The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH: WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 28, 1848.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

LEWIS CASS,

OF MICHIGAN.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

WM. O. BUTLER,

OF KENTUCKY.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
WILLIAM ROLLER, of Clearfield.
DAVID D. WAGENER, of Northampton.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

I.	HENRY L. BENNER, Philadelphia	County.
II.	HORR R. KNEASS' do	City.
III.	ISAAC SHURE, do	County.
IV.	A. L. ROUSTOUT, do	do
V.	JACOB S. YOST, Montgomery	do
VI.	ROBERT E. WRIGHT, Lehigh	do
VII.	WILLIAM W. DOWNING, Chester	do
VIII.	HENRY HALDEMAN, Lancaster	do
IX.	PETER KLINE, Berks	do
X.	BERNARD S. SCHOOLOVER, Monroe	do
XI.	WM. SWETLAND, Wyoming	do
XII.	JONAS BEDWEER, Tioga	do
XIII.	JOHN C. KINO, Clinton	do
XIV.	JOHN WEIDMAN, Lebanon	do
XV.	ROBERT J. FOSTER, York	do
XVI.	FREDRICK SMITH, Franklin	do
XVII.	JOHN CRISWELL, Huntingdon	do
XVIII.	CHARLES A. BLACK, Greene	do
XIX.	GEORGE W. BOWMAN, Bedford	do
XX.	JOHN R. SHANNON, Beaver	do
XXI.	GEORGE P. HAMILTON, Allegheny	do
XXII.	W. H. DAVIS, Crawford	do
XXIII.	TIMOTHY IVES, Potter	do
XXIV.	JAMES G. CAMPBELL, Butler	do

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

ISRAEL PAINTER,

Of Westmoreland County.

FOR CONGRESS,

SAMUEL W. BLACK,

OF PITTSBURGH.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

JOHN J. MITCHELL, Pittsburgh.
JOHN S. HAMILTON, do.
EDMUND SNOWDEN, Allegheny.
WILLIAM L. ALI, LER, Versailles.

REGISTER.

EDWARD MCCORKLE, Indiana.

AUDITOR.

JOHN O'BRIEN, Lawrenceville.

COMMISSIONER.

JAMES WALLACE, Baldwin.

RECORDER.

DR. JOHN POLLOCK, Clinton.

CLERK OF THE COURT.

BENJAMIN WILSON, Elizabeth Borough.

IN THIS PAPER. THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES, TREATIES, RESOLUTIONS OF CONGRESS, &c. ARE PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

Morning Post Job Printing Office.

CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS.

☞ See advertisement on the first page.

☞ *Advertisers are requested to hand in their favors before 6 o'clock, P. M. This must be complied with, in order to insure our insertion. When it is possible, an earlier hour would be preferred.*

☞ F. W. CARR, United States Newspaper Agency Sun Buildings, N. E. corner of Third and Dock streets, and 400 North Fourth street—is our only authorized Agent in Philadelphia.

Public Documents.

The Hon. SIMON CAMERON, of the United States' Senate, and the Hon. MOSES HAMPTON, of the House of Representatives, will please to accept our thanks for valuable public documents, received at their hands.

☞ It is enough to make a horse laugh to hear the bitterest federalists in this city lauding MARTIN VAN BUREN to the skies. They now consider him the embodiment of all that is pure and patriotic!

☞ E. S. Hamlin, of the Cleveland True Democrat, and J. C. Vaughan, late of the Cincinnati Atlas, it is said, are about starting a new whig paper at Columbus, O., in opposition to the election of Taylor. So goes harmonious whiggery!

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN THE FLOUR MARKET!—It is currently rumored that the dealers in this city are anticipating a great advance in flour shortly, which will produce a prodigious excitement, no doubt. The cause of all this is said to be the extraordinary demand for the article to manufacture whig "doughfaces."

☞ We will pay a handsome price to any person who will furnish us with a copy of the Pittsburgh American, printed about two months since, containing a full description of a banner which was carried by the whigs in this city, in 1840, representing Taylor and his army of Bloodhounds, in the Florida war!

"TAKE YOUR TIME, MISS LUCY."—The Editor of the Newcastle Gazette is waiting "for the resolutions proposed by the whig national convention, and for the reply of Gen. Taylor to this nomination," before he raises the name of the old hero to the head of his paper. Poor fellow, his locks will be white as snow, before he sees the platform of whig principles!

☞ Since the nomination of Gen. Taylor, the federalists have not said "doughface" once. They feel conscious that their own party, in nominating a southern slaveholder, who is claimed as an advocate of slavery extension by those who know him intimately, have set up an exclusive claim to the beautiful sobriquet of "doughface." What is the price of flour?

