The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 29, 1851.

☞ "*No American citizen can ever cease to esteem the Union as the first of all blessings. Disunion! God forbid—Nations yet unborn would rue the rashness of the deed.*"—BUCHANAN.

Democratic State Conventions.

AT READING,

For nominating candidates for GOVERNOR and CANAL COMMISSIONER, on the 4th of June, 1851, as fixed by the Williamsport Convention.

AT HARRISBURG,

For nominating candidates for SUPREME BENCH, on the 11th of June, 1851, as fixed the regular action of the ate Central Committee.

To Advertisers.

THE MORNING POST has a larger circulation than any subscription paper published in Pittsburgh. To business men it affords an excellent medium for Advertising and being the only Democratic paper issued in Allegheny county, it goes into the hands of a class of readers reached by no other paper. Advertisers will be good enough to bear this in mind.

☞ Thanks to our old friend Col. MEREDITH, for a copy of the Pacific News, of Dec. 16th.

California Papers.

We received by yesterday's mails our usual files of California newspapers, which our friends may peruse by calling at the Editor's Room.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

We are pleased to learn that our late article advocating a Railroad along the Valley of the Allegheny River, meets with general approbation in this community. We yesterday received the following communication on the subject from L. WILMARTH, Esq., one of our most enterprising and public spirited citizens, which we take great pleasure in presenting to our readers. Mr. WILMARTH is perfectly familiar with the geography and topography of the interesting region from whence the Allegheny takes its source, and his statements may therefore be relied upon as being accurate:

PITTSBURGH, 28th January, 1851.

L. HARPER—*Dear Sir*:—Your very appropriate article on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, in your paper of the 17th inst., deserves from the citizens of Pittsburgh, the greatest attention. The whole of North Western Pa. should be, and is designed by nature *to be*, tributary to Pittsburgh. All that is required to *make it so*, is those improvements being carried out which have so often been surveyed and planned. The position of the territory embraced in its limits, is such that—and so many feasible plans suggested—it is difficult to select the cheapest and most proper. One is the improvement of the Allegheny by slack water navigation to Olean, there connecting with the Genesee Valley Canal to Rochester, N.Y., and with the New York and Erie Railroad. Another, and probably the most important, is the Sunbury and Erie Railroad, to which the Governor, in his Message, so earnestly alludes.

This Road would not only connect with the New York and Erie Road at Elmira, but with the Reading Railroad, thence to Erie with its branch down the Clarion and Allegheny to Pittsburgh, through the heart of the iron and timber region. The public are not fully aware of the practicability and cheapness of the route. The surveys and report of that accomplished Engineer, Ed. Miller, Esq., remain dormant at Philadelphia. The charter was renewed in 1846, with some decided advantages granted; but the Central Railroad becoming the favorite object with Philadelphia, "and the Lake trade Bagatelle," the Sunbury and Erie again went to sleep.

The opening of the New York and Erie Road along the Northern line of Pennsylvania—the immense coal beds of McKean county in this State, are being reached by Plank Roads, along the valleys of Potato Creek and the Allegheny, where nature has already graded, and which will easily be extended across the table lands of Elk county, and again unite with the Allegheny, through Clarion and other counties. These Plank Roads must soon be superseded by an iron road; and it is a matter of great moment whether it should not be first constructed. It only requires the *will* and concert of action to accomplish it. In furtherance of these views, the Clarion people are calling a Convention, from the several counties, to meet at Reimersburgh on the 22d of February; and a large delegation should represent Pittsburgh. The Board of Trade will no doubt take measures (as usual) to represent that body; but every merchant, who has interests or customers in that quarter, should make their arrangements to attend. A steam boat can take them to Watterson's Ferry in a few hours, and from thence it is only four and one half miles.

Let our daily papers keep this matter before the people; and all that will attend the Convention, on the 22d, send in their names to the Secretary of the Board of Trade. Yours, truly,

L. WILMARTH.

☞ The following article from the Washington (Pa.) *Examiner*, noticing the interment of the remains of an esteemed friend of ours, the late THOMAS JEFFERSON MORGAN, was clipped for publication several weeks since, but accidentally mislaid, which prevented its appearance in the *Post* at the time we desired:

Reception and Interment of the Remains of Major Morgan.

We noticed in our paper of week before last, that the remains of Maj. Thomas J. Morgan had reached the city of New York, in the steamship *Brandywine*, from Rio Janeiro. After unavoidable delay of several days, the venerable father of the deceased, who had repaired to New York for the purpose, succeeded in having the body brought from that city to Cumberland, Md., thence to this place, where it arrived on Sabbath night last, and was delivered into the charge of the bereaved and disconsolate widow. On the following day, despite the inclemency of the weather, a large concourse of our citizens turned out and discharged the melancholy duty of deposition in the tomb the body of one whose death they so deeply deplore.

