The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:
SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1849.

☞ For Commercial and River News, see next Page.

The Latest News, Market Reports, &c., will be found under Telegraphic Head.

"Weekly Post."

Our weekly, issued this morning, will be found filled with a great variety of interesting Literary, Miscellaneous, Political and Local reading, among which is a Sketch, by Ephra, entitled "The Fern Medal," "Female Fashions for 1849," "The Cholera," "Riot on the Hudson, Rail Road," "Proceedings of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church," "Editorial Variety," "Foreign News," "City Intelligence," &c., &c., making one of the most interesting weekly family newspapers issued in the west.

Copies of the paper can be had at the counter—price five cents.

School Tax Blanks.

We have now printed, at this office, a lot of approved Blanks, for Treasurers and Collectors of School Funds, made out carefully, in pursuance of new Act of Assembly. We will furnish them to Wards, Boroughs or Townships, at very low prices.

Mr. Swartzwelder.

The attempt is made to create an impression, that this gentleman has been at variance with, or did not enjoy, the confidence of the Governor. No greater falsehood than this could have been coined for the occasion.

We are as ready as any one to perceive, that a strong Whig county should be careful to send only such Whig Representatives to the Legislature, as would, by cordial co-operation with the Whig Executive department of the Government give full efficacy to the Whig Administration. Mr. Swartzwelder is such a person, and, moreover, while he does happen to enjoy the confidence and friendship of the Governor, *he is qualified to draw a bill.* The person with whom it is desiged to supersede Mr. Swartzwelder, is wholly incompetent to this detail of the duty of a Representative. What a figure the great county of Allegheny, and the City of Pittsburgh would cut at Harrisburgh, without a Representative capable of *framing a bill.* And yet this is proposed in order that the vaulting ambition of "a mechanic who has improved his mind" shall be gratified.

It is no objection, undoubtedly, to an aspirant to the dignity of our Assembly, that he is a mechanic; but we have yet to learn that the same fact is going to commend him to popular preference. Moreover, Mr. Swartzwelder has acquitted himself well, has represented and sustained the interests of his District effectively, and with honor to himself; and his friends are justified in demanding his renomination.

[Journal.

☞ This is certainly a most extraordinary article to be found in the columns of a whig paper. In the first place, we have a confession that it is an important qualification, in a whig representative, to have the confidence of the Executive of the State. In times past, our opponents made a tremendous outcry against Executive influence and dictation; but now, it seems, a man is deemed unfit for a Representative of that party, who is not admitted into the secret chamber of the Governor! Oh, degenerate whiggery!

In the next place, we have a confession that an effort is being made amongst the wire pullers of the whigs in this city, to lay Mr. Swartzwelder upon the shelf, and nominate a man in his place who is *not* "qualified to draw a bill!" What can this mean? The great whig party of Allegheny county, claiming to possess "*all* the talent and *all* the decency," is about to nominate a ticket composed of men who are *unfit* for Representatives, because they cannot perform the mainpart of a Representatives, duty, "draw a bill." We hear that the Gazette clique, who monopolize all the offices and patronage of the administration at Washington, are determined that Mr. Swartzwelder shall be sacrificed. They are afraid that he will turn locofoco!!

Our State Debt.

The State Treasurer of Pennsylvania has addressed a circular to the respective counties, calling upon them for the payment of their respective quotas of State taxes. As an inducement for making payment in time, to be available for the interest falling due on the 1st of August, an abatement of 5 per cent will be allowed to any county so doing. He says the present mo'ment is a crisis, and if by any means the difficulties of this season can be overcome, the credit of the State can be no longer endangered, or her resources crippled.

"Before the year expires, the Treasury will be in receipt of revenues provided by recent legislation, which are estimated to be more than equal to the late appropriations, and will leave after the present year nearly the entire revenue of the State, less than the expenses of Government, to be applied to the payment of the interest of the funded debt, and the surplus towards the completion of an important public work."

The Waynesburgh Messenger.

The last number of this spirited, consistent and radical Democratic paper, comes to us greatly enlarged and improved. It is now one of the handsomest country papers in the State. Mr. W. T. H. Pauley, the editor of the Messenger, is a spirited and vigorous writer, and is a true and honest Democrat. We hope he may receive at least a thousand new advance paying subscribers, as a reward for his enterprise.

Greene County.

At a meeting of the Democracy of Greene county, held in the Court House on Tuesday evening, May 15th, 1849. THOMAS MAPLE, Sr. was called to the Chair, John Bell and John Dowlin chosen Vice Presidents and *George W. Conner and W. H. Babbit were chosen Secretaries.*

On motion of W. T. H. Pauley, the following gentlemen were appointed a committe to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the meeting.

