A Change of Boots.

Mr. Mackey, a recent traveler in the U. States, gives the following graphic account of a trick played in Carolina, and which, it appears, is by no means an uncommon one:

"Having had but a little rest on board the steamer the previous night, I slept soundly in one of the hotels the first night ashore. How far into the morning my slumbers would have carried me I know not, but at a pretty early hour I was aroused by a noise which for the few moments elapsing between the deep sleep and perfect consciousness, I took to be the ringing of the sleigh bells in the streets of a Canadian town. I was soon undeceived, the intense heat, even at that early hour, driving all notions of winter, sleighs, and sleigh bells, out of my head. But though in Carolina, there was still the jingling of the bells to remind me of Canada. Every bell in the house seemed to have become suddenly bewitched but my own, and anxious to know what was the matter, I soon made it join in the chorus. Even in the ringing of bells one can trace to some extent the difference between characters, and for some time I amused myself watching the different manifestations of temper on the part of those that pulled them, which they indicated. Some rang gently, as if those pulling them shrunk from being troublesome; others authoritatively, as if the ringers would be obeyed at once and without another summons; and others again angrily, as if they had already been frequently pulled in vain. Very soon all became angry, some waxing into a towering passion; for although all might ring, all could not possibly be answered at once. I had brief time to notice these things are the waiters were heard hurrying up and down stairs, and along the lengthy wooden lobbies which echoed to their footsteps. Things now appeared to be getting serious, and jumping out of bed I opened my door just as a troop of black fellows were hurrying past each with a bucket of water in his hand. I immediately inferred that the house was on fire; and as American houses generally on such occasions go off like gun cotton, I sprang back into my room, with a view to partly dressing myself and making my escape. A universal cry for "boots," however, mingled with every variety of imprecation on that functionary's head, from the simple ejaculation to the elaborate prayer, soon convinced me that the case was less urgent than I had supposed, and on further investigation it turned out that the unusual hubbub had been created by some one playing overnight the old and clumsy trick of changing the boots before they were taken from the bed room doors to be cleaned, so that on being replaced in the morning each guest was provided with his neighbor's instead of his own. I had lain down the happy possessor of a pair of Wellingtons, which, in the morning, I found converted into unsightly highlows. After some search my Wellingtons were discovered in another hall, standing at a lady's door, whose shoes had been placed before that of a Texan volunteer on his way to Mexico, and glory. It was not the good fortune of all so readily to discover their property, the majority of the guests having to breakfast in slippers, during which the unreclaimed boots and shoes were collected together in the great hall, each man afterwards selecting, as he best could. Until the nature of the joke was discovered, the poor Boots had a narrow escape of his life, and it was amusing to witness the chuckle of the black waiters, as, on discovering the trick, they quietly returned with their unemptied buckets, to their respective posts."

From Ciut's Weekly Advertiser.

The Cromwell Family.

CINCINNATI, October 17, 1849.

MR. CIST:—A notice in several of our newspapers, of an assertion made by an English journalist that the family of Oliver Cromwell had become extinct by the death of a Mr. Russell, has induced me to furnish you with the following statement of his family, and a portion of his descendants:

Oliver Cromwell was born April 25th, 1599, married Elizabeth Bourchier, daughter of Sir James Bourchier, at St. Giles' Church, Cripplegate London, August 22d, 1620; he died September 3d, 1658. Mrs. Cromwell died at the seat of her son-in-law, James Claypoole, on the 8th October, 1672.

THEIR CHILDREN.

1. Robert, baptised October 13th, 1621; named for his great grandfather, Robert Cromwell; died young.

2. Oliver, baptised February 6th, 1623; killed in the war.

3. Bridget, baptised August 4th, 1624; married Ireton, after his death, Fleetwood; died September, 1681.

4. Richard, born October 4th, 1626; married Richard Mayor's daughter, in 1648; died July 12, 1712.

5. Henry, baptised January 20th, 1628; a Col. in 1649; Lord Deputy of Ireland, 1657; died March 24, 1674.

6. Elizabeth, baptised July 2d, 1629; married Sir James Claypoole, 1646; died August 6th, 1658.

7. James, baptised January 8th, 1632, died next day.

8. Mary, baptised February 8th, 1637; married Lord Fauconberg, November 18th, 1657; died March, 1713.

9. Frances, baptised 6th May, 1638; married Rich, grandson of the Earl of Warwick, after his death, Sir John Russell; died January 27th, 1721.

