The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:
TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 17, 1849.

☞ For Commercial and River News, see next Page.

The Latest News, Market Reports, &c., will be found under Telegraphic Head.

Newspapers.

BEAVER STAR.—The last number of this beautiful and interesting sheet comes to us in an enlarged and greatly improved form. It is one of the most entertaining papers on our exchange list, and is conducted with marked ability. The Democracy of Beaver, whose organ it is, should extend to the Star a patronage commensurated with its usefulness and merits.

CADIZ SENTINEL.—We see by the last number of the Sentinel, that Messrs Stewart & Williams, (our successors) have sold the Establishment to Mr. E. R. Powell, late of the Cumberland Vally Sentinel, at Chambersburgh, in this State. We wish the retiring Editors happiness and success wherever they may pitch their tent; and we hope the new proprietor will be fully sustained by the Democracy of old Harrison. He has experience and ability to enable him to publish a useful and spirited paper.

WASHINGTON EXAMINER.—By the last number of this staunch Democratic paper, we observe that its talented Editors, Messrs. Grayson & Hopkins, are making arrangement to clothe it in an entire new dress. We are really rejoiced to hear that the Examiner is in a healthy and prosperous condition. It is a paper after our own heart. We like its sound and honest views—we admire its independent tone, and incorruptible character. There is no mousing "conservatism," (which is another name for federalism,) about the Examiner. It is a radical, progressive sheet,—bold, fearless, incompromising. May its spirited conductors live a thousand years.

"Off with his Head!"

He's a Democrat! "Off with his head—so much for Buckingham!" This appears now to be the cry at Washington. We had intended to publish each day a list of the Democrats who have been proscribed by Gen. Taylor, "for opinion's sake;" but find it utterly impossible to do so, unless we occupy one-half the space allotted to reading matter. Column after column daily pours in upon us. Fitz Henry Warren, (the man who swindled his creditors in Massachusetts, and then decamped for Iowa,) is dancing and fiddling over the bodies of the slain, like Nero, while the flames enveloped the Eternal City! Gen. Taylor's solemn pledges and promises made before the election, have been violated—shamefully, wickedly violated. But what matters that? Was ever known to keep his electioneering promises?—Thank Heaven, a day of terrible retribution is not far distant, when those who obtained power by fraud and chicanery, will be hurled from the places they now dishonor.

Trinity Church.

We would respectfully suggest to the vestry of Trinity Church, in repairing it, that an improvement could be made by building the tower for the bell and clock in the front of the church instead of the rear. There is sufficient room for that purpose, and it might be made highly ornamental to the old building. While we have always admired the' architecture of Old Trinity, it has struck us that the tower was on wrong end. Let a new one be erected in front, with a spire at least one hundred feet above the roof of the building, and made of durable materials. We love to see lofty spires pointing to the Heavens, and particularly our churches built in the Gothic style. They carry the mind back to those early ages of Christianity, when the erection of a temple for the Almighty was a work that engaged and delighted the whole people.

We are glad that the walls and pews of Trinity Church were not much injured by the fire. The inside will require to be newly plastered, and the roof ought to be covered with slate. The fire originated from a stovepipe in the Vestry room.

Allegheny County Agricultural Society.

Agreeably to appointment, the Board of Managers of the Allegheny County Agricultural Society, met at the Court House, on Wednesday the 11th ult., and in the absence of the President of the Board, organized, by calling JOHN M'CLUSKEY, of Robinson, to the Chair, and appointing P. A. WAY, Secretary.

On motion of WALTER FORWARD, Esq., it was

1. *Resolved*, That John Murdock, jr. John Scott, of Ross, and William Martin, be a committee to report a set of by-laws for the society, at the next regular meeting of the Board.

2. *Resolved*, That the chairman of this meeting appoint a committee of three persons in each township of this county, and also committees in each of the cities and boroughs, for the purpose of procuring subscribers to the Agricultural Society.

3. *Resolved*, That the Chairman be directed to furnish to each person of the above mentioned committee, a copy of the constitution of the Allegheny Agricultural Society, and also a circular addressed to the farmers of the county.

4. *Resolved*, That the Chairman be empowered to draw upon the treasurer for funds to defray the expense of printing and issuing copies of the constitution and circulars.

5. *Resolved*, That we adjourn to meet again at this place on the second Wednesday of June, at 10 o'clock, A. M. P. A. WAY, Secty.

The following persons were appointed by the chair to act as a committee in the several townships, cities, and boroughs:

Peebles township: George Negley, N. M'Combs, Robert Patterson.

Ohio: James Taylor, Francis Duff, Dr. William Woods.

South Fayette: John Boyce, G. Y. Coulter, J. R. McCowen.

North Fayette: Andrew Pierce, Squire Potter, M. M. Bricle.

Upper St. Clair: Dr. George Hays, James Corma, William McMullen.

