The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH,
FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 27, 1848.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

LEWIS CASS,

OF MICHIGAN.

☞ "Having full confidence in your abilities and republican principles, I invited you to my cabinet; and I can never forget with what discretion and talents you filled those great and delicate questions which were thought before you. Whilst you presided over the Department of War, which entitled you to my thanks and will ever be recollected with the most lively feelings of friendship by me.

"But whatever endeared you to every true American, was the noble stand which you took, as our minister at Paris, against the Quintuple Treaty; and which, by your talents, energy and fearless responsibility, defeated its rendezion by France, a treaty intended by Great Britain to change our international laws, make her mistress of the seas, and destroy the national independence, not only of our country, but of all Europe, and enable her to become the tyrant on every ocean."—*General Jackson's letter to General Cass.*

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

WM. O. BUTLER,

OF KENTUCKY.

☞ "BUTLER and his five sons" was a favorite toast with Washington, and Gen. WILLIAM O. BUTLER is one of them. The Butlers have fought on every field from Bunker Hill to Monterey, and there is a tower of strength in the very name.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
WILLIAM BIGLER, of Clearfield.
DAVID D. WAGENER, of Northampton.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

I.	HENRY L. BENNER, Philadelphia	County.
II.	HORN R. KREMP do	City.
III.	ISAAC SHEPPARD, do	County.
IV.	A. L. ROUTZAHN, do	do
V.	JACOB S. YOST, Montgomery	do
VI.	ROBERT E. WEIMER, Lehigh	do
VII.	WILLIAM W. DOWNING, Chester	do
VIII.	HENRY HALDEMAN, Lancaster	do
IX.	PETER KLINE, Berks	do
X.	BERNARD B. SCHOONOVER, Monroe	do
XI.	WM. SWETLAND, Wyoming	do
XII.	JONAS BASWITH, Tioga	do
XIII.	JOHN C. KING, Clinton	do
XIV.	JOHN WEIRMAN, Lebanon	do
XV.	ROBERT L. FRENCH, York	do
XVI.	FREDERICK SMITH, Franklin	do
XVII.	JOHN CRISWELL, Huntingdon	do
XVIII.	ELIJAH H. BLAIR, Oregon	do
XIX.	GEORGE W. BOWMAN, Bedford	do
XX.	JOHN H. SHANNON, Beaver	do
XXI.	GEORGE P. HARRISON, Allegheny	do
XXII.	W. H. DAVIS, Crawford	do
XXIII.	TIMOTHY IVES, Potter	do
XXIV.	JAMES G. CAMPBELL, Butler	do

Morning Post Job Printing Office.

CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS.

☞ Having added to our Establishment a splendid Steam-Power Printing Machine, we are prepared to do all kinds of Newspaper and Book work in a style of unsurpassed beauty and neatness, and upon the most reasonable terms. We respectfully solicit the patronage of the public in this line of our business.

☞ E. W. CARR, United States Newspaper Agency Cor. Buildings, N. E. corner of Third and Dock streets, and 400 North Fourth street—is our only authorised Agent in Philadelphia.

☞ *Advertisers are requested to hand in their favors before 4 o'clock, P. M. This must be complied with, in order to insure their an insertion. When it is possible, an earlier hour would be preferred.*

THE OLD WIG-WAM!!—DEMOCRATIC HEAD-QUARTERS!—The St. Clair House, (formerly the Washington Coffee House), will be open every evening, at 6 o'clock, ensuing the Presidential Election. Democratic News papers, Documents, Speeches, &c., &c., will always be found upon the tables. The Democrats generally, and the Workingmen particularly, are invited to honor the Old Wigwam with their presence. oct13

Grand Rally of the Democracy!

CASS, BUTLER AND DEMOCRACY!!!

THE Democrats of the two Cities, and County of Allegheny, will meet on SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 28, at 7 o'clock, P. M., at McANULTY'S WARE HOUSE, East side of the Canal, on Penn street.

Pennsylvania must be Redeemed! Rally from every Ward and District!

The meeting will be addressed by Messrs. Charles Shaler, Wilson McCandless, Col. Samuel W. Black, G. P. Hamilton, Andrew Burke and W. W. Irwin. Other Democratic Speakers, from a distance, will address the meeting.

COME ONE, COME ALL.

Be Particular about Tickets.

We would recommend to our friends in the several counties of this State, the propriety of paying particular attention to their tickets. We have seen the name of Mr. Roumfort, of Philadelphia county, (one of the Democratic Electors of President,) printed *Augustin* L. Roumfort. It should be AUGUSTUS L. ROUMFORT.

The Friends of Gen. Taylor.