Joseph Claypoole, a son of Sir Joseph (?) and Elizabeth Claypoole, emigrated to Philadelphia. He had seven children; George, Joseph, Josiah, John, James, Rebecca and Edith. Rebecca married Henry Pratt, Edith married David Chambers, both of Philadelphia. There are a number of his descendants in that city and New Jersey. The Claypooles, of Chillicothe, are of his family, and there are a number of the descendants of his daughter Edith, in Cincinnati, and its vicinity; four of the second generation, sixteen of the third, and forty-nine of the fourth. In Indiana, one of the second, eight of the third, and nine of the fourth. In Missouri, one of the third, and five of the fourth. In Tennessee, two of the third, and ten of the fourth—in all, one hundred and five. I am not able at present, to give you the number of the Claypoole family in Ohio, but without going into further detail, it appears to me that I have furnished sufficient data, to warrant an inference, that the Western branch of the Cromwell genealogical tree, is not in a withered condition.

REMINISCENCE.

You will be Wanted.

Take courage, young man. What if you are but an humble and obscure apprentice—a poor neglected orphan—a scoff and a by-word to the thoughtless and gay, who despise virtue in rags because of its tatters! Have you an intelligent mind, all untutored though it be? Have you a virtuous aim, a pure desire, an honest heart? Depend upon it, one of these days you will be wanted.

The time may be long deferred. You may grow to manhood, and you may eventually reach your prime, ere the call is made, but virtuous aims, pure desires, and honest hearts are too few and sacred not to be appreciated—not to be wanted.

Your virtues shall not always be hidden—your poverty shall not always wrap you about as with a mantle—obscurity shall not always veil you from the multitude. Be chivalric in your combat with circumstances. Be ever active, however small may be your sphere of action. It will surely enlarge with every movement, and your influence will have double incitement.

"In the world's broad field of battle,
In the bivouac of life,
Be not like dumb driven cattle,
Be a hero in the strife."

Work on, for surely you will be wanted, and then comes your reward. Lean upon the sacred verity: "I have never seen the righteous forsaken nor his seed begging bread." Never despair, for the lives of good men abundantly show that often when the clouds are blackest, and the tempest is fiercest, and hope is faintest, a "still small voice" will be heard saying, "come hither—you are wanted," and all your powers will find employment. Therefore take heart, young man, for ere long you will be wanted."

☞ As a proof of the religious toleration enjoyed in Turkey, a firman has been issued at Constantinople, inviting the communities who do not profess Mahomedanism to choose their own members for the Divan (Municipal council). Jews and Christians are the participators in the civil privileges.

☞ An inexhaustible supply of sand, suitable for the manufacture of glass, has been found in the vicinity of Cumberland, Md.

The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

☞ Circulation 1200 Daily. ☜

PITTSBURGH:
SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 24, 1849.

☞ *Connected with the Establishment of the Morning Post is one of the largest Job Printing Offices in the city, where all kinds of work is done on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms.*

☞ After an absence of a few days from the city, we find, upon our return, a variety of matters demanding our attention; but owing to the pre-engagement of our columns, we shall be compelled to pass them over for the present.

☞ As soon as we find leisure, we shall take up the proceedings of the Iron Masters' Convention in this city, and discuss them fully and fairly. It is the general impression, we find, that the Convention was productive of no good, even to the persons who were immediately concerned in getting it up. The time has gone by when a few interested individuals can control the action of Congress, so as to grant exclusive privileges to themselves, which are not extended to other members of the community.

☞ We shall, in Monday's *Post*, give our readers some account of our visit to Wheeling, Steubenville, &c., and of course will have something to say about the Wire Suspension Bridge, at the former place, which has recently caused considerable excitement in this community.

☞ A communication from M. COURTWRIGHT, Esq., Superintendant of the Erie Extension Canal, in relation to that important work, will appear in Monday's *Post*.

☞ Our readers must not expect us to reply to the insane ravings and malignant falsehoods of the federal monopolists in this city, the "pauper labor" *Guerilla*. The catiff is bound to do the dirty work of his masters and employers.

Judge Black.

The Westmoreland Republican of Friday says: This gentleman is at present holding the Courts in this county, in the room of the Hon. JOHN C. KNOX, who is presidingat this time in Judge BLACK's District, trying cases in which Judge B. was concerned while a member of the bar.—He is prompt and energetic in his decisions, and rushes business along with almost Rail Road speed.

The courteous and gentlemanly manners of Judge BLACK, and his great talent and high moral character, has made him many friends in this county. In his own Judicial District he is much esteemed and numbers among his warm admirers, members of all parties.

Fatal Affray at Connellsville.

We learn from the Uniontown Genius, that an affray took place, on Saturday last, between JOSEPH KIMMEL and WILLIAM BALSLEY, of Connellsville, in Fayette county, which caused the death of the latter. The two individuals, it is stated, had been previously inimical to each other, and coming together, Kimmel struck Balsley so violent a blow that he fell to the ground. After Balsley fell, it is also said, Kimmel kicked him on his head, or stamped on the head, with his boot. Balsley died on Monday morning from the injuries received in the affray. On the same day Kimmel was committed to our county jail, to await his trial for the act.

Tennessee Manufactures.

