The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:
MONDAY MORNING, MAY 8.

THE VOICE OF PENNSYLVANIA!

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES BUCHANAN,
Subject to the decision of the National Convention.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
WILLIAM HIGLER, of Clearfield.
DAVID D. WAGENER, of Northampton.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

I.	HENRY L. BENNER,	Philadelphia County.
II.	HORN E. KREASS' do	City.
III.	ISAAC SHEPS, do	County.
IV.	A. L. ROCKHOFF, do	do
V.	JACOB S. YOST, Montgomery	do
VI.	ROBERT E. WRIGHT, Lehigh	do
VII.	WILLIAM W. DEWITNG, Chester	do
VIII.	HENRY HARDMAN, Lancaster	do
IX.	PETER KLINE, Berks	do
X.	BERNARD S. SCHOONOVER, Monroe	do
XI.	WM. SWETLAND, Wyoming	do
XII.	JONAH BREWSTER, Tioga	do
XIII.	JOHN G. KING, Clinton	do
XIV.	JOHN WEIDMAN, Lebanon	do
XV.	ROBERT J. FISHER, York	do
XVI.	FREDERICK SMITH, Franklin	do
XVII.	JOHN CRISWELL, Huntingdon	do
XVIII.	CHARLES A. BLACK, Greene	do
XIX.	GEORGE W. BOWMAN, Bedford	do
XX.	JOHN R. SHANNON, Beaver	do
XXI.	GEORGE P. HAMILTON, Allegheny	do
XXII.	W. H. DAVIS, Crawford	do
XXIII.	TIMOTHY IVES, Potter	do
XXIV.	JAMES G. CAMPBELL, Butler	do

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
ISRAEL PAINTER,
Of Westmoreland County.

IN THIS PAPER, THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES, TREATIES, RESOLUTIONS OF CONGRESS, &c., ARE PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

Morning Post Job Printing Office,
CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS.

☞ See advertisement on the first page.

☞ *Advertisers are requested to hand in their favors before 4 o'clock, P. M. This must be complied with, in order to insure an insertion. When it is possible, an earlier hour would be preferred.*

☞ E. W. CARR, United States Newspaper Agency, Sun Buildings, N. E. corner of Third and Dock streets, and 100 North Fourth Street—is our only authorised Agent in Philadelphia.

☞ Single copies of the Morning Post, may be had at the Store of George M Brisbin & Co., N. E corner of the Diamond and Ohio street, Allegheny City. Advertisements left there before 5 P. M. will be inserted the next day.

Prospects of the Country.

The conductors of Federal newspapers have been so long habituated to the cry of *ruin*, that many of them, even now, cannot cease uttering the cry. We hear them, in many quarters, declaiming against the general government, on account of the deranged condition of the business of the country; and not withstanding such is their constant complaint, there has probably never been a time, when the indications of a sound and wholesome state of business, in every department, were more strikingly manifest.—We gave, a few days since, some facts, going to prove this; and we now submit a "few more of the same sort."

The St. Louis New Era, of the 25th ultimo tells us, in relation to the prosperity of that city, that from present indications, the number of buildings that are to be erected this season will far exceed that of any former year. We learn that extensive arrangements are on foot, with property-holders, to improve; builders and master mechanics will no doubt, reap a rich harvest. Already we notice many improvements going forward, and arrangements making for others. In the northern and western portions of the city, the sound of the trowel and hammer greet the ear at almost every step, carrying conviction to the mind of the listener, that our citizens are fully awake to their interests. If there is any one circumstance more than another that should go to convince the sceptical of the rapid stride St. Louis is making in improvements, it is the large amount of lumber annually consumed for building purposes. Our lumber yards are on the most extensive scale. In addition to the lumber turned out at several extensive mills in the city, a large amount is yearly rifted from the mills on the St. Croix and St. Peter's rivers, together with considerable quantities boated from the Ohio; all of which is consumed at this point: and for some time past, a scarcity has been felt of the better qualities, suitable for building purposes." The same indications are present in Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, Detroit—and indeed throughout the country; not even excepting our own flourishing city and vicinity. But it is not merely in the number of houses that are being built, that we are to look for indications of prosperity. The eastern papers have for some time been informing us, that the domestic market is in the most flourishing condition—the wholesale merchants almost overcome from the attention which they are obliged to give to their business; and all the public works crowded with cars and boats, be ring away and bringing forward, produce and merchandise. The notices of arrivals at the hotels at New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, all tell the same tale; and we find, that, in Buffalo, there is a continual jam. The Courier of the 30th ult. says:—

"The arrivals in this city last Wednesday evening, by steamboat and railroad were so numerous, that every hotel was filled from top to bottom, and everything in the shape of beds, sofas, benches, &c., put in requisition. The travel, this year, thus far, is large beyond all precedent, and seems to be increasing every day.