It is very evident that the sympathies of Gen. Taylor are not with the Democratic party; but this circumstance cannot make any difference in the course of that party towards him. They have done by and for him as they have done for every man, who has aided in elevating the civil or military character of our country. They have been willing at all times to do him justice, and to see that justice is done to him by others; and therefore were not willing to hear him traduced, to favor one who was once a greater favorite; any more than they were willing to deny to that especial favorite the merit of long and faithful service—even though they considered him lacking in that true magnanimity which ever marks the character of the most distinguished chieftains. But, while the Democratic party has not been disposed to do, or to permit to be done, injustice to a faithful public servant, there has been no occasion, there never can be one—when that party were under the necessity of fawning upon or courting any man. He who has gained its support, has first *commanded* its respect, by at least the *apparent* devotion with which he has sustained the great measures of government contended for by them; and in proportion to the zeal with which he has sustained their measures, and the confidence he has manifested in them, has been the ardor with which they have supported him. So far as it respects the just action of our party it, has been singularly uniform in this particular; and every feature of Democratic government must become obliterated, before a contrary state of things shall prevail. The Democratic party has long since proved, that it dares to be just, and even magnanimous, to its most vile opponents, and the *enemies* of their country; and it can therefore bear to be charged, *by those enemies* with *abusing* those who have rendered distinguished services to their country and whom they have defended against the attacks of those now claiming to be *exclusive friends*.

It may be *abuse* of a man, known to be honest, to point out in the community, scoundrels who have tried, by false testimony or otherwise, to prove him a rogue: It may be *abuse* of a scrupulously moral man to show up, in their proper light, the blackguards who have sought to defame him, and bring him down to their own vile level: it may be *abuse* of a distinguished and devoted public servant, while defending him in his position under the government, to show who they are, who have held him up to the world as as a worse than savage monster, a hired assassin, and a mercenary cut-throat; and who have, in almost every way, shown that they hate him, *because* he was serving his country. If the man, or he party, occupying either of these laudable positions, can be truly said to be *abusing* those whom they are in fact defending against their enemies, then may we, and the Democratic part, be justly charged with having abused, and continuing to abuse Gen. Taylor. We have placed before the country the saying respecting him of the sympathisers with England, and the "apologists of Mexico;" we have shown that all those, from whom such sayings emanated, are, and have been, the opposers of their country, while he was defending it, and we think, therefore, that we have clearly established the propriety, of applying to their course no other or milder expression, than that of political scoundrelism.

Federal Abuse of Gen. Taylor.

It can scarcely be expected of Federal editors that they will cease to abuse Gen. Cass, when it is recollected how immensely they have reviled Gen. Taylor, who is now their candidate for the Presidency. Indeed, villainy is the natural element of Federalism; and it is, therefore, not to be wondered at, that they should abuse all those, who have been eminently useful or distinguished, in connection with the government—especially if not fully committed to their odious doctrines, which is a rare occurrence. The last slander of Gen. Cass that we have seen, is to the effect that he refused to let a decent farmer sit in a stage, on the same seat with himself. This infamous lie is circulated in the Gazette, edited by one who, we are told, makes pretensions to piety. This is a very likely story, to be told of the man who was one of that band who volunteered to defend the northwestern frontier, in 1812, and endured all the hardships of that campaign, where there were no roads, where the army was compelled for several succeeding nights to pile logs together, in order to keep the blankets on which they slept, out of the water; and who for several days subsisted on green corn alone! This is a probable story, to be told of a pioneer of the west, who travelled on foot across the Alleghenies, in order to make himself a home in the West. This is a very probable story, to be told of the man who did more to improve the character of the population of Michigan, whom he found there, than any other man probably could have done. But it is in perfect keeping with the character of the man who knew all about the *facts* connected with the publication of "Presbyterian Tract, No. 1?" and who, when closely pressed to offer a single iota of proof of what he had said in relation to that matter, was forced to admit he had uttered that which was untrue. It is in perfect keeping with the manner in which the Federal party spoke of Gen. Taylor, before he became their candidate for the Presidency. Witness the following:—

In 1840, one of more than 100 reasons why Gen. Harrison should be chosen President, was—

"Because, in the operation of the Florida war, a war waged by one of the most powerful of civilized nations, against a tribe of ignorant and defenceless savages, from its first act to its last, that of employing Blood Hounds, we have witnessed A SCENE OF BRUTALITY and inefficiency, which STAMPS THE CHARACTER OF ITS CONDUCTORS with every feature in which an intelligent people may justly look upon its rulers WITH CONTEMPT."

Gen. Taylor *recommended* the use of bloodhounds in the Florida war; he was also one of its conductors; and, consequently, when not a "Whig" candidate, *he was a brute!*

In 1847, the Federal Legislature of Massachusetts said—

"*The war is a crime, and all who have partaken in its well fought fields have aided in its perpetration.*"

Gen. Taylor *aided* in conducting the war with Mexico, and recommended that march which Mr. Clay said led to the war. But he was not then a Federal candidate. *He was a criminal!*

Webster said "that all laurels won in this war, were soiled and dishonored!"