The Nashville *Whig* of last Thursday says: "We notice a variety of very superior cotton and woollen negro clothing at Messrs. Morgan & Gardner's, from the Lebanon Factory. It is of good staple, heavy body, firm and durable texture, and presents a neat and uniform appearance, both as to color and fabric, altogether superior to specimens of the same goods which we usually see from the North. We feel assured that we might safely defy a comparison with similar products from northern and foreign manufactories. We quote as follows:

"Heavy colored jeans, 45c. per yard; do. white and drab do., 40c.; colored linseys or plains, 35c.; white or drab do., 30c.; osnaburgs, 11 a 12c."

Savings Banks in the United Kingdom.

The number of savings banks in the United Kingdom, according to the returns of last year was:

In England and Wales,	481
Scotland,	40
Ireland,	61
The Channel Islands,	2
Total,	584

The total number of accounts open with various depositors was, one million fifty-four thousand six hundred and seventy-three. There was due this large number of persons, (rendered into federal money.)—

In England and Wales,	123,090,205 60
Scotland,	6,233,926 35
Ireland,	6,595,599 70
The Channel Islands,	1,148,043 50
	$136,072,775 15

Many people seem to have the idea that every body in Great Britain and Ireland, are either enormously rich or terribly poor. A bank of deposit has been commenced in Scotland for the receipt of sums as small as one shilling sterling, and it is said that the institution will do a profitable business.

Spread of the Annexation Feeling in Canada.

The Toronto (Ca.) *Independent*, of the 10th instant, has a letter from a correspondent in Missisquoi, which says:—"The feeling for annexation is rapidly gaining ground here. In fact, but few are opposed to it; and the alliance is secretly favored by many, who openly, pretend to be neutral. This county has hitherto been famed for loyalty, but the old sentiment has been completely undermined. The most intelligent of the conservatives and open annexationists, and our liberals have long leaned southward, and are too independent and sagacious to submit to the dictation of the ministry. As soon as Montreal 'leads off' in the formation of an association, we shall 'follow suit.' The bordering counties—Shefford and Rouville—are equally well affected towards the cause. The southern portion of the latter county suffered much for its loyalty during the rebellions; but the very men who stood up for the integrity of the empire then, are now equally resolved to seek its dismemberment. The border counties of Lower Canada are poor compared with those separated from them by an imaginary line. This fact is pregnant with irresistible argument. We are determined to enjoy the same advantages that our neighbors do. In Stanstead and Sherbrooke, the people are clamorous for the southern alliance. In fact, the eastern township constituencies of Lower Canada will all return annexationists at the next election. It is understood that both Messrs. Galt and McConnell are favorably disposed to the great project now; and our member, Mr. Badgley, will soon be called upon to define his position. (He will not refuse to obey instructions; his name is not attached to the Montreal Protest; and it is pretty well understood that he is merely waiting the action of his constituents."

Consistent.

That Guerilla, protective organ of monopolies, the *Pittsburgh Mercury*, has reduced the wages of its compositors twenty-five per cent. So says the *Post*, the true organ of the Allegheny Democracy.

How prettily the Mercury man prates of "protection"—"American industry"—"pauper labor of Europe," and the other catch phrases of monopoly. How wonderfully elaborate are his disquisitions on Political Economy; a science which he understands about as well as a Flathead Indian does palmody. A theory made up of sophistry may well beget a practice that *protects* the employer and *skins* the man who does the work.—*Franklin Spectator.*

News and Miscellaneous Items.

☞ The steam sloop Hecate, was to have left Portsmouth, England, on Saturday, the 3d instant, direct for New York, with Sir Henry Bulwer, on board, as minister plenipotentiary to the United States. The only son of Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton was to sail with his uncle as unpaid *attache*. The Hecate will probably arrive at New York some time this week.

☞ The New York Tribune corrects its table of the new House of Representatives, and makes the result thus: Whigs and whiggish free soilers, 111; democrats, democratic free soilers and abolitionists, 116; doubtful, Messrs. Allen of Mass., Root and Giddings, of Ohio. Vacant, the seat for Middlesex, (late Palfrey's) Mass.

☞ "Doctor," said a gentleman who was notorious for laziness in general, and slovenliness of person in particular, "Doctor, I have tried everything I can think of for the Rheumatism, and without the least avail." The doctor after having surveyed him for a moment, inquired if he had ever tried a clean shirt!

☞ Eight Jews have been returned to the Jamaica House of Assembly—out of forty seven members—while the return of a single Israelite to the British House of Commons, of six hundred and fifty members, has created a stern and pious alarm in Great Britain.

☞ The Baden Government intends to make use of voluntary emigration as a means to get rid of the revolutionary elements in the country. For this purpose it will assist, it is said, out of the public Treasury, those who are not able to defray their own expenses.

☞ The South Carolinian, in taking sides with the ultra-proslavery party, advocates the organization of a separate Southern party, and the nomination of a candidate for the Presidency, in proposed Convention of the South. The Charleston Mercury dissents.

