The Morning Post.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

HARPER & LAYTON, PROPRIETORS.

L. HARPER, EDITOR.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 2, 1851.

☞ *"No American citizen can ever cease to esteem the Union as the first of all blessings. Disunion! God forbid—Nations yet unborn would rue the rashness of the deed."*—BUCHANAN.

Democratic State Conventions.

AT READING,

For nominating candidates for GOVERNOR and CANAL COMMISSIONER, on the 4th of June, 1851, as fixed by the Williamsport Convention.

AT HARRISBURG,

For nominating candidates for SUPREME BENCH, on the 11th of June, 1851, as fixed by the regular action of the State Central Committee.

To Advertisers.

THE MORNING POST has a larger circulation than any subscription paper published in Pittsburgh. To business men it affords an excellent medium for Advertising; and being the only Democratic paper issued in Allegheny county, it goes into the hands of a class of readers reached by no other paper. Advertisers will be good enough to bear this in mind.

Type for Sale.

Having determined to furnish our extensive Job Office with entirely new materials, we shall sell about 100 founts of type now in use, *very low, for* cash or approved paper. We have type enough to fit out 8 or 10 country offices complete. The sizes and varieties of type are such as are to be found in all large city job offices, from Nonpareil up to 20 line Pica, plain and ornamental. Also, for sale, several varieties of borders, in good order. Persons wishing to purchase will please make immediate application.

☞ "Kitty" lines "TO JOE, FAR AWAY," are under consideration.

Business on the Pennsylvania Canal.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, }
Pittsburgh, May 1, 1851. }

A statement of the number of Boats cleared at this office during the month of April, 1851, together with their Tonnage and amount of tolls paid thereon, compared with a similar statement of last year during the month of April, 1850, which shows a large increase in the Tonnage over that of last year:

	No. of Boats.	*Tonnage.*
April, 1851	696	33,759,714 lbs.
April, 1850	642	25,342,891 lbs.
Inc'se over 1850. 54		8,416,823

Am't of Toll rec'd in April, 1851, $25,672 90
ALEX. SCOTT, *Ass't. Coll'r.*

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, }
Pittsburgh, May 1, 1851. }

Statement of the amount of Tonnage and amount of Toll paid thereon, on the small Mark of boats which run between this place and Karns' (a distance of 24 miles,) during the months of March (from 16th) and April, 1851, compared with a similar statement during the same time and same number of trips in the corresponding months (March and April,) of last year, 1850, which shows a large increase in Tonnage and in amount of Tolls received, over that of last year, notwithstanding the repeated complaints of some of the Captains with whom we have conversed, that they did not carry near as much freight this season as they did last, up to this time:

1851.	*Tonnage.*	*Amt Toll.*
From March 16	354,789 lbs.	$ 89 35
April	763,147 lbs.	221 07
	1,117,936	$310 07
1850.		
From March 16	154,233 lbs.	$ 66 19
April	272,674 lbs.	104 15
	426,907 lbs.	$170 34
Increase over 1850.	691,029 lbs.	$140 08

ALEX. SCOTT, *Ass't. Coll'r.*

Continuation of the Scott War.

The *Journal* is game to the back bone! Riddle pitched into the Deacon yesterday, in an article a column and a half in length, written in his best style. Determined to preserve our consistency, and act fairly towards these fighting organs of the "decency" party, we must lay before our readers the gist of the *Journal's* rejoinder. Riddle thus questions his brother of the *Gazette*:

Is there no instance, in which the editor of the *Journal* can be found bartering his principles, or surrendering his consciencious scruples for gain? Was he waltzing in opposition to Mr. Clay, at the intercession of fifteen Whigs? No playing fast and loose, wearing two faces on the Fugitive Slave Law? No appealing to the crowd at home, with a declaration that that law is *"morally cold,"* while he turns to the Administration at Washington, to say it is *"legally binding?"* No writhering at the Administration, that he admires, and honors, and will support it, while he takes part in a meeting that is going on to crush this same Administration? No stultifying of himself by such a declaration as this we copy from the *Gazette* of Thursday, April 24th, reading thus:

> *"There is the highest consistency in giving a warm, cordial and sincere support to the Administration, and in favoring the claims of any distinguished member of the party for the Presidency."*

Since all these derelictions may be predicated of the editor of the *Gazette*, the editor of the *Journal* should consider himself fortunate in being able to say, his sins are not of that quality. Although ill natured people sometimes of us, that we are not worth buying, a point we shall not wrangle with our neighbor, the same malice must concede that we have never been bought. At any rate, we are not liable to the charge of imitating the Pharisee, in the temple, when we only venture to thank heaven that our price is not so definitely known, as the figures which encircle the virtue of our neighbor. We may be, when our trial comes, "as other men are," or *even as this editor of the Gazette.* But until the temptation of a modest "fifteen" shall triumph, we stand on our virtue, as the basis of our right to judge our neighbor into a proper sense of his duty towards the Administration.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.—W. C. Wall, 85 Fourth street, has received the April number of the above old and popular Magazine. Its contents are as follows: Sybethy, part II; The Peaceful Lieutenant and his Friends; Michael Angelo and the Friar; My Novel, or the Varieties of England Life; part VIII; Narratives of Socery and Magic; Modern State Trials; The Flower's Revenge; Latter Days of the Free Trade Ministry.