Wilkins: Joseph Stoner, C. Sniveley, James M'Kelvy.

Robinson; John Young, jr. James Ross, Samuel B. Marks.

Moon: Andrew Beggs, Hugh M'Cormick, Samuel Neely.

Indiana: Jonathan Garrad, Alfred Quinnet, W. C. Denny.

Pitt: John Herron, John Dunn, Wm. Eichbaum.

Ross: Alex. Hilands, John Brown, E. Cooper.

Pine: John Crawford, Charles Gibson, Archibald McCord.

Shaler: John McIlhenny, James Shaw, James Thompson.

Plum: Jacob Alter, James King, John Morrison.

Versailles: John J. Mewe, John Davo, Col. Wm. Miller.

Franklin: William Riley, John Neely, John Bell.

West Deer: John Dickey, John M'Gill, Nathan Conelly.

East Deer: Francis Karns, M. McElroy, H. M. Brackenridge.

Reserve: W. H. Lowry, Charles Frew, Nathaniel Holmes.

Baldwin: John R. Foster, Wm. Pollock, Wm. Noble.

Lower St. Clair: Wm. Dilworth, John Conner.

Elizabeth: William Walker, William Pearce.

Jefferson: Jonathan Large, William Blair, Wm. Wiley.

Manchester: William Martin, James Anderson.

Lawrenceville: Joseph Wainwright, M. Leech, William Shaw.

Sharpsburgh: William Miller, Benjamin Woods, James O'Hara.

Pittsburgh: John Rhey, William Barker, M. B. Brown, George Smith, Samuel Hall, F. L. Snowden, S. Wickersham.

Allegheny: J. K. Moorehead, Wm. Robinson, jr. John Morrison, Peter Baird.

Long Island: Ivory Cole, John Craig.

Canada.

The excitement continues to increase in Canada. A despatch from Montreal, dated the 10th inst says:

"The first step towards calling a national convention was taken last night at a preliminary meeting in this city. About thirty five persons were present, and much discussion took place in regard to the name of the intended association. It was finally agreed that it should be called the "British League." Much excitement prevails in relation to the late discussion on the rebellion losses, and a warm debate is expected in the Assembly to-night."

The Pennsylvania Railroad.

We publish below a circular from Mr. MERRICK the efficient President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, calling for additional subscription, so as to enable the company to push forward this great work. The President sets forth in plain, and forcible language the present condition of the company, and urges the stockholders, and friends of the enterprise generally, to make additional exertions in behalf of this important project.

To the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and the Citizens of Philadelphia.

FELLOW CITIZENS: When, in 1846, the Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company were entrusted by the Stockholders with the management of the affairs of the Company, they early declared that the policy which would govern their administration would be, to construct the work upon the legitimate funds of the Company, without recourse to borrowed money. This policy has been formally sanctioned by the Company, and the Directors stand pledged to suspend the work whenever they have made engagements that will absorb all the available means that have been provided.

In this last annual report it was stated, that to complete the Road to the base of the mountain and connect with the Portage Roilroad, would require about nine hundred and sixty-seven thousand dollars, to which must be added about three hundred thousand dollars, at present required to place the machinery in an efficient condition, making a total of one and a quarter million of dollars, as the sum required to be subscribed at this time.

The funds now at the command of the board are about sufficient to complete the work to the Tyrone forges, on the little Juniata, about twenty-five miles this side of Hollidaysburgh. The board have felt constrained to adhere strictly to the policy indicated, and have instructed the chief engineer to suspend any further contracts beyond that point, until the subscriptions required to place them in funds at the proper time are obtained.—To enable the board to complete the road to Hollidaysburgh early next year, subscriptions should be promptly made, as the loss of the summer season will cause serious delay in the execution of the work, which is not of a kind to be prosecuted with advantage in the winter.

The board deem it useless to use any argument at this time to press upon the public the necessity of action if the premises, as the importance of the work to the trade and prosperity of Philadelphia, is fully appreciated by every citizens; but they may be permitted to urge, that the rapidity with which the lines to the North and South are now being constructed, warns us that no time is to be lost in pressing our own work to final completion. The Tyrone Forge, at which the work will now rest, is a point at which the road will furnish adequate returns to pay the interest on the capital invested, so that no loss will accure to the present stockholders; but the great object of the enterprise are unaccomplished, until the way is clear to the city of Pittsburgh.

The board most respectfully urge upon the present stockholders, and their fellow citizens generally, to make at the office, such additional subscriptions, as will enable them to renew their labors without delay. By order of the Board.

S. V. MERRICK, Pres't P. R. R. Co.

NOTE.—An instalment of five dollars per share must be paid on subscription. The next instalment will be called payable on the first of August and thence five dollars every sixty days, until paid. Interest will be allowed from payment.

Judge Eldred.

