indictments, they would find that the inuendoes did not explain the libel, because there was nothing in it by which they were connected with what went before, left it to them to say, whether or not, "involuntary total abstinence society" meant a Penitentiary. I will say nothing about the propriety of the Judge first decidding a question of law, that the indictment was defective and insufficient, and that the inuendoes were of no importance, and then instructing the jury that they might, if they could find a verdict of guilty; for this was the substance of this part of the charge. But I will say that it was scarcely to be expected that an intelligent jury would convict on a defective indictment. If they had done so, the Court would have been bound to arrest the judgment, entertaining the opinion which they professed to entertain.

Anciently, in England, in the darker ages of the bands, Judge M'Clure's opinion might have been held sound; for it was then held that the words, "Thou art as arrant a thief as any in England," were not actionable, because there was no averment that there was any thief in England. So the words, "Thou art a murtherer, for thou art the fellow that did kill Mr. Sydam's man," were held not to be actionable, because it was not averred that any of Mr. Sydam's men had been killed. But these absurd niceties in pleadings have long since been relaxed, and more rational rules adopted, except, it seems, in the county of Allegheny, Pennsylvania, where we are still in the dark ages of the law.

Having thus, as, I trust, shown satisfactorily, by high legal authority, that this indictment was sufficient in law, I shall close this number. In my next, I shall make some comments upon the Constitutional question raised upon the trial.

CATO.

☞ There is considerable dissatisfaction in the Democratic party at the nominations made for the Supreme Bench by the Convention in the State of Pennsylvania. The nomination of Judge Campbell is considered as a most indiscreet act, and will lead to the defeat of the whole ticket provided the Whigs act judiciously in the selection of their candidates.—*Louisville Courier, Whig.*

Lay not that flattering unction to your soul, my good fellow. The opposition to Judge Campbell proceeds from a few Native American bigots about Philadelphia, who are a disgrace to any party. Judge C. will get his party vote besides the votes of hundreds of liberal and high-minded Whigs who despise persecution for opinions sake.

POLITICAL JOKE.—The Reading Gazette says, that on Thursday afternoon, just as the Democratic State Convention was about to adjourn, Mr. FRAILEY, of Schuylkill, arose and said that he had been anxious from the first, that the Convention should *see right* and cut down *clover*, but it appeared that the season was too early, so he would have to "wait a little longer." We need scarcely say that this witty speech was received with a burst of hearty laughter from the friends of both gentlemen whose names were thus punned upon.

Plunder at Washington.

A Washington correspondent of the *N. Y. Express*, Mr. E. B., speaking of the rumors about recent claims, adds:

"There are about the Treasury a legion of claimants and agents of claims. Ex-Senators, ex-members of Congress, retired cabinet ministers, heads of bureaus, resigned clerks, and clerks who have left involuntarily, are in the persons who prosecute the claims. The archives of the departments have been ransacked to make out cases against the government, and each year they seem to multiply rather than to diminish. If the government officers were not singularly attentive to the public interests, vast as its resources are, the government would soon be left with a beggared treasury.

"There is great fault in Congress in acting upon claims, particularly those connected with the Indian Bureaus. The last Congress ordered an old claim to be paid to the Chickasaw Indians, which amounted to more than half a million of dollars, and with interest for a number of years, at the rate of five per cent, per annum. The interest on this payment exceeded $600,000, and principal and interest, up to February last, amounted to *eight hundred and sixty-nine thousand dollars!* This is the way the public money goes.

Then, again, the Supreme Court lately decided (affirming a decision of Chief Justice Taney in the Maryland Circuit,) that certain duties should be refunded on sugar and molasses imported into the United States. This decision grew out of a difference of tare at the places of export and import, being 10 per cent for example, in Cuba, and 15 per cent. in the United States. The decision of the Court requires that this five per cent. difference shall be paid back to the importers, and the amount to be refunded under the decision, will exceed *half a million of dollars*, and may go largely beyond this sum. Not less than $350,000 have been paid already, a great many new demands from the city of New York were presented yesterday for adjustment.

Seduction Case at Springfield, Mass.