Here, on the spot of his birth, and the theatre of his conduct, until he arrived at years of maturity, where Major Morgan had manifested in an eminent degree those noble traits of character by which he was distinguished in subsequent life, and which won the esteem and admiration of all who enjoyed his acquaintance, his body was deposited in the grave, there to mingle again with the earth.

"Man dieth and wasteth away,
And where is he? Hark! from the skies,
I hear a voice answer and say,
The spirit of man never dies.
His body, which sprang from the earth,
Must mingle again with the sod;
His soul, which in Heaven hath birth,
Returns to the bosom of God."

Washington (Pa.) Examiner.

Ohio Nominations.

The following nominations have been made by each party in the Ohio Legislature, but as the Free Soilers hold the balance of power in that body, it is very doubtful whether any election will take place during the present session.

Democratic Nominees—U. S. Senator, long term: Henry B. Payne, Cleveland; short term: Saml. Medary, Columbus.

State Auditor—Asa G. Dimmock, Millersburgh.

Pres't Judge, 5th circuit—John Clark, New Lisbon.

Whig Nominees—U. S. Senate, long term: Griswold, of the Canton bank; short term: Ewing, of the Galphin Cabinet.

State Auditor—Not yet known.

Pres't Judge, 5th circuit—John Pearce, of Carrolton.

GOOD FOR IOWA!—The new Governor of Iowa, in his Inaugural Address delivered Dec. 4, thus speaks of the condition of that State, without the blessings which these rag mills afford:

"With no banks among us to create distress and panic by their failures, contractions and expansions, with but few incorporations except those formed under general laws, our citizens, relying on their own industry and frugality, are advancing steadily to competence and wealth, showing to the world that bank indulgencies, paper money, and special privileges, are unnecessary to secure to a people happiness and prosperity."

Scribblings and Clippings.

— A Mrs. Coe is lecturing in Cleveland on the following prolific subject: "Duties, Education and Rights of Women." She is said to be an able Lecturer, and to invest her subject with peculiar interest.

— On Saturday last two Irish laborers on the 10th Section of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, were killed by the caving in of an embankment.

— Hon. James A. Bayard, the new Senator from Del., is the first Democrat ever elected from that State to the grave body of which he will prove to be a highly distinguished ornament.

— Philadelphia has once more become a quiet and orderly city as the new Mayor and police have taken vigilant measures to have the laws vigorously enforced; and what is equally important, the courts lay on fines and imprisonment upon culprits according to their deserts.

— At Richmond, on Thursday, as Mr. Nicholas Mills was walking along the street, Shirley Corbin fired a six-barrelled revolver at him, but fortunately missed him. Mr. C. is supposed to have been temporarily insane at the time. A brother of his is married to a daughter of Mr. Mills.

— The wheat crop of Ohio for 1850 is estimated at thirty millions of bushels, and the corn crop at sixty-four millions. No danger of starvation among the Buckeyes.

— Snelton, in one of his sermons, says: "An upright is always easier than a stooping posture, because it is more natural and one part is better supported by another; so it is easier to be an honest man than a knave. It is also more graceful.

— President Nott, of Union College, now above 80 years old, is said to be in vigorous health, and in full prosecution of active labors.

— A pamphlet, published in Mexico, states that the income of the clergy of that country amounts to $20,000,000 per annum.

— In Buffalo, a German, who pursued a couple of thieves who had stolen watches from his window, was shot in the head by them and fatally wounded.

— The world is only rigid for petty and common faults; a rare audacity astonishes it; a splendid misfortune disarms it.

— The trial of George Pharaoh, for the murder of Miss Sharpless, the school teacher, will take place at West Chester, this week, commencing, probably, today, Wednesday.

— The people of Louisville are moving to raise the necessary means to send a specimen of native growth to the World's Fair. They think of sending Porter, the giant.

— The thieves in New Orleans are too smart to go to California for gold. They stay at home and share with those who have been there. On the 9th they stole $1,000, all he had, from J. K. Soran, who had just returned.

— The protracted meeting, says the Georgetown (O.) Union, which has been in progress at the Methodist Church, for several weeks past, closed on Sunday night last. Upwards of 127 persons were added to the membership of the church during the meeting.

— Two brothers named Webb, one aged 22, the other 16, in Haywood county, Tenn., on the 22d ult., quarreled about a slate. The elder knocked the younger down, and he in turn killed the elder with a knife.

— Major William Houston has been elected Mayor of Memphis, in place of J. K. Chester, who was recently murdered.

— Capt. Alanson Ruter, of Jeffersonville, has been elected by the Indiana Legislature superintendent and warden of the Indiana Penitentiary.

— Near Pottsville, Pa., some children at play found strings attached to bushes and leading under the snow, where were found concealed hundreds of dollars worth of gold rings, pencils, chains and unfinished jewelry.

Clairvoyant Revelations.

The editor of the Cleveland *Plaindealer* is having frequent communications with the spirits. On a late occasion the spirit of Tom Paine was called up, and the following communication obtained:

Q.—Will you ask him how he died, and what his belief was at that time?

