The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:
MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 6, 1848.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

LEWIS CASS,

OF MICHIGAN.

☞ "Having full confidence in your abilities and republican principles, I invited you to my cabinet; and I can never forget with what discretion and talents you met those great and delicate questions which were brought before you whilst you presided over the Department of War, which entitled you to my thanks and will ever be recollected with the mostlively feelings of friend ship and esteem."

"But what has endeared you to every true American, was the noble stand which you took, as our minister at Paris, against the Quintuple Treaty, and which, by your talents, energy and fearless responsibility, defeated its ratification by France—a treaty intended by Great Britain to change our international laws, make her mistress of the seas, and destroy the national independence, not only of our country, but of all Europe, and enable her to become the tyrant on every ocean."—*General Jackson's letter to General Cass.*

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

WM. O. BUTLER,

OF KENTUCKY.

☞ "BUTLER and his five sons" was a favorite toast with Washington, and Gen. WILLIAM O. BUTLER is one of them! The Butlers have fought on every field from Bunker Hill to Monterey, and there is a tower of strength in the very name.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
WILLIAM BIGLER, of Clearfield.
DAVID D. WAGENER, of Northampton.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

I.	HENRY L. BENNER,	Philadelphia County
II.	HORN R. KNEASS, do	City.
III.	ISAAC SHUNK, do	County.
IV.	A. L. ROUMFORT, do	do
V.	JACOB S. YOST, Montgomery	do
VI.	ROBERT E. WRIGHT, Lehigh	do
VII.	WILLIAM W. DOWNING, Chester	do
VIII.	HENRY HALDEMAN, Lancaster	do
IX.	PETER KLINE, Berks	do
X.	BERNARD S. SCHOONOVER, Monroe	do
XI.	WM. SWETLAND, Wyoming	do
XII.	JONAH BREWSTER, Tioga	do
XIII.	JOHN C. KING, Clinton	do
XIV.	JOHN WEIDMAN, Lebanon	do
XV.	ROBERT J. FISHER, York	do
XVI.	FREDERICK SMITH, Franklin	do
XVII.	JOHN CRESWELL, Huntingdon	do
XVIII.	CHARLES A. BLACK, Greene	do
XIX.	GEORGE W. BOWMAN, Bedford	do
XX.	JOHN H. SHANNON, Beaver	do
XXI.	GEORGE P. HAMILTON, Allegheny	do
XXII.	W. H. DAVIS, Crawford	do
XXIII.	TIMOTHY IVES, Potter	do
XXIV.	JAMES G. CAMPBELL, Butler	do

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION,

TUESDAY NOV. 7.

Morning Post Job Printing Office.

CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS.

☞ Having added to our Establishment, a splendid Steam-Power Printing Machine, we are prepared to do all kinds of Newspaper and Book work in a style of unsurpassed beauty and neatness, and upon the most reasonable terms. We respectfully solicit the patronage of the public in this line of our business.

☞ *Advertisers are requested to hand in their favors before 6 o'clock, P. M. This must be complied with, in order to insure an insertion. When it is possible, an earlier hour would be preferred.*

☞ **Naturalization.**—Democratic Committee on Naturalization will meet every day at the Court House, in the United States' Court Room. Democrats, wanting to become citizens, can consult R. H. KNEE, or JOHN COTTA. oct30

THE OLD WIG-WAM!!—DEMOCRATIC HEAD-QUARTERS!—The St. Clair House, (formerly the Washington Coffee House,) will be open every evening, at 6 o'clock, until after the Presidential Election. Democratic Newspapers, Documents, Speeches, &c., &c., will always be found upon the tables. The Democrats generally, and the Workingmen particularly, are invited to honor the Old Wigwam with their presence. oct13

DEMOCRATS, RALLY! RALLY!

MASS MEETINGS.

☞ Will be held at McAnulty's Warehouse, on next Saturday and Monday evening; and the following gentlemen are expected to address them: Andrew Burke, Wilson McCandless, Henry S. Magraw, and Charles Shaler, Esq.

☞ A Meeting will be held for South Pittsburgh and Saw-mill Run, on evening. Messrs. Able, Roberts, and Sawyer, will address it.

☞ A Mass Meeting will be held in Allegheny City, at the Market House, on Monday evening; which will be addressed by Messrs. Kruer, Kerr, Burke, Layng, Showden, and Howard.

☞ A Meeting will be held in Birmingham, on Monday evening, which will be addressed by Mr. Able, Dr. Keyser, and others.

The Last Grand Rally!

To-night the Democracy will have their last glorious rally, before the great battle of to-morrow! Democrats, turn out in all your strength—there will be good speaking, and plenty of it. Black, M'Candless, Burke, Shaler and others, will be there; and the eloquent Kruer will speak in German. Come one—come all!

Naturalization Papers.