"Then our manufactories, of all kinds are going on swimmingly, and we find that new establishments are springing up in every direction—even in the South. The cotton factory at Charleston, which was started less than a month since, has incited the citizens of Savannah and of Macon, in Georgia, to embark in similar undertakings; and in each of these cities steam is to be called into requisiiton to propel machinery for the manufacture of cotton goods. We see it stated, also, that a new establishment at Arcadia, in Florida, now turns out upwards of 1000 yards a day of cotton cloth; and that measures are being taken to increase the work so as to produce twice this amount. Indeed, it is not unreasonable, in view of the wildness of many of the schemes of the Federalists, to presume that they will, ere long, be devising some means by which to find a provision in the Constitution, that will enable them to pass a law for protecting their favorites at the North against the cheap manufactures of their southern brethren. The South, however, begin to think that if England shall not need her cotton, she can manufacture it herself; and, though we think an honest labor degrading, but feel it to be the pride and boast of our countrymen, it will be better suited for the population of the South, who will be engaged in it, than for those who are required to fill a station below the above slavery—taking into view the manner in which most of our cotton and woolen manufactories are conducted.

Phy:

To Farmers and others.

HAGUE says that the most fortunate days in this month, for you, are the 10th, 11th, 14th, 17th, 19th, 21st, 22d, 24th, 28th, 29th, 30th, and 31st. You will on those days be more successful in your trading in cattle, land, lumber, and pigs, than on other days. Just note his prediction.

For business men generally, he says the 11th, 12th, 16th, 17th, 23d, 24th, 26th, 27th, 30th, and 31st, are the most favorable; but he recommends abstaining from singing notes on the 17th, 18th, 19th, and 25th. For the 31st he makes this singular announcement:—"Whoever marries one hour before sunrise will never ask a divorce." The 10th, from noon to sunset; the 11th, the 26th, and 30th, are also favorable for marriage. He says a great reason why there are so many unhappy marriages in our country, is, because so many marry after night.

☞ Gen. Tom Thumb exhibits his diminutive proportions, in Quincy Hall, Allegheny city, this evening.

The Independent Treasury.

We extract the following from a late number of the New York Journal of Commerce, of the 3d inst.

"The steamer Boston takes some $200,000 specie, and the Sarah Sands, to go hence on Friday, will take nearly as much. Specie is, however, coming in so fast, that it accumulates in the banks, notwithstanding the large exportation. The exchanges remain in favor of New York at all points. The unfortunate transfer of two millions to New Orleans in gold, a year ago, has disordered the exchanges on that point ever since. There are now eight millions of specie at New Orleans, with exchange one and a half per cent in favor of New York. If the Sub-treasury had not removed the coin by force, New Orleans would have been saved this heavy loss in exchange, or at least a good portion of it.

"The exchanges remain in favor of New York, at all points," says the Journal; and yet, "if subtreasury had not removed the coin *by force*," this editor concludes that the exchanges would have been more nearly equal. We are really unable to see how the removal of the two millions of government money to New Orleans, where it was needed, from New York, where it was not needed, can have made the rest of the country indebted to New York—thereby affecting the exchanges. If bills drawn on New York are based upon actual shipments made or intended, and the amount of goods forwarded in return for the produce sent to New York, is not greater than the value of that produce, she cannot become creditor to the other commercial points; and if, in fair commercial transactions, she becomes creditor to other cities, it is but just and natural that they should pay the difference which that state of things must necessarily produce. In proportion to the indebtedness of other points to that city, would be the rate of discount upon bills drawn by them: and as the money of the government has no connection with the business of merchants, its removal to New Orleans, when required there, could not surely make other points, in the country either more or less indebted to New York, or effect the indebtedness of that city to other points if she had received more produce than was paid for by her in goods. So long as the money of the government shall be kept separate from all business transactions of the mercantile and speculating classes, it cannot any more effect the exchanges of the country, than they would be affected by the removal from Pittsburgh to St. Louis or Philadelphia of a man who might have in his possession, and unemployed, fifty or sixty millions, instead of two millions.

Periodicals, for May.

We have received the May number of the "HERALD OF TRUTH," published at Cincinnati. It contains the usual quantity of valuable and interesting matter. It is a highly meritorious publication. Dr. SCOTT, Dentist, is the agent for this city.

"HAGUE'S HOROSCOPE."—The May number of this curious publication has arrived. It is well printed, and contains a great deal of rare matter. All who wish to hear "the Voice of the Stars," should take the Horoscope and judge for themselves. It may be had for one dollar a year.

NEW WORK.

"*Novum Testamentum domini nostri Jesu Christi. Interprete Theodoro Beza.*" Published by APPLETON, Philadelphia; and APPLETON & Co. New York. This is a very neat edition of the excellent version of the New Testament by BEZA, which has been sent to us by KAY & Co., of our city, who have it for sale. It is particularly recommended to those who wish a Latin version of the New Testament Scriptures.