A.—I will in a minute. He is talking with another spirit now. Ah, here is a third; the three are talking together.

Q.—Who are they?

A.—I cannot tell you now. I will ask Mr. P. soon.

"I died in great bodily agony, but full in the faith that that was the last of me. Judge my surprise to find myself in the spirit land, among friends and acquaintances, who seemed overjoyed to see me. I could not believe I was dead. I supposed my spirit must have re-entered my body, but on looking I saw I had no body. It was some time before I became reconciled to my new condition. But here I am, happy in the enjoyment of progress and truth. My friends here do not condemn me for my belief on earth. I was honest in that belief. I could not help it. You will soon believe as I now do, for you will mark the Infidels, as they are called on the earth, will be first to embrace the truth, having no opposing creeds or prejudices to prevent them."

Thus in substance spoke the spirit of Tom Paine.

Q.—Who were the two spirits conversing with Mr. P.?

A.—They were George Washington and Ethan Allen.

Q.—How does Mr. P. feel in reference to the annual Festivals got up in honor of his birthday?

A.—He says it would be better if the money expended on such occasions was distributed among the poor.

Q.—Will Mr. P. give us a sentiment to be read in his name at the coming Festival?

A.—He says the sentiment that would please his friends would not be *his* sentiment.

Compromise Measures of Congress.

The following is said to be a copy of the Pledge which has been circulated amongst the members of Congress, and pretty generally signed by them:

DECLARATION AND PLEDGE.—The undersigned members of the Thirty-first Congress of the United States, believing that a renewal of sectional controversy upon the subject of slavery would be both dangerous to the Union and destructive of its objects, and seeing no mode by which such controversies can be avoided, except by a strict adherence to the settlement thereof effected by the Compromise passed at the last session of Congress, do hereby declare their intention to maintain the same settlement inviolate, and to resist all attempts to repeal or alter the acts aforesaid, unless by the general consent of the friends of the measures, and to remedy such evils, if any, as time and experience may develope. And for the purpose of making this resolution effective, they further declare that they will not support for the office of President or Vice President, or of Senator, or of Representative in Congress, or as a member of a State Legislature, any man, of whatever party, who is not known to be opposed to a disturbance of the settlements aforesaid, and to the renewal, in any form, of agitation upon the subject of slavery hereafter.

RICH FOLKS IN SAN FRANCISCO.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company are taxed $11,110; Leidsdorff estate $6802; Mellus, Howard & Co. $6982; Stevenson & Parker $3869; J. L. Folsom $3839; James Lick $6444; Charles L. Ross $2470; Mrs. Elizabeth Davis $3000; Macondray & Co. $1170; E. P. Jones $2717; B. R. Buckelow $2002; C. Minturn $2500; W. S. Clark $2340; John Townsend $1688; Palmer, Cook & Co. $1504; R. M. Price $1664; fourteen others over $1000; several $900; E. Gilbert & Co., *printers*, $750; John W. Geary $625; J. C. Fremont $625, and many others from $600 down. The above is only the city tax, mind ye, the state and county being about as much more. Is it possible Mr. Webster could ever have said California is "not worth a dollar?"

WEALTH OF MISSOURI.—The assessments for the year 1850 have not yet been received; but the tax list of 1849 shows the value of the State to be $79,456,547, divided thus: Lands 31,512,391; town lots 32,441,468; slaves 17,772,180; personal property 7,731,508. The revenue up to Oct. 1st, 1850, is 520,735, and it is estimated that for the next two years it will be 650,000. The State debt is 649,997, after deducting the amount of State stock in the Bank of Missouri, valued at 272,263.

A FACT WORTH MENTIONING.—On Tuesday, there arrived at this port, on different steamboats, nineteen thousand bales of cotton. These, at 450 a bale, amount in value to *nine hundred and fifty thousand dollars!* A handsome sum for one day's arrival.—*N. O. Crescent, Jan. 18.*

DECISIONS IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

John Hemphill vs. *The Monongahela Navigation Company.*

This was an action on the case for damages for refusing to allow 1000 shares of stock to be transferred into the plaintiff's name.

It appeared on the trial that these shares of stock, together with many shares of stocks in other companies, had belonged to the Bank of the United States, and were levied on by virtue of several writs of fi. fa. The plaintiff was one of the Directors of the Bank, and it was arranged that he should buy in all the stocks and hold them for the use of the Bank. They were sold by the sheriff, and bought in by the plaintiff for $1195, on the 8th of December, 1841; and the sheriff executed and delivered to the plaintiff a power of attorney to have the stock in controversy transferred to the plaintiff. About the same time, and in further execution of said sale, the Bank delivered to the plaintiff the original certificate of stock, and also a power of attorney to W. H. Denny to transfer the stock to the plaintiff.