Dr. Alex. Shaw, George Gordon, John Stockdale, S. Vansta, John Bogard, John Hagan, Booz Boydstone, Otho Minor, John Spragg, E. Chalfan, Enock South, Haynes Jones, Samuel Smith, A. Delancy, Samuel Braden, H. Stephens and Abner Hoge.

The Committee asked leave of absence and retired.

Dr. Spencer Morris responded to the call of the audience in a spirited speech.

John H. Deford, Esq., of Fayette co. also responded to a call from the audience in his usual energetic style.

A number of spirited resolutions were offered by Dr. Alex. Shaw. We select from amongst them the following:

Resolved, That we hartily approve of the mode of nominating candidates by the popular vote system, and that we fix upon the second Saturday in June next as the day for holding the primary elections.

Resolved, That Joseph Garrad be appointed Delegate to represent this County in the State Convention to be held in Pittsburgh on the 4th day of July next.

On motion, Maj. M. McCaslin was chosen as the Senatorial Delegate, subject to the concurrence of Fayette county.

On motion, Dr. Alexander Shaw, W. T. H. Pauly and Anderson G. Cross were appointed conferees to confer with the proper authorities of Fayette county in the choice of a Senatorial delegate to the 4th of July State Convention.

Steam Mill Burnt.—We learn, says the Indiana Register, of the 23d inst., that the steam mill of George Reed, Esq., situated on Elder's Ridge, Indiana county, was burnt on Saturday last. The loss will be very great, as the mill is said to have been well filled with grain. How the fire was communicated to the building we did not learn, further than that it was accidental.

Discovery of a Telescopic Comet, by Miss Mitchell of Nantucket.

The Hon. Edward Everett, of Massachusetts, in a pamphlet recently published, gives a very interesting account of the discovery of a Telescopic comet, by Miss Mitchell, of Nantucket, and of the correspondence in relation to it with the agents of the Danish government, and several distinguished scientific men in different parts of Europe, who were appointed to investigate and award a gold medal to the first discoverer of any comet, which, at the time of its discovery, was invisable to the naked eye, and whose periodic time was unknown. It appears that on the 1st of October, 1847, at half past ten o'clock, P. M., a telescopic comet was discovered by Miss Maria Mitchell, of Nantucket, nearly vertical above *Polaris*, about five degrees; that on the 3d of October, the same comet was seen at half past seven, P. M., at Rome, by Father de Vico; on the seventh of October,, at twenty minutes past nine, it was observed by U. R. Dawe, at Camden, England; and on the eleventh of October, by Madam Rumper, the wife of the director of the observatory at Hamburg. The foundation and conditions upon which the medal was to be awarded, required, among other matters, that the communication should be made by the *first post* after the discovery. The father of Miss Mitchell, not deeming it probable that his daughter had anticipated the observant of this country and Europe in the discovery, took no steps to obtain the award of the medal, until it was brought to the notice of the eminent scientific men, appointed by the King of Denmark to make the award, by the correspondence of Mr. Everett; but it was their united opinion that a compliance with the condition relative to immediate notice of discovery, was indispensable, and that it was consequently out of their power to award the medal to Miss Mitchell. Mr. Everett, not resting contented with their decision, and with the most commendable regard for the claims of his fair countrywoman, opened a correspondence on the subject with several persons in Europe, who were appointed to make the award, and with the Hon. R. P. Flennekin, Charge d'Affaires of the United States at Copenhagen. Mr. Everett, often gives a preliminary account of the contest for the medal, proceeds to remark, that Mr. "Flennakin entered with great zeal and interest into the subject. He lost no time in bringing it before the Danish government, by means of a letter to the Count de Kruth, the minister at that time for foreign affairs; and of another to the King of Denmark himself; and that it was quite fortunate for the success of the application that the office of Charge d'Affaires of the United States at Copenhagen, happened to be filled by a gentleman disposed to give it his prompt and persevering support." A matter of this kind of course lay without the province of his official duties. But no subject officially communicated to him by the instructions of his government could have been more zealously pursued. On the very day on which my communication of the 8th of August reached him, Mr. Flennekin addressed his letters to the Minister of Foreign Affairs and to the King, and he continued to give his attention to the subject till the object was happily effected, and the medal placed in his hands. The letters here referred to are highly interesting, and cannot fail to be read by all with great satisfaction. They are as follows:

[translation.*]

Legation of the United States of America,
City of Copenhagen, September 5th, 1848.

Sir:—I have the honor to communicate to you a letter from a distinguished citizen of my own country, together with a correspondence relating to a subject in which Denmark and the United States appear somewhat equally interested, the former in furnishing a laudable motive, and the latter as happily achieving the object. I commend these papers to your careful examination, being well aware of the interest you take in all such subjects, and of the eminent reputation you so justly enjoy as a gentleman of science and of literature. They are accompanied by a letter from myself addressed to his Majesty the king of Denmark.