A Great Sale of Sugar.

The New York Journal of Commerce of the 2nd instant, says:—"Messrs. Hoffman sold to-day, in one hour, fifteen thousand packages, and thirty thousand loaves unpacked, of refined sugar, from the great works of Messrs. Wolsey & Woolsey. The prices were from $7,88@$8,40 ⅌ 100 lbs., 4 mos. The money amount of the sales was near $300,000, the largest sale of sugar ever made in this country. The past is small; the future, great."

Poetical History of Ireland.

The poetical history of this unfortunate country, by JEREMIAH O'DONAVAN, Esq., which has been promised to the public, is now in press; and will appear in the course of a few weeks. It will be printed in handsome style, on fine paper, of beautiful texture and will no doubt be esteemed as a treasure by hundreds into whose hands it will fall.

The Snake and the Woodpecker.

We have noticed in many places, a very wicked and very unprofitable practice, viz: buys or men standing sentinel in orchards with a gun shooting woodpeckers, in any country, and particularly in this, where orchards generally are so poorly taken care of, the woodpeckers are of great advantage in the way of killing insects and worms.

It was once thought that these birds picked into the fruit tree for the purpose of getting the sap; if that was the case they could find trees in one acre of native growth, containing sap much more palatable than can be found in our orchards.

The fact is they hunt after and destroy much of the vermin that infest, and in very many cases kill our most valuable fruit trees. When there are orchards very much infested with worms, the woodpeckers in all probability cannot save it, but undoubtedly they have saved many an orchard by devouring the worms and insects before they became numerous. They are the open enemies of all noxious reptiles. Not long ago we were riding by an orchard, and our attention was attracted by the incessant clatter of some two or three dozen of these woodpeckers. We knew from the nature of the birds that something unusual must be going on, and we hitched our horse and proceeded cautiously to the spot. On coming near we discovered a child, a little girl, asleep, we could hear other children at a distance at play. On getting still closer we saw the cause of the birds' uneasiness; there, within three feet of the innocent child, lay coiled up and striking at the birds as they pounced down upon it, every side, a large venomous serpent, we procured a large stick, and unperceived got a stroke at him, and following it up with others soon dispatched him. The child had been at play with the rest, and becoming wearied, had lain down and fallen asleep.

Power of Instinct.

CARROLLTON, OHIO, APRIL 24.

On Saturday last, several persons witnessed a most striking display of instinct in the brutal species. A tree was felled, adjacent to the village, which proved to be hollow; and from which a "*Flying Squirrel*" came forth. It carried a few moments, but when an attempt was made to capture it, with its usual timidity, it ran to a tree close by, which it ascended to the top with quickness, and sailed off to the trunk of another, which it also ascended to its top and then off to another. It soon returned with boldness, and while the log was being cut off and split open, it loitered about the feet of those present, in evident distress, with an occasional piteous note, disregarding the danger of the falling axe, under which it frequently passed into the log. When the log was opened, there were its bed and two *young ones*. When all were lifted out with care, and laid down to her, she gathered one up with her paws into a roundish bulk, seized the gathered parts with her mouth, ascended the same tree she had previously gone up, and from its top again sailed off to another, and so on, until she had the young one safely deposited in a new home. She soon returned, and in like manner took away the other one to the same place. She seemed to lack however in calculation, and returned again, examined the place minutely; but finding no more of her progeny, she went the same direction, and returned no more.—*Picayune.*

THE VIEWS OF M. LEDRU ROLLIN seem to have been much perverted and misunderstood. The election circulars issued by him very properly admonish the exclusion of all monarchists from the convention. The intrigues of the Bourbons rendered this necessary. In his last circular he tells them, that far from resorting to violence, intimidation, or corruption, they would call the electors together and explain to them that anarchy would be the inevitable consequence of their electing any but men "of high character—and sound *Republican principles.*" So says a Paris correspondent of the N. Y. Courier.

RUSSIA.—A letter from St. Petersburg of the 6th of March, in the *Oesterreichsche Zeitung*, gives an account of the strength of the Russian army. It is as follows:—

	Men.	Horses.	Guns.
European army of the line	386,000	70,720	1,200
European army of reserve	182,000	17,920	472
Caucasian army	65,000	17,840	168
Trans. Caucasian army	80,000	12,000	144
Finland army	17,800	2,200	60
Orenburg army	32,600	14,200	60
Siberian army	17,200	2,400	48
Corps of Cossacks	50,000	50,000	—
	829,001	196,720	2,152

FUNERAL HONORS.

FRIDAY, MAY 12th, 1848.