THE NEW EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Additional subscriptions to the amount of twenty thousand dollars have been made to the new Episcopal Church about to be built in this city. The total amount now subscribed reaches about forty-five thousand dollars.—It is proposed, we understand, to raise, altogether, fifty-five thousand dollars, to be appropriated towards the erection of this edifice. The contracts, we believe, are already made. The walls are to be constructed of the best cut stone, and the entire building is to be finished in a style unsurpassed by any similar house of worship in the West. It is but proper that we should state that all the money subscribed towards the erection of the new Episcopal church, was contributed in this community.

ACCIDENTAL HANGING.—John R. Griffith, a boy 16 years old, hung himself in Marple township, Delaware county, on the 17th ult. He had frequently talked about the conviction and sentence of Pinkroah, at West Chester, and, doubtless, he thought he would try the experiment how one feels when hanged. He made a knot or loop large enough to admit his head, in one end of a wheelbarrow strap about four feet long, and, ascending a plank, tied the other end to a pole lying across two beams. It is supposed that while engaged in arranging his plans, he slipped and fell from the plank, as, when discovered, his neck was dislocated, and his feet were resting on the ground.

MEXICAN CLAIMS.—The acting Secretary of the Treasury has published a letter in the Washington papers in which he states, that amounts which are litigated will not be paid until legally decided, not even to Trustees appointed by all the litigating parties. Awards not disputed will be paid to parties in whose names they have been claimed as their duly appointed attorneys.

The payments will be made in cash on or after the 10th May.

THE MONEY MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE MORNING POST, }
PITTSBURGH, *May* 2, 1851. }

GENERAL REMARKS.—The sales of Bank Stock at the Board, for the last few days, have been but limited, owing no doubt to the wish of both sellers and buyers to wait the payment of the dividends now about to be declared, each party believing that they will make by the postponement. The feeling as it respects Copper Stocks shows more life, many kinds having changed hands at prices generally improved. The news from the mines has had the effect of improving the prices; and especially of such mines as are getting out mineral, the improvement has been very decided.

So far as the money market is concerned, the demand has been very great, and will most likely continue so for some time. The prices of currency vary with the necessities of those using it at the time. We have thought it advisable not to alter the quotations in our table, although we have heard of some sales made at a shade less than those set down. American silver commands a premium of ¼. Exchange on the East still at ¼ premium.

The state of North Carolina and corporations within the state, are now in market for about $1,000,000. The state wants $50,000, of which 10,000 is intended to pay an instalment on a plank road, and 40,000 to meet existing debts of the state. The Deep River Company want 54,000; the town of Wilmington 100,000, to pay its subscription to the Manchester Railroad; and the Manchester Railroad Company 800,000 on a mortgage of all its property.

Money is easy at Boston; the rates average one per cent. higher than with us. The quotations there are, good business paper 7 to 7½ per cent.; loans on call, with ample securities, 6 to 7 do; Railroad Loans, securities 7½ to 10 do; ordinary business paper 8 to 12 do.

The New York Evening Post says: Money continues easy; the receipts from California, the large payments coming in from the West in settlement of accounts, and forthcoming large disbursements from the government, keep up a very comfortable feeling of ease, with lower rates of discount in perspective.

At Philadelphia, on Saturday, Schuylkill Navigation declined 6 per cent.; Reading Bonds 1¼, and stock $1 per share. This decline is attributed to rumors in the street relative to a further contemplated reduction of tolls on the respective works. A meeting of the Directors of the Schuylkill Navigation Company was to be held on the subject.

The Miners' Bank of Pottsville, Pa., on account of the recent counterfeit of its notes, has issued new bills of the denomination of five and ten dollars.—The tens have figures of Hancock and Webster on the left, and Fillmore on the right. On the five, a figure of Washington appears on the left, that of a female on the right. They are dated April 4, 1851.

