The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:
THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 9, 1848.

VOICE OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY!

FOR PRESIDENT,

JAMES BUCHANAN,

Subject to the decision of the National Convention.

IN THIS PAPER. THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES, TREATIES, RESOLUTIONS OF CONGRESS, &c., ARE PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

Morning Post Job Printing Office,
CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS.

☞ See advertisement on the first page.

☞ *Advertisers are requested to hand in their favors before 4 o'clock, P. M. This must be complied with, in order to insure an insertion. When it is possible, an earlier hour would be preferred.*

☞ E. W. CARR, United States Newspaper Agency Sun Buildings, N. E. corner of Third and Dock streets, and 400 North Fourth street—is our only authorised Agent in Philadelphia.

The Daily Morning Post.

NEW PROSPECTUS.

The undersigned, encouraged by the very liberal patronage extended to the MORNING POST, during the past year, is induced to offer to the public a new PROSPECTUS, for the purpose of increasing the Circulation, Advertising, and General Business of the Establishment.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.—In its Political Department, the *Post*, as heretofore, will be the unflinching advocate of Democratic Principles. We shall continue to support the measures of the National Administration, believing, as we firmly do, that those measures are intimately connected with the glory and honor of our beloved country. We shall oppose all those chimerical and unconstitutional schemes which have been advocated by the Federal Party, since the organization of the Government, for the purpose of "fertilizing the rich man's soil with the sweat of the poor man's brow." The NOMINEES of the NATIONAL CONVENTION, in May next, shall receive our zealous support, and we shall use our utmost exertions to secure their triumphant election.

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT.—The *Post*, in its Commercial Department, will be equal, at least, to any of its cotemporaries. We shall present to our readers a DAILY REVIEW of the Pittsburgh Markets, embracing the actual transactions of each day, carefully prepared by a faithful Reporter, from the most reliable sources of information. The fluctuations in the Stock and Money Markets, Rates of Exchange and Discount, and all necessary information in relation to Banks and Currency, will be carefully noted down. The Markets of the Eastern and Western Cities are received daily by Magnetic Telegraph, and are accurately reported by gentlemen connected with the best mercantile papers. Every thing relating to the Commercial and Financial affairs of the country, calculated to develope its Business, Wealth and Resources, will be diligently collected and spread before our readers.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.—In its Local Department, the *Post* will rival the best of our city dailies. The same excellent Reporter who had the charge of this Department for the last year, JAMES D. THORNBURGH, Esq., will continue to serve up for our numerous readers each morning a delectable dish of City Occurrences, and faithfully report every thing that is new and interesting. In this department of the Post will also appear a Digest of the Decisions of the Supreme Court, and a Report of the Trials and Decisions of all important cases in our County Courts, which will make the paper interesting, not only to lawyers and suitors, but to all classes of readers.

NEWS.—For the Latest News, we flatter ourselves the *Post* will not be surpassed by any other paper in the West. Since the Magnetic Telegraph has been in operation to this city, we have not failed to give our readers full despatches of the Foreign News brought by the Steamships, news from the Army in Mexico, Congressional Intelligence, and sketches of the exciting events of the country. We incur a very heavy expense in serving our readers daily with NEWS BY TELEGRAPH, and we are determined, for the time to come, to increase our efforts, in this particular, in order to render the *Post* every way worthy of the confidence and support of its Patrons and the Public.

CORRESPONDENTS.—We have secured a large number of valuable correspondents for the *Post*, who will regularly contribute articles on various Literary, Scientific, Historical and Political Subjects. During the past year, our columns have been enriched by productions from some of our most distinguished Clergymen and Attornies; and we have also been favored with well-written articles from other contributors, on subjects of an interesting and instructive character. The number of our correspondents will hereafter be increased, and every effort will be made on our part, to render the paper, in this department, interesting and acceptable to all classes of readers.

ADVERTISING.—As an advertising medium, the *Post* presents unrivalled advantages. Being the only Democratic paper published in this city, and enjoying a large and rapidly increasing circulation in Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, it affords an excellent channel through which the Business Community and Tradesmen of all kinds, can communicate with their friends, customers and the public.

It will be the study of the undersigned, to make the *Morning Post*, at all times, a bold and decided journal—sound and radicalin its political characters—firm but courteous towards its political opponents—and free from all cliques and factions whatsoever. To secure the confidence, good-will, and hearty support of the honest and sound Democracy of the West, shall be our greatest ambition. The tone and character of the paper, for the past eighteen months, are the best guarantees we can offer to the Public in relation to our future course. In the Editorial Department, the undersigned will be assisted by L. ELLIOTT, Esq., an able, forcible and experienced writer, and a sound and unflinching Democrat. Mr. E. has been connected with the *Post*, in this capacity, for several months past, and has added much to the interest and character of the paper.