This subject will not be the less interesting to you, Sir, as it would appear to be a returning voice addressed to ancient Scandinavia, speaking of the wonderful achievements of modern science, from the "Vinland" of the hardy and enterprising "Northern" of the tenth and eleventh centuries.

I beg, therefore, that you will obligingly lay them all before his Majesty, and should they happily impress you that my countrywoman, Miss Mitchell, is fairly entitled to the generous offering of King Frederick VI., be pleased, sir, to accompany the application of her friends in her behalf by your own very valuable and potent recommendation.

I avail myself of this occasion to renew to your Excellency the assurance of my most distinguished consideration.

[Signed,] R. P. Fleniken.

To His Excellency, The Count de Knuth, Minister of State, and Chief of the Department of Foreign Affairs.

* This and the other translations of the French letters are printed as received in this country.

[translation.]

Legation of the United States of America,
City of Copenhagen, September 4th, 1848.

Sir:—The undersigned has the honor, thro' your Majesty's Minister of State and Chief of the Department of Foreign Affairs, to communicate to you a letter from a very distinguished citizen of the United States, together with copies of a correspondence relating to a subject in which your Majesty, alike distinguished for generous liberality in social and political affairs as a sovereign, as well as an ardent admirer of science and of literature, will doubtless feel a lively interest.

The undersigned is happy to be the medium through which those papers reach the eye of your Majesty, feeling sensible that their perusal will furnish occasion to your Majesty to recur with much national pleasure to the act of one of your illustrious predecessors as a distinguished patron of science; and the occurrence to the eminent position that Denmark has obtained in the arts and the sciences may perhaps not be the less pleasurable from the fact, that the trophy of science to which the papers allude was achieved on the very coast where, as far back as the tenth century the intrepidity and enterprise of your Majesty's Scandinavian ancestors first discovered and planted a colony upon the great western continent.

The undersigned therefore hopes, that, after a careful examination of the accompanying papers, from which it would seem to be admitted that Miss Mitchell, of the United States, is entitled to the honor of first discovering the telescopic comet bearing her name, your Majesty will not be able to perceive in that commendable delicacy which forbade her hastily seeking public notoriety a sufficient motive for withholding from her the reward of her eminent discovery; but, on the contrary, will direct the medal to be awarded to her, not only as a suitable encouragement to her distinguished scientific attainments, but also as evincing your Majesty's appreciation of that beautiful virtue which withheld her from rushing into public and scientific renown, merely to comply with a purely technical condition.

The undersigned, American Charge d'Affaires, gladly improves this very pleasant occasion to tender to your Majesty the expression of his high and most distinguished consideration.

[Signed,] R. P. Fleniken.

To His Majesty, Frederick VII, King of Denmark, Duke of Schleswig and Holstein.

[translation.]

Copenhagen, 6th October, 1848.

Sir:—I have had the honor to receive your communication of the 6th ultimo, in which you express the desire that the medal instituted by his late Majesty Frederick VI., as a reward for the discovery of telescopic comets, should be granted to Miss Maria Mitchell, of Nantucket, in the United States of America.

On examination of the justificatory pieces which you have been good enough to forward me, relating to her claim, I cannot do otherwise than participate in your opinion, Sir, that it would appear to admit of no doubt that the discovery of the comet in question was really due to Miss Mitchell's learned researches; and that her not having as yet received a mark of distinction to which she seems to have such a just claim was entirely owing to her not having observed the prescribed forms.

The learned astronomer, Professor Schumacher, having likewise recommended Miss Mitchell to be favor which she now solicits, I hastened to refer this question to the King, my august master, at the same time laying before his Majesty the letter which you have addressed to him on this subject; and I have much pleasure in being now enabled to inform you, Sir, that his Majesty has not hesitated to grant your request, by awarding to Miss Mitchell the medal which she desires.

As soon as this medal is struck, I will have it forwarded to you, and meanwhile have much pleasure in availing myself of this occasion to renew to you, Sir, the assurances of my most distinguished consideration.

[Signed,] F. W. Knuth.

To Mr. Fleniken, Charge d'Affaires of the United States of America.

Translation.

Legation of the United States,
Copenhagen, October 7th, 1848.

Sir—The undersigned has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your Excellency's communication of yesterday's date, conveying to him the gratifying intelligence that his Majesty, from an examination of the evidence which you obligingly laid before him, tending to establish the fact of Miss Mitchell's having discovered the telescopic comet of October last, has been pleased to consider it quite satisfactory, and has ordered a medal to be struck for her, as a mark of distinction to which his Majesty deems her entitled, notwithstanding her omision to comply with the prescribed conditions of Frederic VI, who instituted the donation.

