The Morning Post.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 22, 1851.

☞ *"No American citizen can ever cease to esteem the Union as the first of all blessings. Disunion! God forbid—Nations yet unborn would rue the rashness of the deed."*—BUCHANAN.

Democratic State Conventions.

AT READING,

For nominating candidates for GOVERNOR and CANAL COMMISSIONER, on the 4th of June, 1851, as fixed by the Williamsport Convention.

AT HARRISBURG,

For nominating candidates for SUPREME BENCH, on the 11th of June, 1851, as fixed by the regular action of the State Central Committee.

To Advertisers.

THE MORNING POST has a larger circulation than any subscription paper published in Pittsburgh. To business men it affords an excellent medium for Advertising; and being the only Democratic paper issued in Allegheny county, it goes into the hands of a class of readers reached by no other paper. Advertisers will be good enough to bear this in mind.

The Saturday Morning Post,

Issued this morning and for sale at the counter, contains four beautiful pieces of poetry—The Frozen Ship; The Old and the New, by M. F. Tupper; The Daisy; Good Bye, by Ralph Waldo Emerson. A Sketch—a Wife's First Grief; a description of the First Ward Public School, with a cut of the building; proceedings of a Democratic Convention at Lancaster; the debts of the different States; Harrisburg Correspondence; European news; besides a large amount of Editorial, Foreign, Domestic, Miscellaneous, Commercial, Telegraphic and Local news.

Price five cents, with or without wrappers.

The Pennsylvania Railroad.

We learn that the contractors are now busily engaged in laying the rails on the Central road, between Johnstown and Lockport, in Westmoreland county. It is expected that the cars will be running West as far as Lockport, which is twenty-six miles East of Greensburgh, by the 1st of July next. It is believed that the road will be completed to within eight miles of Greensburgh by the 1st of October. The heavy cutting and tunneling at Greensburgh will probably prevent the cars from running through from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh before the spring of 1852.

There is great complaint in this community because of the dilatoriness of the Company in reference to the Western division of the road. If the clear agreement and understanding, entered into at the time the County of Allegheny gave her bonds to the Company for a million of dollars, had been carried out, the cars would be running into Pittsburgh before this time.

The Scott and Johnston Organ Dead!

"The Morning Transcript and Pittsburgh Commercial Advertiser," a rampant little penny paper, breathed its last yesterday morning. It was the SCOTT AND JOHNSTON organ in Western Pennsylvania, and met with no little secret opposition from the Old Hunker papers, the Gazette and Journal. The editor, Jos. S. M. YOUNG, Esq., says in his valedictory: "It would afford us much pleasure to remain in Pittsburgh, and fight under the banner of our party during the coming campaign; but, for the loss of this, we are consoled with the hope that, in another section of the State, we will unfold the same banner to the breeze, and do all in our power to enhance the success and triumph of the Whig party." He does not state in which portion of the State he intends to unfurl the Whig banner to the breeze; but it is understood that he will take charge of the Harrisburg Telegraph, the State organ of Pennsylvania Whiggery. Success to Young—pecuniary success, we mean—wherever he may pitch his tent.

Public Lectures.

We are rejoiced to know that there is an increasing fondness in this community for Public Lectures. It affords evidence of a healthy state of morals, and shows that notwithstanding our citizens are celebrated for their industry and devotion to business, they do not altogether neglect the cultivation of their intellects. The example set by the Young Men's Mercantile Library Association and Mechanics' Institute in bringing out the celebrated RALPH WALDO EMERSON, to give a course of Lectures, should be followed and kept up by other literary institutions. There are many other distinguished literary gentlemen, both at home and abroad, who would no doubt be pleased to lecture in this city, if invitations were extended to them. There is no method of spending an evening that is more pleasant and profitable than listening to a good lecture. Young men, especially, should take a deep interest in public lectures, for habits and associations which are formed by them in early life will be apt to stick to them through after years. We would suggest to our merchants and others who are in the habit of keeping their stores and shops open to late hours in the evening, that they would find it their interest to let the young men in their employ off as early as possible, so as to enable them to attend these intellectual feasts.

The Ohio Anti-Liquor Law.

The Legislature of Ohio passed a law during the present session, which will go into effect on the 1st day of May, prohibiting the sale of spirituous liquors in less quantities than one quart.

It repeals all laws by which courts, cities and towns are authorized to grant licenses for retailing spirituous liquors.

It forbids the selling of liquor by the small, to be drank at the place where sold.

It forbids the giving away of liquor, when to be drank at the place where given.

These, it will be perceived, are thorough provisions against retailing liquor, against retail liquor houses, and against houses where liquor can be obtained for love or money, to be drank where obtained.

The act imposes a fine for the first offence, not exceeding $25, nor less than $5; and for the second and third offence a similar fine is imposed.

The Cincinnati Enquirer is of the opinion that the act does not prevent the granting of license for the sale of malt liquors or wines.