To prevent any difficulty, let our adopted fellow-citizens bring their naturalization papers with them to the polls, on Tuesday. The Federal Natives, we are told, intend to challenge the vote of every Democratic foreigner. Be prepared for them.

GUARD THE BALLOT BOXES.

Democrats, remember the Ritner frauds a few years ago! Remember the Schuylkill frauds on the 10th of October! ☞ Guard well the Ballot Boxes on Tuesday next, so as to prevent similar frauds from being perpetrated again! Be at the polls all day, and keep a watchful eye upon the *insides* as well as the *outsides!*

EXAMINE YOUR TICKETS.

Let every Democratic voter examine his ticket carefully, and see that it corresponds with the following. The Federalists already have fraudulent tickets in circulation, in various parts of the State, and they may attempt to practice the same infamous trick in this county, in order to secure the election of their sham anti candidate for President. The following are the names of the Democratic Electors in this State.

ELECTORS.

William Bigler,
David D. Wagener,
Henry L. Benner,
Horn R. Kneass,
Isaac Shunk,
Augustus L. Roumfort,
Jacob S. Yost, do
Robert E. Wright, do
William W. Downing, do
Henry Haldeman, do
Peter Kline, do
Bernard S. Schoonover, do
William Swetland, do
Jonah Brewster do
John C. King, do
John Weidman, do
Robert J. Fisher, do
Frederick Smith, do
John Cresswell, do
Charles A. Black, do
George W. Bowman, do
John R. Shannon, do
George P. Hamilton, do
William H. Davis, do
Timothy Ives, do
James G. Campbell, do

Employer's Threats!

We have heard of threats on the part of several wealthy employers and manufacturers in and about this city, to induce Democratic workmen to vote the Federal ticket. We say to the Democrats, regard them not—vote as your consciences dictate—do your duty as American freemen! If whig employers threaten to dismiss you, if you refuse to vote according to their imperial dictates, report the fact at once to the Editor of this paper, or to some member of the county committee of correspondence, and measures will be taken at once to have such employers prosecuted, according to law! A year's residence in the Penetentiary may teach tyrants to regard the rights of freemen!

UNPARALLELED INFAMY!

A GENERAL RESORT TO LYING AND DECEPTION.

Never, since our government has had an existence, has there been resorted to, by the enemies of the masses, such a deep-laid and widely-extended system of fraud, deception, lying, and corruption, as is evidently being carried out by the Federal party, in the present canvass for the Presidency. It was not enough that Gen. Taylor should himself tell the country that he had not had time, from attending to his duties in the camp, to study political doctrines; and that he should stand before the country as a candidate for the highest political station in it, avowedly unacquainted with the political doctrines which had agitated the country during the last twenty years;—it was not enough that he should be *actually unpledged* upon any point usually involved in a presidential contest, and that his friends should urge the merits of "Old Zach," "Old Rough and Ready," "Old Whitey," &c., &c. This state of things was not sufficient for the success of Whiggery. There was too much of *honesty* in this—too much reliance upon—not the intelligence of the People, but—the power of the selfish and heartless office-hunters to deceive, and humbug the People. Something far beyond this must be done, or there could be no ground for hope by "Whig" office hunters. What has been done, by these unprincipled, heartless, and utterly vagabond political gamblers? Let us see.

In the first place, we hear Caleb B. Smith, of Indiana, telling the People of Pennsylvania, of Ohio, and of Indiana, that a brother "Whig" of Virginia, who was in intimate communication with several of Gen. Taylor's most intimate friends, had told him that Gen. Taylor was decidedly opposed to any further extension of slavery; and that he would not veto a bill incorporating into it the Wilmot proviso. This was to satisfy Free State, Free Soil, Abolition "Whigs." But, no sooner does the Virginia gentleman have the statement of his "Whig" brother of Indiana publicly presented to him, than he very politely pronounces the whole statement A LIE, and boldly asserts that Gen. Taylor is a friend to the South.

We next hear of a committee of the Legislature of Mississippi having waited upon Gen. Taylor, to know if he were in favor of the Proviso, and against slavery extension, and the report of that committee that Gen. Taylor was an enemy to both; and that he would not set free one of his negroes, unless he could send him back to Africa—that his condition at the North would be worse than Slavery. The report of the interview of this committee was made months ago, and it has been published in every State of the Union; and has been referred to, by both political parties, with comments, according to the latitude in which it was referred to. The Hon. John M. Botts of Virginia has declared that he has in his possession *the original letter of Col. Boone*, the chairman of this Committee; and Col. Boone is vouched for as being a gentleman of unimpeachable integrity. Notwithstanding all these facts, Truman Smith, a "Whig" politician of the *Ogle* order, has within the last week published a letter purporting to have been received by him from Gen. Taylor, in *the month of April last*, in which Gen. T. denies ever having made such an avowal of opinions as was stated in the letter of the Mississippi committee. *What honest motive* could have prompted Truman Smith to keep back this letter until *only nine days before the election*, and then publish it in the Free States,—or rather is this not *prima facia* evidence of fraud and forgery, in order to aid the cause of his vile associates? John M. Botts, though a Whig, is a man whose integrity has never yet been questioned, even by his political opponents.