CALIFORNIA GOLD.—According to the New York Journal of Commerce, the actual receipts of gold dust from California, for the last three months, amounted to nearly double the value entered on the manifests of the vessels arriving. This fact is established by comparing the amount of California gold entered at the Custom House, with that deposited at the Mint for coinage, as follows:

	Ent'd at Custom H'se.	Rec'd at Mint.
January,	$2,478,239	$4,940,000
February,	781,428	2,860,000
March,	1,970,843	2,634,000
	$5,230,510	$10,434,000
Excess,		5,230,490

We annex the following table of the movements of the Banks in the United States for the years 1837 and 1851:

	1837.	1851.
Capital	$290,774,091	$221,555,594
Loans and discounts	525,115,702	413,723,604
Stocks	12,407,113	21,430,921
Real Estate	19,064,451	20,193,761
Other investments	10,422,010	3,933,972
Due from other Banks	59,420,910	56,631,934
Notes of other banks on hand	33,632,577	17,187,223
Specie Funds	8,385,600	15,275,727
Specie	37,913,815	45,871,154
Circulation	149,156,690	155,033,521
Deposits	127,397,167	102,201,068
Due to other Banks	62,421,119	43,362,955
Other liabilities	36,560,929	6,379,424
Total	$1,372,825,745	1,159,781,915

From the above figures, remarks the Philadelphia *Ledger*, it will be seen that in the items and the aggregate the expansion was in 1837 much above that which is now ruling. Then looking at our exports and imports, the increase of our individual and national wealth, the augmented and augmenting population, the amount of new lands brought into cultivation, in consequence of the extent of railroad facilities, and the vast internal trade of the country, we see the increase of the circulating medium bears no proportion in fact to those elements of growth and power unfolding themselves in this natural development of the industry and resources of the country.

Annexed is a statement of the condition of the Banks of the State of South Carolina and Branches, in the Southwestern Railroad Bank, Planters' and Mechanics' Bank, Union Bank of Charleston, State Bank of South Carolina, and Bank of South Carolina, from the official returns, to 31st March, 1851:

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$5,991,885 73
Circulation	4,666,900 00
Profits	421,031 95
Due Banks	2,389,227 71
Other moneys bearing interest	11,200 00
State and individual deposits	5,390,072 48
Total	$18,758,007 87

RESOURCES.

Specie	$1,345,616 21
Real Estate	289,353 17
Due Bank, Bank notes, and due from Branches and agencies	3,546,922 94
Loans and Exchange	12,577,113 75
Bonds and Stocks	1,392,748 33
Suspended Debts	483,358 36
State Treasury	143,658 24
City Bonds and other investments	859,674 00
Total	$18,758,007 17

The Philadelphia *Bulletin* of a late date says:

Money continues abundant. Exchange on England rules at 110@110¼, and the steamer took out much less specie than was expected. The private claims on Mexico have been finally adjudicated, and the amount of about $2,200,000 is to be paid out of the Sub-Treasury. There is a good demand for money, and the applications at the Banks are large, but not more than equal to the deposits. The lines of discount are gradually extending throughout the country. The quarterly statement of the city Banks of New York exhibits this feature quite prominently. The increase of discount from 21st of December to 29th of March is about $2,200,000, say 6¾ millions against 65 millions; while the *decrease* of specie is $3,000,000, say 8,000,000 against 11,000,000, and the *decrease* of deposits 2,000,000, say 38,000,000 against 40,000,000. The loss of specie was, for the most part, by transfer to the Sub-Treasury.

JOHNSTOWN, April 19th, 1851.

Messrs. Harper & Layton—Gents: You will confer a special favor on a friend by giving place in your paper for the following. On the 14th instant, as I was passing up the Pennsylvania canal with my boat, which I have been Captain of for a period of years, below Johnstown, on the division which S. Bracken Esq. has charge of, there was a very serious break took place in the embankment, and the opinion of quite a number present was that the business must be suspended for two or three days; but to my great surprise, by the indomitable exertions and management of the foreman, S. Bracken, who was on the spot at once, he passed the regular Packets, without any detention of the passengers, and in ten hours after passed all the freight boats. This was most astonishing, and too much praise cannot be awarded to Mr. B., and also Captain Peters, for his judicious selection in his foreman. Mr. Bracken is one of our very best business men; he is deserving of better things from the democracy of Pennsylvania than that of being made Boss. A few men like him on the Western end, next to Pittsburgh, would be an honor to the Canal Board and a great saving to the Commonwealth. While the most of men would be thinking about mending a break, Bracken would have it done.

BOATMAN.

Scribblings and Clippings.

— The Democracy of Delaware county have instructed their delegate to the Judicial Convention in favor of Judges GIBSON and BELL for the Supreme Court.

— The Delegates appointed to the Judicial Convention, from Berks county, are instructed to support the nomination of the Hon. WM. STRONG for the Supreme Bench. Mr. S. is a man of undoubted abilities, and would do honor to the station.

— The Norfolk Beacon says that the naval constructor at the Gosport Navy Yard has recommended that the Pennsylvania should go into dock in order to examine and repair her bottom. The Department has been written to on the subject.

— The Madison (Indiana) Courier says that forty freight cars leave the river depot daily for various points on the Rail Road to Indianapolis, and the intersecting roads.

