The Morning Post.

J. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:
FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 16, 1848.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,
LEWIS CASS,
OF MICHIGAN.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WM. O. BUTLER,
OF KENTUCKY.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
WILLIAM BUTLER, of Clearfield.
DAVID B. WAGENER, of Northampton.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.
I. HENRY L. BENNER, Philadelphia County.
II. HORN H. KERAER, do City.
III. ISAAC SHUNK, do County.
IV. A. L. ROUMFORT, do do
V. JACOB S. YOST, Montgomery do
VI. ROBERT L. WRIGHT, Lehigh do
VII. WILLIAM W. DOWNING, Chester do
VIII. HENRY HALDEMAN, Lancaster do
IX. PETER KLINE, Berks do
X. BERNARD S. SCHOONOVER, Montroe do
XI. WM. SWEITLAND, Wyoming do
XII. JONAH BROWNER, Tioga do
XIII. JOHN C. KING, Clinton do
XIV. JOHN WEIDMAN, Lebanon do
XV. ROBERT J. FISHER, York do
XVI. FREDERICK SMITH, Franklin do
XVII. JOHN CRAWFELL, Huntingdon do
XVIII. CHARLES A. BLACK, Greene do
XIX. GEORGE W. BOWMAN, Bedford do
XX. JOHN R. SHANNON, Beaver do
XXI. GEORGE P. HAMILTON, Allegheny do
XXII. W. H. DAVIS, Crawford do
XXIII. TIMOTHY IVES, Potter do
XXIV. JAMES G. CAMPBELL, Butler do

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
ISRAEL PAINTER,
Of Westmoreland County.

IN THIS PAPER. THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES. TREATIES. RESOLUTIONS OF CONGRESS, &c. ARE PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

Morning Post Job Printing Office,
CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS.
☞ See advertisement on the first page.

☞ *Advertisers are requested to hand in their favors before 6 o'clock, P. M. This must be complied with, in order to insure an insertion. When it is possible, an earlier hour would be required.*

☞ Single copies of the Morning Post may be had at the Store of George M Bridbin & Co., N. E. corner of the Diamond and Ohio street, Allegheny City. Advertisements left there before 5 P. M. will be inserted the next day.

Democratic County Convention.

AT a meeting of the Democratic Committee, of Correspondence, for Allegheny County, held at the Court House on the 27th of May, the following Resolution, amongst others, was adopted:

Resolved, That the primary meetings for the choice of Delegates to the County Convention, be called for Saturday, the 17th day of June next, at the usual times and places; and that the Convention meet on the Wednesday thereafter, at the Court House, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

Mr. Hampton and the Whigs.

The nomination of Mr. HAMPTON is received with heart-felt disgust and indignation by the great mass of the "whig" party in this city.—They declare openly and above-board, that upon no consideration will they be induced to support his election. They hesitate not to say that their county Convention was but a counter-part of the Philadelphia Convention, which nominated a southern planter and owner of two hundred negro slaves, as their candidate for the Presidency. Mr. HAMPTON was well known to be friendly to Gen. TAYLOR, and his votes and acts in Congress in relation to the war and acquisition of territory, clearly showed that he was willing to abandon his party in the north, in order to preserve his standing with the Taylor slaveholding interest of the South. Indeed, the nomination of Mr. HAMPTON is a signal triumph over the Old Hunkers of the Federal party here—the friends of Henry Clay and General Scott—the Wilmot proviso men—the opponents of the war, and the enemies of territorial acquisition. Every whig voter in Allegheny county was familiar with Mr. HAMPTON's position in relation to the war and the annexation of Mexican territory. Those opinions were fully explained to the people by the Federal papers of this city, every one of which, we believe, was opposed to Mr HAMPTON's nomination; and, notwithstanding these facts, "Mournful Moses," the reviled, persecuted, at indered MOSES HAMPTON, came off victorious!

Two of the leading whig papers in this city are deadly opposed to Mr. Hampton, and have declined raising his name to the head of their columns;—but, Aleck Miller, who is the acknowledged leader of the Taylor and Slavery branch of the party here, will soon whip these refractory papers into the traces, and compel them to unfurl the banner of Hampton and territorial acquisition to their mast-heads. The *promise* of "government pap," which will be under Aleck's control in this county, will have a wonderful influence in certain quarters!

A Word to our Friends.