In the next place, we hear Columbus Delano, of Ohio, one of the unprincipled doughfaces of that State, asserting, at Cleveland, that he had seen a *private letter* from Gen. Taylor, in which he declared that *he would not veto* a bill in which was incorporated the Wilmot Proviso. We hear the infamous Corwin reiterating this statement in Ohio. We hear it from Walter Forward in Pennsylvania; and from every reckless and unprincipled *hack* at the head of a paper *hired* by the Federal party in the free States. On the other hand an honorable man in Mississippi (Felix Huston) writes to Daniel Webster, and tells him plainly that Gen. Taylor is sustained in the South because he is opposed to that Proviso; and he is referred to Gen. Baylie Peyton and Mr. Benjamin, one of the electors in Louisiana; to Mr. S. S. Prentiss, and also to Judge Winchester of Mississippi, all of whom are intimate personal friends of Gen. Taylor, and occupy distinguished positions in his party at the South: and but a few weeks since, (on the 28th September) Dr. Pannill, of Orange county, in Virginia, declared publicly; and reiterated the fact in a letter to the editors of the Richmond Enquirer, which they have published, that *he had in his possession* a private letter from Gen. Taylor, in which he pledges himself to veto the Wilmot Proviso. And in Tennessee and Kentucky, the friends of Gen. Taylor are every where contradicting statements made by C. B. Smith, Delano, Corwin, Forward, and the whole host of Federal Whig and Abolition orators.

Now what—we ask every man of sense in this country, every honest man, of every party actuated by *principle*,—are the necessary and only inferences from this State of facts? We can recognise no possibility of coming to any other conclusion than this,—that the Federal leaders themselves, have determined to impose upon the People, in order to secure their votes, to get themselves into office, by asserting, and most publicly and solemnly asseverating in the Free States, that Gen. Taylor is opposed to slavery, though the owner of nearly three hundred negroes; even when they know the contrary to be the fact; or, that Gen. Taylor has himself been a party to the most gross act of deception and political villainy that has been heard of in our country. We cannot believe that Gen. Taylor is capable of such an act of baseness. We cannot think that ambition to become the political head of this government, would prompt any man, who has been so faithful to his country as Gen. Taylor, has been, to lend himself to so base and villainous an act. But *we can believe* that creatures who are willing to forswear *all principles*, or to suit their professions of principle to the meridian and the company in which they may happen to be; or to gain the co-operation of a particular faction, are ready, and willing, at any moment, to undertake, and to do, if probable, any act of political villainy for which the history of our race has furnished a name.

Don't Forget,

That MILLARD FILLMORE voted for the odious bankrupt law, while the gallant WM. O. BUTLER opposed it in all the stages of its progress.

"Honest John Tyler."

Ex-President Tyler has written a letter in reply to an invitation to a Democratic barbecue, in which he takes strong ground in favor of the cause of the Democracy in the approaching election. He however declines to eat, drink and be merry with the boys.

Western Men!

Now is your opportunity to choose a Western man for the President of the United States!

Huzza for the Girls!

The girls are all for Cass and Butler. Among the number who will vote for General Cass certainly, are Miss I Sippi, Miss Souri, Louisi Anna, and Virginia, and probably Mary Land and the two Carolina.

☞ About three inches of snow fell, on Saturday night. The sun came out and made it vanish.

"Gross Fraud"—A Discovery!

One of the adjuncts of Federalism in Philadelphia, has made the wonderful discovery, that a pamphlet, recently issued in that city, for circulation among our German adopted citizens, "*makes the Whigs the same as the Aristocrats of Europe*;" and finds much fault with the Democrats for putting into circulation such a pamphlet. We have not seen this pamphlet, and of course do not know whether the statement is true, or not; but we hesitate not to say, that, if a pamphlet has been issued, containing language, calculated to impress such an idea upon any portion of our adopted fellow-citizens, that pamphlet has advanced no sentiment at variance with truth! Does any man doubt this?

Let him read the article in the National Intelligencer, (the organ of the Federal Whig party at the seat of Government,) on the reception of the news from France, announcing the banishment of Louis Philippe; in which a glow of the most exquisite sympathy is manifested for the fallen tyrant; and a spirit of malediction is aroused, against the warm hearts that had risen in opposition to him,—hearts that throbbed alone for the glory and freedom of their country; and let him read, too, the many lesser organs of that party, in which the article was circulated, with commendations.