☞ The Whig papers are publishing a letter of Gen. JAMES, the new Rhode Island Senator, stating that he is now in favor of the "leading Whig measures, and particularly that of the Tariff," &c. We are pleased that Gen. JAMES has at length "defined his position," and are rather gratified than otherwise that he considers himself a "Whig." A man to be a Democrat must not be halting between two opinions, nor allow himself to be blown about by every political breeze. Democrats have no trouble in understanding the principles of Democracy.—Whiggery has no principles, save the advocacy of the obsolete idea that the "government should take care of the rich, so that the rich will take care of the poor."

INCOMBUSTIBLE HEMP ROPE.—The St. Louis Republican contains a very interesting notice of the trial of incombustible hempen rope, recently made in that city. A piece of prepared rope and a piece of wire rope were put into a blacksmith's fire. The heat was intense enough to weld the strands of the wire rope together; whilst the hempen rope was only slightly charred on the outside. Another test was made; a piece of rope and a small bar of iron were placed in the same fire, and the iron brought to a white heat; yet the cordage was but little, if any more affected by the fire than in the previous experiment.

FROM HARRISBURG.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE MORNING POST.]

NUMBER XLIII.

HARRISBURG, March 18, 1851.

I wish I could manage to find something about which to write that would interest your readers to-day. After beating about for some items of interest, I have succeeded in finding but little worth recording.

The Free Banking Bill passed the Senate to-day by a vote of 16 to 13. I send you below the yeas and nays, in order that you may know who voted for and who against it. I would, to-day, have sent you an abstract of the Bill in the form in which it passed the Senate, but as I learned from your able correspondent, "Franklin," that he had already done so, I am spared the trouble. Here is the vote on the Bill:

YEAS—Messrs. Carson, Carothers, Cunningham, Frailey, Frick, Guernsey, Haslett, Hogg, Ives, Lawrence, Matthias, Malone, Meyers, Savery, Robertson, Walker—16.

NAYS—Messrs. Baily, Brooke, Crabb, Fenton, Forsyth, Fulton, Jones, Konigmacher, Muhlenberg, McCaslin, Packer, Sanderson, Shimer—13.

In the House, to-day, the only matter of special interest, outside of the private calendar, was the passage of a Joint Resolution making the pay of the members of the Board of Revenue Commissioners equal to that of the members of the Legislature. This is right. "The laborer is worthy of his hire," says the good book, and better authority should not be asked. Good pay insures good work. At three dollars per diem a Legislator or Revenue Commissioner has but a meagre compensation for the duties, toils and vexations he is called to endure. Honor don't count much now-a-days in legislation. A public servant seems to be regarded as such in fact by many persons, and if it were possible to find men who would agree to do the legislation of the Commonwealth "for nothing and find themselves," there would be those who would complain still.

Look at the list of Private Bills passed to-day, and then let your sympathies go forth in behalf of the poor Transcribing Clerks. Theirs will be a tough time of it from this time until the end of the session. In fact it has been such ever since the opening. Poor fellows! they begin to look thin and jaded. There is an *I want to go-home* kind of a look about the married ones that makes my heart bleed every time I look at them. When the Legislature adjourns they will have the consolation of knowing that their duty to the Commonwealth has been well and faithfully performed.

SPRIG.

CALENDAR OF PRIVATE BILLS, MAR. 18, 1851.

An Act to prevent the landing of convicts from foreign countries.

An Act to change the place of holding the elections in East Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county.

An Act appointing commissioners to run and mark the division line between Lebanon and Lancaster counties.

An Act to provide for the erection of a house for the employment and support of the poor in the county of Lycoming.

An Act authorizing the commissioners of Armstrong county to sell certain real estate.

An Act to incorporate the Miller's Run and Cross Creek Valley Plank Road Company.

An Act to incorporate the Wattsburg and State Line Plank Road Company.

An Act to incorporate the Odd Fellows' Hall Association of the township of Kingsessing in the county of Philadelphia.

An Act authorizing the charter of the Easton Gas Company.

An Act to incorporate the Union School and Children's Home Asylum.

A supplement to the act incorporating the Erie Cemetery, in the county of Erie.

An Act relative to the Sunbury and Erie, and Pittsburgh and Susquehanna Railroad Company.

An Act to incorporate the Western Clinical Hospital, of Philadelphia.

An Act to incorporate the Canton and Athens Railroad Company.

An Act to incorporate the Butler Cemetery Association.

An Act to erect a separate school district in Donegal township, Westmoreland county.

An Act erecting certain sub-school districts, in the county of Westmoreland, into separate school district, to be called Jones' Mill District.

An Act to provide for the erection of a house for the employment and support of the poor in the county of Beaver.

An Act for the relief of John Harrison, of Bedford county.

An Act for the relief of sundry persons, soldiers and widows of soldiers of the Revolutionary and Indian Wars.