☞ The Democracy of the Third Ward have organized for the campaign. Their meeting on Monday evening was numerously attended, and the very best feeling prevailed. If we had a few more such determined spirits, as the Democrats of the 3d Ward, Pittsburgh would be redeemed from the thraldom of federalism in a very few years. We hope our Democratic brethren in every other Ward in this city, as well as in Allegheny, will organize forthwith.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM EDEN, MAINE.—"Maine is good for Cass and Butler by 10,000 majority.—Can they carry Ohio?"

Yes, by double that majority.—*Cin. Eng.*

☞ Good for Ohio! By the way, our Democratic friends in the Buckeye State are determined that Cass and Butler shall have as large a majority in Ohio as in Pennsylvania. Well, let them add 10,000 more to the Enquirer's estimate, and then we will give in—not before.

☞ It is rumored that JOSEPH KNOX, Esq. and other leading whigs of this city, have addressed a letter to General TAYLOR, asking his opinions on the subject of a National Bank, a Protective Tariff, Distribution, the Mexican war, Wilmot Proviso, Slavery, River and Harbor Improvements, Removals from office, &c. &c. It is said that the General's reply is now in the hands of Mr. KNOX, but that he will allow none but Original Taylor men," to peep at its contents. A gentleman informs us that Aleck Miller told him that he (Miller) conversed with a man who saw the letter in Mr. Knox's possession. Our informant says that the General stated to the "seekers after knowledge under difficulties," that his opinions have been fully given in his various letters, which have been already published; and if this is not satisfactory, he requests them to address "old whitey," who was spoken of for Vice President by Col. Collier, at Philadelphia. Mr. KNOX declares that the General's answer "is perfectly satisfactory."

Why is it so?

It is but a few months since John Van Buren named Thomas H. Benton and Gov. Shunk as two men whom he would support for the Presidency. But these men are conspicuous as supporters of Cass and Butler. And both these men are honest, and have no ulterior purpose to subserve—no petty feelings of revenge for imaginary wrong to gratify. This is the most palpable reason that can be given for the difference between them. But is not too much importance given to the acts of John Van Buren, and a few other kindred spirits in New York? Let these and others in that State do as they may, we look upon the Union as safe for CASS and BUTLER.

A Reason for Supporting Taylor.

One of the *last* reasons that we have heard for supporting Gen. Taylor, is one that we are most disposed to condemn; even if it were based in truth. This reason is that he is deserving of great praise, on account of the manner in which he has conducted the campaign in Mexico entrusted to him; because *he has thus been instrumental in giving a fatal blow to the Roman Catholic Church!* Now, we know not,—we care not,—to what church Gen. Taylor may belong, or whether he belongs to any; but we do know, that no man properly enlightened, either in relation to our government to the workings of Divine Providence, or to the spirit of the religion of Christ, can indulge in feelings, and give expression to sentiments such as these. Even admitting that there is a degree of spiritual darkness pervading that church, (and we do not assert this,) is not there also an equally manifest degree in other churches? And who shall dispel this darkness? Shall it be the rash, impetuous and blood-stained hand of the infatuated *pretender* to religion, or the slow, but sure and unerring *Providence* of Him who is the head of all churches, the source of all religion, the object of all worship? One might think that the persecutions for righteousness' sake, under *Mary* and *Elizabeth*, in England, in Massachusetts, and other parts of our own country, had taught to *professors* of religion that virtue, without which all others are "but as a sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal."

Whig Principles.

Some persons thought, in view of the great blustering that has been made about "*Whig*" principles, that the late General Convention of that party, would have presented a *platform*, after the manner of the Democratic Convention; but it would seem that those who have thus thought, are doomed to disappointment. They have had no declaration of principles "for the public eye." It is true there are many letters, that have been written by their distinguished file leaders;—and, but for these, we should not know, at this time, what "Whig" principles are. We present to our readers *one* of these important political documents; and shall present others from time to time. It is true, the developments of *political principle* made in this letter, were made use of to defeat Mr. VAN BUREN in 1840: but what of that? They *may be* used for the same purpose again. Those who defeated him in 1841, by means of *blood-hound banners*, need only add to the picture a few half naked negroes belonging to Gen. Taylor in the act of receiving a whipping, at the hands of some one of his faithful, anti-slavery, no-party, no territory, and free-territory supporters in 1848. The picture would be most truthful and effective.

Head Quarters, Army of the South,
Fort Brooke, July 28, 1839.

Sir—I have the honor to enclose you a communication, this moment received, on the subject of procuring bloodhounds from the Island of Cuba, to aid the army in its operations against the hostilities in Florida. I am decidedly in favor of the measure, and *beg leave to urge it* as the only means of ridding the country of Indians who are now broken up into small parties that take shelter in swamps and hammocks as the army approaches, making it impossible for us to follow or overtake them without the aid of such auxiliaries.