— Lord Viscount GOUGH has got possession of the princely mansion and its lands of Killymoon, one of the first residences in the county Tyrone. His Lordship paid £91,000. It yields £4,210 a year. Some time since the timber alone would yield £20,000.

— Hon. RUSSELL BROWN died in Cheshire, Mass., last week, of inflammation of the brain. He had been a Democratic Senator in the Massachusetts Legislature, and was an able and useful man.

— The fire at Honesdale, on Friday night, destroyed about forty buildings in the business part of the town. The loss is estimated at $150,000.

— The New Orleans Picayune says that SIGNORINA PAROZI has been engaged by MAPLI, the empresario of the Havana opera troupe, to sing there next winter.—Her engagement is for six months, at a salary of $50,000.

— The 26th inst. has been fixed upon for renewed trials to elect representatives to Congress in the 2d, 4th, and 7th districts of Massachusetts. As these will be the second trials under the new law, a plurality vote will of course decide the elections.

— Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, declines becoming a candidate for Governor, and recommends Hon. H. Cobb, late Speaker of the House of Representatives.

— A boy, who was sent to inquire how an old lady named WILKINS was in health, asked her servant, "Please marm, missus wants to know how old Mrs. WILKINS is to-day," to which the latter replied, "She is just seventy-four to-day."

— A Western writer thinks that if the proper way of spelling the is "though," and ete "eight," and bo "beau," the proper way of spelling potatoes is *poughtaighteaux*.

— An iron house, for a hotel, is about to be erected in Philadelphia, in Third street near, Arch. It is five stories high, and the fronts are to be constructed in that city this summer. The iron business in this country will be immense in a few years from the iron buildings alone.

— MARSHALL E. HOLLIDAY, who was convicted 7 years ago at N. O., of stealing drafts on the U. S. Treasury from the Custom-house in that city, and forging the same, and passing them on the President. HOLLIDAY was sentenced to ten years imprisonment in the penitentiary, and to pay a fine of $10,000. He had served out 7 years of his term.

— The joint special committee of the Legislature of Massachusetts on the subject of capital punishment, have reported a bill for the abolition of the death penalty and providing that the offences punished by death under the present code shall be punishable by imprisonment in the State prison for life.

— The spinners at Fall river, Mass., numbering 3,000 operatives, have been on a strike for the last 24 weeks against a reduction of wages amounting to 25 per cent. Their laboring brethren in Massachusetts are contributing to their support.

— Governor HENRY, of New York, has issued a proclamation, offering a reward of $300 for the apprehension of Edward Welch, Michael Sullivan, Cornelius Shahan, and Patrick Cooney, charged with having killed Wilton Clements, a constable of Chautauque county, N. Y.

— In WORCESTER, Mass., before the Supreme Court, ARABELLA FAIRBANKS, a wife have obtained $1,000 damages of SAMUEL B. BURROUGHS, for libel uttered against Mrs. FAIRBANKS several years since, before she was married.

— At Damariscotta, Me., eight ships, of between 200 and 1,200 tons each, are to be built this season. At Waldoboro', at least four ships are to be built, and full as many as usual at Bath.

— Lieutenant JOHN P. GILLS, of Wilmington, Delaware, will leave for Norfolk this week, to join the U. S. ship Plymouth, for a three years' cruize in the East Indies.

— Hon. A. O. P. NICHOLSON, of the Cass letter memory, has been appointed by Governor TROUSDALE, of Tennessee, as Chancellor of the middle division of that State.

— At Boston, on Saturday, JOHN BRADY, charged with stealing an umbrella and some other small articles from a dwelling house, was sentenced to the house of industry for five months.

— The "American Miller" is the title of a newspaper at Buffalo, devoted to the inspection of flour, milling and scientific intelligence.

— The City Hotel in Lowell, Mass., was destroyed by fire on Friday night. It was unoccupied.

— The demand for first rate carpenters at Lecsburg, Va., the Intelligencer of that place says, is very great.

Plot to Overthrow the Empire of Hayti.

By later advices from Hayti, received in Boston, we have a more connected account of the late plot to overthrow the existing Imperial Government of Hayti and to reestablish the Republic. The Boston Traveller says:

"In the first place, the conspirators were blacks, and not mulattoes. It appears that several extensive robberies had occurred at Port au Prince and Cape Haytien, and the government was convinced that these robberies had something to do with a political movement. Among others, the government treasury was robbed of a large amount. Of course the police were wide awake to catch the perpetrators of these extensive and successful robberies. It appears, according to the accounts, that on a certain night, one of the soldiers was robbed of his shirt. He stopped a man whom he suspected of the robbery, and on finding the stolen article, also found a large sum of money. The prisoner offered his captor a considerable amount to let him go, but the officer of the guard, hearing the noise, came out. The prisoner had then two men to bribe—and the more he was about it, the police, who were not far off, came up. Some reason led them to suppose that the officer of the guard had a part of the money which the prisoner had in his possession, and he also was arrested. In searching his residence, documents were discovered which brought to light the whole conspiracy. It extended all over the island, and many leading blacks were implicated. In addition to the arrest of a large number at Port au Prince, including one or two of the Ministry, about one hundred were arrested at Cape Haytien, including several in office; also the Commissary of Police at Gonaives. At or near the capital, the Minister of Public Justice and several of his fellow conspirators have been shot; also several of those arrested at Cape Haytien. It is supposed that many more would suffer the penalty of death.