Corwin wished "the Mexicans to give Taylor and his troops HOSPITABLE GRAVES WITH BLOODY HANDS!"

Chandler said, that "Taylor ought to have been cashiered for the capitulation of Monterey!"

Greeley shouted—"I accused he this infamous war!"

Prentice called it a "war against God!"

The Portsmouth (Ohio) Clipper said—"We cannot support a HALF WHIG AND HALF PUPPY for any office, much less the office of Chief Magistrate of this great nation!"

The New Hampshire Independent, a whig paper, said:

"He [Taylor] raises slaves for the market, and makes merchandise of his fellow-men. He has one mulatto mother with six or eight children, for sale in the shambles. He furnishes creole virgins for the HELLS of New Orleans."

The Trenton (N. J.) News, a rank whig paper, said:

"What other claims has Gen. Taylor upon his countrymen, save those growing out of this very murderous, and blieving war?"

The Lebanon Star, another Federal "Whig" concern, says:

"He [Taylor] is emphatically A MAN OF BLOOD—an executioner in infamous WARS—AN IGNORAMUS IN STATE AFFAIRS, and fit only for the station he occupies."

And (says the Boston Whig,) he is—

"A man whose trade has been war—hunting runaway slaves, and the execution of fetters, and butchering the poor Seminoles, because they barbored the fugitives; *and waging the slave driver's war upon the poor, starving Mexicans: doing it all, we admit, in obedience to orders, doing it ably, but doing it VOLUNTARILY—and none the less infernal because legal.*"

And the Xenia (Ohio) Torch Light asks—

"What is there about Gen. Taylor that should induce the peaceable quiet and order-loving people of the United States to prefer him to any other man in the country? *They know him to be a most adroit SKULL BREAKER, THROAT CUTTER, HOUSE BURNER, and WOMAN and CHILD SLAYER—or rather, that under his direction and supervision, these things are done by scientifically and according to the usages of war.* Beyond this they know nothing of him whatever."

This is the manner in which the Federal editors and orators, almost uniformly, spoke of Gen. Taylor, previous to his becoming the candidate of their party for the Presidency; and now, when we lay before the people the exact language which they have used, in order to show their hypocrisy, the lying rascals try to make it appear, that we are abusing him. But this is precisely similar to that course which they have uniformly pursued, with reference to every man who has served his country faithfully; and in relation to every important measure that has been proposed, calculated to benefit the mass of the People.

Something for Bragging Whigs.

The Nashville Union contains the following proposition for a bet—$100 that Taylor will not carry his own parish, $100 that he will not carry his own State; $200 that Cass will carry his own town; $200 that he will carry his own State. A like amount on Cass' carrying Tenn., and a like amount on the Union.

In another number of the Union we find the following chance for the bragging whigs to invest a little of their loose change:

We are requested by a gentleman of this city to state that he wishes to invest THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS, as follows:

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS that General Cass will receive the electoral vote of Pennsylvania.

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS that General Cass will receive the electoral vote of Ohio.

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS that General Cass will be elected President of the United States at the ensuing election: the whole to be taken together.

The name of the gentleman wishing to make this investment can be learnt by inquiring at this office.

Similar offers have been made through the columns of the Ohio Statesman, but the Columbus whigs were *too moral (?)* to engage in such a business.

We may here mention the fact, that a gentleman from a neighboring county was in this city lately, and remained several days for the express purpose of testing the sincerity of the whig braggers. He had $1000 to risk upon the election for Cass and Butler, but the whigs were to conscientious to hazard any thing upon the Louisiana Slave-holder. Sensible men!

Facts to be Remembered.

Gen. Cass was called to the head of the War Department, by Gen. ANDREW JACKSON, and during the time, he negotiated TWENTY *one* treaties with the Indian tribes, and obtained from them, by honorable purchase, upwards of ONE HUNDRED MILLIONS OF ACRES OF LAND.—☞ Every foot of which is Free Soil!

☞ The Democratic Electoral Ticket is now printed, at the office of the Morning Post, and ready in packages for the different townships.

"He is never the apologist of the enemy) but is always found on the side of the Country!"

A noble tribute from a gallant veteran, to a brave officer, and an able and tried statesman. The following correspondence between the Hon. THOMAS SMITH, of Illinois, and the brave and magnanimous Gen. JESUP, (an officer whom the Federalists have not yet dared to reproach,) fully explains itself. We copy from the Washington Union:

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23, 1848.