Let him read the leading Federal papers, all over the country; and he will find if not denunciations of the Irish People, in their struggles to be free; and strong favor for the British government, at least an entire absence of sympathy for that distressed and down-trodden People.

Let him look at the course which has been pursued by this party, ever since it had an existence in this country—at the time of the formation of our Constitution, when its ablest and most influential leaders, openly and warmly contended for monarchy; and when one of them declared, that "the British government, with all its corruptions, was the best government upon earth;" when another of them declared, that "all communities are divided into the gentlemen, and the simplemen;—the former are composed of the rich and well-born, who ought to have a permanent share in the government."

Let him watch the movements of that party, from the adoption of the Constitution, (to which the were opposed in spirit,) down to the present moment.—Like Satan in Paradise, they know that they dare not approach openly and boldly in the work of its destruction; and therefore they have ever contended for *implied powers* under which they have sought to perform acts in direct violation of the obvious and plain meaning of that glorious instrument—warring steadily, but insidiously against those who sustain its plain and palpable meaning, and seeking, by every means in their power, to subvert it, even if it should be at the sacrifice of human liberty itself:—by contending interminably, for schemes calculated to enrich the few, and impoverish the many—for banking and other corporations; for a high protective tariff to benefit the aristocratic cotton lord, and a few others, at the expense of the farmer, the mechanic, the artisan and the day laborer, and all the other producers in the country;—for a grand scheme of improvements by the General Government, in effecting which there must be danger of subsidizing all state authority;—for what they have termed a *national* bank, *to regulate the exchanges!* particularly so to regulate them, that, when it should become necessary for its directory to accomplish some great end, that the circulating medium should be increased or diminished in amount *ten millions* in six months, as was done under their favorite *regulator*, in its attempt to obtain a new charter;—for a scheme of distribution of surplus revenue, or of money from sales of public lands—making the sovereign States of this Union dependents upon, and subservient to, the General Government.

Let him carefully observe the conduct of those who sustain these doctrines, towards the honest and toiling masses, who labor for their subsistence: how they are avoided and neglected, except upon the eve of an election; and how they are, then, only noticed, that they may be imposed upon, if practicable, or insulted and brow-beaten by tyrannical overseers, acting under the authority of their masters, if they choose to assert their own sentiments.

These are a few of the considerations, which are naturally connected with the statement, said to be made in this pamphlet. They are such as cannot fail to strike the attention of any one, as highly important; and it seems to us, that no one, who shall examine with that care and attention, into the history of parties in this country, which the importance of the subject demands, can fail to become satisfied, that these conditions have all surrounded one of the political parties in this country; and that the party thus situated, has been known under the various names of Anti-Federal, Federal, National Republican, Whig; and more recently as the No-Party-Native-American-Abolition-Free-Soil-Party. Under all these names—in all its disguises—it has still been the same spirit, embodied only in a different name; the same spirit of sectionality, of illiberality, of intolerance; of opposition to the will of the masses; and of humiliating subserviency to wealth and official station.

The Old Gray Headed Veterans know Lewis Cass.

A friend of ours, (says the Detroit Free Press,) relates an incident that took place at Jackson a short time since, showing how the old settlers of this country remember the many acts of kindness rendered them by Gen. Cass, at the time this country was one dense wilderness, and the Indian and wild beasts almost the only inhabitants. He had just retired from the stand, after speaking to an immense crowd of the hard-fisted Democracy, when an aged veteran, whose silvery locks denoted the frost of sixty winters, made his way through the crowd, by the assistance of his staff, and clasping the hand of the young speaker, his eye moistened with a tear, remarked, "I am a whig, and have ever been; I have always voted the whig ticket, but at this election, myself and five sons shall each deposite a vote for the man that has done more for the West, than any other living—the Old Pioneer, GEN. CASS." As the old man uttered this speech, his dark eye flashed with youthful enthusiasm, and a smile of gratitude played accross his face; said he, "over thirty years ago I came to this country, then a wilderness, with about $300, for the purpose of seeking my fortune. Being unacquainted with western life, and but little knowledge of the west, then an unbroken wilderness, I called on Gen. Cass to ask his advice and council. He kindly invited me to his home, where, for two days, I enjoyed the hospitalities of his fireside; and, with maps in hand, and a thorough knowledge of the country, the best sections of land were pointed out to me; and I finally made a purchase within a short distance of this village. I am now in my old age, surrounded with wealth and comfort, and have always said that, should it ever be in my power to reciprocate the kindness from one who, by his advice, placed me in the position I now am, I should do it; and now myself and five sons intend casting our votes for the old pioneer of the West. I know him to be a man fitted for the office, and had I the casting vote, it should be given to Lewis Cass." Such, friends, is the evidence we daily have of what his neighbors think of him.

German Whig Meetings.

