The Morning Post.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1851.

☞ *"No American citizen can ever cease to esteem the Union as the first of all blessings. Disunion! God forbid—Nations yet unborn would rue the rashness of the deed."*—BUCHANAN.

Democratic State Conventions.

AT READING,

For nominating candidates for GOVERNOR and CANAL COMMISSIONER, on the 4th of June, 1851, as fixed by the Williamsport Convention.

AT HARRISBURG,

For nominating candidates for SUPREME BENCH, on the 11th of June, 1851, as fixed by the regular action of the State Central Committee.

To Advertisers.

THE MORNING POST has a larger circulation than any subscription paper published in Pittsburgh. To business men it affords an excellent medium for Advertising and being the only Democratic paper issued in Allegheny county, it goes into the hands of a class of readers reached by no other paper. Advertisers will be good enough to bear this in mind.

UNJUST.

We have been informed that the Canal Commissioners of this State have recently adopted a resolution, directing the Collectors of tolls on our public works to charge 2 mills per mile for each 1000 lbs. of anthracite iron, while they are to charge 4 mills per mile for charcoal iron. The uniform rates charged heretofore for all descriptions of iron were 4 mills per mile. When we state the fact that anthracite iron is manufactured exclusively in the East and charcoal iron in the West, the unjustness of the above mentioned discrimination will at once be manifest. The inevitable effect of the change will be to bring into this market a large amount of anthracite iron, which will to a certain extent operate injuriously to the interests of our own manufacturers. All the Western manufacturers ask is to be placed on an equality with the East—they desire no special favors from the Canal Commissioners.

We have been told that the argument used by the anthracite iron men to induce the Canal Commissioners to make the reduction we have alluded to, was, that it would bring a large sum of money into the State treasury. Admitting this to be true, would not a similar reduction of tolls on charcoal iron greatly augment the receipts into the treasury? We think it undoubtedly would. We hope, therefore, that the Canal Commissioners will take this matter again into consideration, and agree to make the tolls uniform on all kinds of iron, whether manufactured East or West of the Alleghenies.

The Washington Union.

It is reported that Father Ritchie has sold out the Washington *Union* for $30,000 to Andrew Jackson Donelson, of Tennessee, late Minister to Germany, the adopted son of Old Hickory, and an able politician.

It is said that Mr. Ritchie has lost a large sum of money by his contract for the public printing, and unless Congress affords him relief he will be hopelessly bankrupt in purse. Publishing a daily newspaper in Washington city is a poor speculation, even with the assistance of government patronage. A correspondent of the New York *Herald* states that Mr. Ritchie has been under the necessity of borrowing $45,000 to carry on business, and has spent it all! We believe Blair & Rives are the only men who have made fortunes in the printing business at Washington.

Death of Capt. Henry M. Shreve.

The St. Louis *Times* of the 7th inst. announces the death of Capt. HENRY M. SHREVE, one of the worthiest citizens of that community. He was, says the *Times*, one of the earliest and most intelligent pioneers of western commerce, having commenced flat-boating as early as 1808, and continued in that business until 1814. In December, 1814, he took charge of a steamboat, (the third built on the western waters,) and proceeded with her from Pittsburgh to New Orleans, performing the downward trip in fourteen days. He put himself and steamer under the direction of General Jackson, and, under cover of night, conveyed troops and supplies for the relief of Fort St. Philips. During the battle of the 8th of January, he served one of the heavy field pieces which cut down the advancing column or General Kean.—Although two steamers had previously made the downward trip, Capt. Shreve was the first to make the upward voyage. By his own improvements of the steam engine, and models of steamboats, he first demonstrated the practicability of navigating the Mississippi by steam power, and for his success was honored with a public dinner more than a quarter of a century ago.

To him the West owes, also, the destruction of the celebrated Livingston and Fulton monopoly, which had virtually locked up the navigation of the Mississippi. During the administrations of Adams, Jackson and Van Buren, he was U. S. Superintendent of Western River Improvements. As the inventor of the steam snag boat, he contributed more to the safety of western commerce, and became a greater benefactor to the West, than almost any one identified with the history of the Mississippi valley.

A full biographical sketch of Capt. S. was published in the *Democratic Review* about three years ago.

An Indiana Cotton Mill.

The *Economist* gives the following account of the great Cotton Mill at Cannelton, Indiana:

Increasing activity marks the operations of our factory. Regular shipments of goods, No. 14, sheetings, take place every week. Upwards of two hundred hands are now constantly employed. Over one hundred and fifty looms and about seven thousand spindles are in successful operation.—Additions are also being made continually.

The goods manufactured in this mill are of the most substantial quality, and we have no doubt will meet with ready sales. The 150 looms now in use will produce upon an average, say 28,800 yards of cloth per week, which of itself is quite an item of shipment from a little town like Cannelton.