An Act extending the time for the completion of the Hollidaysburg and Bedford Turnpike Road.

ANOTHER RAILROAD.—We learn from the Steubenville *Messenger* that a charter has been secured for a Railroad from Bellefontaine to Delaware, via of Marysville, in Union county, and thence to Mt. Vernon, with a view of connecting with the Steubenville and Indiana road. A writer in the Mt. Vernon True Whig, in a communication dated Bellefontaine, 21st February, says: "From Bellefontaine westward to Indianapolis, a line of road is now under process of construction, and a connection between Steubenville and Pittsburgh, by the shortest route practicable, is also contemplated, thus forming a continuous chain of railroad from Philadelphia, via Pittsburgh, to Indianapolis, and at no distant day to St. Louis.

PLANK ROADS.—From a little work recently published by Mr. Kingsford, of New York, we learn that there are in that State nineteen plank roads, of the aggregate length of 2,108 miles, which cost $3,860,298, or an average cost per mile of $1,833.—The stock in these roads has all been subscribed for by individuals and all pay handsome dividends. The Troy and Lansenburg road pay ten per cent. semi-annually, the Utica and Burlington twenty per cent., and it is believed that none in operation pay less than ten per cent. annually. The value of lands on the line of these improvements has also materially advanced—in some instances from $5 to $10 per acre. In Canada there are 442 miles of road open, at a cost of $773,500, or an average of $1,750 per mile.

MINNESOTA—*Distress among the Indians.*—The Minnesota Chronicle of Feb. 10 says that the Indians in the Upper Country, above Crow Wing, are suffering extremely and many have literally starved to death. It is estimated, by those well informed, that within a short time past, from five to seven hundred of them have died in consequence of privations. A delegation of Chippewa Chiefs had arrived at St. Paul, doubtless for the purpose of laying before the Governor a statement of the distressing state of affairs which exist in their nation, and to ask relief.—The means in his hands are, however, small.

INDIAN WAR IN TEXAS.—The Austin State Gazette says it is rumored that Gen. Brooke is making arrangements at no early day to set in motion a strong expedition against the Indians, whose continued annoyance and outrages render it necessary to adopt some such decisive measures, or abandon the frontier to their mercy. It is contemplated to place the expedition under the command of Gen. Harney, who had left for San Antonio to confer with the commanding general on the subject.

DEATHS OF EMINENT PERSONS.—Joanna Baillie, whose literary life stretches back into the last century, and whose early recollections were of the days of Burke, Dr. Johnson, Goldsmith, Sir Joshua Reynolds, and the great men who figured before the French revolution, expired on Sunday evening, the 23d ult., aged 89. She always lived in retirement, and latterly in strict seclusion, in her retreat at Hampstead. The literary fame which she had acquired by her own works, aided in no small degree by the long and loudly-expressed admiration of Walter Scott, who always visited her when in London, never succeeded in drawing her generally into society.

Dr. Jacobi, the celebrated professor of mathematics at the Berlin University, terminated his long and distinguished career on the 20th February.

Scribblings and Clippings.

— Mr. SCRANTON, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Ohio Senate, died on Monday last.

— The Ohio *Statesman* of Tuesday says: A horse and buggy, *a hat in the buggy*, were found standing on the National Road last night, some six miles east of this city. The last we heard, some twenty or thirty persons were on the hunt for the owner. Foul play is strongly suspected.

— Our old friend BERGLIN, who edits the Advertiser in the city of Tiffin, Ohio, thinks that a man who would *steal* from a Printer would commit murder for a chew of tobacco!

— The citizens of Burlington, Iowa, on the 3d inst., adopted a proposition to borrow $50,000, to invest in internal improvements, by a vote of 699 to 46. Over fifteen to one.

— Mrs. ANN CHASE, the heroine, who hung out the stars and stripes, and prevented them from being hauled down by the authorities at Tampico, in the early part of the Mexican war, arrived at New Orleans on the 29th ult.

— Another large public meeting has been held at Danville, at which resolutions were passed unanimously, denying the right or the authority of the Legislature to re-annex the county to Columbia.

— The Huntingdon Journal recommends JOHN G. MILES, Esq., of that place, as a candidate for the Supreme Bench. Mr. MILES is one of the ablest lawyers in the Commonwealth, and would do honor to himself, the profession, and the State, upon the Supreme Bench.

— A fire occurred in the borough of Manheim, Lancaster county, on Sunday last, which destroyed the tin shop of S. A. Ensminger and the printing office of the Manheim Sentinel.

— A Reform Militia Bill has passed the N. Y. Senate abolishing militia trainings and fines, but giving encouragement to all uniformed, drilled companies, who are to be relied on.

— There were three shocks of an earthquake in Porto Rico in the week ending on the 22d ult., and at St. John the walls of the city hall were cracked.