SIR: A speech recently delivered by the Hon. Thomas Butler King, of Georgia, at Patterson, New Jersey, contains the following: "General Cass is the hero of Hull's surrender. Ordered away, by General Hull, before the attack upon Detroit by the British, General Cass received no intelligence of the disaster till he was summoned by a single British officer (fourteen miles from Detroit) to yield, and he did yield. With two or three regiments of men, Gen. Cass surrendered to a single British officer, fourteen miles from any other enemy. If General Hull committed treason is not Gen Cass a traitor? Yes; he is *an ass and a villain. He should have been tried and hung; he should have been tried and shot* at that very time."

Believing the above statements to be direct perversions of historic truth, and that they do great injustice not only to Gen. Cass, but to the other officers and men composing the detachment of troops referred to, and learning that you were the adjutant general of the army under the command of General Hull, which position gave you the best opportunity of knowing all the facts and circumstances connected with the sending out of the detachment and its surrender, I take the liberty of calling your attention to the subject, and of requesting information in regard to the situation of the detachment at the time of Hull's capitulation "whether it was not included therein, and, by the law of war, was not bound to surrender with the rest of the troops; who commanded it; what was Gen. Cass's position in connexion with it, and whether he was in any way guilty of anything unbecoming a brave and gallant officer? Though I name these specific points, I should be pleased to receive information on any others you may consider it necessary to notice, in order to give a correct history of the matter. I make the request as a sincere inquirer after truth; and it is proper to apprise you, that it is my intention, should you favor me with an answer, to have it published.

With respectful consideration, your obedient servant, ROBERT SMITH.

Major Gen. Thos. S. JESUP,
Washington city, D. C.

WASHINGTON CITY, Sept. 25, 1848.

SIR: I have received your letter, dated the 23d instant, calling my attention to certain charges said to have been made by the Hon. Thomas Butler King against General Cass, in a speech lately delivered by him at Paterson, New Jersey, in the following words, viz: "*Gen. Cass is the hero of Hull's surrender. Ordered away by General Hull before the attack upon Detroit by the British, General Cass received no intelligence of the disaster till he was summoned by a single British officer, fourteen miles from any other enemy.*" And in compliance with your request that I should give such information as I possess in regard to the situation of the detachment referred to by Mr. King, at the time of Hull's capitulation, "and the position of General Cass in relation to it, and whether the General was in any way guilty of anything unbecoming a brave and gallant officer," I have the honor to state, in reply, that the charges made by Mr. King relate to the surrender of a detachment by order of General Hull, on the 14th of August, 1812, to meet a convoy of prisoners, under the command of Captain Henry Brush, of Ohio, supposed then to be on the route from the river Raisin to the army at Detroit.

As the acting adjutant general of the army, I detailed that detachment, and, by the order of General Hull, placed Col. Cass (not Col. McArthur, as stated in the speech) in command of it. The General directed that the detachment should consist of one hundred and fifty men from Col. McArthur's, and the same number from Col. Cass's regiment, and a few mounted men were directed to accompany it. Before the detachment marched, a number of volunteers joined it from both regiments, so that the aggregate force when it left the camp was about four hundred men. Col. Cass was not a part of the detachment—he joined as a volunteer. When I understood that he desired to go, I objected to two colonels going with so small a detachment; but the service was considered by us all as extremely perilous. Colonel Cass claimed it as a right to share the danger with his men, and he was permitted by the General, not ordered, to accompany them.

On the 16th of August, General Hull surrendered the fort and army, by capitulation, to the British forces under the command of Major General Brock, and included Col. McArthur's detachment in the capitulation. The colonel had been ordered by express to return to Detroit, and he was within three or four miles of the fort, when he received intelligence of the surrender. He fall back about three miles to the river Huron, where he received the articles of capitulation, with an order from General Hull to surrender. The colonel was, I believe, bound in good faith to surrender; but whether he was or not, he was compelled to submit, for he had not a day's subsistence, nor a dozen rounds of ammunition for his command. He was a gallant soldier, and as patriotic a citizen as the country could boast; and he did all that was possible under the circumstances; but the surrender of the detachment whether right or wrong, he was responsible for it. Colonel (now General) Cass had no more to do with it, than the honorable gentleman who makes the charges against him.

From the foregoing statement, you perceive that there was not even a single regiment to surrender, nor was Col. Cass in command at the time and on the occasion referred to by Mr. King. That gentleman has been so unfortunate in the random statement of his facts, as not to have stumbled upon a single truth. The charge I have to utterly unfounded from beginning to end. There is nothing in the history of the country, written or unwritten, to justify any one of them in the smallest degree. As to Gen. Cass, I served with him in two campaigns, a part of the time under his orders, and attached to his brigade. I have seen him in situations and under circumstances that would test the courage of any man, and he never faltered; but always acted in accordance with the dictates of high courage and patriotism. Whatsoever may be the course of others, he is never the apologist of the enemy, but is always found on the side of the country.

