Morning Post.

J. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 4, 1851.

☞ "*No American citizen can ever cease to esteem the Union at the first of all blessings. Disunion! God forbid—Nations yet unborn would rue the rashness of the deed.*"—BUCHANAN.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION
FOR MAYOR:

JOHN B. GUTHRIE.

To Advertisers.

THE MORNING POST has a larger circulation than any subscription paper published in Pittsburgh. To business men it affords an excellent medium for Advertising; and being the only Democratic paper issued in Allegheny county, it goes into the hands of a class of readers reached by no other paper. Advertisers will be good enough to bear this in mind.

TICKETS.

The candidates for city offices, who may wish to have tickets printed at this office, will be good enough to leave their orders immediately.

THE ROGGEN MEETING.

If it were possible for us to find room, we would certainly publish the proceedings of the "Roggen Meeting," on Thursday evening, as reported in the *Gazette*, one of the Whig organs of this city. We wish every voter of Pittsburgh could read the report alluded to, (and we are told it is a very correct one,) for then the necessity of electing a good man, like JOHN B. GUTHRIE, Mayor of the City, would be made apparent.—Every argument used by the speakers clearly establishes the fact that of all the candidates now before the People, Mr. GUTHRIE is the only man who will be able to redeem the character of our City at home and abroad. This is a matter of more importance than the election of a Whig or a Democrat. During the last twelve months the curse of Barkerism has disgraced Pittsburgh in the eyes of the whole country. Good men of all parties will now unite in effecting a reform. Hundreds of staunch Whigs who are determined to have a respectable, intelligent, sober man for Mayor, will break through the shackles of party, and vote for JOHN B. GUTHRIE. All honor to these good citizens. We feel confident they will never regret their course in this respect.

Noblestown Plank Road.

We publish below the proceedings of a meeting held on the 1st inst., to further the project of the contemplated Plank Road from Temperanceville to Noblestown. It will be seen that the very best feeling prevails amongst the farmers along the line of the proposed Road. We consider this Road equal in importance to any other which will connect with Pittsburgh, and we therefore sincerely hope that all who are interested in its construction will go to work in earnest, so that it may be completed without delay.

NOBLESTOWN PLANK ROAD MEETING.

An adjourned meeting of the commissioners and citizens along said route met in Noblestown, on January 1st, 1851. The meeting was organized by calling William Ewing, Esq., to the chair, and appointing Isaac Walker, Jr., Secretary.

The object of the meeting being stated by the President, on motion, James C. Richey, Esq., was called upon to address the meeting.

Mr. Richey spoke for half an hour, in a clear and forcible manner, clearly showing the benefits of a Plank Road to the farming and mercantile community; and showing their advantage to the farming community above all other roads. At the close of his speech, the Major invited "Nature's noblemen," the farmers, to come forward and enrol their names in favor of the contemplated road—which invitation was responded to by all the farmers present, and a considerable amount of stock was subscribed.

On motion of James Vincent, the proceedings of this meeting were ordered to be published in all the city papers favorable to said road.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

WM. EWING, *President.*

J. WALKER, Secretary.

We may add, that after the meeting had adjourned the Major was insisted upon by all the farmers present to visit their respective neighborhoods, each promising in turn to show him around their immediate vicinity. The Major's speech was highly spoken of by all the farmers present.

New Counterfeit.

A new counterfeit note, on the BANK OF PITTSBURGH, of the denomination of Five Dollars, was presented at the counter of that institution yesterday. It is well calculated to deceive, though the vignettes are coarse. The signatures and filling up are bad; but notwithstanding this, the general appearance would entrap the unwary; and we advise all persons handling money to be on their guard.—The counterfeits are on the new plate, or one now in use. It is said they are in circulation in the northern part of this State. We are indebted to W. A. HILL, Esq., for our information.

Great Newspaper Enterprise.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* appeared on Tuesday last, bright and beautiful as usual, notwithstanding the destruction of the building by fire the day previous, and the loss of about $100,000 worth of materials. We doubt whether another such instance of enterprise can be found on record.

The Paine Light—Again.

The Editor of the Boston *Chronotype*, has written an article in reply to the Philadelphia *North American*, in which he reiterates all he has said in former articles, in regard to the truth of Paine's Water Gas. The *Chronotype* concludes:—

The *North American* says, that we have placed the matter on such a foundation that "one must now believe Mr. Paine has invented the perpetual motion, before believing he has invented the hydro elective light." Not so. Not at all so. That perpetual motion asserted is our own inference. We are not aware that Mr. Paine has claimed it. The production of the light, and its excellent quality are certain, whatever becomes of the motive power. Hundreds and perhaps thousands have seen the light. We have in our possession a beautiful daguerreotype, which was taken by it between 10 and 11 o'clock, P. M. Light is produced abundantly and certainly of a quality not much inferior to sunshine. That could not be disputed, even if the production should turn out to be costly. As to the cost we have stated other and independent facts from which we infer that the insertion amounts to perpetual motion—a perpetual motion rather analogous to that of a windmill or waterwheel than to that of a supposed, but impossible, self-winding-up machine.

