The Morning Post.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

HARPER & LAYTON, PROPRIETORS.

L. HARPER, EDITOR.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 7, 1851.

☞ *"No American citizen can ever cease to esteem the Union as the first of all blessings. Disunion! God forbid—Nations yet unborn would rue the rashness of the deed."*—BUCHANAN.

Democratic State Conventions.

AT READING,

For nominating candidates for GOVERNOR and CANAL COMMISSIONER, on the 4th of June, 1851, as fixed by the Williamsport Convention.

AT HARRISBURG,

For nominating candidates for SUPREME BENCH, on the 11th of June, 1851, as fixed by the regular action of the State Central Committee.

To Advertisers.

THE MORNING POST has a larger circulation than any subscription paper published in Pittsburgh. To business men it affords an excellent medium for Advertising; and being the only Democratic paper issued in Allegheny county, it goes into the hands of a class of readers reached by no other paper. Advertisers will be good enough to bear this in mind.

Hon. George M. Dallas.

We have received a letter from one of the most distinguished, talented and thorough-going Democrats in Pennsylvania, in relation to the nomination of a ticket for the Supreme Bench. In the course of the letter our correspondent asks:—"Why is it that nobody has thought of GEORGE M. DALLAS?" The writer, after speaking in glowing language of the splendid legal qualifications of Mr. DALLAS, proposes the following ticket for the consideration of the Harrisburg Judicial Convention:

DALLAS, of Philadelphia;
STRONG, of Berks;
{BELL, of Chester, or
{LEWIS, of Lancaster;
CONYNGHAM, of Luzerne;
LOWRIE, of Allegheny.

Our correspondent adds: "I don't mention these as being by any means the only good men in the State, but they *are* good, and would be elected, as I think."

There is no man in Pennsylvania that we would rather see upon the Supreme Bench than GEORGE M. DALLAS. He has qualifications for the station second to no other man living. Besides possessing one of the best legal minds in the United States, he is a gentleman of the highest order of intellect, of irreproachable character, of indisputable integrity. We trust that the honest Democratic press of the State will speak out in behalf of the claims of Mr. DALLAS.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

The editor of the Harrisburgh *Union* has been favored with a copy of the fourth annual report of the Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, from which he makes up the following summary of the operations of the company:

The receipts of the company on account of capital stock, have been	$5,822,210 00
Disbursements	5,095,546 12
Balance on hand	726,663 78
Amount of subscription yet unpaid.	1,013,640 00
Available means to carry on work	1,740,303 88

As soon as *we* receive a copy of the Report, we shall give it a more extended notice.

Increase of Business on the State Works.

We are indebted to the Hon. JOHN A. GAMBLE, one of the Canal Commissioners, for the following gratifying statement of the business on the State Works of Pennsylvania:

CANAL COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
Harrisburg, April 2, 1851.

The following statements exhibit a very gratifying increase of trade on the main line of the State Works, for the month of March, 1851, as compared with the same month in 1849 and 1850:

The shipments from Philadelphia westward, in March, 1849, 1850 and 1851, by the regular forwarding lines, were as follows:

		Pounds.
1849		11,015,000
1850		12,349,000
1851 (regular lines	17,724,000	
" (Penn'a. R. R. Com.)	5,298,000	
		23,022,000

Increase over 1850 10,673,000

The local trade is not included in this statement.

The shipments eastward from Pittsburgh by Canal, in March, 1850 and 1851, were as follows:

	No. of Boats.	Tonnage in pounds.
1850	288	13,800,146
1851	341	16,539,695

Increase in 1851. 53 2,729,549

The following shows the number of cars passed over the Philadelphia and Columbia Railroad, trips made, and miles run by locomotives, from the 1st December, 1850, to the 31st of March, 1851; also the number for the corresponding period last year:

	Cars.	Trips.	Miles.
1851	43,190	2,526	197,028
1850	29,583	1,961	152,958
Increase	13,607	565	44,070

Published by order of the Board,

THOMAS L. WILSON, *Sec'y.*

Increase of receipts at three offices, viz: Philadelphia, Parkesburg and Lancaster, over four months of last year, $43,000.

J. A. GAMBLE.

U. S. Mint—Coinage in March, 1851.

The Treasurer of the U. S. Mint, at Philadelphia, has published in the papers of that city, the following statement of the operations of that institution for the month of March:

Pieces.	Gold.	Value.
224,197 double eagles		$5,683,940 00
48,663 half "		243,315 00
38,104 quarter "		95,260 00
263,220 gold dollars		263,220 00
534,184 pieces		$6,285,735 00
	Silver.	
128,000 half dimes		6,400 00
	Copper.	
653,799 cents		6,537 99
1,315,983 pieces		$6,298,672 99

Total gold bullion deposited for coinage from 1st to 31st March, 1851, inclusive.	
From California	$2,634,000
" other sources	37,000
Total	$2,671,000
Silver bullion deposited in same time	$8,400

E. C. DALE, *Treasurer.*

Warren Railroad Convention.