"Relative to the demand made by Com. Parker of the Saranac, for damages for the illegal imprisonment of Capt. Mayo of the Lesander, we learn that the Haytien Government inforcfied him in substance, that they were willing to pay Capt. Mayo some compensation, but refused to give the sum demanded for the detention of the vessel. This answer Commodore Porter will report to the authorities at Washington.

"We hear that the Haytien government refuses to pay the claims—to a large amount and of long standing—in favor of American merchants, to which Mr. Green and more latterly Mr. Walsh has been deputised to call their attention.

"Mr. Walsh, the American Commissioner, has left the capital in the steamer Water Witch for other parts of the Island. What was the result of his negotiations in conjunction with the French and English Consuls to induce Soloque to settle the quarrel between the Haytiens and Dominicans, is not certainly known, but the story is that the project has entirely failed. It was the general opinion that Soloque was never more powerful in the Island than at the present moment. He exhibits great sagacity in all his movements."

☞ The following eloquent extract is from DANIEL WEBSTER'S recent speech at Boston:

Gentlemen, let us despair of nothing in behalf of our country. We see it growing in prosperity. We shall see that the returning sense of the community, the great principle of the love of liberty—and we might add, and I would add, with all the emphasis that I can pour out of my heart—the love of Union, have come together. (Applause.) If I had ten thousand voices, if I could speak so as to be heard on the shores of the Pacific, if I could gather around me the whole of this vast nation, I would say, follow citizens, union, UNION, now and forever! (Great cheering.)

What are all these petty distinctions; what are all these cavils, and questions, and sectional quarrels. They are not the dust in the balance. They are not fit to inhabit the heart of a true American, for the heart of a true American embraces his whole country, and if it is not big enough for that he had better tear it out and throw it from his bosom. (Applause.)

Decatur and Barron.

The Richmond *Whig*, explaining a previous article in relation to the late Commodore Barron, makes known the following particulars of what took place between that officer and the lamented Decatur, after the unfortunate duel between them:

"It might have been inferred from what we said in reference to the duel between Decatur and himself, that the difficulty originated from a charge of cowardice made by the former upon his conduct on that occasion. This was not so. Shortly after the verdict of the court, which suspended him for five years, Commodore Barron went abroad and did not return to this country until some time after the close of the war of 1812. It was in reference to this that Decatur used those disparaging remarks which led to the unfortunate duel between them. After the exchange of shots, and when both were wounded—mortally as was then supposed—they were brought together by their friends, and mutual explanations took place. Decatur asked him why he did not return from Copenhagen when the war broke out and take part in the struggle in which his country was engaged. Commodore Barron replied that he was really so poor that he had not the means to pay his passage home. The gallant and generous Decatur then said, why did you not tell me of this before—no difference could then have occurred between us. It is melancholy to reflect that a misapprehension of such a character should have caused the loss to his country of one of her noblest defenders."

Sad Occurrence—Church Struck by Lightning—Loss of Life.

DANVILLE, PA., April 28.

About half past three o'clock yesterday afternoon, while the congregation were assembled at the Methodist Church in this place, and during the exercises of prayer, immediately preceding the reception of the communion, the church was struck by lightning, the fluid passing down the steeple, through the roof, and down a lamp-rod to near the centre of the church, in the midst of the assembly. One lady, Mrs. George Penryl, was instantly killed, and seriously injuring eight others. Several others, who were seated in different parts of the church, were more or less injured. The steeple was shattered to pieces, and will have to be removed. Several pews were also torn loose.—The floor boards in several places were torn up.—The outside door was much shattered. The building is a very handsome one, and was but recently completed.

Powder Mill Explosion—Loss of Life.

MAUCH CHUNK, April 27.—The powder mill, known as the "Hanline Mill," belonging to the Messrs. Dorneitzers, and located in Mahoning Valley, about three miles from Lehighton, was blown up on Friday afternoon. One man was instantly killed by the explosion, and several others were seriously injured. The report of the explosion was distinctly heard in this place. We are informed that this is the twelfth or fifteenth time that a similar accident has occured to this establishment.