Within the last few days we have received two communications in relation to the nomination for Congress, one in opposition to Col. BLACK, and the other in opposition to General MOORHEAD. The tone of these communications is any thing but mild and conciliatory; and we have therefore deemed it our duty to reject both. If the friends of either of the gentlemen named feel disposed to advocate the claims of their favorite, we shall publish their pieces with pleasure; but we think no good will result from the publication of articles reflecting harshly on the integrity of any democrat. Our County Convention will assemble in a few days, when an opportunity will be offered for the Delegates to discuss the claims and merits of those who may have their names presented for the consideration of that body. As an excellent correspondent remarked the other day, "democrats ought not to denounce democratic candidates through their own papers—that business should be left to the whigs."

Farewell to Federalism.

The Detroit *Free Press* informs us, that, on the reception of the news of the nomination at Philadelphia, "*not less than fifty persons who have been Whigs for years declared their opposition to the election of Gen. Taylor.*" They look upon it as an entire relinquishment of the principles of their party, and will therefore have nothing to do with it. The same paper says that one old gentleman, who has been identified with the National Republican and Whig parties for the last twenty years, declares his determination to sustain the nomination of CASS and BUTLER. He says that the nomination of Gen. Taylor has convinced him that there is no honesty in the party with which he has been acting.

Portrait of the Vice President.

An exquisite likeness of the Hon. GEORGE M. DALLAS, Vice President of the United States, may be seen at Mr. HUTTER's, on Wood street. It is, unquestionably, one of the finest specimens of art we have ever beheld. Those who are acquainted with Mr. DALLAS will not fail to recognize it as being life-like and beautiful. Every lineament of the face—the dark keen eye, the lofty forehead, the finely moulded face, the benevolent lip, the amiable expression—all, are there. Life and breath almost seem to issue from the canvas! The portrait is the work of the celebrated artist, MATHEW WILSON, Esq., of Baltimore, who ranks foremost in his profession, and is the property of Genl. HOWARD, of Md. We understand that Mr. WILSON is expected in this city in about two weeks; and we trust our citizens will induce him to remain amongst us permanently.

Demonstration in New York.

On the evening of the 9th instant, a tremendous meeting of the Democracy of the city of New York was held at Tammany Hall. The True Sun of the 10th, says:—

"It is the universal remark, that, never since the days of Jackson has a meeting of the democracy, in point of spirit as well as numbers, equalled this. Called as it was at less than a day's notice, and being considered only as a preliminary meeting, every body was astounded at the immense mass of the democracy who assembled around the Old Wigwam before the hour fixed for the meeting. Old Tammany was occupied and surrounded by an army of democrats worthy of her palmiest days, and the good old days of democratic fire and democratic confidence were brought to the minds of all. The whole proceedings were of the most animated and animating description, and showed beyond a cavil that the democracy of the Empire city are determined to enter the campaign with a vigor of the right, the true stamp. * * No sooner was the platform taken, than three cheers were given for Gen. Cass, and three more for Gen Butler; three for the regular nomination, three for Gen. Houston, and three others for each of the illustrious visiters who are now in this city. Never, since the days of the immortal Jackson's nomination, was there such a burst of enthusiasm as was displayed on this occasion. The enthusiasm was, if possible, greater outside."

The Hon. THOMAS. H. BENTON was loudly called for, and on being introduced to the meeting said, that "on Monday last he was transacting business in Congress, and since then he has been in a storm; a whirlwind, a vortex of popular exultations, with which the distinguished man whom he accompanied had been greeted; but this is one of the greatest. Though worn down with fatigue, both mental and physical, you inspire me with strength, and I come forth fresh and strong. This is the first time I have had the honor to appear in this great city—in this hall, whose walls have been consecrated to the republican party for more than half a century, and have echoed back the patriotism of the democracy. The place itself is sacred, and filled with grand recollections. Speaking of the great election of 1800, Jefferson said, 'All depends upon New York city.' [Cheers.] The sentiment is confirmed in my mind now. New York city will go right now; and, as goes New York city, so goes the Union. From the time I was a boy, till I came into the Senate—a quarter of a century ago—it has been my pleasure to be acquainted with the democratic senators from New York. I have been acquainted with Van Buren; and one who was worthy of Rome in her best days, was my friend—he lamented Silas Wright. [Sensation.] Long since it had been a principle fixed with me, that harmony, union, and concession among the democracy, is the only guaranty of success. From my long and thorough acquaintance with Gen. CASS, I can speak of him with confidence. If CASS is elected, his presidency will not only be honorable to the country, but also satisfactory to the whole democratic party." [Loud cheering.]