The Convention for the purpose of constructing a Rail Road from Pittsburgh via the Allegheny River, to intersect with the New York and Erie Road, will be held at Warren on the 5th of June next. It is to be hoped that the citizens of Pittsburgh will without delay make arrangements to send a large delegation to the Convention.

NEW AGRICULTURAL JOURNAL.—A new monthly paper is about to be commenced in Lancaster, by Mr. A. M. Spangler, which must commend itself to all farmers, especially to all Pennsylvania farmers. Prof. Haldeman has consented to assume the editorial charge, and no pains will be spared to make it a first class agricultural paper. It will be in the form of the Albany Cultivator, and published monthly at one dollar a year.

☞ A bill passed the Virginia Legislature, at its late session, which authorizes the enrollment of volunteers into a regiment, and authorizes all who are indisposed to engage in the interesting service, by paying 75 cents per year, to relieve themselves therefrom.

Scribblings and Clippings.

— The Warren (Pa.) Ledger says: The "Rappings" are now heard in Columbus, in this county, and also in Wrightsville. They have caused a great deal of excitement, and the "mediums" are visited by citizens from all parts of the county.

— The City Council of St. Louis have by unanimous vote directed the Mayor to subscribe to the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company one-half million of dollars. The work will be prosecuted with great vigor.

— The Valley Spirit and the Valley Sentinel, the two able Democratic papers at Chambersburg, are out warmly for JOHN B. BRATTON, Esq., of Carlisle, the efficient editor of the Carlisle Volunteer, as the Democratic candidate for Canal Commissioner.

— Col. WM. R. KING, Mr. CLAY, Gen. CASS and Judge DOUGLASS would not take the mileage due them under the construction that they were supposed to have been home and back between the end of the old and the beginning of the new session of the Senate.

— From recent observations of Lieutenant Colonel JOHNSTON, Corps Topographical Engineers, the position of San Antonio de Bexar, of Texas, is found to be nearly half a degree more to the eastward than it has heretofore been placed.

— GEORGE PHAROAH, convicted in Chester county, for the murder of RACHEL SHARPLESS, has been sentenced to be hung on the 29th of August.

— The most fashionable mode of committing suicide in Paris, the present winter, is to jump from fifth story windows.

— The Legislature of Virginia adjourned *sine die* on Monday night, after having passed 311 acts, and 23 joint resolutions. Many of the acts are important.

— During the first days of the Carnival at Rome, the Romans pelted the French with sugar plums. As the orgies proceeded, however, plums were changed for stones, causing blood, instead of sugar, to flow.

— Packet Washington, at New York, brings 1010 passengers from Liverpool, and had no death on the passage.

— Eight millions and a half of specie, the N. O. Picayune says, are now in the possession of the New Orleans banks, the largest amount ever accumulated at one time in the vaults of the banking institutions of that city.

— The next meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science will be held at Cincinnati early in May next. It will be an interesting assembly.

— An Illinois editor, speaking of an individual, says he has broken every bank and Sabbath that they have had in that State for the last five years.

— Frogs live six weeks, Dr. EDWARDS says, enclosed in plaster so as to exclude the air. The experiment may be fun to the doctor, but it is death to the frogs.

— The steamship Canada, which arrived at Boston, on Friday week, from Liverpool, brought 675,000 in gold coin, the Transcript of that city says.

— The artesian well at Charleston has reached a depth of 1020 feet, and the boring is still continued. It is certainly a great bore.

— The New Orleans papers of March 22d report that city as being in excellent health and doing a large business.

— Some of the South Carolinians are sending to the North for large supplies of ice for the coming season—the "Chivalry" are determined to keep cool.

— It is stated in the International Monthly Magazine for April that it is in contemplation to place in the Park of New York city a colossal figure of Mr. WEBSTER, by HIRAM POWERS.

— A boy, only 13 years old, has been arrested for setting fire to the three barns belonging to JOSEPH ALLEY, in Smithfield, R. I.

— Mr. ASHBEL EDWARDS, late candidate for Mayor of Cambridge, Mass., sues the City Marshal in $5,000 for slander, because of intimations against his sobriety.

— Lieut. EDWARD C. WARD has been cashiered by the court martial, which sat at the Navy Yard at Washington, and the sentence has been approved by the President.

— A steamboat is building to run, this summer, between Lockhaven and Clearfield, on the West Branch.