The Harisburgh Keystone contains a correspondence between the members of the Dauphin county Bar and Judge Eldred, on the occasion of his resignation, to accept the appointment of the judgeship of the new judicial District of Carbon, Monroe, Wayne and Pike. The compliment of a public dinner was tendered to the judge by the lawyers. The following is his reply:

HARRISBURGH, April 7, 1849.

GENTLEMEN: Your letter expressing your approbation of my judicial labors, during the time I had the honor of presiding in the courts of this judicial district, and inviting me to partake of a public dinner with you, on the occasion of our official separation, before leaving Harrisburgh, has excited in my bosom the kindliest feelings of our nature. Next to the satisfaction derived from a consciousness of having discharged the duties of the high judicial trust confided to me, according to the best of my imperfect abilities, the unanimous approbation of a bar, so distinguished for learning and all that adorns the noble profession of which we are members, affords me the highest gratification.

It would give me great pleasure to meet you at the festive board, but I have already made arrangements for my departure, which, I sincerely regret will not allow me to accept of your kind invitation.

I separate from you, gentlemen, with feelings mixed with regret and pleasure. I feel pleased at the prospect of returning to reside among my friends of my earlier and more youthful days, and, regret in separating from a bar and a community, from whom during my residence among them, I have received nothing but uniform kindness and generosity.

That health, prosperity and happiness may attend you all through life, is the sincere prayer of

Your humble and
Obedient servant,
N. B. ELDRED.

To R. McAllister, John C. Kunkle, Esqs., and others, Members of the Bar of Dauphin County.

Another Victim!

Gen. Taylor, in a letter written by his own hand, granted permission to Gen. McCalla, the Second Auditor, to visit his wife, who was lying dangerously ill at Charleston, Va.; and while thus absent, on an errand of mercy, Mr. Clayton, of Geo., was appointed as his successor! Would Gen. Washington do such an act as this? Let us hear no more about the humanity of President Taylor.

Another Letter from Mr. Forrest.

We have on file for publication, another letter from EDWIN FORREST, Esq., to his friend and correspondent, W. H. SMITH, Esq., of this city, in relation to his difficulty with Mr. Macready. We shall endeavor to find room for it to morrow.

Wm. J. Brown.

This true and honest Democrat, who was removed from the office of Second Assistant Postmaster General, at Washington, to make room for the rascal Warren, has been nominated for Congress, in Judge Wick's district, Indiana. His election is certain.—Gen. Cass' majority in the district was 1,590.

Verily, "the blood of the martyrs" shall be "the seed of the church."

REV. R. PASSAVANT.—This indefatigable gentleman has succeeded in the purchase of property in Lacoyville, and we believe the permanent founding of a hospital. This is the enterprise of one philanthropist, who perseveringly worked while others, of whom more were expected, were idle. The property which he has obtained is the mansion erected for a female seminary by Dr. Lacy in the 7th Ward, and the price paid for it we understand was six thousand Dollars. It is intended to accommodate about eighty patients. Mr. Passavant will bring nurses from Germany, who are members of a religious order, some what similar to the Sisters of Mercy, to nurse and take charge of the patients.

☞ The trial of Tom Hand, for stealing the Government jewels, from the Patent office, is now progressing in the Criminal Court, at Washington. His conviction is inevitable.

Cholera in Great Britain.

The intelligence by the Niagara represents the cholera as fast disappearing in Great Britain.—The total of cases had reached 14,304, of which 1200 were in the metropolitan districts, about 1100 in the country, and more than 12,000 in Scotland. The total deaths have been 3,464 bearing about the same proportion in the several districts as the total number of cases. Limerick seems to have suffered severely. In Paris the malady has again appeared, but not to an alarming extent.

LOCAL MATTERS.

QUARTER SESSIONS.—April 16, 1849.—Present, Judges Patton, Jones and Kerr.

Com. vs. M'Pherson. Indictment, "Disorderly house." Tried on Saturday; verdict this morning, "Not Guilty; but pay the costs." Sentenced accordingly.

Com. vs Drs. Dickson, Herron, Gray, Boyd and Fowler. Indictment, "Disinterring dead bodies." Plea, "Not Guilty."

For Commonwealth, Messrs. Darragh and Stanton; for Dr. Dickson, Mr. M'Candless; for Boyd, Mr. Burke; for Dr. Herron, Mr. Stewart. Fowler and Gray did not appear.

Mr. Stanton opened for the Prosecution.

Mrs. Jane Logan, sworn.—Live in Allegheny; am the mother of Sarah Ann E. Logan; who died on the 8th of January last; was buried in Dr. Swift's grave yard, on the 9th; saw the body in the coffin; saw the coffin in the grave.

Cross Ex.—Did direct this prosecution to be instituted; directed Mr. Davis to attend to the case; Dr. Swift called upon me to make arrangements about the prosecution.