EXCITEMENT AGAINST THE PRIEST—HIS STATEMENT.—The Catholic priest, Rev. J. J. Doherty, officiated in his pulpit, at Springfield, Mass., on Sunday. He made a speech to the audience, upon the prosecution against him, referred to accusations that he had paid $1000 and other sums for a settlement, and read a paper drawn up by the counsel on both sides. The purport of it was that "for divers reasons, and especially for the sum of one dollar received to his full satisfaction. Edward Monaghan agreed to withdraw the prosecution pending against J. J. Doherty for the seduction of his daughter, Mary Monaghan." He said that he settled for the sake of peace and because he could not expect an impartial trial. It was not true that he had ever, in any manner or form, made a confession of guilt. God knows his innocence he said impressively. His course, he said had received the full approbation of the bishop. "And," said the reverend gentleman, "too long as it is his pleasure to keep me here, I shall remain." The feeling, however, of the people of that place is shown by the following from the Springfield *Republican*:

"On Saturday evening, Rev. Mr. Doherty visited his church with a view of making preparations for the Sabbath, but was not allowed to enter; some of the members of his congregation guarding the door to prevent him. As he returned to his carriage several stones and pieces of wood were thrown at him. He declared his intention nevertheless to officiate the next day, and threats were offered that he should be put out of the church if he attempted it."

Since the trial, too, a letter has been received by Mr. Monaghan from Mr. Howard, a Catholic priest, of Ohio, who came on a visit to Mr. Doherty on the 16th of April, 1850, and remained till the 23d, when he says he saw Miss Monaghan in the house. Mr. D. had introduced testimony during the trial to show that she was not in the house at that time, as it was between these dates that the alleged seduction took place.

Fire Annihilator.

Mr. G. Q. Colton writes an interesting letter to the Boston Transcript on this subject. We make the following extracts:—

The Fire Annihilator claims to have been well established by public experiments—and experiments, too, upon a scale insufficiently large, in England to prove its applicability under every possible circumstance. The proofs of this are overwhelming.

The statements that an American gentleman has purchased the patent for the United States and well known Company, insures parties of every description, against loss or damage by fire. Also, against the perils of inland navigation.

R. H. BEESON, Agent,
Office in Waterman's Warehouse,
No. 81 Water street, Pittsburgh.

apr30

☞ **Daguerreotypes.** ☜

NELSON & CO. would respectfully announce to the citizens of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and vicinity, that they have had a large (operation Room, with a Glass Roof on it, built and arranged expressly for the purpose of taking Daguerreotype Likenesses. The best Daguerreotypes, on the best material, are taken at this establishment, under the special superintendence of the proprietors.

This room also enables them also to take Family Groups, of any number of persons, in the most perfect manner.

Likenesses of sick or diseased persons, taken in any part of the city.

Gallery at the Lafayette Hall, Fourth street, corner of Fourth and Wood streets. Entrance on Fourth street.

feb14:ly

Associated Firemen's Insurance Company.

Dy of the City of Pittsburgh.

W. W. DALLAS, Pres't.—ROBERT FINNEY, Sec'y.

☞ Will insure against FIRE and MARINE RISKS of all kinds.

Office in *Monongahela House, No. 124 and 125 Water st.*

DIRECTORS:

W. W. Dallas, Rody Patterson, R. H. Hartley, R. B. Simpson, Joshua Rhodes, C. H. Paulson, Wm. M. Edgar, Edward Gregg, A. P. Anshutz, Wm. Collingwood, D. C. Sawyer, Chas. Kent, Wm. German. feb20

☞ **Odd Fellows' Hall,** *Odeon Building, Fourth street, between Wood and Smithfield streets.*—Pittsburgh Encampment, No. 2, meets 1st and 3d Tuesday of each month.

Pittsburgh Degree Lodge, No. 4, meets 2d and 4th Tuesdays.

Mechanics' Lodge, No. 9, meets every Thursday evening.

Western Star Lodge No. 24, meets every Wednesday evening.

Iron City Lodge, No. 182, meets every Monday evening.

Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 360, meets every Friday evening.

Zoeco Lodge, No. 335, meets every Thursday evening, at their Hall, corner of Smithfield and Fifth streets.

Star City Lodge, No. 341, meets every Friday evening. Hall, corner of Leacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny City. may23:ly

Angerona Lodge, I. O. of O. F.—The Angerona Lodge, No. 239, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood st. [ia21:ly

☞ **I. O. O. D.** ☜

☞ Meets above Board of Trade Rooms, corner of Third and Wood streets, every Monday evening.