— A Trinidad paper says it is rumored that a grant of the Pitch Lake in that Island has been made to Earl Dundonald by the government. It is intimated that the Earl intends to make this pitch an article of commerce, having reference more particularly to the manufacture of gas in New York.

— A letter from Rome, which we find in the "Christian Union" for April, says: "It is now confidently rumored that Bishop HUGHES' chance of being made cardinal is over for the present."

— A grey eagle, measuring seven feet four inches, was shot in Boxford, on Monday of last week, by a lad of thirteen years, named GEORGE CLEMENT. The ball passed through the breast of the eagle, who was perched on a tree.

— The nights selected for JENNY LIND's concerts in Cincinnati are the 14th, 16th and 18th instant. It is thought that, owing to her numerous eastern engagements, she will be unable to visit the lake cities this spring.

— H. L. BOONE, late editor of the Metropolitan, the leading anti-Benton paper in Missouri, and formerly clerk in the Supreme Court of the State, died a few days ago at his residence in Howard county, Mo.

— The Army Commissioners have purchased "Woodley," a beautiful country seat near Georgetown, occupied by Col. LORENZO THOMAS, Assistant Adjutant General, for one of the new Military Asylums. The price paid was $20,000.

— A writer from California, in the Hartford Times, says: "I believe there are more poor people in California, in proportion to the number of inhabitants, than in the rest of the United States."

— The Prairie Chieftain nominated the following tickets, subject to the decision of the Women's Rights Convention:

President
JENNY LIND.
Vice President
SALLY PARTINGTON.

New Publications.

GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE FOR MAY.—Graham is always in advance in the publication of his charming Magazine. The May number is in all respects a gem. The illustrations are exceedingly beautiful, "Flora," "The May Queen," and "Spring Flowers," are all charming pictures. The reading matter, as usual, is from the pens of the most distinguished American authors.

THE LADIES' KEEPSAKE.—The April number of this new candidate for public favor, edited by Rev. ARABEL ABBOTT, has come to hand. The editor continues his very interesting sketches of the "Mothers and Daughters of the Bible."

The Rhode Island Senator.

General JAMES, the newly elected Senator of Rhode Island, has finally defined his political position. He says in a letter to the Providence Post, "I have never on any occasion, nor to any person, said that I was a whig; on the contrary, I have always belonged to the old democratic party. I am in favor of a judicious tariff; such an one as will effectually protect the labor of the country, by taxing, lightly, the necessaries of life, and heavily the luxuries, and also of internal improvements."

If Senator JAMES writes a few more letters defining his principles, people will begin to conclude that he is making a judy of himself. A man of such fickle politics is Whig at heart, and we hope that he will at once take a place in the ranks of that party. The Democrats can probably get along without him in the U. S. Senate.

The Gambler's Fate.

The New York *Globe* gives the particulars of a young man's fate at the gaming table. He was a resident of Western New York, very highly esteemed and wealthy. He married an accomplished wife.—His property attracted the eye of the genteel gamester, into whose toils he soon fell. The sweet embraces of home were neglected, and in a few months about thirty thousand dollars were squandered away in the gaming table. Discovering at length the vortex into which he had plunged himself, he came to New York. Having spent what little money he had made, we next find him resorting to the lowest subterfuges to raise money. He borrowed several valuable watches, &c., from his friends, and took them to a pawnbroker's shop to raise money to gratify his base inclinations, and last week was compelled to flee the city, a fugitive from justice. Of his future it requires no prophetic pen to speak. A broken-hearted wife, desolate home, and inevitable disgrace, are now his portion.

FROM HARRISBURG.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE MORNING POST.]

NUMBER LIV.

HARRISBURG, April 2.

My Dear Post: The bill providing for the election of Judges of the different Courts in this Commonwealth, passed finally this morning in the Senate, and having previously passed the House, it will become a law by the signature of the Governor. Contested elections under this law are to be conducted before the Supreme Court, in cases where the election was for a Judge of that Court; and by the Court of Quarter Sessions, with three Judges on the bench, when the election is for a District Judge.

A bill for the incorporation of the Anthracite Bank, at Tamaqua, was called up in the Senate, and fell by a tie vote; but the vote was afterwards reconsidered, and will probably pass the Senate.

A large number of private local bills have been passed in the Senate to-day, but none of them have any character or importance above a turnpike road company or a female academy.

By the way, a bill divorcing John Savery, Esq., from his wife, passed the House this morning, and having previously passed the Senate, it will become a law, and let them loose again. Both parties were applicants for this bill of divorcement, no opposition was made to its passage, and no difficulty attended it. How pleasant it is for man and wife to agree!