The machinery of this factory is, without doubt, as efficient as any in the United States, and we hazard but little in saying that when once fairly under way in ordinary times, this mill will be as profitable to its owners as any similar establishment in the country.

☞ The *American Keystone* is the title of a very neat quarto newspaper published in New York by Messrs. Collicot & Webster, and devoted to Freemasonry, Literature and the news of the week. Subscription price $2,00 per annum. The first number is filled with a large amount of matter which will be interesting to the Mesonic Fraternity.

PITTSBURGH AND CLEVELAND.—The cars will begin to run between Cleveland and Ravenna on the 18th instant, and the trip between Pittsburgh and Cleveland will then be performed in 24 days. [Phila. Ledger.

☞ Twenty-four *days!!* That will do for a Philadelphia paper!

NORTH BRITISH REVIEW.—The February number of this old and popular Quarterly has been received by W. C. Wall, No. 55, Fourth street. Its contents are unusually interesting.

Mr. Hunter's Bill.

The following letter from an intelligent gentleman in Washington, relative to the new appraisement bill passed by Congress, known as Mr. Hunter's bill, will be read with interest. We find it in the Philadelphia *Bulletin:*

WASHINGTON, March 11, 1851.

There has been much said here among interested parties as to the construction to be put by the Secretary of the Treasury upon Hunter's bill.—The chief question raised is, whether duties, under this bill, are to be charged upon freight. The words so clearly imply that the valuation includes "all costs and charges" up to the period of appraisement, that none but interested parties and their counsel could ever have dreamed of any other interpretation. I do not suppose that Mr. Corwin has a doubt about this being the true construction; indeed, while the bill was pending, I knew this opinion was entertained in the Department, and I cannot believe it has undergone any change. As discussion upon the point has arisen, I have no doubt the Secretary will hear what is to be said in favor of the importer's construction of the bill, and will withhold his circular until all parties can be heard.

I am told that some members of the Senate have shown so much interest in this question as to mention to the officers of the government what their intentions were in passing the bill. When it was before the Senate, it was their bill; when passed, it goes to the Executive Department to be carried into execution. If the Executive officers err, the Judiciary will set them right. It is not probable that the Senators all regarded the bill in the same light, and it would be an improper as it would be absurd to poll the Senate to ascertain the true intent of one of the laws of the land.

After all, it is a most ungracious course of the importers to make such a stir about so small a favor to the industry of the country as a duty upon freights. For several years they have enjoyed a prosperity without parallel. Let them not grudge this slight act, this inch of protection to the labor of this country.

Kossuth.

The following is the joint resolution (first introduced into the Senate by Mr. FOOTE,) providing for the employment of some one of our vessels, now in the Mediterranean, to bring to this country KOSSUTH and his associates in captivity:—

"Whereas the people of the United States sincerely sympathize with the Hungarian exiles, Kossuth and his associates, and fully appreciate the magnanimous conduct of the Turkish Government in receiving and treating these noble exiles with kindness and hospitality; and whereas, it is the wish of these exiles to emigrate to the United States, and the will of the Sultan to permit them to leave his dominions:—Therefore,

"*Resolved*, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, requested to authorize the employ ment of some one of the public vessels which may be now cruising in the Mediterranean, to receive and convey to the United States the said Louis Kossuth and his associates in captivity."

Andy Stewart down on Gov. Johnston!

The *Waynesburg Messenger* has the following, in speaking of the part taken in the late Whig meeting in Greene county, by the Hon. A. Stewart. Mr. S. is down on the Governor—his free banking system and all:

"Mr. Stewart is no way backward in declaring that he will not support the re-election of Governor Johnston, and declares that if he is nominated he will be defeated by *thirty thousand majority* in October next. Well, we are almost induced to believe him for once. We never remember to have heard him talk so rationally before. But we must close for the present.

The Whig Party.

Our cotemporary of the Hartford Times thinks that the whig party have so long been accustomed to attack the National Administration, that they cannot easily keep their books clear of Mr. FILLMORE's administration. The *Tribune* gives it a dig occasionally, and the lesser lights look on in astonishment, wondering why Fillmore has ack nowledged the important measures of the Democratic party to be *right*. The people are well satisfied, and nothing short of a miracle can save Whiggery in 1852.

State Debts.

The debts of the different states are as follows:

New York	$24,000,000
Maine	850,000
Massachusetts	6,000,000
New Jersey	67,000
Pennsylvania	40,000,000
Maryland	15,000,000
South Carolina	2,300,000
Georgia	1,530,000
Alabama	8,900,000
Mississippi	7,970,000
Louisiana	16,268,000
Texas	11,000,000
Arkansas	3,860,000
Tennessee	3,337,000
Kentucky	4,497,000
Ohio	17,000,000
Indiana	6,300,000
Illinois	16,600,000
Michigan	2,800,000
Missouri	156,000
Iowa	20,000
California	650,000

New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Delaware, North Carolina, Florida, and Wisconsin, are free from debt.