We see bills posted up at the street corners for German whig meetings in this city. A German whig is a *rara avis in terris!* Thank God! there are but very few of our German fellow citizens, who are willing to affiliate with Federalism or its twin brother Nativism. They are Democrats, almost to a man; and are zealous in their support of Cass and BUTLER. The few Germans who are working for Federal Nativism, are a purchased and paid Swiss band, without the slightest claim to moral or political honesty. They are a dishonor and a disgrace to the German name.

Democratic Meeting on Saturday Night.

ANOTHER GLORIOUS RALLY!

The Democracy had another enthusiastic meeting at McAnulty's Warehouse, on Saturday night. Notwithstanding the weather was exceedingly inclement, the ring out of the Spartan band was very large. The right spirit prevailed amongst the people—the Democratic fire burned brighter than ever—the Democratic heart beat warmer and quicker—the Democratic masses have resolved that Pennsylvania shall be redeemed!

The meeting was addressed by H. UHLSTATTER, Esq., of New Lisbon, in the German language, in a very effective and argumentative speech, which was frequently applauded by the German Democracy present.

The Hon. W. W. Irwin, formerly a Whig member of Congress from this district, and recently Minister to Denmark, openly renounced all allegiance to Whiggery; and, in an eloquent and powerful speech, stated his reasons for advocating the election of Cass and Butler. He spoke the truth boldly and fearlessly, and was warmly applauded by the thousands present.

The meeting was also addressed by Messrs. Shaler, McCandless and Howard, in their usual eloquent and argumentative style. We regret that we have not room to allude to the remarks of the speakers more at length.

The meeting adjourned to assembled again at the same place, this evening, after giving a hearty round of cheers for Cass and Butler.

The Democratic Vote.

We were perfectly satisfied, upon seeing the result in several counties of this State, at the election in October, that there was a much smaller vote, polled by the Democratic party of the State, than it was our privilege and our duty to have polled. A friend of ours, who has the time to devote to such examinations, determined that he would be satisfied as to the number of voters who absented themselves from the polls on that day; or, at least, that he would pretty nearly approximate the number. He, therefore, carefully compared the returns for October, 1848, with those of 1844, noting the difference between this vote and that; and proceeding to ascertain, according to the rules laid down by Mr. Charles Gibbons (a Whig,) for governing similar cases, the natural increase in the vote, &c.

From this examination and comparison, it appears that there has been a Democratic gain, upon the vote of 1844, in 28 counties, of..... 6691
Democratic loss, in 30 counties, of..... 6705

Clear Democratic loss..... 14
There is a deficiency, according to the rule mentioned, in 48 counties, of..... 19,856

Making a total Democratic deficiency of..... 19,870
There has been, in 10 counties, a Democratic excess of..... 1399

Which would make a total for Democratic absentees, of..... 18,471
From this deduct the "Whig" absentees..... 3,228

And we have what may be fairly assumed as the number of Democratic voters absent on the 10th of October..... 15,243
And if we add to this number, the Liberty votes, cast for Johnston, but which will now be cast for Van Buren..... 3,328
We have a majority against the "Whigs" of..... 18,571

In order to show that this estimate has been based upon calculations which seem to be fair, we submit, also, the state of the "Whig" vote, as recorded, together with the increase, &c.

In 32 counties, the "Whig" gain has been..10,514
In 25 counties, their loss has been..... 3,002

Clear "Whig" gain..... 7,451
Then there is a "Whig" deficiency, in 45 counties, of..... 13,983

The "Whig" gain subtracted from which shows a "Whig" deficiency of..... 6,532
And if from this be taken the "Whig" excess, in 13 counties, of..... 3,304

We find the total number of "Whig" absentees to be..... 3,228
As before subtracted from the number of Democratic absentees. It is assumed that the total vote of the State has been upwards of 300,000; and that the increase has been shared equally by the Federal and Democratic parties.

From these premises, we conclude, (and we think there is abundant ground for hope derived from this conclusion,) that, if the Democratic voters of this State shall rally in their strength to-morrow, the vote of the State will be given to LEWIS CASS and WILLIAM O. BUTLER, by a majority of not less than *fifteen thousand*. And we are confident that this can be done, against the united vote of all the factionists in the State.

Gen. Cass and Improvements.

The contemptible demagogues who pretend to oppose Gen. Cass because of his alleged opposition to the improvement of Western Lakes and Harbors, had better consult the documentary history of their country, during the administration of Gen. Jackson; and they will find, that some of his ablest reports as Secretary of War, were made upon this subject. But, we can scarcely believe, that any man of ordinary intelligence and information is ignorant of the fact; and therefore, we cannot think that his leading opponents are honest.