The House has been engaged nearly all day discussing the provisions of the Appropriation bill giving counsel fees to James Fox and R. D. McAlister, Esqs., in certain cases where the Commonwealth has, as is alleged, received extraordinary services at the hands of these gentlemen.—Mr. Fox, it appears, will be ruled out of his claim by the extraordinary conduct of the member from Dauphin, who was also concerned as counsel in one of these cases; and it is thought, and said openly, that he there engendered a feeling against Mr. Fox, a brother member of the Dauphin Bar, and belonging to the same party in politics, which he has carried into his seat in the Legislature, and indulged against the claim.

The closing argument which Mr. Fox made in this case was characterized in the discussion today, by Mr. Killinger, as one of the most eloquent and powerful efforts ever heard in Dauphin county, and to the truth of this statement your humble correspondent can attest, having heard it all.—This speech was thought at the time to have secured the conviction of Joseph Melliken, for burning the Clark's Ferry Bridge, belonging to the State.

Mr. McAlister, who was engaged in this prosecution with Mr. Fox, is to be allowed $200 for his services in this case, and in the other, to wit: the Com. vs. M'Cook, for an attempt to bribe a member of the Legislature. It would appear that if fees were allowed to one of these gentlemen, the other should receive them. And if it be true that Mr. Kunkel, through any personal feeling, has been impelled to defeat the one and favor the other, it will certainly furnish evidence that there might have been no injustice in the charge made against him some days ago, relative to his personal interest and feeling *as counsel in the Legislature* for the Central Railroad. This charge was brought against him in the House on account of his opposition to the appropriation for the completion of the Western Reservoir and alleging that the canals would probably soon be abandoned on account of the effect of the Railroad on its banks; and certainly if this personal feeling against a brother at the Bar could be the cause of his course in the one case, the feeling charged upon him in the other may have been brought to bear upon his conduct as a Legislator. The one is, at least, a witness for the other.

The Senate has this moment adjourned, after having been in session nine hours—since 9 o'clock this morning.

The House to day refused to hold an afternoon session. They were in session only four hours.

FRANKLIN.

The States and Territories of the Union.

The Constitution of the United States was ratified by the thirteen original States in the following order:

1 Delaware, December 7, 1787.
2 Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787.
3 New Jersey, December 18, 1787.
4 Georgia, Jan. 2, 1788.
5 Connecticut, Jan. 9, 1788.
6 Massachusetts, Jan. 6, 1788.
7 Maryland, April 28, 1788.
8 South Carolina, May 23, 1788.
9 New Hampshire, June 21, 1788.
10 Virginia, June 26, 1788.
11 New York, July 26, 1788.
12 North Carolina, Nov. 21, 1789.
13 Rhode Island, May 29, 1790.

States admitted into the Union since the adoption of the Constitution.

14 Vermont, March 4, 1791.
15 Kentucky, June 1, 1792.
16 Tennessee, June 1, 1796.
17 Ohio, Nov., 29, 1802.
18 Louisiana, April 8, 1812.
19 Indiana, Dec. 11, 1816.
20 Mississippi, Dec. 10, 1817.
21 Illinois, Dec. 3, 1818.
22 Alabama, Dec. 14, 1819.
24 Maine, March 14, 1819.
25 Arkansas, June 15, 1836.
26 Michigan, Jan. 26, 1836.
27 Florida, March 3, 1845.
28 Texas, Dec. 29, 1845.
29 Iowa, Dec. 28, 1846.
30 Wisconsin, May 29, 1848.
31 California, Sept. 9, 1850.

Territories for which territorial governments have been established by the Congress of the United States:

Oregon,	Utah,
Minnesota,	New Mexico.

The nation comprises a group of thirty-one States, and possesses, besides, an almost boundless public domain, out of which many additional States will be formed hereafter.

The New Three Cent Coins.

The Philadelphia North American learns from E. C. Dale, Esq., Treasurer of the Mint, that preparations are making for a large issue of three cent pieces from the mint at an early day. By authority from the Treasury Department a great part of the silver bullion fund will be converted into these pieces; and after receiving a sufficient supply for the various Government offices, the balance will be exchanged for deposits of foreign silver coin or bullion, and also for *American gold or silver coins.* A fund is likewise provided for procuring future supplies of silver bullion for this coinage, so that all the public demands may be promptly satisfied. To prevent undue accumulations of these coins in single hands, a discrimination is allowed to decline selling more than $150 worth at a time to one applicant. The least amount to be sold is $30. Authority is also given to deliver the coins in distant cities at the cost of the mint for transportation, as is now the case in distributing the copper coinage. Notice will hereafter be given of the time at which applications for the new coin will be received.

IMMIGRATION.—The immigration at New York for the first quarter of the years 1850 and 1851, compares as follows:

	1850.	1851.
There arrived in January	13,154	14,709
" " February	3,206	8,177
" " March	5,569	16,053
Total	21,929	38,938
		21,929
Increase over last year		17,010

Indiana Democratic Meeting.