TERMS.—The *Morning Post* is served at the dwellings of subscribers in the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, or sent by mail to any part of the country, for the low price of FIVE DOLLARS per annum, payable in advance. Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. L. HARPER.

PITTSBURGH, March 9, 1848.

☞ Country papers giving the above Prospectus a few insertions, and calling attention thereto, editorially, will receive the *Daily Post* for one year in exchange, and also such slips, EXTRAS, &c., containing late and important news, as may be issued during the year, free of charge.

☞ When the news of the death of Mr. ADAMS reached St. Louis, the Bar of that city met and passed a number of very appropriate resolutions.

☞ On the 1st instant, the City of Detroit was placed in telegraphic communication with Pittsburgh, and of course, at the same, all other places where the line of telegraph extends from this city.

☞ Col. R. M. Johnson is generally spoken of as the democratic candidate for Governor, in Kentucky. The choice of the Democratic party could not fall on a better man.

☞ A case of convulsion has been cured at Frederick, Md., by Dr. Jefferson Shields, by the use of chloroform. The agency of this medicine was most happy, and relief very speedily afforded.

☞ Capt. Cassius M. Clay lectured in Baltimor on Monday evening on the Mexican war.

A Cheap Campaign Paper!

Immediately after the nominations of the Baltimore Convention are made known to the country—say about the 1st of June, next,—the undersigned will commence the publication of a small Campaign Paper, entitled

The Jeffersonian:

which will be issued weekly, for six months, or until the result of the election is announced. The JEFFERSONIAN, will be filled with Political Matter, exclusively; and will be furnished to Clubs on the following terms, viz:

Ten Copies for - - - -	$ 5 00
Fifteen, - - - - -	7 00
Twenty, - - - - -	9 00
Fifty, - - - - -	20 00
One Hundred, - - - -	35 00

It seems to be generally admitted, that the approaching Presidential Campaign, will be one of unusual interest. The old Federal Party, so often defeated, is once more in the field, endeavoring, with its hundred Briarean hands, to grasp and bring within its ranks, all the factions and fagends of parties in the country, so as to make common opposition to the Democracy.

On account of the extreme cheapness of the paper, we shall be obliged to adopt the *cash system*, rigidly. Therefore, no attention will be paid to any order, unless accompanied by the cash.

The JEFFERSONIAN will yield a zealous support to the NOMINEES of the NATIONAL CONVENTION; and will hold up to public gaze, the unprincipled and unpatriotic course of the Federal party, and all those who are lending "aid and comfort" to our country's enemies.

Address, (post paid,)

L. HARPER,

March 9, 1848. Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Gazette.—The Markets, &c.

The statement which we deemed it our duty to make, in relation to the Eastern Market Reports, on Monday last, (in which we referred to our neighbors of the Gazette,) seems to have been seized with great avidity by the Journal and *its Jackall*, with a view to bring discredit upon the Reports of the Gazette, and to support its own claim to merit as an *exclusive* commercial paper. With this paper, editorially, we can have nothing to do; and therefore enter not into any controversy with it. This, however, we feel called on to say, that, so far as it respects the reports of eastern markets, foreign and other news, &c., communicated by Telegraph to the editors of the Gazette, they are as accurate as any others can be, that are received in this city: they are also as regularly and faithfully reported: and are in all respects as worthy of confidence, as any reports received in the West. This can be ascertained by any one, who shall take the trouble to examine the eastern papers which reach us, containing the state of the markets from day to day.

We believed that just such a statement as that given to our readers, was necessary; in order to place the matter, so far as we were concerned, in a proper light before them; and we made it without any design or desire to inflict upon our neighbors any injury whatever, or in the least degree to question the accuracy of *their* reports. The plan which they adopted on that occasion, is, we are well informed, pursued to a considerable extent, among the editors of eastern papers. At any rate, we can see no harm, in making a report of the state of the markets *as they are*. When, therefore, a report reaches this place, that there has been *no change* in the prices of produce, &c. at the East, there can be no harm in giving the articles, with *the prices of the previous day*. This course is a positive advantage to any reader, who may either misremember or has not seen the prices of that day. Those are matters which can all be judged of by the public; and need, on our part, the aid of no "tickle and sc atch" gentry, in order to bolster our claims to the favor of the public. We think that the course pursued by our neighbors of the Gazette is a fair and honorable one; and therefore take pleasure in making this additional statement, without having any intimation from them that it would be agreeable, or that they have expected any thing of the kind. We make the statement purely from our own convictions of its justice.

Democratic State Convention.

The only intelligence we have received from Harrisburgh, relative to the proceedings of the Democratic State Convention, since the Telegraphic despatch given in Monday's papers comes through a letter written to the Philadelphia News, a Federal paper.