IOWA CREDIT.—The New York *Evening Post* of Saturday last, says of this young State, that—

"A few years since, the State of Iowa, which by its Constitution cannot at any time borrow or owe over $100,000, was in want of a sum of $60,000, which was endeavored to be raised in Wall street, the State offering to redeem the loan in ten years, and pay 8 per cent. per annum interest. The loan was effected without limitation of time, in Philadelphia, at 8 and 10 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly. The State would now be glad to pay it off, but cannot without having 20 per cent. premium.

NEW JERSEY UNITED STATES SENATOR.—The following is from the New Jersey *Fredonian*, a Whig paper:

"We hear names of some half a dozen persons already named for the place now so ably filled by Mr. Dayton; so that the Democracy have no lack of candidates from whom to make a choice for this highly important and responsible station. The prominent among these, and from whom it is probable a selection will be made, we mention John R. Thompson, Peter D. Vroom, and Stacy G. Potts, either of whom possesses qualifications of no ordinary kind; and, since no Whig can expect to receive the appointment, perhaps the party cannot do better than to take one of these."

☞ The jury in the case of Griffith, tried in Harford County Court, for being an accomplice of John W. Stump in the killing of Henry Hammond, on the 22d ult., rendered a verdict of not guilty.

Written for the Morning Post.

COLLECTIVE AND INDIVIDUAL ACTION;

OR, THE STATE AND THE CITIZEN.

NUMBER FOUR.

Convicted thus undeniably of these heavy sins of omission and commission, society has evidently never yet fulfilled the true function pertaining to every collection of men, viz., the affording to each member of such community all that he requires for his thorough development as a human being. For the first kind of collective action, viz., Political collective action, is chiefly of a negative character. It is the preservation by the members of the State, through their agent, the government, of an artificial order, and thereby securing to each individual the liberty to act in whatever sphere of industry may lie open to him; and

The second kind of collective action is that which takes place under the auspices of the former, and which, as above stated, is of a negative, positive character, since it partly opens at least one sphere of action to almost every person, by filling one branch of industry with those who do nothing else, and thus allows others to fill other branches, exposed however to all the chances and changes flowing from a lawless industrialism, which is the leading feature of our present civilization. This kind of action may also be termed the *individualised-industrial-collective* action, since it is characterized by the *division*, but not the harmonic *combination also*, of labor, and is thus distinguished from the industrial individual action of the savage, who knows neither the division nor the combination of labor, but provides rudely for all his wants himself.

A third kind of collective action alone remains, and this is *purely positive*, since it is the complete fulfilment of the entire duty of the community towards the individual, because it opens to every one of its members every opportunity that he can ever want, and every aid that he can ever need, to develope his full manhood. This might be termed the *co operative-industrial-collective* mode of action, characterised by the *combination* as well as the *division* of labor. It is based upon the combination in and *by* a single community of the divided and individual labor of all its members.—This is directly positive, since it opens to every individual of such a united community *the entire round of human activity*, embracing all the divisions and subdivisions of each of the great departments of human industry, viz., Agriculture, Manufactures, Commerce, Domestic and Household industry, Education, Cultivation of the Sciences, Cultivation of the Fine Arts. No man can act at all except in some one of these departments. No man can be fully educated or developed unless he works to some extent in several of them; and no community performs its office of affording means to the development of its individual members, unless it converges upon each one, as far as he can receive it, the common result of the labor of all, in each of these departments.

We have said that the community afford the *means* which the individual employs for his own development—and is it not so most truly? It is as if the head, and arms, and strength of one man were multiplied by those of every other member of society. He who can combine the greatest number of human heads and hands in industry, and converge the results towards himself, is he who can live in an earthly paradise. He surrounds himself with magnificent grounds and gardens, and lives in a place resplendent with all the gorgeous array of a studied luxury. He has laid the whole world under tribute—the labor of man in all climes, in all branches of industry, to supply his material wants. Some of our modern millionaires in the elaborate furnishings of their houses and domains, show what can be done in this way. The individual, however, who by the fortuitous possession of wealth, is thus the *passive* recipient of the fruit of the toil of thousands of men, will and can be, but a more refined sensualist, unless he himself *works*, and can find avenues open around him in which all his energies will be called forth by the needs of others. Thus alone can he become fully human:

For if society exists for the individual, this end, for which society exists, can be made available to each individual only by his laboring for society. Society, with its countless supplies of sustenance, education, &c., on the one hand, and its countless wants on the other, becomes in both these ways the means of individual development; but it is such a means only to him who makes use of it; and he can make use of it *only* by turning worker himself, for the benefit of others. To him who is idle, no matter what treasures of art, industry or science are lavished upon him, society is no means of development, but the reverse; for it affords this means, only by opening spheres of labor for the individual to enter and fill—and if he cannot or will not occupy these spheres of action, he can not develope his nature, since fullness of life and enjoyment is only in proportion to constant and varied activity for a high end. In our next article we will enquire.