The undersigned therefore begs leave to express to you, Sir, and through you to his Majesty, the assurance that this eminent act of liberality cannot fail to be duly and highly appreciated by the scientific institutions of his own country, by Miss Mitchell herself, who is the object of this generous distinction, and by her numerous scientific friends, as well as all who feel an interest in successful astronomical achievments.

The undersigned cannot close this communication without expressing to you and to your king his own unaffected appreciation of this noble and distinguished act of justice, so promptly and so generously bestowed upon his unobtrusive country-woman by the King of Denmark, and avails himself of the occasion to renew to your Excellency the assurance of his most distinguished consideration.

(Signed,) R. P. Fleniken.

To His Excellency, The Count de Knuth, Minister of State, &c., &c., &c.

Choking 'em off!

We learn from the Pennsylvanian, that the new collector of that port, William D. Lewis, has the following significant notice posted on the Custom House, on Monday morning last:

"*No further applications for office received here.*"

That must have been a great comfort, (remarks the Pennsylvanian,) to two thousand fire hundred and thirty-one applicants who were disappointed on Saturday, including large men with small voices, large voices belonging to small men, Taylor originals, Clay originals, dissatisfied Democrats, and uncompromising Whigs; all in one bundle rolled out of the marble palace, as damaged goods! Very smooth, Mr. Lewis.

☞ We understand, (says the Harrisburgh Keystone,) that Gen. James, of Rhode Island, an experienced cotton manufacturer, who it is reported has a large interest in some of the Lancaster cotton mills, at a public meeting held at the court house, a few days since, to adopt measures for the erection of a factory in this place, said it made no difference what might be done with the tariff, that with the modern improvements in machinery, the new school machinery as it is called, the description of goods proposed to be made could be manufactured low enough to enter the markets of the world, in successful competition with the manufactures of any other country.

Death of Madame Rothschild.—Madame Rothschild, widow of the founder of the banking house, died at Frankfort-on-the-Maine, on the 7th inst, aged 99. She had lived many years alone in Jew street, an old unfrequented quarter, where her husband first established himself, and which she always refused to leave; though her eldest son, the present head of the house, has been long living childless and also alone, in one of the most splendid houses of the Geil, the principal street of Frankfort.

Death from Lightning.—On the 11th inst, as a Mr. Barron and Mr. Joab B. Powell of Canton, Miss. were riding near that place, they were both struck by lightning. Mr. B. and his horse were instantly killed, and Mr. Powell's horse was badly injured that he died the same night. The last accounts from Mr. P. represented him as being in a very critical condition.

Forty Tons of Specie.—The Mobile Tribune, on the authority of a letter from Panama, April 25th, announcing the arrival of the British mail steamer there the day previous from Callao, says that she has on board forty tons of specie. About two hundred mules have been loaded with her freight to be taken to Chagres.

Horrid Depravity.—The St. Louis Reveille says a corpse was taken from one of the ruins in that city, on Main street, whose pockets were filled with knives and other articles. It is supposed that he was pilfering from the store at the time the walls crumbled upon him, and burried him in his guilt.

Father Mathew.—It is announced that this distinguished apostle of temperance was positively to sail for New York from Liverpool on the 31st inst., in the packet ship Ashburton. At a farewell temperance meeting held in Cork, he said:

"I go to afford myself the pleasure and consolation of beholding my exiled countrymen, not, as here, lingering, through a life of protracted starvation and constant misery, but in the midst of prosperity, enjoying the remuneration of their industry, and all the comforts that plenty and domestic happiness confer. I am anxious to visit the land where I behold no Irishman or Irishwoman deprived of the necessaries of life, but where I will see all enjoying peace and prosperity under the wings of the American Eagle."

A Mean Man.—We have heard of mean men, in our day, but a correspondent of the St. Louis Reveille mentions one, to whom must be yielded the palm:

"Talk about mean men! Why, there's that Bill Thompson, he's the meanest man I ever heard on. Bill was a constable there. Why don't you think, he had an execution against me, for a little matter of groceries, and he came out and levelled on my old tenant's tracks, and he wanted me to drive 'em up and catch 'em for him, I told him to catch 'em himself; and he chased 'em round and round the house, and every time he'd catch a duck, he'd ent down and wring its head off, and *charge mileage!!!*"

☞ One of the most beautiful gems in oriental literature is contained in a passage from a Persian poet, Sidi, quoted by Sir W. Jones, the sentiment of which is embodied in the following lines:

The sandal tree perfumes when riven
The axe that laid it low;
Let man who hopes to be forgiven,
Forgive and bless his foe.

Merchant's Exchange.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Trade, held on the 31st ult., the following preamble and resolution were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The Board of Trade has now obtained suitable Rooms for carrying out one of the original objects of the institution, viz: a Merchant's Exchange; therefore

Resolved, That the following named gentlemen be a Committee, to make arrangements for the immediate establishment of an Exchange in the Board of Trade Rooms, similar to those existing in other Commercial Cities; and to give public notice of the day and hour which the Exchange shall be opened, and to invite the business men of the city to be present.

