# The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

☞ Circulation 1200 Daily. ☜

PITTSBURGH:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 28, 1849.

☞ *Connected with the Establishment of the Morning Post is one of the largest Job Printing Offices in the city where all kinds of work is done on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms.*


## THE IRON CONVENTION.

We forgot, in our article of yesterday, to notice the fact, that in the Iron Convention, there were two or three Preachers. Whether they gave eclat to the affair or not, we will not answer. But to our mind they did themselves no credit, and degraded the Christianity which they profess. Only think of it! Men who, on every Sabbath, invoke their hearers to lay up their treasures in Heaven instead of on earth, come here and participate in a convention of Tariffites, whose whole cry, week days and holy days, is, "More Money; More Money!" Is not here a reason for the spread of infidelity? These teachers of Christianity are themselves the greatest sinners. Not content with the ample competence which their congregations afford them, they join in the terrible hunt for wealth, and hesitate not to ask Congress to give them laws, the tendency of which is to add to their piles, while the masses of the people are thereby degraded. With these Reverend gentlemen, personally, we are determined to have no quarrel. We do not say that they know they are in error. But we think there is profit in pointing out to the people the inconsistencies of those pastors whose teachings are correct, yet "themselves the primrose path of dalliance tread."

Mr. Stewart, in his speech in the convention, contended that when prices are inflated in this country or depressed in another, we will become buyers—until all our money is gone. We concede that there is truth in this. If on "some Fourth of July" mornings, every man in the Union was to find a little heap of gold dust by his bed side, then we think all branches of industry might be stopped until the dust would become diffused over the world. Because, prices will be so enhanced by the sudden influx of Money that foreign manufactured and agricultural articles will at once rush in. Our money goes out. But in a short time it is all gone. Then we can import no more. Then will there be a protection amounting to prohibition of all articles which can be made and raised in this country. This is the position which Mr. Stewart takes, and he is right. But why introduce such protection? The nominal value of real estate, of labor, and everything else would be lower but the real value would be enhanced. Is there any man so stupid as not to see the truth of this. "Give us a sound currency and we need no Tariff laws."

We hope our readers will look into the doctrine of Mr. Stewart, that "Protection reduces prices." It is true as he states. But we are at a loss to see how the workman is to be benefitted. We were told by the Hon. gentleman that the object of the Convention was to devise ways and means for keeping up the wages of labor. And yet he proposes protection, and says that protection will reduce prices of manufactured articles, and of course, labor must be reduced also. This question seems to us to be "mixed up," but it is certain that the man who works with his hands is to gain no permanent benefit by the system. If he is, let our judgment be corrected.

It is perhaps a little strange that Mr. S. did not notice the matter of emigration, which has caused considerable newspaper comment of late. Here he would have broken down completely. We defy any Tariff man to stand up under the pressure of the argument used by the Natives, to wit: "That there can be no protection to American laborers while pauper laborers are permitted to rush in." Now, as no humane and Christian man can propose seriously the putting of restrictions upon emigration, we cannot see where the American workingman is to gain security under Tariff laws.

After the Tragedy we are treated to a Farce. The Committee of Correspondence have published a "Circular" to the "Iron Men" of the Union, requesting them to forward such data as their "own works or neighborhood furnish." They ask for figures under the following heads: "*No. of hands;*" "*Capital Invested,*" "*No. tons Pig Iron,*" "*Value of Agriculture,*" &c., &c. The information to be given in compliance with the above, is intended for Congress. Our legislators are to depend upon the mere say so of interested, ignorant and prejudiced furnace men. Will this be reliable? Will a single figure be correct? We say *No.*

### Printers' Wages—The Gazette.

For years past the printers in this city have been compelled to work at such prices as afforded them from $4,50 to $9,50 per week. In order to earn the latter sum they would commence at 8 or 9 o'clock in the morning and continue until midnight and often till 2, 3 or 4 o'clock! The compositors on the *Post* have always received the highest rates given in the city, to wit: 20 cents per 1000 *ems*. The Gazette has invariable paid the protective tariff rates, to wit: 12 to 16 cents per 1000 ems.

It is well known that the printers have asked an advance. They only want the minimum sum paid in other cities, to wit: 25 cents. We think this reasonable and just—so do the proprietors of the Journal, Dispatch, Chronicle and the Weekly papers. But not so the Gazette Editor. *He* is too busily engaged in his advocacy of the iron, cotton and monied interests to think of the working men who earn for him the money on which he fattens. So we infer from the following advertisement which we copy from the Gazette of yesterday:

TO PRINTERS—*Journeymen Compositors* wanted at this Office. Also—Two or three Apprentices will be taken. nov27

Now, we will say to printers abroad that there are plenty compositors in this city. We know some who are out of employment. Several have left during the past month. Those who come here in expectations of getting situations will be sorely disappointed.