— A son of HENRY PROFFIN, of York, Pa., aged 10 years, fell off from the end of a car on which he was riding, on Tuesday week, crushing his legs and one arm, so that he died in a few hours.

— Two boys, sons of Mr. GRIFFIN BARNES, were thrown from a barouche, at Norfolk, on Monday, and much bruised about the head, by the horse running in contact with a dray. The vehicle was smashed.

— The carpet bag of which Mr. WITTER, the bank messenger, was robbed at the Norwich depot, on Thursday morning, contained $91,000, instead of $40,000, as first reported. As yet there has been no trace of the robber.

— The Revenue Commissioners have fixed the valuation of the taxable property in the city and county of Philadelphia at $136,529,627, being an increase over the last valuation of $9,960,398.

— The steamship Ohio, with the Pacific mails of the 1st of February, three hundred and fourteen passengers, $200,000 in specie, and gold dust on freight, and $225,000 in the hands of passengers, arrived at New Orleans on the 9th inst.

— A despatch from St. Louis, dated March 17th, says: The first ticket for Jenny Lind's first concert in this city, was bought by Mr. Edward Byron, for one hundred and fifty dollars.

— The mileage allowed Messrs. WRIGHT and BENT the last session of Congress, for their journeys to and from California, is $5,600 each, being according to the usually traveled route by way of Panama, which is 7,000 miles. Dr. Gwin's constructive mileage for the extra session of the Senate, amounts to $11,200.

— Captain LOMAX, of the U. S. Navy, is to command the national ship employed to bring over to this country Kossuth and his companions. Captain LOMAX went in the bearer of the letter of invitation from this Government.

— The Secretary of the Treasury has ordered the preparation of a circular, promulgating the construction of the supplementary revenue law. The freights are not to be added to the valuation of merchandize, for dutiable basis.

Horrible Tragedy in Mississippi.

A WHITE WOMAN VIOLATED, AND, WITH HER INFANT CHILD, MURDERED BY A NEGRO—THE NEGRO BURNT AT THE STAKE.—We copy the following account of one of the most dreadful tragedies it has ever been our lot to record, from the Paulding (Jasper co., Miss.) Clarion of the 1st inst. We have no mind at present, says the Baltimore Sun, to comment on the atrocities committed by the negro—they are too horrible—but as to the summary justice executed upon him, our detestation of mob-law is too great to admit of any justification of its exercise, especially where the statute is fully adequate to the emergency, and its justice is unerring in overtaking the offender, as was sure to have been the case in this instance.—To heard the law's majesty, at any time, is a fearful precedent, as that moral barrier, once overstepped, the tendency downward is natural, and the pretexts for its disregard become more and more trivial as occasion may offer. The Clarion says:

"Since the time when the midnight murder of Dr. Longpon and family sent a thrill of horror through this community, no one event has created a deeper sorrow and more pervading indignation than the assassination, on Tuesday last, of Mrs. Mary Dixon, wife of John Dixon, and her infant child, at her residence in the neighborhood of William Bridges, Esq., by Haley, a negro man belonging to Mr. Zachariah Thompson, (the lady's father.) Having been summoned on the coroner's jury, we went in person to the scene of the horrible tragedy, and there beheld the body of the murdered woman, the severed throat of her infant, and witnessed, without regret, the summary and terrible, but still inadequate expiation of his triple and atrocious crime by the executioner. The revolting facts are briefly these:

"On Tuesday morning, Mrs. Dixon, unconscious of the awful doom impending over his family, started from home in quest of cattle. His little son, an artless child, a few months over two years old, started to find him, pursuing him some distance, when he returned and was discovered by the mother. Mrs. Dixon soon missed the boy, went after him and called to him to return. She was then approached by the fiend villain, Haley, who at once offered such indignities as the virtue and pride of civilized woman resents and resists even at the peril of life. She repelled the advances of the bestial monster, yielding neither to threats nor disgusting importunities, when he felled her to the earth.—An outrage too abhorrent for mention—an outrage that stirs to unappeasable indignation every manly and sympathetic feeling in the human breast, was then perpetrated upon the person of his victim by the incarnate demon. She asked, at the hands of the fiend, life—life, that she might prepare for her solitary remaining hope—a refuge for her crushed spiritin heaven! But the ruffian heeded her not; he spurned the prayer of the wife injured beyond reparation, and beat her on the head with pine limbs and stabbed her until she died! * * * The infant was found about thirty steps from the mother, its throat cut twice with long deep gashes. * * *

"When Haley was arrested his clothes were stained with blood, and the wretch attempted and did throw away his knife. After being severely whipped he made the annexed confession. His implication of the boy, Paul, is entirely discredited by the citizens of the neighborhood, various circumstances strongly tending to the exculpation of the latter. On Thursday about two hundred persons were assembled, including many ladies. The guilt of Haley was too manifest for doubt; and while indignation was at its height, and the blood curdled at the vivid recollections of the unexampled atrocity, it was proposed that Haley be burned to death. To this proposition there was not a single dissentient, if we except the officers of the law, who, in compliance with their sworn duty, protested against the *illegality* of the act. All were eager for the instant and signal punishment of the worse than murderer. Accordingly he was borne to a tree, chained to it, and surrounded with light and other wood. It is worthy of remark that the slaves present evinced commendable abhorrence of the crime and the criminal, and assisted with alacrity in his punishment. We will not dwell upon the horrors of the monster's death-scene. But in simple justice, we would observe, that those who participated in burning the negro, in point of respectability and character, would rank favorably with the same number of citizens in any community or State."