After Col. Benton the Hon. ANDREW STEVENSON, of Virginia, (the president of the late Baltimore Convention, and who was also President of the Convention of 1835, which nominated MR. VAN BUREN,) came forward, and addressed the multitude for some time in a most able and eloquent manner,—enjoining upon all the duty of union, for the sake of our principles; defending the Convention from improper attacks on account of its decision in relation to the New York Delegates; and referring to the similar state of affairs that prevailed in 1835, on account of there having been two sets of Delegates from this State. He concluded his remarks, amid long continued and most enthusiastic applause, by saying—

"I call upon you all, as we are all united in a common cause for a common good, to rally to the standard of your country and party. Let the only competition be, who will exert the most active force to his country, who do the most good. And on taking leave of you, fellow-citizens, let me say to you, in the language of Henry before Harfleur, and in the confidence of success, 'Once more unto the breach, dear friends, once more!'"

Mr. MCALLISTER, of Georgia, next spoke for a short time in a very efficient manner. He said—

"Let the old republican party (for he was fond of using old names, and the republican party of former days is the democratic party of the present) let the old democracy do now what the old Constitution frigate did during the heat of an engagement—nail the colors to the mast, and set it to the storm. The speaker concluded by saying that he would not stop to speak of the great Disowned of the west; but one expression which fell from one of his friends, who entered he would make use of to them, viz: "Stand firm, pray to heaven, and keep your powder dry."

Highly patriotic and spirited resolutions were adopted, sustaining the nominations; and appointing the evening of the 12th instant for a general meeting, to ratify the nomination of CASS and BUTLER.

At the same time, an immense multitude, who could not obtain an entrance to the Hall, were organized in the Park, by calling Gen. GEORGE P. MORRIS to the chair. They were addressed in a most eloquent and thrilling manner, by the brave and noble HOUSTON, the veteran hero of San Jacinto; who paid a glowing tribute to the services of Gen. CASS, to his worth, ability, patriotism, gallantry, and democratic feeling—pronouncing him, in every respect, THE WORTHY, THE GOOD, and THE BRAVE. The Hon. MR. CORD, of Georgia, also addressed the multitude here, showing the inconsistency of the whigs in nominating Gen. Taylor, the great conqueror in a war which they themselves had denounced as infamous and murderous. They selected him because he had no principles, or, if he had, he dared not show them. Consequently he was their man. They having no principles, chose him to represent them.

Here also a number of appropriate resolutions were adopted, that had been introduced by the Hon. Mr. SICKLES, and thus ended the first Demonstration for CASS and BUTLER in the Empire State. It augurs, as we hope, a full and effectual union of all the *honest* in that state, who may have differed with each other on points of policy;—while it can only end in driving into the ranks of the Federalists, where they rightfully belong, the reckless and unprincipled disorganizers, who would ruin and forsake any party if they were not permitted to rule its destinies.

Movement of the Operatives.

On the 5th instant, a very large meeting of the operatives employed in factories, was held in the district of Spring Garden, Philadelphia; at which a number of speeches were made on the subject of the wrongs imposed upon them, and the means of their redress. It was agreed that they should form associations to secure the adoption of the ten hour system, and to agitate the question till the special clause in the bill passed by the Pennsylvania legislature be repealed. Further, it was

"*Resolved*, That from this day forward we will vote for no man to hold any legislative office, who will not give a written pledge that he will, if elected, vote for and use all the influence of his station, to have factory owners prohibited by law from working one set of hands more than ten hours in each day, or fifty-eight hours in any one week.

Resolved, That the idea entertained by some of our fellow beings that labor and capital are on an equal footing is a fallacy, as under the present arrangements of society labor is almost entirely at the mercy of capital; and so long as man has to ask his fellow man for leave to toil, the idea of their positions being equal is absurd; hence the necessity of the freedom of the public lands to actual settlers, and the adoption of the ten hour system."

The Trumbull Democrat.

This excellent and very efficient Democratic paper, (at Warren, Ohio,) comes to us in an entirely new dress. We are pleased to see this evidence of prosperity to the Democrat; and hope that its shadow may never grow less. J. B. BUTTLES, Esq. its editor and proprietor, is the Democratic Elector in the 19th Congressional District of Ohio; and has, recently, associated with him MR. EMBLEMAN, late of Meadville in this State.

True Benevolence.

At a recent meeting of delegates from the several Masonic Lodges of north Alabama, it was resolved to establish, in the neighborhood of Tuscumbia, an institution of a higher order for the education of young ladies. The seminary is to be called the North Alabama Masonic Female Institute, and is to be endowed with the sum of $100,000, independently of the cost of buildings and furniture.

☞ "Whenever I wanted any thing well done, I got a BUTLER to do it."—*General Lafayette.*

Ingratitude of the Federal Party.