☞ Another New Light has arisen within a few days, which in its brightness is to entirely eclipse that of Mr. Paino. Of the honor of this discovery, Springfield, Mass., is undoubtedly entitled to claim a share, the inventor being no other then the Rev. Mr. Adams, formerly an Episcopal minister in that town. Mr. Adams claims that by having hollow helices, filled with mercury instead of water, by constructing the electrodes according to his new centrifugal theory of electricity, and by constucting his connecting wires in the same way as the helices, he has been enabled to so far outstrip Mr. Paine in making gas, as Mr. P. has every other who preceded him. The exposé is to be made in a few days.

FANATICISM.—The Marion (Ohio) *Mirror* says that a person by the name of Henry C. Wright, in a recent letter to the *Anti-Slavery Bugle*, published at Salem, Ohio, uses the following abhorrent language: "If my father and mother who bore me were slaveholders, and the slaves should seek to escape by cutting their throats, my sympathies and efforts should be for the slaves; I would not stand lifeguard to my own mother to protect her against her slaves, if she persisted in such foul injustice."

OYSTER WAR—*Return of the Steamer Herald.*—The steamer Herald, which left here on Tuesday evening, with a party of volunteers on board, for the purpose of capturing and driving off the Philadelphia oystermen, who were committing depredations on the oyster beds in the lower part of the bay, returned yesterday afternoon, the objects of the expedition having been successfully accomplished. The steamer went down the bay to Tangier island, and then coming up through Tangier straights, succeeded in capturing six sloops and pongies which were engaged in the depredations, and in making prisoners of fifteen of those composing their crews. The captured boats, with the prisoners, were taken into the Little Annamessic, and delivered to the authorities of Somerset county. Several other boats were driven ashore, and one was scuttled by the captain, he escaping with his crew to the shore in a small boat. The sheriff of Somerset county was on board the Herald, and directed the proceedings of the capture.—*Baltimore American.*

OHIO LEGISLATURE.

COLUMBUS, March 17.

There have been fourteen ballotings for United States Senator, but without a choice.

BALTIMORE, March 17.

The weather is so very disagreeable that very little is being done to-day. It has been snowing all day, and did it not partially melt as it falls, it would be ten inches deep.

A despatch from Camden, S. C., announces the death of Gen. George McDuffie.

HARRISBURG, March 17.

The House this morning passed a resolution to adjourn on the 15th of April.

Scribblings and Clippings.

— The whig papers in Indiana, almost without exception, have placed at the head of their columns the name of Gen. Winfield Scott as a candidate for the Presidency.

— An attachment has been granted in London against the Queen of Spain, to the extent of £10,000, on application of an English bond-holder.

— The Oregon Spectator says that Franklin Little, of Washington City, D. C., and Charles P. Ludwig, of St. Joseph's county, Mich., have lately left Oregon for the States, with over $12,000 made by blacksmithing in a little less than ten months.

— A fire, on the 5th inst., at Mt. Sterling, Ky., destroyed the Court House, worth $12,000, and the livery stable, shop and dwelling of Mr. Smithers, worth $2,500. On the 5th another fire destroyed Mr. Divine's residence, two miles distant.

— A fight between some of the deck hands of the steamer Mohawk and two men named Crafts, came off on the 4th, near Paducah, in which one of the former was shot and killed.

— The amount of money appropriated by Congress, to be expended in and around Washington city, amounts in the aggregate to the nice little sum of $359,000!

— Mr. Albridge shot one of the students of Centre College, at Danville, Ky., last week, while in the Court room. The student is still alive.

— The Architect states that carving in ivory has been introduced into England, as a branch of elegant industry, for females of respectability and taste.

— When a Statesman speaks of liberty, he implies the supremacy of the laws—a demagogue means, the caprice of the multitude—a vagabond means, a full license to steal.

— The Washington *Republic* says that a poor girl was married in that city to a man who, after a season of imprisonment in the county jail, reluctantly complied with his solemn promise to her. It was perhaps the best she could do under the circumstances; but "bad is the best" in such a case.

— James Butler was killed, on Saturday week, at Wilmington, Del., by the express train of cars from Baltimore, running over him.

— The first sale of Turk's Island salt, this season, took place at Alexandria, on Saturday week, when 6000 bushels were sold, averaging 25 cents per bushel.

— At Guerrero, Mexico, on the 25th of January last, there was an earthquake. At the same moment there appeared in the heavens a most luminous meteor, which passed from east to west, accompanied by terrific thunder.