The *Gazette's* sincerity in advocating "protection" to HOME *industry* is beautifully illustrated in this matter. We presume our neighbor wishes by his advertisement, to bring the wages of the poor journeymen down to a level with the "pauper labor of Europe," or starve them by importing pauper laborers from abroad.

### Wheeling Congressional District.

The Wheeling *Gazette* of Monday publishes the following as the official vote for each county, as returned by the Sheriffs. It will be seen that Hammond, the Whig candidate for Congress, has been elected by only 66 majority:

| | *Haymond.* | *Thompson.* |
|---|---|---|
| Monongalia | 271 | 488 |
| Preston | 229 | 340 |
| Marion | 370 | 287 |
| Taylor | 62 | 60 |
| Tyler and Doddridge | 178 | 182 |
| Barbour | 135 | 221 |
| Randolph | 93 | 157 |
| Wetzel | 44 | 126 |
| Brooke | 136 | 150 |
| Hancock | 59 | 116 |
| Ohio | 877 | 426 |
| Marshall | 419 | 264 |
| Total | 2837 | 2807 |

Haymond's majority, 66.

SINGULAR RESULT.—The official county canvass of the votes polled at the late election in New York, as received at the office of the Secretary of State, shows an aggregate democratic vote of 202,348; the whig vote 202,359; this gives the majority of *eleven* votes for the Whigs! The official canvass, by the state canvassers, may produce a slight variation.

☞ The Cleveland Plaindealer says that it was WILSON SHANNON, one of Ohio's ex-Governors, who had the honor of bringing forward the measure to prohibit Slavery in that infant territory.

### The Wool Business in Texas.

A NEW ENTERPRISE.

The benefits of the annexation of Texas to the United States, are developing themselves every day. Those who suppose that it was a country only suited as a refuge for the outcast population of the North, now begin to see they were laboring under a great delusion. Within the last few years Texas has been filling up with an enterprising and intelligent population from the United States and Europe, who have already given her a name and position which may well be envied by some of the older states of the Union.

Although Texas is peculiarly adapted for the farmer and planter, yet it has only been recently that an effort was made to introduce the wool growing business there. The experiment was first tried, to a limited extent, by Count Duserne, who emigrated from France at the breaking out of the late revolution. As yet he has not made much progress in the business.

We now have it in our power to announce, however, that a citizen of the United States, of much intelligence, and great experience in the growth of wool, is about to engage in that business in Texas. SAMUEL DOUGLASS, Esq., the gentleman to whom we refer, formerly resided in Cadiz, Ohio, and recently at Wheeling, Va. He recently purchased of Dr. CHAPLINE, of Ohio county Va., 25 bucks and 25 ewes, embracing qualities of the finest Merino and Saxony sheep produced in the western country. With these Mr. DOUGLASS is now on his way to Texas. It is his intention to locate on the high Prairie land, at the head waters of the Colorado river. The character of the pasture is similar to, but coarser, than blue grass, and is abundant throughout the year. Hence, the trouble and expense of wintering sheep, to which our wool growers of the North are subjected, are unknown in Texas.

Owing to the mildness of the climate, two crops of wool are taken off in a year; and there are three crops of Lambs in two years. Such has been the result of the experiments already tried. It is the opinion of intelligent gentlemen that in a few years immense quantities of wool will be produced at a very small cost, on account of the absense of winter grain feeding. It is the intention of Mr. DOUGLASS, after reaching his destination, to purchase Mexican ewes to cross with the fine sheep.

As this is the first experiment attempted to be made in the wool business in Texas by an American citizen, the public will look with great anxiety for the result of his labors. Mr. DOUGLASS has promised us that he will act as a regular correspondent of the *Morning Post*, and will favor our readers, from time to time, with his opinions and experience.

### Tariff of '46—Judge Dempsey.

We considered Mr. POTT, of New Jersey, the leading man in the Iron Convention. Judge DEMPSEY, of Hanging Rock, was the first assistant leader.

It seems Judge D. is a native of Fayette county, Pa. In April last, he addressed a letter to one of his old companions, in relation to the progress and prosperity of the Iron interest, at Hanging Rock, Ohio, his present home. That letter we copy below.

It seems that Judge Dempsey, in fifteen years, amassed over ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS in the iron business. From the fact that he was a delegate to the Convention which assembled in this city last week, we presume he is not satisfied with the little sum he has acquired. Astor is reported to have said that a man worth one hundered thousand dollars was si well off as tough he was rich. But Judge D. has not yet realized the truth of Astor's assertion. He wishes more. Therefore, he is anxious for more duties on iron.

But we refer to the letter for evidence of the truth of the declaration of the Democrats that the present Tariff is sufficiently protective. Look at the enormous fortunes which have been gathered by the employers during a few short years since the adoption of the Tariff Law in question. One man at Hanging Rock was worth last April, $200,000, and *only beginning to make money.*

But we will allow the reader to comment for himself. Study the facts contained in the letter carefully.