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Petroleum!

Shirleysburg, Huntingdon Co., Pa., March 4, '51.

S. M. Kier: Dear Sir—Your Petroleum is working wonders in this vicinity; therefore, we would thank you to send us two dozen by the Pennsylvania Railroad. We are entirely out, and it is being inquired for almost every day. Yours, respectfully,

JOHN LONG & CO.

Hayesville, Ashland Co., Ohio, March 10, '51.

S. M. Kier: Dear Sir—Your Agent, a few weeks since, left with us four dozen Rock Oil, which we have sold. Please forward to us six dozen immediately.

Your medicine is working wonders in this region.—We can obtain several excellent certificates, if you desire them. Yours, &c., W. W. SCOTT.

For sale by Keyser & McDowell, 140 Wood street; R. E. Sellers, 57 Wood street; B. A. Fahnestock & Co., corner of Wood and Front streets; D. M. Curry, D. A. Elliott, Joseph Douglass, and H. P. Schwartz, Allegheny. Also, by the proprietor, S. M. KIER.

apr29 Canal Basin, Seventh st., Pittsburgh.

☞ **Hints to Parents.**—One great source of disease in children is the unhealthiness of parents! It would be just as reasonable to expect a rich crop from a barren soil, as that strong and healthy children should be born of parents whose constitutions have been worn out with intemperance and dissipation. Disease may be originally induced by hardships, accidents, or intemperance, but chiefly by the latter. It is impossible that a course of vice or imprudence should not spoil the best constitution; and did the evil terminate here, it would be a just punishment for the folly of the transgressor, but not so. For when once a disease is contracted, and through neglect in applying the proper means it becomes rivited in the habit, it is then entailed upon posterity.—Female constitutions are as capable of improvement as family estates—and ye who would wish to improve, not only your own health, but that of your own offspring, by eradicating the many distressing diseases that are entailed through neglect or imprudence, lose no time in purifying the blood and cleansing the system. Married persons, and those about to be married, should not fail to purify their blood, for how many diseases are transmitted to posterity. How often do we see Scalds, Scrofula and a thousand other afflictions, transmitted to the rising generation, that might have been prevented by this timely precaution! To accomplish which, there is nothing before the public, or the whole world, so effectual as DR. HILLS' LATEST IMPROVED FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA, combining Yellow Dock and Hardock, with the pure and genuine Honduras Sarsaparilla. For general debility during this warm weather, it acts like a charm, restoring elasticity of muscle and vigor, with sprightliness of intellect.

KEYSER & McDOWELL,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
140 Wood st., Pittsburgh.

For sale by D. M. Curry and Joseph Douglass, Allegheny City, and by Druggists generally. a [je12:2d&w3m

Notice.—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the second Monday of every month at the Florida House, Market st.

MM'FI Jno. Young, jr., Secretary.

Withdrawal of an Episcopal Clergyman.

CINCINNATI, June 20.—The Rev. P. B. Agelrodt, of this city, a distinguished clergyman of the Episcopal Church, in a long letter to Bishop McIlvaine, formally withdraws from the church. He states that the church needs reformation, and believing that reform cannot be effected, he is obliged to withdraw, as he cannot give his influence to that which he believes fundamentally wrong. His objections are based upon the Catholic tendency of the church. It is believed Mr. A. intends connecting himself with the Presbyterians.

THE WIFE TO HER DYING HUSBAND.

I have loved thee in thy beauty,
Thy glory and thy power—
And shall I now desert thee
In the sorrow-stricken hour?
There is no hand, save mine, to wipe
The death damps from thy brow;
Oh! false as thou hast been to me,
I will not leave thee now.

Thy friends are boon companions—
The gallant and the gay—
Thy lovely and beloved ones,
Look round thee—where are they?
No trusted friend is near thee now;
No gentle love appears,
To hang o'er thy death-swimming eyes,
And bathe them with their tears.

And I alone return at last,
My right in thee to claim—
I, with my and and broken heart;
My blighted hopes and name;
With my love, which strong as death—
Aloof in scorn and ill,
Have clung to thee in scorn and shame,
Unchanged, unchanging still.