— A bill to amend the charter of the Buffalo and Mississippi Railroad Company passed the House of Representatives of the Indiana Legislature, and went to the Senate, where it was *stolen* to prevent its final passage.

— A proposition was made last week to the Revenue Board of Pennsylvania, by Mr. Canal Commissioner Gamble, to impose a direct tax on coal—ten cents on every ton—to be assessed at the mouth of the pit, and to be devoted to the payment of the State debt.

— The Steubenville Messenger of Thursday says: Thos. L. Jewett, Esq., we are informed, received a letter yesterday announcing that Judge Kennon, of St. Clairsville, was not expected to live.

— We learn from the Lebanon Courier that the appraisers in the estate of Miss Molly Sholly, deceased, an old maid of that county, in looking over her property and effects, found stowed away in some secret drawer or recess, the sum of twenty-one hundred dollars, sixteen hundred of which was in specie.

— The Philadelphia Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church will commence its session in the town of Smyrna, Del., on Wednesday, the 26th inst.

— Gen. Cass did not attend the ball at Tammany Hall given in honor of him on the 6th. Mr. Dickinson made an address at the supper table, and Mr. Clay sent a letter complimentary to Gen. Cass for his support of the adjustment measures.

— Gerrit Smith, Frederick Douglass and George Thompson have had a meeting at Syracuse to raise money for the support of Thompson, the British anti-slavery agent, during his efforts for the dissolution of the American Union.

— Three mail robbers were arrested in the mountains and brought in the Murfreesborough stage to Nashville on the 7th, and committed for trial. They were caught in the very act of robbing a mail.

— It is stated that a dog-mother, who had recently lost a fine family of pups, was seen trying to shove a piece of crape through the latch of a sausage shop door. It occurred in Wetumpka.

— The New Orleans Crescent says that people should not carry children to church to disturb the *rest* of the congregation.

— The Howard (Md.) *Gazette* says it is supposed that Chaplin, against whom there are seven indictments for abducting negroes, will not appear to take his trial.

— The mail made up at New Orleans, on the 27th ult., for California, by the steamer Falcon, contained over 10,000 letters, besides an immense newspaper mail. The postage was over $4000.

— The appointment of John Howard Payne, as Consul to Tunis, has been confirmed by the Senate.—This is one of the best acts of the administration.

— A French paper in New Orleans, *l'Entracte*, says that after Jenny Lind has concluded her American engagement with Barnum, she is going to engage him and exhibit him in Europe.

— William L. Hodge, Esq., Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, has been appointed by the President as Acting Secretary of the Treasury, in consequence of the sickness of Mr. Corwin, who, we regret to learn, is still confined to his chamber.

— Rev. Dr. Dewey has received a call to be Pastor of the Unitarian Church, in Washington City. We also hear that he has been tendered the office of chaplain in the navy.

— Revivals of religion are noticed in the Burlington (N. J.) Gazette, in that city, Bristol and Beverly, principally in the Baptist and Methodist Churches.

— Mr. Lyman Kingsley, a bridge builder, of Northampton, moved a two story house, 26 by 35 feet, across the Connecticut river, at Chicopee, week before last.

— The editor of the Manchester Mirror advertises the finding of a "silk lady's glove." The charge, "easy as an old glove," has no reference to this lady's character.

— In California the *fleas* and *flies* are so thick that you could not drink, says the Baltimore Republican, unless you had a moustache for a strainer to keep them out of your throat.

Plank Road Meeting.

At an adjourned meeting of the Commissioners and citizens interested in the Perrysville and Zellenople Plank Road, held in the borough of Zelienople on the 10th inst., the officers of the former meeting presided, viz:

ALFRED PEARCE, Pres't.
P. L. PASSAVANT,
JACOB ZIEGLER,
DOCTOR MARKS,
JOHN RIDDLE, Esq.,
JAMES KERR,
JAMES MCCUNE, Vice Pres'ts.

John Levis, Secretary of the former meeting, not being present, John Kirkpatrick, John Hall and W. W. Dodds, were appointed Secretaries.

In the absence of the former Secretary, Dr. L. Lusk, of Harmony, was requested to state the proceedings of the former meeting. He responded to the call and addressed the meeting in a very comprehensive manner, on the great importance of plank road a ccommodation to this sectl on of the country.

The Rev. Wm. Findlay, of Prospect, was then requested to address the meeting, with which he complied, and in a most impressive manner elucidated the superior advantages which were likely to be derived from the Perrysville and Zelenople Plank Road Company extending their charter to Prospect, thence to Centreville and Harrisville.

The following resolutions were then moved, seconded and adopted.