The following order is issued for the guidance of the several public bodies, societies, trades, professions, firemen, military and citizens, that propose to join in the obsequies to be awarded to the gallant dead, on Friday, the 12th of May:

The Rev. Clergy, Physicians, Pall-bearers, and kindred of the deceased, will assemble at the residence of Dr. Joseph P. Gazzam, on 6th street, precisely at 11 o'clock, A. M.

The Officers and Soldiers of the Revolution, of the War of 1812—15, and of the present Mexican War, will meet at the Athenæum buildings, on Liberty street, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

The Military Escort, Civic Authorities, Charitable, Literary, and Trade Associations, Professors and Students of Institutions of learning, Judges of the Courts of Law, and their Officers, Members of the Bar, Firemen, Citizens, and unorganized organizations, will meet on Liberty street, the right on Pitt street, at 10 o'clock, A. M., from whence, under the direction of the Chief Marshal and his Assistants, they will proceed to Trinity Church, in which the bodies will be previously placed.

After the reception honors of the Military, the procession will take up its march in the following order:

Military Escort under the command of Colonel Elijah Trovillo.
White's Military Band, in the open conveyance of the association.
Committee of Arrangements, on foot.
Orator of the Day and Officiating Clergyman.

Pall Bearers.

Gen. Wm. Wilkins,
Gen. Robt. Orr,
Col. H. K. Craig,
Col. Wm. Croghan.

Hearse with the body of Com. Barney.

Pall Bearers.

Gen. John Neal,
Gen. John M. Davis,
Gen. Jas. Watson,
Gen. J. Large.

Detachment of U. S. Soldiers, as carriers.
Carriage for the relations of the deceased.

Pall Bearers.

Capt. J. Birmingham,
Capt. W. M'Candless,
Lieut. J. M. D. Crossan,
Capt. Alex. Hay.

Hearse with the body of Lieut. Parker.

Pall Bearers.

Capt. John B. Guthrie,
Capt. Geo. S. Wilkins,
John D. Davis,
F. G. Kay.

Detachment U. S. Soldiers, as carriers.
Carriage with family of deceased.

Pall Bearers.

Members of Old Grays,
Capt. P. N. Guthrie,
Jos. Woodwell,
Wm. Stockton,
Alex. Tindle.

Hearse with the body of Capt. C. Stewart.

Pall Bearers.

Members of Old Greys,
Wm. M. Guthrie,
Eccles Robinson,
Wm. B. Mowry,
Alex. Wallingford.

Detachment U. S. Soldiers, as carriers.
Carriage with relations of deceased.
Officers and soldiers who have served their country in the field, as mourners, in carriages.
Masonic Fraternity.
Judges of the United States and State Courts.
Members of the Bar.
Old Fellows' Association.
Professors and Students of the different Theological Schools.
Faculty and Students of the Western University.
Faculty and Students of Duquesne College.
Literary Associations.
Medical Societies.
Mayor and Councils of city of Pittsburgh.
Mayor and Councils of Allegheny.
Burgess and Council of Lawrenceville.
Burgess and Council of Birmingham.
Burgess and Council of Manchester.
Military Band.
Officers of the Fire Department.
Companies comprising the Firemen's Association of the cities and neighboring boroughs, and unattached companies.
Societies who are unknown to the Committee of Arrangements, and who may report their design to be present.
Citizens, on foot.
Horsemen.

Assistant Marshals—John Morrison, Robert M. Riddle, William M. Edgar, Alexander W. Foster, Henry S. Magraw, Lecky Harper, Geo. S. Hays, John C. Dunn, W. O'H. Robinson, Jas. Park, Jr., C. H. Paulson, John P. Perry, R. H. Kerr, Joseph McKibben, James Watson, Ed. Gregg, J. Cust Blair, Wm. D. Graham, will meet promptly at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Athenæum of Liberty and Hay street, to receive the orders of the day.

All persons, societies, &c., invited to participate in the ceremonies, are requested to give early answers, if not already done, to the Chief Marshal, with the names of their special Marshals and Officers, that the programme may be rendered complete in any future publication.

The Funeral of the Corpse will be up Sixth to Smithfield, along Smithfield to Water, down Water to Wood, up Wood to Fourth, down Fourth to Hay, along Hay to Penn, and up Penn to the Allegheny Cemetery.

All persons on the route are requested to suspend business during the passage of the procession, and the citizens generally are respectfully urged to avoid crowding the streets above named with horses and carriages from 11 to 1 o'clock.

The Churches and Fire Companies will toll their bells from 10 to 2 o'clock.

The commanders of vessels in Port, have directed their flags to be hoisted at half mast.

The flag at the U. S. Arsenal, by order of Lieut. Col. Craig, will be run down to half mast, on the arrival of the escort at Lawrenceville, and kept there until the return of the Military from the Cemetery.