I am, sir, with great respect, your obedient servt.
TH. S. JESUP.

Hon. ROBERT SMITH,
Washington City.

"Free Soil."

The Federal whigs are using every effort in their power to induce the "free soilers" to vote for Gen. Taylor, a man whose entire earthly possessions are composed of *slave soil* and *human beings*.

Federal Consistency.

The Protective Tariff whigs of the North are supporting a man for the Presidency, whose feelings, interests, associations, and every thing, are with the Free Trade policy. This they can't deny. Beautiful consistency!

Speak Out.

Will the supporters of Gen. Taylor be good enough to point out a single whig measure, in relation to which the General has expressed an opinion?

The Natives.

In all parts of the State, claim the election of Wm. F. Johnston as a Native victory. We presume they will now endeavor to have their 21 years probation bill passed, and also carry out their scheme to tax every emigrant $250, the moment he lands upon our shores.

Governor of Ohio Still in Doubt.

The Ohio Statesman, of Monday, says:—At this (Monday, October 23d,) hour, it is not yet certain who is elected Governor of Ohio. The whigs have been trying to crow over *Mum* Ford, but it is faint, doubtful, and backed by no confidence, as a strict canvass of the official vote may change the result, and they know it and *feel* it."

Keep it Before the People.

That Gen. Taylor has not yet resigned his commission in the army. He "never surrenders" a sinecure worth SEVEN THOUSAND AND NINETY-FIVE DOLLARS AND NINETY-SIX CENTS, when his chances for the Presidency are so extremely uncertain.

Blackwood's Magazine.

The American reprint of this able and very entertaining work, for October, is before us. It abounds in interest. It may be had of Morse, 85, Fourth st.

XII Congressional District.

	Wilmot.	Brewster.	Tracy.
Bradford,	4170	215	2590
Susquehanna,	2708	67	1192
Tioga,	1714	640	1023
	8597	915	4795

Wilmot re-elected, and Democratic majority 4717.

Further Attempts at Fraud.

As the Federalists make no pretension upon electing Gen. Taylor, unless there shall be division among the Democrats, they are holding out the idea that in the New England States, Ohio, Wisconsin, Iowa and Michigan, they intend to *drop their Slen ticket*, and vote the Free Soil ticket, with Martin Van Buren at its head. This idea is held out, with a view to encourage such Democrats as have joined that faction, to adhere to the position they have taken: for *they know*, that, excepting a few resolute abolitionists, not a man of their party, whatever may be his present professions, will vote against Taylor! The *professing* Democrat, therefore, who can, under such circumstances, adhere to the nomination of Martin Van Buren, is a traitor of the blackest dye: because, while professing to desire the triumph of political truth, he is directly aiding in the triumph of those who have been continually warring against every fundamental principle by which he professes to be governed.

Federal Villainy.

The Pottsville Emporium contains a number of affidavits of laboring men in Schuylkill county, who have been discharged from the work on which they were engaged, solely on account of having voted the Democratic ticket. Let our honest workingmen in this vicinity be on their guard. The would-be aristocrats here may try to overcome them by indirect bribes or threats; but no reliance is to be placed upon their word or any of their pledges. The *few* poor wretches whom they have already bought up here will find this out before the end of 1848.

The Vote for Governor in Ohio.

In the Ohio Statesman of the 23d, we find the vote in all the counties excepting nine. These returns, (says that paper,) are taken from the footings as returned to the Secretary's Office. We shall fill up our table when the whole returns are in. But we would apprise our readers that even they are not strictly to be relied upon, as some of them have been erroneously footed up. What effect it may produce we know not. Votes have been thrown out that may be finally counted in, and *vice versa*. The vote not less close than it has been in our own State

XXIII Congressional District.

The following is the vote for Congress in this district:

	Thompson.	Campbell.
Clarion	2160	1286
Erie	3045	3370
Warren	1128	908
Jefferson	905	703
Potter	619	253
M'Kean	414	357
Elk	226	149
	7509	7026
	7026	
	483 Thompson's maj.	

XXII Congressional District.

The following is the official result for Congress in this District:

	Howe, (Federal and Abolition, united.)	M'Farland, (Democrat.)
Crawford	2665	2674
Mercer	3821	3018
Venango	1023	1474
	7509	7166

It will be seen that Mr. Howe's majority is 343.—There were at least 1500 abolition votes given in the district, every one of which were given in his favor.

☞ **U. S. District Court.**—The United States District Court will meet every day, until the election, from 10 to 1 o'clock. Persons wishing to be naturalized had better see to it in time.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
October 19, 1848.

☞ An election for thirteen Directors of this Bank, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House on Monday, the twenteth day of November next.
JOHN SNYDER, Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
October 21, 1848.