Fourthly.

How does society open spheres of action for its members?

W. H. M.

Forrest and Macready.

MRS. Forrest, in her latest affidavit resisting her husband's divorce movements, makes the following statements:

"We certainly had serious differences about Mr. Forrest's conduct towards Mr. Macready. I strongly disapproved of his hissing Mr. Macready in Edinburgh in 1846, and remonstrated with him for the manner in which he spoke of Mr. Macready, prior to his (Macready's) arrival in this country in 1848. I objected to Mr. Forrest's habit of stating, on all occasions, in promiscuous companies, his determination to have Macready driven from the stage, and to Mr. Forrest's leaving money at Boston, and sending some to New Orleans in 1848, for the furtherance of the above object, as Mr. Forrest informed me he had done.

"I had not approved his course against Macready, unqualifiedly and in all things, and I might well have attributed the separation to this cause. But there were other causes, and I could not be sure what was the leading one, or whether it was not a result of many causes. I had ample reason to believe that Mr. Forrest was in correspondence with a woman of respectable connections, but of bad reputation. To this cause, in fact, in my own mind, I mainly attributed his desertion."

WANT OF TROOPS.—The Fort Smith Herald of the 6th inst. says that Col. Raiford, Creek agent, called upon Gen. Arbuckle at that place for an escort of U. S. troops, to serve as guard to transmit funds in his hands, amounting to about $125,000, from the Choctaw Agency to the Creek Agency, a distance of eighty miles. There being no troops at Fort Smith, Gen. A. will have to order an escort from Fort Gibson. There are in the hands of the superintendant, Col. Dreman, upwards of $400,000 for the different Indian agencies under his superintendency. In a few days Col. D. was to bring nearly $1,200,000 from New Orleans, to be paid to the Cherokees.

NAVIGATION.—During the past week the running ice has entirely disappeared from the river opposite the city, and we hear that the navigation is clear, up the Mississippi as far as Keokuk, at the lower rapide. The Illinois is said to be open to Peoria, but few boats are willing to venture into it. The Missouri river is closed by ice and low water. From this to Cairo the water is so low as to prevent any steamers, but those of the very lightest class, from carrying freight. Boats coming up report about six feet. A few cold days in its present shallow condition would certainly close it up by ice effectually.—*St. Louis Union, Dec. 24.*

Scribblings and Clippings.

— We notice in some of the Cincinnati papers a ticket to be supported by some of the members of the Mercantile Library Association of that city at the coming election, headed "*Anti-Infidel* and only available ticket."

— The Cincinnati Commercial states that although Smead's Citizens' Bank of that city has discounted notes during the past year to the amount of between four and five millions of dollars, its bad debts for that period will not amount to one hundred dollars.

— Late intelligence from Porto Rico represents the prospects of crops as abundant. It was supposed that the sugar market would open at $3@3¼ ⅌ hundred lbs. as per quality, and molasses at 10 to 12 cents per gallon.

— The steamer Talyrand was sunk below Bryoncon, a few days since by running ashore in a fog. A part of the deck load was taken off by boats passing down. The Talyrand is owned in Nashville.

— An assassin shot Samuel Shumard, near Mason, as he was driving along in his buggy on Wednesday night. Fortunately he was thickly clad, and the ball only wounded the skin of his back.

— Two young men were attacked by a large eagle, near Macon, Miss., on the 8th ult. The bird lit down upon the breast of one of them, and after a desperate fight was taken prisoner.

— Father Matthew, the venerated apostle of temperance, is preaching and lecturing on temperance at Pensacola. Great numbers were taking the pledge.

— Near Philadelphia, on Monday, Andrew Smith, aged 23 years, was crushed to death on the Pennsylvania Rail Road, on the west side of the Schuylkill. He was walking upon the track, and no blame can be attached to the engineer. He was a resident of Spring Garden.

— James Watson Webb, of the N. Y. Courier and Enquirer, has been appointed engineer in chief of the State of New York, and Charles A. Stetson, quartermaster general. Robert G. Campbell, President Fillmore's private secretary, has also been appointed an aid-de-camp.

— The N. Y. Herald has a story that some Californians are about to make a descent upon Lower California, and help the inhabitants to urge a war against the central government of Mexico.

— The Virginia papers state that the white population of Eastern Virginia will amount to 400,000, and of Western Virginia 495,000. The entire population of the Statewill, it is said, be 1,400,000. Virginia will lose 3 members of Congress by the new apportionment.