The following gentlemen composing the Committee of Arrangement, will meet at Trinity Church, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of the 12th of May:

John W. Butler, John B. Guthrie, H. S. Fleming, John Birmingham, R. H. Harper, W. D. Tassey, Michael Jones, W. B. Mowry, J. W. Biddle, A. A. Nicholson, John Chislett, C. O. Loomis, F. G. Kay, Joseph Birmingham, C. A. S. Eyster, J. R. M'Clintock.

It is hoped that no invitation will be unrepresented, and that all will view this order as a sufficient invitation.

WILLIAM LARIMER, JR.,
Chief Marshal.

TRUTH.—Truth courts investigation, but error shrinks from scrutiny. Truth rests on a basis from the most rigid examination, but error always fears the consequences. Truth is immutable, and will stand the criticism. Truth like its author, is eternal, and will exist amidst the wreck of matter and the crash of worlds, while error will be swept away by the vortex of time. The more you examine truth, like gold, the brighter it shines. Truth is never tarnished by inspection, but receives from it more splendor.—Any system which skrinks from scrutiny, deserves corruption in its premises, and is unworthy the attention of an intelligent mind.—A certain writer said, with the utmost propriety, "He that will not reason is a bigot; he that cannot reason is a fool; and he that dares not reason is a slave."

IS IT TRUE!—We were yesterday informed that the person who pretended on Henry Clay to believe that he might carry Pennsylvania, lives in this city, and is in easy circumstances. We hope this matter may be investigated.—*Pittsburgh Post.*

We notice in an exchange, that Mr. Barnum, the curiosity hunter, has caught the very identical Mexican that Mr. Clay wished to hide in a corner that he might *stay*, and intends to show him through the country. If he could catch the Pittsburgher, and put them in a cage together, they would be worth half a dozen monkey shows put together. There are but few but would be willing to go two *bits* a sight.—*Ohio Statesmnn.*

MARAST has given a most courageous and manly rebuke to a deputation of Paris workmen, who desired the government to sanction and assist the confined expulsion of foreign operatives from France. He told them that such a course was not only wrong but impolitic, because other nations could retaliate in kind to a fearful extent, and that the government must not only refuse to sanction the proposed expulsion, but endeavor to prevent it.

FATHER MATHEW, the Irish Apostle of Temperance, has written a letter to Captain Knight, of the packet ship New World, in which he says:

"Now that I am, thank God, recovered, I see no difficulty to my intended departure in August, and I shall with the divine blessing assuredly take passage under your command, on the 21st of that month."

PITTSBURGH May 2, 1848.

The Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank has this day declared a dividend of three and a half per cent. on the Capital Stock, payable on or after the 12th inst.
(may3) W. H. DENNY, Cashier.

☞ We have heard of cures in many and various diseases performed by the celebrated Lithontriptic Mixture, Dr. G. C. Vaughn's Great American Remedy, and have cited cases often—but we think the extract below deserves notice.

From ALBERT GRANT, of
WEST NEWBERRY, MASS. Jan. 24, 1847.

"I am a blacksmith by trade, and for many years have been failing in health, at last gave up business, and kept body wasted to a skeleton, and a complete canker, my strength, of course, failed the doctors, and discharged them, took some dozen of various advertised remedies, and found no relief whatever, and what induced me to be yours I know not, but did and *I am well.* I am now a firm believer that your article is one of the greatest medicines ever put forth." See our columns, call upon Agent, get a pamphlet and read it.

Agents in this city—
Hays & Brockway, Wholesale and Retail Agents, No. 2, Commercial Row, Liberty street, Pittsburgh. may8

LOCAL MATTERS.

☞ The Balloon Ascension on Saturday was a very brilliant sight. The daring Aeronaut, Mr. Crevier, was let off at about 4½ o'clock, P. M. The weather was favorable. The balloon took an eastwardly direction, and continued on its course until lost to sight—which was in about twenty minutes. We have heard nothing from him since. We understand it was his intention, if possible, to cross the Mountains. This would be accomplishing something grand, indeed. Clayton asserted that it could not be done. Our citizens are anxious to hear from Mr. C., and will rejoice at the news of his safe arrival in some clear field, beyond the Alleghenies.

We understand that the conduct of some persons, who attended during the operation of inflating, was disgraceful to themselves and the city. As many as two hundred "hooked in," or, in other words, gained entrance through the back door—without tickets. This was villainous; if such conduct is not swindling, we know no such crime. Mr. Crevier will lose between one and three hundred dollars in the experiment.

But the mob, not satisfied with getting within the enclosure in this manner, caused much disturbance, and seriously hindered the operation. Two or three times there were threats of rows; and one fellow, without provocation, struck Mr. Crevier in the mouth.