HANGING ROCK, Lawrence Co., Ohio, April 26, 1849.

*Dear Sir:*—Having been raised in your county, I deem it no intrusion on your time to give you some concise information of some men and boys who left Fayette county several years ago, and settled in this Iron Ore county of Ohio, and of whom at this date—after a lapse of seven to sixteen years—you and their other friends may have lost sight of and of whose whereabouts you may be ignorant.

I shall begin with Robert Hamilton, a bashful, timid lad, who was certainly the longest in getting to be a man of almost any boy I ever knew. He removed to this county some 18 years ago, with scarcely any means, and commenced, with two partners, in the blast Furnace business. At this time he is a highly respectable man, worth one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. He has the credit of having started several young men in business, who had previously worked in his employ, all of whom are doing well. I shall continue my sketch with

Robert B. Hamilton, who came to this county some years later, and began as a keeper of a Furnace Store, of which he was afterwards Clerk and Manager. He is now worth not less than seventy-five thousand dollars.

James Richey came here at a still later period, and while quite young. He has in a few years made from twenty-five to thirty thousand dollars, and is yet making money fast.

After him, came George, Samuel and William Wurtz, bringing with them good business qualifications, but no money or property. They are now worth, on an average, thirty thousand dollars each, and continue to roll their balls very rapidly—indeed, I may say, they are just beginning to make money.

John Culbertson, who reached here "not worth the powder that would blow him up," finds himself, after a few years close application, worth from thirty to thirty five thousand dollars, and is now going ahead like a railroad car.

Then followed John Peters, whom I well knew when a boy about 12 years old. He was unquestionably the most idle, if not lazy, stripling of that age, of whom I had any former knowledge, and whose prospect of ever becoming an active business man, or a good working man seemed utterly hopeless. But he, too, in a few short years has realized, in this region of industry and thrift, a fortune of forty thousand dollars, and is still adding dollar to dollar daily.

Each of the above named individuals are from the vicinity of Connellsville, in your county, and more worthy and highly respectable gentlemen cannot be found any where, leaving religion out of the calculation, and some of their number even hope that they have obtained true riches—"the pearl of great price"—and that they are really and truly christians. On this point, however, some may have their doubts. They may look upon a business table, where a competence and even a dazzling fortune is acquired in so short a period, as but little better than a gaming table, and as inconsistent with genuine vital piety. Still, without pretending to go into an argument on the subject, it is, perhaps possible.

I may express the opinion, with great confidence that all the above named persons would have continued poor had they remained at their homes in your county, instead of following the star of fortune which led them here. The writer of this laboured in Fayette county for 24 years, and then left it a poor man.

There are many men here from other parts of the country than Fayette, who have done as well, and some even better, than those alluded to. I will, however, mention but one instance of the success of those not known by your citizens.

Mr. John Campbell came to this county some 16 years ago, without means, and, indeed, many, looking through the corner of one eye only, said he was too soft, too green, ever to succeed in the Iron business; but all who said or thought so, have been most agreeably mistaken. He has exhibited more forecast and energy than any other Iron man here, and now stands at the head of the Iron business in this region. He has an annual income of at least $20,000, and a character for liberality and respectability as high as that of any other gentleman in this or any other country, with all at home or abroad who know him well. Although he must now be worth over $200,000, he may be said to be only beginning to make money.

Yours,
ANDREW DEMPSEY.

### THE LOVE LORN.

There is a strain of natural pathos running through the following beautiful verses, that renders them irresistibly attractive. We commend them to all true lovers of genuine poetry:

My een are dim wi' tears, John,
My heart is sair wi' wae,
I lie an' watch the stars, John,
A wearying for the day;
Yet it winna bring me rest, John,
An' it canna bring me peace,
Till the clay is on my breast, John,
An' thought and feeling cease!

I hae loved ye weel and lang, John,
An' shall while I hae life;
But ye've caused me mony a pang John,
Wha should hae been your wife,
Though ye never said a word, John,
My trusting heart to win,
Ye hae led* before the Lord, John,
An' that is deeper sin!

Ye're hand lead seeking mine, John,
When neabody could see;
An' ye kissed it mony a time, John,
An' wasna that a lee?
An' yourn een leed looking luve, John,
Whene'er they turned on me;
An' your gifts, what did they prove, John,
But love—or treachery?

An' your step leed coming here, John,
Sae aft in cauld an' rain,
For mony a happy year, John,
Whase memory is pain!
For I thought the time would come, John,
When we nae mair would part;
Yet ye gaed without as word, John,
To ease my breaking heart!

Ye cam' o' your ain will, John,
Ye saw that I was poor;
Ye kenn'd I was nae light o' love;
Ye should hae passed our door.
But I loo ye after a', John,
An' pray to God in heaven,
That I may be ta'en hame, John,
An' your deceit forgiven! MARY.