Committee:—Thomas Bakewell, Wm. J. Totten, Jno. McFaden, S. F. Vonbonherat, George Weyman, Fred. Lorenz, W. R. Murphy, Thos. S. Clark, Joseph Pennock, J. Carothers, and Wm. Barker.

☞ The Committee are requested to meet in the B. T. Rooms, on Monday evening, at 8 o'clock.

JOHN HARPER,
Secretary B. T.

Trade with Japan.

Some of our cotemporaries are canvassing the possibility of opening a trade with Japan. Every effort, hitherto, on the part of American vessels, to engage in intercourse with that country, under our flag, has failed; and so also have the attempts of the English and French. The Dutch and Chinese are the *only* foreigners whom the Japanese admit in their ports. The Dutch, who have a factory at Nangosoki, are allowed to send one vessel in a year from Batavia to that port. During the war between Great Britain and Holland, about 1800—according to the Boston Courier—the English cruisers prevented all intercourse between Batavia and Japan by Dutch vessels. The Dutch accordingly, were compelled to hire American vessels for this purpose. Captain Stewart, who commanded one of these in 1803, made an attempt to trade under the American flag on his own account. He sailed to Nangosoki, with a cargo avowedly American property, and solicited permission to trade and supply himself with water and provisions. The trade was promptly refused, but the supplies were granted. Another attempt was made in 1837, by some American merchants from Macao. The vessel which they despatched had on board some shipwrecked Japanese sailors, and it was thought that the restoration of these men to their homes would furnish the means for opening an intercourse with the country. But this attempt likewise utterly failed. Whenever the vessel showed herself she was fired upon and driven to sea.

We are acquainted with an intelligent and persevering American, who no later than last year, make several attempts to trade with Japan. Being in command of a fine whaler, a vessel of 700 tons, formerly a New York liner, he entered the sea of Japan in search of fish. He frequently was within a couple of miles of the shore. On one occasion he ran close in towards one of the secondary ports of Japan, which he described as crowded with junks, and presenting a forest of masts almost as thick as that exhibited by New York.—The harbor was formed by an artificial mole, almost a mile in length. While passing through the straits of Matsmai, he boarded several Japanese junks, in every case making an ineffectual effort to trade. Among others he boarded a large packet, apparently of 600 tons burden. He was not allowed, however, to enter this vessel, which was crowded with passengers, but was met at the gangway by the capthin armed, and forced to return, after vainly expostulating, and endeavoring to tempt the Japanese officer by offers of presents, all of which were declined. There were many women on board this junk, who, at the approach of the Americans, were hurried down the fore hatch.

New Composition for Sign Letters.—Mr. John A. Parks, of this city, has discovered a new composition for making ornamental letters for signs and for making mouldings and other works of an ornamental character. The composition can be struck out with dies in a press while in a soft state, and afterwards it becomes quite hard, but possesses great tenacity, and is not easily broken. For sign letters it is a thousand times better than wood, and can be manufactured at one half the cost. It is capable of taking a very fine polish, and for durability, it may be said to be imperishable.—*Scientific American.*

The Strike at Easton, (Pa.)—A letter to the Philadelphia Ledger, May 27, says:

"The boatmen still exercise full power on the Lehigh, and refuse to let boats, loaded with coal, pass, except those that go on the Morris canal, and exact tribute money from them for the privilege.

"Last night a fight took place among themselves, and one man named Schuler was killed, and another by the name of Ambruster was badly wounded. If the authorities don't open the navigation, the leaders will keep the boats here until July or August."

☞ A Charity Sermon will be delivered at St. Paul's Church, on Sunday, the 3d of June, at half past 10 o'clock, A. M., for the benefit of the Orphan's Asylum.

☞ Pittsburgh Protective Union.—A Meeting of this Union will be held on Monday evening, June 4th, at the corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets, where all who are interested in the movement are earnestly invited to attend. By order of the Secretary.

je2 Milo A. Townsend.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager ..... C. S. Porter.
Acting and Stage Manager ..... W. H. Crisp.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Dress Circle and Parquette ..... 50 cents.
Family Circle or Second Tier ..... 25 "

☞ BENEFIT OF THE GOOD WILL FIRE CO.—*Splendid Bill!* Mr. W. H. Crisp will appear.

SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 2,

LAUGH WHEN YOU CAN.—George Gossamer, Mr. Crisp; Bowers, Mr. Archer; Mrs. Mortimer, Miss Porter; Miss Glowly, Mrs. Madison.

After which, Master Demoiy will sing the Comic Polka, and a young gentleman dance a Negro Medley; both having volunteered on the occasion.