People may ask: Where were the police officers? We don't know.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—The case of United States, vs. about a dozen Canal boatmen, was taken up on Friday, and occupied the time of the Court on Saturday, and the prospect is that the whole of this week may be taken up in the trials. The defendents have been indicted for obstructing the U. S. Mail, on its way from Kittaning to Pittsburgh. The whole matter appears to have grown out of business rivalry on the canal. The prosecutors are the owners of one line, and the defendants are owners of another. The former carried the mail. Boats of both lines were nearing a lock, when the one (as is charged,) belonging to defendants, made a rush to get in first, thus preventing the mail boat from proceeding in her usual time. The defence promised to shew, that, notwithstanding, the mail did arrive two hours before the regular time. This is about all we gathered from the little we heard of the case.

Mr. U. S. District Attorney Wylie, and Mr. M'Candless, appeared for United States; Mr. Magraw, for Defence.

THE MERCY HOSPITAL.—That our readers may fully understand what the Managers of this institution are doing, and intend to do, we copy the following from the last Catholic:

MERCY HOSPITAL.—The collections for this benevolent institution, to which we directed attention in our last number, have not as yet been fully reported. We, therefore, defer their publication until next week.

From what we do know from some of the collectors, everything promises well. Their zeal and determination not to fail, augur to meet with the success they merve. We could name a few of the subscribers, also, who did not require to be asked a second and time, but who gave even a second and a third time to different collectors. May God bless them.

We hope those collectors whose block has been interfered with, will not on that account be discouraged. Recollect that you work for the sick, and that it will be a last effort. Go at it—and through it like a Christian.

Next Saturday, the names of all the collectors, with the amount collected by each, be it great, little, or none at all, will be published in the *Pittsburgh Catholic*, with a request that the city papers will please to copy. Time, is, therefore, given until next Wednesday, to work, and to give in reports on Thursday, at farthest. The sick are applying every day for admittance to the Hospital. Let each person give what he can to open the door.

CAUGHT.—Officers Hague and Fox yesterday made an arrest of a person who is strongly suspected of having committed divers offences against the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth. His name is given as Daniel Wilson, and he says he belongs to Cincinnati. He has been in this city about four weeks, and a portion of the time boarded at the Exchange.

The arrest yesterday was made under three informations before Alderman Steele. The first was: Stealing money from the till of the steamer Ringgold, at our wharf, last Thursday. About $2,50 was taken in addition to a half dollar, which could readily be identified on account of the peculiar marks upon it. The second information was in relation to this piece. The third was made by officer Hague, who believes that Wilson is a fugitive from justice in Ohio, having been convicted in Cincinnati for stealing a watch.

A very valuable purse was found upon him, which is supposed to have been stolen. If any person has lost one, they had better call at the Independent Police Office, and see this one.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.—The proceedings of Saturday were not very interesting, to any but the members, as the session was mostly taken up in reading reports of Committees in relation to the pecuniary affairs of the Church. The committee appointed to report upon the expediency of revising the Hymn Book, reported affirmatively, which report was with some amendment, adopted.

We understand that Bishop Soule, one of the most distinguished divines of the M. E. Church, South, is in this city. We believe there are many southern clergymen now in attendance at the session of the Conference.

ANOTHER BANK GONE.—Our citizens were thrown into an excitement on Saturday, by the news of the failure of Reed, the owner of the Erie Bank, and that consequently that institution had failed. But we caution people who hold the notes of the "shop" to beware; they may be as good as ever, and this alarm may be a trick of the dealers. Nothing will be lost, at all events, by holding on to the notes for a few days.

—Since the above was written, we have received the Erie Observer, of Tuesday morning, which contains the following:

SUSPENSION OF THE ERIE BANK.—We stop the press to say that the Erie Bank suspended payment to-day. We have neither time nor inclination for comment. To bill holders we would say, don't sacrifice at present. The Cashier assures us it has means, though just not now available, to redeem its circulation dollar for dollar.

FOUR MEN DROWNED.—A melancholy affair occurred yesterday afternoon, at Dam No. 1. A party of men were out in a skiff, and approaching rather too close to the fall, four were drowned. We heard that one was named McKee, and belonged to Birmingham. The bodies had not been found at 4 o'clock yesterday.

"Hudson, with his immense and beautiful panorama of the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers, left yesterday, for Pittsburgh. We commend him and his to the Smokers.—*Cin. Com.*

We'll attend to him, Greaser, and pay him with dimes and applause. The Hudson River picture was successful here, and we doubt not this one, embracing the familiar scenery of our own beautiful river, will be well received.

☞ INFORMATION WANTED, of William Adair, who resided on Smithfield street, in this city. He left home last Wednesday morning, about 4 o'clock, without making known any intention of being absent, and has not since been seen or heard from. Any one knowing of his whereabouts, are requested to leave information at this office, or with his family on Smithfield street.