But I come not to reproach thee—
(Ah! would I come to save?)
I can but smooth the rugged path
That leads thee to thy grave;
But sit forever at thy feet,
Weeping in hopeless wo,
Ah, best beloved, would for thee
Mine own heart's blood might flow.

I have loved thee in thy glory,
Thy beauty and thy power,
And I will not now desert thee
In thy sorrow-stricken hour.
There is no hand, save mine, to wipe
The death-damps from thy brow;
Oh! dearest to my heart and soul,
I will not leave thee now.

Scribblings and Clippings.

— A vote was taken in the Virginia Constitutional Convention, on Thursday, favorable to the election of Judges of the Court of Appeals by the people, and adopted—ayes 49, nays 47.

— The Hartford (Md.) Madisonian says that Mr. Collier, Cashier of the late Havre-de-Grace Bank, has again been arrested by the Sheriff of Hartford county, and that he is now in Elkton Jail, to remain there until removed to Harford. Rumor says, he has been arrested through the instrumentality of certain brokers in Baltimore.

— The St. Louis Intelligencer, in speaking of the Presidency, says that thus far no whig paper in Missouri has intimated a preference for any one else over Mr. Fillmore.

— Mr. Peters, of South Carolina, has been sent to Mexico, by the Secretary of the Interior, to hunt up documents bearing upon California land titles.

— Mr. Daniel, editor of the Richmond (Va.) Examiner, was recently arrested and held to bail in $2,000, on the charge of libelling in his paper Dr. Spooner, publisher of Boydell's Illustrations of Shakspeare.

— The Rev. R. Gurley and Dr. Goodloe are about to start a new paper at Washington, to be called the Carolina Statesman, and to be devoted to the Colonization cause.

— Boats from New Orleans, having on board over twenty deck passengers for each 100 tons register, are now required to lie in quarantine ten days before they will be permitted to land at St. Louis.

From the Mansfield Shield & Banner.

Gratifying.

On the 11th and 12th inst., a quorum of the board of directors of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Rail Road Company, consisting of Gen. Wm. Robinson, Jr., President, F. Lorenz, Z. Street, A. Lynch and J. Larwell, directors, S. W. Roberts, Chief Engineer, and A. W. Marks, Resident Engineer, met at the office of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Rail Road Company, in Mansfield, and on the 12th the bids were opened and the following named persons were the successful bidders with the sections attached to each:

Blake & Bassett, 139, 141;
Carr & Summers, 129, 130;
Doggan & Condon, 101, 132, 133;
C. O. Raurke, 134, 156, 173;
Riley & Duffin, 135, 142, 143, 144, 145;
Harman & Shiner, 136, 137, 138;
D Leichtenwalter, 139, 140;
M. Mortimer, 146, 155, 172, 174;
H. Schreiver, 147, 148;
John Gormans 149, 150, 151, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171;
Pratt & Weston, 152;
P. Crowley, 153, 154, 175;
Hartford & Wintrode, 157, 158, 159, 160;
Wm. Hogan, 161;
James Cantwell, 162 163, 176;
Weaver & Conover, 177, 178, 179, 180.

There was great competition among the bidders, being ninety-seven in all. Great harmony prevailed throughout. The whole line from Mansfield to Crestline, was let and it is intended to have the road completed and ready for the cars by the close of navigation on the Lake, in 1852. The Board evinced a great desire to favor the interests of Mansfield. They left on the 13th highly gratified with their visit to this place. J. HILDRETH, Agent.

DEATH OF A DRAMATIST.—The Humboldt, at New York, brings intelligence of the death of Richard Lalor Shiel, the celebrated Irish orator. He died suddenly on the 26th May, Mr Shiel was, next to Grattan the most eloquent Parliamentary orator that Ireland has produced. O'Connell may have exercised more influence upon the masses of his time, but he has not left such enduring specimens of eloquence for the admiration of posterity. Mr. Shiel was a Catholic, and one of the foremost champions of Catholic emancipation. While yet a young student of law, in the study of the law, he wrote several plays, some of which are still acted with applause. "The Apostate" and "Evadne" are favorably known to the lovers of the drama. Mr. Shiel held the post of British Minister at Florence at the time of his death.