To conclude with the HUT OF THE RED MOUNTAIN. Warner, Mr. Roys; Durance, Mr. Prior; Amelia, Miss Porter.

☞ Monday, Mr. Crisp's Benefit.

☞ Doors open at half past 7; Curtain will rise at 8.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
GREATEST BARGAINS OF THE SEASON, AT
☞ No. 65 Market Street. ☜

THE subscriber is now receiving, from the *New York and Philadelphia markets,* his second supply of SUMMER DRY GOODS, purchased from the *Importers* at great sacrifice, and is determined to sell them at the greatest *Bargains ever offered* before in this City.

A few of the Goods w l be enumerated below, viz:—

4-4 English Lawns, only 10 cents; former price	18¾ cts.	
French Organdy Lawns, 12½ cents;	"	25 cts.
4-4 Scotch Dawns, only 18¾ cents;	"	25 cts.
French Jaconett Lawns, 18¾ cents;	"	37½ cts.
French Cobalines, only 37½ cents;	"	62½ cts.
Mous De Laines, only 12½ cents;	"	18¾ cts.
French Ginghams, only 12½ cents;	"	25 cts.

Prints, Merrimack patterns, 6¼ cents; fast colors.
New style English Prints, 12½ cts.; former price 18¾ cts.

I have also received a fine assortment of Green Figured Mous De Lain, Plain Green Berage, Satin Plaid Green Berage, new style Fancy Figured Berage; together with a large stock of Foreign and Domestic Goods, of all descriptions.

An early call is requested from all who wish to secure a Bargain. ABSALOM MORRIS,
Wholesale and retail Dealer in Dry Goods,
No. 65 Market street.
je2

Ice Cream and Strawberries.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public in general that he is now prepared to serve up Ice Cream, Strawberries, &c., in the most delicious style. J. D. MORGAN,
Eagle Saloon, Wood street.
je2 3d

FOR SALE—A valuable property of an entire Island pleasantly situated 40 miles below Pittsburgh, and the first above Liverpool, Ohio. The soil is of the best quality, and is well suited for a gardner on a large scale. Fifty Acres can readily be appropriated for such purposes. There is a good Dwelling and other Houses, with a fine Orchard of choice fruits—a Cider Mill and Press in complete order. Persons desiring such property as the above, will find it well worthy their attention.

S. CUTHBERT, Gen. Agent,
Smithfield street.
je2

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Allegheny:

The petition of John Lutz, of the Third Ward, City of Pittsburg, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth, That your petitioner hath provided himself wi h materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house, in the Ward aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray. JOHN LUTZ.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the Ward aforesaid, do certify, that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

Valentine Villinger, J. G. Backofen, Martin Kahler, Alex. Lowrie, Francis Dougherty, Jost Scipie, James Montooth, Nicholas Hye, John Houck, Jacob Miller, H. Kaine, T. Goldstein. je2 3t

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Allegheny:

The petition of Reed & Mackerel, of the Third Ward, Pittsburgh, in the County aforesaid, humbly sheweth, That your petitioners have provided themselves with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at their dwelling house, in the Ward aforesaid, and pray that your Honors will be pleased to grant them a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioners, as in duty bound, will pray. REED & MACKEREL.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the Ward aforesaid, do certify, that the above petitioners are of good repute for honesty and temperance, and are well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

J. E. Kelly, R. Paul, J. Shields, J. Mackerel, Thomas Mackerel, J. Cupples, R. Hill, J. M'Carney, A. Lowry, J. Montooth, F. Laverty, J. Wallace. je2 3td&w*

TO the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the county of Allegheny:

The petition of Felix Laverty, of the Third Ward, Pittsburg, in the County aforesaid, humbly sheweth, That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the Ward aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner as in duty bound, will pray. FELIX LAVERTY.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the aforesaid Fifth Ward, do certify, that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of travelers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

S. Baird, Thos. O'Neill, J. Montooth, Wm. Gillmore, J. Wallace, H. W. Bomont, J. M'Masters, Jr., J. Quinn, H. Lamberi, J. Cupples, R. Paul, J. Davis. je2 3td*

LOCAL MATTERS.

Explanation.—In reply to the communication from Mr. Laing, which appeared in our paper yesterday morning, we would merely state that we received our information from mayor Herron, who also informed us that meetings had been held by citizens of the upper wards, and indignation expressed against the establishment of a hospital in that neighborhood. The Sanitary committee thought these "sufficient grounds for apprehensions," and requested the mayor to detail a portion of his night police to guard the building, which request the mayor complied with, and two of the night police have been stationed at the building every night since. The captain of the night watch also informs us that an attempt has already been made to fire the building.