Resolved, That as a continuation of the Perrysville and Zellenople Plank Road to Prospect, Centreville and Harrisville, or further, would increase the amount of travel on the entire road and consequently enchance the value of the Stock, we would most earnestly request the stockholders of the Company to make such extension.

Resolved, That those persons immediately interested in such extension, be permitted to take stock with the express understanding, that in case the road should not be so extended that they be allowed to withdraw their subscriptions and have the amount paid in refunded.

Resolved, That the Commissioners of the Perrysville and Zellenople Plank Road Company be instructed to procure a charter from the Governor, as soon as possible for said road.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to wait on the meeting to be held on Saturday the 15th inst., at Perrysville, and inform that meeting that the Perrysville and Zellenople plank road company intend to commence their road where the Allegheny and Perrysville company have terminated their grade, and that the Perrysville and Zellenople Campany as soon as organized take immediate measures to secure the commencement of our road at that point. The following persons were then appointed for that purpose, Dr. L. Lusk, of Harmony, Francis Wallace, of Zellenople, and Robt. Allen, of Prospect.

Resolved, That the Commissioners be instructed to open their books in Prospect, Centreville and Harrisville, with all convenient speed to receive subscriptions for stock in said company.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Pittsburgh, Allegheny, Butler and Franklin papers.

Resolved. That this meeting do now adjourn.

Martin Farquhar Tupper.

This celebrated English poet landed at New York on Friday morning last, from the steamer Asia, and took lodgings in the Astor House. His "Proverbial Philosophy" has given him a world wide reputation. The New York *Evening Post* publishes the following beautiful lines written by Mr. T. on board the Asia, before reaching the New World:

THE OLD AND THE NEW.

Shall it be with a tear or a smile, Old World,
That I bid you farewell for awhile, Old World?
Shall you and I part
With a pang at the heart,
Or in cold-blooded stoical style, Old World?

In truth, it must be with a tear, Old World,
For much that is near and is dear, Old World?
The lingering mind
Looks sadly behind
In doubt and reluctance and fear, Old World.

Yet ever, by land and by sea, Old World,
God helps us wherever we be, Old World;
My babes He will keep
Awake or asleep,
And happily travel with me, Old World!

So thus with a spirit of rest, New World,
I seek your bright shores of the west, New World!
With a hearty good will
My work to fulfil,
And do what I do for the best, New World.

Gratefully here for a space, New World,
Shall I bask in the sun of thy face, New World,
Wherever I roam
To feel always at home,
With brothers in every place, New World.

No dignified dulness to freeze, New World,
But cordial kindness and ease, New World,
Invite me to stand,
With my heart in my hand,
To give it wherever I please, New World.

MARTIN F. TUPPER.

The Asia, March 10th, 1851.

From the Beaver Star.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

Pursuant to a previous call the Democratic citizens of Beaver county assembled in County Meeting at the Court House, in the borough of Beaver, on Tuesday evening, the 11th inst. The meeting was organized by appointing Hon. Joseph Irvin, Chairman; Solomon Bennet, Esq., Israel Seabout, T. T. Reno, Esq., Col. Jas. A. Sholes and Robert Maffit, Vice Presidents; John Glass, Esq., and James Carothers, Secretaries.

On motion of Wm. L. Dickinson, Thomas Cunningham, Esq., was appointed delegate to the Judicial Convention to be held at Harrisburg, to nominate Judges for the Supreme Bench.

On motion, David Boies, Esq., was appointed delegate to the Democratic State Convention at Reading in June next, to nominate candidates for Governor and Canal Commissioner.

On motion of Hon. John Carothers, John R. Shannon, Esq., was appointed Senatorial delegate to the Judicial Convention, subject to the concurrence of the counties of Butler and Lawrence.

On motion, Colonel Thos. J. Power, was appointed Senatorial delegate to the Reading convention, to be concurred in by the other counties composing the district.

On motion,

David P. Work, J. C. Richey, F. Mulvanon, J. Wallace, Wm. L. Dickinson, were appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. During the absence of the committee the meeting was ably addressed by Samuel B. Wilson, Esq.

DAVID P. WORK, Chairman of the committee on resolutions, made the following report—which was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, In the present condition of our beloved country it is meet that the Democracy should rejoice at the glorious triumph gained over those whose factious and treasonable conduct recently endangered the peace of the Union, and threatened its dissolution, that we should, by repeated professions of our faith, show to the world that we are Americans indeed—knowing no East, no West, no North, no South—that we are the friends of the Constitution, and will stand by all laws enacted under and in conformity to it. Therefore,

Resolved, That we regard the Union of these States as the highest and dearest interest of the American people, and that as citizens of the Great Republic we spurn every attempt to sever it, whether made by Northern fanatics or Southern Slaveholders.

Resolved, That as a means of securing the harmony of the country, and strengthening the bonds of Union, we cordially endorse and will heartily sustain all the measures of Compromise, passed by the last Congress.