Should this measure meet the approbation of the Department, and the necessary authority be granted, I will open a correspondence on the subject with Mr. Averson, through Maj. Hunt, Assistant Quartermaster, at Savannah and will authorize, if it can be done on reasonable terms, *to employ a few dogs*, with persons who understand their management.

I wish it to be distinctly understood, that my object in employing dogs is only to ascertain where the Indians may be found, not to worry them.

I have the honor to be your obedient servant,
(Signed) Z. TAYLOR.
Lt. Br. Gen. U. S. A. Commanding.

To Gen. R. Jones, Washington, D. C.

General Taylor in Ohio.

The news from Ohio continues to be of the most cheering character for the Democracy. The western Reserve, the Gibraltar of Federalism in that State, is up in arms against the nomination of Taylor.—The Cleveland Plaindealer of the 22nd., states that "the Hon. Daniel R. Tilden addressed a Court House full of Whig bolters at Ravenna the other day. He denounced and repudiated the nomination of Taylor, said he was a man of no principles, was an ignoramus in everything but the art of fighting, and was put forward now as the mere tool of the slaveholders. He would not vote for him nor he would not vote for any one who would."

And the Lebanon Star, one of the leading Federal papers in western Ohio, speaking in relation to Gen. TAYLOR, says:—

"On the great questions which have divided the public mind for the last twenty years, *Gen. Taylor has never expressed an opinion!* What does the public know of him? First—in the capacity of a colonel *in the bloodhound Florida war*—chasing and massacreing a poor miserable band of half starved and naked seminole Indians—and secondly, a *tool* in the hands of an usurper, in breaking the constitution of his country by commencing an unjust, unnecessary, and agressive war against a weak, distracted, and defenceless neighbor. And for these exploits—*equal only in atrocity to those committed by the soldiers of Bonaparte and Nicholas*—he is regarded as a fit successor of Washington. He is emphatically a *man of blood—an executioner in infamous wars*—AN IGNORAMUS IN STATE AFFAIRS—and fit only for the position he occupies. *So far as principles are concerned, he has none and is incapable of expressing any.* If elected President, his ignorance of civil affairs would render him a complete tool in the hands of designing men; and we fear that many distinguished men we could name, who are supporting him, are more intent on power and spoils, than the welfare and glory of the country."

The way they work it.

"Said a prominent Whig, the other evening, after being pressed hard on the inconsistency of supporting Gen. Taylor. "Give us MONEY and RUM enough, and we'll elect him any how."

Lynn (Mass.) Forum.

Yet they are the pretended friends of the People; the pretended champions of liberty, and order, and law, and good government. Here is a direct statement, perhaps by some wealthy and aristocratic "cotton lord," that his party can corrupt and debase the masses; and that they mean to do so. Any man may be deceived under the guise of friendship;—these heartless, soulless demagogues stand ready to deceive, and corrupt, and degrade, and debauch their fellow-men, in order that they may attain to a position that they could never reach, unless by means of deception and treachery. But there is one course left. Let every honest and independent operative spurn the proferred bride, coming in what shape it may—whether it may be in "Whig" favors, or feasting, or drinking.

"All the Decency!"

The New York Tribune, (and the extract has been copied into several of the No-party-all-decency-papers,) referring to a late speech of Senator DOUGLAS of Illinois, delivered in New Orleans, says:—

"If some of the flesh-mongers don't black that fellow's face and sell him to a cane-grower before he can get away he will not have justice done him. He is every atom slave except the outermost skin, and, once jappanned, could make nobody believe he had ever been allowed to go at large without a pass."

This is from one of the organs of the *talents*, the *wealth*, the *influence*, the *decency* of our country; and copied in several sheets, conducted by creatures whose apologies for *souls* are too black with infamy, even to need the application of japan,—the original blackness of which can never be obliterated either by water or fire. Such creatures can never *rise* above the contempt of MEN.

See the Company he is in.

The Boston Post says, that Harrison Gray Otis, the only surviving member of the Hartford convention, has signed the whig call for a public meeting to-night to ratify the nominations of Taylor and Fillmore. This is not wonderful: for we find that all those who have steadfastly acted with the party to which the members of that convention belonged, are enlisted on the same side;—they are all for Gen. TAYLOR. Not that they have any particular liking for him, whom they have termed a "hired throat-cutter;" but because they think they may, with him, defeat the measures of the Democratic party.

A Frank Admission.

The Wheeling Times, says:—

"We wish a few of our correspondents would quit writing rhymes and take to writing reason. There is with us, a great influx of rhymes, and a dearth of sense among our correspondents. Paper will be saved by the reflection that we have quit publishing rhymes except Rough and Ready songs."

Any one who shall examine these songs, will perceive at once the honesty of this editor, in this particular instance. The "dearth of sense" is not uncommon in his political school.

LOCAL MATTERS.