Mr. L. in his card also states that "the Seventh ward has no incendiaries. They have heretofore always been found down town." The truth of this we are not prepared to question, but we do not think that the person or persons who fired the Cholera Ward of the Mercy Hospital, belonged "down town."

In alluding to the matter we merely made a statement of facts, and never for a moment dreamt of "casting odium" either on the Seventh or any other of the new wards, and do not wish to be considered as doing so. Local.

Concert.—It affords us unqualified pleasure to announce the arrival in our city of Mrs. Fogg, the "little Mary Shaw" of former years, whose delightful warbling was the theme of universal praise. The rapturous applause with which she and her sister Rosina were received, is still remembered by many of our citizens.

For some few years back, Mrs. Fogg has been alienated from the profession which she so much adorned, but the death of her husband and reverses of fortune have compelled her with reluctance to return, and her appearance has been hailed with delight and enthusiasm, in all the cities of the south and west. The press in all quarters have not only been loud in praise of her vocal qualifications, as superior to Mads. Bishop, Ablamowicz or Biscaccianti, but that her beauty is of a stamp almost angelic.

She designs giving her first concert in this city, at Appollo Hall, on Monday night. Mr. Rohbock will preside at the piano. Tickets can be procured at the book and music stores, and we would advise those who wish to obtain seats, to go early.

Police.—There were four customers in the tombs yesterday.

No. 1 was a young man of rather unprepossessing appearance, who was charged with having seized a man by the back of the neck with a cotton hook, on Wood street, early in the evening, and flourishing a bowie of formidable dimensions, swore he would either have to fight or treat. The watchman happening to pass at the time, treated the fellow to a nights lodgings in the tombs, and yesterday morning his Honor requested him to fork over two dollars and costs, or he would "treat" him to a trip to the Hill. He paid his fine and left.

No. 2 was a very pretty German woman, slightly deranged, who had been picked up on the streets, intoxicated, at a late hour of the night. She was sent up.

No. 3 was a black boy, who was charged with disorderly conduct. Fined $1 and costs.

No. 4, a green son of Erin, fresh from the sod, who had been indulging in "poteen" until overcome by its gentle influence, and not being able to find the way to his lodgings, found his way into an omnibus, and then resigned himself to sweet oblivious sleep, and was moving it off to the double tenty when disturbed from his slumbers by the officious guardians of the night, and toted off to the tombs. Sent up 24 hours.

Destructive Fire.—The extensive Soap and Candle manufactory of B. C. Sawyer & Son, situated in the Eighth ward, was entirely consumed by fire between twelve and one o'clock, on Thursday night. A large quantity of tallow, lard, rosein, soda, ash, and about fourteen thousand pounds of Soap, were stored in the factory, all of which were entirely destroyed. The loss is estimated at about two thousand five hundred dollars, independent of the insurance. The loss will be felt more severe just at this particular season of the year; but we have been informed that the Messrs. Sawyers have already made arrangements to be in speedy operation, and will therefore be prepared to fill all orders with their usual despatch.

Bathing Establishment.—We yesterday paid a visit to the extensive bathing establishment which has just been fitted up by Messrs. Crossan & Son, in a portion of the Monongahela House, and found a superabundance of every thing required in an establishment of this kind comfortable and desirable. The Saloon is fitted up in a neat and tasteful manner, the bath rooms large and commodious, and obliging and attentive servants to wait on visiters.

Theatre.—The benefit for the Good Will Fire Company comes off this evening. The bill offered, is very attractive. The proceeds of the benefit is to be applied for the purpose of buying them a new apparatus. We hear much talk of the rowdyism of the Good Willers, but think they are "more sinned against than sinning." We hope they may have a good house.

Disorderly.—Complaint was entered before the Mayor yesterday against a German and his wife, residing in Strawberry alley, for disorderly conduct. It was proven by at least a dozen witnesses, that they were continually annoying and quarreling with their neighbors. His Honor ticketed them both to the Hill for five days.

Sibbett's Review & Counterfeit Detector for June, is for sale at the Book Store of Work and Holmes, Third street, opposite the Post Office. Also several new books just issued from the press—a new one by Mrs. Gore, one by Emerson Bennett, one by Herbert, and several others, none of which we have had time to examine—though doubtless well worth reading.

Larceny.—Officers Barr and Reed yesterday arrested a German, named P. Lendberg, charged with having stolen a number of chiselsand hatchets from the manufactory of Mr. Berger, in the Fifth ward. A number of the stolen articles were found in the possession of Lendberg, and he was fully committed for trial.

Battle Royal.—The Coal Lane and Webster st boys had a battle royal on Thursday night. We did not hear which had come off victorious, but presume both sides won sore heads. The police intend taking part in the next fight; we don't know on whose side they will array themselves.

Whig Primary Meetings.—The whig primary meetings for the election of Delegates to the County Convention, will be held this evening. The usual amount of sport may be anticipated.