Of all the sins of which man can be guilty, ingratitude is reckoned the most black, and mean, and despicable. The servant who has long, and faithfully, and most ably served his employer,—whose attention to his interests, and qualifications for promotion eminently entitle him to consideration, when a superior situation is to be bestowed—who finds that all the merit which he is admitted to possess is of no avail to effect his promotion, has surely but little encouragement offered to continue to exert his faculties, in sustaining those who have thus cast him off; and, if the individual promoted be one whose qualifications are questionable, whose services in the cause of those who have promoted him are at best of an equivocal character, and who, throughout, maintains a dogged silence in relation to his willingness to serve his employers in the manner which they have heretofore said was most satisfactory to them:—with all these considerations presenting themselves, if the discarded servant be possessed of even the most ordinary sensibility of soul, he must feel most deeply mortified at the act of those from whom he had a right, in all honor, to expect better things.

But when to these considerations are added also the fact, that he had received the most plain and palpable assurances of promotion, when the proper time should arrive, and when all his private arrangements had been made with reference to the proposed change in his affairs, how deep and poignant must be his chagrin—how almost overpowering his sensations. Such must now be the feelings of Henry Clay, in his retirement at Ashland—the scene of all his proudest hopes, of all his cherished plans for the advancement of that party, which has so lately and palpably discarded him, as to render the act almost disgraceful. But this is not the first act of which they have been guilty, in a similar manner affecting the feelings of the greatest man of their party. The magic name of Henry Clay has kept them together, when that of no other living man—those of all others among their distinguished leaders—was insufficient to keep from crumbling into atoms, all the forces now arrayed against the democracy of our country. That name has been, during the last twenty years, a tower of strength upon which they could always rely for defence: that name has been as the electric current that could pervade every part of the Union in a breath, and induce in all a similar action.—And yet this great name has been sacrificed—and while ZACHARY TAYLOR, (who at most says he is but a questionable *Whig*; and that he is not much versed in politics,) receives 171 votes as a candidate for the Presidency, HENRY CLAY receives 32! And more than two thirds of the votes received by Gen. Taylor are given by men who cannot secure for him a single electoral vote in the States represented by them.

This mode of proceeding may be backing one's friends: it may be honest, and honorable, and in every way commendable and proper; but, if so, it is only such honesty, and honor, and propriety as will meet with a response in that party who deny the intelligence of the masses, whose leaders look upon their fellow men but as puppets to be moved according to the dictates of their own heartless and selfish schemes; and who have ever proved themselves ready and willing to sacrifice any public servant, or to deny any political truth, if by so doing their ends might be subserved. Thank Heaven, this is not the case with the Democracy! Faithful, honest, and consistent public service, is sure to bring down upon the heads of those who are deemed thus worthy the highest honors that can be bestowed; and thus it must ever be: for each one of the great men acting for the Democracy knows that he will be esteemed only as he bows to the sovereign will of the People—they alone are to be served—and when, in their own time, they desire to elevate one who has served them; all attempts of mere intriguers will prove unavailing. The Democratic party is the party of honor, of patriotism, of true magnanimity, of genuine nobility;—and why? Because it is guided by the immortal and god-like mind of those who recognise the People as the rightful sovereigns.

From the Freeport Visiter.

The Aqueduct.

On Monday afternoon last, we paid a visit to this celebrated "Point," which, as regards a name, vacillates between *Misery* and *Isabel*. Additional claims to the former title, however, presented themselves to *ourseneez*, on account of the difficult walking, for about a furlong, along the single log (below the point,) which now arrests the approach of Steamers to the main shore.

We found the work progressing with unabated and astonishing rapidity. Already the entire body of timbers, composing the frame-work of the trunk, has been erected over one span, and commenced over the second. The workmen were about attaching the huge arch-beams to the frame. Every consolence is entertained that, *by the last of this week*, three spans at the East end, and one at the West, will be completed, as far as the frames, and arches from pier to pier, are concerned. Then the scores of mechanics who have hitherto been dotting the plains like stars in the heavens, hewing and dressing the frame-beams,—will be placed upon the Aqueduct to finish the floor and sides of the trunk. This will be done much sooner than persons at a distance could well realize. We have examined the progress of this work with careful attention; we have in our expectations fallen far short of the reality; and impressed with emotions of pleasurable astonishment, we hereby confidently venture to announce to the public,—what we learned from a conversation with the affable and attentive president of the Canal Board, —that, at the farthest, the entire Aqueduct will be finished about the 1st of August; but that, judging from present indications, it gives every promise that more than likely *it may be completed as soon as the 20th of next month.* Three times three cheers for good old Pennsylvania!!!