R. H. KERR, Esq., of the county, called the Convention to order, on Saturday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when a temporary organization was effected. The forenoon was occupied in examining credentials of Delegates, &c.

In the afternoon, the committee previously appointed to select officers, made the following report, which was agreed to:

President.

Hon. CHARLES FRAILEY, Schuylkill.

Vice Presidents.

R. FRAZER, Lancaster.
Hon. JAMES THOMPSON, Erie.
JOHN A. BENDER, Philadelphia county.
JOHN STALLMAN, " "
A. G. RYALL, Bucks county.
JOHN C. EVANS, Berks.
Col. JOSEPH LEVERS, Columbia.
SAMUEL TAGGART, Susquehanna.
JOHN A. GAMBLE, Lycoming.
A. SMITH M'KINNEY, Cumberland.
A. PARKER, Juniata.
J. L. DAWSON, Fayette.
ROBERT LOVE, Washington.
Gen. ROBERT ORR, Armstrong.
Dr. J. ATKINS, Delaware.

Secretaries.

Wm. Jack, Westmoreland county.
David Small, York " "
Jos. L. Smith, Philadelphia " "
O. H. Mott, Pike " "
D. W. C. Brooks, Dauphin " "
John Coyle, Allegheny " "
Jas. G. Gibson, Philadelphia city.
Jas. Galloway, Mercer.

The Convention then proceeded to the nomination of a candidate for the Presidency, to be supported by the Delegates to the Baltimore Convention, which resulted as follows:

For James Buchanan,	84
" Geo. M. Dallas,	34
" Lewis Cass,	10
" Martin Van Buren,	5

After some discussion, whether the Delegates should be appointed by the Convention, or by separate Congressional Districts, it was at length agreed that the Districts should nominate, and the Convention confirm the nominations. The State Central Committee are also empowered to require of each delegate, a written pledge, that he will carry out the wishes of the Democracy of Pennsylvania.

The Convention held an evening Session, and balloted for Canal Commmioner, when ISRAEL PAINTER, Esq. of Westmoreland county, the old "Star in the West," was nominated on the third ballot. We have not the first two ballotings.—Col. WILSON M'CANDLESS and JOHN W. FORNEY were appointed Senatorial Delegates to the Baltimore Convention, as we heretofore stated.

The Convention then adjourned until Monday morning, and we have no further news of its proceedings.

GEN. TAYLOR—THE PRESIDENCY.

There are many evidences presented to our minds, going to prove the existence of two facts, viz: that Gen. Taylor is not only *willing* to be a candidate for the Presidency; but that he is *anxious* to be a candidate; and that the Federal party will be *compelled* to take him as *their* candidate, without regard to the flaming pretensions of devotion to *principle*, which they have held forth to their fellow-citizens, under the disguised names of National Republicans and Whigs. We propose to submit to our readers a few of the *evidences* that have led us to adopt this belief.

It is well known to our readers, that Gen. TAYLOR, in his celebrated Letter to the editor of the Cincinnati Signal, said, "*In no case can I permit myself to be the candidate of any party, or yield myself to party schemes.*" In a letter to P. S. SMITH, of Philadelphia, dated at Monterey, July 6, 1847, (and this was in reply to a communication sent to him on the part of the *native* faction,) he says,—speaking of the Presidency,—"*If I ever fill that high office, it must be untrammeled with party obligations or interests of any kind; and* UNDER NONE BUT THOSE WHICH THE CONSTITUTION, AND HIGH INTERESTS OF THE NATION AT LARGE, MOST SERIOUSLY AND SOLEMNLY DEMAND." "I do not desire the Presidency; and only yield thus far my assent to be considered a candidate, in the same proportion in which it is desired by the People, *irrespective of party*."

Similar to these, were the expressions of General Taylor in numerous other letters: so numerous, indeed, that the portion of the Federal party which were clamorous in his favor, during the greater part of last year, began to question, seriously, whether it would do to think of him as a candidate at all.—They thought he had written too many letters; and, until within the last three months, it was questioned, in the most intelligent Federal circles, whether Gen. Taylor *could be taken up* as a Federal candidate. He had been written to, in order to ascertain his sentiments on some of the leading topics that had divided the country, in such a manner, as to render it unnecessary that he should know himself an adherent of either party; and, when interrogated on these points, he told the writers that he knew nothing about politics: that he had been so long connected with the active operations of the army, as to have had no time, (if he had felt disposed,) to give to these subjects such a degree of attention, as would enable him to form a judgment upon them.