☞ Father Mathew was lately invited to Georgia by Judge Lumpkin, President of the State Temperance Society, who now writes a long letter revoking the invitation! Something about slavery is said to be the cause of the withdrawal of the invitation.

☞ The Kent News learns, from undoubted authority, that Mr. James N. Goldsborough, of Talbot county, raised, the present year, on a lot of twelve and a half acres, thirty-seven and a half bushels of wheat to the acre.

☞ We learn from the Philadelphia Pennsylvanian, that three million seven hundred and thirty thousand dollars of California gold had been received at the U. S. Mint, in that city, up to Saturday last.

☞ By a recent official report, it appears that there are now in use in France 8,680 steam boilers, 670 locomotive engines, and 225 steamers, exclusive of the war steamers.

☞ The shocks of an earthquake, which were felt at Brooklyn, N. Y., and Middlesex, Mass., on the 9th of October, were felt in Jamaica, and at about the same hour.

☞ Ahmed Pacha, in proceeding from Egypt, on a mission to Constantinople, took with him a number of harems, numbering over one hundred ladies.

☞ We perceive that the South Carolina folks are again holding nullification meetings all over the State.

☞ The legislature of the Mexican State of Queretaro recently enacted a law re-establishing the Jesuits there. The Governor has vetoed it.

☞ The ground of the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad was broken at Norfolk, Va., on the 13th inst.

☞ Mr. Brooke, the celebrated tragedian of London, and who is said to be equal to the elder Kean, is about to visit this country.

☞ Irish emigration to the United States bid fair to be on a more extended scale, this season, than it has ever been.

☞ Slave property in St. Louis is every day becoming more insecure, according to the New Era of that place.

☞ Several sour springs have lately been discovered in Gepcese county, N. Y. The water is black and acid.

☞ Thirty or forty acres of woodland, on Coy's Hill, Wane, Mass., were swept over by fire, on the afternoon of the 3d inst.

☞ The Legislature of Minesota adjourned on the 12th inst.

☞ Destroy not your health by drinking the health of others.

From the Philadelphia Ledger.

The Money Market.

In almost every resolution passed by the Convention of Manufacturers, at Trenton last week, for the purpose of urging upon the attention of Congress, through higher duties, more protection of domestic manufactures, we find an assurance of how much better off the farmers are under a system of high duties than when allowed the freedom of the market of the world. Considering that the Convention was composed exclusively of manufacturers, the farmers, merchants and mechanics not having been honored by even mention in the call, this declaration by the Convention is modest, to say the least. The patronising manner in which the manufacturers propose to quietly insinuate their fingers into the pockets of those employed in agricultural pursuits, patting them the while encouragingly on the back, with the assurance how advantageous it is for their interest, might be taken as a good joke, but for the more serious consequences that may grow from permitting it to pass unrebuked. The farming interests of the Union is awake to this matter of markets, and understand the effects of protection and prohibition upon their own pursuits quite as well as the manufacturers do, and well they may, and will, we have no doubt, take the care to be fully heard in Congress. Some idea of the character and value of the Lake trade, which is only one of the agricultural outlets to the market of the world, may be formed from a paragraph in the Buffalo Commercial of Nov. 6th; which states that, on the evening previous, 15 steamers, 2 propellers, 2 brigs and 21 schooners had arrived in that port, bringing 160,000 barrels of flour, 49,000 bushels of wheat, 800 live hogs, 2500 boxes of cheese, and large quantities of other produce. This is something for one day. It is also noticed that the propeller Illinois, at the same time, was on her way down, with 4,445 barrels of flour and 3,114 bushels of wheat, equal to 580 tons of merchandise; and the steamer Empire State was on her way down, with 7000 barrels of flour, said to be the largest cargo ever brought by one vessel. So large an interest as is indicated by these movements, it is not probable will be trusted to the guardian protectionship of the manufacturers of New Jersey.

☞ NOTICE EVERY ONE WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—The American Oil, having performed by its use so many remarkable cures, and being a powerful Remedial Agent for various diseases, has induced some persons to counterfeit this valuable medicine. The original and genuine American Oil is obtained from a well in Burkeville, Kentucky from the sole and only proprietors, D. Hale & Co., who appointed Mr. Wm. Jackson, of 89 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, their sole and only agent for supplying sub-agents in western Pennsylvania, western Virginia, and part of Ohio. The true and genuine American Oil is a dark green color. There are various counterfeits abroad—some Seneca Oil, some a mixture closely resembling the genuine, purchased by some from the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Dispensary Company; some black, some white, said to be made from the Original American Oil. D. Hale & Co., the only and sole proprietors of the true and original American Oil, DO NOT nor NEVER DID supply any persons who make the article called Extract of American Oil, said to be refined, clarified and concentrated. BEWARE of the worthless counterfeits, and OBSERVE that Wm. Jackson, 89 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, head of Wood street is the ONLY and SOLE agent for the above mentioned District, and that none is genuine but what has the name and address printed on the label, and in the pamphlet in which each bottle is enveloped, and likewise notice that the proprietors' address is printed in each pamphlet thus: "D. Hall & Co., Kentucky." Another way of detecting the counterfeits is the difference in the price. The genuine is sold invariably at 50 cts. per bottle and no less, while some of the counterfeits are sold at various prices under.