*"Leed" means "lied."

☞ NOTICE EVERY ONE WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—The American Oil, having performed by its use so many remarkable cures, and being a powerful Remedial Agent for various diseases, has induced some persons to counterfeit this valuable medicine. The original and genuine American Oil is obtained from a well in Burkesville, Kentucky from the sole and only proprietors, D. Hale & Co., who appointed Mr. Wm. Jackson, of 89 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, their sole and only agent for supplying sub-agents in western Pennsylvania, western Virginia, and part of Ohio. The true and genuine American Oil is a dark green color. There are various counterfeits abroad—some Seneca Oil, some a mixture closely resembling the genuine, purporting to come from the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Dispensary Company; some black, some white, said to be made from the Original American Oil. D. Hale & Co., the only and sole proprietors of the true and original American Oil, DO NOT NOR NEVER DID supply any persons who make the article called Extract of American Oil, said to be refined, clarified and concentrated. BEWARE of the worthless counterfeits, and OBSERVE that Wm. Jackson, 89 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, head of Wood street is the ONLY and SOLE agent for the above mentioned District, and that none is genuine but what has the name and address printed on the label, and in the pamphlet in which each bottle is enveloped, and likewise notice that the proprietors' address is printed in each pamphlet thus: "D. Hall & Co., Kentucky." Another way of detecting the counterfeits is the difference in the price. The genuine is sold invariably at 50 cts. per bottle and no less, while some of the counterfeits are sold at various prices under that.

The Pure and only Genuine American Oil is sold wholesale and retail by Wm. Jackson, at the only agency in Pittsburgh, No. 89 Liberty street, head of Wood st. aug31:3m

### Married:

On Thursday last, by the Rev. Bishop O'CONNOR, Mr. THOMAS WARD, of Birmingham, to Miss ANN A. KENNEDY, of Pittsburgh.

☞ Oysters! Oysters!!—The subscriber will keep up constantly (at the Monongahela Exchange) from this time, FRESH OYSTERS, which he will serve up in the very best style. C. CAMPBELL.
sept18:tapr Cor. of Smithfield and Fourth sts.

### THEATRE.

MANAGER.....C. S. PORTER

ADMISSION:
Dress Circle and Parquette.....50 cents
Second Tier.....25 "

☞ FAREWELL BENEFIT of Mr. J. V. PORTER. WEDNESDAY, November 28, to commence with THE BROTHERS—TWO IN BLACK.
After which, the Drama of the CARPENTER OF ROUEN.
To conclude with—
THE DANCE OF THE SHIRT.
THE ALTERED—Doors open 6 | before 7; Curtain rises 1 past 7


J. H. LAWMAN'S
SHIRT MANUFACTORY,
AND
Gentlemen's Furnishing Emporium
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
*NO. 68 FOURTH STREET, APOLLO BUILDING*
BETWEEN WOOD AND MARKET STREETS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Always on hand, a large assortment of Shirts, Bosoms, Collars, Cravats, Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders, Under Shirts, Drawers, &c., &c. mar12

**Patent Chilled Rollers.**

BOLLMANS & GARRISON, *Circuit Court United States.—Case for infringement of HALE'S Patent Right for casting* vs. *Chilled Rollers.*
PARRY, SCOTT & Co.

Defendant gave in evidence Patent to John C. Parry for some purpose.

CHARGE OF COURT.

A question of infringement is a question of fact, of which the jury are the judges. The construction of the patent is for the Court.

After reading and commenting on the specification of Plaintiff's patent, the Court observed: In doubtful cases it is not the custom of the Court to express any opinion of the merits of the case; but in this case the facts are undisputed, and the Court think it is proper to state, as the opinion of both the Judges on the true construction of Plaintiff's Patent, that the defendant's patent is a gross and palpable plancy of the Plaintiff's invention.

It has evidently been obtained on the ground that it was an improvement on Plaintiff's patented invention; and now seeks to usurp his rights under pretence of an improvement—a pretence which is proved also to be unfounded. Per Curiam. R. C. GRIER.

The above decision gives to the subscribers alone the right to manufacture Chilled Rollers, by the only process known to produce a good article.

They are prepared, as heretofore, to furnish all sizes required, and with the least possible delay.
nov23:d1f BOLLMANS & GARRISON.