Various had been the conjectures in relation to the political *preferences* of Gen. TAYLOR, (as it seemed he had formed no political *opinions*,) until some of the more far-sighted, among the Federalists, made the discovery in some way, that he must be a *Whig*. One of the number *knew* he was a Whig, because, *if he were not*, he would have long since declared his opinions! He could not be a Democrat; because, in that case, *he could have no motive for concealing his opinions!* This avowal, made in a Federal newspaper, was in substance made before a meeting of that party in Philadelphia, by JOSEPH R. INGERSOLL, who declared that Gen. Taylor was "*a Whig*,—not, indeed, an ultra pa tisan Whig—but a Whig in principle." How far this was calculated to satisfy *the party*, of his orthodoxy, cannot be determined;—but as Mr. Ingersoll wrote to Gen. Taylor, informing him that he had taken the liberty to vouch for him to the party as a Whig, the General, in reply, tells him that he was right in this, and that he does not see how any one could have supposed he was any thing else. In this reply, he says: "I must say, that I have no wish for the Presidency; and cannot consent to be EXCLUSIVELY the candidate of a party." He also ventures to tell why he is a Whig; and, singularly enough, the reason is, *because* Mr. CLAY is a Whig; and he thinks that "*his views were those of the Whigs*; for the most part more nearly assimilated, as regards political matters, to those of Mr. Jefferson, than their opponents, to whose political creed I was reared, *and whose opinions, in matters of State, I have never lost sight of*, as well as endeavored to conform to them as near as my circumstances would permit." And he closes by saying, that, if he shall be chosen President, it must be "without pledges, other than I have previously stated,—a strict adherence to the provisions of the Constitution."

In a letter dated on the 30th of January last, at Baton Rouge, addressed to the leader of the *Natives* in Philadelphia (P. S. SMITH,) he says that he shall esteem it an honor to be nominated for the Presidency by any body of his fellow-citizens, "designated by any name they might choose to adopt,"—and that he "would accept such nomination, *provided it had been made* ENTIRELY INDEPENDENT OF PARTY CONSIDERATIONS."

It has been from the perusal of the numerous letters written by Gen. TAYLOR, that we have been led to believe he is not only *willing* but *anxious* to be a candidate for the Presidency. We have presented a few extracts from some of these letters, and leave them with our readers, for the present, without further comment. They can form their own conclusions respecting them. On the other point, involved in the opening paragraph in this article, we shall offer some remarks in our next paper.

Another Letter from Gen. Taylor.

The Cincinnati Chronicle gives to the public another letter from Gen. Taylor, to Col. A. M. Mitchell of that city. The letter "will speak for itself."

BATON ROUGE, La., Feb. 12, 1848.

MY DEAR COLONEL:—Your very kind communication, and the accompanying newspaper, have duly reached me.

In reply to the closing remarks of your letter, I have no hesitation in stating, as I have stated on former occasions, that I am a Whig, though not an ultra one, and that *I have no desire to conceal this fact from any portion of the people of the United States.* I deem it but candid, however to add, that if the Whig party desire, at the next Presidential election, to cast their votes for me, they must do it on their own responsibility, and without any pledges from me. Should I be elected to that office, I should deem it to be my duty, and should most certainly claim the right, to look to the Constitution and the high interests of our common country, and not to the principles of a party, for my rules of action.

With my sincerest thanks for your expression of friendship, and my best wishes for your success through life, I remain, very truly, your friend and obedient servant, Z TAYLOR.

Col. A. M. Mitchell, Cin., O.

☞ A STRIKE.—The hands employed on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, have turned out for higher wages. They have been receiving eighty-seven and a half cents a day, but thinking it too low, for the hard labor to be performed, have struck for $1 per day. They turned out to the number of between three and four hundred.

☞ Mr. Dallas has written a letter declining to be a candidate for the presidency, it is said.

The above is from the Baltimore Sun. We have not observed the announcement in any other paper.

☞ Wells & Co., express forwarders, sent from New York to Buffalo on Friday morning, three tons and a half specie. This house transports more specie than any other in the world.

☞ The Hon. Henry Clay, on Friday, visited Girard College, Philadelphia. The address from the President and one of the pupils, (Walter D. Smith) he responded in gratifying terms.

☞ A NEW BISHOP.—The Rev. Martin J. Spalding, D. D. of Louisville, has received a commission from the Pope, appointing him assistant Bishop of the diocese of Kentucky.

☞ The N. York Tribune is publishing a series of hitherto inedited letters of Mr. Adams to his son, illustrating and enforcing the precepts of the Holy Scriptures. The first is dated St. Petersburg, Sept. 11, 1811.

☞ Mr. Kendall, of the New Orleans Picayune, is now in New York, on the eve of departure for Europe, to bring out a book on Mexico, illustrated in Parisian style.

LOCAL MATTERS.

EXCITEMENT.—We have no virtuous excitement out now; however, the Models occupy the attention of most people—good citizens are calculating the ways and means of preventing such exhibitions in the future. The Panorama is about to close, and the woolly horse don't seem to *draw*, as some horses do. Mesmerism has gone. There is a little controversy about Telegraphic Dispatches, which excites the merchants of Wood, Water and Liberty streets; but, beyond these, nothing is said.