FATAL ACCIDENT—ALMOST.—A few days ago we heard a noise like that of an explosion of rock powder, at the head of Fourth street, and on enquiry we learn that some workmen were busy blasting for a grade of Diamond alley. We thought at the time it was a singular operation to be performed in the heart of a crowded city. Yesterday, we were not at all surprised to hear of an accident. A rock, weighing about twenty pounds, was driven into a house in the neighborhood, and passed within a few inches of a man who was at work, shivering an inch board in its course. Now we suggest that the gentlemen who have taken the contract in Diamond alley should adopt some other mode of doing their work.

☞ The Sable Harmonists must feel gratified at the audiences that have greeted them nightly. We have never known Ethiopian Concerts to be so successful in this city before. The Band is reported to be an excellent one by all who have visited them.

They have taken Apollo Hall, and last night they gave their first concert there to a large collection of ladies and gentlemen. They will appear in the same hall this, and to-morrow evenings.

BRICK MACHINE.—We did intend to visit Birmingham yesterday for the purpose of not missing the operation of a remarkable machine for making brick, but failed in doing so. We will go at our first convenience.

☞ We would advise persons who are not very fond of music to stop in our office about Auction hours, when the bells begin to sound their notes. They might, after such a serenade, even submit themselves to the harmony of scraped cat gut.

☞ The firemen were out yesterday attending the funeral of a member of the Niagara, named Rodgers. Several bands of music accompanied the procession.

BY AUTHORITY.

Acts and Resolutions passed at the First Session of the Thirtieth Congress.

[PUBLIC—No. 34.]

AN ACT to provide additional examiners in the Patent Office, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be appointed, in the manner provided in the second section of the act entitled "An act to promote the progress of useful arts, and to repeal all acts and parts of acts heretofore made for that purpose," approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two principal examiners, in addition to the number of examiners now employed in the Patent Office; and that hereafter each of the principal examiners employed in the Patent Office shall receive an annual salary of twenty-five hundred dollars, and each of the assistant examiners an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the power to extend patents, now vested in the board composed of the Secretary of State, Commissioner of Patents, and Solicitor of the Treasury, by the eighteenth section of the act approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, respecting the Patent Office, shall hereafter be vested solely in the Commissioner of Patents; and when an application is made for the extension of a patent according to said eighteenth section, and sixty days notice given thereof, he shall refer the case to the principal examiner having charge of the class of inventions to which said case belongs, who shall make a full report to said Commissioner of the said case, and particularly whether the invention or improvement secured in the patent, was new and patentable when patented; and thereupon the said Commissioner shall grant or refuse the extension of said patent, upon the same principles that have governed said board; but no patent shall be extended for a longer term than seven years.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That hereafter the Commissioner of Patents shall require a fee of one dollar for recording any assignment, grant, or conveyance, of the whole or any part of the interest in letters patent, or power of attorney, or license to make or use the things patented, when such instrument shall not exceed three hundred words; the sum of two dollars when it shall exceed three hundred and shall not exceed one thousand words; and the sum of three dollars when it shall exceed one thousand words; which fees shall in all cases be paid in advance.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That there shall be appointed in manner aforesaid two clerks, to be employed in copying and recording, and in other service in the Patent Office, who shall each be paid a salary of one thousand two hundred dollars per annum.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the Commissioner of Patents is hereby authorized to send by mail, free of postage, the annual reports of the Patent Office, in the same manner in which he is empowered to send the seed packages relating to the business of the Patent Office.

ROBERT C. WINTHROP,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
GEO. M. DALLAS,
Vice President of the United States, and
President of the Senate.
JAMES K. POLK.

APPROVED, May 27, 1848.

[PUBLIC—No. 35.]

AN ACT extending privileges to American vessels engaged in a certain mentioned trade, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall hereafter be lawful for any steamship or other vessel, not being duly registered in pursuance of the laws of the United States, to engage in trade between one port in the United States, and one or more ports within the same, with the privilege of touching at one or more foreign ports during the voyage, and land and take in thereat merchandise, passengers, and their baggage and letters and mails: *Provided*, That all such vessels shall be first visited by the collectors of the ports at which they shall take in their cargoes in the United States, with certified manifests setting forth the particulars of the cargoes, the marks, number of packages, by whom shipped, to whom consigned, at what port to be delivered; designating such ports as are entitled to drawback, or to the privilege of being placed in warehouse; and the masters of all such vessels shall, on their arrival at any port of the United States from any foreign port at which such vessel may have touched, as herein provided, conform to the laws provided for the delivery of manifests, of cargo, and passengers taken on board at such foreign port, and all the laws regulating the report and entry of vessels from foreign ports, and be subject to all penalties therein prescribed.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all vessels and their cargoes, engaged in the trade referred to in the act, shall become subject to the provisions of existing collection and revenue laws on arrival in any port in the United States: *Provided*, That any foreign goods, wares, or merchandise, taken in at one port of the United States, to be conveyed in said vessels to any other port within the same, either under the provisions of the warehousing act of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, or under the laws regulating the transportation coastwise of goods entitled to drawback, as well as any goods, wares, or merchandise not entitled to drawback, but on which the import duties chargeable by law shall have been duly paid, shall not become subject to any duty by reason of the vessel in which they may arrive having touched at a foreign port during the voyage, in pursuance of the privilege given in this act.