QUARTER SESSIONS.—In the disorderly house case from Allegheny city, noticed yesterday, the Jury brought in a verdict of Guilty against all the defendants.

In the case from Birmingham, in which two Doctors were parties, the Court sentenced the defendant to pay $40 and costs. Rather severe, but doubtless fair.

The first case tried yesterday was one of Assault and Battery, from Manchester. It appears that two parties were at Rosedale Garden (the well known fashionable place of resort,) and one party kept the ten pin alley a little too long to suit the feelings of others. Some words were the consequence, and these delivered in a style not at all betokening good humor. Between 10 and 11 o'clock, on the same evening, as two gentlemen and two ladies were returning from the Gardens, one of the gents., Mr. McClintock, was struck in the mouth by some one who he did not know. He afterwards had reason to believe that the assailant was a young fellow named Joseph Strosser. He failed to make out his case exactly, and so the Jury declared by a verdict of *Not Guilty.*

A young fellow named John Gilvert, was put on trial next, for stealing some money from a German, whose name we cannot spell. Verdict, Not Guilty.

Com. vs. G. B. Norton.—At last, this well known individual has got his trial. He has been in prison a long time, and no doubt felt relief in getting into the world again, if it should only be for a moment, and that under the most humiliating circumstances. Mr. Attorney General Megraw appeared for Commonwealth; Mr. Darragh for Defence. The indictment charged that the defendant had passed counterfeit threes, upon the Commercial Bank of Cincinnati, on Cook & Harris, Brokers of this city. Mr. Harris, was the principal witness, who testified to the fact that Norton had passed the notes upon him. It will be recollected that Norton had a friend named Twitcher, who has since, by depositing $1,000, gained his liberty, and made his escape; and that he (Norton) was arrested in the office of Holmes & Son, whither he had went for the purpose of getting some of his paper exchanged. Mr. Darragh attempted to get his client clear by stating the point of law, that it was no offence in this State to counterfeit notes of a less denomination than five dollars. The Court simply stated that this point was now before the Superior Court, in another case, and for the purpose of meeting the present case, he would charge the jury that the passing of such paper was an offence punishable in Pennsylvania; and stated that should the jury bring in a verdict of guilty against the defendant, a sentence would not be passed until the decision of the Supreme Court was announced. Then, the prisoner might go free, if that Court decided the point in his favor; but otherwise he would receive the sentence due a moral and legal crime of the kind charged.

The Jury retired, and after a short absence, brought in a verdict of guilty. The prisoner was remanded.

ARREST AND COMMITMENT.—A young man named Hiatt was yesterday arrested in the Quarter Sessions Court Room, on the information of Mr. Jas. A Westerman, who charged him with having stolen a watch, on the 17th inst. in the Diamond. Hiatt was brought before the Mayor for examination, after which he was finally committed. He looked wild when asked to account for the manner in which he became possessed of the watch. He said: "It is the strangest thing in the world how I did get that watch; I cannot account for it." He was asked if he had a key, to which he replied, "No;" but one was found in his vest pocket. He also said he did not know where he got the guard. Next to the getting of the watch the most astonishing thing was the idea that *he had to go to jail*, and that he would have to give some account of the affair or submit to conviction. But there are strange things in the world any how. He will get his trial immediately, as the Grand Jury is now in session.

He has a brother in jail awaiting trial for forgery, and has been attending court in his behalf, and was arrested while quietly waiting the trial of his brother to come on. Officer Baugher was obsequious in his attentions to this prisoner, and gave him all the comfort he could.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN LAWRENCEVILLE.—The Democrats of the borough of Lawrenceville had a very spirited meeting on Monday evening. Mr. Wilson was in the Chair, and Mr. Eslor acted as Secretary. Several excellent addresses were delivered. Mr. Mitchell was the first called upon, who addressed a short speech to the meeting; he was followed in a happy strain by Mr. Snowden. Mr. Kinaloe made a few remarks, as did also, our excellent friend, H. M'Cullough.

This is the first meeting of the season, and those who attended report that the ball was started fairly.

FOUND.—The body of Mr. Fuller was found yesterday morning, in the river near where he was drowned. The Coroner was sent for, who held an inquest. The verdict was, accidental drowning. The Coroner would not have been sent for, had there not been some idle talk in the neighborhood of Manchester, about supposed foul play, on account of the seemingly mysterious conduct of a few persons who were with Mr. Faller—the taking of his clothes and money—suspicions were entertained that all was not right. But after the whole affair had been investigated, it appeared that there was no fault any where—no one was to blame.

☞ The City Councils met on Monday evening, but no business of importance was transacted. The meetings were slim; in fact, after the excitement caused by the Railroad and Omnibus bills, we do not wonder that the members should seek repose.