Massachusetts Democracy and Slavery.

BOSTON, June 19th.

At a meeting of the Democratic State Committee yesterday, an elaborate report against the further agitation of slavery, and in favor of sustaining the Compromise, was unanimously adopted.

The report was written and presented by General Cushing, Chairman of the Executive Committee. It was voted to hold a state Convention at Worcester, on Wednesday, August 20th.

VIRGINIA CONVENTION.—The Virginia State Reform Convention has determined that the jurisdiction of the county courts shall be regulated by law. Each county is to be divided into not less than two, nor more than fifteen districts; and in each district there are to be elected four Justices of the Peace. From the Justices so elected, shall be elected one, who shall be the presiding Justice. The jurisdiction of such Justices is to be limited in matters of civil controversy to sums of $30. The more radical delegates favor abolition of all laws for the collection of debt.

SPIRITUAL KNOCKING LEGISLATION.—In the New Hampshire House of Representatives "a proposal has been made and entertained, to enact a law for the protection of the opposition and injury by persons pretending to hold intercourse with departed spirits." It would equally be proper to a sufficiency of common sense to every inhabitant of New Hampshire.

☞ **Hints to Parents.**—One great source of disease in children is the unhealthiness of parents! It would be just as reasonable to expect a rich crop from a barren soil, as that strong and healthy children should be born of parents whose constitutions have been worn out with intemperance and dissipation. Disease may be originally induced by hardships, accidents, or intemperance, but chiefly by the latter. It is impossible that a course of vice or imprudence should not spoil the best constitution; and did the evil terminate here, it would be a just punishment for the folly of the transgressor, but not so. For when once a disease is contracted, and through neglect in applying the proper means it becomes rivited in the habit, it is then entailed upon posterity.—Female constitutions are as capable of improvement as family estates—and ye who would wish to improve, not only your own health, but that of your own offspring, by eradicating the many distressing diseases that are entailed through neglect or imprudence, lose no time in purifying the blood and cleansing the system. Married persons, and those about to be married, should not fail to purify their blood, for how many diseases are transmitted to posterity. How often do we see Scalds, Scrofula and a thousand other afflictions, transmitted to the rising generation, that might have been prevented by this timely precaution! To accomplish which, there is nothing before the public, or the whole world, so effectual as DR. HILLS' LATEST IMPROVED FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA, combining Yellow Dock and Hardock, with the pure and genuine Honduras Sarsaparilla. For general debility during this warm weather, it acts like a charm, restoring elasticity of muscle and vigor, with sprightliness of intellect.

KEYSER & McDOWELL,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
140 Wood st., Pittsburgh.

For sale by D. M. Curry and Joseph Douglass, Allegheny City, and by Druggists generally. a [je12:2d&w3m

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ LUNCH served up every day at 10 o'clock, at OWSTON'S HOTEL, St. Clair street. [je23

New Job Printing Office.

☞ THE Proprietors of the *Morning Post* beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have received from the Foundry of L. Johnson & Co., Philadelphia, a very large stock of beautiful NEW TYPE, of every size and variety imaginable. They are now prepared to execute all kinds of JOB AND FANCY CARD Printing, in a style unsurpassed by any Office in the country, and upon the lowest terms.

HARPER & LAYTON.

Pittsburgh, June 9, 1851.

Type for Sale.

☞ THE BREVIER and MINION Type recently used in printing the *Post* is offered for sale, very low for cash, or approved paper. The type has been used with great care, is in good condition, and could be employed for several years in printing a weekly newspaper, on a hand press. Also, for sale, a double set of chases, as good as new; Column and Parallel Rules, Dashes, &c. The above materials will all be sold at a bargain, if application is made soon. Address (post paid),

HARPER & LAYTON,
Post Buildings, Pittsburgh.

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[From the Louisville Journal, May 29th, 1851.]

Dr. J. S. Houghton's Pepsin, for Dyspepsia,

Prepared from Rennet, on the Stomach of the Ox.