☞ An election for thirteen Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House on Monday, November 20th, 1848, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.
THOMAS M. HOWE, Cashier.
oct22-dlw

MERCHANT'S AND MANUFACTURER'S BANK,
October 21, 1848.

☞ An election for thirteen Directors of this Bank, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on Monday, the 20th day of November next.
W. H. DENNY, Cashier.
oct23-td

SIXTH WARD MEETING.—The Democratic citizens of the Sixth Ward will meet at the house of Henry Rea, on Friday evening next, at 7 o'clock, to make the arrangements to attend the Mass Meeting, on Saturday evening.
BY ORDER OF THE COMMITTEE.

☞ FEVERFUGE, OR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE.—Wright' Indian Vegetable Pills are confidently recommended as certain cure for Erysipelas, because they purge from the body those poisonous humors which are the cause of St. Anthony's Fire and every other malady. From four to six of said Indian Vegetable Pills, taken once in twenty-four hours, at night on going to bed, will in a short time make a perfect cure of the most obstinate attack of Erysipelas, at the same time the digestion will be improved, and the blood so completely purified that all kinds of inflammation and pain will be driven from the body, and health and vigor will be given to the whole frame.

Beware! Counterfeits and Imitations.—Remember that the Original and Only Genuine Indian Vegetable Pills have the written signature of WILLIAM WRIGHT on the top label of each box.

Remember, also, that Messrs. Fenchtwanger & Co., of New York; Jas. S. Glascoe & Co., at Cincinnati; and J. B. Wilder & Co., of Louisville, are now the agents for this medicine, and we cannot guarantee the genuineness of that offered by them for sale.

The genuine is for sale at Dr. Wright's Principal Office, 168 Race street, Philadelphia, and by JOHN THOMPSON, 156 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., who is sole agent for this city, by whom dealers can be supplied at the wholesale rate. oct20

☞ Consumption is a disease which is carrying its victims to the tomb by thousands, without being arrested in its progress by the medicines in common use at the present time. But a brighter day is coming, and has come—as to successfully arrest this disease. DR. ROGERS LIVERWORT AND TAR, not only gives immediate relief in COUGHS and COLDS, but from the testimony of men of the highest standing here and elsewhere, it is making some of the most remarkable cures of CONSUMPTION. Improvements in the treatment of diseases are onward; and nothing can arrest its spirit in the present age. Those who are afflicted with *diseased Lungs* should do well to call on KNEELAND & HARDER, Grant st., one door below Second st., the agents, and see the testimonials of Dr. Wm. J. Richards, Judge Wm. Burke, the wife of the Rev. Geo. W. Maley, and of Dr. Hiram Corson, late Professor in the Eclectic Medical College of Cincinnati. sep23

☞ Goodson & Clark, of Bellevue, Ohio, November 22d, 1846, sent a letter to Dr. G. C. Vaughn, the proprietor of the celebrated Lithontriptic Mixture, the Great American Remedy, with a statement that in the vicinity of Ohio where they do business, the article has had unprecedented sales. Nothing like it has ever appeared. People resort to it for all complaints, and its effect is always good. Old cases, which have baffled the skill of medical men, have yielded to it, and the faculty are using it in their practice. A large number of medical men are agents for its sale—a strong proof of the great virtues of the article. Call on Agents, in our paper, whose names are to be found under Great American Remedy, and get a Pamphlet.

Agents in Pittsburgh, HAYS & BROCKWAY, No. 2 Liberty st., near Canal Basin. jy14

☞ THE PERVADING COLDS AND COLDS.—The speediest, most popular, and only generally admitted positive cure for coughs, colds, influenza, difficulty of breathing, hoarseness, soreness of the chest, tickling in the throat, &c., is Glickener's Sugar-coated Vegetable Purgative Pills. They afford almost immediate relief; and the most eminent of the faculty recommend them as exclusively in these diseases. To enhance their value, being coated with sugar, they have no taste whatever of medicine, so that a child can take them as easy as peppermint drops; and then again they produce not the slightest sensation of gripe or nausea. In short, they are so much superior to any other known medicine, that a single trial will make any person a patron of them for life; and so assured is the proprietor of this; and so confident in their never-failing virtues, that he will immediately return the money paid for them, in all cases where they do not give the most unlimited satisfaction.

☞ Sold by WM. JACKSON, Gen. Agent,
oct27 59 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
[For list of Agents see advertisement.]

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

C. S. FORTUNE, ... Manager and Lessee.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Private boxes ..... $5.00. | Single tickets ..... 75c.
Dress Circle ..... 50c. | Second Tier ..... 35. | Pit ..... 25c.
Gallery ..... 20c. | Private Boxes ..... $1.00.