The plaintiff, by Dr. Denny, shortly afterwards asked to have the stock transferred on the Company's books into the plaintiff's name; but this was refused, on the ground that, by its charter, the Bank of the United States was bound to subscribe and pay for another 1000 shares of the stock of the Company, which it had refused to do. This refusal to allow the transfer was persisted in until this suit was brought.

In May, 1847, Joel B. Moorhead purchased from the Bank of the United States, for $1000 of their notes, all the Bank's interest in the stock in question, taking it expressly without any warranty as to title, charge or incumbrance, and with full notice of the claim of Hemphill, and getting from the Bank a power of attorney to have the stock transferred to him. The Company, on receiving a bond of indemnity against the claim of Hemphill, allowed the stock to be transferred into the name of Moorhead. The stock appears to be now worth $45 a share.

There were numerous questions of law raised by the counsel and decided by the Court, (Judge LOWRIE presiding,) which brought the case to two points as containing the whole merits of the cause. These two questions were—1. Was the plaintiff the owner of the stock in his own right? 2. Was he the owner in trust for the Bank, and if so, how much money had he advanced for it?

The plaintiff did not deny that he had bought in trust for the Bank, but claimed that under the circumstances the claim of the Bank under his purchase was relinquished to him, before the sale by the Bank to Moorhead.

The cause was tried with great skill and ability by Mr. George P. Hamilton, Mr. McCandless and Judge Jones (of Philadelphia), for the plaintiff; and Mr. Stanton, Mr. Williams and Mr. Loomis, for the defendants.

The plaintiff's counsel submitted sixteen, and the defendants' counsel eight, legal propositions on which the Court was requested to charge the jury. These points were so answered as to make the question of relinquishment by the Bank to Hemphill the great point of the cause. On this question the plaintiff's counsel requested the Court to charge the jury as follows:

"That the jury may presume—*First*, from the lapse of time between the purchase by Hemphill at the sale to Moorhead; *Second*, from the continued and hopeless insolvency of the Bank; *Third*, from the embarrassed condition of the Monongahela Navigation Company in the years 1841, 1842 and 1843; *Fourth*, from the absence of all control and claim by the Bank, since the sheriff's sale, over this or any of the other shares; and *Fifth*, from the fact that the stock was not offered for sale by the Bank, but sought for by the purchaser, Moorhead, and sold for the sum of $1000, in the depreciated notes of the Bank, after the stock had become valuable and was increasing in value, and without warranty of any kind—from these facts the jury may presume that the Bank had waived and relinquished all benefit to be derived from the trust."

The Court answered this point in the negative, declaring that from such facts no such inference could legally be drawn. Assuming that the above proposition embodies all the plaintiff's evidence of relinquishment, this answer of the Court left nothing for the jury to ascertain but the amount advanced by the plaintiff for the benefit of the Bank. Having a lien for this, it should have been paid him before the transfer to Moorhead was allowed; and this is the measure of the injury done to him by refusing to allow the transfer.

The jury, after long delay, agreed upon a verdict, sealed it up and separated, and the next morning brought it into Court, by which they found for the plaintiff $20,000.

Thereupon Judge Lowrie said to the counsel of the plaintiff, that he was persuaded that, owing to the great number of points upon which he had been required to instruct the jury, his instructions on the main point had been misunderstood, and he could not allow this verdict to be recorded until he had ascertained that fact. He said that he would therefore repeat his instructions upon this point.

To this course of proceeding the plaintiff's counsel objected, on the ground that after the jury had sealed their verdict and separated, no mistake of theirs could be corrected except by granting a new trial.

BY THE COURT.

My duty appears to me very plain, and if you think I am in error in it, I will seal a bill of exceptions for you, so that you may have my course reviewed by the Supreme Court. On the question of relinquishment I answered the plaintiff's point in favor of the defendants. This was conclusive of that question so far as this trial is to be affected by it, unless there is other evidence of relinquishment than that stated in the point, (and it is not likely that the plaintiff would omit any evidence he had on this question.) Unless the jury has found such other evidence they have mistaken the charge of the Court. The consequence is that this verdict, if entered, must be set aside, otherwise the worst species of injustice would be done to the defendants; for the judgment would be entered against them on a principle which they can have no chance of having reviewed by the Supreme Court. Now, rather than put the parties and the county to the expense of another five days trial of this cause, I think it right to ascertain whether this mistake exists. If it does, then the jury will correct their verdict, finding the amount of the lien which the plaintiff has upon the stock. This course may save an immense amount of trouble and expense. I have decided all the points that were raised in the cause, and it is better that these should be reviewed by the Supreme Court, before this cause is tried again. This will be the case, if the jury returns a verdict founded upon a right understanding of the law embodied in the charge. Then we can try the cause over again, if necessary, under the clearer light which shall be thrown upon it by the Supreme Court. It is plain that, in this case, this course can do no harm to any one.