**Mesmerism at the Apollo,**
ON TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY *EVENINGS*, November 27, 28 and 29.—*Good and Convincing Experiments will be given.* Also, the whole modus operandi scientifically explained. All who take an interest in this wonderful science, should not fail to attend.
Tickets to the course, only 50 cents; single, 25 cents.—For sale at Morse's Book Store, the St. Charles Hotel, and at the door.
Doors open at 6; Lecture at 6½ o'clock. nov28:2t

**Winter Hosiery.**

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED, direct from the manufacturers—
100 doz. Ladies' (London dyed fast black) Merino Hose; 75 " " dark grey Vigonies;
60 " " super. lambs' wool Gloves;
100 " Misses' " " "
Also—A further supply of Lambs' Wool Undershirts; Drawers and Socks of our own manufacture, which, for warmth and durability, cannot be equalled.
WILLIAM DALY & CO.,
Stocking Manufactory, Fifth street,
nov28 Between Wood and Market.

FISH—43 barrels No. 3 Mackerel;
2 " " 1 " "
10 half " " 2 "
19 " Gibbed Herring;
12 drums Codfish;
60 boxes Scaled Herring; for sale by
RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO.
nov28 28 Water street.

COFFEE—228 bags Prime Green Rio for sale by
RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO.

TEA—85 half chests Y. H. Tea;
92 " " Imperial Tea;
95 " " Black " part very fine—for family use;
44 caddy boxes G. P. and Impl'l Tea; for sale by
nov28 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

SUGAR AND MOLASSES—
58 hhds. prime old crop;
63 barrels Nos. 5 and 8 Loaf Sugar;
74 " N. O. Molasses;
16 " S. H. do;
29 half " S. H. do for sale by
nov28 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO.

FRUIT—100 boxes new crop Raisins;
6 casks Zante Currants;
150 bu. new crop Peaches;
72 " old do do for sale by
nov28 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO.

BEANS—20 barrels Small White Beans for sale by
nov29 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO.

FEATHERS—19 sacks prime Ky. for sale by
nov29 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO.

TALLOW—35 barrels, for sale by
nov28 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO.

PIG LEAD—1000 pigs Soft Galena-Lead, for sale by
nov28 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO.

WANTED—1000 dozen Flax Yarn, by
nov28 KING & MOORHEAD.

TOW YARN—200 dozen Tow Yarn for sale by
nov28 KING & MOORHEAD.

SUGAR-HOUSE MOLASSES—10 barrels Prime, just received by [nov28] KING & MOORHEAD.

QUEENSWARE—Just received, 3 Crates Queensware, best selection. Also, 2 Crates C. C. Queensware—at No. 59 Water st. [nov28] JOHN HANNAN


## LOCAL MATTERS.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS, OYER AND TERMINER, &c.—Nov. 27.—Present: Judges Patton, Jones and Kerr.

Com. vs. John and Joseph Hughes. Indictment, "Burglary." This case was noticed yesterday morning. After a good defence made yesterday by Black, the jury gave a verdict of "*Not Guilty.*"

Com. vs. Wm. Errett, Mary Evans, Margaret Connelly, Elizabeth Brigham, Margaret Brigham.—Indictment, "Conspiracy to Abduct a Child."

This is the Freeport case which caused so much excitement last August. The prosecutor is McGraw. The child that was taken away is a daughter of his; her name is Elizabeth, and is about twelve years of age. We heard the testimony of the first witness McGraw. He said that Elizabeth was the daughter of his first wife, who was a daughter of Mrs. Connelly, one of the defendants. The defendants live in this city. Early in August Mrs. Connelly and Miss Brigham visited Freeport, and endeavored to induce McGraw to allow his daughter to live with them; they said they wanted to send her to school; he refused to let her come, saying that he did not want her to be educated a Roman Catholic. A few days after this, John Haney and Elizabeth Evans brought the child to Pittsburgh, and left her at the house of Mrs. Connelly. On the 18th of August, McGraw heard that Elizabeth had been taken away; he started in pursuit; came to Pittsburgh; heard that she had left for Washington; got officers Hill and Glenn to accompany him, and on Thursday morning arrived in Washington, where they found the child, in a carriage with a Mr. Boyer and Mrs. Evans; Mr. Errett came running out of Boyer's house, opposite to which the carriage stopped; the offending parties were arrested and brought to Pittsburgh. Upon the cross examination of the witness, he said that the child had been well treated by himself and his present wife; well clothed, educated and "treated kindly and more so." He denied that he had promised to his first wife, on her death bed, that he would permit the grandmother to raise the child; he said his wife did not make such a request.

For Commonwealth, Mr. Kuhn; for Defence, Messrs. Black and Shannon.

BENEFIT OF JOHN V. PORTER.—Mr. J. V. PORTER' a young man of fine attainments, appeals to his friends this evening for a Benefit. In addition to the claims of the beneficiary, the bill is very attractive. We notice that the "Carpenter of Rouen" is to be performed. We have never seen this piece, but if report speaks true, it is one of the first class plays. The Reform papers of England lauded it highly when it was first brought out; and the literary papers generally on both sides of the Atlantic conceded that it contained a deal of true merit. We give a "taste or its quality" in the following extract, which some of our readers may have heard before:

"The mechanic is one of God's nobleman.—What have the mechanics not done? Have they not opened the secret chambers of the mighty deep, and extracted its treasures—made the raging billow their highway, where upon they ride as on the tamed steed; are not the elements of fire and water chained to the anvil at the mechanics bidding compelled to turn it. Have not the mechanics opened the bowels of the earth? The forked lightning is their plaything, and they ride on the wings of the mighty wind. To me nice they are the floodgates of knowledge; kings and Queens are decorated with their handiwork. He who made the universe was himself a great mechanic."