Resolved, That we still have unshaken confidence in the measures of the Democratic party, and believe that the policy to which it has hitherto adhered is in strict accordance with the genius and spirit of our institutions, and the best calculated to promote the interests and happiness of the whole people, and the greatness and glory of our common country.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Democratic party of the Union are due to Gen. Sam Houston, Daniel S. Dickinson, Senator Foote, and other noble spirits who voluntarily offered themselves up upon the altar of their country, in their manful defence of its Starry rights.

Resolved, That the doctrine of the so called Protection to American Industry, or protection for the sake of protection, advocated by our opponents, tends in its practical working to foster capital at the expense of labor; and as labor constitutes the true wealth of the country, the consequences of such a policy must necessarily be most disastrous to our National prosperity.

Resolved, That the recent amendment to the Constitution, by which the election of the Judiciary has been given to the people, meets our hearty approbation; and that we approve of the plan of holding a separate Convention for nominating Judicial officers.

Resolved, That in Colonel Samuel W. Black we recognize a radical Democrat, a brave soldier, and an exalted patriot, whose splendid intellect and enlarged views admirably qualify him for the highest stations in the gift of the people; and that our delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Reading in June, be and are hereby instructed to support his nomination as the Democratic candidate for Governor of this Commonwealth.

Resolved, That at the approaching election it is the duty of the Democratic party to act harmoniously and unitedly, that we may thereby be enabled to redeem the Keystone State from the rule of fanaticism, by the election of a Democratic Governor, and that we pledge ourselves to the support of the nominee of the State Convention, whoever he may be.

On motion of David Boies, the following resolution was offered, and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Beaver have undiminishing confidence in Gen. Cass, as a statesman—and that we fully approve of his course in the compromise resolution, as well as all his other acts, in the United States Senate.

On motion of David P. Work,

Resolved, That General Sam Houston, the Hero of San Jacinto, is the indomitable and uncompromising friend of the Constitution and the Union, and is alike illustrious and invincible on the tented field and in the Senate Chamber.

Capt. A. B. Beisel offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Beaver county have full confidence in the Democracy of Col. Wm. Bigler, of Clearfield county, and recommend him to the Reading Convention, as a suitable candidate for Governor.

On motion of Gen. Charles Carter, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That our delegates to the Harrisburg Convention be and are hereby instructed to support the Hon. John Bredin as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

On motion, Hon. Benjamin Adams, Wm. Leaf and Patrick Mulvannon, were appointed Conferees to meet in conjunction with conferees from Butler and Lawrence at Zelienople, to select Senatorial delegates to the two Conventions.

On motion,

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Beaver Star, Pittsburgh Post, Lawrence Journal, Washington Examiner, Harrisburg Union and Keystone, and Butler Herald.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

[Signed by the officers.]

Clairvoyance!

MRS. B. G. BUSHNELL informs the people of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that she will be found at her room, in No. 141 Penn street, corner of Pitt street, where she will be pleased to receive the calls of all those who wish to avail themselves of her rare powers in the examination of the Phrenological, Physiological and Pathological conditions of persons, either present or absent, and her prescriptions for Disease, &c.

Terms—Health examinations $2; Phrenological examinations and Charts $1. Hours from 9 till 12, and from 1 till 5, P. M. [mar18:1

To Let.

TWO fine Houses to rent in East Liberty, with good out Houses, Garden, Fruit, &c. Inquire of
F. R. DRAVO,
mar18 No 1 Diamond

Special Notices.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

☞ The remarkable success of this Balsam is no doubt owing, in a great measure to the peculiarly agreeable and powerful nature of its ingredients. It is a fine manual medicine—composed chiefly of Wild Cherry Bark and the genuine Iceland Moss, (the latter imported expressly for the purpose,) the rare medical virtues of which are also combined by a new chemical process with the Extract of Tar, thus rendering the whole compound the most certain and efficacious remedy ever discovered.

We do not wish to deceive the afflicted, or hold out any hopes of relief when none exist; but when so many hundreds pronounced by skillful physicians as most hopeless cases, have been cured, who can blame us for using every word and accent of persuasion to induce the suffering invalid to lay aside prejudice, and partake of a remedy seldom known to fail!

Beware of counterfeits and base imitations.