Americans are an excitable people—so travelers say. Pittsburghers are particularly so. Just say Railroad line, and forthwith it is in every person's mouth. Large meetings are congregated, speeches full of argument, sarcasm and patriotism, are poured forth. A lecture upon some new science or new humbug (it matters not which,) can cause a great commotion; and, if the prices justify, and the room be fashionable, large audiences come together to hear the developements. We all remember the man who did not fly from the Hand street Bridge.—Thousands attended; and, after the denouement, all laughed at the humbug—but no one was there! Unfortunately, this is the fate of truth excitements. As soon as the lecturer or experimenter leaves the city, people relapse, and think no more on the subject; or only think it nonsense.

Well, what comes next. We shall see. Perhaps Manager Porter may introduce something to kill time and produce town talk. It is hoped he will; and we know he'll try, for he loves to please his friends. Or, perhaps, the Railroad fevers may break out again: the spring weather is favorable. Or, perhaps, some person will introduce a smoke consumer. This would be grand—it would be worth, in point of dollars, more than half a dozen Railroads. The Misses Pike propose to lecture on Mnemonics, this week. We shall see what they will do. We have just heard that a Temperance lecturer has arrived in the city.

☞ It is amusing to notice the slick style in which some of the papers excuse their neglect of duty to the public, in not denouncing the Model Artist exhibitions. Says one and all: "The denunciations have done more to fill the house than any thing else." This may be true, but is still no reason why such an outrageous evil should not be condemned by the Press. That Mr. McClurg and others realize a large sum from the exhibitions, does not grieve us; we do not object to the managers pocketing the money that visitors may leave with them. But the denunciations of the press, in the east and west, have worked great good. Respectable people have been prevented from attending, as a general thing; ladies have not yet been seen within the walls of the Athenæum Hall, since the exhibitions commenced, and we doubt whether that Hall will ever be visited by a decent woman again. And furthermore, the exhibitions have been more chaste than they otherwise would have been—the formidable opposition has driven the hand to make some *sacrifice* to public virtue. Another group will never make its appearance in Pittsburgh. It could not be sustained. Should the exhibitions be chaste and classic, the lewd will not attend; and without this class, a sufficient support cannot be obtained; for the refined and virtuous will not countenance them on account of their evil tendency.

We believe that we, humble as we are, have contributed something to the public good, in being the first to expose those "groups" of worthless people, who have descended to the most degrading of all earthly occupations, for the means of support. We shall continue to denounce them, even though we may be told that we help to fill their houses.

☞ The Councils of Allegheny are about to pass an ordinance to prevent gambling with ten-pins. This will be of no use, as the boys will only set up *eleven* pins and thus evade the law. Such tricks have been played. We understand there is now enacted by the Legislature, suppressing *Nine* Pin alleys, when it went into opeartion, ten pins were set up, and the law remains a dead letter. How is this?

EULOGY ON JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.—Hon. H. M. BRACKENRIDGE has accepted the invitation of the citizens of the Sixth Ward, to deliver an eulogy on the life and character of the late JOHN QUINCY ADAMS. The public will be apprised of the time of its delivery; which will be in the Lecture Room of the Public School House in that ward.

SUBSTITUTE FOR CHLOROFORM.—The following item is taken from the ——, a morning paper of this city:—

Substitute for Chloroform.—Take the ——, a morning paper of this city. The prescription was advised by an "old subscriber."

The late ice crop is bad; looks spongy, and may not stand the heat of summer very well. But we will endeavor to get along as well as possible.

☞ The following gentlemen were elected managers of the Butler and Pittsburgh Turnpike Road Company, for the ensuing year, on the 7th inst.

For Butler County—John Brown, Arthur M'Gill.
For Allegheny County—Charles Spang, Thomas Farley, Robert Stewart.

THE TREATY.—The Washington Union, of Saturday night, says:—"The general impression seems to be to-day, more decided in favor of the ratification of the treaty with a few modifications. Some seem to consider that the striking out of the 10th clause, respecting the Mexican grants of land, decreases the chance for its ratification. This would seem to be a mistake. On the contrary, the modification in this respect, which is recommended by the President, increases the chance for its confirmation. The question will probably be taken early in the next week."

Recoil of Public Opinion.

When, two months ago, we denounced Collyer's disgraceful exhibition of the "Model Artistes," there were not wanting those who shook their heads and said we had only advertised immorality. We went forward, however, in the work. Satisfied that right was on our side, we did our duty, and left the rest to the future. But we foretold some of these timorous friends of morality, that, though there might be no perceptible effect in our articles then, the time would come when there would be a reaction, and when these exhibitions would not only be discountenanced by citizens, but put down by the strong arm of the law. Our predictions have been verified. The first result of our bold stand was, that females ceased visiting the artistes; next, that respectable citizens generally refused to go; and finally that the public authorities interfered. The district of Spring Garden has the honor of leading the van in this noble work; the Southern citizens followed; and now New York is about to suppress them.