☞ A man unknown and unknowing here, had his pockets picked of a few papers and a little money, on the wharf on Saturday. He made no fuss about it; consoling himself with the reflection that it might have been worse. A true philosopher was he, indeed.

☞ One or two delegates to the Baltimore Convention passed through the city on Saturday.

☞ The boys, and some men, were very disorderly at the Circus, on Saturday evening. Is it not strange, that ruffians succeed so well in distressing others with their mischievous tricks.

ROCKWELL'S CIRCUS.—There will be an afternoon performance to commence at 2½ o'clock. A new and interesting piece, entitled the "Bull Fight, or Sports of Old Spain." The Independent Police have been engaged.

☞ An unfortunate woman, afflicted with St. Vitus' Dance, was in Fifth street, near the Bank yesterday, being made the sport of some idle boys. She was taken care of by some of her friends.

☞ Mr. Sunderland had a very genteel audience in Quincy Hall, on Saturday evening.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
May 2, 1848.

The President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of three and one half per cent on the capital stock for the last six months, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives forthwith.
may3-d1w THOMAS M HOWE, Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
May 2d, 1848.

This Bank has this day declared a dividend of three and a half per cent. on the Capital Stock, payable on and after the 11th inst.
may3-td THOMAS M HOWE, Cashier.

☞ *A Special Notice to all Journeymen Carpenters.*—By being on a strike for an advance of wages, would respectfully request their brethren elsewhere, to stay away until the contest is decided, and would caution those not to put any confidence in the representations of the employers, who may try to allure them by the promise of high wages and plenty of work.

Your fellow-citizens,
may4-3td&1tw THE JOURNEYMEN CARPENTERS.

☞ IMPORTANT WARNING TO THOSE WHO SNEEZE A COLD.—It is evident, and decided by the most experienced physicians that *Consumption* is mostly encouraged by a neglect of a Cold at the first attack. How many persons are there that put off from time to time procuring a suitable medicine, until the disease begins to assume a serious character, when in all probability they are past the power of medical aid. May these few lines prove a warning to those afflicted with the first symptoms of *Consumption*, that they may immediately use "*Dr. Duncan's Expectorant Remedy*," which is expressly for the disease of the respiratory system. It is certain to remove a Cough in a few days, at the same time relieving the pain in the side and breast, and arresting the progress of this fatal disease—*Consumption!* The "*Expectorant Remedy*" has a decided advantage over all other prepara tions. It regulates the system, and gives strength to the weak and nervous.

☞ Sold by WM. JACKSON, Agent, 89 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ DEATH FROM A SLIGHT COLD.—By neglecting those salutary precautions which common sense dictates, many very many—fall victims to their imprudence. We have seen the young bride, blooming, as it were, as the bird of paradise and the fair flower of hope, the pride of her father and the joy of her mother—her cheek flushed with anticipation, and her eye beaming with the soft expression of love—she gay dreams of life dancing on her fancy with the rich and variegated tints of the rainbow's promise. We have seen all this changed—aye, the wedding sepulchre of the dead; and all this from neglecting a common COLD. Now, before it is too late, use *Dr. Rodgers' Liverwort and Tar*, which gives immediate relief, as thousands of our most intelligent families now admit of its most extraordinary cures. The gay, the beautiful, and the young speak forth its praise, and will, as long as it makes positive cures, and cheers the despairing family circle.

For sale by Spaulding and Knoeland, Grant street, one door below Second. Also, by Kidd & Co., corner Wood and Fourth sts. ap29

R. D. Thompson, No. 110 Market Street,

HAS just returned from the eastern cities with his second supply of Spring and Summer DRY GOODS, having disposed of the whole of the Carpet Stock, previous to going east this last time—and being entirely free from the care of that business—I am enabled to devote my whole attention to the purchase of Dry Goods.

Customers and the public generally may depend upon finding, at the above No., every thing rich and beautiful that is to be found in the Dry Goods market.

He has in store, and is now receiving, the following Goods: Barred and plaid Grenadine;
Barred and plaid Silk Tissues;
Satin barred and plain Barege;
Lamentine Plaids, new article;
Jasper Plaids, do. do.
French and Organdy Lawns;
Barred and Plaid Linen Ginghams.

DRESS SILKS.

Rich Chameleons, all sorts;
Rich pinegreable striped; rich barred;
Fine Lustred black do., all widths, for Mantillas, & Visettes, &c.;
Brussels Lace and Silk Fringes, for trimming the above; good assortment.

Shawls.—This department is very full: Rich Cashmere; Embroidered Canton Crape; China Bernage, new style; Linen Net, 8-4 for $1 each; with every variety at low prices.

Linen Goods—Damask Table Cloths; Bleached and Brown Napkins; Towellings, Crashes, Barnsley Sheetings, &c.

Ginghams—French, English, and Manchester, of every style and texture.