The Judge then repeated the instruction on the subject of *relinquishment*, and explained the same at length, and requested the jury to retire and reconsider their verdict.

After a short absence the jury brought in their verdict, finding for the plaintiff the amount of his lien and interest, $1831,00.

☞ There are three things in the world that know no kind of restraint, and are governed by no laws, but merely by passion and brutality—civil wars, family quarrels and religious disputes.

[OFFICIAL REPORT.]

Proceedings in Select Council.

JANUARY 27, 1851.

Council met—present all the members except Mr. Wilson.

Mr. Kier, member elect from the Third Ward, presented his credentials, was sworn and took his seat.

The minutes of the last two meetings were read and approved.

The rules of the preceding Council were read and adopted.

Mr. Kincaid presented a petition for water pipes and fire plugs on Duquesne Way, in the neighborhood of the Point. Read and referred to Water Committee. Action concurred in by C. C.

Also, a memorial from Dr. A. Stevenson claiming a portion of the Relief Fund. Read and referred to Committee on Claims and Accounts. Action concurred in by C. C.

Mr. Jones presented a petition for grading and paving Diamond alley from Smithfield to Grant st. Read and referred to Committee on Streets. Action concurred in by C. C.

Mr. Rinehart, a bill of James W. Biddle, for $429. On motion of Mr. Kincaid, referred to Committee on City Printing. Action concurred in by C. C.

Mr. Rinehart, a communication from R. E. M'Gowin, Recording Regulator, with plan of grades in Third and Sixth Wards. Informally passed over for the present.

Also, a bill of said R. E. M'Gowin, for $577 50, for regulating, &c., from 1st July last to 1st inst.—Also, a bill of C. M'Gowin for $210, for same.—Read and referred to Committee on Claims and Accounts. Action concurred in by C. C.

Mr. Kelly a petition for the grading of Franklin street, from Congress towards Washington street.—Referred to Committee on Streets. Action concurred in by C. C.

Mr Bruce a petition for grading Tannahill street. Referred to same. Action concurred in by C. C.

Also, a bill of John Tuggart for $15 for advertising. Referred to Committee on Claims and Accounts. Action concurred in by C. C.

Mr. Morrow a petition for continuing the grading and paving of Second street to the City Limits, so as to connect with the Plank Road. Read, and on motion of Mr. Gallagher, referred to Committee on Streets, with instructions to report the cost. Action concurred in by C. C.

Mr. Kennedy a communication from Messrs. S. Eakins and Wm. Evans, on the subject of impending injury to their property by the digging on Forbes street. Referred to the Committee on Streets, with instructions to enquire into the facts. Action concurred in by C. C.

The President read a communication from the Board of Guardians of the Poor, stating that the official term of Messrs. Porter and Howard, members of said Board, elected by S. C., will expire on the 4th of February next.

Whereupon, on motion of Mr. Bruce, it was

Resolved, That when Council adjourns it will adjourn to meet the 4th day of February, 1851, at 6½ o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing two persons to be members of said Board to fill said vacancies.

The President also presented a bill of J. S. M. Young, for use of A. Jaynes, for $1,99 25, for publishing ordinances, &c. Referred to Committee on Claims. Action concurred in by C. C.

Also, a bill of the Pittsburgh Gas Company, for $5,591 69, for gas for public lamps, repairs, &c., for the half year ending first instant. On motion of Mr. Jones the same was referred to the Committee on Claims and Accounts, with instructions to report the expense of each public lamp for the last six months. Action concurred in by C. C.

Also, a communication from the Mayor suggesting the expediency of increasing the day and night police.

Mr. Morrow offered the following resolution, which was read three times and adopted, and sent to C. C. and action concurred in:

Resolved, That Councils forthwith go into joint election for two daily papers to do the city printing

Mr. Morrow presented a communication from B. McAfee, which was read, and the following resolution was read three times and adopted, and action concurred in by C. C.

Resolved, That the Committee on Streets be and are hereby authorized to draw a duplicate of Warrant No. 1207, for $10,83, in favor of B. McAfee, upon his giving satisfactory security to indemnify the City from the presentation of the original of said Warrant, alleged to have been lost.

Mr. Edgar offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the Mayor be and is hereby authorized to offer a reward of $600 for the arrest and prosecution to conviction of any person guilty of any act or acts of incendiarism, within the limits of the City of Pittsburgh.

Resolved, That the Insurance Companies of the City, and those having agencies in this City, be recommended to offer an additional reward of the same amount.

And the same having been read a first and second time, Mr. Bruce offered the following as a substitute for the first resolution:

Resolved, That the Mayor be and he is hereby authorized and directed to offer a reward of $500 for the apprehension and conviction of such person or persons as have been guilty of the late offences of highway robbery and arson; and that the Insurance Companies be requested to join in a reward of equal amount for the apprehension of those guilty of arson.

And the same was negatived—ayes 4, nays 12.