☞ The Pure and only Genuine American Oil is sold wholesale and retail by Wm. Jackson, at the only agency in Pittsburgh, No. 89 Liberty street, head of Wood st.

LOCAL MATTERS.

☞ **Pittsburgh Typographical Association.**—An adjourned Meeting of the "Pittsburgh Typographical Association" will be held on this (Saturday) evening, at 7 o'clock, at *Duquesne Hall*, Smithfield street. Punctual attendance is requested. By order.

—WM. C. MCARTHY, Pres't.
ALEX. W. ROOK, Sec'y.—(nov24)

IRON MASTERS' CONVENTION!

FRIDAY, November 23.

Convention met at 9½ o'clock.

On motion, the reading of the Journal was suspended.

Mr. Paxton moved that Hon. Thomas Corwin be invited to take a seat in the Convention.

Carried.

A committee of three was appointed to invite Hon. Thomas Corwin, as follows: Messrs. Paxton, Dempsey and Agnew.

There was a great deal of discussion upon the general subjects involved; but particularly about the rates of duties which should be asked of Congress. Judge Dempsey complained that the Pittsburgh iron men had not taken a very active part in the Convention, and suggested that this should be considered a Blast Furnace Convention. This called up Gen. Larimer, and others of this city, who declared that the Pittsburghers were as much interested as the Furnace Men could be.

After two or three hours of debate, Mr. Post arose and moved that all business be suspended that he might read a resolution.

Before it was read, Judge Dempsey said that the Pittsburghers had not taken an interest in this Convention.

Judge Robinson arose and raked Mr. Dempsey with some hard words.

Mr. Post did the same thing.

Resolved, That this Convention be considered a convention of all persons interested directly or indirectly in the manufacture of iron in all its branches.

This was adopted by a large majority—but there were five or six dissenting voices.

Then there was some discussion about what the business before the convention was—none seemed to understand.

The rules were suspended for the purpose of allowing Mr. Post to offer the following:

Resolved That this convention is not in favor of fixing the rates of duties, but will leave that to the Committee, &c.

After a protracted discussion, the consideration of this resolution was postponed.

[Then followed "confusion worse confounded."

At this stage we concluded to wait until something should be done.]

The following resolution was adopted unanimously.

Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention, at the present state of the Foreign market, that it will require a duty of ten dollars per ton on Pig iron, and twenty dollars on common Bar iron, and a corresponding increase on all other iron and manufactures of iron in proportion to cost of make, to protect the American market.

The following resolution was read and adopted.

Resolved, That Col. McCandless be requested to address this convention.

After the unanimous passage of this resolution, offered by Col. Long, of Clarion,—Col. McCandless said:

Mr. President:—I appreciate highly the compliment tendered by your resolution. I come into your convention to speak to some personal friends among your number, and did not anticipate this mark of consideration from so respectable a body of my fellow citizens; but, gentlemen, as my views upon the subject of the tariff, do not accord with those of this convention, I must most respectfully decline the cordial invitation to address you.

A communication was read from M. L. Ward, transmitting to the Convention some specimens of iron manufactured by some newly discovered process. The letter was ordered to be published.

Geo. Larimer moved that Mr. Clapp be added to the Committee of Correspondence. Carried.

On motion, the roll was called.

On motion, all petitions were referred to the Committee of Correspondence.

Mr. Tassey offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the delegates to this Convention, on their return home, be requested to call public meetings, circulate memorials to Congress, and to collect statistical information, and forward all to the Corresponding Committee.

Mr. Hodge offered a Resolution which required the Secretaries to inform the members of the Committee of Correspondence of their appointment.

Gen. Larimer offered a Resolution requiring the appointment of a Committee to superintend the publication of the proceedings. The following are the names of the Committee: Messrs. Larimer, Wallace and Sterling.

A Resolution requesting that all the papers in the United States, be requested to publish the proceedings, was adopted.

Also, a Resolution of thanks to the Commissioners for the use of the room.

Adjourned sine die.

QUARTER SESSIONS, OYER AND TERMINER, &c — Present: Judges Patton, Jones and Kerr.—*Nov. 23.*

Com. vs. Samuel Craig. Indictment, "Assault and Battery." Verdict, "Guilty."

Com. vs. M. Dillon. Indictment, "Larceny." Verdict, "Not Guilty."