Agreeably to notice, the Democracy of Indiana county assembled in the Court House, in the borough of Indiana, on Tuesday evening the 25th inst., to elect delegates to the several Democratic Conventions, to meet in Harrisburg and Reading, in June next.

On motion, Edward Carlton, Esq., was called to the chair; James M. Sloan, Archibald Davis, Michael Lowman, and Pet. Mulvehel, Vice Presidents, and Peter Sutton, E P. Hilderbrand, Silas Marlin and Robert Sutton, Secretaries.

Augustus Drum, Esq., stated the object of the meeting, in his usual happy and energetic style.

On motion, the Chair appointed Ephraim Carpenter, Edward Nixon, S. S. Jamison, Wm Parker, Jr., and Alfred Matthias, a committee to draft and report a preamble and resolutions, expressive of the sense of this meeting.

Resolved, That we have undiminished confidence in the great ability, and elevated patriotism of Pennsylvania's distinguished statesman, Hon. James Buchanan, and fondly trust that through him Pennsylvania will be made the Banner State of the next Presidential contest.

Resolved, That we have the fullest reliance upon the integrity and capacity of Col. Wm. Bigler, of Clearfield county; and that, if he is nominated for Governor, we will give him our cordial support.

Resolved, That Hon. Alfred Gilmore, our Representative in Congress, is entitled to the thanks of his constituents, for the fidelity and industry that have marked his course.

Resolved, That this meeting concurs with the Democrats of Armstrong County in the nomination of J. Alexander Fulton, Esq., of Kittanning, as Senatorial delegate to the Judical Convention at Harrisburg.

On motion, the meeting proceeded to an election for delegates to the Harrisburg and Reading Conventions, which resulted in the choice of Augustus Drum, Esq., as Representative delegate to the Judicial Convention at Harrisburg; James Bailey, Esq., of the borough of Indiana, as Representative delegate to the Reading Convention; and Col. Alexander, of Clarion, as Senatorial delegate to the Reading Convention.

On motion of D. A. Barr, Esq., the following resolution was read and adopted:

Resolved, That this meeting hold in high estimation, the tried patriotism, talents and bravery, of Col. S. W. Black, of Allegheny county, and look forward to the no distant day, when his grateful fellow citizens will have an opportunity of expressing their gratitude by elevating him to a situation he is eminently qualified to fill with honor, viz: the Chief Magistracy of Pennsylvania.

The Parkersburg Railroad.

The following is a copy of the bill, which passed the Virginia Legislature, at its last session, for the construction of a railroad from Parkersburg (Va.) to intersect the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, near the mouth of the Three Fork, in Taylor county. We publish the act in full, that our citizens may see what its provisions for this important extension of the B. & O. Railroad to the Ohio river.

A BILL

To incorporate the Northwestern Virginia Railroad Com'y.

1. Be it enacted, That it shall be lawful to open books in Clarksburg, under the direction of Joseph Johnson, G. D. Camden, C. Vance, J. M. Bennett, D. R. Neal, L. D. Morrell, J. G. Stringer, W. Logan, Wm. Logan, H. H. Phelps, James M. Stephenson, and George Neal, jr., or any one of them, and in each other place or places, under the direction of such agents as any three of the above named commissioners may designate, for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the amount of thirty thousand shares of fifty dollars each, to constitute a joint capital stock for the purpose of constructing a railroad from Parkersburg in the county of Wood, to intersect the line of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at some eligible and convenient point at or near the mouth of Three Fork in the county of Taylor, and for providing every thing necessary for convenient transportation on the same.

2. The said books shall be opened and the subscriptions received in the manner provided by the Code of Virginia prescribing general regulations for the incorporation of railroad companies; and when three thousand shares of the said capital stock shall have been subscribed, their associates, successors, heirs, administrators and assigns, shall be and are hereby incorporated into a company politic and corporate, by the name and style of "The Northwestern Virginia Railroad Company," subject to all the provisions and entitled to all the benefits of the above said Code, except so far as the provisions of this act are or may be inconsistent therewith.

3. The company hereby incorporated shall have full right and privilege, and is hereby authorized and empowered, to intersect and connect their said railroad with the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at the point hereinbefore designated, and shall be entitled to all the benefits of the 4th section of the act passed March the 6th, 1847, entitled "An act to authorize the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company to construct the extension of their railroad through the territory of Virginia."

If the capital stock of said company shall be insufficient for the purposes of this act, the said company shall have power, and are hereby authorized to increase the same by the addition of as many shares as may be deemed necessary; and said company shall have power to borrow money for the purpose of carrying on the object of this act, and to issue proper certificates or evidences of such loans, and to pledge the property of the company for the payment of the same, and for interest that may accrue thereon; and said company shall have power to construct so much of their said railroad as the amount subscribed may allow, and shall have two years from the passage of this act to commence the same.