— The Democratic Young Men of Ohio are to meet in Convention, in Columbus, on the 21st of May, for the purpose of consulting together for their common weal.

— The Stockholders of the Hempfield Rail Road Company will meet at the "Valentine House," in the borough of Washington, in Washington county, on Wednesday, the 22d of Jan., 1851, for the purpose of electing seven Directors to manage the affairs of said Company.

— The New Albany Ledger says that a son of Jacob Loughmiller, of Martinsburg, Ia., about 12 years of age, was killed on the morning of the 25th ult., by the accidental discharge of a gun which his uncle, Geo. Loughmiller, was at the time firing.

— A delegation has been appointed by the National Council of the Cherokees to proceed to Washington, and is now on its way hither, fully empowered to adjust the remaining unfinished business between the U. S. and the Cherokee people.

— The sugar crop of Louisiana will fall short this year. In the parish of Lafourche the deficiency will be about seven thousand hogsheads, and in Terrebone almost as much.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE—SESSION 1851.

SENATE.

1. Philadelphia city—*William A. Crabb, Benjamin Matthias.**
2. Philadelphia county—*Peleg B. Savery*, Thos. S. Fernon, Thomas H. Forsyth.*
3. Montgomery—Joshua Y. Jones.
4. Chester and Delaware—*H. Jones Brooke.*
5. Berks—Henry A. Muhlenberg.
6. Bucks—*Benjamin Malone.*
7. Lancaster and Lebanon—*Jos. Kontgmacher, Daniel Stine.*
8. Northumberland and Dauphin—*Robert M. Frick.*
9. Northampton and Lehigh—Conrad Shimer.
10. Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne—No Representative.
11. Adams and Franklin—*Thomas Carson.**
12. York—Henry Fulton.
13. Cumberland and Perry—Joseph Baily.*
14. Centre, Lycoming, Sullivan and Clinton—William F. Packer.
15. Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon—*Robert A. M'Murtrie.*
16. Luzerne, Montour and Columbia—Charles R. Buckalew.*
17. Bradford, Susquehanna and Wyoming—Geo. Sanderson.*
18. Tioga, Potter, McKean, Elk and Clearfield—John W. Guernsey, Timothy Ives.
19. Mercer, Venango and Warren—John Hoge.*
20. Erie and Crawford—*John B. Walker.*
21. Butler, Beaver and Lawrence—*Archibald Robertson.**
22. Allegheny—*William H. Haslett, James Carothers.**
23. Washington and Greene—*George V. Lawrence*, Maxwell M'Coslin.
24. Bedford and Somerset—Isaac Hugus.
25. Armstrong, Indiana and Clarion—CHRISTIAN MEYERS.*
26. Juniata, Mifflin and Union—*Jonathan J. Cunningham.*
27. Westmoreland and Fayette—No Representative.
28. Schuylkill—Charles Frailey.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Adams—*William M'Sherry.*
Allegheny—*Thomas J. Bigham, Robert C. Walker, John M'Clusky, J. Fife, Morgan Robertson.*
Armstrong, Clarion and Jefferson—John S. Rhey, Reynolds Laughlin, Thomas M'Keo.
Bedford and Cambria—John Cessna, *John Linton.*
Berks—Alexander S. Feather, Samuel Fegely, John C. Evans, Jacob Reifsnyder.
Bucks—Edward Thomas, Jonathan Ely, Noah Shull.
Beaver, Butler and Lawrence—*Thomas Dungan, Daniel H. B. Brewer, Samuel Hamilton.*
Blair and Huntingdon—*Seth R. M'Cune, Wm. B. Smith.*
Bradford—Addison M'Kean, Henry Gibbs.
Chester—*John S. Bowen, David J. Bent*, James M. Dorlan.
Cumberland—Henry Church, Thomas C. Scouller.
Centre—William. H. Blair.
Clearfield, Elk and M'Keen—W. J. Hemphill.
Columbia and Montour—John M'Reynolds.
Crawford—*T. Van Horne*, JOSEPH PATTEN.
Dauphin—*John C. Kunkel, John Cooper.*
Delaware—*John. M. Broomall.*
Erie—*James C. Reid, Alexander W. Blaine.*
Fayette and Westmoreland—James F. Downer, Joseph E. Griffin, Joseph Guffey, L. L. Bigelow.
Franklin—*John M'Lean, David M'Lay.*
Greene—Lewis Roberts.
Indiana—*William Evans.*
Lebanon—*John W. Killinger.*
Lycoming, Clinton and Potter—William Brindle, William Dunn.
Lancaster—*C. L. Hunsecker, B. A. Sheaffer, Robert Baldwin, Jacob Nissley, James Cowden.*
Luzerne—James W. Rhoads, S. S. Benedict.
Lehigh and Carbon—David Laury, William Lilly, Jr.
Monroe and Pike—John D. Morris.
Mercer, Venango and Warren—Morris Leech, John W. Shugart, Glenni W. Scofield.
Miffin—John Ross.
Montgomery—William Henry, Curtis W. Gabe, Oliver P. Fretz.
Northampton—*Alexander E. Brown*, JOSEPH BROWN.
Northumberland—John B. Packer.
Perry—David Steward.
Philadelphia city—*George H. Hart, Charles O'Neill, Jacob L. Gossler, Edward Armstrong.*
Philadelphia county—Washington J. Jackson, Lewis C. Cassiday, William Goodwin, J. Smith Skinner, Edward A. Penniman, A. W. Olwine, Solomon Demeres, William H. Souder, Richard Simpson, Andrew Hague, Henry Huplet.
Somerset—*George Mowry.*
Schuylkill—Wm. J. Dobbins, *Jno. S. Struthers.*
Susquehanna, Sullivan, and Wyoming—Ezekiel Mowry, Isaac Reckhow.
Tioga—*A. J. Monroe.*
Washington—Jonathan D. Leet, David Riddle.
Wayne—CALVELY FREEMAN.
Union and Juniata—*EH Slifer.*
York—Jacob S. Haldeman, Alexander C. M'Curdy, Edwin C. Trone.