And the question recurring on the original resolution, Mr. Jones moved their third reading and final passage; when, and previous to taking the vote thereon, Mr. Kent suggested an amendment to the first resolution, which was accepted by the mover thereof, by adding, "*Provided*, That no award shall not be construed to arrests heretofore made."

And the resolutions so amended were read a third time and adopted. Action concurred in by C. C.

Mr. Edgar also offered the following resolution which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Streets. Action concurred in by C. C.

Resolved, That the Committee on Streets, Grading and Paving, be and are hereby authorized to have Sixth street repaved between Wood and Smithfield streets; also, Cherry alley from Sixth street to Strawberry alley; also, Strawberry alley from Cherry alley to Grant street.

The C. C. having communicated that they were ready to go into joint elections for City Printers, the S. C. proceeded to the C. C. chamber for that purpose; and the Councils being so met, the President opened and read proposals from the proprietors of the following named daily papers, to wit: Commercial Journal, Gazette, Post, Dispatch, American, Chronicle and Transcript.

And the Councils then proceeded to elect two daily papers to do the City Printing. And the vote being taken, *viva voce*, was as follows: Messrs. Herperle and Riddle being excused from voting:

Commercial Journal	22 votes.
Pittsburgh Gazette	2 "
Morning Post	26 "
Dispatch	24 "
Morning Chronicle	4 "
American	3 "
Transcript	1 "

And the Morning Post and Dispatch having each received the highest number and a majority of the votes, were declared to be duly elected.

Mr. Kelly offered the following resolution, which was read twice and laid over on third reading:

WHEREAS, The Committee on Streets, Grading and Paving made no report to Councils at the close of the last year; therefore

Resolved, That they are hereby instructed to report to the Councils at the next regular meeting, the amount of improvements on streets that was authorized by Councils in 1850, showing the amount of improvements in each Ward, and on what streets; and showing the amount of improvements contracted for and finished, and what is contracted for and unfinished. Also, the amount of money that will be required to pay for improvements on streets, that have been authorized by Councils, and no appropriations made therefor.

The report of the Police Committee, and accompanying Ordinance, entitled "An Ordinance repealing an ordinance entitled 'an Ordinance regulating the Night Police,'" which report in C. C. was read and accepted, and the ordinance read a third time and passed, was then taken up, and on motion of Mr. Kent, action of the C. C. concurred in.

Mr. Bruce offered the following resolution, which was read three times and adopted:

Resolved, That the Mayor be and he is hereby authorized and directed to offer a reward of $200 for the arrest and conviction of any person or persons that may have been guilty of the late offences of highway robbery: *Provided*, that said reward shall not be construed to extend to arrests heretofore made.

The following resolution was read three times and adopted:

Resolved, That a special committee, consisting of two members of the S. C. and three from the C. C. be appointed to report to Councils the propriety of erecting a new Market House in the Diamond, with a plan of the same; and to devise the means to build the said Market House.

On motion of Mr. Gallagher, the resolution in C. C. read three times and adopted, providing for the payment of the expenses of the City Election, was taken up and the action of the C. C. concurred in.

Council adjourned.

INDIAN TREATY.—Articles of treaty were made and concluded on Spring Creek, near the San Saba, Texas, on the 10th December last, between John H. Rollins, special agent of the United States for the Indians of Texas and the chiefs of the Camanches, Caddoes, Lipans, Qunpawe, Tawakanies and Waccos, by which they acknowledge themselves to be under the jurisdiction and protection of the United States of America, and under no other power, State or sovereignty. They also agree to remain at peace with the United States forever. The treaty was signed by upwards of thirty chiefs, and embraces a number of stipulations, one-half of which, if observed by the Indians, will be productive of much good to our frontier.

Another Democratic U. S. Senator.

We announce with much satisfaction, the election of Hon. JAMES A. BAYARD, of Wilmington, Delaware, to the U. S. Senate, for the full term of six years, beginning on the 4th of March next—Mr. WALKER, Whig, retiring on that day. The election took place at Dover, the capital of Delaware, yesterday, and Mr. BAYARD received the entire Democratic vote of the two houses. We believe the new Senator has never before occupied any representative position; but he goes into the Senate with all the advantages conferred by a ripe education, rarely equalled powers as a lawyer and a debator and a mind of the highest order. As the champion of the Democratic party in Delaware, for many years, he has often distinguished himself by his eloquence, and has always been found consistent and true. The country does not contain a more thorough and fearless defender of the national Democracy, or a bolder foe of faction and abolitionism. He will adorn the seat to which he has been elected, and will be a most acceptable addition to the majority of that body. We congratulate Delaware upon the choice of such a Senator.—*Pennsylvanian, Jan. 24.*

THE REVOLUTION IN YUCATAN.—The N. Orleans Picayune gives the following particulars of the pronunciamento in Yucatan:

"We learn from the *Eco del Comercio* that the whole of Yucatan, with the exception of Campeachy, has pronounced against the Supreme Government. The revolution contemplates the entire independence of the peninsula. Sr. Micheltorres, with the new commandant general and the troops that still remained faithful, had been obliged to take refuge in Campeachy. The insurrection commenced in Merida, and thence extended to the other portions of the State."