The confession above alluded to we do not think proper to publish. It contains a full acknowledgment of guilt, but falsely implicates the other servant (Paul) as the murderer of the woman, while he killed the child. This was evidently with the hope of release from the stake. The confession was made and taken down while he stood tied thereto. In a previous confession he implicated no one, and it seems he had long meditated an outrage upon the lady.—He says:

"After the commission of the act, when we talked of killing her, she prayed and begged for her life, saying she was not prepared to die; and although so much disgraced, she would never tell on us. This is all I can tell about it."

The husband, Mr. Dixon, did not return home till night on the day of the murder, when he found his youngest child (an infant) lying in the bed, but his wife and oldest child were absent.

"I THINK OF THEE."

AFTER THE GERMAN OF GOETHE. "ICH DENKE DEIN."

I think of thee, when on the shore is dying
The sun's last ray:
I think of thee, when autumn woods are sighing
At close of day.

I speak of thee, when in the summer bower
I sit alone,
I hear thy voice, when at midnight hour
The wind makes moan.

I think of thee, when maids are out a Maying,
And garlands twine;
I think of thee, when rustic pipes are playing
Amid the kine.

I think of thee, when in the hall are dancing
The young and fair;
I look around and see thy form advancing—
The loveliest there.

I sit by thee, in closest bonds united,
Though far away:
And oft renew the vows we two have plighted,
Ay, many a day.

I long for thee, to call thee mine for ever,
My joy, my pride!
Nor time nor space our hearts and minds can sever,
My spirit's bride!

Public Grounds.

The following from an exchange paper, is well worthy the consideration of our citizens:

The deficiency of parks and promenades must now be a serious drawback upon the prosperity of our city. Men of leisure resort to those cities that offer the most pleasure. Paris has everything that can delight the eye, engage the imagination, and instruct the heads of strangers, and consequently, Paris is forever thronged with visitors, from all parts of the globe. More than eight hundred American visitors are constantly in that city, and expend there more than $1,500,000 per year. A large portion of the men of leisure of Britain are in Paris for pleasure, and the prosperity of the capital of France is in no small measure due to the public parks and public libraries. London has more grounds in one of her parks, than in all the parks of all the American cities combined. London is the most beautiful as well as the most wealthy city in Great Britain.—Hor Hyde Park is almost as large as the original limits of Boston, and makes one of the most beautiful drives in the world. Then there is Regent's Park, very spacious, filled with flowers, and shrubberies, and ponds and villas; Kensington gardens; Lincoln-inn fields, and more than eighty squares, many of them contain from ten to fifteen acres each.—Then there are St. Paul's, Westminster Abbey, the Tower, the British Museum, and a thousand other things to interest and delight. It is these things that make her the centre of all the fashion, wealth, genius and taste of the British empire. Sweep all these away, or coin them into gold, and leave nothing but docks, and brick and mortar, and Edinburgh, Dublin and Bath, with their parks and promenades, and the sweet hills and valleys of England, would rob London of half her wealth and fashion in a twelve-month. Most of the wealthiest men in London never made a dollar by merchandise in their life. So it is in Paris and most of the capitals of Europe.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.—Notwithstanding the failure of Congress to give to the State of Missouri the grant of lands for her projected railroads, we are assured by the St. Louis Republican that the Pacific Railroad will be commenced at an early day—as soon as the drawings and plans are arranged—and that it will be prosecuted with all the energy possible. It says:

"The bill provides that *two* millions of State indebtedness shall be issued for the improvement of the Pacific Railroad, and a subscription in behalf for the Hannibal and St. Joseph road. The individual, city and county subscriptions will be more than a million of dollars, so that there is an actual capital of more than three millions provided for the commencement of the road. Three routes for the road have been surveyed."

A CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS ARRESTED FOR MURDER.—Gen. William Cullum, who was, on the 10th instant, nominated for Congress by the Whigs of the Nashville district, in Tennessee, and a few days previous shot Thomas Davidson, has been arrested and held to bail in the sum of $20,000, with two securities, each of $10,000. Cullum claims to have acted on the defensive; and Davidson had just been released from the penitentiary for having shot C. some years ago.