Democrats in Roman; Whigs in *Italic*; Independent in SMALL CAPS; new members marked thus (*)

RECAPITULATION.

	Dem.	Whig.	Ind.
Senate,	16	16	1
House,	59	38	3
	75	54	4

Dem. maj. on joint ballot, .. 17

[From Graham's Magazine for January.]

THE BURIAL OF LOVE.

BY WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.

Two dark-haired maids, at shut of day,
Sat, where a river rolled away,
With calm and brows and raven hair,
And one was pale, and both were fair.

Bring flowers, they sang, bring flowers unblown
Bring forest blooms of name unknown,
Bring building sprays from wood and wild,
To strew the bier and Love the Child.

Close softly, fondly, while ye weep,
His eyes, that death may seem like sleep,
And lay his hands, in sign of rest,
His waxen hands, across his breast.

And makes his grave where violets hide,
Where alder-flowers strew the rivulet's side,
And blue birds in the mists of spring,
Of cloudless skies and summer sing.

Place near him, as ye lay him low,
His idle shafts, his loosened bow,
The silken band that oft around
His waggish eyes in mirth he wound.

But we shall mourn him long, and miss
His ready smile, his ready kiss,
The patter of his little feet,
Sweet frowns and stammered phrases sweet.

And graver looks serene and high,
A light of heaven in that young eye;
All these shall haunt us, till the heart
Shall ache—and ache—and tears shall start.

The bow, the band, shall fall to dust,
The shining arrows waste with rust,
But he whom now, from sight of men,
We hide in earth, shall live again.

Shall break these clods, a form of light,
With nobler men and clearer sight,
And in the eternal glory stand,
With those who wait at God's right hand.

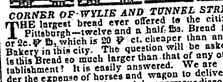
ARRIVAL EXTRAORDINARY.—The Woonsocket *Patriot* records the arrival of the following distinguished strangers in that village:

"The lady who doesn't turn round in the street to see what another lady wears is on a visit to Woonsocket. The young gentleman who doesn't stare in the face of all the young ladies he meets, accompanies her."

Married:

On Thursday evening, January 2d, 1851, by the Rev. Lee, Mr. AUSTIN LOOMIS, of this city, to Miss SARAH P. BUTLER, daughter of MAJ. J. B. Butler.

Railroad Bakery.—No Monopoly.



CORNER OF WYLIE AND TUNNEL STREETS.

THE largest bread ever offered to the citizens of Pittsburgh—twelve and a half lbs. Bread for 25c., or 2c. ⅌ lb, which is 20 ⅌ ct. cheaper than any other Bakery in this city. The question will be asked why is this Bread so much larger than that of any other establishment? It is easily answered. We are not under the expense of horses and wagon to deliver Bread to retailers, nor do we demand the enormous discounts they do, which is 20 ⅌ ct., whereby the consumer is at a loss. The price of Bread at this establishment will always be in proportion to the price of Flour.

"Small profits and quick returns," is our motto.

☞ Don't forget the place, corner of Wylie and Tunnel streets.

RICHARD REANEY.

jan1 [jan1]

Duquesne Greys!

YOU are hereby notified to attend a meeting of the Company on Monday evening, the 6th inst., at 7 o'clock, at the Armory.

All members, and others, having Muskets belonging to the corps in their possession from the late Railroad riots, will bring them to the Armory on the above evening. By order.