Direct Resumed.—Was not able to attend to prosecution; therefore directed Mr. Davis to undertake it.

Robert Davis, sworn.—Saw Miss Logan previous to her death; saw her placed in the coffin; saw the coffin in the grave; the earth was thrown over it. On the 29th, I made an examination to see whether the body was still there; Mr. Cameron was with me; heard that the body had been taken from the grave; it was thought proper to examine; the grave appeared disarranged. The sexton could render no assistance; we found the coffin empty; the lid broken; the screws were sticking in, as though it had been broken by violence; found no grave clothes; we made complaint, and got a search warrant; we went to Dr. Dickson's premises on Tuesday—the next day with Fox, M'Vicker and other officers we went into the office; found Dickson and Herron there; Fox took Dickson aside; Dickson returned and addressed Herron, saying he was glad he happened to be at home, and then asked them where they preferred commencing the search—whether they would begin at the garret; some of the officers said they wanted to go to the dissecting room; Dr. D. then referred to the key, but could not find it; Dr. Herron looked for the key, but could not find it; said a student had it; Dr. Herron said he would go back and climb up and open the door; he did so; we went in. The room is in the stable, on the second story; noticed a table in the room; several articles of clothing, rough linen; on the table was a dead dog; one of the officers picked up a part of a human skull from the table; Drs. Dickson and Herron were present. The officers seemed to think there was nothing there; but I discovered a way into the hay mow; saw a large barrel there; it did not appear to be concealed; it had a greasy appearance; Fox followed me and looked at the barrel; we discovered further back another barrel; we found in it a number of bones; the smell was disagreeable; next saw a number of barrels over the dissecting room.

Mr. M'Candless objected to the evidence, as the offence charged was the disinterring the body. The description of the dissecting room had nothing to do with the matter of the indictment.

Mr. Stanton was about to reply, when the Court overruled the objection.

Went aloft and discovered a sort of flour barrel filled with the remains of a human being; found another barrel with remains; brought both down and examined their contents; found the hands that had been severed from the body at the shoulder; the flesh was off the arm but not off the hands; found a leg, severed at the hip; we found the trunk in same barrel: also, a part of the skull, which fitted the part found first; the hair appeared to have been cut off the head; the features of the face were mangled; one entire foot and one entire hand were found. Mr. Neely, Mr. Harmon and myself, took a portion of the remains to Mrs. Logan, in the evening; Dr. Dickson said we might take the hands and foot to Mrs. Logan, provided we would return them; I stated that Mrs. L. wished to see remains, as there were certain marks on the leg, by which she could identify them, if they belonged to her daughter; Dr. Dickson did not say whether they belonged to her daughter or not; he gave us the hands and one of the feet; the other could not be found; we took them back, as I had pledged myself to do so; gave them to Mr. Wilson, president; on the next day, Dr. Dickson was requested to give up remains; a few days after another request was made by Dr. Swift in my presence, of Dr. Dickson, that the remains might be given to the mother; Dr Swift stated that the mother thought the remains were those of her daughter—so, that in giving them up, Dr. Dickson would not be considered as making any admission about the matter; Dr. Dickson said that a request had been made by Mr. Harmon, that the remains should be given up.

Dr. Dickson, in answer to Dr. Swift, said that Mrs. Logan had said that she would crawl on her knees to his office to have the remains; and the Dr said he would crawl on his knees, if he could by that means be relieved.

Dr. Dickson refused to give up the remains to Dr. Swift and myself, unless Mrs. Logan would bind herself not to prosecute. On the Saturday of the week on which the warrant was issued, the remains were obtained and interred; Fox and M'Vicker were there; the hands, cranium and foot, were not in the barrel when we at first found them. On the second occasion, when I visited the room, I insisted on the Doctor looking for the missing foot.

Cross Ex.—Am a colporteur of American Tract Society; am a carpenter by trade; I was first induced by my acquaintance with the deceased to undertake the prosecution; went to Dr. Swift and then to Mrs. Logan; we made the examination before we visited the mother; did not tell Dr. Dickson that I exculpated him and Dr. Herron; did not say so to any body else.

Mr. Stanton offered in evidence the act of incorporation of the Church; showing that the graveyard belonged to the Church.

Mrs. Logan, recalled.—Davis and others brought one foot and two hands to me; they were those of my dear daughter; one of her toes had a seam in it caused by the cut of an axe; would have known the foot without the mark, as I had pouliced them during her sickness, which marked them; knew the hand by a sore that was on one of the fingers; would have known the hand among a thousand; the remains were my dear child's if ever there were remains in the world; I could not have been mistaken as to the identity of the limbs; said to Mr. Davis and others that I felt as though I could not live without the remains; Drs. Dickson and Herron had not attended my daughter; Boyd came to my house after he had been arrested; told me that Dickson and Herron were angry; that he was along at the taking of Elly out of the grave; said he was guilty, and was willing to suffer his share, but not willing to suffer for the rest; that it was a hard thing to leave his children and home, but it was just; said he was getting his learning from Drs. D. & H., and was not paying any thing; that when an apprentice refused to obey his master, he got a master's ill will, that this was the case with him; never spoke to Dr. Dickson; asked Boyd why they were so cruel as to take my daughter; he said the Doctor who had been attending Elly did not understand her disease and for that reason they dug her up.