APPROVED May 27, 1848.

[PUBLIC NO. 36.]

AN ACT explanatory of the act entitled "An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, and for other purposes," approved eleventh February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the term "officers," as used in the ninth section of the act entitled "An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, and for other purposes, approved eleventh February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, shall be considered as extending to the brothers and sisters of those persons whose services, under that act, may have entitled them to the land therein provided: the order or priority of right, however, shall remain as declared in that act; and those failing, the right shall accrue, fourthly, to the brother or sister, or in equal proportions to the brothers and sisters of the deceased, as the case may be.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the benefits of the said act of eleventh February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, shall not be construed as forfeited by the privates and non-commissioned officers, who have been, or may be, promoted to the grade of commissioned officer during their service in Mexico, and who shall have subsequently fulfilled the conditions of their engagements: *Provided*, Such promotion shall have been made subsequent to the original organization of the company, corps, or regiment to which such privates and non-commissioned officers may have belonged.

APPROVED May 27, 1848.

MR. EDITOR: The Democracy of the Sixth Ward would respectfully present the name of JOHN J. MITCHELL, Esq., as a candidate for Assembly. His popularity and devotion to Democratic principles would unquestionably rally the whole strength of our party, and ensure a triumph over whigism, federalism and Taylorism. OMNES.

DIED!

Yesterday morning, at 8 o'clock, JAMES WHITE, son of Samuel and Mary White, in the 8th year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral from the residence of his father, Townsend street, this morning, at 10 o'clock.

☞ **Attention Niagara.**—The members of the Niagara Fire Company are hereby notified to attend an especial meeting, at their Hall, on Friday evening, the 16th inst., at 8 o'clock. Punctual attendance requested. jc15:2t S. MCILWAINE, Sec'y.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

C. S. PORTER.....Manager and Lessee.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:
Dress Circle.....50c. | Second Tier.....35c. | Pit.....25c.
Gallery.....20c. | Private Boxes.....$1,00.

☞ Benefit of Mr. RAYMUND.
FRIDAY, June 16th, to commence with
MISCHIEF MAKING.
Madame Manvette, Miss Petrie. | Nicholas.....Raymond.
AFTER WHICH, DANCE BY MISS ANNA MALVINA.
To be followed by the
PRIDE OF THE MARKET.
Bidone.....Mr. Raymond. | Marion.....Miss Petrie.
Dance, by Miss Anna Malvina.
To conclude with
BOX AND COX.
Box.....Mr. Raymond. | Cox.....Mr. Prior.
☞ Doors open at 7 past 7. Curtain rises 1 before 8.

APOLLO HALL,
FOURTH STREET, A FEW DOORS FROM WOOD.

BY request of numerous heads of families; the SABLE HARMONISTS have the honor to announce that they will give three more of their unique and inimitable entertainments, which have been attended by the fashion and beauty of the principal cities of the Union, at the new, elegant and well ventilated APOLLO HALL.

Entire change of Programme, to consist of Songs, Glees, Choruses, Burlesques, Witticisms, Dances, &c.—On which occasion they will sing the celebrated song—for the first time—of ROSA LEE, or DON'T BE FOOLISH, JOE.

Admission 25 cents; doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock. jc16] J. N. BENSON, Manager.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE on Real Estate, in the city.—Ninth ward.—On Saturday afternoon, the 17th inst. at 3 o'clock, will be sold, on the premises, by order of Charles Anderson, administrator of the late Hugh Anderson, deceased, that valuable lot of ground, situate at the corner of Penn and Lumber streets, having a front of 28 feet on Penn street, and extending back 100 feet to Mulberry alley, on which is erected a good two story frame dwelling house, at present occupied by Mr. Richards and others. Also, that very desirable Lot, situate on the opposite corner of Penn and Lumber streets, being the same size as above. Title indisputable. Terms at sale. JOHN D. DAVIS,
jc16 Auctioneer.