DIVISION OF WESTMORELAND COUNTY.—Our neighbors of Westmoreland are becoming divided among themselves in regard to county matters, and efforts are being made to split the county in two by a line nearly following the Southern turnpike, making the seat of justice for the one division at New Alexandria, and for the other at Mount Pleasant. It seems that a move has been made for the erection of new public buildings in Greensburg, at a cost of $80,000 to $100,000, and the friends of the proposed division contend that if new buildings must be put up, the convenience and interests of the people would be advanced by making them at different points, inasmuch as the average distance of travel to court would be lessened, and the tax would be lightened by private subscriptions at the new county seats. A meeting was held in Bairdstown on last Friday, but it was not very largely attended, and after an address from Dr. Speer in favor of the division, adjourned until next Saturday. The project does not appear to meet with much favor in this portion of the county; how it takes in other sections we are not aware.—*Blairsville Apalachian.*

CUBAN EXPEDITIONERS.—The names of the persons arrested at New York on Saturday for being concerned in getting up another Cuban expedition, the papers state, are John L. O'Sullivan, (son-in-law of Dr. Kearney Rogers;) Wm. T. Rogers, jr., (nephew of Dr. Rogers;) Captain Lewis, captain of the steamboat Cleopatra, and formerly captain of the Creole in the former expedition; Major Louis Schlesinger, one of the Hungarian patriots; Dr. Daniel H. Bartlett, an old resident of New York; and Pedro Sanchez, a Spaniard.

THE COTTON CROP.—Letters from the South, state that the plant is up and in a flourishing condition, and though the nights have been cool, there has been no frost to injure the young plants, as there was in the spring of last year, and the year before that. The high price, and great profit obtained by the planters, has stimulated the cultivation of a great quantity of land, and with a fair season we may look for a crop much exceeding that of any previous year, and fully up to the ability of the whole force of the plantations to gather and prepare for market. The present downward tendency of prices bids fair to continue some time.

FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR.—No less than eleven fine steamers will leave this country for England during the month of May, with living cargoes for the great exhibition. The programme is as follows:

	Steamer	*For*	*From*
May 6th,	Humboldt,	Southampton,	New York.
" 7th,	Asia,	Liverpool,	"
" 8th,	Niagara,	"	Philadelphia.
" 10th,	Pacific,	"	New York.
" 14th,	Niagara,	"	Boston.
" 15th,	City of Glasgow,	"	Philadelphia.
" 17th,	Hermann,	Southampton,	New York.
" 21st,	Europa,	Liverpool,	" "
" 24th,	Arctic,	"	" "
" 28th,	Cambria,	"	Boston.
" 31st,	Franklin,	Southampton,	New York.

BAD NEWS FOR PANIC MONGERS.—The Iron Interest, says the Pottsville Register, is gradually improving throughout the country, with a healthy market, though as yet there has been but little advance in price. Iron-producing establishments which have been suspended for months past by the depression of the market, are again being set in motion. This fact will give increased vigor and tone to the coal trade.

Notice.

ALL LOT HOLDERS of the Allegheny Cemetery are informed that there will be no admittance to the Cemetery hereafter on Sundays, except by special ticket, which can be obtained at the office on the grounds. JOHN CHISLETT, Sup't.

Allegheny Cemetery, April 30, 1851.—myl-d3w.

Lost!

A BOND dated in August, 1850, drawn by Samuel McElroy to J. S. Hamilton, Esq., for $250. The Bond is of no use to any person but the undersigned.—The finder, by returning it, will oblige

J. S. HAMILTON,
Attorney at Law, Fifth street.

my2-4t*

SYRUPS, &c.—Underwood's true Lemon Syrup; do super do do; Strawberry Vinegar; Lemon Sugar, for sale by

WM. A. M'CLURG & CO.

my2

ESSENCES AND EXTRACTS FOR SHAVING, &c.—

Essence Lemon,	Extract of Nutmeg,
do Vanilla,	do Jam. Ginger,
do Rose	Vanilla Beans,

For sale by WM. A. M'CLURG & CO.,
my1 154 Liberty street.

CAROLINA CERITS—For sale by

WM. A. M'CLURG & CO.,
Grocers and Tea Dealers.

my2

BACON—1400 lbs. country cured Shoulders and Sides, in store and arriving, for sale by

KING & MOORHEAD.

my2

BUTTER AND LARD.—A few kegs in store and for sale by [my2] KING & MOORHEAD.

RECEIVED BY THE FIVE DAY LINE—

3 pieces Grosman's green Cloth;
2 do super black French do;
5 do light mixed Tweeds, of an entire new style, for business Coats;
24 do "Clinton" fancy Vesting, a new article;

and will be made to order in the best manner and on the lowest terms at the Emporium of Fashion, No 71 Smithfield street. [my2] R. CHESTER.

GLOVES! GLOVES! GLOVES!—A splendid assortment of Ladies and Misses Isle thread and silk Gloves, embroidered and plain, just received at W. DALY & CO's

my2] Old Established Stocking Store, Fifth street.