Cross Ex.—Boyd called on me the next day after he was taken; said he wanted to talk to me about my daughter; was laboring under excitement at the time; I wanted justice, not vengeance; am certain Boyd said he was present at the taking of the body out of the grave; said he was sick at the time; that Fowler and Gray had taken her out; told me about taking her to his cellar; they wanted a cool cellar, and asked him for leave to put her in his cellar; he refused it first, but at last consented; can't recollect any thing more; Boyd did not say he was confined to bed, he could not be in bed and in the grave yard at the same time; I understood Boyd to say that he was getting his education from Drs. D. and H.; some time after first heard of this affair, but before I got the remains I sent for Dr. Herron and begged of him for the remains of my child; said he could not give them, but that he would speak to Dr. Dickson; sent let me know the next day; next day a letter came with a strange name to it; told Dr. H. that I thought he could not be so cruel as to take my dear child out of the grave; Boyd told me that Herron opposed the taking of the body; did not say that Dr. Dickson had nothing to do with it.

Direct resumed.—Dr. Herron said Dickson would sympathize with me.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Samuel Harman, sworn.—Am a son-in-law of Mrs. Logan; saw Miss Logan in the coffin; the coffin was put in the grave; next saw portions of her remains in Dr. Dickson's dissecting room; could recognize that the hands and foot resembled those of the rest of the family; the hands and one foot were taken to Mrs. Logan; I have them in my possession; the remains were taken back to Dr. Dickson by Mr. Davis; I afterwards went to Dr. Dickson for the remains; he said he was sorry the affair had occurred; he would do almost anything to reconcile the family; that he thought there should be some compromise in the case; that they should have the remains; he did not get the remains; was not along when the whole remains were finally obtained.

Miss Hannah Logan, sworn.—Am the daughter of Mrs. Logan; saw my sister put in the grave; saw her hands and foot when they were brought into our house by Mr. Davis; know them to be my sister's by marks on the fingers and foot; knew the hair to be Elly's.

Mrs. Harmen, sworn.—Am the daughter of Mrs. Logan; saw my sister Elly buried; saw hands and foot at mother's when Mr. Davis brought them there; know them to be my sister's by the marks on the fingers; was at mother's when Boyd came; he said he was at the taking of Elly; said he did feel well at the time and did not help take her out; that he was guilty and ought to be punished; he said he understood we had blamed him for doing all; said he did not do all; we asked him what induced him to do it; he said they had consulted with the physician, who did not know what her disease was; and they wanted to find out; we asked him what physician had attended her; he said Dr. Dale; Dr. Dale did not attend her, and therefore he did not know. Boyd said he was studying with Drs. Dickson and Herron; that he was an apprentice and had to do whatever the person above him ordered, or take a "bully ragging."

Miss Harriett Jones, sworn—Stopped occasionally with Mr. Boyd in January last; Boyd was out late on the next night after the burial of a young lady; the next morning he said he was out getting a subject; afterwards he told me the subject was a young lady; did not mention her name; there was a chest brought there but I did not see into it; don't know who took it away; it was a couple days in the cellar.

Cross Ex.—Called on Dr. Dickson to see if Boyd had returned; Mrs. Boyd had my shawl; did not ask $12 to not appear; said it would cost $12 to pay my passage; did not say if $12 was paid I would not do a witness. Was at Boyd's about a week, but not steady. Boyd was confined to his bed by sickness two or three days; when the chest was taken away Boyd was sick; it was before Boyd had taken sick I saw the box in the cellar; the chest was not there when he was sick.

Direct resumed.—Boyd told me he studied with Dickson.

Miss Angelina Johnson, sworn.—Lived with Boyd in January; commenced on the 9th and left on the 15th; saw a chest in the cellar; it came in one night two or three days after I went there; could hear the voices of persons as it was being put in; Boyd came through one room just when the voices ceased; think it was between 10 and 11 o'clock; Boyd never told me what was in the chest; it was taken out after dark, out the back way; missed the box at once; it was pad-locked.

Cross ex.—Lived in the same house with Boyd; mother and I occupied the same room; not with Boyd's family.

Wm. C. Johnson, sworn.—Dug the grave of Miss Logan on the 9th January; saw same grave opened on the 29th; it was not in the same condition as when I left it; the coffin was broken.