Picking Pockets. A stranger had his pocket picked of sixty three dollars on Penn street, yesterday. The thief cut off the man's pocket as he was walking along the street.

☞ Weather.—Yesterday was a real melt-a-fellow-down-to-his-boots-day. The kind of a day you read about, but don't see often. Cool rooms and ice water were in demand.

Boot and Shoe Warehouse.

HIGH M. ROBB having removed to the spacious building formerly occupied by Wallace, Lyon & Co., No. 116 Wood street, near Fifth, would respectfully invite the attention of the public generally to the large and fine assortment of GOODS he is now offering *Cheap for Cash.*

All persons wishing a durable and cheap article in the SHOE line, are invited to call and examine his stock.

Also, a lot of fine Leghorn and Palm Leaf HATS, and a good assortment of TRUNKS, always on hand.

N. B.—He also continues to manufacture, as formerly.

ap13 3md&w

LEMONS—A few boxes Lemons in store and for sale by [may8] S. & W HARBAUGH.

News by Telegraph!

Reported for the Morning Post.

Philadelphia, June 1, 1849.

The Halifax express arrived last night. The telegraphic wires beyond Boston gave out shortly after the announcement. Will send the news as soon as received.

FOREIGN NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE NIAGARA.

BY OVERLAND EXPRESS FROM HALIFAX.

Seven Days Later News.

St. Johns, June 1:

The Niagara arrived at Halifax at 3, A. M., yesterday, and will be due at New York on Saturday evening.

She brings out 20,000*l* in specie, and 63 passengers.

The Express made the run to Digby's Gut, one hundred and forty six miles, in 8 hours and 15 minutes.

COMMERCIAL—FINANCIAL.

COTTON—The accounts per the last steamer, of the increased receipts of Cotton in the American ports were unexpected; would have had the effect of depressing the market, had not intelligence been already received of severe frosts in the South and West, which checked the depression and kept the market steady. During the week, the quotations were fair, being the same as when the Caledonia sailed. The sales of the week amount to 37,000 bales, including 6,000 bales on speculation, and 4,000 for export. Of the whole amount there were 9140 Upland at 4 1/16d; 15000 Orleans at 3 15/16d; 11,140 Alabama and Mobile at 3 1/64d. The imports of the week amounted to 72,678 bales, and the total stock in port at this time amount to 652,840 bales. A rather improved feeling prevails.

FLOUR—The trade in flour is better than at the sailing of the Caledonia. Philadelphia and Baltimore brands are quoted at 23s@23s 6d; at which rate the demand is steady, but moderate. The best descriptions of Ohio bring 24s.

CORN. The demand continues, with a farther advance in prices.

White is worth 32s@33s per quarter; yellow 34s@36s.

INDIAN MEAL—The demand is steady and the supplies small. Sales have taken place at 15s 6d@15s 9d per barrel.

WHEAT—Sales of American descriptions have taken place at 5s 10d@7s per bu.

BACON—The imports continue large, though the consumption is heavy. The anxiety of holders to sell has forced down the quotations fully 2s per cwt. The larger portion of western shipments sold at 32@33s per cwt. Sales to a fair extent of fine Eastern cured meats have taken place at 36@38.

There is no chance of an advance. Large quantities of Hams have arrived, but they are difficult to sell at 28@35s per cwt.

BEEF—is more enquired after, but the prices have not advanced.

PORK—There is still a limited demand in the market. On account of increased arrivals, holders are anxious to effect sales, and have accepted low rates, ranging from 49s to 54s prime mess; 54@56s for mess strips.

LARD—The quantity in the market is trifling; holders are firm; 34s have been paid for a fine article, but more is asked.

BUTTER and CHEESE are dull, at somewhat lower prices.

TALLOW—There is no stock in the market; but small lots coming in sell readily; Extra stripped is quoted at 37@38s.

NAVAL STORES—Nothing is doing.

RICE—Carolina descriptions are selling at 15s 6d@17s 6d.

IRON—The trade is in an unsatisfactory state and little is doing. The advices by the Europa acted unfavorably on Scotch Pig.

The Cambria was spoken off Cape Clear on the 25th, and the Hibernia in Lat. 46 deg. 52 sec. Lon. 46 deg.

The Europa arrived at Liverpool on the 17th, being nine days out from New York, making the quickest trip on record.

The Hermann arrived at Southampton on the 17th from Bremen, with 130 passengers on board for N. Y. She was advertised to sail on Sunday.

MONEY MARKET—There is no material amendment of commercial affairs in prospect. Money continues plentiful. On Monday Consols opened at 90½, and advanced steadily, closing on Friday at 91¾.

In Paris, the French 3 per cents closed on Wednesday at 58f. 80c. the 5 per cents 88f 95c. Penns