MYSTERIOUS.—On Sunday evening three persons were seen going down Fourth street; and when in the neighborhood of Decatur street, one of them put his hands behind him and soon exclaimed, "Good God, some one has robbed me!" and he then burst into tears. The three turned into Decatur street, and in a short time a blow was heard; a person fell, and two of the crowd scampered off.

This is a queer affair and seems improbable; yet we are assured it is entirely true.

☞ Workmen are engaged in making some improvements on the abutment of the Monongahela Bridge. The stone work is being repaired. We noticed about twelve of the men yesterday at noon, enjoying a *siesta* after their meal; and never did people enjoy sleep more. Well, who has a better right, we are sure they worked hard for their few moments of rest.

FREEPORT AQUEDUCT.—The water was let into the new Aqueduct at Freeport yesterday, and will be here this afternoon.

The Aqueduct is 547 feet long; six spans; 37 feet above the bed of the river. It is built in the most substantial manner, and in 27 days!

The work was done under the supervision of Gen. Burns and Jas. Powers, the Canal Commissioners.

"ROSEDALE."—We understand that Mr. BURCHFIELD, the enterprising proprietor of this beautiful retreat, is making extensive arrangements for the 4th of July. He intends serving up a magnificent dinner for the benefit of his friends and the public. Hundreds of people will be there to partake of the good things of this life.

"GREENWOOD.—Mr. M'KAIN is making arrangements to give a grand entertainment on the 4th of July. He will serve up refreshments in abundance, during the day, and in the evening there will be a glorious display of fire works. Crowds of people will gather there, of course, on an occasion so full of interest.

HOT. The weather yesterday was sweltering hot, and the dust moved in clouds through the streets. There were symptoms of rain, which would be acceptable to the people of the town, but we fear our country neighbors might not unite in our prayer for so rich a luxury.

THEATRE. Miss Julia Dean appears to-night. She is too well known and too much admired in this city to require newspaper notices. The simple fact that she is to appear in a favorite character is enough to ensure a good audience.

☞ The Eagle Saloon Concert must succeed, for the Company is great! We mean all this and more, if we could say it. Such voices are not often bestowed upon mortal man.

☞ There was a story afloat yesterday morning, that a woman in the Sixth Ward had left her family and could not be found; and suspicions were entertained that she had drowned herself.

BROKE HIS ARM.—A carman, while doing something about the wheel of his cart, yesterday, in Wylie street, got his arm broke. He was put under the care of a physician.

DIED.

On yesterday afternoon, ALEXANDER, infant son of Alexander and Eliza M. Dunsmore, aged 3 months.

☞ *Dr. Willard's Anti-Bilious and Liver Pills* have never failed to benefit the patient. They purge mildly and effectually upon the system. Their increased popularity demonstrates all that we say of them, and in some cases even more. But as they were not ostensibly "discovered among the Indians," (who know nothing about medicine,) of course we cannot conscientiously recommend them, as the sole origin of universal remedy for all kinds of disease. In all cases, however, of a diseased liver, or other bilious complaints, they are unsurpassed, and from the very nature of their composition, and its perfect adaptation to that class of diseases, cannot fail to benefit.

☞ Worms, by their irritation, augment the secretion of mucus or slime in the stomach, in which also they involve themselves. It is said, that upon it, and if deprived of it, they die. The celebrated Vermifuge prepared by B. A. Fahnestock, at Pittsburgh, Pa., is admirably adapted, in its operation, first, to remove this mucus; and secondly, to destroy and expel the worms, rendered tender and helpless by being thus surrounded. It is a remedy in which every confidence can be placed; and that it has fully answered the purpose, is manifest from the hundreds of certificates given in its favor.

☞ DR. WILLARD'S VERMIFUGE.—Mrs. ——, a lady living near Pittsburgh (on the German road) states to us that a child in the family had been afflicted with worms a long time, until the health of the child had become very much impaired. They had tried various things without any permanent benefit being derived. She finally tried a bottle of Dr. Willard's Vermifuge, which brought away an *immense* mass of worms, "*alive*" and "entirely used up." Since that period she further says, the health of the child has *improved rapidly*, and is now entirely well. This Vermifuge always does "use up worms." Try it.

These medicines, prepared and sold by the proprietors, A. W. Brockway & Co., No 92 Commercial Row, Liberty street, Pittsburgh, to whom all letters for agencies or other business must be addressed. Sold also by J. Schoonmaker & Co., Ogden & Snowden, Joel Mohler, R. E. Sellers, F. L. Snowden, John P. Scott, J. H. Cassel, James A. Jones, John Hays, Spaulding & Kneeland, and W. Jackson.