☞ On the 7th of May, 1851, Rev. M. D. Williams, Pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian Church, in Louisville, Kentucky, was and had been for a long time confined to his room, and most of the time to his bed, with Dyspepsia and Chronic Diarrhœa, and was, to all appearance, on the very verge of the grave, and acknowledged to be so by his physician, who had tried all the ordinary means in his power, without effect, and at the above named time, the patient, with the consent of his physician, commenced the use of Dr. Houghton's "PEPSIN," and to the astonishment, surprise and delight of all, he was much relieved the first day. The third day he left his room. The sixth day, which was excessively hot, he rode ten miles with no bad effect; on the eighth day he went on a visit to the country; and, on the thirteenth day, though not entirely restored to his natural strength, he was so far recovered as to *go alone* a journey of five hundred miles, where he arrived in safety, much improved in health, having had no disturbance of the stomach or bowels, *after taking the first dose of Pepsin.* These facts are not controvertible, and that this is a case which ought to convince all skeptics that there is a power in "PEPSIN." Let physicians and dyspeptics investigate.

KEYSER & MDOWELL, Agents,
140 Wood street.

☞ In calling attention to Dr. Guyzott's improved extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla, we feel confident that we are doing a service to all who may be afflicted with Scrofulous and other disorders originating in hereditary taint, or from impurity of the blood. We have known instances within the sphere of our acquaintance where the most formidable dispempers have been cured by the use of Dr. Guyzott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla alone.

It is one of the few advertised medicines that cannot be premuted with quackery, for the "Yellow Dock" and "Sarsaparilla" are well known to be the most efficient (and at the same time innoxious,) agents in the whole Materia Medica, and by far the best and purest preparation of them is Dr. Guyzott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla.

See advertisement. [je21

Wonderful Ointment.

☞ Mr. W. B. STOAN—Dear Sir:—Some *fifteen* years ago one of my feet was severely injured, in consequence of the foot swelling very large, and being remarkably painful, most of the time I could ony hobble about with the assistance of a staff, and not being able to endure a shoe on the foot I wore a moccason. During the first fourteen years' suffering, I followed, strictly, the advice of many celebrated physicians—last year, used fourteen bottles of Dr. Trask's Magnetic Ointment—it, however, failed to afford permanent relief. Last November I concluded to have the foot *taken off*—to which my friends objected; finally, about the first of December, I was induced to apply your *Wonderful Ointment*, and in less than thirty days after the first application, I laid aside my staff, put on my shoes without any inconvenience, and now get about like other men.

GEORGE TURNER,
February 10, 1849. [je21 Well st., Chicago.

ENCOURAGE HOME INSTITUTIONS.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PITTSBURGH.

C. G. HUSSEY, Pres't.....A. W. MARKS, Sec'y

Office—No. 41 Water st., in Warehouse of C. H. Grant.

☞ THIS Company is now prepared to insure all kinds of risks, on Houses, Manufactories, Goods, Merchandize in Stores, and in Transits Vessels, &c.

An ample guaranty for the ability and integrity of the institution, is afforded in the character of the Directors, who are all citizens of Pittsburgh, well and favorably known to the community for their prudence, intelligence and integrity.

DIRECTORS.—C. G. Hussey, Wm. Bagaley, Wm. Larimer, jr., Walter Bryant, Hugh D. King, Edward Heazelton, Z. Kinsey, S. Harbaugh, S. M. Kier. [apr12:ly

Collecting, Bill Posting, &c.

☞ Attends to Collecting, Bill Posting, Distributing Cards and Circulars for Parties, &c., &c.

☞ Will be left at the Office of the Morning Post, or at Holmes' Periodical Store, Third st., will be promptly attended to. [may21:ly

COLUMBUS INSURANCE COMPANY.

Fire and Marine.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

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The undersigned, as Agent of the above substantial and well known Company, insures property of every description, against loss or damage by fire. Also, against the perils of inland navigation.

R. H. BEESON, Agent,
Office in Waterman's Warehouse,
No. 81 Water street, Pittsburgh.

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☞ **Daguerreotypes.** ☜

NELSON & CO. would respectfully announce to the citizens of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and vicinity, that they have had a large (operation Room, with a Glass Roof on it, built and arranged expressly for the purpose of taking Daguerreotype Likenesses. The best Daguerreotypes, on the best material, are taken at this establishment, under the special superintendence of the proprietors.

This room also enables them also to take Family Groups, of any number of persons, in the most perfect manner.

Likenesses of sick or diseased persons, taken in any part of the city.