Hereafter let no one say that it is ever *impolitic* to denounce wrong. The rebuke of sin is always in season. If all men would do their duty fearlessly, we should have less vice and crime in the world. We must not always expect immediate results. "Cast thy bread upon the waters," says the Scripture, "and, after many days thou shalt find it."

[Philadelphia Bulletin.

FATHER MATTHEW'S BANNER.—The ladies Temperance Societies of New York city, have presented to Capt. Knight, of the packet ship New World, a beautiful white banner, to be worn at the mizzen peak during his passage from Ireland with Father Matthew on board.

☞ During the month of January, nearly 3000 tons of ice were shipped from Boston. As much as possible is sent off before filling the ice-houses.

Masonic Notice.—A stated meeting of St. John's Lodge, No. 219 A. Y. M., will be held in the Hall, this (Thursday) evening, at 6 o'clock. By order of the W. M.
mar9 W. J. DAVITT, Secty.

☞ **Saint Patrick's Day.**—The gentlemen who have proposed to celebrate the 17th day of March, as the Anniversary of Ireland's Patron Saint, will meet at the EMMET HOUSE, (owned by Mr. Sweeny, in Allegheny city,) on *Wednesday* evening next, at 7 o'clock. The object is, to make arrangements for a *SUPPER*, to which will be invited the Friends to Liberty, irrespective of the accidental place of birth. [mar3-3t] MANY.

Died—On Tuesday evening, at 10 o'clock ADA PARK, second daughter of J. D. and Jane Park Williams, aged five years.

The funeral procession will leave the residence of her parents, at Mincreville, this morning, (Thursday) punctually, at 10 o'clock, for the Allegheny Cemetery. The friends of the family are respectfully solicited to attend.

For the Morning Post.

Mr. EDITOR—I am gratified to find that I shall escape with the skin on my back—my friends of the Commercial Journal will not dispute with *Senex*.—They have stated their views, and cannot afford to discuss their correctness with an "anonymous writer." It would have grieved me much if the gentlemen, like Praxiteles of old, had broken the mirror which I held up before them, because they saw scurvy faces in it. Their best policy was to go and wash themselves. A show of game has some manliness, at least, in it; and if public sentiment has convinced them of their error, and they have come over to the side of virtue, a little flaunting bragadocia may reconcile self-esteem, as it yields to policy or conscience.

The Journal intimates that the opposition which the MODEL ARTISTES met with from one or two papers, was the cause of whatever success they had; and if no opposition had been manifested, they would not have collected an audience! If this is true, it has a singular corollary for the moral heroes of the world to contemplate. Then preaching is "foolishness!" and every effort of the Christian to resist the Prince of Darkness—to enter his strong holds—to beat back his legions—to rescue souls from perdition,—is an act inimical to the laws of God, and the Bible must be a fable! Is this the conclusion to which the Journal would bring the minds of its readers?

I will put the Journal's argument in the form of a syllogism, so that the public may clearly understand it:

Major proposition—To oppose Model Artistes in the columns of a newspaper, is but to increase the desire of the people to see them;

Minor proposition—Model Artistes exhibitions are vicious and immoral;

Conclusion—Therefore to oppose vice and immorality, is but to widen the boundaries of Satan's empire, and macadamize the road that leadeth to perdition.

Such shallow and fallacious reasoning is easily seen through; and the mire and quicksands beneath it will hardly lead any one to think that Truth lies at the bottom. SENEX.

For the Morning Post.

SENEX TO MR. SWISHELM.—Not so fast, good Madam! There was *no* "bitter attack" made—you were not blamed for *not* publishing, but because you *did* make *public* a note endorsed "*private*." My second note exposed this flagrant breach of trust, and also the shameful perversion of my language. For "do not again place him in juxta-position with another" (Judge Grier,) you say, "Senex tries to persuade us, that the incidental mention of any gentleman's name with respect, is calculated to injure our reputation." I then asked you to do me justice and publish both notes, that your readers might judge between us; but no—you could "look a Panther in the eye," but you could not *face the truth*,—you lacked *moral* courage—and so "Senex's" notes were burned. mar8-1t

For the Morning Post.

The writer who addresses Mrs. Swisshelm as "SENEX," desires to say, that he is not the author of the able and praiseworthy articles relative to the Journal, and the Model Artists. He most fully coincides with *the other* "SENEX," and the editor of the Post, in the unqualified condemnation of the disgraceful and libidinous exhibitions of the Model Artists, but has no desire to wear the laurels which belong to another. Why will not our City Councils take action in the matter, and at once rid the city of the moral pestilence? If it rests with them to do it, *fearful will be their responsibility if they do it not!*

Mnemonics.