THE CASE OF CHAPLIN.—The case of Mr. W. L. Chaplin, Abolitionist, who was arrested in Montgomery county, Md., whilst in the act of abducting the slaves of Messrs. Toombs and Stephens, the Baltimore *Patriot* says, was to come up in Howard district court on Monday; but, as we expected, he failed to make his appearance, and his bail ($19,000) was forfeited to the State of Maryland. The money, it is said, is perfectly secure, having been deposited in bank.

☞ MR. HAICH'S LECTURES ON MERCANTILE LAW.—DUFF'S COLLEGE.—Subject of this (Saturday) evening's Lecture: *Negotiable Instruments.*

This is the only institution in the City in which the Students have access to lectures upon this important science. [mar22:1t

To Cabinet Makers.

Veneers, Mahogany, Rosewood and Walnut; Varnish, and Glass, at the same time, which renders it altogether more valuable to every one, particularly Females.

Dr. Mussey, Professor in the Ohio Medical College, says the Manufactures are truly valuable, and recommends them to the public.

Remember, it is warranted to be purely and entirely Vegetable, and as a Female and Family medicine it has no equal.

Be sure you enquire for Dr. S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla.

Price $1 per bottle, and six bottles for $5.

Dr. S. D. HOWE'S & CO.,
Proprietors,
No. 1 College Hall, Cincinnati, to whom all orders must be addressed.

For sale by our Agents,
J. SCHOONMAKER & Co., R. W. MEANS, A. BLACK, JOEL MARKELL, J. M. TOWNSEND, WILLIAM M. JONES, Pittsburgh; D. A. ELLIOTT, Allegheny; J. C. MCCLELLAND, Manchester; P. CROOKER, Brownsville; and Druggists generally. Also, by HOWE & CO., Proprietors, No. 1 College Hall, Cincinnati, Ohio. [feb26

☞ I. O. of O. F.—Place of Meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between 5th and Virgin Alley. Pittsburgh Lodge, No. 136—Meets every Tuesday evening.

MERCANTILE ENCAMPMENT, No. 87—Meets 1st and 3d Friday of each month. mar25—1y

☞ Odd Fellows' Hall, *Odeon Building, Fourth street, between Wood and Smithfield streets.*—Pittsburgh Encampment, No. 2, meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays of each month.

Pittsburgh Degree Lodge, No. 4, meets 2d and 4th Tuesdays.

Mechanics' Lodge, No. 9, meets every Thursday evening.

Western Star Lodge No. 24, meets every Wednesday evening.

Iron City Lodge, No. 182, meets every Monday evening.

Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 360, meets every Friday evening.

Zocco Lodge, No. 385, meets every Thursday evening, at their Hall, corner of Smithfield and Fifth streets.

Twin City Lodge, No. 241, meets every Friday evening. Hall, corner of Lescock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny City. may29:1y

ENCOURAGE HOME INSTITUTIONS.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PITTSBURGH.

C. G. HUSSEY, Prest. .....A. W. MARKS, Sec'y

Office—No. 41 Water st., in Warehouse of C. H. Grant.

☞ THIS Company is now prepared to insure all kinds of risks, on Houses, Manufactories, Goods, Merchandize in Stores, and in Transitu Vessels, &c.

An ample guaranty for the ability and integrity of the Institution, is afforded in the character of the Directors, who are all citizens of Pittsburgh, well and favorably known to the community for their prudence, intelligence and integrity.

DIRECTORS—C. G. Hussey, Wm. Bagaley, Wm. Larimer, Jr., Walter Bryant, Hugh D. King, Edward Heazelton, Z. Kinsey, S. Harbaugh, S. M. Kier. mar13:1m

☞ Augusta Lodge, I. O. of O. F.—The Augusta Lodge, No. 329, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood st. [ja4:1y

☞ U. A. O. D.—HILL GROVE, NO. 91 of the *United Ancient Order of Druids*, meets on every Monday evening, at the Hall, corner of Third and Wood streets, above Kramer & Rahm's. may31:1y

Notice.—The JOURNEYMENT TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the second Monday of every month at the Florida House, Market st. [ja6:1y

JOHN YOUNG, jr., Secretary.

LIFE INSURANCE.

☞ The National Loan Fund *Life Assurance Company of London and New York*, are now taking Risks on the lives of persons between the ages of 15 and 60 years, at the Banking House of

sep14 WM. A. HILL & CO.

Associated Firemen's Insurance Company of the City of Pittsburgh.

W. W. DALLAS, Prest.—ROBERT FINNEY, Sec'y

Office in Monongahela House, Nos. 124 and 126 Water st.

☞ Will insure against FIRE and MARINE RISKS of all kinds.

DIRECTORS:

W. W. Dallas, Rody Patterson, R. H. Hartley, R. B. Simpson, Joshua Rhodes, C. H. Paulson, Wm. M. Edgar, Edward Gregg, A. P. Tuteur, Wm. Collingwood, B. C. Sawyer, Chas. Kent, Wm. Gorman. feb99

Special Notices.