☞ The members of the Allegheny and the conductors of a hose reel tested the water cure system at the fire yesterday. The Allegheny for a time played right briskly upon the gentlemen of the hose who were doing their duty manfully on the roof of the church; but were not aware that they were ducking their co. laborers above them. But the wet boys did not consider ignorance any excuse, and so they pointed the riggle of the hose down upon the Alleghenians, and piled the element on so thickly that all fled save one. He would not surrender, and like the Indian General, called upon his men to come on, though they might be cut to pieces. They again rallied, and commenced the work again. Their stream being the strongest, the hose men were forced to retreat in discomfiture. Hurra for the Allegheny—but we hope the members of this efficient company may content themselves with this victory, and not provoke any direct fights.

FIRE.—About 11 o'clock yesterday a fire broke out on the roof of St. Paul's Cathedral. The firemen and citizens were quickly on hand and prevented much damage. How the fire originated none knew. It is supposed to have started from a flue. It could not possibly be the work of an incendiary.

☞ The Liberty party of Western Pennsylvania met in convention on Wednesday last, in Temperance Hall, and nominated half of the Electoral Ticket, established a platform, &c. On the same evening they held a mass meeting, at which Mr. Urquehart, and others, made speeches.

☞ A young man by the name of Rathburn, from Pittsburgh, in stringing wire on the telegraph poste, fell from the top of a post on yesterday, and injured himself very seriously. He was carried to the "St. Charles Hotel," and is under the care of a physician.—*Steubenville Herald*, 14th.

We have the painful duty of announcing to-day the death of William M'Knight, Esq., one of our oldest citizens and for upwards of forty years a merchant of this city.—*American.*

For the Morning Post.

MR. HARPER:—Please state in your paper, that Col. W. L. Miller, of Versailles p. will be supported in the Convention for a seat in the next Legislature. Col. Miller is a sound Democrat, and always has been. He was in the convention of 1824 that nominated Jackson. He was a Cass man in 1844; and attended the Baltimore Convention; by May last, to assist in the nomination of Cass and Butler, and it is certain that few men exerted more influence than he did. His main object was to satisfy delegates that Cass was stronger in Pennsylvania than any other man. MANY CASS MEN.

Latest Arrival of New Goods.

AT 49 *Liberty street.*—The subscriber has just received a large and hand some stock of fashionable goods, for gentlemen's Summer wear, such as French, English, and Belgin Cloths. Drap des tes. Cashmerette, Merino, Cassimeres, Hombazines, and Summer Cloths, of all colors and numbers. Also, a great variety of fancy Cassimeres and figured Linens, many of them entirely new styles, which are not to be found elsewhere in this city together with a large assortment of new style fancy Vestings, all of which will be made to order in the most fashionable manner, at short notice. Gentlemen favoring this establishment with their orders, may rely upon their garments being made as well as they can be in any other house in the country.

ON HAND, a large assortment of *READY MADE CLOTHING*, consisting of every description of Dress and Sack Coats, new style business coats, sack coats blouses, &c. Also, a general assortment of pants, vests, shirts, cravats, suspenders, and all other articles in the Clothing line, which will be sold low for cash. Wholesale purchasers will find it much to their advantage to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

jc16 P. DI LANY, Tailor.

GENTLEMEN will now find at No. 110 Market street, a full supply of Men's Wear, such as—
Black Paripletts;
Black and Brown Cashmerette;
Merino Cassemers,
Middlesex "
Croton Coating;
White Linen, (for Pants;)
Brown "
With a full assortment of French Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c. jc16] B. D. THOMPSON.

BUFFALO ROBES—Now landing from S. R. Shennan, 200 assorted Buffalo Robes, in prime order, direct from Fort Pierre. (Yellow Stone.) Upper Missouri. Apply at the Fur Company's Agency, Third street, near the Post Office, to jc16:3t] A. BEELEN.

THE Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny:

The petition of Wm P. Torrence, of the 1st Ward, city of Allegheny, in the County aforesaid, humbly sheweth: That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the Ward aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

WM. P. TORRENCE.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the aforesaid Ward, do certify, that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travelers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

Recog. to the laws regulating the transportation coastwise of goods entitled to drawback, as well as any goods, wares, or merchandise not entitled to drawback, but on which the import duties chargeable by law shall have been duly paid, shall not become subject to any duty by reason of the vessel in which they may arrive having touched at a foreign port during the voyage, in pursuance of the privilege given in this act.

APPROVED May 27, 1848.

[PUBLIC NO. 36.]

AN ACT explanatory of the act entitled "An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, and for other purposes," approved eleventh February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the term "officers," as used in the ninth section of the act entitled "An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, and for other purposes, approved eleventh February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, shall be considered as extending to the brothers and sisters of those persons whose services, under that act, may have entitled them to the land therein provided: the order or priority of right, however, shall remain as declared in that act; and those failing, the right shall accrue, fourthly, to the brother or sister, or in equal proportions to the brothers and sisters of the deceased, as the case may be.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the benefits of the said act of eleventh February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, shall not be construed as forfeited by the privates and non-commissioned officers, who have been, or may be, promoted to the grade of commissioned officer during their service in Mexico, and who shall have subsequently fulfilled the conditions of their engagements: *Provided*, Such promotion shall have been made subsequent to the original organization of the company, corps, or regiment to which such privates and non-commissioned officers may have belonged.