5. So much and such parts of the Code of Virginia hereinbefore recited, or of any other act or acts as may be inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act, shall be held not so affecting the company hereby incorporated, so far as the same may affect the charter granted by this act: Provided however, That for all other purposes the same shall have the same force and effect as if this act had never been passed.

[The following ryder was added to the charter before it finally passed:]

RYDER.

The said Railroad Company are authorized to be constructed shall not strike, touch or enter the ravine of the Ohio river Northward of the said town of Parkersburg.

The road hereby authorized to be made shall not be used for the transportation of freight or passengers (except persons engaged in, and materials for the construction thereof) until twelve months after the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company shall have completed their road from Cumberland, State of Maryland to the terminus thereof in the city of Wheeling, with graduation, masonry, tunnelling and bridging for a double track, substantially equal in all respects to that part of the road extending from Cumberland aforesaid to Three Forks in the county of Taylor, with a single track laid of iron weighing at least fifty-five pounds to the lineal yard, with suitable terminus and every thing else necessary for the daily transportation of freight and passengers over the same; to and from the said city of Wheeling, and the same shall have been ascertained and certified by the Board of Public Works; and any attempt to use the said railroad hereby authorized to be constructed, except as aforesaid, shall forfeit the privileges hereby granted to the said North-Western Virginia Railroad Company:—Provided, however, that the restrictions and conditions hereby imposed in this section upon the said North-Western Virginia Railroad Company shall cease to have effect whenever it shall be made to appear to the Board of Public Works that the city of Wheeling has refused to subscribe or pay the subscription agreed to be made by her, agreeably to the memorandum of agreement between said city and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, bearing date the sixth day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

Wheat Crop in Ohio.

It is estimated, upon a careful investigation of the matter, says the Cincinnati *Nonpareil*, that the wheat crop in Ohio for the year 1850 will amount to about 30,000,000 bushels.

The population of Ohio is 1,981,040. Each inhabitant will consume 1 bbl. of flour or 4½ bushels of wheat. That it will require 8,918,730 bushels to feed its own population, and leave for sale 21,081,270.

When wheat commands 75 cts in the Lake ports, it nets the farmer 55c; the other 10c is paid for transportation and commission. The surplus wheat put into the purses of its farmers, $13,702,825 50, and to the State $10,952 50.

There had been sold previous to the 1st of January 1851, 4,442,694 bushels, which with the amount required to feed its population, 819,730 bushels, left on hand at that time for sale 16,638,697 bushels.

The surplus wheat and corn crops of Ohio of the last year are sufficient to redeem every dollar of her State indebtedness.

DIED:

On Sunday morning, April 6, at 7 o'clock, A. M., after a short illness, JOHN SHEPHARD.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, Diamond alley, this DAY, (Monday,) at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Suddenly, last evening, ROBERT GIBB. His funeral will take place this afternoon at 3½ o'clock, from his late residence, 5th Ward.

CORSETS.

When I was over in your town,
A week ago, or more,
A saw a very sing'lar thing,
I never saw before.

'Twas hanging in a window case,
Upon a string a-straddle—
Looked something like an hour-glass,
And something like a saddle.

I asked of several city "gents,"
Who chanced to be at hand,
"What was it?" but their gibberish
I could not understand.

One fellow called it "a restraint,
On certain parties placed,
Like a decree in chancery,
To stay the tenants' waste!"

Another—just the queerest chap
Of any in the swarm—
Said, "I warrant the glass of fashion, but
It was the mould of form."

Another said, "'twas a machine
A lady used to rig her,
To bring her life and form into
The very smallest figure."

At last, a little girl came out,
And—think of my amaze!—
She asked me "if I wouldn't please
To buy a pair of stays?"

Of course I 'd heard of "stays" before,
But strike me deaf and dumb,
If e'er I, until that hour,
Suspected "them was um."

Well, isn't it exceeding strange,
That any maid or wife,
Just for a "little taper," should
Put out the "lamp of life?"

I know that lunatics must have
Straight-jackets put about 'em,
But women in their wits should make
A shift to do—without 'em!

Pretty Thoughts.

WHAT IS CRIME? A wretched vagabond, traveling from place to place in a fruitless endeavor to escape from justice, who is constantly engaged in hot pursuit. A foe to virtue and happiness, though at times the companion of poor innocence, which is too often made to suffer for the guilty.

WHAT IS THOUGHT? A fountain from which flows all good and evil intentions; a mental fluid, electrical in force and rapidity of its movements, silently flowing unseen within its own secret avenues; yet it is the controlling power of all animated matter, and the chief mainspring of all our actions.