CHAS. GLENN, O. S.

jan4:2t

R. C. STOCKTON,
(*Late Johnston & Stockton*),
Bookseller, Stationer, Printer & Binder,

WOULD respectfully invite the attention of Merchants and others, to his large and superior stock of BLANK BOOKS, consisting of Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Invoice, Cash, Order and Letter Books, of every size, made of the best paper, and bound in the most durable manner, which he offers at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction. Blank Books ruled and bound to any given pattern. Printing of every description executed with neatness and dispatch. No. 47 Market st.

jn4

WANTED—One of Mitchell's State Maps of Pennsylvania. Apply at No. 54 Smithfield street.

jn4

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Allegheny county, No. 153 of December Term, 1850.

In the matter of voluntary assignment of George Bell and Valentine Pehl:—And now, to wit, October 6, 1850, on motion of Wilson M'Candless, Esq., on behalf of county creditors, F. C. Flanegin, Esq., appointed Auditor, to audit all the accounts of the Assignees, and make distribution among the creditors. From the Record.

GEO. S. HAYS, Prothy.

The undersigned will attend to the duties of his appointment on Saturday, the 1st day of February, 1851, at 10 o'clock a. m., at his office on Fourth street, in the city of Pittsburgh, when and where all persons interested are requested to attend.

F. C. FLANEGIN, Auditor.

jan2:tw

Notice.

LETTERS of Administration have been granted to the subscribers on the estate of Joseph Carroll, deceased, late of Allegheny township. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement, and all those knowing themselves indebted will make immediate payment to the undersigned.

JOHN H. McELHENY, } Adm'rs.
WILLIAM LOWRY, }

Jefferson Township, January 1, 1850. jan4:6tw

IN THE MATTER of the account of Samuel Stewart, Executor of the last will and testament of John Brown, deceased:

And now, to wit, December 20th, on exceptions filed, and on motion of Robert Woods, Esq., attorney for Rachael Brown, widow of John Brown, *dec'd.*, the Court appointed Jasper E. Brady Auditor, to audit and adjust the account and distribute the balance.

By the Court.

DANIEL McCURDY, Clk.

Notice is hereby given that I will attend at my office, No. 89 Fifth street, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Saturday, the 1st day of February, A. D. 1851, for the purposes of my appointment.

J. E. BRADY, Auditor.

jan4:tudw

A QUARTERLY MEETING of the *Educational Association of Allegheny County* will be held in Pittsburgh, in the Fourth Ward Public School House, commencing Friday, January 3rd, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The Rev. W. D. HOWARD will address the Association in the Second Presbyterian Church, in the evening at 7 o'clock. The meeting will be continued on Saturday, when several lectures on the different branches of education will be delivered. All friends of the cause are respectfully invited to attend.

By order of Executive Committee.

C. G. RODGERS,
A. C. TORRENCE.

jan3

Notice.

OFFICERS and Aldermen of the City are requested to settle with the City Treasurer on or before Tuesday the 7th instant. The Auditing Committee will close the City Accounts on that day.

By order of the Auditing Committee.

ISAAC JONES, Ch'mn.

jan3:3t

Dividend.

OFFICE OF ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, January 1, 1851.

THE President and Managers of the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of Two Dollars on each share of the capital stock, standing in the name of individuals on the books of the Company, out of the profits of the last six months, which will be paid to stockholders or their legal representatives forthwith.

JOHN HARPER, *Treasurer.*

jan3:dtwnw&w

Scott Guards!

YOU are requested to call at James M'Guire's, 77 Wylie street, and select your Pants, *immediately, or before the 8th of January.* By order.

T. A. ROWLEY, Capt.

jn1

M. WALLACE, 1st Serg't.

Election.

AN ELECTION will be held for President, Managers, and other officers of the Board of Trade, in the Rooms of the Association, on Thursday, the 23d inst., at 7 o'clock p. m.

JOHN HARPER, Sec'y.

jan1:3t

Wanted.

A GOOD FARMER wanted to go to Kentucky and take charge of a good farm. A number of boot keepers, salesmen and young men want employment in the city or neighboring towns; also a number of boys of all ages, and several colored men and boys wish employment. Money borrowed and loaned; land and houses rented or sold, and all kinds of agencies attended to at the usual charges. Please call at

ISAAC HARRIS'
Agency and Intelligence Office, Fifth st.

jn1:3t*

FOR SALE—7 boxes cheap and useful Family Medicines; 150 cheap middle sized and small Wooden Bowls; a few Maps, and a Temperance Chart; To Lets, and a small variety of other blanks; a few Books, Ink, Quills and Paper; for sale cheap by

ISAAC HARRIS.

jn1:3t*

$20,00 Reward.