A YANKEE TRAVELER.—A real six foot Vermonter—a regular out-and-out wooden nutmeg, horn flint, Yankee, took passage on the steamer Zachary Taylor, a short time since for St. Louis. He was so fortunate as to have his name registered and a birth engaged soon after going on board. The boat was crowded with passengers, a fact that exhibited itself quite visibly in the pleased countenance of Capt. LUCAS. As the hour for retiring approached, it was discovered that there were at least double as many passengers on board as there were berths to accommodate them; and the idea of sleeping upon the floor was by no means delightful, especially to those who were accustomed to soft cushions and downy pillows at home. The demand for births became pretty general, and consequently they commanded a high premium. This was the time for Jona than to exercise his organs of acquisitiveness. He accordingly rented his birth at $2,00 a night, and slept in it himself during the day. When he arrived at St. Louis he found himself a wealthier man, than when he left Pittsburgh! "It takes the Yankees!"

☞ We have been requested to state that the Board of Managers of the Allegheny Agricultural Society, will meet on Wednesday the 5th of next month at the New Court House at 11 o'clock, A. M..

The Officers and Board for the present year are as follows:

President—Hon. Walter Lowrie; Vice President—Hiram Haltz, Esq.; Recording Secretary—George Parkins; Corresponding Secretery—Alex. Speer; Treasurer—John Scott; Managers—Benjamin Kelly, John McCloskey, William Martin, John Murdock, Jos. Miller, John McGill, P. A. Way, Joseph E. McCabe, Samuel McCaslin, C. Shively, John Garrard, Erasmus Cooper, and the Officers of the Society are by a provision of the constitution, members of the Board ex-officio.

THANKSGIVING DINNER IN JAIL.—The unfortunate beings now in the county Jail are to have a Dinner on Thursday. Sheriff Curtis, Ex-Sheriff Forsyth and others, have contributed to the arrangements, and we trust some of our good citizens may feel themselves impelled to give a little of their store, in order that the baser portion of our race may realize on that day the blessings which they have forfeited by bad conduct.

☞ Complaints are made that *some* of the Night Police have of late committed acts which would disgrace any man, and officers particularly. We do not feel at liberty to give names, nor the details of the offences charged; but the truth may come out yet. We only hope that the reputations of the innocent may not suffer on account of the malpractices of a few unworthy men.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—*November* 27. Before Judge Irwin.

Neeley vs. Read. This is an action for damages sustained by plaintiff in shipping Flour to Boston in 1847. For plaintiff Messrs. Marsh and Selden. For defendant Messrs. Metcalfe and Loomis.

DAVID COPPERFIELD.—The seventh part of this interesting work, by Dickens, has been received at Holmes' Literary Depot, Third street, opposite the Post Office.

☞ We are told that Allegheny City is now without a Fire Company, and that, should a fire break out, the apparatus will not be used. How is this?


GREAT NOVELTY.
A DEPUTATION OF THE KANSAS TRIBE, from Santa Fe, on their way to Washington, will appear on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, Nov. 28 and 29, at the ATHENÆUM, and go through many of their NATIONAL WAR DANCES and SONGS! The distinguished Indian Chief, Pokehonnash, three Braves, one Boy and two Squaws will go through several of their performances, peculiar to the Indians alone. War Dance, National Songs, and Dance of Peace, and many Feats of truly astonishing character.
Doors open at half past 6 o'clock; Performance to commence at a quarter past 7. Tickets, 25 cents; Children half price. nov22:2t

HIBBERT'S CHEMICAL WRITING FLUID.—We recommend Hibbert's Writing Fluid to the patronage of the public, as a first rate article in all respects. It flows from the pen without clogging it up, and in the course of a few hours becomes a deep, bright black.
Wm. Lippincott & Son, B. A. Fahnestock & Co.,
Robert Moore, McQuewan & Douglas,
Wick & McCandless, John Parker,
S. Wightman & Co., Francis Sellers,
C. A. McAnulty & Co.
For sale (together with Hibbert's Red and Machine Copy Inks,) by B. A. Fahnestock & Co.; H. P. Schwartz, Allegheny City, and the manufacturer, THOS K. HIBBERT, Druggist and Chemist, corner of Liberty and Smithfield streets. nov22:d1w

THE subscribers purpose LOADING THEIR LAST BOAT EASTWARD for the season, THIS DAY, and are prepared to receive a limited amount of Freight.
TAAFFE & O'CONNOR.
nov28


## News by Telegraph!

Reported for the Morning Post

THE VERY LATEST FROM EUROPE—FURTHER PARTICULARS BY THE CALEDONIA.