☞ Mr. OWENS for a few nights more.

FRIDAY, October 27, will be acted a new Comedy, in one Act, called

POOR PILLICODDY.

Poor Pillicoddy, Mr. Owens. | Capt. O'Scuttle, Mr Prior.
Sarah Blunt ..... Miss Cruise.
Sarah Pas de Deux ..... Miss Walters and Mr. Godwin
To conclude with

A Glance at Philadelphia.

Jakey (one of the B'Hoys) ..... Mr. Owens
Peniken ..... Mr. J. Dunn
Liza, (one of the G'Hals) ..... Miss Anna Cruise.

☞ Doors open at 7; Curtain will rise at 7½ o'clock.

DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of A. D. & R. Patterson, has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent.

The business will be carried on at the old stand, in Diamond alley, by A. D. Patterson.
Oct. 26, '48. (oct27:1md) A. D. & R. PATTERSON.

LOCAL MATTERS.

QUARTER SESSIONS.—The Birmingham case occupied the forenoon of yesterday. The parties were all convicted, as they all right ought to have been, and sentenced to pay fines. If some of them were in prison a few months, we do not believe injustice would be done them.

Jim Bones was in a short time found guilty of stealing a pair of shoes. The Jury came in shortly after noon and Mr. Bones was seated in the box.—He was a picture of despair and desperation. His indicative countenance lowered upon the judges who sat before him. He heard the verdict with some emotion; and was then called up. "Have you any thing to say?" asked the Court. "The victim of a false world, and, as he declared, of false witnesses, made a characteristic speech. The language of ordinary men we might quote from memory; but we beg to be excused for not attempting even an outline of the remarks of this distinguished individual.

The sentence of the Court was one year in the Penitentiary.

The Penitentiary punishment was inflicted for the purpose of "healing" the convict. He has lived in the jail for years; it has been his only home—he is happy in no other place. To sentence him to the county prison would be but trifling with the intent of criminal law, and therefore, the more severe punishment of the State's prison was pronounced against him.

Another larceny case was taken up. A pair of shoes was stolen, and two negroes, John Marshall and Wm. Greenfield, were charged with the offence. Mr. McGowan who keeps a shoe store on Front st., was the prosecuting witness. Greenfield plead guilty; Marshall protested his innocence. The shoes were taken in daylight and while the proprietor was looking in. A bold piece of business. We did not hear the verdict.

The celebrated Virgin alley "ejectment" case was next taken up, and occupied the remainder of the session. All were negroes, and the lawyers grew very pathetic on the subject of the wrongs inflicted on the contending parties.

THE LIBERTY STREET GRADE.—Those interested in this matter have at length touched bottom. Heretofore all was uncertainty as to what was law and equity in relation to the question.

Yesterday an injunction was granted by the District Court—Judges Hepburn and Lowrie—against James Mackerel, who has commenced the work, under contract with the Street Committee. The following is a bird's eye view of the case: The City Charter requires that any Ordinance not recorded within thirty days after its passage, shall be void. A City Ordinance directs their Clerks to record all Ordinances within thirty days. In 1839 the grade of Liberty street was fixed. The Brewery of Mr. Hughes was built to that grade. On the 28th of last August, an Ordinance was passed, altering the grade, so as to make it seven feet lower. A Joint Resolution was passed Sept. 4th, directing the Clerks not to record said Ordinance. It was recorded on the 20th of same month, notwithstanding.—The decision of the Court was, that the Councils had a right to pass such a Resolution, and the Clerks were bound by it; and the fact that an Ordinance is recorded, contrary to such instructions, does not make it valid.

The Injunction was therefore issued, and the work must be stopped. C. O. Loomis, who appeared for the City, gave notice that at some future day he would make a motion to dissolve the injunction.—Messrs. Darragh and Williams appeared for Edward Hughes.

A CRASH!—At about 3 o'clock, on Wednesday afternoon last, the stack which the bricklayers were about finishing for the Allegheny Water Works, came down, and is now a heap of ruins. On Tuesday the workmen discovered that the stone work at the foundation was giving way, and on Wednesday morning certain evidences of a fall were perceived. So the workmen kept their distance, and fortunately awaited the event. At the time mentioned above the crash occurred, and thus destroyed the labor of many days. We believe no one was hurt. It is well that the imperfections of the foundation were discovered in good time, else several men would now be numbered among the dead. There is a grievous fault somewhere, but who is to blame we cannot tell.

MYSTERIOUS.—On Wednesday evening the Mayor and a number of officers were seen in a great "fusteration" on Wood street; they soon started up, and entered a fancy store, kept by very respectable people. After some moments' conversation, the parties canal, stopped on the bridge, and looked over as if in search of a canal boat, or some person on board one; then they crossed over to the U. S. Hotel, and again stopped to examine the boats. In a moment they turned down Penn, and walked on until they came to Irvin street, where they turned up and went off. Now, we want to know what all this means. There is something out or in.