A Paragraph for the Sick.

It concerns the invalid to investigate the proofs of a medicine's efficacy, before he tries it. This test is earnestly desired as regards *Dr Rogers' Syrup of Liverwort, Tar and Cancharagua.* It is only by the force of reasoning, of testimony, and of *facts*, that doubt can be overcome. We say that this Preparation will cure *Coughs, Colds, Influenza; Croup, Liver Complaint, &c.*, and prove it by the lips and pens of those whom it has saved upon the very verge of the tomb. Hundreds are willing to make affidavit that to the best of their belief it has *cured them of* CONSUMPTION. We point our finger to what they have said, and ask that it shall have the weight to which it is entitled, and no more. Examine their testimony in the pamphlets. The Agents have them. Look also at the advertisement in another column.

$50,00 Reward!!

☞ THE NIAGARA FIRE COMPANY will give the above reward for the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who stole their V, blocked up their doors and tied up the bell rope, on Tuesday night, previous to the fire in the Fourth Presbyterian Church, Penn street, in the Fifth Ward. JOSEPH KAYE, Pres't.

S. McIlwaine, Sec'y. [mar20:3t

Witter's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

☞ The remarkable success of this Balsam is no doubt owing in a great measure to the peculiarly agreeable and powerful nature of its ingredients. It is a fine HERBAL medicine—composed chiefly of Wild Cherry Bark and the genuine Iceland Moss, the latter imported expressly for the purpose,) the rare medical virtues of which are also combined by a new chemical process with the Extract of Tar, thus rendering the whole compound the most certain and efficacious remedy ever discovered.

We do not wish to deceive the afflicted, or hold out any hopes of relief when none exist; but when so many hundreds pronounced by skillful physicians as most hopeless cases, have been cured, who can blame us for using every word and accent of persuasion to induce the suffering invalid to lay aside prejudice, and partake of a remedy seldom known to fail?

Beware of counterfeits and base imitations.

☞ See advertisement. [mar12

Gastric Juice or Pepsin.

☞ This great remedy, prepared after directions of Baron Liebig, the great Physiological chemist, by Dr. J. S. Houghton, of Philadelphia, is working wonders in diseases of the stomach and digestive organs. It is truly a gift of the most important discoveries in medical science. Cures of the most hopeless cases of indigestion have been performed, to which the afflicted can be referred by calling on the agents. See advertisement in another column.

EATHER & MCDOWELL, Agents,
140 Wood street.

☞ Consumers of wines are invited to read in another column the card of Jacob Snider, Jr.'s cheap wine store 67 Walnut street, Philadelphia. feb14:6ty

☞ Daguerreotypes. ☜

NELSON & Co. would respectfully announce to the citizens of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and vicinity, that they have had a large Operation Room, with a Glass Roof and Front, built and arranged expressly for the purpose of taking Daguerreotype Likenesses. The best Daguerreotypes, as the best material, are taken at this establishment, under the special superintendence of the proprietors.

The arrangement enables them also to take Family Groups, of any number of persons, in the most perfect manner.

Likenesses of sick or diseased persons, taken in any part of the city.

Gallery at the Lafayette Hall, Fourth street, corner of Fourth and Wood streets. Entrance on Fourth street. feb14:1y

Public Attention

Is most respectfully invited to the plain, unvarnished statement of John Watt, who was cured of an *old Cough* by the use of the PETROLEUM:

"This may certify that I have been cured of an old chronic cough by the use of four bottles of Petroleum. The cough attacked me a year ago last December, and I had lost all hopes of getting well, as I had taken the advice of several physicians without any benefit. I was benefited almost instantly by the use of the Petroleum, a *hard substance* resembling *tone*. I make these statements without any solicitation from any one to do so, and solely for the purpose that others who are suffering may be benefited. You are at liberty to publish this certificate. I am an old citizen of Pittsburgh, having resided here thirty-three years. My residence, at this time, is in Second street. JOHN WATT.

Pittsburgh, February 24, 1851."

☞ For sale by Keyser & McDowell, 140 Wood st., R. E. Sellers, 57 Wood st.; D. M. Curry, Allegheny City; D. A. Elliott, Allegheny; Joseph Doughten, Allegheny; H. P. Schwartz, Allegheny; also, by the proprietor,

S. M. KIER,
mar8 Canal Basin, Seventh st., Pittsburgh.

☞ During these sudden changes of the weather, colds, coughs and diseases of the Lungs and Throat are more prevalent than at any other season. We advise persons so affected to procure at once, *Jayne's Expectorant*, which always relieves a cough or tightness of the chest or throat, or the difficulty of breathing. Try it. To be had at the Pekin Tea Store, 23 Fifth street. ja31

Dr. S. D. Howe's

SHAKER SARSAPARILLA,

THE GREAT SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

IT PREVENTS DISEASE—PROOF!