FLOUR.—20 bbls superfine Flour;
do do extra Family do;
12 do Rye do, on consignment and
for sale by [my2] KING & MOORHEAD.

FEATHERS—A prime lot in store and for sale by

my2 KING & MOORHEAD.

WRAPPING PAPER.—100 Reams medium rag; 10 do double do do, on consignment and for sale by

my2 KING & MOORHEAD.

HOMINY—Constantly for sale by

apr28 WM. DYER.

Powder Mill Explosion—Loss of Life.

MAUCH CHUNK, April 27.—The powder mill, known as the "Hanline Mill," belonging to the Messrs. Dorneitzers, and located in Mahoning Valley, about three miles from Lehighton, was blown up on Friday afternoon. One man was instantly killed by the explosion, and several others were seriously injured. The report of the explosion was distinctly heard in this place. We are informed that this is the twelfth or fifteenth time that a similar accident has occured to this establishment.

DIVISION OF WESTMORELAND COUNTY.—Our neighbors of Westmoreland are becoming divided among themselves in regard to county matters, and efforts are being made to split the county in two by a line nearly following the Southern turnpike, making the seat of justice for the one division at New Alexandria, and for the other at Mount Pleasant. It seems that a move has been made for the erection of new public buildings in Greensburg, at a cost of $80,000 to $100,000, and the friends of the proposed division contend that if new buildings must be put up, the convenience and interests of the people would be advanced by making them at different points, inasmuch as the average distance of travel to court would be lessened, and the tax would be lightened by private subscriptions at the new county seats. A meeting was held in Bairdstown on last Friday, but it was not very largely attended, and after an address from Dr. Speer in favor of the division, adjourned until next Saturday. The project does not appear to meet with much favor in this portion of the county; how it takes in other sections we are not aware.—*Blairsville Apalachian.*

CUBAN EXPEDITIONERS.—The names of the persons arrested at New York on Saturday for being concerned in getting up another Cuban expedition, the papers state, are John L. O'Sullivan, (son-in-law of Dr. Kearney Rogers;) Wm. T. Rogers, jr., (nephew of Dr. Rogers;) Captain Lewis, captain of the steamboat Cleopatra, and formerly captain of the Creole in the former expedition; Major Louis Schlesinger, one of the Hungarian patriots; Dr. Daniel H. Bartlett, an old resident of New York; and Pedro Sanchez, a Spaniard.

THE COTTON CROP.—Letters from the South, state that the plant is up and in a flourishing condition, and though the nights have been cool, there has been no frost to injure the young plants, as there was in the spring of last year, and the year before that. The high price, and great profit obtained by the planters, has stimulated the cultivation of a great quantity of land, and with a fair season we may look for a crop much exceeding that of any previous year, and fully up to the ability of the whole force of the plantations to gather and prepare for market. The present downward tendency of prices bids fair to continue some time.

FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR.—No less than eleven fine steamers will leave this country for England during the month of May, with living cargoes for the great exhibition. The programme is as follows:

	Steamer	*For*	*From*
May 6th,	Humboldt,	Southampton,	New York.
" 7th,	Asia,	Liverpool,	"
" 8th,	Niagara,	"	Philadelphia.
" 10th,	Pacific,	"	New York.
" 14th,	Niagara,	"	Boston.
" 15th,	City of Glasgow,	"	Philadelphia.
" 17th,	Hermann,	Southampton,	New York.
" 21st,	Europa,	Liverpool,	" "
" 24th,	Arctic,	"	" "
" 28th,	Cambria,	"	Boston.
" 31st,	Franklin,	Southampton,	New York.

BAD NEWS FOR PANIC MONGERS.—The Iron Interest, says the Pottsville Register, is gradually improving throughout the country, with a healthy market, though as yet there has been but little advance in price. Iron-producing establishments which have been suspended for months past by the depression of the market, are again being set in motion. This fact will give increased vigor and tone to the coal trade.

Notice.

ALL LOT HOLDERS of the Allegheny Cemetery are informed that there will be no admittance to the Cemetery hereafter on Sundays, except by special ticket, which can be obtained at the office on the grounds. JOHN CHISLETT, Sup't.

Allegheny Cemetery, April 30, 1851.—myl-d3w.

Lost!

A BOND dated in August, 1850, drawn by Samuel McElroy to J. S. Hamilton, Esq., for $250. The Bond is of no use to any person but the undersigned.—The finder, by returning it, will oblige

J. S. HAMILTON,
Attorney at Law, Fifth street.

my2-4t*

SYRUPS, &c.—Underwood's true Lemon Syrup; do super do do; Strawberry Vinegar; Lemon Sugar, for sale by

WM. A. M'CLURG & CO.

my2

ESSENCES AND EXTRACTS FOR SHAVING, &c.—

Essence Lemon,	Extract of Nutmeg,
do Vanilla,	do Jam. Ginger,
do Rose	Vanilla Beans,

For sale by WM. A. M'CLURG & CO.,
my1 154 Liberty street.