☞ THOSE INTERESTED in ascertaining the distance to and quality of the Coal under the surface, will place call at the store of Mr. F. R. DRAVO, in the Diamond, this week, and subscribe towards Boring, as suitable men can now be had for the purpose. nov3d

☞ **U. S. District Court.**—The United States District Court will meet every day, until the election, from 10 to 1 o'clock. Persons wishing to be naturalized had better see to it in time.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
October 19, 1848.

☞ An election for thirteen Directors of this Bank, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on Monday, the twentieth day of November next.
JOHN SNYDER, Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
October, 21st, 1848.

☞ An election for thirteen Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House on Monday, November 20th, 1848, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.
THOMAS M. HOVE, Cashier.

MERCHANT'S AND MANUFACTURER'S BANK,
October 20, 1848.

☞ An election for thirteen Directors of this Bank, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on Monday, the 20th day of November next.
W. H. DENNY, Cashier.

☞ Consumption is a disease which is carrying its victims to the tomb by thousands, without being arrested in its progress by the medicines in common use at the present time. But a brighter day is coming, and has come—as to successfully arrest this disease. DR. ROGERS'S LIVERWORT AND TAR, not only gives immediate relief in COUGHS and COLDS, but from the testimony of men of the highest standing here and elsewhere, it is making some very remarkable cures of CONSUMPTION. Improvements in the treatment of diseases are onward and nothing can arrest its swift in the present age. Those who are afflicted with *diseased Lungs* would do well to call on KNEELAND & HARDER, Grant st., one door below Second st., the agents, and see the certificates of Dr. Wm. J. Richards, Judge Wm. Burke, the wife of the Rev. Geo. W. Maley, and of Dr. Hiram Conlee Professor in the Eclectic Medical College of Cincinnati. nov3

☞ INDIGESTION AND LOSS OF APPETITE.—Its the greatest folly in the world, for people to be ever complaining of Indigestion and loss of Appetite, when the remedy is so easy of attainment. Every mail comes fraught with testimonials of the extraordinary efficacy of *Dickener's Sugar-coated Vegetable Purgative Pills*, in the various diseases which originate in a disordered state of the bowels. Many Ministers of the Gospel, Professors and Students in our Universities, Artisans, and numerous others who lead sedentary lives, have experienced their beneficial effects, and are constantly volunteering their testimony in its favor. In fact, the number of recommendatory letters has accumulated so rapidly of late, that, if it was necessary to answer them all, Dr. Dickener would be compelled to employ a special annunciator for that purpose. They all, however, concur in one opinion, to wit: That the Dickener Pill is the most agreeable remedy they have ever tried, and the only one among many which they can use with a certainty of relief, and without any aggravating symptoms. At this season of the year, especially, it is highly important to keep the bowels in a healthy condition, in order to avoid, or ameliorate at least, the numerous ailments which are induced by sudden changes in the weather.

☞ Sold by WM. JACKSON, Gen. Agent,
69 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
[For list of Agents, see advertisement.]

LOCAL MATTERS.

QUARTER SESSIONS—*Friday, Nov. 3.*—In the case of Samuel Herring, indicted for Perjury, the jury returned a verdict of "Not Guilty," and the prosecutor, Levi B. Annis, to pay the costs. This is as much as to decide that the prosecution was malicious.

Commonwealth vs. James Burns and Samuel Cook. Indictment, "Conspiracy, and obtaining goods on false pretences." Burns was brought out of prison, but Cook was off, having been released on bail some weeks ago. The prosecutor was a stranger in this city, and permitted himself to "become acquainted" with Burns and Cook, in Davis' Auction Store. They asked him to go out and drink, which request he was silly enough to comply with. While out, Burns and Cook managed, by means of balls—the new swindling instruments—to get all the money the stranger had. Mr. Kenny addressed the jury in behalf of the defendant, Burns; Mr. Shaler for the Commonwealth. The verdict of the jury was,—"Guilty of obtaining money on false pretences."

Saturday, Nov. 4.—Commonwealth vs. G. W. Fries. Indictment, "Larceny." Plea, "Not Guilty." Prosecutor, Mr. Dunbar, of Wilkins township. For Commonwealth, Mr. Magraw; for Defence, Mr. Darragh. The prosecuting witness stated that he had a horse stolen from him, on Tuesday, August—th, from the stable of Mrs. Kaupman, Diamond. The same horse was found in possession of the defendant, a few days after. The defendant proved an *alibi* very clearly, and was acquitted. The defendant is a boy about twelve years of age, very sprightly and intelligent. His parents are respectable.

Some other unimportant cases were disposed of. The Court then adjourned till Wednesday, after the election.

A SCENE IN COURT.—A "voucher" for a man, who applied for Naturalization papers, on Saturday, was checked just in time to prevent a perjury on his part. The affidavit was filled up, as is customary, and the oath was about to be administered, when Judge Patton required the ages of the parties. *The "voucher" was about twenty-five years younger than the applicant!* The Court rebuked them both severely for the gross and outrageous act.