LOST—On the evening of the 30th December, a black morocco WALLET, containing a number of receipts—a $5 note on the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank of this city—and two judgment notes, one for $100, and the other for $200—drawn by Michael Brennan, dated at Johnstown, April 1st, 1850, payable to the subscriber. The public is hereby cautioned against taking an assignment of these notes—payment having been stopped. The above reward will be paid for their recovery, by leaving them with O. H. Rippey, Esq., Attorney, Fourth street.

HUGH M'CANN.

[jan3:2t*]

Sale of Pews.

PURSUANT to a resolution of the Congregation, the unsold PEWS in the Second Presbyterian Church, Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, will be offered at public sale on Monday, the 6th instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M., in the church.

R. C. LOOMIS,
Secretary Board of Trustees.

jan3

Lost—A Pocket Book,

BETWEEN Diamond alley and 108 Liberty street, with papers in it that are of no use to any one but the owner. The finder will be rewarded and receive the thanks of the owner, on leaving it at 108 Liberty st.

E. S. MARSLAND.

jan3

Money Found.

FOUND in the Stocking Store, on Fifth street, a Portemonnaie, containing Ten Dollars and some silver. The owner can have it by application to WM. DALY & CO., Fifth street.

[dec30

10 JARS BUTTER, for family use, for sale by SHRIVER & BARNES. dec26

Special Notices.

☞ **Unitarian Preaching**—On Sunday, 5th January, at Union Hall, corner of Smithfield and Fifth streets. Morning, at 10½ o'clock. Subject: The opening of a new year. Evening, at 7 o'clock. Subject: The True Christian Woman. jn4

☞ **Mr. Hatch's Lectures on Mercantile Law.**—*Duff's College.*—Subject for this (Saturday) evening's Lecture—MECHANICS' LIENS. jn4

☞ **Vigilant Fire Company.**—A special meeting of the Company will be held this evening, January 4, at 7 o'clock. Punctual attendance is requested.

By order: R. SIDDLE ROBERTS, Pres't.
JOHN KENNEDY, Sec'y.

Second Ward Democratic Meeting.

☞ A meeting of the Democratic citizens of the Second Ward, city of Pittsburgh, will be held at the house of Hout Duffy, corner of Second and Grant streets, on SATURDAY EVENING, *January 4th*, at 6½ o'clock, for the purpose of putting in nomination Ward officers.

jan3:2t

☞ **Notice.**—I. O. of O. F.—The Stockholders of the Odd-Fellows Hall Association, are hereby notified that an election for the new board of Trustees will be held on Monday, the 6th January, between the hours of 5 and 9 o'clock p. m., at the Union Hall, corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets.

J. C. HENDERSON, Sec'y.

jan1:tt

A Short Lesson.

To step between death and his prey, is a good work, and whoever induces the victim of *Cough, Bronchitis*, or any Pulmonary disease, to take one bottle of *Dr. Rogers' Liverwort, Tar and Camchalagua*, has begun that good work. There can be no question of the result, *if the remedy is persevered in.* See pamphlets in Agents' hands, and advertisement in another column. jn4.

Lumber Yard to Rent.

A large LUMBER YARD, situated on Duquesne Way, near the Point; sufficient room to hold eighteen hundred thousand feet of Lumber, to rent on a long lease.

Enquire of REYNOLDS & SHEE,
dec26 corner of Penn and Irwin streets.

☞ Consumers of wines are invited to read in another column the card of Jacob Snider, Jr.'s cheap wine store 57 Walnut street, Philadelphia. feb14:ly

☞ **Dr. Jayne's Family Medicines.**—Extract of a letter from the Rev. E. L. ABBOTT, a well-known and highly esteemed Missionary in the kingdom of Burmah, dated Sandoway Arracan, February, 1846:

Dr. D. Jayne, Philadelphia: My Dear Sir—We are now in great want of your Medical Preparations. Your CARMINATIVE BALSAM is an invaluable Medicine in this country in Bowel Complaints, and has been used in all our Missions with the most gratifying success. I have known it in many cases to act like a charm. Your SANATIVE PILLS are my Sheet Anchor. The best medicine for my Liver Complaint and pain in the side, that I have ever used. They are in great demand, and we are entirely out of them. We need five hundred boxes of them. Bro. Beecher says we could use a thousand boxes yearly among our people to great advantage. I have used your TONIC VERMIFUGE as a Tonic in INTERMITTENT FEVER, with the most complete success. I think it was once the means of saving my own son. During my travels among the churches the past season, I found a whole village suffering under a prevailing influenza, attended with Coughs of a most violent character. I often regretted I had not had a dozen or two of YOUR EXPECTORANT to administer to them, for I believe from what I have seen of its effects, that it would have been just the thing for those poor people. I presume you have not hitherto had an idea to what an extent your medicines are used in all our Missions. Affectionately yours, E. L. ABBOTT.