LECTURE AT PHILO HALL.—THE MISSES PIKE will give a Lecture to-morrow evening, Thursday, March 9th, in Philo Hall, on Mnemonics, or the system of Memory.

Lecture to commence at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

Card.

I WOULD like to call the attention of Country Merchants, Hotel and Steamboat Bar-keepers, private Families, &c. to examine my stock of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., now in store and cellar, consisting of the most celebrated Brands, &c. &c. Feeling confident of being the largest and best assorted stock in any house West of the mountains, and being engaged in the importation of Wines and Liquors, &c., direct to this country, persons can rely on being accommodated, both in price and quality. P. C. MARTIN,
mar9 corner of Smithfield and Front streets.

BRANDIES.—40 whole, half, quarter and eighth pipes of Brandy; Dark and Pale of different grades, brands and vintages, for sale as imported by
mar9 P. C. MARTIN.

WINES.—300 whole, half, quarter and eighth pipes of all the different Wines now in use, part to arrive, of various grades, brands and vintages, some very old. For sale as imported by P. C. MARTIN.
mar9

CIGARS.—200,000 Havana Cigars, of various brands, sizes and colors, from Principes to the largest sized Regalias, of direct importation, for sale by
mar9 P. C. MARTIN.

SUNDRIES.—600 doz. Playing Cards;
200 whole and half boxes Sardines;
10 baskets olive Oil;
20 doz. assorted Catsups, &c.
5 casks London Porter, quarts and pints;
300 doz. Brandies, Wines, &c. very old;
5 bbls. powdered Sugar;
60 baskets Champagne Wine, part to arrive;
3 hhds Claret Wine, for sale by
mar9 P. C. MARTIN.

IRISH WHISKEY, &c.—2 puncheons Irish Whiskey;
2 puncheons Jamaica Spirits, as imported, for sale by
mar9 P. C. MARTIN.

OLD RYE WHISKEY, &c.—60 whole and half bbls. O. R. Whiskey; 18 bbls of old Tennessee Peach Brandy, for sale by [mar9] P. C. MARTIN.

PENNSYLVANIA LANDS.—1000 acres unimproved Land, situated in Jefferson and Elk counties. Price $1.50 an acre and terms easy. S. CUTHBERT.
mar8 Real Estate Agent. 50 Smithfield st.

SILENCE THAT DREADFUL COUGH!—The Lungs are in danger, the work of the destroyer has been begun, the Cough of Consumption hath in it a sound of death.

ARE YOU A MOTHER? Your darling child, your idol and earthly joy, is now perhaps confined to her chamber by a dangerous cold—her pale cheeks, her thin shrunken fingers, tell the hold disease has already gained upon her—the sound of her sepulchral cough pierces your soul.

ARE YOU A MAN, whose best days have just started to enter life, disease sheds a heart crushing blight over the fair prospects of the future—your hectic cough and feeble limbs tell of your loss of home, but you need not despair. There is a balm which will heal the wounded lungs, it is

Sherman's All-Healing Balsam.

MRS. ATTREE, the wife of Wm. H. Attree, Esq. was given up by Dr. Sewall of Washington, Drs. Roe and McClellan of Philadelphia, Dr. Roe and Dr. Mott of New York. Her friends all thought she must die. She had every appearance of being in consumption, and was so pronounced by her physicians—Sherman's Balsam was given and it cured her.

MRS. GARDNER, of Bull's Ferry, was also cured of consumption by this Balsam when all other remedies failed to give relief—she was reduced to a skeleton. Dr. C. C. Peck, Dentist, 281 Broadway, has witnessed its effects in several cases where no other medicine afforded relief—but the Balsam operated like a charm. Dr. C. also witnessed its wonderful effects in curing Asthma, which it never fails of doing. Spitting Blood, alarming as it may be, is effectually cured by this Balsam. It heals the ruptured or wounded blood vessels, and makes the lungs sound again.

Rev. HENRY JONES, 108 Eighth avenue, was cured of cough and catarrhal affection of 30 years standing. The first dose gave him more relief than all the other medicine he had ever taken. Dr. L. J. Beals, 19 Delancy street, gave it to a sister-in-law who was laboring under Consumption, and to another sorely afflicted with the Asthma. In both cases its effects were immediate, soon restoring them to comfortable health.

MRS. ANGELITA WELLS, 93 Christie-st., suffered from Asthma 42 years. Sherman's Balsam relieved her at once, and she is comparatively well, being enabled to subdue every attack by a timely use of this medicine. This indeed is the great remedy for Coughs, Colds, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaints, and all the affections of the throat, and even Asthma and Consumption.

Price 25 cents and $1 per bottle.