A CHILD SAVED! *Curious Case.*—The following evidence is only one of thousands of similar character, and conclusively proves that Dr. Howe's Sarsaparilla is one of the most effective remedies ever discovered:

Dr. Howe:—Dear Sir.—My son, when about six months old, broke out with that *dreadful disease, Scrofulous Sores*, over the face and body; and for two years and a half I tried every means that could be suggested by my friends. I also had the advice of six or seven of the best physicians in the country, without effecting a cure, and almost wished the little sufferer dead, that it might be freed from its pains. During the last six months, the sores were so distressing and painful, myself and wife were up with it night and day, for weeks together, and *we had given up all hope* of ever raising the little one. At length, a friend advised us to try your Shaker Sarsaparilla. Reluctantly I tried it, and I have reason to bless God for it, for, in *a very short time, it healed* the sores, so that there is scarcely even a scar to be seen. We only regret that we did not hear of and commence using it sooner, as we are satisfied it would have saved a great deal of suffering and expense. The child is now well and hearty. We do unhesitatingly consider your Shaker Sarsaparilla one of the best preparations now in use. JOHN STANBURY.

Rose, between Front and Second sts.

This is the only Sarsaparilla that acts in the Liver, Kidneys and Blood, at the same time, which renders it altogether more valuable to every one, particularly Females.

Dr. Mussey, Professor in the Ohio Medical College, says the Manufactures are truly valuable, and recommends them to the public.

Remember, it is warranted to be purely and entirely Vegetable, and as a Female and Family medicine it has no equal.

Be sure you enquire for Dr. S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla.

Price $1 per bottle, and six bottles for $5.

Dr. S. D. HOWE'S & CO.,
Proprietors,
No. 1 College Hall, Cincinnati, to whom all orders must be addressed.

For sale by our Agents,
J. SCHOONMAKER & Co., R. W. MEANS, A. BLACK, JOEL MARKELL, J. M. TOWNSEND, WILLIAM M. JONES, Pittsburgh; D. A. ELLIOTT, Allegheny; J. C. MCCLELLAND, Manchester; P. CROOKER, Brownsville; and Druggists generally. Also, by HOWE & CO., Proprietors, No. 1 College Hall, Cincinnati, Ohio. [feb26

A Partner Wanted

BY a gentleman who is now doing a profitable business on the Western Reserve, Ohio—but whose means are too limited to carry on the same. Any person of good character, possessing $1500 in cash, or goods suitable for a country store, can hear of a good chance by calling upon STUART & SILL,
mar22:1m 124 Wood street.

Pittsburgh Lock Factory.

WM. W. REILLY, *Lock Smithing, Bell Hanging and House Blacksmithing.*
No. 165 WOOD STREET.

A GOOD assortment of Housework, Store and Stable Bolts, and Steamboat Table Castors, on hand.

Jobbing attended to in the best manner. [mar22:y

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for Sale, on favorable terms, the following Real Estate, in the City of Pittsburgh, viz:

No. 1. Three valuable three story brick dwelling houses, on Second street, between Market and Ferry streets, the lots being each 19 feet front by 60 deep.

No. 2. Contains 67 feet front on Third street, adjoining the Third Presbyterian Church, on which is erected one four story brick house, used as a printing office, and one two story brick warehouse.

No. 3. Two lots in Fallston, Beaver county, being lots Nos. 3 and 4, being about 100 feet square, on which is erected one block of four frame dwellings, and one separate frame dwelling, all two stories high.

No. 4. One lot 50 feet front on Back street, opposite the above, and extending to the top of the hill.

No. 5. Two beach lots, each 50 feet front, and running from the road to low water mark, on the Big Beaver.

No. 6. One valuable water lot 100 feet on Wheel Race, with ten shares water power attached.

No. 7. One lot opposite the water lot, 60 feet front, and extending to the top of the hill, on which is erected one two story brick store and warehouse, 28 by 50 feet; also one frame dwelling, two stories high.

No. 8. One large lot in New Brighton, Beaver county, being about 140 feet on Broadway, and about 200 feet deep, containing 1¼ acre, on which are erected two large frame dwellings, and one small frame house, used as an office. This property was formerly occupied by Mr. T. C. Gould, and is very pleasantly located, being immediately opposite the Fallston Bridge.

No. 9. One water lot, immediately below Fallston Bridge, being about 100 feet in length, and extending from Water street to low water mark, or towing path.

The above property will be sold on very favorable terms. Apply at the Book Store of C. C. STOCKTON, corner Third and Market streets.

mar22 JOHN FLEMING, Agent.

Temperance and Noblestown Plankroad Company.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of said Company, that they make payment to HOON & SARGENT, Treasurers of the said Company, of Five Dollars on each share of the Stock, on the last Monday in each and every month hereafter, until the whole stock is paid in full. As the Road will be graded and bridged by July 4th, 1851, the Stockholders are requested to be prompt and pun