For sale at the Pekin Tea Store, 82 4th st. [nov23

Dr. S. D. Howe's
SHAKER SARSAPARILLA,
IN QUART BOTTLES,
Look Here, My Friend!
STOP, AND LET US REASON TOGETHER.

Are you a father, laboring for the support of a family, and suffering from general debility and low spirits, so that life almost seems a burden, use *Dr. S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla.*

ARE YOU A MOTHER, suffering from diseases to which females are generally subject, use Dr. S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla—it will certainly cure you.

Male or female, old or young, ALL and *every family* should have this *excellent Family Medicine* by them.—Call at our Depot, or on one of our Agents, and get a pamphlet, gratis, where you will find

FACTS! FACTS! FACTS!

That can be substantiated by thousands of living witnesses in this city and county, viz: that the

SHAKER SARSAPARILLA,

As prepared by Dr. S. D. HOWE, has been the means of permanently curing more diseases to which the human family are continually subject, than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla ever yet brought before the public.

The purity and efficacy of the Shaker preparation is well-known, and requires no long list of certificates and cures to introduce it; its increased demand for the past twelve years, is its best recommendation.

This medicine has established its high reputation throughout New York and New Hampshire, and the Eastern States generally, by its numerous and well attested cures; and also, by the recommendation and approval of the first physicians, who now use it in their private practice.

This is the only Sarsaparilla that acts in the Liver, Kidneys and Blood, at the same time, which renders it altogether more eligible to every one, particularly Females.

Dr. Mussey, Professor in the Ohio Medical College, says the Shaker preparations are truly valuable, and recommends them to the public.

No MERCURY—no MINERAL—no POISONOUS *Drugs* in the *Shaker Sarsaparilla.*

Remember, it is warranted to be purely, and entirely Vegetable, and as a Female and Family medicine is unequalled.

Be sure you enquire for Dr. S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla.

Price $1 per bottle, and six bottles for $5.

Dr. S. D. HOWE & CO.,
Proprietors,
No. 1 College Hall, Cincinnati, to whom all orders must be addressed.

For sale by our Agents.

J. SCHOONMAKER & Co., R. W. MEANS, A. BLACK, JOEL MONTEE, J. M. TOWNSEND, WILLIAM JACKSON and J. A. JONES, Pittsburgh; D. A. ELLIOTT, Allegheny; W. H. MCCLELLAND, Manchester; P. GROSKEE, Brownsville; and Druggists generally. Also, by HOWE & CO., Proprietors, No. 1 College Hall, Cincinnati. Ohio. [dec24

Remarkable Case.

EVIDENCE IN OUR MIDST.

Mr. Kier:—Sir, I cheerfully comply with your request, that I would give you an account of the almost miraculous cure of my little daughter's eye, by the use of your "PETROLEUM."

She was attacked with a very sore eye, in February or March last, when I immediately applied to the best medical aid in the city, by whom it was pronounced "a very bad eye," and all gave me no hope of doing her any good. After which I took her into the country to see an old lady, who had been very successful in curing eyes. She told me that her case was hopeless, as she would certainly lose not only that one, but, also, that the other would follow—it being a scrofulous affection of the blood. And I do certify, that at the time my father (J. B. Vashon,) came to the conclusion that we had better try your "Petroleum," *she was entirely blind of one eye.* It is now about two months since she began its use, and she can now see with both eyes as good as she ever did; and, as far as I can tell, I believe she has, with the blessing of the Almighty, been cured by "Petroleum."

Yours, respectfully,
M. FRANCES VASHON COLDER.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 20, 1850.

☞ For sale by Keyser & McDowell, 140 Wood st.; R. E. Sellers, 57 Wood st.; D. M. Curry, Allegheny City; D. A. Elliott, Allegheny; Joseph Dougherty, Birmingham; also, by the proprietor,

S. M. KIER,
Canal Basin, Seventh st., Pittsburgh.

oct9

☞ **Odd Fellows' Hall,** *Odeon Building, Fourth st., between Wood and Smithfield streets*—Pittsburgh Encampment, No. 2, meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays of each month.

Pittsburgh Degree Lodge, No. 4, meets 2d and 4th Tuesdays.

Mechanics' Lodge, No. 9, meets every Thursday evening.

Western Star Lodge No. 24, meets every Wednesday evening.

Iron City Lodge, No. 162, meets every Monday evening.

Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 360, meets every Friday evening.

Zoeco Lodge, No. 285, meets every Thursday evening, at their Hall, corner of Smithfield and Fifth streets.

Twin City Lodge, No. 241, meets every Friday evening. Hall, corner of Leacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny City. may29:1y

☞ **I. O. of O. F.**—Place of Meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between 5th and Virgin Alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 136—Meets every Tuesday evening.

MERCANTILE ENCAMPMENT, No. 87—Meets 1st and 3d Friday of each month. mar25—1y

☞ **Angerona Lodge, I. O. of