CAROLINA CERITS—For sale by

WM. A. M'CLURG & CO.,
Grocers and Tea Dealers.

my2

BACON—1400 lbs. country cured Shoulders and Sides, in store and arriving, for sale by

KING & MOORHEAD.

my2

BUTTER AND LARD.—A few kegs in store and for sale by [my2] KING & MOORHEAD.

RECEIVED BY THE FIVE DAY LINE—

3 pieces Grosman's green Cloth;
2 do super black French do;
5 do light mixed Tweeds, of an entire new style, for business Coats;
24 do "Clinton" fancy Vesting, a new article;

and will be made to order in the best manner and on the lowest terms at the Emporium of Fashion, No 71 Smithfield street. [my2] R. CHESTER.

GLOVES! GLOVES! GLOVES!—A splendid assortment of Ladies and Misses Isle thread and silk Gloves, embroidered and plain, just received at W. DALY & CO's

my2] Old Established Stocking Store, Fifth street.

FLOUR.—20 bbls superfine Flour;
do do extra Family do;
12 do Rye do, on consignment and
for sale by [my2] KING & MOORHEAD.

FEATHERS—A prime lot in store and for sale by

my2 KING & MOORHEAD.

WRAPPING PAPER.—100 Reams medium rag; 10 do double do do, on consignment and for sale by

my2 KING & MOORHEAD.

HOMINY—Constantly for sale by

apr28 WM. DYER.

SOUTH CAROLINA MILITARY PREPARATIONS.—The South Carolinian chivalry, it is known, have recently appropriated $300,000 for bloody weapons, and some Massachusetts Yankees have got the job to make them—or a part of them, at least.

A friend informs the editor of the Woonsocket Patriot that "Messrs. Waters, of Millbury, Mass., have obtained the contract for the small arms, viz: 6,000 muskets; 3,000 rifles, and 2,000 pistols. The field artillery are to be made in South Carolina, and the authorities were very anxious that Messrs. Waters should manufacture the small arms there also; but this could not be, and get the arms completed within the time allotted by the contract. Messrs. Waters, however, have contracted to establish the armory in South Carolina, after the completion of this order."

So the valiant souls who are going to dissolve the Union, whip Uncle Sam and "the rest of mankind," can't even manufacture their own guns, but have to travel all the way to old Massachusetts.

JENNY LIND arrived at Baltimore on Monday evening last, and took apartments at Barnum's City Hotel. The *Sun* states that Miss Lind, in conversation with many of her friends in that city, expressed herself highly gratified with her late tour through the south and west, being highly pleased with the manners, customs and scenery of the country.

☞ The undersigned persons are requested to come forward on Monday, May 5th, and show cause, if any they have, why I should not obtain license to keep a Public House of Entertainment.

MOSES BRAWDY.

NAMES OF REMONSTRANCERS CG. MOSES BRAWDY.

Josiah B Nebbes,	Henry Rudolph,	John H Singer,
Wm B Nikely,	D Yarnell,	J A Speer,
R Rapp	Alex Speer,	Wm K Boggs,
James A Ingram,	James C Brown,	Wm Mercer,
W Hason,	William Bannon,	and'w Hambers,
James Woodburn,	Joseph Hale,	Geo W Burns,
Chas Thornburg,	Wm H Baker,	T D Eshleman,
John C Nicholson,	John P. Hull,	James Mackerel,
Robert Lea		Robert Gracy.

my2:2t

Important to Dyspeptics!

☞ ARTIFICIAL DIGESTION!—Dr. *Houghton's Pepsin*, the *True Digestive Fluid*, or *Gastric Juice*, a great Dyspepsia Curer, prepared from *Rennet*, or the *Fourth Stomach of the Ox*, after directions of Baron LIEBIG, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa.

The art of making an *Artificial Digestive Fluid*, and of performing the process of Digestion, out of the Stomach, has long been known to Physiological Chemists. The honor of the discovery belongs to a celebrated German Chemist, who gave the name of *Pepsin* to the active principle of the Gastric Juice, which he obtained by macerating the fourth stomach of the Digestive Stomach of the Calf in water, and precipitating the Pepsin from the solution. Dr. Front, Dr. Pereira, and Dr. Gregory, in England; Dr. Beaumont and Dr. Dunglison, in America; and chief of all, Baron LIEBIG, have recently experimented, and written upon this singularly interesting and curious subject, and thrown much light upon the nature of the Digestive process, in its chemical and physiological relations.

Dr. J. S. HOUGHTON, of Philadelphia, has applied the discovery to the cure of INDIGESTION and DYSPEP