Calicoes—in endless variety, from 6¼c. upwards.

Bleached and Brown Sheetings, Drillings, &c., yard wide.

Brown Sheeting, as low as 6¼c., &c.
R. D. THOMPSON.

Tea! Tea! Tea!

FRESH AND FRAGRANT, IMPORTED IN 1848. JUST received at the Pekin Tea Store. No. 79 Fourth street, near Wood, Pittsburgh, a very heavy stock of fresh GREEN and BLACK TEAS, from the New York Pekin Tea Company all imported this spring. The young Hyson and Oolong Black Teas are very fine and fragrant, packed in lead, in ½ ½ 1 and 2 lb. packages also in half chests. Retailers are invited to call and examine for themselves, and will be accommodated with any quantity they wish for—from 5 lbs. to a half chest at the same price.

Also a prime lot of 50 bags of old Mocha, Gov't Java, Rio, and St. Domingo Coffees, at wholesale and retail.

Spring's double refined Sugars, in loaf, crushed and pulverized, at 12¼ cents per lb.; usually retailed at 16 cents.

French spiced Chocolate: a prime article.

N. B.—We pledge ourselves in all cases where the above articles do not give entire satisfaction, to return the money.
may7 A. JAYNES,
70 4th st. near Wood.

OYSTERS!—On Tuesday morning, May 9th, at 9 o'clock, at Burns' Exchange Room, will be sold, without reserve, a large assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, comprising, in part, the following: Cloths, Cassimeres, Alpacas, Bombazines, de Laines, Lawns, Ginghams, Barages, Balzarines, Calicoes, Ribbons, Bonnets, Laces, Quillings, Edgings, &c.

At 1 o'clock, a large assortment of new and second-hand Household and Kitchen Furniture, Cooking Stove, Stoves, Bed Cords, &c.
mas WM. J. BURNSIDE, Auct.

PARASOLS & PARASOLETTS—Just rec'd, at No. 60 Market st., 10 cases of Parasols and Parasolettes, of every quality and price.
mas TRUNKMAN.

PRINTED LAWNS AND MUSLIN—A. A. MASON & Co., 60 Market street, have received 5 cases of rich Printed Lawns and Muslin.
mas

SILK SHAWLS—A. A. MASON & Co., 60 Market street, will open this morning the largest assortment of Silks and Shawls to be found in this city, comprising Black and Fancy Silks, of every variety and style of Shawls.

A. MASON & CO., 60 Market street, have received, per express, 250 ps. Bonnet Ribbon; 75 ps. Cap Ribbon. Also, Paletas and Satin, a large assortment.
mas

SILK SHAWLS—A. A. MASON & Co., 60 Market street, have received, per express, an extensive assortment of Silk Shawls.

WANTED—An active partner, with $1,500 cash capital, to engage in a profitable manufacturing business, favorably established in the city.
mas S CUTHBERT, General Agent, Smithfield street.

LARD OIL—11 bbls. No. 1, just rec'd and for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
mas corner First and Wood sts.

CASTILE SOAP—10 cases just rec'd and for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
mas corner First and Wood sts.

OIL OF LEMON—50 lbs. just rec'd and for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
mas corner First and Wood sts.

CALABRIA LIQUORICE—1 case just rec'd and for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
mas corner First and Wood sts.

TEA—20 hf. chests Young Hyson;
5 " " Imperial and Gunpowder;
20 catty boxes " " "
10 hf. ches Chulan Powchong: For sale by
mas J. D. WILLIAMS, 110 Wood st.

TOBACCO—10 boxes Brueich & Walkins 8s;
2 " " " " extra pounds;
5 " " " " 12s and 16s;
10 kegs No. 1 Six Twist;
10 " Pgh. Cavendish;
5 " " Phy;
20,000 Common Segars;
20,000 Half Spanish do.: for sale by
mas J. D. WILLIAMS, 110 Wood st.

SOAP—125 lbs. Candia Superior;
25 boxes Proctor & Gamble Family;
10 " Crumpton & Co. Palm: for sale by
mas J. D. WILLIAMS.

INDIGO—1 Ceroon S. F.;
24 lbs. Manilla: for sale by
mas J. D. WILLIAMS, 110 Wood st.

OLIVE OIL—2 doz. qts. Superior;
2 " pts. " for sale by
mas J. D. WILLIAMS.

POTASH—5 casks Superior, for sale by
mas J. D. WILLIAMS.

PICKLED PORK—10 bbls. Mess Pork;
5 " Prime " in store and for sale by [mas] SELLERS & NICOLS.

BACON—10 hhds. Prime Canvassed Hams;
35 " plain Hams and Shoulders;
Just received and for sale by
mas SELLERS & NICOLS.

VINEGAR—25 bbls. Cider Vinegar, just rec'd and for sale by [mas] SELLERS & NICOLS