Com. vs. Ogden & Gibson. Indictment, "Tippling House." Plea, "Guilty," and submit. Sentence, $50 and costs.

Com. vs. James Graham. Indictment, "Larceny." Plea, "Guilty." This defendant is the boy whom we noticed yesterday. It appears that he was arrested immediately after his discharge on Thursday, by officer Barr, on two informations, one for burglary on Penn street. He was kept in the Tombs, and sent to Court yesterday morning, where he plead guilty to all the charges, and will probably be sent to the House of Refuge.

Com. vs. James Williams. Indictment, "Tippling House." If the verdict was not "Guilty," it should have been.

TESTIMONY THAT DID NOT GO TO THE JURY.—On Thursday morning, Mr. Irwin, one of Bosler's counsel, was informed that since the last trial, the Rev. Dunlop, of Temperanceville, mailed a letter to his sister in law, residing in Smithfield, Fayette county, which contained money, *which has not been received.* An officer was at once sent for the witness. He was absent; but his wife, and the sister in law to whom the letter was addressed, happening to be present, kindly consented to come over. It appeared from the statement of Mrs. Dunlop that the letter had been written, but she did not see it mailed. Her sister said that she had never received it.

We will mention that the bag which this letter should have gone in was to be opened at Uniontown and at no other intermediate office. We do not say that this letter was lost in the Uniontown Post Office; but, as Bosler was in jail, we are sure he did not take it. We regret that the testimony did not go to the jury for what it was worth.

DESPERATE AFFRAY.—Last evening two men entered the American House, Smithfield street, and one of them named James McDonald was seen taking oysters from the refrigerator. The bar keeper, Thos. Finegan, (a boy about 15 years of age) ran up to arrest him and called for assistance. McDonald and his companion made an assault upon him, when he drew a knife and stabbed McD. in two places—in the back and under the arm. The wounds were severe, but Drs. Dilworth and Wilson thought them not fatal. Finnegan was arrested and examined before Mayor Herron. He was held to bail in the sum of $500.

We saw McDonald at the Mayor's office while the physicians were dressing his wounds. He is reported by the police officers to be a petty thief. He is about 21 years of age, and was lately discharged from the House of Refuge.

ACCIDENT TO MR. STANTON.—We learn with extreme regret of an accident which occurred to our fellow citizen, Mr. Stanton, on his way up from Steubenville, last evening, on board a steamer. The hatch, for some reason, had been left open, and in walking on deck, Mr. S. was precipitated to the hold, causing the fracture of one of his legs, and other serious bodily injuries.—*American.*

THE BOSLER CASE went to the jury about five o'clock last evening. Mr. Black made a powerful speech for defence in the morning, and Mr. Hampton made a good one for the prosecution. The charge of Judge Grier was very brief and favorable to the defendant.

EIGHT O'CLOCK, P. M.

BOSLER ACQUITTED!—The Jury has just returned. Verdict, "NOT GUILTY."

We understand that when the Jury went out, they stood *eleven* for acquittal to *one* for conviction. The *one* soon yielded. The jury not only agreed to a verdict of not guilty, but they consider the defendant innocent!

☞ Bosler's wife, and an exceedingly interesting child of five years of age, sat beside him during the last two days of the trial.

"ADAMS & CO'S EXPRESS."—We call the attention of our readers this morning, to an advertisement below from the proprietors of this Line. It will be seen that they are determined to please.

☞ **Notice.**—The Young Men's Bible Society of Pittsburgh will hold its regular Anniversary Meeting in the Liberty street Methodist Church, on Monday evening, November 26th, at 7 o'clock. The Rev. D. J. Howard and Rev. Wm. A. Passavant will deliver addresses appropriate to the occasion, and a full report of the Society's operations be submitted. nov24

☞ **Oysters! Oysters!**—The subscriber will keep up constantly (at the Monongahela Exchange) from this time, FRESH OYSTERS, which he will serve up in the very best style. E. G. CAMPBELL,
sep18:tp Cor. of Smithfield and Fourth sts.

NEW EXPRESS ARRANGEMENT.

1849

Adams & Co.'s Line.

THE citizens of PITTSBURGH and its vicinity are respectfully informed that we have no connection with any other Western Express, and are now prepared to forward PACKAGES, MERCHANDISE, &c., from Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, to Pittsburgh and other Western Cities, with extraordinary expedition and REASONABLE CHARGES.

At Baltimore we have associated with us Dr. W. S. Woodside, who was for fifteen years Superintendent of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company; Howard Kennedy, Esq., for many years confidential agent of the Post Office; and G. W. Cass, Esq., of Brownsville, Pa.—These gentlemen will give personal supervision to the Line from Baltimore to Pittsburgh.

From Philadelphia we shall run THREE Daily Express Lines, arriving at Pittsburgh respectively in Two Three and Four Days. One Two Day Line will run at least speed, and is principally intended for small and Valuable Packages. We shall invariably receipt for TIME AND PRICE.