Also, by Elliott & Beckam, and D. M. Curry, Allegheny city. jes-dkwyl

☞ DEATH FROM A SLIGHT COLD.—By neglecting those salutary precautions which common sense dictates, many, very many, fall victims to their imprudence. We have seen the young bride, blooming as it were, as the bird of paradise and the fair flower of hope, the pride of her father and the joy of her mother—her cheek flushed with anticipation, and her eye beaming with the soft expression of love—the gay creature of life dancing on her fancy with the rich and variegated tints of the rainbow's bright arch. We have seen all this changed—aye, the wedding garment for a shroud and the bridal chamber for the sepulchre of the dead: and all this from neglecting a common Cold. Now, before it is too late, use Dr. Sayers' *Liverwort and Tar*, which gives immediate relief, to thousands of our most intelligent citizens now admit of its most extraordinary cures. The gay, the thoughtful, and the young, speak forth its praise, and will, so long as it makes positive cures, and cheers the despairing family fireside.

For sale by SPAULDING & KNEELAND, Grant street, one door below Second st., and by J. Kidd & Co., corner Wood and Fourth st. jel6

☞ Judge G. Sutton, of Norwalk, Ohio, writes, under date of November 10, 1846, that "Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture is doing wonders in all kinds of complaints. People invest it with properties little short of the magical. In fever and ague, in bilious diseases, in dropsy, in gravel, in female difficulty, lung diseases, consumption, dyspepsia, &c. &c., for why should we go over the whole catalogue, "it takes all these and more, and the beneficial effect is apparent in every instance;" but to what must we attribute its success; there we stop the whole course of its success has puzzled us; we do not worry and it. Medical men step out of their path to crush it; they put their heel upon it; it escapes them; they look about a little, and if they are unobserved, they throw off that dignity and composure of manner which is half their capital in trade, and fall to, tooth and nail, to put it out of existence; but the harder they fight the stronger grows the *nostrum*, and the weaker their cause appears and discomfited, they resume, with the air of a broken down dandy, his once fashionable but now ragged cloak, *their* dignity soiled and torn by the fray, and walk off with an air of majesty. Reader, get a pamphlet from the Agents, in your vicinity, the advertisement is in our columns, under "Great American Remedy."

Agents in Pittsburgh, HAYS & BROCKWAY, No. 2 Liberty st., near Canal Basin. jel22

☞ *Consumption and Bleeding at the Lungs Cured by the use of Dr. Duncan's Expectorant Remedy.*—Miss Emeline Yeager was taken, when at the age of sixteen, with a slight cold, which she neglected until the lungs fell a prey to that seeking destroyer, Consumption, when application to a physician was made, but to no effect. He considered her case a hopeless one, and prescribed but little medicine for her. In the meantime she discharged great quantities of blood, with much expectoration of thick phlegm and cough. Her bodily frame at length became reduced to a living skeleton. Her last was anxiously looked for by her friends, that her sufferings might end by the pangs of death. During the time, her physician frequently called, and as the last resource, determined to test the virtues of "Dr. Duncan's Expectorant Remedy," having noticed some extraordinary cures performed by the medicine in similar cases. He at once obtained two bottles, and administered it to her. The fourth day he found some changes, which gave hopes. He continued giving the medicine for eighteen days; at that time she was rendered able to be walking in her bed chamber, to the astonishment of her friends, and relatives. She continued using the medicine for eight weeks, when she declared herself entirely free from pain and disease, and now pursues her daily occupation in perfect health.

For sale by WM. JACKSON, No. 89 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. je17

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

C. S. POTTER.....Manager and Lessee.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Dress Circle.....50c. | Second Tier.....35c. | Pit.....25c.
Gallery.....20c. | Private Boxes.....$1,00.

FIRST NIGHT OF MISS JULIA DEAN.

WEDNESDAY, June 28, to commence with

EVADNE!

Evadne.....Miss Julia Dean. | Ludovico.....Mr. Oxley.
Colonna.....Mr. Price.
After which, song—THE OUTLAW, MR. ARCHER.
To conclude with
THE MARRIED RAKE.
Mrs. Trictrac.....Miss Feirie.

☞ Doors open ½ past 7; Curtain rises ½ before 8.

Frankfort Springs Hotel.

THE subscriber, thankful for past favors, would respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and vicinity, that his house is now open for the reception and accommodation of visitors to the Springs. Every exertion will be used for the comfort of his guests.

G. W. DUNGAN.

Frankfort, June 28, 1848-d2w.

News by Telegraph!

Reported for the Morning Post.

Thirtieth Congress.—First Session.

WASHINGTON, June 26.

SENATE—In the absence of Mr. Dallas, Mr. Atchison took the chair.

Mr. Walker, of Wisconsin, appeared and took his seat.

Messrs. Dodge and Walker then drew lots as to whose term should first expire. Mr. Dodge's term will expire in 1851; Mr. Walker's in 1849.

Mr. Davis reported a bill appropriating funds for Light Houses, Buoys, &c.