☞ See advertisement. [mar12

It May be too Late

☞ For a remedy to be useful, before the victim of disease has decided to give it a trial. Let not this be the case with *Dr. Roger's Syrup of Liverwort, Tar and Cinchalagua.* The evidence in its favor is cogent, and will be found in a compact form in the proprietors' Pamphlet. Let the eye run over the signatures to the communications endorsing the medicine, and if eminent names have any weight with the reader, he must be satisfied. If reason and argument, as well as high authority are required, they will be found there; and if the truthful confessions of those who have been raised from what appeared to be the *Consumptive's Deathbed*, have any force, there, also, they may be seen. If human evidence is to be taken, there can be no doubt but the above medicine has no rival for the cure of those various disorders of the Lungs, which, if not cured in time, eventuate in *death*. An advertisement appears in another place. [mar14

Public Attention

Is most respectfully invited to the plain, unvarnished statement of John Watt, who was cured of an *old Cough* by the use of the PETROLEUM:

"This may certify that I have been cured of an old chronic cough by the use of four bottles of Petroleum. The cough attacked me a year ago last December, and I had lost all hopes of getting well, as I had taken the advice of several physicians without any benefit. I was benefited almost instantly by the use of the Petroleum. *I coughed up*, during the use of the Petroleum, a *hard substance* resembling *bone*. I make these statements without any solicitation from any one to do so, and solely for the purpose that others who are suffering may be benefited. You are at liberty to publish this certificate. I am an old citizen of Pittsburgh, having resided here thirty-three years. My residence, at this time, is in Second street. JOHN WATT.

Pittsburgh, February 24, 1851."

☞ For sale by Keyser & McDowell, 140 Wood st., R. E. Selfridge, 59 Wood st., D. M. Curry, Allegheny City, D. A. Elliott, Allegheny; Joseph Douglass, Allegheny; H. P. Schwartz, Allegheny; also, by the proprietor,

S. M. KIER,
Canal Basin, Seventh st., Pittsburgh.

On motion of Wm. L. Dickinson, Thomas Cunningham, Esq., was appointed delegate to the Judicial Convention to be held at Harrisburg, to nominate Judges for the Supreme Bench.

On motion, David Boies, Esq., was appointed delegate to the Democratic State Convention at Reading in June next, to nominate candidates for Governor and Canal Commissioner.

On motion of Hon. John Carothers, John R. Shannon, Esq., was appointed Senatorial delegate to the Judicial Convention, subject to the concurrence of the counties of Butler and Lawrence.

On motion, Colonel Thos. J. Power, was appointed Senatorial delegate to the Reading convention, to be concurred in by the other counties composing the district.

On motion,

David P. Work, J. C. Richey, F. Mulvanon, J. Wallace, Wm. L. Dickinson, were appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. During the absence of the committee the meeting was ably addressed by Samuel B. Wilson, Esq.

DAVID P. WORK, Chairman of the committee on resolutions, made the following report—which was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, In the present condition of our beloved country it is meet that the Democracy should rejoice at the glorious triumph gained over those whose factious and treasonable conduct recently endangered the peace of the Union, and threatened its dissolution, that we should, by repeated professions of our faith, show to the world that we are Americans indeed—knowing no East, no West, no North, no South—that we are the friends of the Constitution, and will stand by all laws enacted under and in conformity to it. Therefore,

Resolved, That we regard the Union of these States as the highest and dearest interest of the American people, and that as citizens of the Great Republic we spurn every attempt to sever it, whether made by Northern fanatics or Southern Slaveholders.

Resolved, That as a means of securing the harmony of the country, and strengthening the bonds of Union, we cordially endorse and will heartily sustain all the measures of Compromise, passed by the last Congress.

Resolved, That we still have unshaken confidence in the measures of the Democratic party, and believe that the policy to which it has hitherto adhered is in strict accordance with the genius and spirit of our institutions, and the best calculated to promote the interests and happiness of the whole people, and the greatness and glory of our common country.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Democratic party of the Union are due to Gen. Sam Houston, Daniel S. Dickinson, Senator Foote, and other noble spirits who voluntarily offered themselves up upon the altar of their country, in their manful defence of its Starry rights.

Resolved, That the doctrine of the so called Protection to American Industry, or protection for the sake of protection, advocated by our opponents, tends in its practical working to foster capital at the expense of labor; and as labor constitutes the true wealth of the country, the consequences of such a policy must necessarily be most disastrous to our National prosperity.

Resolved, That the recent amendment to the Constitution, by which the election of the Judiciary has been given to the people, meets our hearty approbation; and that we approve of the plan of holding a separate Convention for nominating Judicial officers.

Resolved, That in Colonel Samuel W. Black we recognize a radical Democrat, a brave soldier, and an exalted patriot, whose splendid intellect and enlarged views admirably qualify him for the highest stations in the gift of the people; and that our delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Reading in June, be and are hereby instructed to support his nomination as the Democratic candidate for Governor of this Commonwealth.

Resolved, That at the approaching election it is the duty of the Democratic party to act harmoniously and unitedly, that we may thereby be enabled to redeem the Keystone State from the rule of fanaticism, by the election of a Democratic Governor, and that we pledge ourselves to the support of the nominee of the State Convention, whoever he may be.