WHAT IS HAPPINESS? A butterfly that roves from flower to flower, in the vast garden of existence, and which is eagerly pursued by the multitude, in vain hope of obtaining the prize; yet it continually eludes their grasp.

WHAT IS FORTUNE? A sparkling beverage which often rejects those who are most anxious to solicit her favors; whilst others, more unworthy, are the recipients of her bounties without their solicitation.

WHAT IS FASHION? A beautiful envelope for morality, presenting a glittering and polished exterior, the appearance of which gives no certain indication of the real value of what is contained therein.

WHAT IS WIT? A sparkling beverage that is highly exhilarating and agreeable, when partaken at the expense of others; but when used at our own cost, it becomes bitter and unpleasant.

WHAT IS KNOWLEDGE? A key that unravels all mysteries, which unlocks the entrance and discovers new, unseen, and untrodden paths in the hitherto unexplored fields of science and literature.

WHAT IS CONTENTMENT? The philosophy of life, and the principal ingredient in the cup of happiness—a commodity that is undervalued in consequence of the very low price it can be obtained for.

WHAT IS JUSTICE? A pair of scales in which the actions of mankind are often weighed; the true weights being brought up by power and wealth whilst others that are innocent are substituted.

WHAT IS AMBITION? A fierce unconquerable steed, that bears its rider on in the high road of preferment; but it oftentimes throws him such a fall that he rarely ever recovers.

WHAT IS IDLENESS? A public mint, where various kinds of mischief is coined and extensively circulated among the most despicable of the human race.

WHAT IS FEAR? A frightful substance to the weak guilty, but a vain and harmless shadow to the conscientious, honest and upright.

WHAT IS JOY? The honey of existence; really beneficial and agreeable when partaken of in moderation, but highly injurious when used to excess.

New and Fashionable Goods.

JUST RECEIVED at *BOOBYER & GRIBBLE'S* Boston Store Clothing Store, No. 255 Liberty street, a large and splendid assortment of the latest styles of Spring and Summer Goods, which we are prepared to manufacture to order, in a style unsurpassed in this city, and at extremely low prices.

We have on hand a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, made in the best and most fashionable manner, which we are determined to sell very low for cash. Country merchants, and those who buy wholesale, will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock, before purchasing. [apr7:3m

New Books! New Books!

H. MINER & CO., 32 Smithfield street, are receiving by every mail a great variety of cheap publications. Having arrangements with Publishers in the various cities of the Union, we have a decided advantage over other houses in the early receipt of new works. The following are some of the latest that have been received:

Lizzie's Living Age, No. 360.
No. 4 Appleton's Mechanics' Magazine and Engineers' Journal;
Richard of York, or the White Rose of England. An Historical Romance, by the author of "The Last of the Plantagenets," &c.;
The Philosophy of Spiritual Intercourse—being an explanation of modern mysteries—by A. Jackson Davis.
Rose Douglas, or the Autobiography of a Minister's Daughter, by T. R. W.;
French without a Master—in six easy lessons; Spanish without a Master—in four easy lessons; Italian without a master—in five easy lessons; German without a master—in six easy lessons; Latin without a master—in six easy lessons. Price of each, 25 cents; or the whole series of twenty-four lessons for one dollar. [apr7.

CURE YOURSELF—AMERICAN COMPOUND.—This never failing specific is guaranteed in all cases of delicate disease, together with the attendant complaints, to effect a speedy, safe and lasting cure in the course of a few days, without restrictions to diet, business or injury to the system. It is an old and popular remedy, tried in vain by hosts (and still is used) in the private practice of a physician, radically curing ninety-nine of every hundred cases. It leaves no odor on the breath, and may be used by any one without the least fear of exposure. For sale at the Medical Depot, No. 50 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. [apr7

Dr. W. Smith,

IRON CITY HOTEL,

Fifth Street, between Wood and Market, Pittsburgh.

☞ Good STABLING attached to the house. [apr7:y

New Books! New Books!!

A. HOLMES' LITERARY DEPOT, Third street, opposite the Post Office:

Horticulturist for April;
Cultivator do;
Litell's Living Age, No. 360;
Rose Douglas, or the Autobiography of a Minister's Daughter;
Mulhallen—a Tale;
Spiritual Intercourse—by A. J. Davis;
Harper's Magazine for April—the best number issued;
Richard of York—or the White Rose of England: an Historical Romance;
German without a Master—in six easy lessons;
French without a Master, do do;
Latin without a Master, do do;
Spanish without a Master—in four easy lessons;
Italian without a Master—in five easy lessons;
Time, The Avenger—by Mrs. Marsh; [apr7

BEST JAVA COFFEE—*Ready Roasted*—For sale at MORRIS' TEA STORE, in the Diamond. [apr7

SUNDRIES—22 sacks Dried Apples;
12 bbls. superfine Flour;
6 do Rye Flour;
2 do Eggs;
4 kegs Lard;
2 bbls. Roll Butter.
On consignment and for sale by
apr7 KING & MOORHEAD.