BOSTON, November 27, 1849.

The London Times contains a letter from Austria dated the 4th instant, from which it appears that the Emperor of Russia has carried his point with the Turkish government, despite the interference of the French and English governments. The Porte has pledged itself to keep in safe custody, in one or more of the Turkish fortresses, all those refugees whose names may be mentioned, by the Austrian and Russian governments, and immediately to banish the others. Under this arrangement, there is no chance for Kossuth and his compatriots ever escaping to England or the United States.

NEW YORK, November 27.

There are several Congressmen, en route for Washington, here. Among them are Messrs. Clay, Cass, Truman Smith, Governor Seward and Levin.

There is nothing Commercial, worth telegraphing.

### NEW YORK MARKET.

NOON REPORT.

NEW YORK, November 27.

Cotton..The market continues firm at the advance of a fourth to a half on former prices.

Flour..The demand, if anything, is less than it was, and prices are a shade lower. We note sales of common to good and straight brands at 4,62@4,75 @4,81. Sales of Genesee at 5,12@5,25 per bbl.

Grain..There is but a limited business doing at previous quotations. The demand for Corn is less than it was.

Provisions..The market for Pork is firm, and prices have an upward tendency. We note sales of Mess Pork at 10,62, Prime 8,37@8,44 ⅌ bbl. Lard: The demand is good, with sales at former prices.

Butter and Cheese—are active. Sales of Ohio Cheese at 6c.

Coffee..There is a good feeling in the Coffee market. Prices have advanced ¼ to ½ ⅌ lb. Sales of Java at 10½c.

Tobacco..The demand has been brisk. Prices are steady so far as the demand has been made public, with sales of Kentucky at 6½@8c.

Whiskey..We have no new feature to notice.

Cattle Market..Sales of Beef Cattle at 5,50@5,70—market closed with 300 head over.

### CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, November 27.

Flour..The market is steady; but prices are unchanged.

Whiskey advanced to 21c.

Hogs..Sales of 4000 head at $2,60@2,75.

Linseed Oil..Sales at 67@68c per gal.

Other articles are unchanged.

The weather is cool and the river has fallen eight inches.


DISSOLUTION—The Co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of JOHN HANNAN & CO., of Water st., was dissolved on the 20th inst., by mutual consent, by the withdrawal of B. Weaver, Jr. Jno. Hannan will continue the business on his own account, and is to settle up the business of the late firm. JNO. HANNAN,
nov28 B. WEAVER, JR.

MONEY WANTED—$6000 wanted for five years; it will be secured on valuable real estate in the city, and a bonus will be given; the interest paid quarterly.
Also, $4000 wanted for three or four years, to be well secured by valuable city property. A bonus will be given, and interest paid as above.
B. CUTHBERT, Gen. Agent,
nov28 Smithfield street.

SOME of the best patterns of Olive, Brown, Green, Blue and other colored CASSIMERES offered this Fall, which will be made to order in good style and low. Gentlemen in want of a good fitting Pantaloon, will call at the *Empire Clothing store.* [nov26] H. CHIGNELL.

A SMALL LOT of Choice Fig'd SILK VESTINGS, suitable for evening parties, &c., just received, which we can make to order at short notice.
nov29:1w H. CHIGNELL.

FOR SALE—*A DOUBLE CHERRY DESK*, four feet long, at JNO. J. GILLESPIE & CO'S,
nov28 76 Wood street.

GROCERIES—8 bbls. No. 1 Mackerel;
10 half bbls. No. 3 "
And 150 assorted Baskets; for sale by
JOHN HANNAN'S,
nov28 No 59 Water st.

AHEAD OF ALL!
EXTRACT OF AMERICAN OIL,
PREPARED and sold by JNO. YOUNGSON, 209 Liberty street. This powerfully concentrated preparation; the medical virtues of which are found to be eight times the strength of the original American Oil. It is put up in bottles at 25 and 27½ cents, each, with full directions for its use. In every disease where the original American Oil has been found at all efficacious, and it so far exceeds the original in power, as to render it the *CHEAPEST MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.* Call and try it. JOHN YOUNGSON.
P. B. The original Oil in its natural state is taken from the bowels of the earth, can be had as above—and will be found *genuine*, notwithstanding a certain firm claims to be the *only* Proprietors.
1:d&w:tf J. Y.