On motion of David Boies, the following resolution was offered, and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Beaver have undiminishing confidence in Gen. Cass, as a statesman—and that we fully approve of his course in the compromise resolution, as well as all his other acts, in the United States Senate.

On motion of David P. Work,

Resolved, That General Sam Houston, the Hero of San Jacinto, is the indomitable and uncompromising friend of the Constitution and the Union, and is alike illustrious and invincible on the tented field and in the Senate Chamber.

Capt. A. B. Beisel offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Beaver county have full confidence in the Democracy of Col. Wm. Bigler, of Clearfield county, and recommend him to the Reading Convention, as a suitable candidate for Governor.

On motion of Gen. Charles Carter, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That our delegates to the Harrisburg Convention be and are hereby instructed to support the Hon. John Bredin as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

On motion, Hon. Benjamin Adams, Wm. Leaf and Patrick Mulvannon, were appointed Conferees to meet in conjunction with conferees from Butler and Lawrence at Zelienople, to select Senatorial delegates to the two Conventions.

On motion,

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Beaver Star, Pittsburgh Post, Lawrence Journal, Washington Examiner, Harrisburg Union and Keystone, and Butler Herald.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

[Signed by the officers.]

Miscellaneous.

To Let!

THE CELLAR and third story of the building I occupy, on the corner of Liberty and Irwin streets.
mar18:3t W. J. DAVITT.

JOHN M'FADEN. JAMES COVODE.

M'FADEN & COVODE,
[Successors to John M'Faden & Co.]
Canal Basin, Penn street.

Penna. Railroad—Central Railroad.

THE subscribers having been appointed shipping Agents for the Pennsylvania or Central Railroad, inform the public that we are now prepared to receive any merchandize or produce for shipment east on the opening of the Canal.

Goods via this route will be carried through in five days, and all consigned to us will be forwarded free of commission or charge for advances.

RATES OF FREIGHT BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA & PITTSBURGH.

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Books, Stationery, Cutlery, Confectionary, Fruits, Feathers, Furniture, Drugs, Medicines, Saddlery, Wool, &c., &c., $1 ₱ 100 lbs.

Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Leather, Clover, Flax, Timothy and other Grass Seeds, &c., 90c. ₱ 100 lbs.

Bacon, Beef, Pork, Butter, Lard, Lard Oil, Tobacco Leaf, Coffee, Tallow, Grain and Eggs, 60c. ₱ 100 lbs.

Ashes, Marble, (rough,) Tar, Pitch, Rosin, German Clay, Bones, &c., 50c. ₱ 100 lbs.

mar18 M'FADEN & COVODE.

Magazines for March!

GODEY, Graham, Sartain and the Ladies' National Magazines for March are received at WALL'S Periodical Office, No. 85 Fourth street.

The North British Review for February.

Time, the Avenger; by the author of the Wilmingtons; &c.

Polly Peablossom's Wedding, and other Tales; by the author of "Major Jones' Courtship," Streaks of Squatter Life, &c.

Pictorial Field Book of the Revolution—No. 12.

Consuelo; by George Sand.

Also, a new work which everybody should possess, entitled, The Ladies' Science of Etiquette and Hand Book of the Toilet, by the Countess De Calabrella.

The Gentleman's Science of Etiquette, and Guide to the Usages and Habits of Society, by Count Alfred D'Orsay, The Most Polished Gentleman in the World.—For sale as above. Price 25 cents. [mar18

A Valuable Farm for Sale.

70 ACRES OF GROUND, situate on the Monongahela river, about twenty miles above Pittsburgh, —having 12 acres of fine river bottom land, and the balance is first-rate upland—all illiable: about 45 acres in cultivation, and 25 in good timber. The improvements are a two story frame Dwelling House, Barn, frame Stable, spring house, a two story still house, large orchard, of about 400 trees of various fruits, and good qualities; about 4 acres of coal vein, 6 feet; good springs. Price $6,500; $1500 in hand; balance in $200 a year.

S. CUTHBERT, Gen'l Agent.
mar18 76 Smithfield street.

TEAS! TEAS!—One hundred chests prime family Teas for sale at the Central Tea Store, comprising all varieties.

Just receiving, a fresh lot of *Fifty Cent* black and green Teas, which have gained so much popularity in this city. Sold, wholesale and retail, by

H. C. KELLY.

FAMILY GROCERIES.—Mocha, Java, Rio and Laguayra Coffees; Loaf Sugars; Dried Fruits; Raisins; Filberts; Cordials and Boston Syrups; Sugar House Molasses, &c., for sale by [mar18] H. C. KELLY.

WHOLESALE GROCERIES.—Just receiving—
100 bags Rio Coffee, prime;
2 cases C