HOE'S LAST FAST PRINTING MACHINE.—*Complimentary Dinner.*—The Messrs. Beach, of the New York Sun, announce the completion of their eight-cylinder Monitor Printing Machine, and state that it is in thoroughly successful operation in their establishment. This printing machine is unquestionably one of the greatest triumphs of mechanical genius ever accomplished. We learn that the Messrs. Beach will on Tuesday next give a grand entertainment at the Astor House, New York, in honor of Col. Richard M. Hoe, the inventor and maker of this wonderful machine.—*Balt. Sun.*

AN AMERICAN TITLE.—"When I was traveling to Massachusetts, some twenty years ago," said a traveler, "I had a seat with the driver, who, on stopping at the post office, saluted an ill-looking fellow on the step, with, 'good morning, Judge Saunders; I hope you're well, sir.'

"On leaving the office, I asked the driver if the man he spoke to was really a judge.

"'Certainly, sir,' he replied; 'we had a cock fight last week, and he was judge.'"—*Mark Lane Express.*

WORDS AND FEELING.—A young lady who talks eloquently about love, is, probably, incapable of feeling much of it. Deep feeling does not overflow in words. Many a young woman sincerely believes that she is capable of a never ending attachment, when she likes only the excitement of having a lover, and hearing her virtues extolled by others.

DIED:

On Monday, 27th instant, at 2 o'clock, P. M., ELIZABETH, only daughter of Samuel Barr, Esq.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock, from the residence of her father, on Fourth street. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

At New Brighton, on the 28th instant, in the 20th year of his age, Mr. JAMES H. GRAHAM, only son of Foster Graham, Esq., late of Allegheny City.

His funeral will take place on THURSDAY (to-morrow) at 11 o'clock, A. M., from the residence of Mr. John S. Campbell, No. 27 Hay street. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend, without further notice.

Land for Sale.

THE subscriber is authorized to sell the following described piece of land, situated in Robinson township, Allegheny county, Pa., adjoining lands of Geo. M. Evans, heirs of James M'Elherron, Robert Bunting, and the heirs of John S. Scalley, on "Chartier's Creek," four miles from the city of Pittsburgh, and one-half mile below Baldwin's bridge; containing about 75 acres, more or less. This land is of an excellent quality for agricultural purposes—being located in a warm bend of the creek, and having a first-rate bottom, that never fails to bring an excellent crop. The buildings consist of a very comfortable frame Dwelling House and frame Barn, and an Orchard of 50 bearing Apple Trees, with a variety of other Fruit.

For further particulars, enquire of James M'Coy, or the undersigned. JAMES C. RICHEY.

Robinson tp., Jan. 28, 1851.

N. B.—Terms easy and price moderate. ja28:d1wawtf

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the following described tract and piece of LAND, situated in North Fayette township, Allegheny county, Pa., 11 miles from Pittsburgh, adjoining lands of Wm. M'Connell, heirs of Amos Ewing, deceased, Mr. Wallace and James Sturgeon, containing eighty-five acres, more or less; on which there is erected a new frame Dwelling House, two stories high; 40 feet long by 20; finished in modern style; a well of excellent water, with pump, at the door; spring house, wash house, coal and wood house. Also, a new frame bank Barn, 60 feet long by 40, with Stabling under the whole. Fruit as follows—50 bearing Apple Trees; 100 bearing Peach and a variety of other Fruit. This Land is of an excellent quality, and in a high state of cultivation—being under good fence, and water in all the fields; with abundance of coal and limestone, and a coal bank, opened on the premises. This Farm is very conveniently located—being on a public road, and convenient to churches, mills and school houses, and in a very healthy and agreeable neighborhood. For further particulars, see James C. Richey, Agent, Robinson tp., or the subscriber, on the premises.

SAMUEL THOMPSON.

N. B.—The above Farm, if not disposed of before Wednesday, the 19th day of February, will be offered on that day, at public outcry on the premises.

North Fayette tp., January 23, 1851—ja29:d1wawts

Allegheny and Butler Plank Road.

THE Undersigned Commissioners hereby give notice to the Stockholders of the Allegheny and Butler Plank Road Company, that an election to elect one President, Managers and a Treasurer for said Company, will be held at the hous of Mr. Bown, in Bakerstown, in Allegheny county, on Thursday, the 27th day of February next, the election to commence at eleven o'clock, A. M.