APPROVED May 27, 1848.

MR. EDITOR: The Democracy of the Sixth Ward would respectfully present the name of JOHN J. MITCHELL, Esq., as a candidate for Assembly. His popularity and devotion to Democratic principles would unquestionably rally the whole strength of our party, and ensure a triumph over whigism, federalism and Taylorism. OMNES.

DIED!

Yesterday morning, at 8 o'clock, JAMES WHITE, son of Samuel and Mary White, in the 8th year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral from the residence of his father, Townsend street, this morning, at 10 o'clock.

☞ **Attention Niagara.**—The members of the Niagara Fire Company are hereby notified to attend an especial meeting, at their Hall, on Friday evening, the 16th inst., at 8 o'clock. Punctual attendance requested. jc15:2t S. MCILWAINE, Sec'y.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

C. S. PORTER.....Manager and Lessee.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:
Dress Circle.....50c. | Second Tier.....35c. | Pit.....25c.
Gallery.....20c. | Private Boxes.....$1,00.

☞ Benefit of Mr. RAYMUND.
FRIDAY, June 16th, to commence with
MISCHIEF MAKING.
Madame Manvette, Miss Petrie. | Nicholas.....Raymond.
AFTER WHICH, DANCE BY MISS ANNA MALVINA.
To be followed by the
PRIDE OF THE MARKET.
Bidone.....Mr. Raymond. | Marion.....Miss Petrie.
Dance, by Miss Anna Malvina.
To conclude with
BOX AND COX.
Box.....Mr. Raymond. | Cox.....Mr. Prior.
☞ Doors open at 7 past 7. Curtain rises 1 before 8.

APOLLO HALL,
FOURTH STREET, A FEW DOORS FROM WOOD.

BY request of numerous heads of families; the SABLE HARMONISTS have the honor to announce that they will give three more of their unique and inimitable entertainments, which have been attended by the fashion and beauty of the principal cities of the Union, at the new, elegant and well ventilated APOLLO HALL.

Entire change of Programme, to consist of Songs, Glees, Choruses, Burlesques, Witticisms, Dances, &c.—On which occasion they will sing the celebrated song—for the first time—of ROSA LEE, or DON'T BE FOOLISH, JOE.

Admission 25 cents; doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock. jc16] J. N. BENSON, Manager.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE on Real Estate, in the city.—Ninth ward.—On Saturday afternoon, the 17th inst. at 3 o'clock, will be sold, on the premises, by order of Charles Anderson, administrator of the late Hugh Anderson, deceased, that valuable lot of ground, situate at the corner of Penn and Lumber streets, having a front of 28 feet on Penn street, and extending back 100 feet to Mulberry alley, on which is erected a good two story frame dwelling house, at present occupied by Mr. Richards and others. Also, that very desirable Lot, situate on the opposite corner of Penn and Lumber streets, being the same size as above. Title indisputable. Terms at sale. JOHN D. DAVIS,
jc16 Auctioneer.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Pittsburgh Post Office from the 1st day of June to the 16th, 1848. Persons calling for Letters, will please say they are advertised.

Abell Samuel
Adams B F
Agnew Thos H
Aiken Mrs
Adams Charles
Agnew J
Abrams I. H
Adams Matthew
Agent George
Abraham John
Allender Abm 2
Allen John Rev 2
Alberson Mr
Allen R W Rev
Alexander Cyrus
Allan Sarah Jane
Amberson S
Allnol Lewis
Allan Arthur
Allen Jacob
Appleton Geo E
Anderson F A
Andrews A
Anderson Michael
Anthony Wm
Applegate & Mc-Causland
Amay Joseph
Arthurs Benj 2
Baker John
Ballentine Wm
Bayha Mary
Baker Sarah
Bailey B
Baker Emily
Bank Emeline
Baker Joseph B
Baker Henry
Bacon Enos
Baldwin J
Ballentine Nathl
Barry Harriet N
Bastran Wm
Baters Saml
Barbour Wm C
Barrett Wm
Barnes Robert
Barclay Wm
Bates Robert
Barnes John
Bark Wm
Barnes Eli
Barnett Stephen
Barrett John
Baur James
Barron Thomas
Batchelor C H mrs
Beaumy Angelina Miss 2
Beaty Charles
B