We have an arrangement with Messrs. Edwards, Gale & Co.'s TRANSATLANTIC EXPRESS, by which we can forward Packages to, or transact commissions in, Great Britain, France, and most of the Continental Cities. Messrs. Edwards, Hale & Co. unite in England with the well known firm of forwarding houses of Messrs. Chaplin & Horn, and in France with the "Messageries Nationales."

We shall spare no expence or exertion to get our goods through with the utmost despatch, and endeavor to furnish the public with a really well conducted Express.—Small parcels and packages will be carried by us at extremely low prices.

Persons wishing to use our Lines are respectfully requested to particularly order their correspondents to ship by "ADAMS & CO.'s EXPRESS."

Philadelphia, Nov. 10. ADAMS & CO.

☞ The Agency of the above EXPRESS Line will be conducted at this City, by J. C. BIDWELL,
nov24:6m Water street.

Emigration Office,

FFNN STREET, (CANAL BASIN,) PITTSBURGH.

The *Philadelphia and Liverpool Line of Packets* sails regularly from Liverpool on the 1st of each month. Passage certificates issued from Pittsburgh.

The BLACK BALL LINE NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL PACKETS sails regularly on their appointed days, 1st and 16th of every month, from each port.

The MERCHANTS' LINE leaves Liverpool weekly. For passage, (either way,) apply to

nov24 JAMES BLAKELY.

Executors' Sale.

THE undersigned, Executors of the last will and testament of THOMAS MAPLE, will offer at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, in *Dunkard Township, Greene Co., Pa.*, on the *Fourth day of February next*, (being the first Monday) the well known and valuable MILL PROPERTY, with about EIGHT ACRES of first rate Land attached, belonging to the estate of said Thomas Maple, deceased.

The Mill Property consists of a *Large Four Story FLOURING MILL*, with four run of Stones—the Building being nearly new, in good order, and of the most approved mechanical construction.

Saw Mill, Oil Mill, Fulling Mill, Carding Machine, and Spinning Jenny.

All of which are comparatively new, with all the necessary fixtures and arrangements, and in good order.

The Land is well improved, with an abundance of *Coal*, and *new Orchard of choice grafted fruit.*

There are also erected thereon, a FRAME and a LOG DWELLING HOUSE, *Frame Store-House, Stable*, and other Buildings.

There is also a good *Brick Dwelling House* on the land adjacent to the Mill, which is subject, however, to the encumbrance of two life estates, created with some other privileges by said will—and will not pass to the purchaser until they determine.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third of the purchase money in hand, and the balance in two equal annual payments—with a mortgage on the premises, to secure the payment of sale. Possession will be given when the sale is confirmed by the Court.

S. C. ORR,
STEPHEN MAPLE, } Executors.
THOMAS MAPLE,
[*Waynesburg Messenger.*

nov24:wts

Free Admission—Philo Hall.

SECOND COURSE.

DR. HOLLICK begs to announce, in compliance with a very general request, that he will repeat his SELECT PRIVATE LECTURES ON PHYSIOLOGY, &c., on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, Nov. 26th, 27th, 28th and 29th—illustrated by all the *Models* and *Paintings.*

For Gentlemen only (Boys not admitted,) at 7½. Doors open at 7.

For Ladies only, at 3 P. M. Doors open at 2 P. M.

Single admissions, 25 cents. Tickets for each series, 50 cents.

☞ Each of the Lectures on Monday will be FREE, both afternoon and evening; and Tickets for the Series may be obtained then, or on Tuesday. To prevent confusion, the number will be limited.

F. HOLLICK, M. D.,
nov24 Monongahela House.

Books! Books! Books!

JUST RECEIVED *at the PRESBYTERIAN BOOK ROOMS, No. 79 Wood street, up stairs*, the following addition of valuable Books—for sale at low prices:

Townsend's Arrangement of the Bible;
Neander's History of the Christian Religion and Church;
Milton's Treatise on Christian Doctrine;
Gesenius' Hebrew and English Lexicon;
Robinson's Greek Harmony of the Gospel;
Scott's Bible, 6 volumes;
Medhurst's China and its Prospects;
Calvin's Institutes of the Christian Religion;
Charnock on the Divine Attributes;
Thoughts on Public Prayer, by Rev. S. Miller, D. D.;
Thoughts on Religious Experience, by Rev. A. Alexander, D. D.;
Bonar's Memoir of McCheyne;
McCrie's Life of John Knox;
Psalm and Hymn Book, in a variety of bindings;
Bibles and Testaments, do do
and many other valuable works, to which the attention of the reading community is particularly invited. [nov24

THEATRE.

MANAGER.....C. S. PORTER

ADMISSION:

Dress Circle and Parquette.....50 cents.
Second Tier.....25 "

☞ Last night of Miss FANNY WALLACK.