CAPITAL STOCK 500,000.
SECURED BY STATE STOCKS.
Life Insurance, Marine Insurance, Health Insurance.
PERSONS wishing to effect Insurance in either of the above branches, are respectfully invited to call at the office of the subscriber, who is the authorized Agent. Terms as liberal as those of any Company in the United States, and all Losses promptly paid in Cash.
BENJ. WILSON, Agent,
jy19:w6m. Elizabeth, Allegheny Co., Pa.

Farmer's Mammoth Insurance Company
WASHINGTON COUNTY, N. Y.
*The Largest Insurance Company in the United States.*
THIS Co. have issued about 40,000 Policies this year (thus far, and probably at the rate of 10,000 annually in this State, mostly in the Eastern and middle parts—The rates of this Co. are low, both for cash and the premium note.
The cost to insure an ordinary risk for $1000, will be premium note $10 only. Cash 40 per cent. on the note, which, with the policy and survey, make it about $5 for five years; $1,00 per year, two cents per week, or reckoning annually 10 cents on $100.
This amount of cash, although small, has paid all losses promptly for several years; and, from the increasing business, the Directors are warranted in the belief that no tax upon the premium note will be necessary. This Co. are prohibited by their By-Laws from insuring in blocks or exposed parts of villages, or from taking risks upon any kind of Mills, Shops or Machinery, which are considered hazardous, or from taking over $3000 in one risk. The policies of this Co. are free from the objectionable conditions found in the policies of many other companies, out of which so much litigation arises. All matters of difference may be settled by arbitration in the County where the loss happens, by those insured in the Co., and who are, of course, members.
ARCH. BISHOP, Secretary.
C. A. COLTON, Genl. Agent for Western Pa.—to be found at present at Brown's Hotel, Pittsburgh.
oct27:1wd&1yw

Valuable Farm for Sale.
THE undersigned, executors of the last will and testament of John Cunningham, late of Millin township, dec'd, will expose at PUBLIC SALE, on *Thursday, the 13th of December next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., that VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, situated in Millin township, Allegheny county, Pa., bounded by the Monongahela river, lands of Frederick Rhodes, the heirs of Saml. Cunningham, and John Curry, about nine miles from Pittsburgh, containing 172 ACRES, more or less, of which 100 Acres are cleared. There are 30 Acres of excellent Coal on the property. About 60 or 70 Acres are fine Bottom Land, on the Monongahela. Terms made known on the day of sale, or by application to either of the undersigned.
THOMAS B. PATTERSON,
JOHN WORK,
SAML. CUNNINGHAM,
nov12:2d&w4t Executors of John Cunningham, dec'd.

NOTICE.—An application will be made at the next session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, to incorporate a Bank, to be called the Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh, and to have a capital not exceeding two hundred thousand dollars; and to have the principal features of the Franklin Bank of Washington.
JEFFERSON BELL, Cashier.
(Commercial Journal and Harrisburg Union copy.)

NOTICE.—In conformity with the Act, notice is hereby given, that application will be made to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, at its next regular session, for the renewal of the Charter of the Bank of Pittsburgh; said Bank to be located at Pittsburgh, with a capital of twelve hundred thousand dollars.
JOHN GRAHAM, President.
(Gazette, Journal, Chronicle, Dispatch, American, and Mercury copy.)

NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Farmer's Deposite Bank of Pittsburgh intend making application to the next Legislature, for such alteration of their Charter as will give them Banking privileges; or, if deemed expedient, will ask to be incorporated as a new Bank.
By order of the Board of Directors.
JOHN MAGOFFIN, Cashier.
☞ Harrisburg Telegraph copy till Legislature meets, and send bill to this office.

Great Bargains in Millinery
AND FANCY GOODS.—*MRS. DUFF*
will commence, on Monday next, to sell off the present stock of newly imported and Manufactured MILLINERY at greatly reduced prices, for cash only:—
Laces from 3 cents per yard, upward;
Winter colors Bonnet Ribbons, 9 cents;
Cap Ribbons 5 cents; Flowers 8 cents;
Caps from 31 cents upward; Borders 6c.
Habit Shirts 31 cents; Collars 10 cents;
Satin Bonnets from $2,50 upward;
Hoods 25 cents; Sun Bonnets 25 cents;
Cardinals, Sacks, Capes, Dresses, and every article cut and made to new and elegant winter designs.
Just received by Express from New York, by
MRS. DUFF,
v16:w2t] No. 10 West side St. Clair st., near Bridge.

Administrator's Notice.
LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on the Estate of Nathan Carlisle, late of Allegheny City, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, he hereby gives notice to all having claims against said Estate, to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement and payment; and all those indebted will be required to make settlement and payment, at an early day. To facilitate these objects the subscriber will attend daily at the office of said deceased, in said City, from the 4th to the 8th of December next, during business hours.
nov26:6tw J. POLLOCK, Adm'r.
[Gazette copy 6 times w. and ch. Post.]

NEW EXPRESS ARRANGEMENT.
1849. 1849.
Adams & Co.'s Line.
THE cit