Mr. Borland, from the Committee on public houses, reported a joint resolution in favor of constructing Whitney's Oregon Rail Road.

Mr. Dix addressed the Senate in support of the Barnburners, and in vindication of Mr. Van Buren's letter.

Mr. Calhoun has the floor on this question for to-morrow.

Adjourned.

HOUSE—Mr. Featherston moved to suspend the rules for the engrossment of the Post Office Bill, which was not agreed to, two-thirds not voting in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Vinton, the House went into Committee of the Whole on the General Appropriation Bill.

Mr. Featherston, being entitled to the floor, spoke against the Wilmot Proviso.

Mr. A. Stewart, of Pa., followed in a political speech against the editorials of the Union, &c.

Mr. Clark, of Ky, followed in defence of the veto power, and in favor of Gen. Cass.

Mr. Thompson, of Pa., addressed the House, when the Committee rose, and House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, June 27.

SENATE.—A resolution was adopted for attending to the laying of the corner stone of the Washington Monument.

A memorial from Miss Dix praying for an appropriation to aid the indigent insane, was ordered to be printed, and referred.

Mr. Niles introduced a bill to aid in the construction of Whitney's Rail Road to the Pacific. The bill was referred to a select committee.

The Senate then laid aside the morning business, and proceeded to the consideration of the order of the day, which was the Oregon Bill.

Mr. Bright gave notice that he would move the Missouri Compromise as an amendment.

Mr. Calhoun then addressed the Senate, contending that Congress had no power to legislate upon the subject of slavery in the territories.

Mr. Berrien moved to take up the Post Office Bill, agreed to—which was amended. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Newel submitted a resolution instructing the Committee of Military Affairs to inquire into the expediency of arming the militia. Agreed to.

Mr. Zmbur introduced a Bill appropriating bonds for the construction of a Rail Road from Albany to the Wabash river. Read and referred.

The Bill from the Committee of the Whole, authorizing Texas to extend her territories, was agreed to.

The consideration of the Report from Messrs. Strong and Bedding was postponed.

On motion of Mr. Vinton, the House went into Committee on the general Appropriation Bill. Several speeches were made, when the Committee rose, and the House adjourned.

Additional Foreign News by Britannia.

The house of M. Thiers was attacked by a mob, but was repulsed by the military.

The Austrian General, Radetkes, had reached the rear of the Sardinian army, forcing it to retreat.

The Sikhs have revolted against the British. Two Commissioners, and all the English troops at Lahore, have been massacred.

NEW-YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 27—6, P. M.

Flour—The market is very quiet, and the tendency is downward. The foreign news has produced no marked change. The market is nominally, as before. The demand for exportation for fresh brands is good, but other qualities are heavy and neglected.

Grain—There is a steady demand for Corn, with moderate sales of Prime Yellow at 51@53c. ⅌ bu. Oats are quiet at 41@42c. ⅌ bu.

Provisions—The market is heavy for Pork, and I hear of no large sales. Lower offers would be accepted.—Mess Pork is dull at $18@19 ⅌ bbl. Sales of Mess Pork at $10,50@10,62 ½ ⅌ bbl. Sales of Prime Reef at $6,12½@6,37 ½ ⅌ bbl. Lard: sales of Western in bbls. at 6@7c. Cheese: sales to a moderate extent at 5c. Sales of Hams in pickle at 6½; in dry salt at 4¾—Sales of Shoulders in dry salt at 3¾.

Money Market—Sterling Exchange to-day was heavy.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, June 27—6 P. M.

Flour—The foreign news has had no effect, except to check operations. Moderate sales, however, were made at $5,62 for Howard street.

Grain—There have been no sales of Wheat worth of report. Fair sales of Prime White Corn at 40c.; sales of Yellow at 44@46c. The supply of Grain in first hands is small.

Provisions—There is no change or sales worthy of note.

Groceries—The market is quiet, and without change.

Whiskey—Moderate sales in bbls. at 19c. ⅌ gallon; a decline.

Beef Cattle—Sales on the hoof at $3.

Hogs—Sales at $4@4,50 ⅌ 100 lbs.

Eagle Saloon Concerts.

GRAND RE-OPENING—Engagement of the Tyrolean Vocalists, for a few nights only, consisting of Mons. Guisiano, Double Bass and Tyrolean Echo; Mr. Campbell, Tenor; J. Waidle, Alto; T. Waidle, Basso and Secundo; Mr. Nelson Kneass, Pianist and Vocalist.

The proprietors of the Eagle Saloon respectfully announce to the ladies and gentlemen of Pittsburgh that they have fitted up the late ROSEDALE BALL ROOMS, over the Eagle Saloon, during the summer season, for a cool and promenade room, it being the best ventilated room in the city—it has a large sky-light in the top, and twelve large windows in the ends. They have also secured the services of the above named Vocalists, for a few days only, commencing on Monday evening, June 26th, in a selection of German, French, Italian, Tyrolien, Irish, Scotch, and Ethiopian SONGS, DUETTS, GLEES, CHORUSSES, &c.