Joseph H. Scott, sworn.—Was with the officers when the remains were found; the hands and feet were found in the dissecting room of Dr. Dickson; the other parts were found in the hay mow.

Joseph Randolph, sworn.—Was one of the officers who had the search warrant; Boyd left the County about the time; I arrested him near Butler County; he had been gone three or four weeks; was present at the time of the first search. [Testimony was but a repetition of that of some other witnesses.]

Cross ex.—Found Boyd at his father's house; suspected he was there about a week before we started; he made no effort to escape. Have had conversations with Davis; Davis said that he believed Dickson and Herron knew all about it, but he had not testimony enough to convict him; Davis and Cameron requested us to go after Boyd.

James McVickir, sworn.—The first warrant was against Gray, Boyd and S. Dickson; could not find Boyd after the affair, until I found him at his father's house in West Deer Township; Boyd asked me if we found any grave clothes; said the body was no property, and if they removed any preparation of his he would make them suffer for it.

Cross ex.—This conversation took place on his way in. Think I told Boyd I might have taken him before; went with Randolph.

James Schoonmaker, sworn,—Went to Dr. Dickson in relation to the remains by advice of Mr. Stanton; Dr. Swift, Alex. Sample, John Irwin, T. H. Nevin, Robert Davis, and myself went; Dr. Swift stated the object of the visit; Dr. Dickson replied that a similar request had been made in writing the day before, and he thought Dr. Swift knew the conditions upon which he agreed to give up the remains—that the prosecutions should be withdrawn; do not know what could be gained by continuing it; to this Dr. Swift replied that when the safe guards to the repose of the dead had been broken down, it was necessary that they should be re-reared; Dr. Dickson said that he had felt sorry for the old lady, but he did not now; that he had talked saucy to Mr. Harmon the day before; Mr. Harmon had threatened to put the Church on him; Dr. Dickson remarked that he did not owe the Church any thing; Dr. Dickson again remarked that he did not know what could be gained by the prosecution. He further remarked that Dr. Herron had called upon Mrs. Logan and she had manifested a vindictive spirit; therefore if she would get her back up he would get up his; Dr. Swift replied that Mrs. Logan had not manifested any vindictive spirit. There was much other matter of the same kind; but Dr. Dickson declared as we left, that the remains should be given up when the prosecutions were withdrawn and not before.—When the Doctor said he would give up the remains, he said he did not admit that they were those of Miss Logan.

Cross ex.—We went as the Pastor, the Session and Trustees of the Church.

Rev. E. P. Swift, sworn.—Some time after the burial of Miss Logan, I addressed a note to Dr. Dickson asking him if he would give to Mrs. Logan the remains which she supposed to be those of her daughter. [The testimony of this witness was substantially the same as that of Mr. Schoonmaker.]

Robert H. Davis, sworn:—Was at the Mayor's office on Saturday after the body had been recovered; the remains were taken to Mr. Cameron's store; met with Dr. Herron in a few minutes after; he remarked that it would be an unpleasant reflection for Mrs. Logan to know that a part of the bones interred with those of her daughter, were the bones of convict from the Penitentiary. I replied that it was not likely; Dr. H. replied, that a dozen of physicians could not tell the bones of a man from those of a young lady; I asked him to make the reparation himself; he said he would neither taste, touch or handle in the matter of dissection; no one can make the reparation but the persons in exile; that if the prosecution were stopped they would come back and make the reparation.

Joseph Randolph, re-called.—Asked Dr. Dickson if he would go bail for Boyd; Dr. D. replied that he had the best of bail, if he had taken advantage of it—leg bail; that he had made a fool of himself; if he had kept himself away we could have proved an alibi. We then went to the Mayor's office; Herron was there; Herron said to Boyd, that he had given him a horse to go away; also, that he (Herron,) had given Gray a horse.

Robert Davis, recalled.—Went to Mrs. Logan with Boyd; he told Mrs. Logan that we had not got the principal men yet; he said he regretted that he had to stand the brunt; asked how it was that Fowler and Gray had not been arrested; Mrs. Logan asked him if he was there; he said he was there, but did not help to take the body out of the grave.

Commonwealth closed.

There being no witnesses on the part of the defence, Mr. Darragh went to the jury.

Before he had proceeded far, he was interrupted by Mr. M'Candless, who asked liberty to examine a witness as to a particular fact.

Dr. Flowers, sworn.—Was introduced to Boyd as a student of Dr. Hamilton's; think Boyd said he was a student of Dr. Hamilton's. Never saw Boyd in Hamilton's office.

Mr. Darragh resumed, and was speaking when we left.

MAYOR'S OFFICE—*Monday Morning.*—There were three cases—one common drunkard, who was sent up. The next was a crazy man named Bell. The best that could be done for him was to give him a place in prison, he was sent to jail. Next came up the remains of a pretty girl—one who might have been an ornament in the most refined social circle, had the world shown her a chance. She gave herself up and asked the favor of a commitment. She said the weather was so cold that she could not stay out at nights, and therefore she wanted to go to the jail for a few days.