John Bredin.	Chas. C. Sullivan,	Jacob Mechling, Jr.,
Geo. W. Smith,	Wm. Campbell,	Wm. S. Boyd,
S. C. Stewart,	M. Zimmerman,	R. Carnahan,
George Hillis,	G. W. Reed,	Andrew Carns,
L. G. Purviance,	Wm. Bennet,	John Negley,
David Walker,	T. H. Lyon,	Peter Neely,
T. H. Stewart,	Jno. Morrison,	Thos. M'Claughlin.

ja29:3tdatw

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

NO. 55 BROAD STREET, ABOVE ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

THE subscribers having lately purchased the above Establishment, while thankful for the past favors to the House, still hopes for an increased share of public patronage. As the house has undergone a thorough and thoroughly renovated the Old Building. He feels confident that there is no house that can surpass it in comfort and convenience, each Room being well lighted and airy, which makes them pleasant and cool in Summer. The apartments are also warm and comfortable in Winter.

The House, with the recent additions, contains upwards of 40 double and single chambers, with Ladies' and Gentlemen's Parlors, and a Gentleman's Sitting and Reading Room.

His Table will always be furnished with the best that the Market affords, and all the Delicacies of the season will be served, so as to please the appetite of the greatest epicure.

Persons traveling, will find it to their advantage to stop with him, as it is convenient to the different Railroad Stations, and they can get to every part of the City by Omnibusses from Arch street.

With a strict personal attention and obliging servants he is determined to spare neither pains nor expense to make his Guests comfortable and happy.

His Bar is always furnished with a great variety of Wines and Liquors of the best brands and flavor, so as to gratify the taste of the most fastidious.

GEORGE ROBINSON.

ja25:w1m

Central Tea Store.

JUST RECEIVED a full and fresh assortment of Green and Black Teas, which will be sold on the most favorable terms, wholesale and retail, either from the original packages or in metallic packs, to suit customers. All Teas warranted fresh—packed or loose.

H. C. KELLY, Fifth street.

ja29

COUNTRY KNIT SOCKS.—40 doz. on hand and for sale low to close consignment.

T. K. M'KNIGHT & BROS., 117 Wood street.

ja29:1w

BRANDIES—30 quarter and half pipes, of different vintages, of the following celebrated brands:—"Hennessey," "Otard," "Dupuy & Co.," "A. Seignette," "Pinet, Castillon & Co.," "Jean Louis." For sale in lots to suit purchasers.

M. D. PATTON, 211 Liberty street.

ja29

"CHAMPAGNE COGNAC" vintage, 1823, pale, in bottles, for sale by [ja29] M. D. PATTON.

HOLLAND GIN—3 pipes, high flavor, Anchor and Star brand, for sale by [ja29] M. D. PATTON.

IRISH WHISKEY—2 puncheons "Stuart's" *Dublin* genuine malt Whiskey, for sale by

M. D. PATTON.

RUM—8 bbls. New England and Jamaica Rum, for sale by [Journal copy.] M. D. PATTON.

A SUPERIOR lot of Scotch Ale and Brown Stout fo sale by [ja24] JAMES P. HORBACH.

The Bride's Farewell.

BY MRS. HEMANS.

Why do I weep?—to leave the vine,
Whose clusters over me bend!
The myrtle—yet, oh! call it mine!
The flowers I love to tend!
A thousand thoughts of all things dear,
Like shadows o'er me sweep,
I leave my sunny childhood here,
Oh! there let me weep!

I leave thee, sister! we have played
Through many a joyous hour,
Where the silvery green of the joyous shades
Hung dim o'er the fount and the bower!
Yes! thou and I, by stream, by shore,
In song, in prayer, in sleep,
Have been as we may be no more—
Kind sister! let me weep.

I leave thee, father—Eve's bright moon
Must now light other feet,
With the gathered grapes and the lyre in tune,
Thy homeward steps to greet!
Thou in whose voice, to bless thy child,
Lay tones of love so deep,
Whose eye o'er all my youth hath smiled—
I leave thee! let me weep.

Mother! I leave thee!—on thy breast
Pouring out joy and woe,
I have found that holy place of rest,
Still changeless—Yet I go!
Lips that have lulled me with your strain,
Eyes that have watched my sleep!
Will earth give love like yours again?
Sweet mother! let me weep!

Special Notices.

Survive or Perish.

No man or woman hesitates which of these two to choose—in *words*, at least. But mark! A *neglected Cough* leads, by a short route, to the Cemetery. And yet, with he knowledge that *Dr. Rogers's Liverwort, Tar and Canchalagua* will effect a speedy cure, hundreds commit this fatal folly. Such delay is insanity. See pamphlet and advertisement.

☞ European Agency.—☞

THE subscriber intends visiting the principal cities of Great Britain, France and Germany, during the months of April, May and June, next,—leaving Pittsburgh on March 17th.—and will be pleased to attend to any agencies of a business character which may be confided to his care. [ja7:tM17] JOHN D. DAVIS.

Lumber Yard to Rent.

☞ A large LUMBER YARD, situated on Duquesne Way, near the Point; sufficient room to hold eighteen hundred thousand feet of Lumber, to