Principal Office 100 Nassau street, New York.

Likewise the Dr. Sherman's celebrated Cough, Worm and Camphor Lozenges. Premium Tooth Paste and Poor Man's Plaster

Sold wholesale and retail by WM. JACKSON, at his Boot and Shoe Store and Patent Medicine Warehouse, 89 Liberty street Pittsburgh, head of Wood street, and by the following duly appointed Agents for Allegheny county:

A. M. Marshall, Allegheny city; Jonathan Ghriest, Manchester; J. R. H. Jacques, Birmingham; A. S. Getty, beautiful white banner, to be worn at the mizzen Wylie street; J. G. Mustin, cor. Webster st. and Elm; Daniel Negley, East Liberty; H. L. Mitchell, Wilkinsburgh; Thos. Aikon, Sharpsburgh; Saml. Springer, Clinton; James M'Kee, Stewartstown; John Black, Turtle Creek; C. F. Diehl, Elizabeth; Rowland & Son, M'Keesport; McEldowney, Bakerstown; Riley M'Laughlin, Plumb Township; Wm. J. Smith, Temperanceville; Jas. Fulton, Tarentum; G. H. Starr, Sewickly. mar9-1y

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny:

The petition of John Hesketh, of Robinson township, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth, That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the township aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray. JOHN HESKETH.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the township aforesaid, do certify, that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travelers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

Jas. C. Richey, Joseph L. McElhiren, J. M'Ewing, Wm. Finch, S. Phillips, Wm. M'Cormick, T. M'Coy, J. Clarke, S. Thornburgh, M. Harbinson, V. Stewart, S. M'Cleary, Farland. mar9-3t*

CHILLICOTHE SOAP.—40 boxes Chillicothe Soap, in store and for sale by
feb25 MILLER & RICKETSON.

News by Telegraph!

Reported for the Morning Post.

Thirtieth Congress.—First Session.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Morning Post.

WASHINGTON, March 8, 1848.

SENATE.—Several petitions and memorials were presented and referred.

Mr. Webster presented a petition from citizens of Virginia, *requesting* that the Proceeds of the Public Lands be *devoted* to the abolition of slavery, by the purchase and manumission of the infant female slaves.

The question of reception was raised by Mr. Mason, of Virginia.

Mr. Jefferson Davis submitted a resolution directing the Naval Committee to enquire into the expediency of establishing a Navy Yard at Ship Island.

He also submitted a resolution directing the Committee on Commerce to enquire into the expediency of establishing a Custom House at the same place.

The Committee on Commerce was also instructed to bring in a Bill establishing Light Houses at Biloxi, Ship Island, and Mississippi city.

HOUSE.—Petitions, memorials, &c., were presented and referred.

The Speaker announced that the question next in order was Mr. C. J. Ingersoll's motion to reconsider the Deficiency Bill. Mr. I. obtained the floor, and made a few remarks in relation to the amendment of Mr. Sevier, striking out appropriations for new missions.

Mr. Sevier made an eloquent reply.

Mr. Dickey followed, and thought the items for missions should appear in the Bill reported by the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Charles Brown followed in reply to Mr. Sevier, in a short speech.

Mr. Ingersoll's motion to reconsider was then b ought before the House and lost; and the Bill declared passed finally.

House adjourned.

Secret Session.

Nothing definite is known as to the doings of the Senate in relation to the treaty.

The Five Million Loan has been taken. The bids amount to about 17 millions.

The Telegraph Line between New York and Philadelphia is out of order. We have no market report.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, March 8.

Flour—The market is quiet, with sales western at $5.53

Grain—Wheat is scarce, with moderate sales Prime White at $1.30; sales 4000 bu. Prime Yellow Corn at 53c.

Cotton—The market is less active, with sales of 150 bales at 5½.

Mess Pork—Sales Western No. 1 at $10,50@10,75.

Whiskey—Sales to-day at 22c.

Lard—Sales Western at 7¼, and Baltimore rendered at 8½c.

Groceries—The market is steady, without change.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, March 8.

Flour—Howard street is held at $5.87, without buyers. Sales of City Mills at $6. The market is steady, but not active.

Corn Meal—Sales Prime Red at $1.32@1.35.

Corn—Prime White is sold at 43; and sales of 2000 bu. Prime Yellow at 46@50.

Sugar—Sales Santa Cruz at 4¼@5. Sales New Orleans at 4½@4¾.

Wheat—Sales Prime Red at $1.32@1.35.

Provisions—Market unchanged in prices; but demand is better.

CHEAP CASH BOOT AND SHOE STORE.—The subscriber, thankful for past favors, would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has just received his Spring stock of Boots and Shoes, of all sizes, direct from the manufacturers, which he will sell lower (wholesale or retail for cash) than can be purchased at any other establishment in the city.