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Allegheny

The petition of C. W. Bennett, of the 4th Ward, Pittsburgh City, in the County aforesaid, humbly sheweth, That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the Ward aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license so keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

C. W. BENNETT.

We, the subscribers, citizens of aforesaid Ward, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

Thomas A Hinton, Robert M'Cutcheon, James P Horbach, F Braun, G W Smith, Jas I Kerr, James Verner, James Mathews, John Christy, J L Shee, Henry M'Collough, M Dratton. [apr7:3t

Removal!

SAMUEL MCLAIN has removed his *LEATHER STORE* from No. 97 Wood street, to No. 19 Diamond alley, near the Diamond Market, where he intends, as usual, to keep on hand and for sale a large assortment of Sole Leather, Skins and Shoe Findings. He cordially invites his former customers and those wishing to purchase Leather, to give him a call at the new stand, as he is confident he will be able to sell them Sole Leather and other articles belonging to the trade, as low as they can be purchased for cash in the city.

N. B.—It is the same house in which he formerly lived before going to Wood street, and which has been occupied for some time past as a Leather Store, by Henry Stewart. [apr4:daw2w] SAMUEL MCLAIN.

Special Notices.

OFFICE OF THE
ASSOCIATED FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY,

☞ Books will be open at the Office of the Company, *No. 124 and 126 Monongahela House, Water street*, for the purpose of receiving subscriptions for Two Thousand shares of the Capital Stock of said Company, *on Tuesday, the 15th instant.*

By order of the Board of Directors,
apr4 W. W. DALLAS, *Pres't.*

☞ **Be in Time.** ☜

Long cogitations will not answer when *Consumption* is stealing a march upon the Organs of Respiration, blocking up the air vessels, and inflaming their mucus membrane, preparatory to assailing the substance of the Lungs themselves. Then it is *prompt action*, or *speedy death*. Those who prefer the former to the latter, will lose no time in having recourse to *Dr. Rogers' Syrup of Liverwort, Tar, and Canchalagua.* It will relieve the throat of phlegm, exercise a healing influence upon the Lungs, and sustain the system. In saying this we merely echo the voice of the Faculty, of men of Science, Statesmen, and the reverend, the clergy. Peruse what they have written. You will find in the pamphlet in the hands of Agents. An advertisement appears in another part of this paper.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

☞ The remarkable success of this Balsam is no doubt owing in a great measure to the peculiarly agreeable and powerful nature of its ingredients. It is a fine HERBAL medicine—composed chiefly of Wild Cherry Bark and the genuine Iceland Moss, (the latter imported expressly for the purpose,) the rare medical virtues of which are also combined by a new chemical process with the Extract of Tar, thus rendering the whole compound the most certain and efficacious remedy ever discovered:

We do not wish to deceive the afflicted, or hold out any hopes of relief when none exist; but when so many hundreds pronounced by skillful physicians as most hopeless cases, have been cured, who can blame us for using every word and accent of persuasion to induce the suffering invalid to lay aside prejudice, and partake of a remedy seldom known to fail!

Beware of counterfeits and base imitations. [mar12

☞ See advertisement.

European Agency.

☞ Having been detained by business at New Orleans and St. Louis, during the last few weeks, I will not leave this city until Tuesday, the 8th of April next.

JOHN D. DAVIS,
mar27:1A8 corner of Wood and Fifth sts.

Gastric Juice or Pepsin.

☞ This great remedy, prepared after directions of Baron Liebig, the great Physiological chemist, by Dr. J. S. Houghton, of Philadelphia, is working wonders in all diseases of the stomach and digestive organs. It is truly one of the most important discoveries in medical science. Cures of the most hopeless cases of indigestion have been performed, to which the publicity can be referred by calling on the agents. See advertisement in another column. KEYSER & M'DOWELL, Agents.
feb3 140 Wood street.

☞ Consumers of wines are invited to read in another column the card of Jacob Snider, Jr.'s cheap wine store 57 Walnut street, Philadelphia. feb14:d1y

ENCOURAGE HOME INSTITUTIONS.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH.

C. G. HUSSEY, Pres't. ..... A. W. MARKS, Sec'y
Office—No. 41 Water st., in Warehouse of C. H. Grant.

☞ THIS Company is now prepared to insure all kinds of Risks on Houses, Manufactories, Goods, Merchandize Store, and in Transitu V