—The *blunder* occurred in the Commissioner's Office, where the affidavit was prepared. The "voucher" declared that he did not know what was in it. He thought he was going to swear that the old gentleman had been in this country ten years, instead of declaring that he came over before he was eighteen.

CAUGHT IN THE RIGHT PLACE.—On Saturday, a girl visited Norton's cell, in the jail, for the purpose of leaving him his washed clothes. It being intimated by an officer that a warrant was out for her, and that a True Bill had been returned against her by the Grand Jury, the jailor locked her up; and she will be very likely to stand her trial. As the offence charged is one of great enormity,—that of seducing away a young girl for the purpose of prostitution,—it is hoped that, if really guilty, she may get the extent of the law.

BURGLARY.—On Friday night, the Iron City Hotel was entered by some of *the* gang of Burglars now in the city, who divested some of the boarders of sundry movable valuables. Nothing has been heard of them; and it is generally believed that they will escape.

Another.—The Mansion House, Liberty street, was entered on Friday night, and a trunk taken from a lodger. It was found next day near the new Basin, minus its contents.

DISGRACEFUL CONDUCT.—On Saturday evening last a set of drunken rowdies collected in the neighborhood of the Rolling Mill, in Allegheny city, one of whom threw a stone through a window of the house occupied by Mrs. Wilson, which frightened one of the children so terribly that its life is despaired of. It is a pity that the Police of that city cannot succeed in breaking up the band of disorderly persons who infest that neighborhood, and disturb the peace and quiet of the citizens with their midnight orgies.

A FISH STORY.—That old offender, David Lane, was arrested on Friday night, on the charge of stealing about fifteen dollars worth of fish, from the market. While in the Tombs, a man named Hunter called to see him. He was at once recognized as an accomplice, and the Captain of the Watch locked him up. In the morning, the whole affair was investigated, and the result was that both were committed.

GUARD AGAINST FIRES.—Now is the time to guard property from fires. The season for accidental fires is upon us; and it is believed—it is known—that there is a band of incendiaries about. It will be better to apply the arts of prevention now, than to delay till after an immense number of buildings are burned down.

BODY FOUND.—The body of Mr. George Brooks, who was drowned off the steamer Dispatch, some three weeks ago, was found on Saturday morning, at Dam No. 2, on the Monongahela. He was taken to Allegheny city, where his family resides.

☞ The Clerks of the Courts were busy on Saturday, making citizens. Both of the great political parties were busy; and we heard of one Free Soiler who got out his papers.

WATCH FOUND.—Officer Scott found a silver watch in the Mayor's office. It is supposed to have been stolen.

A CRASH.—The seats in Howes' Circus came down, on Saturday night, with a crash. One woman was badly injured, and a large number slightly hurt.

☞ We understand that Howes' Circus is to winter in this neighborhood. We observe that they offer some wagons and horses for sale.

☞ Dan Marble certainly appears to-night.

☞ Goodson & Clark, of Bellevue, Ohio, November 23d, 1846, sent a letter to Dr. G. C. Vaughn, the proprietor of the celebrated Lithontripitic Mixture, the Great American Remedy, with a statement that in the vicinity of Ohio where they do business, the article has had unprecedented sales. Nothing like it has ever appeared. People resort to it for all complaints, and its effect is always good. Old cases, which have baffled the skill of medical men, have yielded to it, and the faculty are now using it in their practice. A large number of medical men are agents for its sale—a strong proof of the great virtues of the article. Call on Agents, in our paper, whose names are to be found under Great American Remedy, and get a Pamphlet.

Agents in Pittsburgh, HAYS & BROCKWAY, No. 2 Liberty st., near Canal Basin. jy14

☞ WISTER'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS are a safe, easy, and certain cure for Colds and Coughs; because they carry off, by the stomach and bowels, those morbid humors, which, if deposited upon the lungs, are the cause of the above dangerous complaints. A single twenty-five cent box of said Indian Vegetable Pills is generally sufficient to make a perfect cure of the most obstinate Cold—at the same time the digestion is improved, and the blood so completely purified, that new life and vigor is given to the frame.

Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations.—Remember that the Original and Only Genuine Indian Vegetable Pills have the written signature of WILLIAM WISTER on the top label of each box.

Remember, also, that Messrs. Feuchtwanger & Co., of New York; Jas. S. Glover & Co., at Cincinnati; and J. B. Wilder & Co., of Louisville, are our agents for this medicine, and we cannot guarantee the genuineness of that offered by them for sale.

Thegenuine is for sale at Dr. Wright's Principal Office, 169 Race street, Philadelphia; and by JOHN THOMPSON, 156 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., who is sole agent for this city, by whom dealers can be supplied at the whole sale rate. nov3

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

C. S. POSTER, ... Manager and Lessee.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:
Private boxes ..... $5.00. | Single tickets ..... 75c.
Dress Circle ..... 50c. | Second Tier ..... 35. | Pit ..... 25c.
Gallery ..... 20c. | Private Boxes ..... $1.00.