☞ A store in the Sixth Ward was entered on Monday night, and robbed of a half keg of tobacco, some coppers, &c. &c. No one is suspected, and it is probable the thief will escape.

☞ We are informed by a whig, who knows, that we did not give the editor of the American his full share of official honors. He is, in addition to Seal-er of Weights and Measures, "*Greeter of the Hay Scales.*" Mr. B. possesses the requisite qualifications for the performance of the functions devolving upon him in this post, and we do not doubt he will render full satisfaction.

MAYOR'S OFFICE—*Thursday Morning.*—Three or four cases of drunkenness, and nothing more. They were disposed of in the usual way.

☞ Mr. John Smith, a German, of Allegheny city, was arrested and sent up on Wednesday, for whipping his wife.

☞ There was a row in Prospect street, on Wednesday night. A woman entered a disreputable house in that locality, for the purpose of snatching out her husband, when some of the inmates fell upon her, and beat her seriously.

Died—On Wednesday afternoon, 25th instant, at 5 o'clock, of disease of the heart, NANCY M., wife of James Crossan, aged 59 years.

The funeral will take place this afternoon, (27th) at 3 o'clock, from her family residence, Monongahela House; entrance on First street, and proceed to the Allegheny Cemetery. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

RALLY IN ALLEGHENY.—There will be a Mass Meeting of the Democracy of Allegheny City, at the Market-House, on Monday evening, Oct. 30, at 7 o'clock.

Come one, come all, and hear the Truth.

The meeting will be addressed by Messrs. McCandless, Burke, Shaler, Magraw, G. P. Hamilton, Mitchell, and Sawyer. oct27

Howe's & Co.'s Great United States' Circus

WILL PERFORM AT PITTSBURGH on *Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday*, 1, 2, 3 and 4 days of November, in front of the *American Hotel*, on Penn street.

The above Circus embraces the largest Troupe ever organized, consisting of the most distinguished and talented Equestrians and Artists, both male and female. In addition to this highly celebrated Company, is a troupe of SEVEN REAL BEDOUIN ARABS.

Whose performances have been the wonder and delight of all those who have witnessed their unapproachable acts. The public may be assured that these men are no "counterfeit presentiments," but the real uncivilized sons of the desert.

The great team of Camels, driven by two native Arabs. The great Egyptian Dragon Chariot, drawn by ten real SYRIAN CAMELS, two of which are white—the sacred Albino Camels—the first and only one ever imported.

A splendid representation of Queen Mab's Fairy Chariot, drawn by a stud of ten diminutive SHETLAND PONIES, driven in hand by Major STEVENS, the *Savoyard*, in conveyance of TEN JUVENILE EQUESTRIANS.

ADMITTANCE 25 cents; Children, under nine years, half price. Afternoon Performance at 1½ and 64 o'clock in the evening.

N. B.—Mr. Howe would hereby give notice that he will sell on Monday, November 6th, in front of the American Hotel, a number of Horses, Harness and Wagons, all in good condition for business. A good chance for a bargain. oct27:1w

Fresh Arrival at the Old Wood Street.

M. HODKINSON has just opened, from the past week, the largest assortment of French CHINA, ever offered in this city, consisting in part of—Fancy Plain, White, Gold Line and Gold Band Tea Sets; an extensive assortment of White, Fancy Blue and Lavery pool Iron Stone Ware, in Tea Sets or separate pieces, as may be required. Also, a beautiful assortment of Candelabras and Lamps, of the newest shapes and patterns, direct from the manufacturers.

Ladies would do well to give him a call, at
oct27 No. 118 Wood st., 3 doors below Fifth.

☞ Large Supply of New Goods!

W. R. MURPHY is now opening his second supply of Winter Goods, including a variety of shades of DRAB FRENCH MERINOS,
Scarlet, Cherry, and other high colored Merinos;
Brown do do
Also, PARMETTOS, of same colors; Alpacas, &c.

With many other desirable Goods, that are very scarce; all of which will be sold *very cheap*, at North-east corner of Fourth and Market streets. oct27

FOR SALE—A valuable Property of 26 feet front on Lacock street to 110 deep to an alley; having a new and complete brick house, well arranged, with hall and entrance, two parlors, piazza, dining room and kitchen, five chambers and garret, two cellars and finished room in basement; in good order—situated about 100 steps from Federal street and 300 from the Bridge. Price low, and terms accommodating.
S. CUTHBERT, Gen. Agent,
oct27 Smithfield street.

POSITIVE SALE, *by Auction, at McKenna's Auction Rooms, Three Scowls Building*, W