DEPARTURE.—Our respected fellow-citizen, Michael Allen, Esq., left here yesterday for Ireland. We sincerely hope that his trip across the ocean will be every way agreeable, and that he may return with the blessing which he seeks—Health.

Mr. Allen will meet with many an open welcome in the isle of his birth. His services to Ireland, as the Chairman of the Relief Committee of this city, were of no ordinary character, and were as well known on the other side of the Atlantic as they are here.

THE TENTH WARD.—We are told there is a petition in circulation to take in a Tenth Ward to the city. The district will embrace the village of Minersville and the rural retreat of Oakland. We know some men who will bounce at this piece of news. Some of the citizens in the old parts of the city are vehemently opposed to the progress of the people eastward, for they think it is reversing the prophecy—

"*Westward* the march of empire takes its way."

DR. S. M. SHANNON.—We call attention, to the card of Dr. SHANNON which appears in this days paper. He brings testimonials from many of the most distinguished men of the country, who speak in the highest terms of his skill and learning.

THE FIRE.—We understand that there was $5,000 insurance on the Trinity Church; and $1,000 on the Clock and Bell. It is thought this sum will make the needed repairs.

DIED:

On the 15th inst., CHARLES BRADLEY, in the 43d year of his age.

The funeral will take place this morning, at 10 o'clock, from his late residence on Penn street, between Locust and Pine streets, Fifth Ward. The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral.

☞ **Election.**—An Election will be held on TUESDAY, the 17th instant, at 3 o'clock, P. M., for *seven Managers for the Western Pennsylvania Hospital.* The members are requested to meet in the Rooms of the Board of Trade. [ap13:td] JOHN HARPER, Sec'y.

☞ **I. O. of O. F.**—Place of Meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between 5th and Virgin Alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 326.—Meets every Tuesday evening.

MERCANTILE ENCAMPMENT, No. 57.—Meets 1st and 3d Friday of each month. mar25—1y

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager ..... C. S. FOSTER
Acting and Stage Manager ..... W. H. CRISP.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Dress Circle and Parquette ..... 50 cents.
Family Circle or Second Tier ..... 25 "

The Manager has the pleasure of announcing Mrs. W. H. CRISP, for two nights more, positively her last performances, having immediately to appear in the East.

Mr. W. H. CRISP in the character of *Dazzle.*

TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 17th,

LONDON ASSUBANCE.—Dazzle, Mr. Crisp; Meddle, Mr. Dunn; Sir Harcourt, Mr. Archer; Lady Gay Spanker, Mrs. Crisp; Grace, Miss Foster.

DANCE—By Master Wood.

After which, the highly laughable Farce of

SKETCHES IN INDIA.—Tom Tape, Mr. Dunn; Sally Scraggs, Miss Cruise.

☞ To-morrow, *Pearl, or Home, Sweet Home.*

☞ Doors open at 7; Curtain will rise at half past 7.

J. H. LAWMAN'S

SHIRT MANUFACTORY,

AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Emporium,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

NO. 68 FOURTH STREET, APOLLO BUILDINGS

BETWEEN WOOD AND MARKET STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Always on hand, a large assortment of Shirts Bosoms, Collars, Cravats, Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders Under Shirts, Drawers, &c., &c. mar21

BY AUTHORITY.

Acts and Resolutions, passed at the Second Session of the Thirtieth Congress.

[PUBLIC No. 35.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums of money be, and they are hereby, appropriated for the service of the Post Office Department for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, out of any moneys in the treasury arising from the revenues of the said department, in conformity to the act of the second of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, namely:

For transportation of the mails within the United States, two millions five hundred and forty thousand dollars;

For the transportation of the mails in four steamships, at one hundred thousand dollars each per year, from New York to Bremen, by way of Southampton, under the contract made with the Ocean Steam Navigation Company, of New York, in addition to the sum of three hundred and eighty-three thousand six hundred and nine dollars of former appropriations for the same object, which it is estimated will remain unexpended on the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, sixteen thousand three hundred and ninety-one dollars;

For transportation of the mails between Charleston, South Carolina, and Havana, by the way of Key West, calling at Savannah, under the contract made with M. C. Mordecai, fifty thousand dollars; and for transportation of the mail by said line or by other steamers, to such other places on the coast of Florida as the Postmaster General may deem practicable and expedient, five thousand dollars;

For compensation of postmasters, one million two hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For ship, steamboat, and way letters, thirty thousand dollars;

For wrapping-paper, twenty-two thousand dollars;

For office furniture, (in the offices of postmasters,) three thousand dollars;

For advertising, fifty thousand dollars;

For mail bags, twenty-five thousand dollars;

For blanks, twenty-one thousand dollars;

For mail locks, keys, and stamps, six thousand dollars;

For the detection and prevention of mail depredations and for special agent, including the two agents for Oregon and California, twenty thousand dollars;

For clerks for offices, (the offices of postmasters,) two hundred and sixty thousand dollars;

For miscellaneous, six thousand dollars.