SATURDAY, November 24, will be presented a Drama, in three Acts, called

THE WHISTLER;
OR THE WILD BOY ON THE MOUNTAINS.

To conclude with—

DON CESAR DE BAZAN.

☞ Monday, Benefit of Miss Fanny Wallack.

TIME ALTERED—Doors open ½ before 7; Curtain rises ½ past 7

J. H. LAWMAN'S

SHIRT MANUFACTORY,

AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Emporium

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

NO. 88 FOURTH STREET, APOLLO BUILDING

BETWEEN WOOD AND MARKET STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Always on hand, a large assortment of Shirts, Bosoms, Collars, Cravats, Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders Under Shirts, Drawers, &c. &c. [ma18

STRAYED OR STOLEN from the Boat Yard of Mr. Root, at Sharpsburgh, on Tuesday night, November 20th, one Bay HORSE, with a small sore on his wither, caused by the collar; about 10 or 12 years old. No other marks recollected.

The other, a small Dun MARE, with black mane and tail. She is about 6 years old. Any person finding the above Horse and Mare, or either of them, and returning them to R. L. Wood, Sharpsburgh, or to the subscribers at Freeport, Armstrong Co., Pa., will be liberally rewarded. [nov24:1w] WILLIAM JOHNSON.

Building Lots.

IN BENVILLA, ON NUNNERY HILL.—A few Lots will be sold cheap and on long time, to any one who wishes to build thereon—or they will be exchanged for other property. THOMPSON BELL,
nov24 Mechanics' Bank.

PENN STREET PROPERTY—Two Lots, below St. Clair street, for sale.
nov24:1w THOMPSON BELL, Mec. Bank.

COAL LAND—Wanted to sell, 25 or 50 Acres of Coal Land; and receive the proceeds in coal. The bank is on the Youghiogeny, just above the second Dam, where a railroad of fifty yards will put the coal in boats. Apply to WM. A. BELL, on the premises, or to
nov24:1w THOMPSON BELL, Mechanics' Bank.

POTATOES—300 bushels and 150 barrels Potatoes for sale by CUMMINS & SMITH. [nov7]

News by Telegraph!

Reported for the Morning Post

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

LOUISVILLE, Novemb. 22.

Mr. Whitney addressed a large meeting last night, at the Court House, explanatory of his plan of building a railroad to the Pacific, and was listened to with profound interest and attention; after which the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we highly approve the plan of Mr. Whitney, for the construction of a Railroad from Lake Michigan or the Mississippi river to the Pacific ocean, and earnestly recommend its immediate adoption.

Resolved, That the officers of this meeting be and are hereby requested to sign these resolutions, and transmit a copy of the same to each of our U. S. Senators and members of Congress from this district, who are hereby requested to give to this great measure their prompt co-operation and support.

HENRY CLAY'S VISIT TO NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 23.

Mr. Clay visited the Herald office yesterday, to witness the modus operandi of printing. After introduction to Mr. Bennett, he expressed a wish to see the machinery that effected so much mischief. Upon reaching the press room, he said, "this is the place where you forge your thunderbolts, he mean? this is the region of Pluto?!" After some few comments, he left, pleased and astonished with his visit.

THE BANK DEFALCATION CASE.

ST. LOUIS, November 23.

The examination of witnesses for the prosecution in Child's case, closed to-day. It is understood that the witnesses for the defence are but few. An acquittal is expected. Nothing but circumstantial evidence has as yet been elicited.

There was a fire at Vandalia a few days since, and a stable containing forty horses was burned.

APPOINTMENT, BY THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.

Charles D. Riley has been appointed Co'lector at Natchez, Vice Hutchison resigned.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23, 7 A. M.

Nothing has been heard of the Caledonia. The lines are working to Halifax.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[SOON REPORT.]

NEW YORK, November 23.

Business to-day is in a manner suspended, as dealers are anxiously awaiting the Caledonia's news.

Flour is firm and in active request.

Provisions are dull. Pork is declining.

We have no change to notice in articles usually quoted.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[EVENING REPORT.]

NEW YORK, November 23.

Flour. There is a good home and eastern demand, with some shipping inquiry, without any material change in prices. We note sales of common straight at $4,62½@4,75 and mixed Western at $4,62½@4,75 @5,00 p bbl.

Grain. There is nothing doing in Wheat. Buyers ask a larger concession than holders are willing to yield. Corn: the demand is less, and prices are receding.

Provisions. There is not much movement in the market. Sales to a moderate extent at—Mess Pork 10,43@10,00; Prime 8,43. Lard: Sales of keg at 6¾ bbl 6¼.

Butter and Cheese are dull at present.

Groceries. There is no new feature to notice in Coffee, Sugar or Molasses.

Whiskey. Sales of Ohio at 27c per gallon.

The steamer is now over due, and is momentarily expected to arrive.

CINC