☞ Great preparations are being made for FOUR GRAND PERFORMANCES ON THE FOURTH OF JULY!

PROGRAMME:

For this (Wednesday) evening, June 28, 1848

PART I.

How pleasant is the Fisherman's Wife.....Company.
Tyrolean—The Bride—(first time).....Tyrolean.
Ethiopian—Uncle Ned.....Company.
Solo, with the Tyrolean Echo.....Gaisiano.

INTERMISSION 15 MINUTES—PART II.

Carry me back to old Virginia.....Company.
You'll Remember Me.....J. Waidle.
Chorus—Flora's Wreath.....Company.
Ethiopian—Aunt Sally.....Company.
Solo—Spanish Lady.....Kneass.
The Cornlop Blossom.....Company.

PART III.

Chorus in German.....Tyroleans.
Marseilles Hymn, in French.....Company.
Irish Song.....Campbell.
Ethiopian—Dearest Mae.....Company.
He comes from the Hills, (arranged by Mr. Nelson Kneass.....Tyroleans.
Grand Finale—Dandy Jim.....Company.

☞ Tickets, 25 cents.

☞ An entire change of Programme nightly. je23

SOAP—100 lbs. Hyde's Palm;
200 do White Candle;
200 do Castile;
50 do Almond,
10 boxes Gincy,
30 do family; for sale by
J. D. WILLIAMS.
je28

BACON—5000 lbs. Hog round in smoke house;
1500 " Prime Sides, on consignment and for sale by J. D. WILLIAMS,
110 Wood street.

COFFEE—130 bags Prime Rio;
15 bags Laguyra; for sale by
J. D. WILLIAMS.
je28

RAISINS—20 boxes M. R.;
20 do. do.
20 ½ do. do. for sale by
J. D. WILLIAMS.
je28

FISH—15 bbls. large Mackerel, 1848;
12 ½ 1, 2 and 3, do.
15 kitts 2 do.
50 boxes Lubec sealed Herrings; for sale by
J. D. WILLIAMS.
je28

TABLE SALT—34 sacks kiln dried dairy, for families, for sale by J. D. WILLIAMS.
(je28)

GARDEN FARM TO LET—On a lease of ten years, more or less; twenty-five Acres, five miles from the city, well suited for gardening purposes.

THOMAS MELLON.
may29-3tdaw

By the President of the United States:

IN pursuance of an approved on the 1st of Congress, 1st day of March, 1847, entitled "An act to establish a land office in the northern part of Michigan, and to provide for the sale of mineral lands in the State of Michigan," I, JAMES K. POLK, President of the U. States of America, do hereby declare and make known, that a public sale will be held at SAULT STE. MARIE, the land office for the Lake Superior Land District, commencing on Monday, the thirty-first day of July next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships and fractional townships, situated in the Lake Superior mineral region, between Chocolate and Carp rivers, to wit:

North of the base line, and west of the principal meridian.

The fractions of townships thirty-eight and thirty-nine, west of the Little Bay de Noquet and Escanawba river, of range twenty-two.

The fractions of townships thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, and forty, west of the Little Bay de Noquet and Escanawba river, of range twenty-three.

Township forty-six and fractional township forty-seven, on the main land, of range twenty-four.

Townships forty-six and forty-seven, fractional townships forty-eight, forty-nine, and fifty, including "Middle" and "Granite" islands, of range twenty-five.

Townships forty-six, forty-seven, and forty-eight, fractional townships forty-nine, fifty, and fifty-one, on the main land, and the "Manitou" island, in township fifty-eight, of range twenty-six.

Fractional townships fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-eight, and fifty-nine, all on the main land, of range twenty-seven.

Township fifty-one, and fractional townships fifty-two, fifty-eight, and fifty-nine, on the main land, of range twenty-eight.

Township fifty-one, fractional township fifty-two, on the main land, the two "Huron" islands, situated in sections twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, and thirty-four, containing one hundred and twenty-four and a half acres in township fifty-three, and fractional townships fifty-seven, fifty-eight and fifty-nine, on the main land, of range twenty-nine.

Township fifty-one, and fractional townships fifty-two, fifty-three, fifty-six, fifty-seven, fifty-eight, and fifty-nine, on the main land, of range thirty.

Fractional townships fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-five and fifty-six, on the main land, township fifty-seven and fractional township fifty-eight, on the main land, of range thirty-one.

Fractional township sixty-five, on "Isle Royale," of range thirty-four.

At the same place, commencing on Monday, the fourteenth day of August next, for the disposal