That the better to enable the postal treaty with Great Britain to go into full effect with equal advantage to both countries, letters shall be mailed as composing one rate only where the letter does not exceed the weight of a half ounce; where it exceeds a half ounce but does not exceed an ounce, as composing two rates; where it exceeds an ounce but does not exceed two ounces, as composing four rates; where it exceeds two ounces but not exceeds three ounces, as composing six rates; where it exceeds three ounces but does not exceed four ounces, as composing eight rates; and in like progression for each additional ounce, or fraction of an ounce, and that each rate shall be subject to the full postage charge; that the letters refused or which cannot be delivered may be immediately returned to the dead letter office; and that newspapers not sent from the office of publication shall be charged with the same postage as other papers, to be prepaid.

APPROVED March 3, 1849.

[PUBLIC—No. 36.]

AN ACT making appropriations for light-houses, lightboats, buoys, &c., and providing for the erection and establishment of the same, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following appropriations be and the same are hereby made, and directed to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to carry the provisions of this act into effect: *Provided*, however, If a good title to any land which it may be necessary to use cannot be obtained on reasonable terms, if the exclusive right to such land cannot be acquired by cession where the interest of the United States demands it, before, the appropriation would by law fall into the surplus fund, in any and all such cases the appropriation shall be applicable to the objects for which they are made, at any time within two years after the first meeting of the legislature subsequent to the passage of this act, in any State wherein any such land may be situated, to wit:

IN MAINE.

For thirteen spar buoys and three beacons in Casco bay, three thousand dollars;

For a light-house at Gilkey's harbor, three thousand five hundred dollars;

For a light-house, at Beauchamp point, or on the opposite side of the harbor, in the town of Camden, three thousand five hundred dollars;

For a fog-bell at the light-house on Libby's island, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

MASSACHUSETTS.

For a screw-pile beacon, or other practicable structure, on the south shoal off Nantucket, lately discovered by the survey of the coast, twenty-five thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Bureau of Topographical Engineers;

For six large buoys on the shoals off Nantucket, one thousand dollars;

For a light-boat on Pollock Rip, off Chatham, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

NEW YORK.

For a light-boat on Horse Shoe reef, Niagara river, ten thousand dollars; or for the erection of a light-house instead thereof, if after the survey herein provided for it shall be deemed more advisable, twenty thousand dollars;

For four spar buoys, to mark the channel from the aforesaid shoal to Bird Island, three hundred dollars;

For a beacon on the southeast part of Romer shoal, in the lower bay of New York, ten thousand dollars;

For three spar buoys in Buttermilk channel, two hundred dollars;

For four additional spar-buoys in the lower bay of New York, at such points as may be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, four hundred dollars.

NEW JERSEY.

For a light-house on the rocks at Bergen Point, five thousand dollars;

For five spar buoys at Thom's river, three hundred dollars;

For five spar buoys at Barnegat inlet, three hundred dollars;

For a light-house at the mouth of the Passaic river, five thousand dollars;

For two buoys on the east and west oyster beds in Newark bay, one hundred dollars;

For a light-house on the east point of Maurice river, Cumberland county, five thousand dollars;

To provide surf-boats, life cars, rockets, carronades, lines, and other necessary apparatus for the better preservation of life and property from shipwreck along the coast of New Jersey, between Little Egg Harbor and Cape May, ten thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of such officer of the revenue marine service as may be designated for that purpose by the Secretary of the Treasury.

DELAWARE.

For the foundation and construction of a light-house at the Delaware breakwater, ten thousand dollars:

MARYLAND.

For two spar buoys at the mouth of Chester river, one hundred and twenty dollars.

TEXAS.

For a light-boat on Galveston bar, twelve thousand five hundred dollars;

For a light-house at Sabine Pass, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

ILLINOIS.

For the foundation and construction of a light-house at or near the end of the north pier at Chicago, fifteen thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Bureau of Topographical Engineers, and the present light-house within the city, and the beacon-light on the pier, shall be discontinued from and after the completion of the aforesaid light-house.

For a light-house at the mouth of Calumet river, four thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Bureau of Topographical Engineers.

FLORIDA.

For buoys on or near the bar of Nassau river, on the coast of Georgia and Florida, in the neighborhood thereof, one thousand dollars.

MICHIGAN.

For a light-house at the mouth of Muskegon river three thousand five hundred dollars;

For a light-house on Manitou island, Lake Superior, seven thousand five hundred doll