Mr. D. MARBLE has arrived, and will appear this (Monday) evening, Nov 6, when will be acted the

FOREST ROSE.
Jonathan Ploughboy ..... Mr. Marble.
To which will be added the

BACKWOODSMAN.
Hardhead, Mr. D. Marble. | Merville ..... Mr. Archer.
Clara ..... Miss Porter. | Mabel ..... Mrs. Frion.
Maria ..... Miss Cruise.
Pas de Deux ..... Miss Walters and Mr. Goodwin.
To conclude with

PETER WHITE.
Peter White ..... Mr. Dunn.
Mrs. Peter White ..... Miss Cruise.

☞ Doors open at 7; Curtain will rise at 7½ o'clock.

News by Telegraph!

Reported for the Morning Post.

FURTHER FROM EUROPE.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.

Up to the latest moment nothing new has been received from Ireland.

HAVRE, Oct. 17.—A mob collected to prevent the Potatoes from being shipped. The National Guards were called out. In the conflict fourteen were wounded.

Markets—No further change.

Proceedings in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4—10 P. M.

The Democrats had an immense Torch Light Procession last night. It was attacked by the Whigs, and a fight occurred, in which a Whig named Alfred Coleman was killed.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4—6 P. M.

Flour—The foreign news has produced a better feeling in the market. We note sales of good brands at $5,43; the sales, however, were moderate.

Grain—The market for Wheat is dull. Sales of Red at $1,13. The sales of Corn to-day include 1450 bu. Prime Yellow at 62c.

Corn Meal—Sales to a fair extent at $3,00@3,12 ⅌ bush.

Provisions—The market for Pork is firm, and prices have advanced. Sales of Mess at $12,50, to the extent of 150 bbls.

Whiskey dull, and prices nominal.

Cotton—Prices have declined ¼c. since the receipt of the steamer's news.

Groceries—There is an increased demand for Coffee. The unfavorable weather has checked operations in Sugar to-day. There is active demand for Molasses.

Fruit—The supply of Apples is small, but adequate to the demand. Prices are firm.

Dried Fruit—Sales of 100 sacks Dried Apples (new crop) at 62½c. ⅌ bushel. Sales of 150 sacks Dried Peaches at $1,50 ⅌ bu.

Seeds—Sales of Clover Seed at $3,68@3,75 ⅌ bu. There is very little doing in Seeds at this time.

The Money Market is easier.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4—6 P. M.

Flour—The market is firm, with a good eastern and home demand, and some shipping inquiry. The sales to-day have been to a fair extent, including 4,000 bbls. of Genesee at $5,50, an advance; and sales of 1,500 bbls. Western at $5,25@5,31.

Grain—The demand for Wheat is good, but transactions are not large. The sales to-day include Prime White at $1,18@1,24. Sales of Prime Red at $1,08@1,12. Corn—The sales to-day include 4,000 bu. Prime White at 68c. Sales of 3,000 bu. Mixed at 69c.

Provisions—There is some inquiry for Pork, but holders are asking higher prices than buyers are willing to give.

Whiskey—The demand is fair, but prices are unchanged.

Cotton—The foreign news has unsettled the market, and correct quotations cannot be given.

Corn Meal—Sales in a regular way at $3,25@3,31 ⅌ bbl.

There is no change in other articles usually spoken of in the market.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 4—6 P. M.

Flour—The foreign news has produced no change in the market. The market is steady, but not active. In prices there is no quotable change from previous quotations. The demand is confined to small lots for city consumption and eastern demand.

Grain—The foreign news has as yet had no effect, excepting to check business. Holders of Wheat are asking previous prices. Small sales of Prime Red at $1,03@1,08; Prime White, for family use, at $1,15@1,22; not so choice, $1,10@1,16. There is a fair demand for shipment. The receipts for the week have been light. Corn—The sales include Prime Yellow at 65@66c. Sales of Prime White at 56@58c. for old; sales of new White at 52@54c.; sales of Yellow at 55@60c.

Provisions are without change. We omit quotations.

DAMAGED CAR GO OF MERCHANDIZE—A great variety of which are Woolen, Silk and Cotton Goods, with Clothing, Boots and Shoes, and some Hardware, Cutlery, Groceries, China and Queensware, Tin Ware, &c., &c.; AT AUCTION, on account of Underwriters, terms cash, per funds. Will be sold, on account of underwriters, at McKenna's Auction Rooms, No. 113 Wood street, three doors from Fifth, on Monday next, November 6th, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and continuing from day to day until all are disposed of, part of a cargo of merchandize, comprising woolen, silk and cotton goods